Financial Report

Year Ended September 30, 2023

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Duval Arthur, Jr., Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Berwick, Louisiana

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Berwick, Louisiana (hereinafter "Town"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the Town, as of September 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
  raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period
  of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that certain information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the budgetary comparison schedules, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability, schedule of employer pension contributions, schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios, and notes to required supplementary information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Town has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

## Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The justice system funding schedule and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of the Town's management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the justice system funding schedule and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the combining nonmajor funds and fund type financial statements and other financial information as listed in the table of contents but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the

work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 22, 2024, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Morgan City, Louisiana March 22, 2024 **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Statement of Net Position September 30, 2023

	Primary Government					
	Governmental Business-type		Т.4.1			
	Activities	Activities	Total			
ASSETS						
Cash	\$ 4,154,137	\$ 434,735	\$ 4,588,872			
Restricted assets-customer deposits	-	131,665	131,665			
Receivables, net	637,114	158,215	795,329			
Due from other governments	31,854	-	31,854			
Prepaid expense	158,412	3,588	162,000			
Investment in Berwick-Bayou Vista						
Joint Waterworks Plant	-	447,641	447,641			
Capital assets:						
Land and construction in progress	4,035,847	15,000	4,050,847			
Other, net of accumulated depreciation	9,717,380	1,046,526	10,763,906			
Total assets	18,734,744	2,237,370	20,972,114			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows related to net pension liability	930,488	127,262	1,057,750			
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts and other payables	216,819	77,442	294,261			
Unearned revenues	677,303	-	677,303			
Customer deposits payable-restricted assets		131,665	131,665			
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Due in more than one year:						
Compensated absences	57,870	19,856	77,726			
Net OPEB liability	451,635	-	451,635			
Net pension liability	4,011,632	<u>587,985</u>	4,599,617			
Total liabilities	5,415,259	816,948	6,232,207			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows related to net pension liability	19,796	9,428	29,224			
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	13,753,227	1,509,167	15,262,394			
Restricted	2,755,494	-	2,755,494			
Unrestricted (deficit)	(2,278,544)	29,089	(2,249,455)			
Total net position	\$ 14,230,177	\$ 1,538,256	\$ 15,768,433			

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

## Statement of Activities Year Ended September 30, 2023

Net (Expense) Revenue

				Progr	am Revenues				and Cl	nanges in 1	in Net Position		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Fines, an	mmissions, id Charges ervices	G	perating rants and ntributions	Gra	apital ants and ributions		overnmental Activities	Busines Activi		Total	
Governmental activities:	Expenses	101 50	civices	COI	itiloutions	Com	Houtions		Activities	Activi	ities	Total	
General government	\$ 1,396,558	\$	349,795	\$	37,354	\$	_	\$	(1,009,409)	\$	_	\$ (1,009,409)	
Public safety:	,,	*	- 12,172	*	- / ,	•		*	(-,,)	*		4 (-,,)	
Fire	223,484		_		28,250		-		(195,234)		-	(195,234)	
Police	1,670,238		181,021		148,662		-		(1,340,555)		-	(1,340,555)	
Public works:													
Streets	761,155		-		184,611		-		(576,544)		-	(576,544)	
Drainage	91,999		-		1,764		8,275		(81,960)		-	(81,960)	
Cemetery	44,592		4,000		-		-		(40,592)		-	(40,592)	
Culture and recreation	681,844		16,060		5,953		-		(659,831)		-	(659,831)	
Sanitation	1,374,436	1	,074,376		7,278		-		(292,782)		-	(292,782)	
Supporting services	6,507		48,866						42,359			42,359	
Total governmental activities	6,250,813	1	,674,118		413,872		8,275		(4,154,548)			(4,154,548)	
Business-type activities:													
Gas	406,484		356,545		-		-		_	(4	19,939)	(49,939)	
Water	941,679		901,254		<u>-</u>		70,000	_	<u>-</u>	2	29,575	29,575	
Total business-type activities	1,348,163	1	,257,799		<u>-</u>		70,000		<u>=</u>	(2	20,364)	(20,364)	
Total government	<u>\$ 7,598,976</u>	<u>\$</u> 2	2,931,917	\$	413,872	\$	78,275		(4,154,548)	(2	20,364)	(4,174,912)	
	General Revo												
	Ad valore								687,532		-	687,532	
	Drainage								79,289		-	79,289	
	Franchise	2							229,183		-	229,183	
	Sales Other								2,218,634		-	2,218,634	
	Intergoverr	anta1							1,718 851,217		-	1,718 851,217	
	Interest and		nt earnings						75,289		_	75,289	
	Miscellane		in Carmings						121,376		_	121,376	
	Transfers	ous							(54,469)	5	54,469	121,570	
		al general	revenues						4,209,769		4,469	4,264,238	
		ange in net							55,221		34,105	89,326	
	Net Position-		g						14,174,956		)4,151	15,679,107	
	Net Position-	- ending						\$	14,230,177	\$ 1,53	<u>88,256</u>	<u>\$15,768,433</u>	

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2023

ASSETS	General	1% Sales Tax	3/4% Sales Tax Liquid and Solid Waste	Other Nonmajor Governmental	Total Governmental Funds
Cash	\$ 1,897,214	\$ 966,466	\$ 802,853	\$ 487,604	\$ 4,154,137
Receivables:					
Taxes	168,640	150,126	139,704	627	459,097
Accounts	6,866	-	171,151	-	178,017
Due from other governments	31,854	-	-	-	31,854
Prepaid expenditures	152,784		5,628	<del>-</del>	158,412
Total assets	\$ 2,257,358	\$ 1,116,592	\$ 1,119,336	\$ 488,231	\$ 4,981,517
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 31,539	\$ -	\$ 83,312	\$ -	\$ 114,851
Accrued liabilities	91,638	-	10,330	-	101,968
Unearned revenues	677,303	<del>-</del>		<del>-</del>	677,303
Total liabilities	800,480		93,642		894,122
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable	152,784	-	5,628	52,235	210,647
Restricted	130,605	1,116,592	1,020,066	435,996	2,703,259
Assigned	871,875	-	-	-	871,875
Unassigned	301,614				301,614
Total fund balances	1,456,878	1,116,592	1,025,694	488,231	4,087,395
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 2,257,358	\$ 1,116,592	\$ 1,119,336	\$ 488,231	\$ 4,981,517 (continued)

# Balance Sheet (continued) Governmental Funds September 30, 2023

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

Total fund balances for governmental funds at September 30, 2023		\$ 4,087,395
Cost of capital assets:		
Land	1,315,103	
Construction in progress	2,720,744	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	9,717,380	13,753,227
Deferred outflows of resources related to net pension liability		930,488
Compensated absences		(57,870)
Net OPEB liability		(451,635)
Net pension liability		(4,011,632)
Deferred inflows of resources related to net pension liability		(19,796)
Net position at September 30, 2023		\$ 14,230,177

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended September 30, 2023

	General	1% Sales Tax	3/4% Sales Tax Liquid and Solid Waste	Other Governmental	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 1,325,468	\$ 857,085	\$ 816,414	\$ 217,230	\$ 3,216,197
Licenses and permits	260,943	-	-	-	260,943
Intergovernmental	1,182,256	-	-	-	1,182,256
Fees, commissions, and charges for services	182,454	-	1,074,376	-	1,256,830
Fines and forfeits	150,045	-	-	-	150,045
Interest income	35,091	13,241	17,314	9,643	75,289
Miscellaneous	121,860	<del></del>	<del></del>		121,860
Total revenues	3,258,117	870,326	1,908,104	226,873	6,263,420
Expenditures:					
Current -					
General government:					
Administrative	1,345,769	-	-	-	1,345,769
Public safety:					
Fire	192,244	-	-	-	192,244
Police	1,418,732	-	-	-	1,418,732
Public works:	#46 600				#46.600
Streets	546,630	-	-	-	546,630
Drainage	90,257	-	-	-	90,257
Cemetery	44,592	-	-	-	44,592
Culture and recreation	585,932	-	1 266 027	-	585,932
Sanitation		-	1,266,937	-	1,266,937
Supporting services	6,507 979,606	-	107.542	-	6,507 1,087,148
Capital outlay			107,542		
Total expenditures	5,210,269	<del>_</del>	1,374,479		6,584,748
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					(
over expenditures	(1,952,152)	870,326	533,625	226,873	(321,328)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	1,831,980	-	26,746	-	1,858,726
Transfers out	(81,215)	(850,000)	(750,000)	(231,980)	(1,913,195)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,750,765	(850,000)	(723,254)	(231,980)	(54,469)
Net change in fund balances	(201,387)	20,326	(189,629)	(5,107)	(375,797)
Fund balances, beginning	1,658,265	1,096,266	1,215,323	493,338	4,463,192
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$ 1,456,878</u>	<u>\$ 1,116,592</u>	\$ 1,025,694	\$ 488,231	<u>\$ 4,087,395</u>
					(continued)

(continued)

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (continued) Governmental Funds Year Ended September 30, 2023

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Total net change in fund balances for the year ended September 30, 2023 per	_	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	\$	(375,797)
Net change in compensated absences		8,040
Cost of capital assets		1,087,148
Depreciation expense		(519,202)
Contributions of capital assets are not reported in governmental funds, since		
such contributions do not result in transfers of financial resources.		8,275
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets		
(i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net assets.		(2,135)
Net change in OPEB liability		(11,943)
Effects of recording net pension liability and deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to net pension liability:		
Change in pension expense		(227,973)
Nonemployer pension contribution revenue		88,808
Total change in net position for the year ended September 30, 2023 per Statement of Activities	\$	55,221

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds September 30, 2023

	Gas	Water	Total Enterprise Funds
ASSETS			
Current assets: Cash Receivables, net	\$ 106,514 31,541	\$ 328,221 126,674	\$ 434,735 158,215
Prepaid expenses	3,341	247	3,588
Total current assets	141,396	455,142	596,538
Restricted assets:			
Cash - customer deposits	24,420	107,245	131,665
Investment in Berwick-Bayou Vista Joint Waterworks Commission		447,641	447,641
Capital assets:	-	15,000	15,000
Other, net of accumulated depreciation Total capital assets	253,177 253,177	793,349 808,349	1,046,526 1,061,526
Net property, plant and equipment	253,177	808,349	1,061,526
Total assets	418,993	1,818,377	2,237,370
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows of resources related to net pension liability	53,962	73,300	127,262
LIABILITIES			
Liabilities: Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	4,156	55,092	59,248
Accrued liabilities	7,253	10,941	18,194
Customer deposits payable-restricted assets	24,420	107,245	131,665
Total current liabilities	35,829	173,278	209,107
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Compensated absences	8,929	10,927	19,856
Net pension liability	283,859	304,126	<u>587,985</u>
Total noncurrent liabilities	292,788	315,053	607,841
Total liabilities	328,617	488,331	816,948
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources related to net pension liability	4,782	4,646	9,428
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted (deficit)	253,177 (113,621)	1,255,990 142,710	1,509,167 29,089
Total net position	\$ 139,556	\$ 1,398,700	<u>\$ 1,538,256</u>

