### REPORT ON AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022



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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen Town of Abita Springs, Louisiana

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Abita Springs, Louisiana (the "Town") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information for the Town as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the Louisiana Government Audit Guide. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen Town of Abita Springs, Louisiana June 26, 2023

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly,
  no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.



To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen Town of Abita Springs, Louisiana June 26, 2023

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balance -budget and actual, schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability, and schedule of contributions—retirement plan, and the related notes to the required supplementary information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining nonmajor governmental fund financial statements, schedule of compensation to alderman and schedule of compensation, benefits and other payments to agency head is presented to comply with the requirements issued by the State of Louisiana and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of justice system funding schedules is presented to comply with Act 87 of the 2020 Louisiana Legislative Session and is not required part of the basic financial statement. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen Town of Abita Springs, Louisiana June 26, 2023

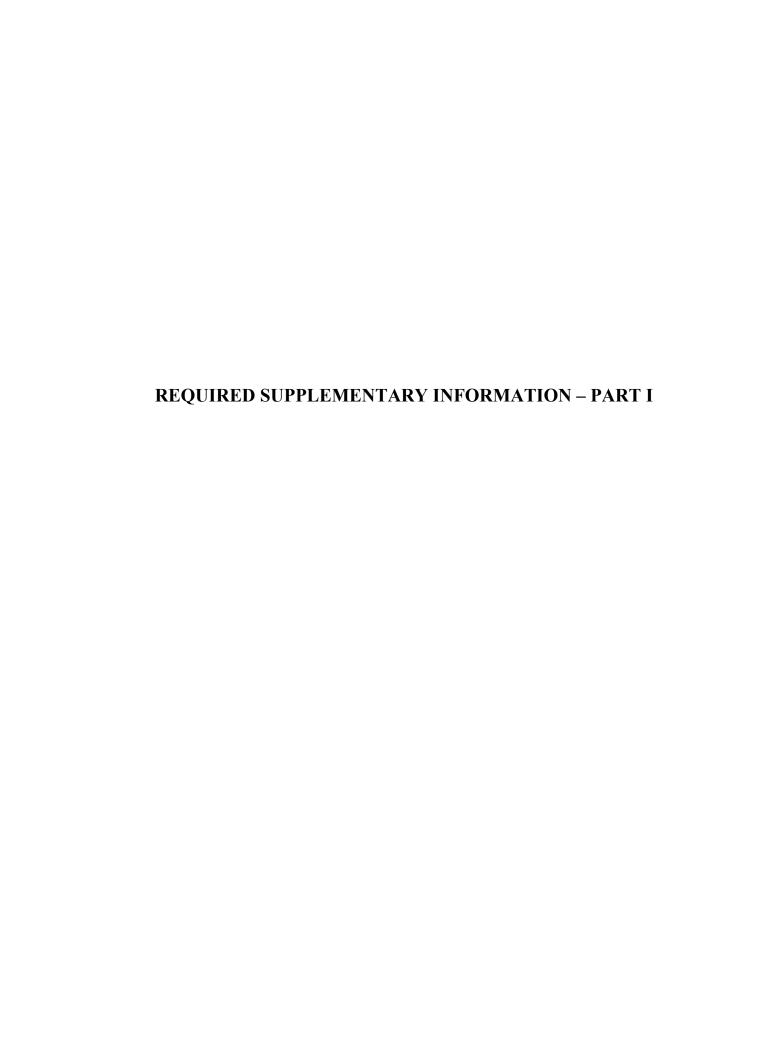
#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 26, 2023 on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

June 26, 2023 Mandeville, Louisiana

Certified Public Accountants

Guikson Keenty, up



#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2022

As management of the Town of Abita Springs, Louisiana (the "Town"), we offer residents of the Town this narrative overview and financial analysis of the financial activities of the Town as of December 31, 2022, and for the year then ended.

#### **Overview of Financial Statements**

The Town adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34 on January 1, 2004. Under this pronouncement, the Town's basic financial statements include government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements. These two types of financial statements present the Town's financial position and the results of its operations from differing perspectives, which are described as follows:

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements report information about the Town as a whole using an accounting method similar to that used by private-sector companies. The basis of accounting used is accrual accounting. The government-wide statements reflect all of the Town's assets (including capital assets) and all of the Town's liabilities. The two government-wide financial statements are as follows:

- Statement of Net Position: This statement presents information on all of the Town's assets and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.
- Statement of Activities: This statement presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future periods.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is defined as a separate fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The Town uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. The Town has two types of funds:

1. Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. The Town's major governmental funds are the General Fund, the Shared Sales Tax Fund, the Special Sales Tax Fund, the Cemetery Fund, and the Debt Service Fund.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2022

2. *Proprietary Funds* - These funds are used to account for activities that function in a manner similar to commercial enterprises. Proprietary fund financial statements typically provide a more detailed presentation of the information reported in the business-type activities portion of the government-wide financial statements. The Town's major proprietary fund is the Utility Fund.

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 19 of this report.

#### **Financial Highlights**

At December 31, 2022, the Town's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$1,296,506 (net position). The Town's total net position decreased by \$5,336,319 for the year ended December 31, 2022. The primary result in this decrease was the recording of claims payable of \$5,447,132; see Contingencies on page 8 of this report. As a result, the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are greater than assets and deferred outflows of resources.

At December 31, 2022, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,749,093. Compared to prior year, the total combined fund balance decreased by \$18,689 for the year ended December 31, 2022.

#### Financial Analysis of the Town as a Whole

A condensed version of the government-wide Statements of Net Position is presented as follows:

Assets	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	2022	2021
Current assets Other assets Capital assets Total assets	\$ 3,337,224 374,725 3,144,907 6,856,856	\$ 2,640,550 291,943 6,414,493 9,346,986	\$ 5,977,774 666,668 9,559,400 16,203,842	\$ 6,084,197 609,065 8,955,933 15,649,195
<b>Total deferred outflows of resources</b>	140,357	249,524	389,881	349,341
Liabilities				
Current and other liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities	2,106,265 6,207,063 8,313,328	850,065 6,116,912 6,966,977	2,956,330 12,323,975 15,280,305	2,885,447 6,125,330 9,010,777
<b>Total deferred inflows of resources</b>	6,086	10,826	16,912	354,934
Net position				
Net investments in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted (deficit) Total net position (deficit)	2,695,267 1,636,182 (5,653,650) § (1,322,201)	696,015 756,745 1,165,947 \$ 2,618,707	3,391,282 2,392,927 (4,487,703) \$ 1,296,506	3,093,998 1,918,243 1,620,584 \$ 6,632,825

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) <u>DECEMBER 31, 2022</u>

The net investment in capital assets amount represents 100% of total net position. Net investment in capital assets consists of land, buildings, and equipment, less any outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The Town has elected not to retroactively record, as capital assets, its infrastructure that existed prior to adopting GASB 34.

A condensed version of the government-wide Statements of Activities is presented as follows:

		Governmental Activities			Busin Act			Total			
	2022		2021	-					2022	2021	
Revenues											
Program revenues											
Charges for services	\$ 58,908	\$	49,850	\$	2,121,217	\$	2,045,313	\$	2,180,125	\$	2,095,163
Operating grants and contributions	s 7,749		7,925		-		-		7,749		7,925
Capital grants and contributions	-				13,776		43,388		13,776		43,388
General revenues					,		,		,		,
Taxes	2,237,447		1,973,775		_		_		2,237,447		1,973,775
Licenses and permits	189,670		168,299		_		_		189,670		168,299
Fines and forfeitures	20,096		27,998		_		_		20,096		27,998
Investment earnings	30,210		2,367		22,756		970		52,966		3,337
Museum income	26,789		15,247		_		_		26,789		15,247
Other	425,987	_	141,306	_	<u>-</u>	_		_	425,987	_	141,306
Total revenues	2,996,856		2,386,767		2,157,749		2,089,671		5,154,605		4,476,438
Expenses											
General government	7,314,615		1,338,066		-		-		7,314,615		1,338,066
Public safety	151,423		146,979		-		-		151,423		146,979
Public works	671,134		512,476		-		-		671,134		512,476
Cemetery	18,599		1,957		-		-		18,599		1,957
Culture and recreation	88,979		47,008		-		-		88,979		47,008
Utilities	-		-		2,171,935		1,767,450		2,171,935		1,767,450
Interest on long-term debt	16,121	_	19,996	_	58,118	_	58,543	_	74,239	_	78,539
<b>Total expenses</b>	8,260,871	_	2,066,482		2,230,053	_	1,825,993		10,490,924		3,892,475
Change in net position	(5,264,015)		320,285		(72,304)		263,678		(5,336,319)		583,963
Net position – beginning	3,941,814		3,621,529		2,691,011		2,427,333		6,632,825		6,048,862
Net position – ending	\$ (1,322,201)	\$	3,941,814	\$	2,618,707	\$	2,691,011	\$	1,296,506	\$	6,632,825

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) <u>DECEMBER 31, 2022</u>

#### **Financial Analysis of the Major Funds**

The Town's General Fund, Shared Sales Tax Fund, Special Sales Tax Fund, Cemetery Fund, and Debt Service Fund had increases (decreases) in fund balances in the amount of \$(379,539), \$216,454, \$194,359, \$13,980, and \$126,864, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2022. Total governmental fund amounts are different from governmental activities due to capital assets and long-term debt.

Amounts reported for business-type activities in the Town's individual funds are identical to business-type activities reported in the government-wide presentation.

#### **Budget Highlights**

As required by law, the Town adopted a budget for its General Fund, Shared Sales Tax Fund, Special Sales Tax Fund, and Cemetery Fund.

#### **Capital Asset Administration**

For governmental activities, capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$55,487 for the year ended December 31, 2022, as a result of purchases of assets exceeding depreciation expense for the year. For business-type activities, capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$547,980 as a result of purchases exceeding depreciation expense for the year.

#### **Debt Administration**

The Town's total long-term debt increased by \$433,963 during the year ended December 31, 2022, as the result of new debt issues exceeding regularly scheduled debt payments.

#### **Contingencies**

During 2019, the Town and its insurer defended a case against Lonesome Development LLC. The trial court ruled in favor of Lonesome Development LLC awarding them \$4,900,000 plus attorney fees in the amount of \$547,132. The ruling in this case against the Town was upheld by the Louisiana Supreme Court in November 2022. The judgement is final. The Town has recorded a claims payable of \$5,447,132 on the government-wide statement of financial position as of December 31, 2022 as a long-term liability as a result of this case.

#### **Economic Factors and a Look at Next Year**

With no new debt issuances, the Town will continue using the outstanding bond proceeds for acquiring, constructing improvements, and replacing the Town's sewerage system and water system as well as constructing, paving, resurfacings and improving public streets in the Town.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances. Questions concerning this report or the need for additional information should be directed to Janet Dufrene, Municipal Clerk, P.O. Box 461, Abita Springs, Louisiana 70420.



### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT				
	Governmental Activities		Bu	siness-type Activities	Total
ASSETS:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	431,501	\$	54,635	\$ 486,136
Equity in pooled cash		_		847,084	847,084
Investments		2,330,208		1,508,070	3,838,278
Receivables, net of allowances for uncollectibles		575,515		223,465	798,980
Prepaid items		-		7,296	7,296
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		374,725		291,943	666,668
Capital assets not being depreciated		236,389		4,630,305	4,866,694
Capital assets being depreciated,		,		,,	, ,
net of accumulated depreciation		2,908,518		1,784,188	 4,692,706
Total assets		6,856,856		9,346,986	 16,203,842
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		140.257		240.524	200.001
Pensions		140,357	-	249,524	 389,881
Total deferred outflows of resources		140,357		249,524	 389,881
I I A DIT ITALE C					
LIABILITIES:		1 040 420		210.500	1 2(0 010
Accounts payable and other liabilities		1,049,428		210,590	1,260,018
Accrued expenses Due to other funds		56,912		7,496	64,408
		047.004		-	047.004
Pooled cash in other funds		847,084		17.700	847,084
Accrued interest payable		3,598		17,789	21,387
Meter deposits		7.602		193,942	193,942
Compensated absences		7,603		15,248	22,851
Net pension liability		451,931		803,434	1,255,365
Claims payable		5,447,132		-	5,447,132
Lease payable:		40.640			40.640
Due within one year		49,640		-	49,640
Bonds payable:		02.000		405.000	407.000
Due within one year		92,000		405,000	497,000 5,621,478
Due in more than one year		308,000		5,313,478	 3,021,478
Total liabilities		8,313,328		6,966,977	 15,280,305
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:</b>					
Pensions		6,086		10,826	 16,912
Total deferred inflows of resources		6,086		10,826	 16,912
NET POSITION (DEFICIT):					
Net investment in capital assets		2,695,267		696,015	3,391,282
Restricted for:					
Dedicated sales tax usage		1,401,941		-	1,401,941
Dedicated ad valorem tax usage		-		-	-
Debt service		234,241		-	234,241
Capital projects		-		-	-
Bond covenants		-		756,745	756,745
Unrestricted net position (deficit)		(5,653,650)		1,165,947	 (4,487,703)
Total net position (deficit)	\$	(1,322,201)	\$	2,618,707	\$ 1,296,506

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

			Program Revenues	S	1	Net (Expense) Reve Change in Net Po	
			Operating	Capital		Primary Governme	nt
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activites	Total
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:							
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>							
General government	\$ 7,314,615	\$ 28,908	\$ 7,749	\$ -	\$ (7,277,958)	\$ -	\$ (7,277,958)
Public safety	151,423	-	-	-	(151,423)	-	(151,423)
Public works	671,134	-	-	-	(671,134)	-	(671,134)
Cemetery	18,599	30,000	_	-	11,401	_	11,401
Culture and recreation	88,979		_	_	(88,979)	_	(88,979)
Interest on long-term debt	16,121	_	_	_	(16,121)	_	(16,121)
merest on long term debt							(10,121)
Total governmental activities	8,260,871	58,908	7,749		(8,194,214)		(8,194,214)
<b>Business-type Activities:</b>							
Utilities	2,171,935	2,121,217	_	13,776	_	(36,942)	(36,942)
Interest on long-term debt	58,118	-,1-1,-1,	_	-	_	(58,118)	(58,118)
interest on long term dest						(00,110)	(00,110)
Total business-type activities	2,230,053	2,121,217		13,776		(95,060)	(95,060)
Total primary government	\$ 10,490,924	\$ 2,180,125	\$ 7,749	\$ 13,776	(8,194,214)	(95,060)	(8,289,274)
	General Revenues						
	Taxes:	S.					
	Property taxes				377,355		377,355
	Franchise taxes				143,026	_	143,026
	Sales taxes				1,710,325	-	1,710,325
	Other taxes					-	
		٠,			6,741	-	6,741
	Licenses and perm				80,616	-	80,616
	Fines and forfeitu				20,096	-	20,096
	Insurance licenses				109,054		109,054
	Investment earnin	igs			30,210	22,756	52,966
	Museum income				26,789	-	26,789
	Other general reve	enues			425,987		425,987
	Total general	revenues			2,930,199	22,756	2,952,955
	Change in net pos	sition			(5,264,015)	(72,304)	(5,336,319)
	Net position - beg	ginning of year			3,941,814	2,691,011	6,632,825
	Net position (defi	cit) - end of year			\$ (1,322,201)	\$ 2,618,707	\$ 1,296,506

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

### ASSETS Special Revenue Funds

				\$	Spec	ial Revenue Fund	ls							
		General Fund		Shared Sales Tax Fund		Special Sales Tax Fund		Cemetery Fund	_	Debt Service Fund		Non-Major Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
CURRENT ASSETS:		_										_		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	181,580	\$	161,947	\$		\$	69,179	\$	18,795	\$	-	\$	431,501
Equity in pooled cash		-		634,802		463,156		55,960		64,681		46		1,218,645
Investments		1,942,761		55,954		-		151,405		180,088		-		2,330,208
Receivables														
Property taxes, net		200,023		-		-		-		123,048		69,590		392,661
Sales taxes		42,321		32,614		42,321		-		-		-		117,256
Other		61,258		-		4,340		-		-		-		65,598
Due from other funds		-		41,524		-		33,725		-		967,582		1,042,831
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		29,134						<del>-</del>	_	<del>-</del>		345,591	_	374,725
Total assets	\$	2,457,077	\$	926,841	\$	509,817	\$	310,269	\$	386,612	\$	1,382,809	\$	5,973,425
				LIABILITIE	S AN	ND FUND BALAI	NCE	ES						
LIABILITIES:														
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$	35,899	\$	13,179	\$	21,538	\$	_	\$	-	\$	978,812	\$	1,049,428
Accrued expenses		56,912		-		-		_		-		-		56,912
Pooled cash in other funds		1,389,760		-		-		-		-		675,969		2,065,729
Due to other funds		1,042,831		-		-		-		-				1,042,831
Total liabilities		2,525,402		13,179		21,538		-		-		1,654,781		4,214,900
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:														
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		4,805		_		_		_		2,956		1,671		9,432
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	4,805	-				_		_	2,956		1,671		9,432
FUND BALANCES:	===	4,603	_		-		_		_	2,730	-	1,071		7,432
Restricted, reported in														
Special revenue funds		_		913,662		-		_		-		-		913,662
Debt service		_		-		-		-		383,656		(149,415)		234,241
Committed		_		-		-		310,269		· -		-		310,269
Unassigned		(73,130)	)	-		488,279		-		-		(124,228)		290,921
Total fund balances		(73,130)	)	913,662		488,279		310,269		383,656		(273,643)		1,749,093
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,457,077	\$	926,841	\$	509,817	\$	310,269	\$	386,612	\$	1,382,809	\$	5,973,425

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION $\underline{\text{DECEMBER 31, 2022}}$

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Funds balances, total governmental funds	\$	1,749,093
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	е	3,144,907
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in governmental funds		140,357
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in governmental funds		(6,086)
Long-term liabilities including bonds payable are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:	1	
Accrued interest		(3,598)
Compensated absences		(7,603)
Pension liability		(451,931)
Claims payable		(5,447,132)
Lease payable		(49,640)
Bonds payable		(400,000)
Certain property tax collections are not available to pay for current-period		
expenditures and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources		
in the governmental funds.		9,432
Net position of governmental activities	\$	(1,322,201)

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Spec1a.	Revenue.	Funds
---------	----------	-------

		Special Revenue I unus			=		
		Shared	Special		Debt	Non-Major	Total
	General	Sales Tax	Sales Tax	Cemetery	Service	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
REVENUES:							
Taxes	Φ 170.55	ο Φ	Φ.	Ф	n 167.501	Ф (0.222	Φ 400 4 <i>C</i> 1
Property taxes	\$ 172,55		\$ -	\$ -	\$ 167,581	\$ 69,322	
Franchise taxes	143,02		-	-	-	-	143,026
Sales taxes Other	586,49		667,544	-	-	-	1,710,325
Fines and forfeitures	6,74 20,09		-	-	-	-	6,741 20,096
Insurance licenses	109,05		-	-	-	-	109,054
Other revenues	335,19		42,046	-	-	48,748	425,987
			42,040	-	-	40,740	
Licenses and permits	80,61	-	-	-	-	26.700	80,616
Museum income		-	-	30,000	-	26,789	26,789
Sale of cemetery plots	22.00	- 7	-	30,000	-	4,911	30,000
Rentals	23,99		-	2.570	2.014		28,908
Interest income	23,44	_		2,579	3,014	156	30,210
Total revenues	1,501,21	6 457,307	709,590	32,579	170,595	149,926	3,021,213
EXPENDITURES:							
General government	1,421,80	5 -	_	_	400	176,213	1,598,418
Public safety	123,97		_	_	-		123,972
Public works	,- '	- 155,903	515,231	_	_	_	671,134
Clerk of court	27,45		-	_	_	_	27,451
Cemetery	_,,		_	18,599	_	_	18,599
Culture and recreation			_	-	_	71,899	71,899
Capital outlay	307,52	7 35,310	_	_	_	-	342,837
Debt service:	507,62	, 55,510					2 .2,02 /
Principal		- 45,368	_	_	35,000	51,000	131,368
Interest		- 4,272	_	_	8,331	4,243	16,846
Total expenditures	1,880,75		515,231	18,599	43,731	303,355	3,002,524
·							
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	(379,53	9) 216,454	194,359	13,980	126,864	(153,429)	18,689
Net change in fund balances	(379,53	9) 216,454	194,359	13,980	126,864	(153,429)	18,689
Fund balances - beginning of year	306,40			296,289	256,792	(120,214)	1,730,404
rand outdiness organing of year				270,207	230,172	(120,211)	2,700,101
Fund balances - end of year	\$ (73,13	0) \$ 913,662	\$ 488,279	\$ 310,269	\$ 383,656	\$ (273,643)	\$ 1,749,093

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances, total governmental funds	\$	18,689
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reporte as depreciation expense.	ed	55,487
Repayment of debt principal and capital leases is an expenditure in the governmental fundabut the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	5,	164,140
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, advances of derived tax revenues is not recognized until received, rather than as it is earned. This is the amount by which prior year advances of derived tax revenues recognized of \$6,948 exceeded current advances of derived tax revenues recognized of \$10,783.		(32,106)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds Compensated absences	:	(3,646)
Pensions Claims Non-employer contributions for pensions		(27,921) (5,447,132) 7,749
Accrued interest		725
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	(5,264,015)

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND DECEMBER 31, 2022

ASSETS:	
Current assets:	¢ 54.625
Cash and cash equivalents Pooled cash in other funds	\$ 54,635 847,084
Accounts receivable, net	223,465
Prepaid insurance	7,296
Total current assets	1,132,480
Total Callelle abbotic	
Restricted assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	291,943
Investments	1,508,070
Total restricted assets	1,800,013
Long-term assets:	
Capital assets, net	6,414,493
Total long-term assets	6,414,493
Total assets	9,346,986
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
Pensions	249,524
Total deferred outflows of resources	249,524
LIABILITIES:	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	210,590
Accrued wages	7,496
Compensated absences	15,248
Total current liabilities	233,334
Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets):	
Accrued interest payable	17,789
Revenue bonds payable, current portion	405,000
Customer meter deposits	193,942
Total current liabilities (payable from restricted assets)	616,731
Non-current liabilities:	
Net pension liability	803,434
Revenue bonds, net of current portion	5,313,478
Total noncurrent liabilities	6,116,912
Total liabilities	6,966,977
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Pensions	10,826
Total deferred inflows of resources	10,826
Total deterred limows of resources	
NET POSITION:	
Net investment in capital assets	696,015
Restricted	756,745
Unrestricted	1,165,947
Total net position	\$ 2,618,707

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

<b>OPERATING REVENUES:</b>		
Charges for services:		
Gas sales	\$ 772,87	
Water sales	341,87	
Sewer service charges	552,05	
Garbage collection fees	341,49	
Impact fees	8,50	
Miscellaneous and other fees	104,422	<u>2</u>
Total operating revenues	2,121,21	7
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Administrative and general	282,66	
Gas system	761,14	6
Water system	291,95	
Sewerage system	406,30	6
Garbage collection	306,45	
Depreciation	123,41	1
Total operating expenses	2,171,93	5
Operating income	(50,71)	<u>8</u> )
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		
Interest expense	(58,11)	8)
Interest income	22,750	6
Non employer pension contribution	13,779	6
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)	(21,58)	<u>6</u> )
Change in net position	(72,30	4)
Net position - beginning of the year	2,691,01	1
Net position - end of the year	\$ 2,618,70	7

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 2,117,088
Payments to suppliers	(1,970,798)
Payments to employees	 (191,510)
Net cash used for operating activities	 (45,220)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING	
ACTIVITIES: Decrease in meter deposits	13,088
Non-employer pension contributions	13,776
Repayment of interfund borrowings	294,254
Repayment of interfand borrowings	277,237
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	 321,118
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Purchase of capital assets	(671,391)
Proceeds from long-term debt	847,323
Interest paid on leases, bonds, and certificates	(57,948)
Principal paid on bonds and certificates	 (377,000)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	(259,016)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	
Purchases of investments	(297,653)
Interest earned on investments and certificates	 22,756
Net cash used for investing activities	(274,897)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(258,015)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	 604,593
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 346,578

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### Reconciliation of operating income to net cash

provided (used) by operating activities:	
Operating loss	\$ (50,718)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net	
cash used for operating activities:	
Depreciation	123,411
Pension expense	35,868
Change in asset and liabilities:	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(4,129)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(154,389)
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses	1,283
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	-
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	 3,454
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ (45,220)

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### **INTRODUCTION**

The Town of Abita Springs, Louisiana (the Town) was incorporated in 1914, under the provisions of the Lawrason Act. The Town operates under a Mayor-Board of Aldermen form of government.

