ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Royce T. Scimemi, CPA, APAC Oberlin, LA

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

December 12, 2022

Honorable Mandy Green, Mayor and the Village Council Village of Elizabeth, Louisiana

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business activities, and each major fund of the Village of Elizabeth, Louisiana (the "Village"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business activities, and each major fund of the Village as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Village and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the Village of Elizabeth, Louisiana's financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those financial statements in our report dated December 21, 2021. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Responsibility of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Honorable Mandy Green, Mayor and the Village Council Village of Elizabeth, Louisiana Independent Auditors' Report December 12, 2022 Page 2.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on pages 31 through 32 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements.

We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Honorable Mandy Green, Mayor and the Village Council Village of Elizabeth, Louisiana Independent Auditors' Report December 12, 2022 Page 3.

Management of the Village has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this omitted information.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The schedule of compensation paid the Mayor and council members, schedule of compensation, benefits and other payments to chief executive officer, and the justice system funding schedule for a collecting/disbursing entity as required by Act 87 of the 2020 Louisiana regular legislative session are presented as other supplementary information ("OSI") on pages 34 through 37 for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such OSI is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The OSI has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion this OSI is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2022, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rayu T. Summi, CPA, APAC

Royce T. Scimemi, CPA, APAC

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

VILLAGE OF ELIZABETH, LOUISIANA Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

_		Primary Government	
-	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and certificates of deposit	\$ 154,553	\$ 481,391	\$ 635,944
Accounts receivable	214,727	432,421	647,148
Restricted cash and certificates of deposit	<u></u>	124,807	124,807
Total current assets	369,280	1,038,619	1,407,899
Noncurrent assets:			
Land	130,245	33,275	163,520
Capital assets, net	975,146	1,746,623	2,721,769
Total noncurrent assets	1,105,391	1,779,898	2,885,289
Total Assets	1,474,671	2,818,517	4,293,188
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Aggregated deferred outflows			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources			
LIABILITIES			
Current liabities:			
Accounts payable	46,708	340,125	386,833
Accrued interest payable		1,542	1,542
Payroll taxes payable	2,296	que sun	2,296
Sales taxes payable	235	7,698	7,933
Revenue bonds payable		64,748	64,748
Total current liabilites	49,239	414,113	463,352
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Customer deposits		41,765	41,765
Revenue bonds payable		367,785	367,785
Total noncurrent liabilities		409,550	409,550
Total Liabilities	49,239	823,663	872,902
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Aggregated deferred inflows		Acres	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources			
NET POSITION		•	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,105,391	1,345,823	2,451,214
Restricted - Note J		83,042	83,042
Unrestricted	320,041	565,989	886,030
Total Net Position	1,425,432	\$ 1,994,854	\$ 3,420,286
See accompanying notes.			

VILLAGE OF ELIZABETH, LOUISIANA Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			_		Progra	m Revenu	es					pense) Rever		
Functions/Programs		Expenses	(Charges for Services	Gra	perating ants and tributions	(Capital Grants and Contributions	G	Pı iovernmental Activities	<u>ima</u>	ry Governme Business- Type Activities	<u>nt</u>	Total
Primary Government		LApenses	-	Jei vices	00111	undudiona		Continuations	_	Activities	-	Activities	_	TOTAL
Governmental Activities:														
General government	\$	787,781	\$	22,002	\$		\$		\$	(765,779)	\$		\$	(765,779)
Public safety	•	132,789	•	49,659	*		•		•	(83,130)				(83,130)
Public works		71,037								(71,037)				(71,037)
Total Governmental Activities		991,607		71,661						(919,946)				(919,946)
Business-Type Activities:														
Gas department		2,785,271		3.081.524								296,253		296,253
Water department		192,709		172,205								(20,504)		(20,504)
Sewer department		84,029		44,293								(39,736)		(39,736)
Electricity department		734		30,000								29,266		29,266
Interest and fiscal charges-gas		22,339		00,000								(22,339)		(22,339)
Total Business-Type Activities	_	3,085,082		3,328,022							_	242,940		242,940
Total Primary Government	<u>*</u>	4,076,689	\$	3,399,683	\$		\$		\$	(919,946)	\$	242,940	\$	(677,006)
			F	General Purp Revenues Faxes:	ose Kevi	enues and	ıran	isters:						
				- Property						11,310				11,310
				- Franchise						31,213				31,213
				- Sales						116,802				116,802
				- Beer taxes						1,282				1,282
			1	nsurance prod	ceeds					175,506				175,506
			ı	ntergovernme	ental:									•
				- Federal						375,907		10,489		386,396
				- State						7,410		, 		7,410
				- Local						4,445				4,445
			1	Miscellaneous						22,630				22,630
			1	nterest incom	е					9		49		58
			1	Rent						113,925				113,925
			•	Transfers						97,897		(97,897)		
				Total Gener			rans	fers		958,336		(87,359)		870,977
				Change in I						38,390		155,581		193,971
				Net Position a	-		d		_	1,387,042		1,839,273		3,226,315
Coo accompanying notes				Net Position	at End o	f Period			\$	1,425,432	\$	1,994,854	\$	3,420,286

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

MAJOR FUND DESCRIPTIONS

General Fund

The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with governments which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Proprietary Fund

The Proprietary Fund is used to account for the provision of gas, water, electricity, and sewer services to residents of the Village. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

Balance Sheet Governmental Fund June 30, 2022

	Jı	une 30, 2022	Jur	e 30, 2021
ASSETS Cash and certificates of deposit Accounts receivable Total Assets	\$	154,553 214,727 369,280	\$	8,754 278,323 287,077
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Aggregated deferred outflows Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$		\$	 287,077
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Payroll taxes payable Sales taxes payable Total Liabilities	\$	46,708 2,296 235 49,239	\$	9,133 3,038 121 12,292
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Aggregated deferred inflows Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		49,239		12,292
FUND BALANCE Unassigned Total Fund Balance Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	\$	320,041 320,041 369,280	\$	274,785 274,785 287,077

Reconciliation of Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 1,425,432
Fixed assets are capitalized in the Statement of Net Position and depreciated in the Statement of Activities. These are expensed when acquired in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance.	 1,105,391
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Fund	\$ 320,041