 $\label{thm:companying} \textit{The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.}$ 

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended September 30, 2023

		Gas		Water	Total Enterprise Funds
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	339,731	\$	891,366	\$ 1,231,097
Delinquent charges	Ψ	9,874	Ψ	3,551	13,425
Miscellaneous		6,940		6,337	13,277
Total operating revenues	_	356,545	_	901,254	1,257,799
Operating expenses:					
Gas and water purchases		112,765		400,600	513,365
Salaries		129,298		170,991	300,289
Retirement		40,652		54,063	94,715
Group insurance		36,269		17,703	53,972
Other insurance		2,360		8,036	10,396
Maintenance and operations		59,919		167,289	227,208
Depreciation		12,754		76,141	88,895
Administration expenses		10,849		14,150	24,999
Miscellaneous		1,618		901	2,519
Total operating expense		406,484	_	909,874	1,316,358
Operating loss		(49,939)		(8,620)	(58,559)
Nonoperating expenses:					
Decrease in equity of Berwick-Bayou Vista					
Joint Waterworks Commission			_	(31,805)	(31,805)
Loss before contributions and transfers		(49,939)		(40,425)	(90,364)
Capital contributions		_		70,000	70,000
Transfers in		54,469		-	54,469
Change in net position		4,530		29,575	34,105
Net position, beginning		135,026		1,369,125	1,504,151
Net position, ending	<u>\$</u>	139,556	\$	1,398,700	<u>\$ 1,538,256</u>

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Gas	Water	Total Enterprise Fund
CACHELOWS FROM OREDATING ACTIVITIES			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Ф 257 102	ф 96 <b>7</b> 936	¢ 1 22 4 02 0
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 357,103	\$ 867,836	\$ 1,224,939
Payments to suppliers for goods and services Payments to employees	(204,111)	(575,812)	(779,923)
• •	(202,472)	(235,084)	(437,556)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(49,480)	56,940	7,460
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from other funds	54,469	_	54,469
recorpts from other rands	21,102		31,105
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND			
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Capital grants received	_	70,000	70,000
Purchase of capital assets	(54,469)	(42,169)	(96,638)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related			
financing activities	(54,469)	27,831	(26,638)
initially were the control of the co	<u>(6.1,102)</u>	27,001	(20,000)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(49,480)	84,771	35,291
•	, , , ,		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	180,414	<u>350,695</u>	531,109
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$ 130,934	\$ 435,466	\$ 566,400
			(
			(continued)

# Statement of Cash Flows (continued) Proprietary Funds Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Gas	Water	Total Enterprise Fund
			1 4114
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash			
provided (used) by operating activities:			
Operating loss	\$ (49,939)	\$ (8,620)	\$ (58,559)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to			
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:			
Depreciation	12,754	76,141	88,895
Pension expense, net of nonemployer contributions	(694)	(925)	(1,619)
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	5,323	(32,061)	(26,738)
Prepaid expenses	(3,228)	· _	(3,228)
Accounts payable	(15,732)	15,166	(566)
Accrued liabilities	2,036	2,261	4,297
Customer deposits payable		4,978	4,978
Total adjustments	459	65,560	66,019
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (49,480)	\$ 56,940	<u>\$ 7,460</u>
Non-cash investing activities			
Change in equity of Berwick-Bayou Vista Joint Waterworks Plant	<u>\$</u>	\$ (31,805)	\$ (31,805)
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents per			
statement of cash flows to the balance sheet:			
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning			
Interest-bearing deposits - unrestricted	\$ 155,994	\$ 248,430	\$ 404,424
Interest bearing deposits - restricted	24,420	102,265	126,685
Total cash and cash equivalents	180,414	350,695	531,109
Cash and cash equivalents, ending			
Interest-bearing deposits - unrestricted	106,514	328,221	434,735
Interest-bearing deposits - restricted	24,420	107,245	131,665
Total cash and cash equivalents	130,934	435,466	566,400
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	\$ (49,480)	<u>\$ 84,771</u>	<u>\$ 35,291</u>

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

## (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Town of Berwick ("Town") was incorporated August 1907, under the provisions of the Lawrason Act. The Town operated under a Mayor-Board of Aldermen form of government until January 20, 1992, at which time the Town adopted a Home Rule Charter and now operates under an elected Mayor-Council, administrative-legislative form of government. The Town's operations include police and fire protection, streets and drainage, parks and recreation, residential waste collection services, certain social services and general and administration services. The Town owns and operates enterprise funds which provide gas and water services.

The accounting and reporting policies of the Town relating to the funds included in the accompanying financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Such accounting and reporting procedures also conform to the requirements of Louisiana Revised Statutes 24:513, the *Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide* and to the industry audit guide, *Audits of State and Local Governmental Units*.

The following is a summary of certain significant accounting policies:

## A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended, established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the Town for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criterion includes:

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and
  - a) The ability of the Town to impose its will on that organization and/or
  - b) The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or to impose specific financial burdens on the Town.
- 2. Organizations for which the Town does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent upon the Town.
- 3. Organizations for which the reporting entity's financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

# Component Unit –

Based on the previous criteria, the Town has one component unit, Berwick Development District (District), since the District is governed by a five-member board appointed by the mayor of the Town and the Town is entitled to funds received by the District from the sale of properties after the deduction of expenses (financial benefits).

The Town has chosen to issue financial statements of the primary government only; however, the financial statements of the District are not included in and are not material to the accompanying financial statements. Complete financial statements issued by the District can be obtained directly from the District's administrative offices at P. O. Box 128, Berwick, LA, 70342.

## Related Organizations -

A related organization is an entity for which the primary government is not financially accountable even though the primary government may provide facilities and some financing or appoint a voting majority of the organization's governing board. Based on the foregoing criteria, certain governmental organizations are not part of the Town and are thus excluded from the accompanying financial statements. These organizations are the Berwick Volunteer Fire Department, the Housing Authority of the Town of Berwick, and the Berwick Historical Society.

#### Joint Ventures -

A joint venture is a legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual arrangement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate and specific activity subject to joint control in which the participants retain (a) an ongoing financial interest or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility. The Town has entered into joint venture arrangements with other governmental entities for the operation of the Berwick/Bayou Vista Joint Waterworks Commission and the Wards 5 and 8 Joint Sewer Commission. See Note 18 for further discussion of the Town's relationship with these organizations.

#### B. Basis of Presentation

#### Government-wide Financial Statements –

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the Town. The effect of interfund activity, within the governmental and business-type activities columns, has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

#### Fund Financial Statements -

The Town segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Separate statements are presented for governmental and proprietary activities. These statements present each major fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements; all non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Town or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The major funds of the Town are described below:

General Fund – primary operating fund of the Town. The general fund is always classified as a major fund and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

# Special Revenue Funds:

1% Sales Tax Fund— accounts for the receipt and use of the Town's prorata portion of the St. Mary Parish 1% sales and use tax. These taxes may be used for any lawful corporate purpose.

<sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>% Sales Tax Liquid and Solid Waste Fund— accounts for the receipt and use of proceeds of the Town's prorata portion of the St. Mary Parish <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>% sales and use tax. These taxes are dedicated to the construction, maintenance, and operations of sewerage or solid waste disposal systems, and police and fire protection.

## **Proprietary Funds:**

Gas Enterprise Fund—accounts for the provision of gas services to residents of the Town. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

Water Enterprise Fund—accounts for the provision of water service to residents of the Town. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

# C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide statements and fund financial statements for the proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resources measurement focus means all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) are included in the statement of net position and the operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned including unbilled water and gas services which are accrued. Expenses are recognized at the time the liability is incurred.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual, when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Sales taxes are considered measurable when in the hands of intermediary collecting governments and are recognized as revenues at that time. The Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when the related liability is incurred.

# D. Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits

Cash and interest-bearing deposits include amounts in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, and time deposits. Deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market.

For the purpose of the proprietary fund statement of cash flows, "cash and cash equivalents" include all demand and savings accounts.

#### E. Investments

Under state law, the Town may deposit funds with a fiscal agent organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The Town may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes and bills, government backed agency securities, or certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. In addition, local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP), a nonprofit corporation formed by the State Treasurer and organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, which operates a local government investment pool.

# F. Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet. Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

# G. Receivables

All receivables are shown net of an allowance account, as applicable.

## H. Prepaid Items

Prepaids record payments to vendors that benefit future reporting periods and are also reported on the consumption basis.

# I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and vehicles, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements for the proprietary funds. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at acquisition value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments are capitalized. Assets capitalized have an original cost of \$2,500 or more. Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings	20 - 30 years
Improvements	10 - 40 years
Infrastructure	20 - 50 years
Machinery and equipment	4 - 20 years
Autos and trucks	5 years

#### J. Restricted Assets

The "customer deposits" is used to segregate those refundable resources received from customers currently on the system.

## K. Deferred Outflows of Resources and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense or expenditure) until then. The Town reports deferred outflows of resources related to its net pension liability on its government-wide and proprietary funds statements of net position.

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town may report deferred inflows arising from unavailable revenues. Unavailable revenue occurs under a modified accrual basis of accounting and is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The Town also reports deferred inflows related to its net pension liability on its government-wide and proprietary funds statements of net position.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

#### L. Equity Classifications

Government-wide Financial Statements –

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, the Town considers restricted funds to have been spent first.

#### Fund Financial Statements –

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements. Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance for the Town's governmental funds is displayed depicting the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used. In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

- a. Nonspendable amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other government.
- c. Committed amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Town Council. The Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Town. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the Town Council.
- d. Assigned amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Intent can be expressed by the Town Council.
- e. Unassigned all other spendable amounts.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Town considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Town considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the council has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

## M. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

## Operating Revenues and Expenses –

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the fund's ongoing operations. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include the cost of personal and contractual services, supplies and depreciation on capital assets. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

# Expenditures/Expenses -

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the governmental funds' financial statements, expenditures are classified by character. In the proprietary funds', as operating or nonoperating.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

#### N. Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocation of resources between funds is classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

#### O. Compensated Absences

Full time employees of the Town earn vacation leave. Vacation leave earned varies with the length of service, and employees may accumulate up to two years of unused vacation time. Unused vacation leave, at the termination of employment either by retirement or separation, shall be paid in accordance with the Town's policy.