The accounting and reporting policies of the Town of Abita Springs, Louisiana conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governments. Such accounting and reporting procedures also conform to the requirements of Louisiana Revised Statute 24:517. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of certain significant accounting policies.

#### (1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Reporting Entity**

The Town's basic financial statements include the accounts of all Town operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the Town's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, include whether:

- The organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in its own name).
- The Town holds the corporate powers of the organization.
- The Town appoints a voting majority of the organization's board.
- The Town is able to impose its will on the organization.
- The organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the Town.
- There is a fiscal dependency by the organization on the Town.
- Based on the aforementioned criteria, the Town has no component units.

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for the Town's governmental funds and proprietary fund.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) <u>DECEMBER 31, 2022</u>

#### (1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)</u>

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes are considered to be collected when they are collected by the St. Tammany Parish Sheriff. Property taxes collected after 60 days are recorded as a deferred inflow on the governmental funds balance sheet. Franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Town.

The Town reports these governmental funds and fund types:

**General Fund** - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. This fund is used to account for all financial transactions and resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from sales, property, and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income.

**Special Revenue Funds** - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the specific expenditures and of specific revenue sources (other than debt service or capital projects) that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes. The Shared Sales Tax Fund, the Special Sales Tax Fund, and the Cemetery Fund are considered to be major funds. The Lighting Fund and Parks/Playground Fund are considered to be non-major funds.

**Debt Service Funds** - Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. The Town has one Debt Service Fund which is considered major. The 2010 Debt Service Fund is considered to be a non-major fund.

**Capital Projects Fund** - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the construction of infrastructure and public works. The Town's Capital Projects Fund is considered to be a non-major fund.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) <u>DECEMBER 31, 2022</u>

#### (1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)</u>

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The activities reported in these funds are reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The Town uses a proprietary fund to account for the natural gas, water, sewer, and garbage collection services it provides to the residents and businesses of the Town.

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes, licenses and permits, and other general revenues.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating revenues for the Town's proprietary fund consist of charges to customers and users of its natural gas, water, sewer, and garbage collection services. Operating expenses for the Town's proprietary fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

#### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

At the beginning of each fiscal year, an annual budget is prepared. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for all governmental funds. Payments under capital leases are treated as expenditures in the year of payment for budgetary purposes. The Town does not use encumbrance accounting. At the end of the fiscal year, unexpended appropriations of these funds automatically lapse.

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. The Mayor, Board of Aldermen, Town Clerk, and other advisory personnel assemble the necessary financial information.
- b. The proposed budget is made available for public inspection.
- c. A public hearing is held for any recommendations or changes to the budget. The budget is legally adopted through passage of an ordinance by the Board of Aldermen.

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Town amended its General Fund, Special Sales Tax Fund, Cemetery Fund, Lighting Fund, and Parks/Playground Fund budgets.

#### Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash balances of all funds are combined to the extent possible. Interest earned on deposits is distributed to the individual funds based on the investment balances of the participating funds during the year. Each fund's portion of the pooled cash is included in equity or deficit in pooled cash on the accompanying financial statements.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) <u>DECEMBER 31, 2022</u>

#### (1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)</u>

#### Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (Continued)

For the purpose of the proprietary fund statement of cash flows, all highly liquid investments (including certificates of deposit) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents.

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits. Under state law, the Town may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana.

Under state law, the Town may deposit funds with a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the union, or the laws of the United States The Town may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes, repurchase agreements, or certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana.

Short-term investments are stated at amortized cost, which approximates market. Certain investments, as required by GASB 31, are reported at fair value, which is determined using published market prices.

#### **Investments**

State Law R.S. 33:2955 allows the investment in direct United States Treasury obligations; bonds, debentures, notes or other evidence of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by federal agencies or U.S. government instrumentalities, which are federally sponsored; direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book-entry-only securities guaranteed by the U.S. government; time certificates of deposit of any bank domiciled or having a branch office in the state of Louisiana; savings accounts or shares of certain savings and loan associations and savings banks; certain accounts of federally or state chartered credit unions, and certain mutual or trust fund institutions.

Investments are stated at fair value in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) No. 31 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools".

#### **Investments - LAMP**

The Louisiana Asset Management Pool, ("LAMP") is administered by LAMP, Inc., a non-profit Corporation, organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana. Only local government entities having contracted to participate in LAMP have an investment interest in its pool of assets.

The primary objective of LAMP is to provide a safe environment for the placement of public funds in short-term, high quality investments. The LAMP portfolio includes only securities and other obligations in which local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in accordance with LA-R.S. 33:2955. LAMP is rated AAA by Standard & Poor's.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>DECEMBER 31, 2022</u>

#### (1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)</u>

#### **Investments – LAMP (Continued)**

The dollar weighted average portfolio maturity of LAMP assets is restricted to not more than 90 days. LAMP is designed to be highly liquid to give its participants immediate access to the account balances. The investments in LAMP are stated at fair value based on quoted market rates. The fair value is determined on a weekly basis by LAMP and the value of the position in the external investment pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. LAMP, Inc. is subject to the regulatory oversight of the state treasurer and the board of directors. LAMP is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company. If you have any questions, please feel free to contact the LAMP administrative office at (800) 249-5267.

Investments in LAMP are stated at amortized cost due to their liquidity.

#### **Sales Taxes**

The Town imposes the following sales and use taxes:

- The original 1965 1% sales and use tax passed by voters is to be used for constructing, improving, maintaining, and operating recreational facilities; constructing, maintaining, re-surfacing, lighting, and improving public streets; constructing sidewalks and bridges; acquiring and maintaining a garbage disposal site and garbage collection equipment, and purchasing equipment for all of the public works and departments of the Town. The proceeds from this sales and use tax are accounted for in the Special Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund.
- Pursuant to the Growth Management and Revenue Sharing Agreement between the Town
  and St. Tammany Parish (the Parish) dated December 21, 2006, the Town collects the 2%
  sales and use tax imposed by the Parish on the growth management area surrounding the
  Town. The proceeds from the tax are to be used for projects that benefits residents of the
  growth management area. The proceeds from this sales and use tax are accounted for in
  the Shared Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund.
- The additional 1983 1% sales and use tax proceeds are to be split in half. Fifty percent is to be used to defray expenses borne by or from the Police Fund and the other fifty percent is to be used for the supplementation of and the performance of all other duties and services funded from the General Fund. The proceeds from this sales and use tax are accounted for in the General Fund.

#### **Compensated Absences**

Employees accrue vacation leave at the rate of 5 to 25 days per anniversary year, according to years of service with the Town. Employees may carry over a maximum of five unused vacation days after their anniversary date into the next year. Employees accrue sick leave of up to 10 days per year. Employees are allowed to carry forward unused sick leave from year to year. Upon termination, or at retirement, employees are paid for unused vacation leave at the discretion of the Town. Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the General Fund. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) <u>DECEMBER 31, 2022</u>

#### (1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Long-Term Debt**

In the government-wide financial statements, debt principal payments of both governmental and business-type activities are reported as decreases in the balance of the liability on the statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, however, debt principal payments of governmental funds are recognized as expenditures when paid.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana and additions to/deductions from the system's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the system. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **Accounts Receivable**

Outstanding balances between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/ due from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Uncollectible amounts due for customers' utility receivables are recognized as bad debts through the establishment of an allowance account at the time information becomes available which would indicate the uncollectability of the receivable. The allowance was \$15,000, at December 31, 2022.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost, or estimated cost if historical cost is not available.

Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Town maintains a threshold level of \$2,500 or more for capitalizing equipment, furniture, and fixtures. The threshold for infrastructure and improvements is \$25,000. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital outlays are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements and as assets in the government-wide financial statements. In accordance with GASB 34, the Town has elected not to capitalize infrastructure retroactively. Depreciation is recorded on general fixed assets on a government-wide basis. Capital outlays of the proprietary fund are recorded as fixed assets and depreciated over their estimated useful lives on both the fund basis and the government-wide basis.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) <u>DECEMBER 31, 2022</u>

#### (1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)</u>

#### **Capital Assets (Continued)**

All capital assets, other than land and works of art that are inexhaustible, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Infrastructure	40 years
Buildings and building improvements	20 to 40 years
Utility systems	30 to 40 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Vehicles	5 years
Equipment	3 to 15 years

#### **Fund Equity**

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Statements - equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- 1. Net Investment in Capital Assets Consists of the historical cost of capital assets, including any restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.
- 2. Restricted This component of net position consists of assets that have constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted All other net position is reported in this category.

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

- 1. Restricted Fund Balance Amounts that are restricted to specific purposes imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.
- 2. Committed Fund Balance Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Aldermen.
- 3. Unassigned Fund Balance All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

#### **Interfund Transactions**

Permanent re-allocation of resources between funds of the Town is classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) <u>DECEMBER 31, 2022</u>

#### (1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)</u>

#### **Date of Management Review**

Subsequent events have been evaluated through June 26, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### (2) <u>STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY</u>

#### **Deposit and Investment Laws and Regulations**

In accordance with state law, all uninsured deposits of municipal funds in financial institutions must be secured with acceptable collateral valued at the lower of market or par. At December 31, 2022, the Town was in compliance with the deposit and investment laws and regulations.

#### (3) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be recovered. The Town's deposit policy for custodial credit risk is that all uninsured deposits be collateralized by pledged securities as required by state law.

As of December 31, 2022, \$1,261,045 of the Town's bank balance of \$1,511,045 was exposed to custodial credit risk. However, these deposits are secured from risk by the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank.

The following is a reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents per the statement of net position of the proprietary fund to the cash and cash equivalents per the statement of cash flows:

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments per Statement of Net Position

in, each equit arenes, and in the continuous per content of 1 to 1 continui	
Unrestricted	\$ 54,635
Restricted:	
Meter deposits	61,223
Bond sinking	115,269
Bond reserve	5,311
Capital additions and contingency	103,922
Sewer debt service	 6,218
Total restricted	 291,943
Total cash and cash equivalents per Statement of Cash Flows	\$ 346,578

#### **Investments**

At December 31, 2022, the Authority had an investment of \$3,838,278 with the Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP), which is included in investments. LAMP is stated at amortized cost and is therefore not included in the fair value hierarchy.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) <u>DECEMBER 31, 2022</u>

#### (4) <u>RECEIVABLES</u>

The net receivables at December 31, 2022, were as follows:

				Debt		Special				
		General		Service		Revenue	P	roprietary		
		Fund		Funds		Funds		Fund		Total
Taxes										
Property	\$	200,023	\$	123,048	\$	69,590	\$	-	\$	392,661
Sales and use		42,321		-		74,935		-		117,256
Other		61,258		-		4,340		-		65,598
Utility accounts		<u>-</u>	_		_		_	223,465	_	223,465
Totals	<u>\$</u>	303,602	\$	123,048	\$	148,865	\$	223,465	\$	798,980

Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Total allowance for doubtful accounts amounted to \$20,666 for the governmental funds and \$15,000 for the business-type activities.