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General Fund	
Revenues		orar and
Taxes:		
- Property	\$	11,310
- Franchise	•	31,213
- Sales		116,802
- Beer		1,282
Fines and forfeitures		49,659
Insurance proceeds		175,506
Intergovernmental		387,762
Licenses and permits		22,002
Miscellaneous		22,630
Rental income		113,925
Total Revenues		932,091
Expenditures Current:		
General government		756,563
Public safety		116,198
Public works		49,812
Capital outlay		62,168
Total Expenditures		984,741
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(52,650)
Other Files and a great (Hear)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Interest income		9
Operating transfers		97,897
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)		97,906
Het Other I manding Cources (OSES)	-,	37,300
Net Change in Fund Balance		45,256
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period		274,785
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$	320,041

Reconciliation of Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Changes in Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$	38,390
Basis in assets disposed of during the year.		(9,221)
Depreciation expense reflected in entity-wide statements, not reflected in governmental fund statemen	its.	(59,813)
Fixed assets expensed as capital outlay in governmental fund statements, capitalized as fixed assets Statement of Net Position.	in	62,168
Total Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Fund	\$	45,256

VILLAGE OF ELIZABETH, LOUISIANA Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund

June 30, 2022

Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and certificates of deposit	\$ 481,391	338,819
Accounts receivable	432,421	180,229
Restricted cash and certificates of deposit	124,807	115,935
Total Current Assets	1,038,619	634,983
Noncurrent/Capital Assets:	00.075	22.075
Land	33,275	33,275
Capital assets, net Total Noncurrent Assets	<u>1,746,623</u> 1,779,898	1,842,079 1,875,354
Total Assets		2,510,337
Total Assets	2,818,517	2,510,337
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Aggregated deferred outflows	·	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		
rotal Beleffed Gathone of Resources		
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	340,125	130,640
Accrued interest payable	1,542	1,795
Sales taxes payable	7,698	3,016
Revenue bonds payable	64,748	63,710
Total Current Liabilities	414,113	199,161
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Customer deposits	41,765	36,370
Revenue bonds payable	<u>367,785</u>	435,533
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	409,550	471,903
Total Liabilities	823,663	671,064
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Aggregated deferred inflows		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		
NET DOCITION		
NET POSITION	4 245 922	4 274 240
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted - Note J	1,345,823	1,374,316
	83,042	79,565
Unrestricted	565,989	385,392
Total Net Position	\$ 1,994,854	1,839,273

VILLAGE OF ELIZABETH, LOUISIANA Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		s-Type Activities - erprise Fund
	Uti	lity Fund
Operating Revenues Gas department revenues	\$	2 004 504
Water department revenues	φ	3,081,524 172,205
Sewer department revenues		44,293
Electricity department revenues		30,000
Total Operating Revenues		3,328,022
Operating Expenses		
Gas department expenses		2,785,271
Water department expenses		192,709
Sewer department expenses		84,029
Electricity department expenses	 	734
Total Operating Expenses	·	3,062,743
Operating Income (Loss)		265,279
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		
Interest income		49
Interest and fiscal charges - gas		(22,339)
Intergovernmental		10,489
Net Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		(11,801)
Income Before Operating Transfers		253,478
Operating transfers		(97,897)
Change In Net Position		155,581
Net Position at Beginning of Period		1,839,273
Net Position at End of Period	\$	1,994,854

VILLAGE OF ELIZABETH, LOUISIANA Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities
	Utility Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Net cash from operating activities	\$ 3,082,602 (2,566,892) (159,023) 356,687
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Net proceeds (purchase) of investments Interest earnings Net cash used by noncapital financing activities	<u>49</u> 49
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Interest paid on gas revenue bonds Principal paid on gas revenue bonds Purchase of fixed assets Net cash from capital activities	(22,592) (66,710) (27,206) (116,508)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Grant income Operating transfers Net cash from non-capital financing activities	10,489 (97,897) (87,408)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	152,820
CASH – BEGINNING	<u>453,378</u>
CASH - ENDING	\$ 606,198
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash from operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation (Increase) decrease in receivables Increase (decrease) in payables Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	\$ 265,279 120,536 (250,816) 214,168 5,395
Basis in assets disposed Net cash from operating activities	2,125 \$356,687

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Village of Elizabeth, Louisiana (Village) was created under the provisions of the Lawrason Act. The purpose of the Village is to provide services to its citizens, which include gas, electric, sewer and water utilities, police and fire protection and other services. The Village is governed by the Mayor and a board of three elected council members who are compensated. The Village is located in Allen Parish, Louisiana and its population is approximately 532. There are approximately 19 employees working for the Village.

The accompanying financial statements of the Village have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. In the government-wide financial statements, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions on or before November 30, 1989 have been applied unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this note.

1. Reporting Entity

As the municipal governing authority for reporting purposes, the Village is considered a separate financial reporting entity. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government (municipality), (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

GASB Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the Village for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include:

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and
 - a. The ability of the municipality to impose its will on that organization, and/or
 - b. The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the municipality.
- 2. Organizations for which the municipality does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the municipality.
- 3. Organizations for which the reporting entity's financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the financial data of the Village of Elizabeth, Louisiana (the primary government) which has no component units under the above criteria.

2. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying basic financial statements of the Village have been prepared in conformity with GAAP. The GASB is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity with GASB Statement 34, "Basic Financial Statements except for the Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments", issued in June 1999.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Village as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each of the functions of the Village's governmental activities and business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of services offered by the Village, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The Village uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain Village functions and activities. A fund is defined as a separate fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the Village are classified into two categories: governmental and proprietary. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Village or if the total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures of the individual governmental or proprietary fund is at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and proprietary funds of that category or type, or total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or proprietary fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and proprietary funds combined.

The Village reports the following major funds:

The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with governments which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Proprietary Fund is an enterprise fund that is used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The enterprise fund distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with an enterprise fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund includes the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All other revenues and expenses are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The Village's Proprietary Fund is the utility fund which accounts for gas, water, sewer and electricity services.

3. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the "economic resources" measurement focus as defined in item b. below. In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balances as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. All proprietary funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities

(whether current or non-current) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Governmental fund financial statements utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures (including capital outlays) generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when the payments become due.

The Proprietary Fund utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. The Village applies all applicable FASB pronouncements in accounting and reporting for its Proprietary Fund.

Allocation of Indirect Expenses

The Village reports all direct expenses by function in the statement of activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Indirect expenses of other functions are not allocated to those functions, but are reported separately in the statement of activities. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function. Interest on long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is separately reported on the statement of activities.

4. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General and Proprietary Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

Prior to the beginning of each fiscal year, the Mayor submits a budget to the Village Council. The budget is prepared by fund, function and activity, based on information from the past year, current year estimates and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year.

The Village Council holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from or change appropriations, but may not change the form of the budget. Any changes in the budget must be within the revenues and reserves estimated and the revenue estimates must be changed by an affirmative vote of a majority of the government's council. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

The original General Fund budget and one amendment during the year are reflected in the budget comparisons.

5. Deposits

Deposits include amounts in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, and time deposits as well as those investments with a maturity date of 90 days or less.

Louisiana Revised Statute 33:2955 authorizes the Village to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. government agencies, or time certificates of deposit of banks domiciled or having a branch office in Louisiana or any other federally insured investment. In addition, local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool, Inc. (LAMP), a non-profit corporation formed by an initiative of the State Treasurer and organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana. LAMP generates a local government investment pool.

As of June 30, 2022, the Village had deposits (book balances) totaling \$760,751. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the Village's deposits may

not be returned. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal or exceed the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. At June 30, 2022, the Village has \$798,038 in deposits (collected bank balances). These deposits are all secured from risk by federal deposit insurance and pledged collateral held by the custodial bank in the name of the fiscal agent bank.

6. Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as due from other funds or due to other funds on the balance sheet.

Accounts Receivable

Uncollectible amounts due for ad valorem taxes and other receivables of governmental funds are recognized as bad debts at the time information becomes available which would indicate that the particular receivable is not collectible.

There appears to be concentration of credit risk with regard to general accounts receivable and more specifically accounts receivable for utility user fees in the Proprietary Fund. The Village's ability to collect the amounts due from the users of the Village utility systems and others (as reflected on the financial statements) may be affected by significant economic fluctuations, natural disaster or other calamity in this one concentrated geographic location.

8. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. In the government-wide statement of net position capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or at estimated cost (if historical cost is not available). Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Village maintains a threshold level of \$1,000 or more for capitalization of asset purchases.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is expensed over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by asset type is as follows:

Buildings and improvements	40 years
Equipment and furniture	3-20 years
Utility systems	20-50 years
Vehicles	5 years
Infrastructure	20-50 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in Proprietary Fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

9. Statement of Cash Flows

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, for the Proprietary fund, the Village considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. The statement reflects ending cash and cash equivalents of \$606,198 which represents unrestricted and restricted amounts of \$481,391 and \$124,807, respectively.

10. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is usually reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are usually reported as long-term liabilities. No expenditure or liability is reported for these amounts as they are not material. Vested or accumulated vacation leave of the Proprietary Fund is recorded as an expense and liability of that fund as the benefits accrue to employees. In accordance with the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits for police personnel that is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

The Village has the following policy relating to vacation and sick leave:

Vacation is earned at a rate of one day per calendar month of employment not to exceed ten days per calendar year. Vacation is cumulative up to five days. One week of sick leave is earned during the first year and two weeks each year thereafter. Upon termination, the employee is entitled to any unused vacation leave accrued during the previous calendar year. Sick leave is not payable upon termination.

At June 30, 2022, employees of the Village have accumulated \$4,219 in leave privileges, computed in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16. This amount was deemed immaterial and no provision for compensated absences has been recorded.

11. Long-Term Debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the underlying financed assets are used in governmental fund operations or Proprietary Fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debts to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists of gas revenue bonds.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payments of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for Proprietary Fund long-term debt is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

12. Equity Classification

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position Consists of all other net position that has not been classified within the above components.

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources (net position), the Village's policy is to first apply the expense toward restricted resources and then toward unrestricted resources.

In the fund statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance and is further classified as follows:

- a. Nonspendable amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Committed amounts that can be used for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Mayor and Council, who are the highest level of decision-making authority for the Village. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the Mayor and Council.
- d. Assigned amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the Council's adopted policy, only Council members may assign amounts for specific purposes.
- e. Unassigned includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified with the above-mentioned categories.

In governmental funds, when appropriate, the Village's policy is to first apply the expenditures toward restricted fund balance and then to other, less-restrictive classifications (committed and then assigned fund balances) before using unassigned fund balances.

13. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures, or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

14. Sales Taxes

Proceeds of a one percent (1%) sales and use tax levied by the Village are dedicated to and used for constructing, acquiring, extending, improving, operating and maintaining sewers and sewerage disposal works, waterworks facilities, streets, alleys, bridges, drains and drainage facilities; public buildings, purchasing and acquiring the necessary land, equipment and furnishings for the aforesaid public works, buildings or improvements and facilities; or for any one or more of said purposes; and for the purpose of paying principal and interest on any bonded or funded indebtedness of the Village incurred for any of said purposes; and such tax to be subject to funding into bonds by the Village, maturing not more than 25 years from the date of the first levy of said tax.

Proceeds of the three-tenths of one percent (0.3%) sales and use tax levied by the Village are dedicated to and used for the upkeep, maintenance and improvement of the Elizabeth fire department.

15. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

16. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

Program Revenues

Program revenues included in the statement of activities are derived directly from the program itself or from parties outside the Village's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the Village's general revenues.

Revenues

Ad valorem taxes are recorded in the year taxes are due and payable. Ad valorem taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis, become due on November 15 of each year, and become delinquent after December 31. The taxes are generally collected in December, January and February of the fiscal year. Sales taxes are considered as "measurable" when in the hands of the sales tax collector and are recognized as revenue at that time. Interest on interest-bearing deposits is recorded and accrued as revenues when earned. Substantially all other revenues are recorded when received.