Compensated absences are measured at the present value and have historically been liquidated by the fund in which the liability was incurred.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

#### P. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Municipal Employees Retirement System, the Municipal Police Retirement System, and the Firefighters' Retirement System, and additions to/deductions from the retirement system's net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms and investments are reported at fair value.

# Q. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The Town's management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

#### (2) Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits

Under state law, the Town may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The Town may invest in certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. At September 30, 2023, the Town has cash and interest-bearing deposits (book balances) totaling \$4,720,537 as follows:

		overnmental Activities	siness-type Activities		Total
Demand deposits	\$	4,153,987	\$ 566,400	\$	4,720,387
Petty cash	_	150	 	_	150
Total	\$	4,154,137	\$ 566,400	\$	4,720,537

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances), must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Deposit balances (bank balances) at September 30, 2023 are as follows:

Bank balances	<u>\$ 4,844,108</u>
Federal deposit insurance Pledged securities	\$ 250,000 4,594,108
Total	\$ 4,844,108

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Town's deposits may not be recovered or the collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party will not be recovered. The Town has not formally adopted policies that limit allowable deposits or investments and address the specific type of risk to which the Town is exposed. There are no policies formally adopted to monitor or attempt to reduce exposure to custodial credit risk. At September 30, 2023, deposits in the amount of \$4,594,108 were exposed to custodial credit risk. These deposits are uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent but not the Town's name.

#### (3) Ad Valorem Taxes

Ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied by the Town in September or October and are billed to taxpayers in November. Billed taxes become delinquent on January 1 of the following year. The Town bills and collects its own property taxes using the assessed values determined by the tax assessor of St. Mary Parish.

Town property tax revenues are budgeted in the year billed.

For the year ended September 30, 2023, taxes of 18.88 mills were levied on property with assessed valuations totaling \$36,670,117 and were dedicated as follows:

General governmental services	12.88 mills
Maintenance	6.00 mills

For the year ended September 30, 2023, drainage taxes were also assessed and dedicated as follows:

General governmental services \$25 per acre

Total taxes levied for the year ended September 30, 2023 were \$79,607.

#### (4) Receivables

Net receivables at September 30, 2023 of \$795,329 consist of the following:

	Gov	vernmental	Bus	siness-type	
	A	Activities		Activities	 Total
Accounts	\$	189,274	\$	167,116	\$ 356,390
Taxes		486,904			 486,904
		676,178		167,116	843,294
Less: allowance for uncollectible		(39,064)		(8,901)	(47,965)
Net receivables	\$	637,114	\$	158,215	\$ 795,329

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

# (5) <u>Due from Other Governments</u>

Amounts due from other governments at September 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

# Governmental activities:

State of Louisiana - Video Poker	\$ 20,418
St. Mary Parish Sheriff - Prisoner Maintenance	1,840
St. Mary Parish Water and Sewer Commission No. 2	 9,596
Total governmental activities	\$ 31,854

# (6) Changes in Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	10/1/22	Additions	Deletions	09/30/23
Governmental activities:		-		
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,315,103	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,315,103
Construction in progress	2,386,201	614,365	(279,822)	2,720,744
Total capital assets not being depreciated	3,701,304	614,365	(279,822)	4,035,847
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	3,856,270	-	-	3,856,270
Improvements	10,565,556	461,716	-	11,027,272
Equipment	2,529,991	87,946	-	2,617,937
Infrastructure	33,250	-	-	33,250
Autos and trucks	1,310,817	211,218	(21,553)	1,500,482
Total capital assets being depreciated	18,295,884	760,880	(21,553)	19,035,211
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(3,077,145)	(59,412)	-	(3,136,557)
Improvements	(2,673,942)	(326,806)	-	(3,000,748)
Equipment	(1,975,392)	(80,054)	-	(2,055,446)
Infrastructure	(8,228)	(748)	_	(8,976)
Autos and trucks	(1,083,340)	(52,182)	19,418	(1,116,104)
Total accumulated depreciation	(8,818,047)	(519,202)	19,418	(9,317,831)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	9,477,837	241,678	(2,135)	9,717,380
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 13,179,141</u>	<u>\$ 856,043</u>	<u>\$ (281,957)</u>	<u>\$ 13,753,227</u>
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 15,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,000
	<u>φ 15,000</u>	<u>y                                      </u>	<u>y                                      </u>	<u>ψ 13,000</u>
Capital assets being depreciated: Gas utility system	967,023	54,469		1,021,492
Water utility system	3,508,716	42,169	-	3,550,885
Total capital assets being depreciated	4,475,739	96,638	<u>-</u>	4,572,377
	<u> </u>	70,038		4,372,377
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Gas utility system	(755,561)	(12,754)	-	(768,315)
Water utility system	(2,681,395)	(76,141)		(2,757,536)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,436,956)	(88,895)		(3,525,851)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	1,038,783	7,743		1,046,526
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 1,053,783</u>	<u>\$ 7,743</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,061,526</u>

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged as direct expense to functions as follows:

# Governmental activities:

General government and administration	\$	40,016
Public safety:		
Police		57,383
Fire		24,936
Public works:		
Streets		207,996
Culture and recreation		89,203
Sanitation		99,668
Total depreciation expense, governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	519,202
Business-type activities:		
Gas	\$	12,754
Water		76,141
Total depreciation expense, business-type activities	\$	88,895

# (7) <u>Long-Term Liabilities</u>

During the year ended September 30, 2023, the following changes occurred:

	Balance			Balance	
	Beginning			End	Due Within
	of Year	Additions	Deletions	of Year	One Year
Governmental activities:					
Compensated absences	\$ 65,910	\$ 61,711	\$ 69,751	\$ 57,870	<u>\$ -</u>
Business-type activities:					
Compensated absences	\$ 16,018	\$ 10,556	\$ 6,718	\$ 19,856	<u>\$</u>

These balances are generally liquidated by the fund incurring the obligation.

# (8) Restricted Net position

At September 30, 2023, the government-wide statement of net position reports the following restricted net position:

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

	 vernmental Activities
Restricted by enabling legislation	\$ 2,660,304
Net position otherwise restricted for:	
Perpetual care:	
Expendable	33,030
Nonexpendable	52,235
Street and road improvements	9,910
LCDBG	 15
Total restricted net position	\$ 2,755,494

## (9) Net Position/Fund Balance

Net position is presented as net investments in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted on the Town's government-wide and proprietary funds statement of net position. A component of the Town's net position is significantly affected by transactions that resulted in the recognition of deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflow of resources, and the difference between the deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflow of resources and the balance of the related asset or liability is significant. As discussed in Note 13, the Town's recognition of net pension liability in accordance with GASBS No. 68 significantly affected the Town's unrestricted portion of net position as of September 30, 2023.

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented as follows:

			3/4% Sales		
			Tax Liquid	Other	Total
		1% Sales	and Solid	Governmental	Governmental
	General	Tax	Waste	Funds	Funds
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable -					
Permanent fund principal	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 52,235	\$ 52,235
Prepaid items	152,784		5,628		158,412
Total fund balances - nonspendable	152,784		5,628	52,235	210,647
Restricted for -					
Ad valorem tax restrictions	-	-	-	393,041	393,041
Capital improvements	-	-	-	9,925	9,925
Perpetual care	-	-	-	33,030	33,030
Sales and use tax restrictions	130,605	1,116,592	1,020,066		2,267,263
Total fund balances - restricted	130,605	1,116,592	1,020,066	435,996	2,703,259
Assigned to -					
Fire improvements	79,833	-	-	-	79,833
Law enforcement	2,988	-	-	-	2,988
General government	789,054	<u>-</u> _	<u> </u>		789,054
Total fund balances - assigned	871,875				871,875
Unassigned	301,614				301,614
Total fund balances	\$1,456,878	<u>\$1,116,592</u>	\$ 1,025,694	\$ 488,231	\$ 4,087,395

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

# (10) Contingencies

#### Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town has elected to purchase insurance coverage through the commercial insurance market to cover its exposure to loss. The Town is insured up to policy limits for each of the above risks. There were no significant changes in coverage, retentions, or limits during the year ended September 30, 2023. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the previous three fiscal years.

#### (11) Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers at September 30, 2023 are as follows:

	Receiving Fund					
Transferring Fund	General	Liquid and 3/4% Sales	Gas Enterprise	Total		
General	\$ -	\$ 26,746	\$ 54,469	\$ 81,215		
1% Sales Tax	850,000	-	-	850,000		
3/4% Sales Tax Liquid and Solid Waste	750,000	-	-	750,000		
Nonmajor Governmental	231,980			231,980		
Total	\$1,831,980	\$ 26,746	\$ 54,469	\$1,913,195		

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

# (12) <u>Dedication of Proceeds and Flow of Fund-Sales and Use Tax</u>

The Town collects sales taxes under four sales tax levies as follows:

Proceeds of a 1% parish wide sales and use tax levied in 1966 (2023 collections \$857,085). Tax is collected by the St. Mary Parish Sales and Use Tax Department and is remitted to each participating municipality on a monthly basis. Proceeds of this tax shall be used for the following purposes: construction, acquisition, improvement, maintenance and repairs of streets, capital improvements, public works and buildings (including the acquisition of sites and necessary fixtures, equipment, furnishings and appurtenances, and the payment of obligations and refunding obligations which have been or may be issued for the purpose of acquiring and improving public works and buildings); for payment or supplementing salaries of all municipal employees; for the operation of recreational facilities; for the acquisition, maintenance, repairs and payment of operating expenses of equipment, vehicles, and other machinery owned by the municipality; and for any other public purpose authorized by state law.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Proceeds of a 3/4 of 1% sales and use tax levied in 1974 (2023 collections \$816,414). Tax is collected by the St. Mary Parish Sales and Use Tax Department and is allocated and distributed monthly as above. Proceeds are to be used for the construction, acquisition, extension, improvement, operation, and maintenance of solid waste collection and disposal facilities, sewers and sewerage disposal works, and other facilities for pollution control and abatement, fire and police protection; and to pay debt service requirements on bonds issued for any of the above-mentioned purposes. The tax was reapproved for levy in 1987. At the time of reauthorization, voters approved a provision authorizing that the proceeds could also be used for law enforcement and fire protection costs.

Proceeds of a 3/10 of 1% sales and use tax levied in 1982 (2023 collections \$272,952). Tax is collected by the St. Mary Parish Sales and Use Tax Department and is allocated and distributed monthly as above. Proceeds are dedicated to the following purposes: operating and maintaining the police department, including the acquisition and maintenance of equipment and supplies; paying or supplementing the salaries of municipal employees; and purchasing, constructing, acquiring, extending and/or improving all or any portion of public works or capital improvements, including but not limited to the construction, improvement and maintenance of drainage, water, and flood control extensions and improvements and the acquisition, construction, improvement, maintenance and repair of streets, roads, and bridges.