#### (5) **PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are normally levied and billed in November of each year and are due by December 31<sup>st</sup> of the year levied. Revenues are recognized when levied to the extent they are determined to be currently collectible. Property taxes are billed and collected using the assessed values determined by the Tax Assessor of St. Tammany Parish. The property taxes receivable is recorded net of allowance of \$20,666 on the accompanying balance sheet. For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Town levied taxes of 7.40 mills for general purposes, 5.00 mills for debt service, 1.00 mill for town lighting, and 1.83 mills for parks and playground expenditures.

The following are the principal taxpayers and related property tax revenue for the entity:

	Assessed Valuation		% of Total Assessed Value	
Central LA Elec Co.	\$	648,910	2.39%	
Abita Lumber Co Inc.		397,295	1.47%	
Home Bank		315,665	1.16%	
Exchangeright, Net Leased		286,823	1.06%	
Longbranch Real Estate Holdings		244,455	0.90%	
Phillips Building Supply		153,308	0.57%	
Victory Life / Inglesia Hispania		150,365	0.55%	
Black Oak Holdings, LLC		147,955	0.55%	
R4 Holdings, LLC		144,352	0.53%	
Citizens Bank & Trust		141,832	0.52%	
	<u>\$</u>	2,630,960	9.70%	

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) <u>DECEMBER 31, 2022</u>

#### (6) <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022:

2022.	Balance 1/1/2022	Increases	Decreases	Balance 12/31/2022
<b>Governmental Activities</b>			-	
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Works of art	\$ 40,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 40,000
Construction in progress	505,892	-	(505,892)	-
Land	196,389			196,389
Total capital assets not				
being depreciated	<u>742,281</u>		(505,892)	236,389
Capital assets being depreciated				
Infrastructure	2,231,128	-	-	2,231,128
Culture and recreation	498,225	17,618	-	515,843
Machinery and equipment	1,024,519	147,312	-	1,171,831
Leased equipment	284,950	-	-	284,950
Office equipment and furniture	221,615	-	-	221,615
Buildings and building improvements	507,763	683,797	-	1,191,560
Police machinery and equipment	3,535	-	-	3,535
Police furniture and fixtures	1,197			1,197
Total capital assets being				
depreciated	4,772,932	848,727		5,621,659
Accumulated depreciation for:				
Infrastructure	(1,099,632)	(115,299)	-	(1,214,931)
Culture and recreation	(134,954)	(17,080)	-	(152,034)
Machinery and equipment	(754,823)	(73,706)	-	(828,529)
Leased equipment	(85,485)	(28,495)	-	(113,980)
Office equipment and furniture	(48,993)	(28,773)	-	(77,766)
Buildings and building improvements	(297,174)	(23,995)	-	(321,169)
Police machinery and equipment	(3,535)	-	-	(3,535)
Police furniture and fixtures	(1,197)			(1,197)
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,425,793)	(287,348)		(2,713,141)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	2,347,139	561,379	_	2,908,518
depreciated, net	2,5 17,137	301,379		2,700,310
Governmental activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 3,089,420	<u>\$ 561,379</u>	<u>\$ (505,892)</u>	\$ 3,144,907
Depreciation was charged to govern	mental functions	as follows:		
General governmental Culture and recreation		\$	270,268	
Culture and recreation			17,080	
Total		<u>\$</u>	287,348	

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) <u>DECEMBER 31, 2022</u>

#### (6) <u>CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)</u>

	Balance 1/1/2022	Increases	Decreases	Balance 12/31/2022
<b>Business-Type Activities</b>	1/1/2022	Illereases	Decreases	12/31/2022
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Construction in progress	\$ 4,031,499	\$ 598,805	\$ -	\$ 4,630,305
Construction in progress	\$ 4,031,499	<u>\$ 396,603</u>	ф -	\$ 4,030,303
Total capital assets not				
being depreciated	4,031,499	598,805		4,630,305
Capital assets being depreciated				
Gas distribution system	150,035	-	-	150,035
Water distribution system	1,795,605	-	-	1,795,605
Sewer plant and lines	2,951,996	-	-	2,951,996
Vehicles	17,600	-	-	17,600
Machinery and equipment	146,575	72,585	-	219,160
Buildings and building improvements	35,808			35,808
Total capital assets being				
depreciated	5,097,619	72,585		5,170,204
Accumulated depreciation for:				
Gas distribution system	(64,012)	(4,324)	-	(68,336)
Water distribution system	(1,159,425)	(38,584)	-	(1,198,009)
Sewer plant and lines	(1,908,919)	(65,147)	-	(1,974,066)
Vehicles	(17,600)	-	-	(17,600)
Machinery and equipment	(92,053)	(14,162)	-	(106,215)
Buildings and building improvements	(20,596)	(1,194)		(21,790)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,262,605)	(123,411)		(3,386,016)
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	1,835,014	(50,826)		1,784,188
Total capital assets, net	\$ 5,866,513	<u>\$ 547,979</u>	\$ -	\$ 6,414,493

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) <u>DECEMBER 31, 2022</u>

#### (7) <u>EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN</u>

#### Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS)

#### **Plan Description**

The Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (System) was originally established by Act 356 of the 1954 regular session of the Legislature of the State of Louisiana to provide retirement benefits to employees of all incorporated villages, towns, and cities within the state, which did not have their own retirement system and which elected to become members of the System.

The System is administered by a Board of Trustees composed of eleven members, three of whom shall be active and contributing members of the System with at least ten years creditable service and who are elected to office in accordance with the Louisiana Election Code, three of whom shall be active and contributing members of the System with at least ten years creditable service and who are not elected officials; one of whom shall be president of the Louisiana Municipal Association who shall serve as an ex-officio member during his tenure; one of whom shall be the Chairman of the Senate Retirement Committee; and one of whom shall be the Chairman of the House Retirement Committee of the Legislature of Louisiana; the commissioner of administration, who shall be a nonvoting member; and the State Treasurer, who shall be a nonvoting member.

The System is the administrator of a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The System was established and provided for by R.S.11:1731 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes (LRS).

Act #569 of the year 1968 established by the Legislature of the State of Louisiana provides an optional method for municipalities to cancel Social Security and come under supplementary benefits in the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana, effective on and after June 30, 1970.

Effective October 1, 1978, under Act #788, the "regular plan" and the "supplemental plan" were replaced, and are now known as Plan "A" and Plan "B." Plan A combines the original plan and the supplemental plan for those municipalities participating in both plans, while Plan B participates in only the original plan.

#### Plan Membership:

The System provides retirement benefits to employees of all incorporated villages, towns, and cities within the State which do not have their own retirement system and which elect to become members of the System. For the year ended June 30, 2022, there were 88 contributing municipalities in Plan A and 70 in Plan B.

#### Eligibility Requirements:

Membership is mandatory as a condition of employment beginning on the date employed if the employee is on a permanent basis working at least thirty-five hours per week. Those individuals paid jointly by a participating employer and the parish are not eligible for membership in the System with exceptions as outlined in the statutes.

Any person eligible for membership but whose first employment making him eligible for membership in the System occurred on or after January 1, 2013 shall become a member of the MERS Plan A Tier 2 or MERS Plan B Tier 2 of the System as a condition of employment.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) <u>DECEMBER 31, 2022</u>

#### (7) <u>EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)</u>

#### Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS) (Continued)

#### Plan Description (Continued)

#### Retirement Benefits:

Benefit provisions are authorized within Act 356 of the 1954 regular session and amended by LRS 11:1756-11: 1785. The following brief description of the plan and its benefits is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Any member of Plan A who commenced participation in the System prior to January 1, 2013 can retire providing he meets one of the following criteria:

- 1. Any age with twenty-five (25) or more years of creditable service.
- 2. Age 60 with a minimum of ten (10) years of creditable service.
- 3. Any age with five (5) years of creditable service eligible for disability benefits.
- 4. Survivor's benefits require five (5) or more years creditable service with legal spouse at least last 12 months before death 40% at age 60 or minimum of 20% immediately (actuarially calculated).
- 5. Any age with 20 years of creditable service, exclusive of military service with an actuarially reduced early benefit.

Generally, the monthly amount of the retirement allowance for any member of Plan A shall consist of an amount equal to three percent of the member's monthly average final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service. Final average compensation is the average monthly earnings during the highest sixty consecutive months, or joined months if service was interrupted. However, under certain conditions as outlined in the statutes, the benefits are limited to specified amounts. An additional regular retirement benefit can be received for any city marshal or deputy city marshal. See Plan Booklet for further details.

Any member of Plan A Tier 2 can retire providing he meets one of the following requirements.

- 1. Age 67 with seven or more years of creditable service
- 2. Age 62 with ten or more years of creditable service
- 3. Age 55 with thirty or more years of creditable service
- 4. Any age with twenty five years of creditable service with an actuarially reduced early benefit.
- 5. Survivor's benefits require five or more years of creditable service with legal spouse at least last 12 months before death 40% at age 60 or minimum of 20% immediately (actuarially calculated).

Generally, the monthly amount of retirement allowance for any member of Plan A Tier 2 shall consist of an amount equal to three percent of the member's final average compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service. Final average compensation is the average monthly earnings during the highest sixty consecutive months, or joined months if service was interrupted. However, under certain conditions as outlined in the statutes, the benefits are limited to specified amounts. Any city marshal or deputy city marshal shall receive an additional regular benefit computed on supplemental marshal's earnings. See Plan booklet for further details.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) <u>DECEMBER 31, 2022</u>

#### (7) <u>EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)</u>

#### Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS) (Continued)

#### Plan Description (Continued)

#### Survivor Benefits:

Upon death of any member of Plan A with five (5) or more years of creditable service, not eligible for retirement, the plan provides for benefits for the surviving spouse and minor children as outlined in the statutes.

Any member of Plan A who is eligible for normal retirement at time of death and who leaves a surviving spouse will be deemed to have retired and selected Option 2 benefits on behalf of the surviving spouse on the date of death. Such benefits will begin only upon proper application and are paid in lieu of any other survivor benefits.

Any member of Plan A or Plan B who had not withdrawn their accumulated contributions and had at least twenty years of service credit at time of death, surviving spouse shall receive benefits for as long as he/she lives as outlined in the statutes.

#### DROP Benefits:

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement allowance, any member of Plan A or B who is eligible to retire may elect to participate in the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) for up to three years and defer the receipt of benefits. During participation in the plan, employer contributions are payable but employee contributions cease. The monthly retirement benefits that would be payable, had the person elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance, are paid into the DROP Fund. Interest is earned when the member has completed DROP participation. Interest earnings are based upon the actual rate of return on the investments identified as DROP funds for the period. In addition, no cost-of-living increases are payable to participants until employment which made them eligible to become members of the System has been terminated for at least one full year.

Upon termination of employment prior to or at the end of the specified period of participation, a participant in the DROP may receive, at his option, a lump sum from the account equal to the payments into the account, a true annuity based upon his account balance in that fund, or any other method of payment if approved by the board of trustees. If a participant dies during the participation in the DROP, a lump sum equal to the balance in his account shall be paid to his named beneficiary or, if none, to his estate. If employment is not terminated at the end of the three years, payments into the DROP fund cease and the person resumes active contributing membership in the System.

#### Disability Benefits:

For Plan A, a member shall be eligible to retire and receive a disability benefit if he has at least five years of creditable service, is not eligible for normal retirement, and has been officially certified as disabled by the State Medical Disability Board. Upon retirement caused by disability, a member of Plan A shall be paid a disability benefit equal to the lesser of forty-five percent of his final average compensation or three percent of his final average compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service, whichever is greater, or an amount equal to three percent of the member's final average compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service projected to his earliest normal retirement age.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) <u>DECEMBER 31, 2022</u>

#### (7) <u>EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)</u>

#### Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS) (Continued)

#### Plan Description (Continued)

#### Cost of Living Increases:

The System is authorized under state law to grant a cost of living increase to members who have been retired for at least one year. The adjustment cannot exceed 2% of the retiree's original benefit for each full calendar year since retirement and may only be granted if sufficient funds are available from investment income in excess of normal requirements. State law allows the System to grant additional cost of living increases to all retirees and beneficiaries who are age sixty-five and above equal to 2% of the benefit being received on October 1, 1977, or the original benefit, if retirement commenced after that date.