Expenditures/expenses

The Village's primary expenditures include gas purchases, salaries, materials and supplies, and insurance, which are recorded when the liabilities are incurred. Capital expenditures and purchases of various operating supplies are regarded as expenditures at the time purchased.

Other Financing Sources

Transfers between funds that are not expected to be repaid are accounted for as other financing sources (uses) when the transfers are authorized by the Village.

17. Environmental Remediation Costs

The Village accrues for losses associated with environmental remediation obligations when such losses are probable and reasonably estimable. Accruals for estimated losses from environmental remediation obligations generally are recognized no later than completion of the remedial feasibility study. Such accruals are adjusted as further information develops or circumstances change. Costs of future expenditures for environmental remediation obligations are not discounted to their present value.

18. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 12, 2022, the date the financial statements were issued.

NOTE B - PROPERTY TAXES

For the year ended June 30, 2022 taxes of 6.71 mills were levied on property with assessed valuations totaling \$1,554,700 and were dedicated as follows:

General corporate purposes

6.71 mills with no expiration

Total taxes levied were \$10,432.

Property tax millage rates are adopted in July for the calendar year in which the taxes are levied and recorded. All taxes are due and collectible when the assessment rolls are filed on or before November 15th of the current year, and become delinquent after December 31st. Property taxes not paid by the end of February are subject to lien.

NOTE C - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

General Fund:

\$	20,933
	8,167
	185,314
_	313
	214,727
	\$ _

Utility System Enterprise Fund:

Accounts receivable - customers

Total business-type accounts receivable

432,421 432,421

Total accounts receivable

\$ 647,148

Note D - CAPITAL ASSETS

	Balance 06/30/21	Additions	_Deletions_	Balance 06/30/22
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 130,245	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 130,245
Other capital assets:				
Vehicles	191,701	-	-	191,701
Buildings	706,005	-	-	706,005
Infrastructure	598,821	-	-	598,821
Equipment	400,049	<u>62,168</u>	<u>40,365</u>	<u>421,852</u>
Total capital assets	2,026,821	62,168	<u>40,365</u>	<u>2,048,624</u>
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Vehicles	175,066	9,378	-	184,444
Buildings	379,733	19,176	-	398,909
Infrastructure	36,926	11,976	-	48,902
Equipment	322,839	<u>19,283</u>	<u>31,144</u>	<u>310,978</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>914,564</u>	<u>59,813</u>	<u>31,144</u>	943,233
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets, net	<u>\$_1,112,257</u>	<u>\$ 2,355</u>	<u>\$ 9,221</u>	<u>\$ 1,105,391</u>
Business-Type Activities:	•			
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 33,275	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 33,275
Other capital assets:				
Gas system	1,910,890	22,371	8,500	1,924,761
Water system	1,470,055	4,834	-	1,474,889
Electricity system	196,900	-	-	196,900
Sewer system	633,082	<u> </u>		633,082
Total capital assets	4,244,202	27,205	8,500	4,262,907
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Gas system	789,545	56,888	6,375	840,058
Water system	860,452	42,679	•	903,131
Electricity system	196,166	734	*	196,900
Sewer system	522,685	20,235		542,920
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>2,368,848</u>	<u>120,536</u>	6,375	2,483,009
Business-Type Activities,				
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 1,875,354</u>	<u>\$ (93,331</u>)	\$ 2,125	<u>\$ 1,779,898</u>

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$59,813 and \$120,536 for the governmental activities and the business-type activities, respectively.

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General government	\$	21,997
Public safety		16,591
Public works		21,225
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$</u>	59,813

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type activities as follows:

Gas	\$ 56,	888
Water	42,	679
Electricity	`	734
Sewer	20,;	<u> 235</u>
Total depreciation expense	\$ 120,	536

NOTE E - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

The following is a summary of payables at June 30, 2022:

Class of Payable:	Governmental Activities <u>Funds</u>	Business Activities Funds	
Accounts	\$ 46,708	\$ 340,125	
Total	\$ 46,708	\$ 340,125	

NOTE F - LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of revenue bonds and other long-term debts owed by the Village for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	June 30, 2021	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2022
Gas revenue bonds USDA gas revenue bonds	\$ 120,000 379,243 \$ 499,243	\$ - <u>-</u> \$ -	\$ (43,000) (23,710) \$ (66,710)	\$ 77,000 355,533 \$ 432,533
Gas Revenue Bonds Payable	e-Proprietary:			
\$568,000 gas revenue bonds rate of 5% per annum, matur 2004 through June 2024 in a and secured by and payable derived by the gas system af expenses of operation.	ing over a period nnual installment from income and	beginning Dece s of \$42,000 to revenues	ember \$48,000,	\$ 77,000
\$655,000 USDA gas revenue at a rate of 4.375% per annu July 2012 through July 2033 secured by and payable from	m, maturing over in annual installn i income and reve	a period beginr nents of \$40,302 enues derived b	ning 2, and y the gas	255 522
, , ,	bie and necessa	ry expenses or o	operation.	
\$568,000 gas revenue bonds rate of 5% per annum, matur 2004 through June 2024 in a and secured by and payable derived by the gas system af expenses of operation. \$655,000 USDA gas revenue at a rate of 4.375% per annu July 2012 through July 2033	s dated March 18 ing over a period nnual installment from income and ter paying reasor e bonds dated Ju m, maturing over in annual installn income and reve	beginning Decess of \$42,000 to revenues nable and necessary 21, 2006, bear a period beginnents of \$40,302 enues derived b	ember \$48,000, ssary aring interest ning 2, and y the gas	\$ 77,000 355,533 \$ 432,533

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding as of June 30, 2022, including interest payments of \$108,858 are as follows:

		nterprise Activitie	s
		Totals	
Year Ending	Principal	Interest	
June 30,	_ Payments_	Payments	Totals
2023	\$ 64,748	\$ 19,555	\$ 84,303
2024	62,830	16,322	79,152
2025	26,961	13,341	40,302
2026	28,140	12,162	40,302
2027	29,371	10,931	40,302
2028-2032	167,292	34,219	201,511
2033	53,191	2,328	55,519
Totals	<u>\$ 432,533</u>	<u>\$ 108,858</u>	<u>\$ 541,391</u>

In accordance with La. R.S. 39:562, the Village is legally restricted from incurring long-term bonded debt (payable solely from ad valorem taxes) in excess of 35% of the assessed value of taxable property in the Village. At June 30, 2022 the statutory limit is \$544,145.