Proceeds of a ½ of 1% sales and use tax levied in 2001 (2023 collections \$272,183). Tax is collected by the St. Mary Parish Sales and Use Tax Department and is allocated and distributed monthly as above. Proceeds are to be used for increased salaries for police departments and also for operating and maintaining the police department.

#### (13) Employee Retirement

Eligible employees of the Town participate in one of three cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement systems (PERS), which are controlled and administered by a separate board of trustees. These retirement systems provide retirement disability and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Pertinent information relative to each plan follows:

#### A. Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS)

Plan Description: The Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, was originally established by Act 356 of the 1954 regular session of the Legislature of the State of Louisiana to provide retirement benefits to employees of all incorporated villages, towns and cities within the state, which did not have their own retirement system and which elected to become members of the System. The Town participates in Plan A of MERS.

Eligibility Requirements: Membership is mandatory as a condition of employment beginning on the date employed if the employee is on a permanent basis working at least thirty-five hours per week. Those individuals paid jointly by a participating employer and a parish are not eligible for membership in MERS with exceptions as outlined in the statutes.

Any person eligible for membership whose first employment making him eligible for membership in MERS occurred on or after January 1, 2013 shall become a member of the MERS Plan A Tier 2 or MERS Plan B Tier 2 of the system as a condition of employment.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Retirement Benefits: Benefit provisions are authorized within Act 356 of the 1954 regular session and amended by LRS 11:1756-11:1785. The following brief description of the plan and its benefits is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Any member of Plan A who was hired before January 1, 2013 can retire providing the member meets one of the following criteria:

- 1. Any age with twenty-five (25) or more years of creditable service.
- 2. Age 60 with a minimum of ten (10) or more years of creditable service.
- 3. Any age with twenty (20) years of creditable service, exclusive of military service and unused annual and sick leave, with an actuarily reduced early benefit.

Generally, the monthly amount of the retirement allowance for any member of Plan A shall consist of an amount equal to three percent of the member's monthly average final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service. Final compensation is the average monthly earnings during the highest sixty consecutive months, or joined months if service was interrupted. However, under certain conditions as outlined in the statutes, the benefits are limited to specified amounts. An additional regular retirement benefit can be received for any city marshal or deputy city marshal. See plan booklet for further details.

Any member of Plan A Tier 2 can retire providing he meets one of the following:

- 1. Age 67 with seven (7) years of creditable service
- 2. Age 62 with ten (10) years of creditable service
- 3. Age 55 with thirty (30) years of creditable service
- 4. Any age with twenty-five (25) years of creditable service, exclusive of military service and unused annual and sick leave, with an actuarily reduced early benefit.

Generally, the monthly amount of the retirement allowance for any member of Plan A Tier 2 shall consist of an amount equal to three percent of the member's monthly average final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service. Final average compensation is the average monthly earnings during the highest sixty consecutive months, or joined months if service was interrupted. However, under certain conditions as outlined in the statutes, the benefits are limited to specified amounts. Any city marshal or deputy city marshal shall receive an additional regular benefit computed on supplemental marshal's earnings. See Plan Booklet for further details.

Survivor Benefits: Upon death of any member of Plan A with five (5) or more years of creditable service, not eligible for retirement, the plan provides for benefits for the surviving spouse and/or minor children as outlined in the statutes.

Any member of Plan A, who is eligible for normal retirement at time of death and who leaves a surviving spouse, will be deemed to have retired and selected Option 2 benefits on behalf of the surviving spouse on the date of death. Such benefits will begin only upon proper application and are paid in lieu of any other survivor benefits.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) Benefits: In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement allowance, any member of Plan A who is eligible to retire may elect to participate in the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) for up to three years and defer the receipt of benefits. During participation in the plan, employer contributions are payable but employee contributions cease. The monthly retirement benefits that would be payable, had the person elected to cease employment

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

and receive a service retirement allowance, are paid into the DROP fund. Interest is earned when the member has completed DROP participation. Interest earnings are based upon the actual rate of return on the investments identified as DROP funds for the period. In addition, no cost-of-living increases are payable to participants until employment which made them eligible to become members of the System has been terminated for at least one full year.

Upon termination of employment prior to or at the end of the specified period of participation, a participant in the DROP may receive, at his option, a lump sum from the account equal to the payments into the account, a true annuity based upon his account balance in that fund, or any other method of payment if approved by the Board of Trustees. If a participant dies during participation in the DROP, a lump sum equal to the balance in his account shall be paid to his named beneficiary or, if none, to his estate. If employment is not terminated at the end of the three years, payments into the DROP fund cease and the person resumes active contributing membership in the System.

Disability Benefits: For Plan A, a member shall be eligible to retire and receive a disability benefit if he has at least five years of creditable service, is not eligible for normal retirement and has been officially certified as disabled by the State Medical Disability Board. Upon retirement caused by disability, a member of Plan A shall be paid a disability benefit equal to the lesser of (1) an amount equal to three percent of his final compensation multiplied by his years of credible service, but not less than forty-five percent of his final compensation, or (2) an amount equal to what the member's normal retirement benefit would be based on the member's current final compensation, but assuming the member remained in continuous service until his earliest normal retirement age and using those retirement benefit computation factors which would be applicable to the member's normal retirement.

Cost of Living Increases: MERS is authorized under state law to grant a cost of living increase to members who have been retired for at least one year. The adjustment cannot exceed 2% of the retiree's original benefit for each full calendar year since retirement and may only be granted if sufficient funds are available from investment income in excess of normal requirements. State law allows MERS to grant an additional cost of living increase to all retirees and beneficiaries who are age sixty-five and above equal to 2% of the benefit being received on October 1, 1977, or the original benefit, if retirement commenced after that date.

Deferred Benefits: Both plans provide for deferred benefits for members who terminate before being eligible for retirement. Once the member reaches the appropriate age for retirement, benefits become payable. Benefits are based on statutes in effect at time of withdrawal.

Employer Contributions: Contributions for all members are established by statute. Member contributions are at 10.00% of earnable compensation for Plan A. The contributions are deducted from the member's salary and remitted by the participating municipality

According to state statute, contribution requirements for all employers are actuarially determined each year. For the year ending June 30, 2023, the actual employer contribution rate was 29.50% for Plan A.

Non-Employer Contributions: According to state statute, MERS also receives one-fourth (1/4) of 1% of ad valorem taxes within the respective parishes except for Orleans. MERS also receives revenue sharing funds each year as appropriated by the Legislature. These additional sources of income are used as additional employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources: At September 30, 2023, the Town reported liabilities in its government-wide financial statements of \$1,781,671 and \$587,985 in its governmental activities and its business-type activities, respectively, for its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities of MERS. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension obligation was determined by separate actuarial valuations performed on each of the retirement systems as of that date. Under each retirement system, the Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the Town's proportional share of MERS was 0.648357%, which was an increase of 0.038989% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended September 30, 2023, the Town recognized pension expense of \$331,364 and \$94,715 in its governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively, related to its participation in MERS.

At September 30, 2023, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Governmental Activities		_	Business-Type Activities		ivities			
	De	eferred	D	eferred		D	eferred	De	eferred
	Out	flows of	Inf	lows of	(	) Du	tflows of	Inf	lows of
	Re	sources	Re	sources		Re	esources	Res	sources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	1,193	\$	12,872	:	\$	398	\$	9,428
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	:	204,224		-			68,075		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		114,020		-			38,007		-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		64,601		<u>-</u>	-		20,783		
	\$	384,037	\$	12,872		\$	127,262	\$	9,428

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Deferred outflows of resources of \$64,601 and \$20,783 resulting from the Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an adjustment to the net pension liability in the following fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Governmental	Business-type	
Year	Activities	Activities	Total
2024	\$ 123,299	\$ 41,100	\$ 164,399
2025	44,256	14,752	59,008
2026	152,008	45,532	197,540
2027	(12,999)	(4,333)	(17,332)
	\$ 306,564	\$ 97,051	\$ 403,615

Actuarial Assumptions: The net pension liability was measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position.

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality and future salary increases. Actuarially determined amounts regarding the net pension liability are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations, and new estimates are made about the future.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation was based on the results of an experience study, for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

## Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS)

Plan A

Valuation Date June 30, 2023 Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Expected remaining service lives 3 years

Investment rate of return 6.85%, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation

Inflation rate 2.5%

Projected salary increases, including inflation and merit increases:

-1 to 4 years of service 6.4% -More than 4 years of service 4.5%

Annuity and beneficiary mortality PubG-2010(B) Healthy Retiree Table set equal to 120% for

males and females, each adjusted using their respective male

and female MP2018 scales.

Employee mortality PubG-2010(B) Employee Table set equal to 120% for males

and females, each adjusted using their respective male and

female MP2018 scales.

Disabled lives mortality PubNS-2010(B) Disabled Retiree Table set equal to 120%

for males and females with the full generational MP2018

scale.

The investment rate of return was 6.85%, which was unchanged from the rate used as of June 30, 2022. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2023 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return
Public equity	56%	2.44%
Public fixed income	29%	1.26%
Alternatives	<u>15%</u>	<u>0.65%</u>
Totals	<u>100%</u>	<u>4.35%</u>
Inflation		<u>2.50%</u>
Expected Arithmetic		
Nominal Return		6.85%

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.85%, which was unchanged from the rate used as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates, which are calculated in accordance with relevant statutes and approved by the Board of Trustees and the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity to Changes in Discount Rate: The following presents the net pension liability of the participating employers calculated using the discount rate of 6.85%, as well as what the employers' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower, or one percentage point higher than the current rate as of June 30, 2023:

	Char	nges in Discount Ra	ate:
		MERS - Plan A	
		Current	_
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	5.85%	Rate	7.85%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 3,285,266	\$ 2,369,656	\$ 1,596,274

Support of Non-Employer Contributing Entities: Contributions received by a pension plan from non-employer contributing entities that are not in a special funding situation are recorded as revenue by the respective pension plan. The Town recognizes revenue in an amount equal to its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension plan from these non-employer contributing entities. During the year ended September 30, 2023, the Town recognized revenue as a result of support received from the non-employer contributing entities of \$37,672 for its participation in MERS.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Payables to the Pension Plan: The Town recorded accrued liabilities to MERS for the year ended September 30, 2023 primarily due to the accrual for payroll at the end of the fiscal year. The amounts due are included in the fund statement liabilities under the amounts reported as accrued liabilities. The balance due to MERS as of September 30, 2023 is \$28,386.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Positions: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report for MERS available at www.mersla.com.