#### **Deferred Benefits:**

Both Plans provide for deferred benefits for members who terminate before being eligible for retirement. Once the member reaches the appropriate age for retirement, benefits become payable. Benefits are based on statutes in effect at time of withdrawal.

#### **Funding Policy**

For the twelve months ended December 31, 2022, members of the System are required to contribute 10.0% of their annual covered salary and the Town is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. At December 31, 2022, the employer contribution rate was 29.5%. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town are established and may be amended by state statute. As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year.

#### **Contributions**

According to state statute, for the System, contribution requirements for all employees are actuarially determined each year. State statute requires covered employees to contribute a percentage of their salaries to the System. For the year ending December 31, 2022, the actual employer contribution rate and the actuarially determined employer contribution rate is listed below. The actual rate differs from the actuarially required rate due to state statutes that require the contribution rate be calculated and set two years prior to the year effective.

The amount of the Town's employer contributions to the System for the year ended December 31, 2022 was \$177,297. The District's covered payroll for the System for the year ended December 31, 2022was \$601,008.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) <u>DECEMBER 31, 2022</u>

#### (7) <u>EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)</u>

#### Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS) (Continued)

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2022, the Town reported a liability totaling \$1,255,365 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for the System. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the Town's proportion was 0.3022621% for the System, which was an increase of 0.007183% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Town recognized pension expense for the System totaling \$258,998. Subtracted from pension expense is the employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions totaling \$76,226 for the System.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Town recognized revenue from ad valorem taxes and revenue sharing funds received by the System. These additional sources of income are used as employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities totaling \$4,133.

At December 31, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the System:

	Ou	eferred tflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,483	\$	4,806	
Change in assumptions		12,162		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		208,888		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		76,183		12,106	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		91,165			
Total	\$	389,881	\$	16,912	

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED) **(7)**

#### Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of **Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)** 

Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date totaling \$91,165 and reported as deferred outflows of resources will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

#### Year Ended December 31:

2023	\$ 121,401
2024	44,535
2025	17,015
2026	 100,174
Total	\$ 283,125

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation for the System was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry age normal cost

Actuarial Assumptions:

Investment Rate of Return 6.85%

2.5% Inflation rate:

**Projected Salary Increases** 6.4% for 1 to 4 years of service

4.5% for more than 4 years of service

Mortality Rates PubG-2010(B) Employee Table for active members

> PubG-2010(B) Healthy Retiree Table for healthy annuitants PubNS-2010(B) Disabled Retiree Table for disabled annuitants

**Expected Remaining** 

Service Lives 2022 – 3 years for Plan A; 2021 – 3 years for Plan A

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>DECEMBER 31, 2022</u>

#### (7) <u>EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)</u>

#### Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS) (Continued)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)**

#### Discount Rate:

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Portfolio Real Rate
Asset Class	Asset Allocation	of Return
Public equity	53%	2.31%
Public fixed income	38%	1.65%
Alternatives	9%	<u>0.39%</u>
Totals	<u>100%</u>	<u>4.35%</u>
Inflation		2.60%
Expected arithmetic nominal return	1	6.95%

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#### **Discount Rate:**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.85% for the years ended June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates, which are calculated in accordance with relevant statutes and approved by the Board of Trustees and the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The effects of certain other changes in the net pension liability are required to be included in pension expense over the current and future periods. The effects on the total pension liability of (1) changes of economic and demographic assumptions or of other inputs and (2) differences between expected and actual experience are required to be included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees), determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. The effect on net pension liability of differences between the projected earnings on pension plan investments and actual experience with regard to those earnings is required to be included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a closed period of five years, beginning with the current period. The Expected Remaining Service Lives (ERSL) for 2022 is 3 years for Plan A and 3 years for Plan B.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) <u>DECEMBER 31, 2022</u>

#### (7) <u>EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)</u>

#### Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS) (Continued)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)**

#### Sensitivity to Changes in Discount Rate:

The following presents the net pension liability of the System calculated using the discount rate of 6.85%, as well as what the System's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.85%) or one percentage point higher (7.85%) than the current discount rate (assuming all other assumptions remain unchanged):

Changes in discount for years ending June 30, 2021 for Plan A are as follows:

	1% Decrease 5.85%		Discount Rate 6.85%		1% Increase 7.85%	
Town's proportionate share						
of the Net Pension Liability	\$	1,669,880	\$	1,255,365	\$	905,112

#### Retirement System Audit Report:

The Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana has issued a stand-alone audit report on their financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022. Access to the report can be found on the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's website, www.lla.la.gov, or by contacting the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana, 7937 Office Park Boulevard, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809.

#### (8) LONG-TERM DEBT AND LEASES

Governmental Activities		Business-			
	General				
	Obligation		Revenue	of	
	<u>Bonds</u>		Bonds	Indebtedness	Total
Balance 1/1/2022 Additions Reductions	\$ 486,000 - (86,000)	\$	5,220,155 847,323 (349,000)	\$ 28,000 \$ (28,000)	5,248,155 847,323 (377,000)
Balance 12/31/2022	<u>\$ 400,000</u>	<u>\$</u>	5,718,478	<u>s - s</u>	5,718,478
Due within one year	r <u>\$ 92,000</u>	<u>\$</u>	405,000	<u>\$</u> - <u>\$</u>	405,000

General obligation bonds are secured by an annual property tax levy. In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 39:562, the Town is legally restricted from incurring long-term bonded debt in excess of 35% of the assessed value of taxable property in the municipality. At December 31, 2022, the Town had not exceeded this statutory limit. As of December 31, 2022, there was \$383,656 available in the Debt Service Fund and \$149,415 in the 2010 Debt Service Fund to service the general obligation bonds.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### (8) **LONG-TERM DEBT AND LEASES (CONTINUED)**

Long-term debt was composed of the following at December 31, 2022:		
General Obligation Bonds \$556,000 Limited Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2012, due in annual installments through September 2024; interest paid semi-annually at 2.72% secured by ad valorem tax.	\$	105,000
\$500,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2014, due in annual installments through March 2029; interest paid semi-annually ranging from 1.50% to 3.00% secured by ad valorem tax.		295,000
	<u>\$</u>	400,000
<b>Revenue Bonds</b> \$350,000 Utility Refunding Bonds dated January 8, 2004, due in annual installments through March 1, 2030; including interest from from 3% to 5.25%; secured by revenues of the Utility System.	\$	154,000
\$6,000,000 Utility Revenue Bonds dated December 6, 2017, in connection with a loan from the State of Louisiana, Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) to construct sewer improvements. DEQ is holding the bonds as payment for the loan. This amounts represents the total drawdown of these bonds to date. Includes interest of 0.45% secured by revenues of the Utility System.		4,012,478
\$800,000 Limited Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2019, due in annual installments through September 2029; interest paid semi-annually ranging from 1.375% to 2.750% secured by ad valorem tax.		658,000
\$1,000,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2020, due in annual installments through March 2035; interest paid semi-annually ranging from 0.956% to 1.912% secured by ad valorem tax.		894,000
	<u>\$</u>	5,718,478
Certificates of Indebtedness \$250,000 Certificate of Indebtedness dated July 12, 2012; due in annual installments through June 1, 2022; interest paid semi-annually ranging from 0.50% to 3.5%; secured by excess revenues.	\$	
nom 0.50% to 5.5%, secured by excess revenues.	<u>\$</u> \$	<del>-</del>

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) <u>DECEMBER 31, 2022</u>

#### (8) <u>LONG-TERM DEBT AND LEASES (CONTINUED)</u>

Annual debt service requirements of long-term debt are as follows:

	G	eneral Obl	igation Bonds Revenu					ue Bonds			
	P	rincipal		Interest		Principal		Interest			
Year											
2023	\$	92,000	\$	26,514	\$	405,000	\$	40,961			
2024		93,000		23,077		413,000		38,553			
2025		40,000		19,508		474,000		35,475			
2026		40,000		15,818		483,000		32,261			
2027		45,000		11,926		490,000		28,980			
2028-2032		90,000		11,445		2,167,000		94,023			
2033-2036				<u> </u>		1,286,478		21,734			
Totals	\$	400,000	\$	108,288	\$	5,718,478	\$	291,987			

Interest costs incurred and charged to expense for the year ended December 31, 2022 was \$69,967.

#### Leases

The Town records items under leases as an asset and an obligation in the accompanying financial statements. On December 19, 2018, the Town entered into a lease agreement for five years with interest of 3.94% for the purchase of a pipehunter minicombination truck.

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under the lease, together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments, as of December 31, 2022:

	_	Equ	iipment	_
	Pri	ncipal	Interest	
Year 2023	\$	49,640	\$	<u>-</u>
Totals		49,640	\$	

#### (9) <u>RESTRICTED ASSETS</u>

The Town has approved resolutions authorizing the issuance of \$350,000 of Utility Refunding Bonds dated January 8, 2004, \$250,000 of Utility Revenue Bonds dated December 1, 2004, \$800,000 of Utility Refunding Bonds dated October 16, 2019, and \$1,000,000 General Obligation Bonds dated March 26, 2020. Each of the resolutions provide for certain restrictions on assets of the proprietary fund. The following reserve requirements have been met for the year ended December 31, 2022:

#### 1. Revenue Bond Sinking Fund

The resolution called for the establishment and maintenance of a Utilities Revenue Bond and Sinking Fund sufficient in amount to pay promptly and in full the principal of and the interest on bonds authorized as they become due and payable.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) <u>DECEMBER 31, 2022</u>

#### (9) <u>RESTRICTED ASSETS (CONTINUED)</u>

#### 2. Revenue Bond Reserve Fund

The resolution called for the establishment of a Revenue Bond Reserve Fund by depositing with the designated fiscal agent bank of the Town until such time as there has been accumulated in said Reserve Fund a sum equal to the highest combined principal and interest payment in any year of the bond. The sole purpose of this fund is to pay the principal of and the interest on the bonds payable from the Revenue Bond Reserve Fund as to which these would otherwise be in default.

#### 3. Depreciation and Contingency Fund

The resolution called for the establishment and maintenance of a Depreciation and Contingency Fund to care for depreciation, extensions, additions, improvements, and replacements necessary to properly operate the system. Regular deposits of \$416 per month are to be deposited with the regularly designated fiscal agent bank of the Town.

#### 4. Meter Deposit Fund

The Town established a Meter Deposit Fund to help maintain customer meter deposits on hand, as well as to help control customer meter deposits received.

#### (10) <u>INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES</u>

The primary purpose of interfund receivables/payables is to loan monies between funds to cover current expenditures. Individual fund balances due from/to other funds at December 31, 2022, were as follows:

		Due From		Due To	
General Fund					
Shared Sales Tax Fund	\$	-	\$	41,524	
Cemetery Fund		-		33,725	
<b>Utility Fund</b>					
American Rescue Act Fund		-		967,582	
<b>Shared Sales Tax Fund</b>					
General Fund		41,524		-	
Cemetery Fund					
General Fund		33,725		-	
American Rescue Act Fund					
Utility Fund		967,582			
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,042,831	<u>\$</u>	1,042,831	

All interfund receivables/payables are considered short-term, as they are expected to be repaid within the next fiscal year.

#### (11) <u>INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT</u>

The Town entered into an intergovernmental agreement with St. Tammany Parish, Louisiana, effective December 21, 2006, for the sharing of sales tax revenue generated in Sales Tax District No. 3. Proceeds from the tax shall be used for projects that benefit residents of Sales Tax District No. 3. As of December 31, 2022, \$913,662 was restricted for use in Sales Tax District No. 3.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) <u>DECEMBER 31, 2022</u>

#### (12) <u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u>

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Town carried insurance through various commercial carriers to cover certain risks of loss.

During 2019, the Town and its insurer defended a case against Lonesome Development LLC. The trial court ruled in favor of Lonesome Development LLC awarding them \$4,900,000 plus attorney fees in the amount of \$547,132. The ruling in this case against the Town was upheld by the Louisiana Supreme Court in November 2022. The judgement is final. The Town has recorded a claims payable of \$5,447,132 on the government-wide statement of financial position as of December 31, 2022 as a long-term liability as a result of this case.