NOTE G - RESTRICTED ASSETS

Restricted assets, at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

	Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Customers' deposit accounts Gas replacement accounts Debt service sinking account	\$ 42,068 62,474 20,265		
Total restricted assets - proprietary fund	\$ 124,807		
Requirements consisted of the following at June 30, 2022:	<u>Actual</u>	Required	Over (Under)
Gas revenue bond debt service sinking account Gas revenue bond debt service reserve account Gas revenue bond debt service	\$ 20,265 31,237	\$ - 31,234	\$20,265 3
depreciation and contingency account Customer deposits – gas, water, and sewer	 31,237 42,068	31,234 <u>41,765</u>	3 303
Total restricted assets - proprietary fund	\$ 124,807	\$104,233	<u>\$20,574</u>

NOTE H - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Village maintains commercial insurance coverage covering each of those risks of loss. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the Village. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE I - CONTINGENCIES

The Village participates in a number of federal and state grant programs that are either partially or fully funded by grants received from other governmental units. Such grants are subject to audit by the grantor agencies which could

result in requests for reimbursement to the granting agency for expenditures that are disallowed under the terms of the grant. Based on past experience, the Village believes that any disallowed costs as a result of such audits would be immaterial.

NOTE J - RESTRICTED NET POSITION

Restricted net position consists of cash in the reserve account, depreciation and contingency account, and debt service account which are all set aside in accordance with bond restrictions.

NOTE K - ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS FOR SALARIES

The State of Louisiana pays a portion of the Village's police salaries. These on-behalf payments have been recorded in the accompanying financial statements in accordance with GASB Statement 24 as intergovernmental revenues and expenditures as follows:

Intergovernmental Revenues:

State-Police

\$ 0

Expenditures:

Salaries-Police

\$ 0

NOTE L - OPERATING TRANSFERS

The Village's Proprietary Fund transferred a net amount of \$97,897 to the General Fund during the year. These operating transfers are required to support the general governmental operations.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

VILLAGE OF ELIZABETH, LOUISIANA Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgete	ed Amounts		Variance	
	Original	Final	Actual	Favorable (<u>Unfavorable)</u>	
REVENUES	Original		Actual	(Offiavorable)	
Taxes:					
Property	\$ 11,000	\$ 11,950	\$ 11,310	\$ (640)	
Franchise	32,500	29,415	31,213	1,798	
Sales	107,900	113,660	116,802	3,142	
Beer	<u>1,500</u>	1,950	1,282	<u>(668</u>)	
Total taxes	152,900	156,975	160,607	3,632	
Licenses and permits	30,500	23,470	22,002	(1,468)	
Fines and forfeitures	41,500	51,450	49,659	(1,791)	
Intergovernmental:					
Federal	-	345,710	375,907	30,197	
State of Louisiana –					
Street maintenance	5,900	4,940	7,410	2,470	
Local grant	3,500	2,920	4,445	<u>1,525</u>	
Total intergovernmental	9,400	353,570	387,762	34,192	
Other:					
Insurance proceeds	-	184,075	175,506	(8,569)	
Interest	-	10	9	(1)	
Rental income	127,000	116,000	113,925	(2,075)	
Miscellaneous Total other revenue	800 127,800	<u>5,250</u> <u>305,335</u>	<u> </u>	<u>17,380</u> <u>6,735</u>	
rotal other revenue	127,000	305,335		0,733	
Total revenues	<u>362,100</u>	<u>890,800</u>	<u>932,100</u>	<u>41,300</u>	
EXPENDITURES					
General government:					
Current:					
Advertising	3,500	3,530	4,398	(868)	
Contract labor	36,000	197,136	162,380	34,756	
Dues and subscriptions	3,300	11,992	5,738	6,254	
Insurance	40,900	33,521	35,662	(2,141)	
Materials and supplies	38,000	57,969 4,474	109,609	(51,640)	
Miscellaneous	800	1,474	9,228	(7,754)	
Office supplies Professional services	3,800 25,300	3,838 30,365	6,697 33,994	(2,859) (3,629)	
Repairs and maintenance		26,858	189,852	(162,994)	
Retirement	-	750	100,002	750	
Salaries and payroll taxes	128,800	130,521	124,775	5,746	
Travel and meetings	3,000	3,318	3,661	(343)	
Uniforms	, <u>-</u>	, <u>-</u>	¹ 187	(187)	
Utilities and telephone	<u>52,700</u>	<u>67,097</u>	<u>70,382</u>	<u>(3,285</u>)	
Subtotal	344,600	568,369	756,563	(188,194)	
Capital outlays	10,000	<u>33,560</u>	<u>60,819</u>	(27,259)	
Total general government	354,600	601,929	817,382	(215,453)	
See accompanying notes.					

VILLAGE OF ELIZABETH, LOUISIANA General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule- Continued Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budge Original	ted Amounts Final	Actual	Variance Favorable (<u>Unfavorable)</u>
Public safety –				
Current:				
Advertising \$	50	\$ 377	\$ 492	\$ (115)
Contract labor	14,500	11,178	8,982	2,196
Dues and subscriptions	4,100	5,541	3,554	1,987
Insurance	18,100	20,019	9,712	10,307
Materials and supplies	6,500	7,589	7,612	(23)
Miscellaneous	300	-	-	-
Office supplies	50	132	326	(194)
Professional services	5,200	5,206	5,188	18
Repairs and maintenance	10,150	20,849	17,250	3,599
Salaries and payroll taxes	50,350	45,737	49,382	(3,645)
Travel and meetings	100	360	300	60
Uniforms	150	415	490	(75)
Utilities and telephone	<u> 11,050</u>	12,519	12,910	<u>(391</u>)
Subtotal	120,600	129,922	116,198	13,724
Capital outlays	<u>500</u>		<u> </u>	<u>(1,349</u>)
Total public safety	121,100	129,922	117,547	12,375
Public works –				
Current:			0.704	(0.704)
Insurance	-	00.000	8,764	(8,764)
Salaries and payroll taxes	30,000	<u>32,300</u>	<u>41,048</u>	<u>(8,748)</u>
Subtotal	30,000	32,300	49,812	(17,512)
Capital outlays	30.000	22 200	40.912	(17 F12)
Total public works	30,000	32,300	<u>49,812</u>	<u>(17,512</u>)
Total expenditures	\$505,700	<u>\$764,151</u>	<u>\$984,741</u>	\$(220,590)