#### B. Municipal and State Police Retirement System of Louisiana (MPERS)

Plan Description: The Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System is the administrator of a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan. Membership in MPERS is mandatory for any full-time police officer employed by a municipality of the State of Louisiana and engaged in law enforcement, empowered to make arrests, provided he or she does not have to pay social security and providing he or she meets the statutory criteria. MPERS provides retirement benefits for municipal police officers. The projections of benefit payments in the calculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive employees through MPERS in accordance with benefit terms and any additional legal agreements to provide benefits that are in force at the measurement date.

The Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana issues a stand-alone report on their financial statements. Access to the audit report can be found on the System's website: www.lampers.org or on the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's website, www.lla.state.la.us.

Benefit provisions are authorized within Act 189 of 1973 and amended by LRS 11:2211-11:2233. The following is a brief description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Membership Prior to January 1, 2013: A member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of MPERS and has 25 years of creditable service at any age or has 20 years of creditable service and is age 50 or has 12 years creditable service and is age 55. A member is eligible for early retirement after he has been a member of MPERS for 20 years of creditable service at any age with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Benefit rates are 3.33% of average final compensation (average monthly earnings during the highest 36 consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted) per number of years of creditable service not to exceed 100% of final salary.

Upon the death of an active contributing member, or disability retiree, the plan provides for surviving spouses and minor children. Under certain conditions outlined in the statutes, the benefits range from forty to sixty percent of the member's average final compensation for the surviving spouse. In addition, each child under age eighteen receives benefits equal to ten percent of the member's average final compensation or \$200 per month, whichever is greater.

Membership Commencing January 1, 2013: Member eligibility for regular retirement, early retirement, disability and survivor benefits are based on Hazardous Duty and Non-Hazardous Duty sub plans. Under the Hazardous Duty sub plan, a member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of MPERS and has 25 years of creditable service at any age or has 12 years of creditable service at age 55. Under the Non-Hazardous Duty sub plan, a member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of MPERS and has 30 years of creditable service at any age, 25 years of creditable service at age 55, or 10 years of creditable service at age 60. Under both sub plans, a member is eligible for early retirement

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

after he has been a member of MPERS for 20 years of creditable service at any age, with an actuarially reduced benefit from age 55.

Under the Hazardous and Non-Hazardous Duty sub plans, the benefit rates are 3% (generally) and 2.50%, respectively, of average final compensation (average monthly earnings during the highest 60 consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted) per number of years of creditable service not to exceed 100% of final salary.

Upon the death of an active contributing member, or disability retiree, the plan provides for surviving spouses and minor children. Under conditions outlined in state statute, benefits range from twenty-five to fifty-five percent of the member's average final compensation for the surviving spouse. In addition, each child under age eighteen receives ten percent of the member's average final compensation or \$200 per month, whichever is greater. If deceased member had less than 10 years of service, beneficiary will receive a refund of employee contributions only.

Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA): The Board of Trustees is authorized to provide annual cost-of-living adjustments computed on the amount of the current regular retirement, disability, beneficiary or survivor's benefit, not to exceed 3% in any given year. The Board is authorized to provide an additional 2% COLA, computed on the member's original benefit, to all regular retirees, disability, survivors and beneficiaries who are 65 years of age or older on the cut-off date which determines eligibility.

No regular retiree, survivor or beneficiary shall be eligible to receive a cost-of-living adjustment until benefits have been received at least one full fiscal year and the payment of such COLA, when authorized, shall not be effective until the lapse of at least one-half of the fiscal year. Members who elect early retirement are not eligible for a cost of living adjustment until they reach regular retirement age.

A COLA may only be granted if funds are available from interest earnings in excess of normal requirements, as determined by the actuary.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP): A member is eligible to enter DROP when he is eligible for regular retirement based on the member's sub plan participation. Upon filing the application for the program, the employee's active membership in the system is terminated. At the entry date into the DROP, the employee and employer contributions cease. The amount to be deposited into the DROP account is equal to the benefit computed under the retirement plan elected by the participant at date of application. The duration of participation in the DROP is 36 months or less. If employment is terminated after the three-year period, the participant may receive his benefits by lump sum payment or a true annuity. If employment is not terminated, active contributing membership in the system shall resume and upon later termination, he shall receive additional retirement benefit based on the additional service. For those eligible to enter DROP prior to January 1, 2004, DROP accounts shall earn interest subsequent to the termination of DROP participation at a rate of half of one percentage point below the percentage rate of return of the system's investment portfolio as certified by the actuary on an annual basis but will never lose money. For those eligible to enter DROP subsequent to January 1, 2004, an irrevocable election is made to earn interest based on the system's investment portfolio return or a money market investment return. This could result in negative earnings rate being applied to the account.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

If the member elects the money market investment return option, the funds are transferred to a government money market account and earn interest at the money market rate. If the members elects a money market investment account the funds are transferred to a government money market account. Pursuant to Act 78 of the 2019 Regular Session of the Louisiana Legislature, DROP members can self-direct their DROP funds. For those members who elected to self-direct their DROP funds the System transferred lump sum distributions to the stable value fund of Empower Retirement. Empower Retirement acts as an agent of the System to allow participants to self-direct the investment of their lump sum balances. Participants can irrevocably elect to participate in the self-directed portion of the program. If they do so, they can invest in Vanguard Lifestrategy Funds through Empower Retirement.

Initial Benefit Option Plan: In 1999, the State Legislature authorized MPERS to establish an Initial Benefit Option program. Initial Benefit Option is available to members who are eligible for regular retirement and have not participated in DROP. The Initial Benefit Option program provides both a one-time single sum payment of up to 36 months of regular monthly retirement benefit, plus a reduced monthly retirement benefit for life. Interest is computed on the balance based on same criteria as DROP.

Employer Contributions: Contributions for all members are actuarially determined as required by state law but cannot be less than 9% of the employees' earnable compensation excluding overtime but including state supplemental pay.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the employer and employee contribution rates for all members hired prior to January 1, 2013 and Hazardous Duty members hired after January 1, 2013 were 31.25% and 10%, respectively. The employer and employee contribution rates for all Non-Hazardous Duty members hired after January 1, 2013 were 31.25% and 8%, respectively. The employer and employee contribution rates for all members whose earnable compensation is less than poverty guidelines issued by the United States Department of Health and Human Services were 33.75% and 7.5%, respectively.

Non-Employer Contributions: MPERS also receives insurance premium tax monies as additional employer contributions. The tax is considered support from a non-contributing entity and appropriated by the legislature each year based on an actuarial study. Non-employer contributions were recognized as revenue during the year ended June 30, 2023, and excluded from pension expense.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources: At September 30, 2023, the Town reported liabilities in its government-wide financial statements of \$2,123,326 in its governmental activities for its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities of MPERS. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension obligation was determined by separate actuarial valuations performed on each of the retirement systems as of that date. Under each retirement system, the Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the Town's proportional share of MPERS was 0.200978%, which was an increase of 0.004866% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended September 30, 2023, the Town recognized a pension expense of \$405,652 in its governmental activities related to its participation in MPERS.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

At September 30, 2023, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Governmental Activities		
	Deferred Defer		
	Outflows of	Inflows of	
	Resources	Resources	
Difference between expected and actual			
experience	\$ 149,567	\$ 890	
Changes in Assumption	35,432	-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	229,226		
	229,220	-	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	50,300	-	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	52,452		
	\$ 516,977	\$ 890	

Deferred outflows of resources of \$52,452 resulting from the Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an adjustment to the net pension liability in the following fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year		
2024	\$ 161,9	975
2025	73,9	920
2026	238,4	420
2027	(10,0	<u> (686</u>
	\$ 463,6	635

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: The net pension liability was measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 actuarial funding valuation and were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2019. In cases where benefit structures were changed after the study period, assumptions were based on the estimates of future experience.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Municipal Police Employees'
Retirement System (MPERS)

Valuation Date June 30, 2023

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Cost

Actuarial cost assumptions:

Expected Remaining service lives 4 years

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expense

Inflation rate 2.50%

Projected salary increases, Yrs of Service Salary Growth including inflation and merit 1-2 12.30%

Above 2 4.70%

Above 2

For annuitants and beneficiaries, the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plan Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Healthy Retirees multiplied by 115% for males and 125% for females, each with full generational projection using the MP2019 scale was used.

For disabled lives, the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Disable Retirees multiplied by 105% for males and 115% for females, each with full generational projection using the MP2019 scale was used.

For employees, the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Employees multiplied by 115% for males and 125% for females, each with full generational projection using the MP2019 scale was used.

The present value of future retirement benefits is based on benefits currently being paid by the System and includes previously granted cost of living increases. The present values do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees.

Mortality

Cost of Living Adjustments

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

The investment rate of return was 6.75%, which was unchanged from the rate used as of June 30, 2022.

The mortality rate assumption used was set based upon an experience study performed by the prior actuary on plan data for the period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2019. A change was made full generational mortality which combines the use of a base mortality table with appropriate mortality improvement scales. In order to set the base mortality table, actual plan mortality experience was assigned a credibility weighting and combined with a standard table to produce current levels of mortality.

The best estimates of the arithmetic nominal rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target allocation as of June 30, 2023 are summarized in the following table:

		Target Asset	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of
Asset Class		Allocation	Return
Equity		52%	3.29%
Fixed Income		34%	1.12%
Alternative		<u>14%</u>	<u>95.00%</u>
	Totals	<u>100%</u>	<u>5.36%</u>
	Inflation		2.54%
Expected Nomina	l Return		<u>7.90%</u>

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%, which was unchanged from the rate used as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the net pension liability of the participating employers calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the employers' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower 5.75% or one percentage point higher 7.75% than the current rate:

	Char	iges in Discount I	Rate:
		MPERS	
		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	5.75%	Rate	7.75%
Net Pension Liability	\$2,987,688	\$2,123,326	\$1,401,266

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Support of Non-Employer Contributing Entities: Contributions received by a pension plan from non-employer contributing entities that are not in a special funding situation are recorded as revenue by the respective pension plan. The Town recognizes revenue in an amount equal to its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension plan from these non-employer contributing entities. During the year ended September 30, 2023, the Town recognized revenue as a result of support received from the non-employer contributing entities of \$46,352 for its participation in MPERS.

Payables to the Pension Plan: The Town recorded accrued liabilities to MPERS for the year ended September 30, 2023 primarily due to the accrual for payroll at the end of the fiscal year. The amounts due are included in the general fund statement liabilities under the amounts reported as accrued liabilities. The balance due to MPERS as of September 30, 2023 is \$17,881.

#### C. Firefighters' Retirement System (FFRS)

Plan Description: The Firefighters' Retirement System (FFRS) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan established by Act 434 of 1979 to provide retirement, disability and survivor benefits to firefighters in Louisiana.