#### (13) <u>NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS</u>

The GASB has issued Statement No. 87, "Leases." The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021, as extended by GASB Statement No. 95, "Postponement of Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance." The Statement did not have a material effect on the Town's financial statements upon implementation.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 91, "Conduit Debt Obligations." The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021, as extended by GASB Statement No. 95, "Postponement of Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance." The Statement did not have a material effect on the Town's financial statements upon implementation.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 92, "Omnibus 2020." The primary objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021. The Statement did not have a material effect on the Town's financial statements upon implementation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>DECEMBER 31, 2022</u>

#### (13) NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The GASB has issued Statement No. 93, "Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates." The objective of this Statement is to address those and other accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of LIBOR. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021. The Statement did not have a material effect on the Town's financial statements upon implementation.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 94, "Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements." The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving the comparability of financial statements among governments that enter into public-private and public-public partnerships (PPPs) and availability payment arrangements (APAs) by enhancing the understandability, reliability, relevance, and consistency of information about PPPs and APAs. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The Town plans to adopt this Statement as applicable by the effective date.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 95, "Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance." The primary objective of this Statement is to provide temporary relief from certain newer accounting and financial reporting requirements to governments due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The effective date of certain Statements and Implementation Guides—through GASB Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, and Implementation Guide No. 2019-03, Leases—that first became effective or were scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later are deferred by either one year or eighteen months.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 96, "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements." The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by (a) establishing uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for SBITAs; (b) improving the comparability of financial statements among governments that have entered into SBITAs; and (c) enhancing the understandability, reliability, relevance, and consistency of information about SBITA. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The Town plans to adopt this Statement as applicable by the effective date.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 97, "Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84." The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The Town plans to adopt this Statement as applicable by the effective date.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>DECEMBER 31, 2022</u>

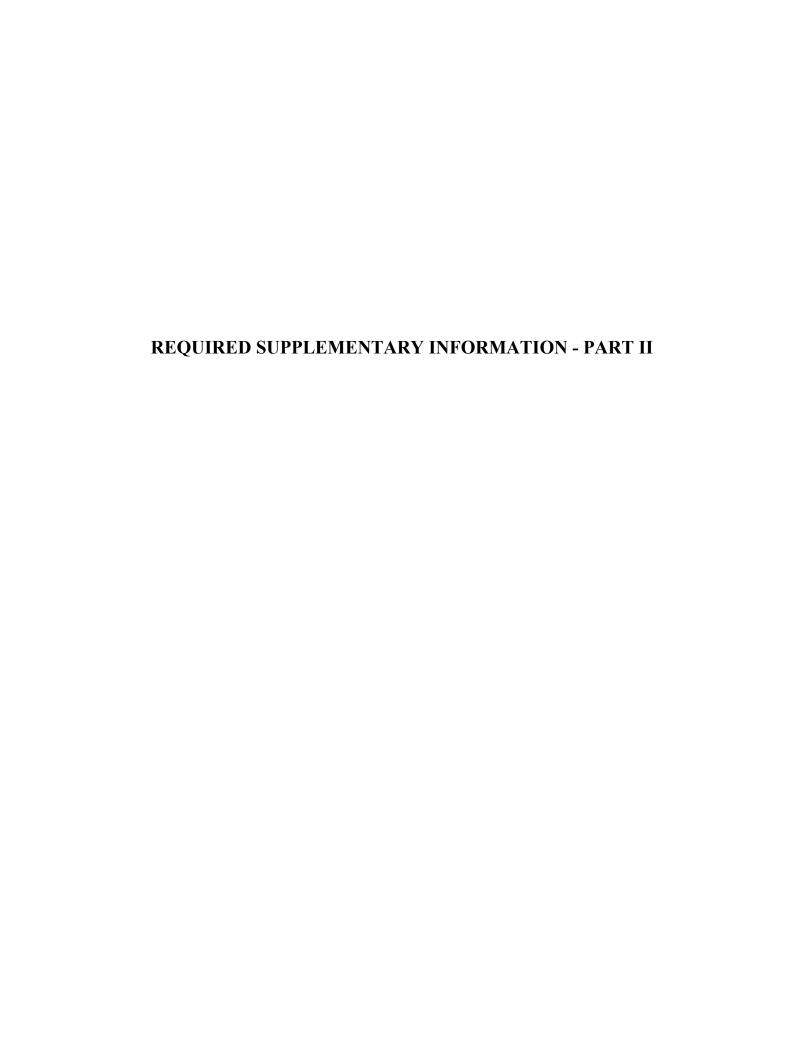
#### (13) NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The GASB has issued Statement No. 98, "The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report". This Statement establishes the term annual comprehensive financial report and its acronym ACRF. The new term and acronym replace the instances of comprehensive annual financial report and tis acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2021. Earlier application is encouraged. This Statement did not have a material effect on the Town's financial statements upon implementation.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 99, "Omnibus 2022". The Statement addresses three key areas. The requirements related to extension of the use of LIBOR, accounting for SNAP distributions, disclosures of nonmonetary transactions, pledges of future revenues by pledging governments, clarification of certain provisions in Statement 34, as amended, and terminology updates related to Statement 53 and Statement 63 are effective upon issuance. The requirements related to leases, PPPs, and SBITAs are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. The requirements related to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement 53 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. The Town plans to adopt this Statement as applicable by the effective date.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 100, "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62". The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023. The Town plans to adopt this Statement as applicable by the effective date.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 101, "Compensated Absences". The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023. The Town plans to adopt this Statement as applicable by the effective date.



#### 

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budgetary Amounts					Actual on	Variance with		
		Original		Final		Budgetary Basis	Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:		Original	-	1 mai		Busis	rositive	(Negative)	
Taxes:									
Property taxes	\$	379,300	\$	173,000	\$	172,558	\$	(442)	
Franchise taxes		110,000		143,000		143,026		26	
Sales taxes		540,500		586,000		586,494		494	
Other		6,800		7,000		6,741		(259)	
Licenses and permits		78,200		80,000		80,616		616	
Insurance licenses		102,000		109,000		109,054		54	
Rentals		1,500		24,000		23,997		(3)	
Fines and forfeitures		43,000		20,000		20,096		96	
Interest income		8,000		23,000		23,441		441	
Other revenues		877,100		335,000		335,193		193	
Total revenues		2,146,400		1,500,000		1,501,216		1,216	
EXPENDITURES:									
General government		1,682,700		1,682,700		1,421,805		260,895	
Public safety		126,800		126,800		123,972		2,828	
Clerk of court		30,300		30,300		27,451		2,849	
Capital outlay		306,600		306,600		307,527		(927)	
Total expenditures		2,146,400		2,146,400		1,880,755		265,645	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
(under) expenditures				(646,400)		(379,539)		266,861	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:									
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt		-		-		-		-	
Payments on long-term debt		<u>=</u>							
Total other financing sources (uses)									
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	(646,400)		(379,539)	\$	266,861	
Fund balance, beginning of year						306,409			
Fund balance, end of year	\$	2,146,400			\$	(73,130)			

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (CONTINUED) BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budgetary Amounts					Actual on Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget			
		Original		Final		Final		Basis		<u>e (Negative)</u>
GENERAL GOVERNMENT:							<u>r obiti v</u>	o (110gaarte)		
Salaries	\$	270,000	\$	270,000	\$	268,430	\$	1,570		
Repairs and maintenance				_		122,062		(122,062)		
Employeee insurance and benefits		60,000		60,000		65,702		(5,702)		
Insurance		36,000		36,000		27,747		8,253		
Accounting and auditing		14,000		14,000		19,624		(5,624)		
Aldermen		36,500		36,500		37,525		(1,025)		
Retirement		53,000		53,000		54,580		(1,580)		
Utilities		16,000		16,000		14,940		1,060		
Legal		75,000		75,000		147,923		(72,923)		
Office supplies		20,000		20,000		19,872		128		
Auto gas		1,000		1,000		1,129		(129)		
Miscellaneous		1,041,600		1,041,600		563,189		478,411		
Telephone		4,500		4,500		5,890		(1,390)		
Payroll taxes		9,800		9,800		8,886		914		
Conventions and travel		2,000		2,000		401		1,599		
Advertising and publication		4,500		4,500		5,801		(1,301)		
Inspections		10,000		10,000		19,825		(9,825)		
St. Tammany Parish Assessor		7,100		7,100		6,048		1,052		
Senior citizens		3,700		3,700		1,499		2,201		
Postage		1,200		1,200		622		578		
Payroll processing fee		2,800		2,800		5,623		(2,823)		
Dues and subscriptions		1,300		1,300		1,566		(266)		
Auto repairs and maintenance		700		700		4,556		(3,856)		
Janitorial expense		12,000		12,000		18,365		(6,365)		
Total general government expenses	\$	1,682,700	\$	1,682,700	\$	1,421,805	\$	260,895		

<sup>\*</sup>Note: The Town legally adopts annual budgets for the General Fund and all Special Revenue Funds.

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) SHARED SALES TAX FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Budgetary	/ Amo	unts	_	Actual on	Variance with	
	(	Original Final		. I	Budgetary Basis	Final Budget Positive (Negative		
REVENUES:		_						
Taxes:								
Sales taxes	\$	340,400	\$	340,400	\$	456,287	\$	115,887
Interest income	<u></u>					1,020		1,020
Total revenues		340,400		340,400		457,307		116,907
EXPENDITURES:								
Public works		256,032		256,032		155,903		100,129
Principal retirement		45,368		45,368		45,368		-
Interest on long-term debt		4,000		4,000		4,272		(272)
Capital outlay	<u></u>	35,000		35,000		35,310		(310)
Total expenditures		340,400		340,400		240,853		99,547
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		<u>-</u>				216,454		216,454
Net change in fund balance	\$	<u>-</u>	\$			216,454	\$	216,454
Fund balance, beginning of year						697,208		
Fund balance, end of year					\$	913,662		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) SPECIAL SALES TAX FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	 Budgetary	y Amo	ounts		Actual on		iance with
	Original		Final		Budgetary Basis		al Budget ve (Negative)
REVENUES:	 						
Taxes:							
Sales taxes	\$ 668,000	\$	668,000	\$	667,544	\$	(456)
Other revenues	 28,500		28,500		42,046		13,546
Total revenues	 696,500		696,500		709,590	-	13,090
EXPENDITURES:							
Public works	696,500		696,500		515,231		181,269
Culture and recreation	-		-		-		-
Total expenditures	 696,500		696,500		515,231		181,269
•	 						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	 _		_		194,359		194,359
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	\$			194,359	\$	194,359
Fund balance, beginning of year					293,920		
Fund balance, end of year				\$	488,279		

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) ${\sf CEMETERY} \ {\sf FUND}$

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Budgetar	y Amou	ints	ctual on		ice with
	C	riginal		Final	idgetary Basis		Budget (Negative)
REVENUES:							
Sales of cemetery plots	\$	45,000	\$	32,000	\$ 30,000	\$	(2,000)
Interest income		-		-	2,579		2,579
Other revenues	-				 		
Total revenues	-	45,000		32,000	 32,579		579
EXPENDITURES:		45.000		45.000	10.500		26.401
Cemetery		45,000		45,000	18,599		26,401
Capital outlay		45,000	-	45,000	 18,599		26,401
Total expenditures	-	43,000		43,000	 10,399	-	20,401
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures		_		(13,000)	13,980		26,980
(under) expenditures				(13,000)	 13,700		20,700
Net change in fund balances	\$	_	\$	(13,000)	 13,980	\$	26,980
Fund balances - beginning of year					296,289		
Fund balances - end of year					\$ 310,269		

## SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022\*

	1	2/31/2022	1	2/31/2021	1	12/31/2020	1	2/31/2019	1	2/31/2018	1	2/31/2017	1	12/31/2016	12/	31/2015
Municipal Employees Retirement System of Louisiana Town's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.302262%		0.295079%		0.248656%		0.241946%		0.234683%		0.239050%		0.249567%	0	.250750%
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	1,255,365	\$	820,763	\$	1,075,042	\$	1,011,010	\$	971,746	\$	1,000,047	\$	1,022,903 \$	5	895,718
Town's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	579,299	\$	584,301	\$	475,262	\$	447,888	\$	428,575	\$	434,132	\$	445,813 \$	3	427,968
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll		216.70%		140.47%		226.20%		225.73%		226.74%		230.36%		229.45%		209.30%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		67.87%		77.82%		64.52%		64.68%		63.94%		62.49%		62.11%		66.18%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar yearend that occurred within the fiscal year.

## SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - RETIREMENT PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	<u>12</u>	/31/2022	12	2/31/2021	1	2/31/2020	12/31/2019	1	<u>2/31/2018</u>	1	2/31/2017	]	12/31/2016	1	2/31/2015
Municipal Employees Retirement System of Louisiana Contractually Required Contribution	\$	177,297	\$	173,172	\$	152,136	\$ 124,631	\$	110,229	\$	99,802	\$	87,626	\$	95,274
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(177,297)		(173,172)		(152,136)	 (124,631)		(110,229)		(99,802)		(87,626)		(95,274)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$ 	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$	601,008	\$	587,021	\$	530,289	\$ 463,898	\$	434,583	\$	420,565	\$	410,086	\$	482,402
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		29.50%		29.50%		28.69%	26.87%		25.36%		23.73%		21.37%		19.75%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

#### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION <u>DECEMBER 31, 2022</u>

#### (1) <u>PENSION PLAN SCHEDULES</u>

#### **Changes of Benefit Terms**

There were no changes of benefit terms during any of the years presented.

#### **Changes of Assumptions**

There were no changes of assumptions for the year ended December 31, 2022.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS) lowered its assumption for the investment rate of return (discount rate) from 6.95% to 6.85%.

For the year ended December 31, 2020, MERS lowered its assumption for the investment rate of return (discount rate) from 7.0% to 6.95%.

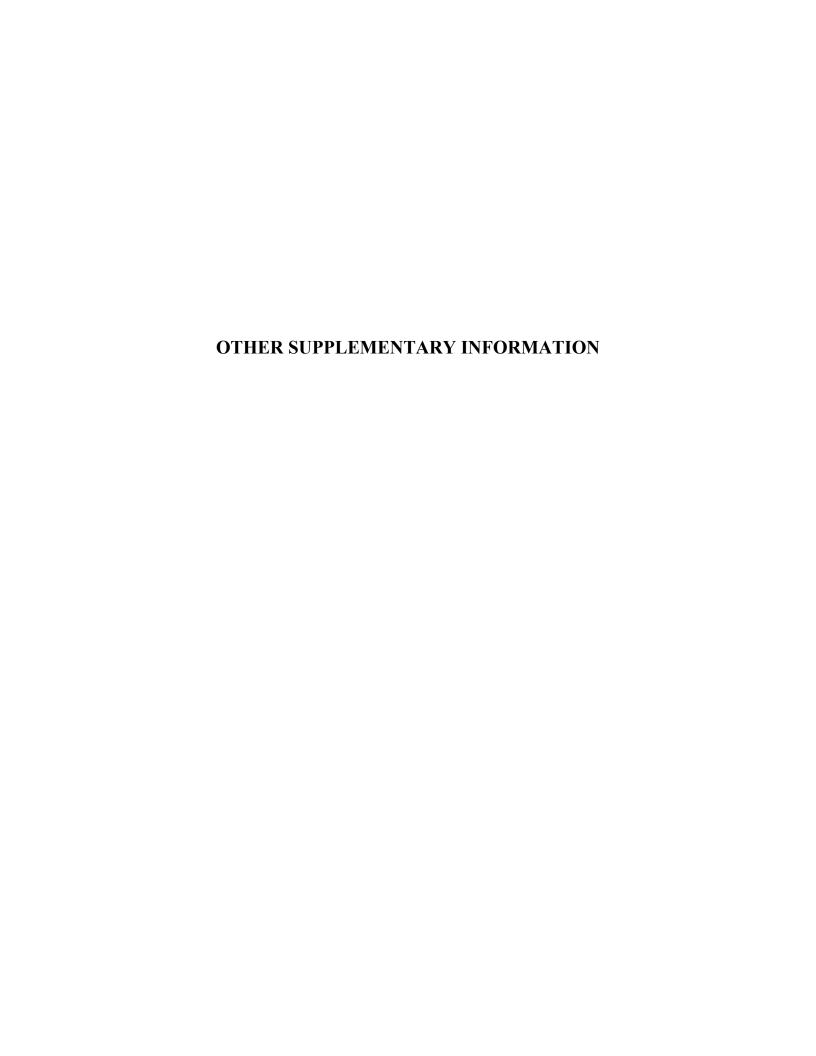
For the year ended December 31, 2019, MERS lowered its assumption for the investment rate of return (discount rate) was from 7.275% to 7.0%. Additionally, MERS lowered its inflation rate assumption from 2.6% to 2.5%. MERS changed its projected salary increase from 5.0% to 6.4% for 1 to 4 years of service and 4.5% for more than 4 years of service. MERS changed its mortality rates for active members from RP-2000 Employee Table to PubG-2010(B) Employee Table. MERS changed its mortality rates for healthy annuitants from RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Table to PubG-2010(B) Heathy Retiree Table. MERS changed its mortality rates for disabled annuitants from RP-200 Disabled Lives Morality Tables to PubNS-2010(B) Disabled Retiree Table.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, MERS lowered its assumption for the investment rate of return (discount rate) was from 7.4% to 7.275%. Additionally, MERS lowered its inflation rate assumption from 2.775% to 2.6%.

For the year ended December 31, 2017, MERS lowered its assumption for the investment rate of return (discount rate) was from 7.5% to 7.4%. Additionally, MERS lowered its inflation rate assumption from 2.875% to 2.775%.

There were no changes of assumptions for the year ended December 31, 2016.

For the year ended December 31, 2015, MERS lowered its assumption for the investment rate of return (discount rate) was from 7.75% to 7.5%. Additionally, MERS lowered its inflation rate assumption from 3% to 2.875%.



#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	;	Lighting Special Revenue Fund	Parks/ layground Special Revenue Fund	2	010 Debt Service Fund	_	Capital Projects Fund	R	American escue Act Special Revenue Fund		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	\$	33,727	\$ 78,863	\$	233,001	\$	-	\$	-	\$	345,591
Equity in pooled cash		-	-		-		46		-		46
Property taxes receivable, net		24,572	45,018		-		-		-		69,590
Due from other funds			 			_			967,582		967,582
Total assets	\$	58,299	\$ 123,881	\$	233,001	\$	46	\$	967,582	\$	1,382,809
LIABILITIES:											
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$	-	\$ 11,230	\$	-	\$	-	\$	967,582	\$	978,812
Pooled cash in other funds		83,393	 210,160		382,416						675,969
Total liabilities		83,393	 221,390		382,416				967,582		1,654,781
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:											
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		590	 1,081							_	1,671
Total deferred inflows of resources		590	 1,081			_					1,671
FUND BALANCES: Restricted, reported in											
Special revenue fund		-	-		-		-		-		-
Debt service fund		-	-		(149,415)		-		-		(149,415)
Unassigned		(25,684)	 (98,590)			_	46			_	(124,228)
Total fund balances		(25,684)	 (98,590)		(149,415)		46				(273,643)
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	58,299	\$ 123,881	\$	233,001	\$	46	\$	967,582	\$	1,382,809

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AN CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Lighting Special Revenue Fund		Parks/ layground Special Revenue Fund	2	010 Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	R	American escue Act Special Revenue Fund		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
REVENUES:	Φ	25.705	Ф	12 (17	Ф		Φ.	Ф		Φ.	60.222
Property taxes Museum income	\$	25,705	\$	43,617	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	69,322
		-		26,789		-	-		-		26,789
Other revenues Rentals		-		48,748 4,911		-	-		-		48,748 4,911
		30		126		-	-		-		156
Interest income						<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	_		_	
Total revenues	_	25,735		124,191							149,926
EXPENDITURES:											
General government		34,517		141,696		-	-		-		176,213
Culture and recreation		-		71,899		-	-		-		71,899
Debt service:											
Principal		-		-		51,000	-		-		51,000
Interest						4,243					4,243
Total expenditures		34,517	_	213,595	_	55,243		_		_	303,355
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over											
(under) expenditures		(8,782)		(89,404)		(55,243)	-				(153,429)
Net change in fund balances		(8,782)		(89,404)		(55,243)	-		-		(153,429)
Fund balances, beginning of year	_	(16,902)		(9,186)		(94,172)	46				(120,214)
Fund balances, end of year	\$	(25,684)	\$	(98,590)	\$	(149,415)	\$ 46	\$	_	\$	(273,643)

## SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION PAID TO COUNCIL MEMBERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Name	Amount
Regan Contois	\$ 7,416
Ryan Murphy	7,861
Evette Randolph	7,416
Stephen Saussy	7,416
Walter Patterson	7,416
	<u>\$ 37,525</u>

## SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO AGENCY HEAD

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### **Daniel Curtis, Mayor**

<u>Purpose</u>	A	mount
Salary	\$	53,165
Benefits - insurance		-
Benefits - retirement		-
Benefits - other		-
Car allowance		-
Vehicle provided by government		-
Per diem		-
Reimbursements		-
Travel		-
Registration fees		-
Conference travel		-
Continuing professional education fees		-
Housing		-
Unvouchered expenses		-
Special meals		
Total Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments	\$	53,165

## JUSTICE SYSTEM FUNDING SCHEDULE - COLLECTING/DISBURSING ENTITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Cash Basis Presentation	First Six Month Period End June 30, 2022	Second Six Month Period End December 31, 2022
Beginning balance of amounts collected (i.e. cash on hand)	\$ -	\$ -
Add: collections		
Bond fees	400	500
Criminal court costs/ fees	2,452	825
Criminal fines - other	11,892	4,086
Service/collection fees	40	35
Total collections	14,784	5,446
Less: disbursements to governments & nonprofits:		
Town of Abita Springs Mayor's Court Costs/Fees	1,492	474
Town of Abita Springs Mayor's Court Fines - Other	11,892	4,086
Town of Abita Springs Mayor's Court Fines - Bonds	400	500
St. Tammany Parish Sherrif's Office Criminalistics Lab Fund	360	130
LCLE Act 250 Crime Victims Reparation Fund	375	120
LCLE Act 440 POST Law Enforement Training & Assistance Fund	100	32
Supreme Court of Louisiana - CMIS	50	16
Louisiana Judicial College	25	8
LDH ACT 654 THSCI	50	45
Less: disbursements to individuals/3rd party collection or processing agencies		
Payments to 3rd party collection/processing agencies	40	35
Total disbursements/retainage	14,784	5,446
Total: ending balance of amounts collected but not		
disbursed/retained (i.e. cash on hand)	\$ -	\$ -
	ф	r.
Ending balance of "partial payments" collected but not disbursed	\$ -	<u> -</u>
Other information:		
Ending balance of total amounts assessed but not yet collected	* \$ -	\$ -
Total waivers during the fiscal period	* \$ -	\$ -

<sup>\*</sup> Due to lack of case management reporting capabilities, this amount is not obtainable at the present time.

## JUSTICE SYSTEM FUNDING SCHEDULE - RECEIVING ENTITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Cash Basis Presentation	Month Period ne 30, 2022	Month Period mber 31, 2022
Receipts from:		
Department of Safety Refunds & Settlements -		
reinstatement court fees	\$ 138	\$ 113
Total Receipts	\$ 138	\$ 113
Ending balance of amounts assessed but not received	\$ -	\$ -



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Abita Springs, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Governmental Audit Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Abita Springs, Louisiana (the "Town") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 26, 2023.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Abita Springs, Louisiana June 26, 2023

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Aldermen, the Louisiana Legislative Auditor, and federal and state awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

June 26, 2023 Mandeville, Louisiana

Certified Public Accountants

Grickson Kenty, up

#### TOWN OF ABITA SPRINGS, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The independent auditors' report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of the Town of Abita Springs, Louisiana.
- 2. No significant deficiencies in internal control relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the Town of Abita Springs, Louisiana were reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- 4. A management letter was issued for the year ended December 31, 2022.

#### SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FINDINGS

N/A

## SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

#### SECTION I - FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

N/A

#### **SECTION II - MANAGEMENT LETTER**

#### 2021-001 Bank Reconciliations do not Reconcile to the Trial Balance

During our audit testing, we noted that the Town did not reconcile each bank account to the individual general ledger and not just cash as a whole.

Corrective action has been taken by the Town. The issue has been resolved.

#### 2021-002 Write-Offs Not Reflected in Utility Accounts Receivable Report

During our audit testing, we recommend that the Town remove the balances that were written off from the utility accounts receivable aging report and monitor those balances in a separate report. The aging report did not agree to the general ledger.

Corrective action has been taken by the Town. The issue has been resolved.

#### 2021-003 Incomplete Accounts Payable Aging

During our audit testing, we noted the Town had items recorded to accounts payable that were not included in the accounts payable aging. We recommended that all items be recorded in accounts payable module and a reconciliation be maintained for those items that are not.

Some corrective action has been taken by the Town. The issue has not been completely resolved.

#### **2021-004 Improper Recording of Capital Assets**

During our audit testing, we noted that the Town has not been recording the full amount of capital asset purchases to a capital asset account.

Corrective action has been taken by the Town. The issue has been resolved.

#### **2021-005 Inconsistent Definition of Special Revenue Funds**

During our audit testing, we noted the Town did not document its method change of recording expenses and revenues in the special revenue fund.

Corrective action was not taken by the Town. The issue has not been resolved.



June 26, 2023

Louisiana Legislative Auditor

Town of Abita Springs, Louisiana respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Name and address of independent public accounting firm:

Ericksen Krentel L.L.P. 2895 Highway 190, Ste 213 Mandeville, LA 70471

Audit Period: January 1, 2022 – December 31, 2022

The finding from the December 31, 2022 management letter is discussed below. The finding is numbered consistently with the number assigned in the schedule.

#### SECTION II FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

None.

#### SECTION III MANAGEMENT LETTER ITEMS

#### 2022-001 Incomplete Accounts Payable Aging

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that the Town review the items that are recorded in accounts payable that are not included in the aging.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Management agrees with the recommendation and will investigate excluded items.

#### 2022-002 Write-Offs Not Reflected in Service Source Recap Report

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that the Town record any utility write-offs or monthly adjustments that are outside the utility software system in a separate general ledger account. While the Town was able to provide a reconciliation for the report to the general ledger, it is creating unnecessary extra work. With a separate general ledger account, the revenue report will directly agree to the general ledger.



<u>Management's Response</u>: Management agrees with the recommendation and will create separate general ledger accounts.

#### 2022-003 Inconsistent Definition of Special Revenue Funds

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that the Town document its method of recording expenses and revenues in the special revenue fund in the prior year.

Management's Response: Management will draft a memo with the new policy.

If there are any questions regarding this plan, please contact Dan Curtis, Mayor, at (985)-892-0711.

Sincerely,		
9000t		
W24 0.15	Mayor	
Signature	Title	

# TOWN OF ABITA SPRINGS ABITA SPRINGS, LOUISIANA AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022





#### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

To the Mayor Daniel Curtis And Board of Aldermen of Town of Abita Springs, Louisiana Abita Springs, Louisiana

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the year ended December 31, 2022. Town of Abta Springs' management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the agreed-upon procedures.

Town of Abita Springs has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the year ended December 31, 2022. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

Our procedures and associated findings are detailed in Schedule "1".

We were engaged by the Town of Abita Springs to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the agreed-upon procedures. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the Town of Abita Springs and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the agreed-upon procedures, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

June 26, 2023 Mandeville, Louisiana Guikson Keentel, LEP Certified Public Accountants

# AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

# 1) WRITTEN POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

- **A.** <u>Procedures:</u> Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe that they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations:
- a) **Budgeting**, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.
- b) *Purchasing*, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.
- c) *Disbursements*, including processing, reviewing, and approving.
- d) *Receipts/Collections*, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g. periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).
- e) *Payroll/Personnel*, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee(s) rate of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.
- f) *Contracting*, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.
- g) *Travel and expense reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.
- h) *Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, purchase cards, if applicable)*, including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).
- i) *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.

AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

# 1. WRITTEN POLICIES AND PROCEDURES (CONTINUED)

- j) **Debt Service**, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.
- k) *Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity*, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.
- l) *Prevention of Sexual Harassment*, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

**Results:** No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

## 2. BOARD OR FINANCE COMMITTEE

- **A.** <u>Procedures:</u> Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:
  - a) Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
  - b) For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe whether the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget- to-actual, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds. Alternatively, for those entities reporting on the not-for-profit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.
  - c) For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.
  - d) Observe whether the board/finance committee received written updates of the progress of resolving audit finding(s), according to management's corrective action plan at each meeting until the findings are considered fully resolved.

AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

# 2. BOARD OR FINANCE COMMITTEE(CONTINUED)

**Results:** No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

### 3. BANK RECONCILIATIONS

- A. <u>Procedures:</u> Obtain a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select five additional accounts (or all accounts if less than five). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:
- a) Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within two months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged).
- b) Bank reconciliations include evidence that a member of management/board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and
- c) Management has documentation reflecting that it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

**Results:** No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

### 4. COLLECTIONS (EXCLUDING ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANFERS)

- **A.** <u>Procedure:</u> Obtain a listing of <u>deposit sites</u> for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select five deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than five).
- **B.** Procedures: For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (i.e. five collection locations for five deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:
- a) Employees that are responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers.
- b) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g. pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit.

AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

### 4. COLLECTIONS (EXCLUDING ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANFERS) (CONTINUED)

- c) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.
- d) The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions, are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.

**Results:** No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

**C. Procedure:** Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe that the bond or insurance policy for theft was enforced during the fiscal period.

**Results:** No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

- **D.** <u>Procedures</u>: Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the five bank accounts selected for procedure #3A under "Bank Reconciliations" above (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Alternatively, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc. Obtain supporting documentation for each of the ten deposits and:
- a) Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.
- b) Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.
- c) Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.
- d) Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than ten miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).
- e) Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

# 5. <u>NON-PAYROLL DISBURSEMENTS (EXCLUDING CARD PURCHASES/PAYMENTS, TRAVEL REIMBURSEMENTS, AND PETTY CASH PURCHASES)</u>

- **A.** <u>Procedure:</u> Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than five).
- **B.** <u>Procedures:</u> For each location selected under #5A above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that:
- a) At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase.
- b) At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.
- c) The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.
- d) Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.
- e) Only employees/officials authorized to sign checks approve the electronic disbursement (release) of funds, whether through automated clearinghouse (ACH), electronic funds transfer (EFT), wire transfer, or some other electronic means.

**Results:** No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

- C. <u>Procedures:</u> For each location selected under #5A above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select five disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction and:
- a) Observe that the disbursement matched the related original itemized invoice, and that supporting documentation indicates that deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity.
- b) Observe that the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #5B, as applicable.

AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

# 5. <u>NON-PAYROLL DISBURSEMENTS (EXCLUDING CARD PURCHASES/PAYMENTS.</u> TRAVEL REIMBURSEMENTS. AND PETTY CASH PURCHASES) (CONTINUED)

**D.** Procedures: Using the entity's main operating account and the month selected in Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A, randomly select 5 non-payroll-related electronic disbursements (or all electronic disbursements if less than 5) and observe that each electronic disbursement was (a) approved by only those persons authorized to disburse funds (e.g., sign checks) per the entity's policy, (b) approved by the required number of authorized signers per the entity's policy. Note: If no electronic payments were made from the main operating account during the month selected the practitioner should select an alternative month and/or account for testing that does include electronic disbursements.

**Results:** No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

## 6. CREDIT CARDS/DEBIT CARDS/FUEL CARDS/PURCHASE CARDS (CARDS)

**A.** <u>Procedures</u>: Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and purchase cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.

**Results:** No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

- **B.** <u>Procedures</u>: Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select five cards (or all cards if less than five) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement), obtain supporting documentation, and:
- a) Observe that there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) was reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved), by someone other than the authorized card holder (those instances requiring such approval that may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials, such as the mayor of the Lawrason Act municipality, should not be reported); and
- b) Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.

AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

# 6. <u>CREDIT CARDS/DEBIT CARDS/FUEL CARDS/PURCHASE CARDS (CARDS)</u> (CONTINUED)

C. Procedures: Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (i.e. each card should have 10 transactions subject to testing). For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and note whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

**Results**: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

# 7. <u>TRAVEL AND TRAVEL-RELATED EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENTS (EXCLUDING CARD TRANSACTIONS)</u>

- **A.** <u>Procedures</u>: Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select five reimbursements, obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the five reimbursements selected:
- a) If reimbursed using a per diem, observe that the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov).
- b) If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.
- c) Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by written policy (procedure #1h).
- d) Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

# AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

# 8. CONTRACTS

- A. <u>Procedures</u>: Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. Alternatively, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select five contracts (or all contracts if less than five) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and:
- a) Observe that the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.
- b) Observe that the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g. Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter).
- c) If the contract was amended (e.g. change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g. if approval is required for any amendment was approval documented).
- d) Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the five contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

**Results:** No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

# 9. PAYROLL AND PERSONNEL

**A.** <u>Procedure:</u> Obtain a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select five employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.

- **B.** <u>Procedures</u>: Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the five employees or officials selected under #9A above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:
- a) Observe that all selected employees or officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory).
- b) Observe that supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials.
- c) Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records.

AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### 9. PAYROLL AND PERSONNEL (CONTINUED)

d) Observe that the rate paid to the employees or officials agree to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.

**Results:** No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

C. <u>Procedures:</u> Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials and obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy of termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee's or official's cumulative leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee's or official's authorized pay rates in the employee's or officials' personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.

**Results:** No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

**D.** <u>Procedure</u>: Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g. payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

**Results**: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

### 10. ETHICS

- **A.** <u>Procedures</u>: Using the five randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #9A under "Payroll and Personnel" above obtain ethics documentation from management, and:
- a) Observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the fiscal period, as applicable.
- b) Observe that the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.

**Results:** No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

**B.** <u>Procedures:</u> Inquire and/or observe whether the agency has appointed an ethics designee as required by R.S. 42:1170.

# AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

### 11. DEBT SERVICE

**A.** <u>Procedure</u>: Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued as required by Article VII, Section 8 of the Louisiana Constitution.

**Results:** Not applicable. No bond/notes and other debt instruments were issued during the year.

**B.** Procedure: Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

**Results:** No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

# 12. FRAUD NOTICE

**A.** <u>Procedure</u>: Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the Organization attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled.

**Results**: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

**B.** <u>Procedure</u>: Observe that the entity has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

**Results**: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

### 13. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY DISASTER RECOVERY/BUSINESS CONTINUITY

- **A.** <u>Procedures</u>: Perform the following procedures, verbally discuss the results with management, and report "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management."
- a) Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe that such backup (a) occurred within the past week, (b) was not stored on the government's local server or network, and (c) was encrypted.

AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

# 13. <u>INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY DISASTER RECOVERY/BUSINESS CONTINUITY</u> (CONTINUED)

- b) Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.
- c) Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use, and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.

**Results:** We performed the procedures and discussed the results with management.

**B.** <u>Procedures:</u> Randomly select 5 terminated employees (or all terminated employees if less than 5) using the list of terminated employees obtained in procedure #9C. Observe evidence that the selected terminated employees have been removed or disabled from the network.

**Results:** We performed the procedures and discussed the results with management.

# 14. SEXUAL HARASSMENT

**A.** <u>Procedures</u>: Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #9A under "Payroll and Personnel" above, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year.

**Results:** No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure

**B.** <u>Procedure</u>: Observe that the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).

- C. <u>Procedure</u>: Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe that it includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
- a. Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;

AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

# 14. SEXUAL HARASSMENT (CONTINUED)

- b. Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;
- c. Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;
- d. Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.