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

VILLAGE OF ELIZABETH, LOUISIANA Schedule of Operating Expenses by Department Proprietary Fund Year Ended June 30, 2022

Gas Department:	
Advertising	\$ 960
Contract Labor	11,282
Depreciation	56,888
Gas purchases	2,538,369
Insurance	19,473
Materials and supplies	49,914
Miscellaneous	6,057
Payroll taxes	6,222
Professional fees	9,010
Repairs and maintenance	2,454
Salaries Travel	81,465 450
Uniforms	187
Utilities and telephone	<u>2,540</u>
Total Gas Department	2,785,271
Total Guo Dopalation	2,700,271
Water Department:	
Advertising	483
Contract Labor	1,587
Depreciation	42,679
Insurance	13,540
Materials and supplies Miscellaneous	48,517
Payroll taxes	2,539 3,513
Professional fees	6,011
Repairs and maintenance	10,269
Salaries	46,422
Travel	116
Utilities and telephone	17,033
Total Water Department	192,709
Sewer Department:	
Advertising	552
Contract Labor	1,246
Depreciation	20,235
Insurance	5,532
Materials and supplies	10,263
Miscellaneous	590
Payroll taxes	1,506
Professional fees	2,550
Repairs and maintenance	13,508
Salaries	19,895
Utilities and telephone	8,152
Total Sewer Department	84,029
Electricity Department:	
Depreciation	734
Total Electricity Department	734
Total Operating Expenses	<u>\$3,062,743</u>
See accompanying notes.	
dec decempanying notes.	

VILLAGE OF ELIZABETH, LOUISIANA Schedule of Compensation Paid to Mayor and Council Members For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

Mandy Green	\$ 21,600
Kenneth Kelly	1,925
Angela Smith	1,950
Kelly Stalsby	1,900
Total Compensation Paid to Mayor and Council Members	<u>\$ 27,375</u>

VILLAGE OF ELIZABETH, LOUISIANA Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Chief Executive Officer For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

Chief Executive Officer: Mandy Green, Mayor

<u>Purpose</u>	Amount
Salary	\$21,600
Benefits-insurance	-0-
Benefits-retirement	-0-
Benefits-cell phone	780
Car allowance	-0-
Vehicle provided by government	-0-
Per diem	- 0-
Reimbursements	20
Travel	810
Registration fees	-0-
Conference travel	- 0-
Continuing professional education fees	-0-
Housing	-0-
Unvouchered expenses	-0-
Special meals	-0-

VILLAGE OF ELIZABETH, LOUISIANA

Justice System Funding Schedule - Collecting/Disbursing Entity As Required by Act 87 of the 2020 Regular Legislative Session For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	First Six Month Period Ended 12/31/2021	Second Six Month Period Ended 06/30/2022
Beginning Balance of Amounts Collected but Not Disbursed (PY Payable)	\$ 1,184 \$	606
Add: Collections		
Criminal Court Costs/Fees	2,327	4,872
Criminal Fines - Contempt	650	650
Criminal Fines - Other	11,966	31,191
Restitution	-	300
Service/Collection Fees (e.g. credit card fees, report fees, 3rd party service fees) Other	114 -	242 493
Subtotal Collections	15,057	37,748
Less: Disbursements To Governments & Nonprofits:		
·		
Court Management Information System - Criminal Court Costs/Fees	61	127
Traumatic Head and Spinal Cord Injury Trust Fund - Criminal Court Costs/Fees	195	450
Louisiana Judicial College - Criminal Court Costs/Fees Crime Stoppers - Criminal Court Costs/Fees	31 122	64 254
Crime Victims Reparation Fund - Criminal Court Costs/Fees	122	25 4 8
POST Law Enforcement Training & Assistance Fund - Criminal Court Costs/Fees	122	254
Less: Amounts Retained by Collecting Agency		
Village of Elizabeth - Criminal Court Costs/Fees	1,798	3,715
Village of Elizabeth - Criminal Fines	13,121	29,949
Village of Elizabeth - Service/Collection Fees	113	241
Less: Disbursements to Individuals/3rd Party Collection or Processing Agencies		
Restitution Payments to Individuals	-	300
Other Disbursements to Individuals	3	75
Payments to 3rd Party Collection/Processing Agencies	69	418
Subtotal Disbursements/Retainage	15,635	35,855
Total: Ending Balance of Amounts Collected But Not Disbursed/Retained	\$ 606_\$	2,499
Other Information:		
Ending Balance of Total Amounts Assessed But Not Yet Collected	\$ 35,699 \$	20,904

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN
AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE
WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

December 12, 2022

Honorable Mandy Green, Mayor and the Village Council Village of Elizabeth, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Elizabeth, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 and the related notes to the basic financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village of Elizabeth, Louisiana's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village of Elizabeth, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Elizabeth, Louisiana's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Elizabeth, Louisiana's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify one deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2022-1 I/C that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Honorable Mandy Green, Mayor and the Village Council Village of Elizabeth, Louisiana December 12, 2022 Page 2

Report on Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village of Elizabeth, Louisiana's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2022-2 C.

Village of Elizabeth, Louisiana's Response to Findings

The Village of Elizabeth, Louisiana's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying management's corrective action plan for the current year audit findings and responses. The Village of Elizabeth, Louisiana's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor of the State of Louisiana as a public document.