Eligibility Requirements: Any person who becomes an employee as defined in RS 11:2252 on and after January 1, 1980, shall become a member as a condition of employment. Members in FFRS consist of full-time firefighters, eligible employees of the retirement system, or any person in a position as defined in the municipal fire and police civil service system that earns at least \$375 per month, excluding state supplemental pay, and is employed by a fire department of any municipality, parish, or fire district of the state of Louisiana, except for Orleans Parish and the City of Baton Rouge.

No person who has attained age 50 or over shall become a member of FFRS unless the person becomes a member by reason of merger or unless FFRS received an application for membership before the applicant attained the age of 50. No person who has not attained the age of 18 shall become a member of FFRS.

Any person who has retired from service under any retirement system or pension fund maintained basically for public officers and employees of the state, its agencies or political subdivisions, and who is receiving retirement benefits therefrom may become a member of FFRS, provided the person meets all other requirements for membership. Service credit from the retirement system or pension plan from which the member is retired shall not be used for reciprocal recognition of service with FFRS, or for any other purpose in order to attain eligibility or increase the amount of service credit in FFRS.

Retirement Benefits: Employees with 20 or more years of service who have attained age 50, or employees who have 12 years of service who have attained age 55, or 25 years of service at any age are entitled to annual pension benefits equal to 3.333% of their average final compensation based on the 36 consecutive months of highest pay multiplied by their total years of service, not to exceed 100%. Employees may elect to receive their pension benefits in the form of a joint and survivor annuity.

If employees terminate before rendering 12 years of service, they forfeit the right to receive the portion of their accumulated plan benefits attributable to their employer's contributions.

Benefits are payable over the retirees' lives in the form of a monthly annuity. A member may elect an the maximum benefit (unreduced benefit which ceases upon the member's death) or any of six other options at retirement.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

See R.S. 11:2256(A) for additional details on retirement benefits.

Disability Benefits: A member who acquires a disability, and who files for disability benefits while in service, and who upon medical examination and certification as provided for in Title 11, is found to have a total disability solely as the result of injuries sustained in the performance of his official duties, or for any cause, provided the member has at least five years of creditable service and provided that the disability was incurred while the member was an active contributing member in active service, shall be entitled to disability benefits under the provisions of R.S. 11:2258(B).

Death Benefits: Benefits shall be payable to the surviving eligible spouse or designated beneficiary of a deceased member as specified in R.S. 11:2256(B) & (C).

Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP): After completing 20 years of creditable service and attaining the age of 50 years, or 25 years at any age, a member may elect to participate in the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) for up to 36 months.

Upon commencement of participation in DROP, employer and employee contributions to FFRS cease. The monthly retirement benefit that would have been payable is paid into the member's DROP account. Upon termination of employment, a participant in the program has several options to receive their DROP benefit. A member may (1) elect to roll over all or a portion of their DROP balance into another eligible qualified plan, (2) receive a lump-sum payment from the account, (3) receive single withdrawals at the discretion of the member, (4) receive monthly or annual withdrawals, or (5) receive an annuity based on the DROP account balance. These withdrawals are in addition to the member's regular monthly benefit.

If employment is not terminated at the end of the 36 months, the participant resumes regular contributions to FFRS. No withdrawals may be made from the DROP account until the participant retires.

Initial Benefit Option Plan: Effective June 16, 1999, members eligible to retire and who do not choose to participate in DROP may elect to receive, at the time of retirement, an initial benefit option (IBO) in an amount up to 36 months of benefits, with an actuarial reduction of their future benefits. Such amounts may be withdrawn or remain in the IBO account earning interest at the same rate as the DROP account.

Cost of Living Adjustments (COLAs): Under the provisions of R.S. 11:246 and 11:2260(A)(7), the board of trustees is authorized to grant retired members and widows of members who have retired an annual cost of living increase of up to 3% of their current benefit, and all retired members and widows who are 65 years of age and older a 2% increase in their original benefit. In order for the board to grant either of these increases, FFRS must meet certain criteria detailed in the statute related to funding status and interest earnings (R.S. 11:243). In lieu of these COLAs, pursuant to R.S. 11:241, the board may also grant an increase based on a formula equal to up to \$1 times the total number of years of credited service accrued at retirement or at death of the member or retiree plus the number of years since retirement or since death of the member or retiree to the system's fiscal year end preceding the payment of the benefit increase. If there are not sufficient funds to fund the benefit at the rate of one dollar per year for such total number of years, then the rate shall be reduced in proportion to the amount of funds that are available to fund the cost-of living adjustment.

Contributions: Contribution requirements for employers, non-employer contributing entities, and employees are established and may be amended in accordance with Title 11 and Title 22 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Employer Contributions: According to state statute, employer contributions are actuarially-determined each year. For the year ended June 30, 2023, employer and employee contribution rates for members above the poverty line were 33.25% and 10.00%, respectively. The employer and employee contribution rates for those members below the poverty line were 35.25% and 8.00%, respectively.

Non-Employer Contributions: According to state statute, FFRS receives insurance premium assessments from the state of Louisiana. The assessment is considered support from a non-employer contribution entity and appropriated by the legislature each year based on an actuarial study. Non-employer contributions were recognized as revenue during the year ended June 30, 2023 and were excluded from pension expense.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources: At September 30, 2023, The Town reported liabilities in its government-wide financial statements of \$106,635 in its governmental activities for its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities of FFRS. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension obligation was determined by separate actuarial valuations performed on each of the retirement systems as of that date. Under each retirement system, the Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the Town's proportional share of FFRS was 0.016338%, which was an decrease of 0.000522% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended September 30, 2023, the Town recognized a pension expense of \$20,642 in its governmental activities related to its participation in FFRS.

At September 30, 2023, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Governmental Activities			ties	
	Deferred		D	Deferred	
	Outflows of		Inflows of		
	Re	esources	Re	sources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	3,329	\$	3,653	
Changes in Assumption		6,452		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		14,453		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,516		2,381	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		3,724			
	\$	29,474	\$	6,034	

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Deferred outflows of resources of \$3,724 resulting from the Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an adjustment to the net pension liability in the following fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	
2024	\$ 4,674
2025	2,276
2026	13,360
2027	(466)
2028	(201)
2029	 73
	\$ 19,716

Actuarial Assumptions: The net pension liability was measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position.

For each year, the actuary determines the reasonable range of the actuarial valuation interest rate, an expected long-term portfolio rate of return and standard deviation based upon the System's target asset allocation and a time horizon. These rates were based on an analysis of the System's portfolio along with expected long-term rates of return, standard deviations of return, and correlations between asset classes collected from several investment consulting firms in addition to the System's investment consultant, NEPC, L.L.C. Using these values and assuming that future portfolio returns are normally distributed, ten thousand trials of returns over the upcoming thirty years was performed. The results of these trials were organized into percentiles and a reasonable range equal to the 40th through 60th percentiles was set. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the reasonable range was set at 6.67% through 7.91% and the Board of Trustees elected to set the System's assumed rate of return at 6.90% for fiscal 2023.

The remaining actuarial assumptions utilized for this report for fiscal year 2023 are based on the results of an actuarial experience study completed September 24, 2020, for the period July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2019, unless otherwise specified in this report. Additional details are given in the actuary's complete 2020 Experience Report for the period July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2019 which can be obtained from the Firefighters' Retirement System website at www.ffret.com under the Finance tab, Actuarial Valuations section.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	Firefighters' Retirement System
Valuation Date	June 30, 2023
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial cost assumptions:	
Expected remaining service lives	7 years, closed period
Investment rate of return	6.90% per annum (net of investment expenses, including inflation)
Inflation rate	2.50% per annum
Projected salary increases	14.10% in the first two years of service and 5.20% with 3 or more years of service; includes inflation and merit increases
Cost of Living Adjustments (COLAs)	For the purpose of determining the present value of benefits, COLAs were deemed not to be substantively automatic and only those previously granted were included.

The investment rate of return was 6.9%, which was unchanged from the rate used as of June 30, 2022.

For the June 30, 2023 valuation, assumptions for mortality rates were based on the following:

- For active members, mortality was set equal to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Employees.
- For annuitants and beneficiaries, mortality was set equal to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Healthy Retirees.
- For disabled retirees, mortality was set equal to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Disabled Retirees.
- In all cases the base table was multiplied by 105% for males and 115% for females, each with full generational projection using the appropriate MP-2019 scale.

The long-term expected real rate of return is an important input into the actuary's determination of the reasonable range for the discount rate which is used in determining the total pension liability. The actuary's method incorporates information from multiple consultants and investments firms regarding future expected rates of return, variances, and correlation coefficients for each asset class. The process integrates data from multiple sources to produce average values thereby reducing reliance on a single data source.

The June 30, 2023, estimated long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by the System's actuary using the System's target asset allocation as of January 2023 and the Curran Actuarial Consulting Average study for 2023. The Consultant Average Study included projected nominal rates of return, standard deviations of returns, and correlations of returns for a list of common asset classes collected from several investment consultants and investment management firms. Each consultant's response included nominal expected long term rates of return. In order to arrive at long term expected arithmetic real rates of return, the actuary normalized the data received from the consultant's responses in the following ways. Where nominal returns received were arithmetic, the actuary simply reduced the return

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

assumption by the long term inflation assumption. Where nominal returns were geometric, the actuary converted the return to arithmetic by adjusting for the long term standard deviation and then reduced the assumption by the long term inflation assumption. Using the target asset allocation for the System and the average values for expected real rates of return, standard deviation of returns, and correlation of returns, an arithmetic expected nominal rate of return and standard deviation for the portfolio was determined. Subsequent to the actuary's calculation of the long-term expected real rate of return in January 2023, the Board voted to amend the target asset allocation. These changes include an increase to target weight in U.S. public equity, a decrease to emerging market equity, and the inclusion of a target weight in multisector fixed income to further diversify fixed income exposures. The changes to the target asset allocation are reflected in the table below. The System's long-term assumed rate of inflation of 2.50% was used in this process for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2023, are summarized in the following tables:

		Long-Term
	Target Asset	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rates of Return
Equity:		
U.S. Equity	29.5%	6.24%
Non-U.S. Equity	11.5%	6.49%
Global Equity	10.0%	6.49%
Emerging Market Equity	5.0%	8.37%
Fixed Income:		
U.S. Core Fixed Income	20.0%	1.89%
U.S. TIPS	2.0%	1.72%
Emerging Market Debt	2.0%	4.30%
Multisector Fixed Income	2.0%	***
Multi-Asset Strategies:		
Global Tactical Asset Allocation	0.0%	4.02%
Risk Parity	0.0%	0.00%
Alternatives:		
Private Equity	9.0%	9.57%
Real Estate	6.0%	4.41%
Real Assets	<u>3.0%</u>	5.62%
	100.0%	

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Multisector Fixed Income was added to the target asset allocation policy subsequent to the actuary's calculation of the 2023 long-term expected real rate of return.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.9%, which was unchanged from the rate used as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates, and that contributions from participating employers and non-employer contributing entities will be made at the actuarially-determined rates approved by the Board of Trustees and by the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Based on these assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity to Changes in Discount Rate: The following presents the net pension liability of the participating employers calculated using the discount rate of 6.9%, as well as what the employers' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate as of June 30, 2023.

Changes in Discount Rate:
Firefighters' Retirement System

	Therighters Rethement System					
	1% Decrease	1% Increase				
	5.9%	Rate	7.9%			
Net Pension Liability	\$ 164,506	\$ 106,635	\$ 58,368			

Support of Non-Employer Contributing Entities: Contributions received by a pension plan from non-employer contributing entities that are not in a special funding situation are recorded as revenue by the respective pension plan. The Town recognizes revenue in an amount equal to its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension plan from these non-employer contributing entities. During the year ended September 30, 2023, the Town recognized revenue as a result of support received from the non-employer contributing entities of \$4,784 for its participation in FFRS.

Payables to the Pension Plan: The Town recorded accrued liabilities to FFRS for the year ended September 30, 2023 primarily due to the accrual for payroll at the end of the fiscal year. The amounts due are included in the general fund statement liabilities under the amounts reported as accrued liabilities. The balance due to FFRS as of September 30, 2023 is \$1,862.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Positions: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report for the System available at www.lafirefightersret.com.

D. Aggregate Net Pension Liability, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Pension Expense

As detailed above, the Town participates in three separate defined benefit pension plans. The aggregate amounts for the Town's participation in Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS), Municipal and State Police Retirement System of Louisiana (MPERS), and Firefighters' Retirement System (FFRS) are as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

	Employer's Prop	portionate Shar	re of Net Per	sion Liability:
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		MERS	<b>MPERS</b>		FFRS	Aggregate
Governmental Activities	\$	1,781,671	\$ 2,123,326	\$	106,635	\$ 4,011,632
Business-type Activities		587,985	<u>-</u>	_	<u> </u>	587,985
Total	\$	2,369,656	\$ 2,123,326	\$	106,635	\$ 4,599,617
Deferred Outflows of Resou	rces:					

	 MERS	 MPERS	_	FFRS	A	ggregate
Governmental Activities	\$ 384,037	\$ 516,977		\$ 29,474	\$	930,488
Business-type Activities	 127,262	 <u>-</u>		 		127,262
Total	\$ 511,299	\$ 516,977		\$ 29,474	\$	1,057,750

#### Deferred Inflows of Resources:

	]	MERS	M	PERS	I	FFRS	_A	ggregate
Governmental Activities	\$	12,872	\$	890	\$	6,034	\$	19,796
Business-type Activities		9,428		<u>-</u>				9,428
Total	\$	22,300	\$	890	\$	6,034	\$	29,224

#### Pension Expense:

	MERS	1	MPERS	 FFRS	_ A	ggregate
Governmental Activities	\$ 331,364	\$	405,652	\$ 20,642	\$	757,658
Business-type Activities	94,715		_	 		94,715
Total	\$ 426,079	\$	405,652	\$ 20,642	\$	852,373

#### (14) Post-Employment Benefits

Effective with the fiscal year beginning October 1, 2017, the Town implemented Government Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (GASB 75).

#### Plan description

The Town participates in a single-employer defined benefit plan, administered by the Town, and has elected to make available health benefits to all eligible retirees who retire from the Town on or after December 31, 1997. Retirees are considered eligible if they meet the retirement eligibility requirements of the Municipal Retirement System of Louisiana.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

#### Benefits provided

Under the post-employment benefit package, retirees may continue group health insurance coverage through the Town's group policy at the retiree's own expense. Once the retiree becomes eligible to obtain Medicare supplement insurance, the Town will pay the premium for the Medicare supplement insurance policy up to a maximum of \$250 per month. Any Medicare supplement premium costs above \$250 must be paid by the retiree. The premium rates are established and may be amended by the group health insurance carrier with the Town determining the contribution requirements of the retirees. The Town will provide benefits to the retiree only and no coverage will be provided to dependents of the retiree. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

#### Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At September 30, 2023, there were a total of 45 employees covered by the benefit terms. Of these 45 employees, 39 were active employees, 4 were inactive (retired) employees currently receiving benefits payments and 2 were inactive (retired) employees who are not currently receiving benefits as they do not currently meet eligibility requirements.

The Town's total OPEB liability of \$451,635 was measured as of September 30, 2023 and was determined by the alterative measurement method in place of actuarial valuation. Small employers with less than 100 total plan participants are eligible to use the alternative measurement method.

#### Key Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability as of September 30, 2023 was determine using the following key assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Salary Increases, including inflation: 3.00% Discount Rate: 4.63%

Health Care Cost Trend Rates:

Medicare Supplement: Initially 4.7%, decreasing 0.1% in years 2-8, then remaining unchanged through year 10.

The discount rate was based on the September 30, 2023 Fidelity General Obligation AA 20-Year Yield.

Mortality rates for active employees were based on the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables, with mortality improvement projected for 10 years.

The cost trend numbers used in the analysis were developed consistent with the Getzen model promulgated by the Society of Actuaries for use in long-term trend projection which provide for the change in assumptions/inputs.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

#### Changes in Total OPEB Liability:

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at 9/30/2022	\$ 439,692
Charges for the year:	
Service cost	12,151
Interest	19,643
Effect of economic/demographic gains or loses	1,800
Effect of changes in assumptions/inputs	(10,733)
Benefit payments	(10,918)
Net changes	11,943
Balance at 9/30/2023	\$ 451,635

During the year ended September 30, 2023, the Town incurred costs totaling \$10,918 related to providing OPEB benefits, which is expensed as incurred. OPEB expense recognized by the Town for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023 is \$22,861.

Sensitivity to the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(3.63%)	(4.63%)	(5.63%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 501,342	\$ 451,635	\$ 409,184

Sensitivity to the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trends

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 449,832	\$ 451,635	\$ 453,427

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

#### (15) On-Behalf Payments of Salaries

During the year ended September 30, 2023, the State of Louisiana paid the Town's policemen and firemen \$91,660 and \$1,800, respectively, of supplemental pay, which is included in the accompanying financial statements as intergovernmental revenues and public safety expenses/expenditures.

#### (16) <u>Long-Term Contract</u>

The Town entered into a water storage tanks maintenance contract for two water towers in 2002, and the contract remains effective through the year 2062 unless terminated. The annual fee is adjusted every subsequent three years to reflect current cost of services by the company subject to adjustments, either up or down, to be limited to a maximum of 5% annually.

#### (17) <u>Compensation of Town Officials</u>

A detail of compensation paid to the Mayor and Town Council for the year ended September 30, 2023 follows:

Mayor:	
Duval Arthur, Jr.	36,000
Council:	
Colleen Askew	6,000
Kevin Hebert	6,000
Lud Henry	6,000
Raymond Price	6,000
James Richard	6,000
	\$ 66,000

Act 706 of the 2014 Legislative Session amended RS 24:513A requiring additional disclosure of total compensation, reimbursements, benefits, or other payments made to a political subdivision head. For the year ended September 30, 2023, payments made to Mayor Duval Arthur, Jr. requiring disclosure are as follows:

Salary	\$	36,000
Car allowance		1,800
Benefits-retirement		10,620
Travel and other reimbursements		4,834
	<u>\$</u>	53,254

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

#### (18) Joint Ventures

Berwick/Bayou Vista Joint Waterworks District -

The Town is a member of a joint venture with the St. Mary Parish Government for the construction, maintenance, and operation of a water plant which supplies water to the Town and the unincorporated community of Bayou Vista for distribution to their residents. Each participant has a 50% interest in the venture. The cost of constructing the plant was borne by the Town and the St. Mary Parish Government, and they have appointed a board to operate and maintain the plant. The Town has included its share of the joint venture in these financial statements in the proprietary fund type accounts using the equity method of accounting.

The Town's water purchases from the joint venture approximated \$344,889 during the year ended September 30, 2023. In addition, a total of \$34,126 was paid to the joint venture to be accumulated in the repairs and replacement fund in accordance with the intergovernmental agreement. At September 30, 2023, \$32,854 is payable to the joint venture.

#### St. Mary Parish Wards 5 and 8 Joint Sewerage Commission -

The Town is a member of a joint venture with the Parish of St. Mary, Water and Sewer Commission No. 2 of the Parish of St. Mary, and the City of Patterson for operating and maintaining a sewerage disposal system. The system is operated by a five-member board of commissioners, appointed one each by the Town, Water and Sewer Commission No. 2 and the City of Patterson, and two appointed by the St. Mary Parish Council (one each from Wards 5 and 8 of the parish). The costs of constructing the system, which amounted to approximately \$10,300,000, were paid by the participants in the following percentages:

Town of Berwick	27.05%
City of Patterson	27.75%
St. Mary Parish	<u>45.20%</u>
Total	100.00%

The board operates and maintains the system as the "St. Mary Parish Wards 5 and 8 Joint Sewerage Commission". Operating expenses are paid from revenues generated by charging the participants a monthly fee based on a percentage of water consumption by residents of participating units. The Town finances its share of the fees paid from a governmental type (Special Revenue) fund and has not included its 27.05% share of the system in these financial statements.

Following is a summary of the financial statements issued by the St. Mary Parish Wards 5 and 8 Joint Sewerage Commission as of September 30, 2022 which includes only the assets and liabilities required in operating and maintaining the system and does not include the original \$10,300,000 construction cost paid by the participants.

The balance sheet reflected the following:

Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	1,624,093
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	_	(123,273)
Total net assets	\$	1,500,820

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

The statement of revenues and expenses for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 reflected the following:

Operating revenues	\$ 918,713
Non-operating revenues	3,386
Operating expenses	(1,072,223)
Non-operating expenses	(20,000)
Change in net position	\$ (170,124)

During the year ended September 30, 2023, sewer treatment fees assessed by the joint venture approximated \$366,911. At September 30, 2023, \$29,980 is payable to the joint venture.

Additional information may be obtained from the separately issued financial statements of the Berwick/Bayou Vista Joint Waterworks District and Wards 5 and 8 Joint Sewerage Commission as made publicly available on the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's website.