Rayer T. Limmi, CPA, APAC

Royce T. Scimemi, CPA, APAC

VILLAGE OF ELIZABETH, LOUISIANA Schedule of Findings and Responses Year Ended June 30, 2022

Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial St Type of au	tatements ditors' report issued: unmodified		
MateriSignifiContronot co	ntrol over financial reporting: al weakness(es) identified?		
Findings:			
Finding #2022-1 I/	C:		
Inadequate Segre	egation of Duties		
Condition:	The small number of employees renders sufficient segregation of duties impractical.		
Criteria:	Sufficient staff for adequate segregation of duties.		
Cause:	Insufficient staff to adequately segregate cash flow functions.		
Effect:	Possible internal control deficiency.		
Recommendation:	Ensure that management is involved in daily operating activities to ensure adequate oversight.		
Response:	See Corrective Action Plan		
Finding #2022-2 C Local Government	:: :al Budget Act Compliance		
Criteria:	The actual expenditures in the general fund were in excess of budgeted expenditures by 5% or more.		
Cause:	The general fund budget was prepared without including mold remediation expenditures.		
Effect:	Possible violation of the Louisiana Local Governmental Budget Act.		
Recommendation: Closely monitor budgets, ensure expenditures that are not utility expenditures are included in the general fund budget, and amend budget when required.			

Findings and questioned costs for federal awards:

See Corrective Action Plan

Not applicable

Response:

VILLAGE OF ELIZABETH, LOUISIANA Management's Corrective Action Plan for Current Year Audit Findings and Responses (Unaudited) Year Ended June 30, 2022

Finding #2022-1 I/C:

Inadequate Segregation of Duties

This is an ongoing finding that cannot be corrected due to lack of financial resources and the size of the entity.

Finding #2022-2 C:

Local Governmental Budget Act Compliance

Management will monitor the general fund budget monthly, ensure that all nonutility expenditures are properly included in the general fund budget, and amend the budget when required.

VILLAGE OF ELIZABETH, LOUISIANA Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2022

Finding #2021-1 I/C: Inadequate Segregation of Duties
This is an ongoing finding that cannot be corrected due to lack of financial resources and the size of the entity.

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

Honorable Mandy Green, Mayor And the Village Council Village of Elizabeth, Louisiana December 12, 2022

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas, identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. The Village of Elizabeth, Louisiana (the "Village") management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

The Village has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

Written Policies and Procedures

- 1. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe whether they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations:
 - a) Budgeting, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.
 - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
 - b) *Purchasing*, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.

No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

c) Disbursements, including processing, reviewing, and approving.

No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

d) **Receipts/Collections**, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g., periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).

No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

e) *Payroll/Personnel*, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee(s) rate of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.

No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

f) *Contracting*, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.

No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

g) Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable), including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).

No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

h) *Travel and Expense Reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.

No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

i) *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.

No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

j) **Debt Service**, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.

No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

k) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.

No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

1) **Sexual Harassment**, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

Board or Finance Committee

- 2. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:
 - a) Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.

The minutes reflected that the managing council met monthly without exception.

- b) For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe whether the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds. Alternately, for those entities reporting on the nonprofit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.
 - Monthly income statements with budgetary comparisons and variances were provided to the Council and Mayor by handout. The minutes reflect this activity for meetings that actually occurred without exception.
- c) For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.

The general fund did not have a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report.

Bank Reconciliations

- 3. Obtain a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:
 - a) Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged);

The listing was provided by management. All reconciliations were prepared within the two-month time frame as applicable without exception.

- b) Bank reconciliations include evidence that a member of management/board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and
 - The Mayor reviewed and initialed all bank reconciliations tested. However, the Mayor signs checks and participates in the issuance of them (Exception).
 - Management Response/Corrective Action: The Village has a small number of employees performing these essential accounting functions and segregation of duties can be difficult. Since the Mayor is responsible for overseeing all essential accounting functions and does not handle cash, no corrective action plan was deemed necessary.
- c) Management has documentation reflecting it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.
 - Management had no documentation reflecting that it had researched one outstanding reconciling item in one bank account that was older than 12 months (Exception).
 - Management Response/Corrective Action: Management will research and reissue any outstanding item more than 12 months from the statement closing date or submit any qualifying payments to the State of Louisiana Unclaimed Property Division.

Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)

4. Obtain a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).

The listing was provided by management without exception.

- 5. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (i.e., 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:
 - a) Employees responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers.
 - The policies and procedures reflected that only one employee is responsible for the register each day and that they do not share cash drawers/registers with other employees without exception.
 - b) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g., pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit.
 - The policies and procedures reflected that each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits without exception.

c) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.

The policies and procedures reflect that the employees responsible for collecting cash do not have access to the general ledger without exception.

d) The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions, are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.

The policies and procedures reflect that the employee who is responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger does not collect cash without exception.

6. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe the bond or insurance policy for theft was in force during the fiscal period.

Management provided a copy of the required fidelity insurance policies covering each employee that has access to cash. They were all bonded during the fiscal period without exception.

- 7. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for procedure #3 under "Bank Reconciliations" above (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Alternately, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc. Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:
 - a) Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.

The test showed that receipts were sequentially pre-numbered where applicable without exception.

b) Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.

The test showed that sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation were traced to deposit slips without exception.

c) Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.

The tested deposits slips were traced to the bank statement without exception.

d) Observe the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).

The test showed that deposits are made within one week without exception and the bank is more than 10 miles from the collection location.

e) Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

The test showed that the deposits were traced to the general ledger without exception.

Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

- 8. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).
 - The listing was provided by management without exception.
- 9. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that:
 - a) At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase.
 - The policies and procedures reflect that more than one person should be involved in the purchasing and disbursement functions. Three of the five transactions tested showed documentation that at least two employees were involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing and order/making the purchase (Exception).
 - Management Response/Corrective Action: Management will correct this by requiring the initiating employee to initial the purchase requests/purchase order that will be generated by another employee who also initials them before they are approved and placed in all non-recurring transactions.
 - b) At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.
 - The test showed that two employees were involved in processing and approving payments to vendors without exception.
 - c) The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.
 - The test showed that the clerk was responsible for processing payments and had the authority to add/modify vendor files. However, another employee was responsible for periodically reviewing changes to the vendor files.
 - d) Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.
 - The test showed that the employee responsible for signing checks and processing payments also mails the payments (Exception).
 - Management Response/Corrective Action: The clerk both processes payments and mails them. However, then the mayor signs and reviews all payments before being mailed. No corrective action plan was deemed necessary due to the small number of employees available.
- 10. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that

the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction, and:

Management provided the non-payroll disbursement transaction population without exception.

a) Observe whether the disbursement matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity.

The test showed that all the disbursements matched the related original itemized invoices. However, no supporting documentation that indicated the deliverables included on the invoices were received by the entity in the tested transactions (Exception).

Management Response/Corrective Action: An employee will be required to review items received and initial the invoices or receiving reports verifying that what was ordered was received by the Village.

b) Observe whether the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #9, as applicable.

The disbursement documentation included evidence of segregation of duties (i.e., more than one person should be involved in the purchasing and disbursement functions).

Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

11. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.

The listing was provided by management without exception.

- 12. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement), obtain supporting documentation, and:
 - a) Observe whether there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) were reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved), by someone other than the authorized card holder. [Note: Requiring such approval may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality); these instances should not be reported.]

In two of the transactions tested, supporting documentation was not provided. These were reoccurring transactions (Exception). All of the original receipts were reviewed or approved in writing by someone other than the authorized card holder.

Management Response/Corrective Action: Management will review and approve original receipts in writing by initialing before approval of payment occurs, even on reoccurring transactions.

- b) Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements. No finance charges or late fees were assessed in the month tested.
- 13. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (i.e., each card should have 10 transactions subject to testing). For each transaction, observe it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and note whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

Eight of the ten transactions tested were supported by original itemized receipts that identified precisely what was purchased (Exception). Two of the ten transactions tested did not have written documentation of the business/public purpose (Exception). There were no meals purchased in the month tested.

Management Response/Corrective Action: Management will verify that the original itemized receipts that identify exactly what was purchased will be attached to the monthly statement before payment is made in the future. Management will also list the business/public purpose of all purchases on the original itemized receipts.

Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

14. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements, obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:

The listing was provided by management without exception.

a) If reimbursed using a per diem, observe the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov).

The test showed that the Village utilized the standard per diem mileage rate as set by the U.S. General Services Administration without exception. Meals were reimbursed at actual costs.

b) If reimbursed using actual costs, observe the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.

All reimbursements using actual costs were supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased without exception.

- c) Observe each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by written policy (procedure #1h).
 - The test showed that all the reimbursements were supported by documentation for the business/public purpose and included the names of those participating in meals, when applicable without exception.
- d) Observe each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

The test showed that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving the reimbursement without exception.

Contracts

15. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. Alternately, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and:

The listing was provided by management without exception.

- a) Observe whether the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.
 - There were no contracts in the current fiscal year that were required to be bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law. No exception was found as a result of this procedure.
- b) Observe whether the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g., Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter).
 - The test showed that all contracts were approved by the governing board or the mayor in accordance with the Village's policy. No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
- c) If the contract was amended (e.g., change order), observe the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, was approval documented).
 - The test showed that one amendment was made, and it was required by the Federal Emergency Management Agency for reimbursement. The original contract provided for such an amendment and that the amendment was made in compliance with the contract terms without exception.

d) Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

The test showed that all payments matched the supporting invoices and agreed with the terms and conditions of the contracts without exception.

Payroll and Personnel

16. Obtain a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.

Management provided the required listing without exception. The test showed that all paid salaries and wages for the selected employees/officials agreed with the authorized salaries/pay rates contained in the personnel files.

- 17. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under #16 above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:
 - a) Observe all selected employees or officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory). (Note: Generally, officials are not eligible to earn leave and do not document their attendance and leave. However, if the official is earning leave according to a policy and/or contract, the official should document his/her daily attendance and leave.)

The test showed that documentation of daily attendance and leave was provided without exception.

b) Observe whether supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials.

The test showed supervisors' approval of attendance and leave of the selected employees was provided without exception.

c) Observe any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records.

The test showed the leave accrued or taken during the pay period tested was reflected in the cumulative leave records without exception.

d) Observe the rate paid to the employees or officials agree to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.

The test showed that all paid salaries and wages for the selected employees/officials agreed with the authorized salaries/pay rates contained in the personnel files.

18. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials, obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee

or officials' cumulative leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee or officials authorized pay rates in the employee or officials' personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.

The listing was provided by management without exception. The test showed that the employees/officials were paid in accordance with the Village's termination policy without exception.

19. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

Management represented that all employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts were paid timely, and any associated forms were filed by the required deadlines.

Ethics

- 20. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above obtain ethics documentation from management, and:
 - a. Observe whether the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the fiscal period.
 - The test showed that the selected employees/officials had completed their one hour of ethics training during the fiscal period without exception.
 - b. Observe whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.

There were no changes in the Village's ethics policy during the fiscal year, therefore there were no required notifications.

Debt Service

21. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued.

Management provided the listing of bonds/notes issued during the fiscal year without exception. No long-term debt was issued during fiscal year.

22. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve

balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

Management provided the listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal year without exception. The test showed that reserve balances and payments required by debt covenants were maintained and paid in accordance with the debt covenants without exception.

Fraud Notice

23. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled.

Management has represented that the Village did not have any misappropriation of public funds or assets during the fiscal year.

24. Observe the entity has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

The test showed that the Village of Elizabeth, Louisiana's office did have the required notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 posted in a conspicuous place upon its premises and on its website without exception.

Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

- 25. Perform the following procedures, verbally discuss the results with management, and report "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management."
 - a) Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe that such backup occurred within the past week. If backups are stored on a physical medium (e.g., tapes, CDs), observe evidence that backups are encrypted before being transported.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

b) Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

c) Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus

software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

Sexual Harassment

26. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year.

The test showed that the selected employees/officials had completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the fiscal year.

27. Observe the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).

The test showed that the Village's sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure was posted in a conspicuous location on the Village's premises and on its website.

- 28. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe it includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344.
 - a) Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements.

The Village did complete its annual sexual harassment report noting the percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements without exception.

b) Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency.

Management represented that no sexual harassment complaints were received by the Village during the fiscal year.

c) Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred.

Since there were no complaints received, there could be no associated findings that sexual harassment occurred.

d) Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and

Not applicable.

e) The amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

Not applicable.

We were engaged by the Village to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the Village and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

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