#### (19) New Accounting Pronouncements Scheduled to be Implemented

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following pronouncements:

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The standard is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023. The effect of implementation on the Town's financial statements has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This standard is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023. The effect of implementation on the Town's financial statements has not yet been determined.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Taxes: Ad valorem Drainage Sales TV cable franchise fees Utility franchise fees Tobacco and beer	\$ 465,750 78,000 500,000 25,000 235,000 2,000 1,305,750	\$ 465,750 78,000 500,000 25,000 235,000 2,000 1,305,750	\$ 470,143 79,289 545,135 15,956 213,227 1,718 1,325,468	\$ 4,393 1,289 45,135 (9,044) (21,773) (282) 19,718
Licenses and permits: Occupational licenses Permits	245,000 10,000 255,000	245,000 10,000 255,000	247,782 13,161 260,943	2,782 3,161 5,943
Intergovernmental: Federal Government State of Louisiana St. Mary Parish Council	231,300	231,300	822,890 313,386 45,980 1,182,256	822,890 82,086 45,980 950,956
Fees, Commissions, and Charges for Services: Wharf leases Payments in lieu of taxes Cemetery plot and mausoleum sales Mosquito abatement Witness fees Prison meals Property rentals	40,000 20,000 50,000 1,000 30,000 15,000 156,000	40,000 20,000 50,000 1,000 30,000 15,000 156,000	50,764 31,788 4,000 48,866 30,976 16,060 182,454	10,764 31,788 (16,000) (1,134) (1,000) 976 1,060 26,454
Fines and forfeits	88,500	88,500	150,045	61,545
Interest	5,000	5,000	35,091	30,091
Miscellaneous	80,000	80,000	121,860	41,860
Total revenues	2,121,550	2,121,550	3,258,117	1,136,567
				(continued)

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule (continued) General Fund Year Ended September 30, 2023

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budgete	ed Amounts	Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Expenditures:				
General Government -				
Administrative salaries	\$ 407,536	\$ 407,536	\$ 409,738	\$ (2,202)
Payroll taxes	10,171	10,171	10,006	165
Retirement	106,063	106,063	129,132	(23,069)
Health insurance	77,250	77,250	78,547	(1,297)
Workers' compensation insurance	3,571	3,571	2,126	1,445
Office maintenance and operations	72,500	72,500	126,122	(53,622)
Dues and subscriptions	4,000	4,000	4,274	(274)
Publications and notices	10,000	10,000	8,648	1,352
Legal and accounting	100,500	175,500	184,073	(8,573)
Town hall maintenance and supplies	50,000	50,000	77,795	(27,795)
Cost of preparing tax rolls	4,500	4,500	4,645	(145)
Magistrate fees	6,000	6,000	6,000	-
Liability and property insurance	150,000	150,000	163,049	(13,049)
Autopsy fees	5,000	5,000	3,750	1,250
Other charges	132,000	132,000	137,864	(5,864)
Total general government	1,139,091	1,214,091	1,345,769	(131,678)
Public Safety -				
Fire:				
Salaries	50,446	50,446	48,500	1,946
Payroll taxes	1,132	1,132	761	371
F/D retirement fund	15,338	15,338	16,219	(881)
Health insurance	7,431	7,431	8,333	(902)
Workers' compensation insurance	3,899	3,899	3,210	689
Telephone	6,000	6,000	10,064	(4,064)
Power	5,000	5,000	8,089	(3,089)
Equipment maintenance	35,000	35,000	32,493	2,507
Supplies	10,000	10,000	46,428	(36,428)
Other charges	9,500	9,500	18,147	(8,647)
Total fire	143,746	143,746	192,244	(48,498)
				(continued)

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule (continued) General Fund Year Ended September 30, 2023

Year End	ded September 30,	2023		
				Variance with
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Police:				
Salaries	628,991	728,991	842,046	(113,055)
Payroll taxes	10,072	10,072	15,738	(5,666)
Police retirement fund	173,844	213,844	217,206	(3,362)
Health insurance	130,024	160,024	149,013	11,011
Workers' compensation insurance	25,352	25,352	32,806	(7,454)
Automobile expenses	55,000	55,000	64,868	(9,868)
Supplies	22,000	22,000	40,023	(18,023)
Uniforms	1,000	1,000	8,802	(7,802)
Radio maintenance	5,000	5,000	2,100	2,900
Telephone	10,000	10,000	12,982	(2,982)
Prisoner expenses	10,000	10,000	12,470	(2,470)
Other charges	8,000	8,000	20,678	(12,678)
Total police	1,079,283	1,249,283	1,418,732	(169,449)
Total public safety	1,223,029	1,393,029	1,610,976	(217,947)
Public works -				
Streets:				
Salaries	129,359	129,359	164,404	(35,045)
Payroll taxes	2,135	2,135	2,839	(704)
Retirement	37,276	37,276	44,965	(7,689)
Health insurance	29,691	54,691	51,885	2,806
Workers' compensation insurance	9,314	9,314	9,705	(391)
Equipment maintenance	40,000	40,000	27,189	12,811
Power	100,000	130,000	124,834	5,166
Materials and repairs	140,000	140,000	119,016	20,984
Other charges	3,000	3,000	1,793	1,207
Total streets	490,775	545,775	546,630	(855)
Drainage:				
Salaries	48,097	48,097	48,648	(551)
Payroll taxes	793	793	771	22
Retirement	13,746	13,746	13,540	206
Health insurance	7,431	7,431	8,004	(573)
Workers' compensation insurance	3,314	3,314	2,760	554
Maintenance and repairs	35,500	35,500	11,216	24,284
Power	7,500	7,500	5,120	2,380
Other charges	1,000	1,000	198	802
Total drainage	117,381	117,381	90,257	27,124
Cemetery:				
Maintenance	35,000	35,000	44,592	(9,592)
Total public works	643,156	698,156	681,479	16,677
				(continued)

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule (continued) General Fund Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Dudgete	d Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	d Amounts Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Culture and Recreation -				
Salaries	198,743	198,743	166,543	32,200
Payroll taxes	5,940	5,940	2,761	3,179
Retirement	44,493	44,493	45,704	(1,211)
Health insurance	70,498	70,498	55,177	15,321
Workers' compensation insurance	8,367	8,367	5,738	2,629
Maintenance and repairs	104,500	104,500	237,871	(133,371)
Utilities	26,500	26,500	36,621	(10,121)
Miscellaneous	9,250	9,250	35,517	(26,267)
Total culture and recreation	468,291	468,291	585,932	(117,641)
Supporting Services -				
Mosquito abatement	5,000	5,000	4,909	91
Rabies control	3,000	3,000	1,598	1,402
Total supporting services	8,000	8,000	6,507	1,493
Capital Outlay -				
Administration	_	525,000	330,892	194,108
Police	12,841	122,841	108,246	14,595
Fire	,- · · -	250,000	128,505	121,495
Streets	_	-	266,081	(266,081)
Culture and recreation	_	632,500	145,882	486,618
Total capital outlay	12,841	1,530,341	979,606	550,735
	2 404 400	7.211.000	5.010.060	101 (20
Total expenditures	3,494,408	5,311,908	5,210,269	101,639
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(1,372,858)	(3,190,358)	(1,952,152)	1,238,206
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	1,320,000	1,820,000	1,831,980	11,980
Transfers out		<del>_</del>	(81,215)	(81,215)
Total other financing sources	1,320,000	1,820,000	1,750,765	(69,235)
Net change in fund balance	(52,858)	(1,370,358)	(201,387)	1,168,971
Fund balance, beginning	1,658,265	1,658,265	1,658,265	
Fund balance, ending	\$1,605,407	\$ 287,907	\$ 1,456,878	\$ 1,168,971

 $See \ independent \ auditor's \ report \ and \ notes \ to \ required \ supplementary \ information.$ 

Budgetary Comparison Schedule 1% Sales Tax Fund Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes - sales taxes	\$ 750,000	\$ 750,000	\$ 857,085	\$ 107,085
Interest earned	2,000	2,000	13,241	11,241
Total revenues	752,000	752,000	870,326	118,326
Other financing uses:				
Operating transfer out	(650,000)	(850,000)	(850,000)	
Net change in fund balance	102,000	(98,000)	20,326	118,326
Fund balance, beginning	1,096,266	1,096,266	1,096,266	
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ 1,198,266</u>	\$ 998,266	\$ 1,116,592	<u>\$ 118,326</u>

See independent auditor's report and notes to required supplementary information.

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule 3/4% Sales Tax Liquid and Solid Waste Fund Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Budgeted		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes - sales tax	\$ 700,000	\$ 700,000	\$ 816,414	\$ 116,414
Sewer service charges	563,712	563,712	611,539	47,827
Sanitation service charges	421,200	421,200	462,837	41,637
Interest earned	3,000	3,000	17,314	14,314
Total revenues	1,687,912	1,687,912	1,908,104	220,192
Expenditures:				
Sanitation -				
Salaries	131,283	191,283	196,983	(5,700)
Payroll taxes	2,732	2,732	3,060	(328)
Municipal retirement	34,563	54,563	55,879	(1,316)
Health insurance	28,543	53,543	54,828	(1,285)
Workers' compensation insurance	7,229	7,229	9,043	(1,814)
Waste disposal fees	447,186	497,186	452,136	45,050
Maintenance	60,000	70,000	81,839	(11,839)
Other charges	7,500	7,500	6,591	909
Sewer treatment fees	290,823	340,823	376,911	(36,088)
Power	25,000	25,000	29,667	(4,667)
Capital outlay	27,161	327,161	107,542	219,619
Total expenditures	1,062,020	1,577,020	1,374,479	202,541
Excess of revenues over				
expenditures	625,892	110,892	533,625	422,733
Other financing sources (uses):				
Operating transfers in	_	_	26,746	26,746
Operating transfers out	(450,000)	(750,000)	(750,000)	´ <b>-</b>
Total other financing uses	(450,000)	(750,000)	(723,254)	26,746
Net change in fund balance	175,892	(639,108)	(189,629)	449,479
Fund balance, beginning	1,215,323	1,215,323	1,215,323	
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ 1,391,215</u>	\$ 576,215	<u>\$ 1,025,694</u>	<u>\$ 449,479</u>

See independent auditor's report and notes to required supplementary information.

## Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Employer	Employer		Employer's	
	Proportion	Proportionate		Proportionate Share	Plan Fiduciary
Plan	of the	Share of the		of the Net Pension	Net Position
Year	Net Pension	Net Pension		Liability (Asset) as a	as a Percentage
ended	Liability	Liability	Covered	Percentage of its	of the Total
June 30,	(Asset)	(Asset)	Payroll	Covered Payroll	Pension Liability
Municipal Employees'	Retirement Systen	1			
2015	0.677640%	2,420,636	1,093,093	221.4%	66.18%
2016	0.645779%	2,646,861	1,153,584	229.4%	62.11%
2017	0.621710%	2,600,875	1,131,114	229.9%	62.49%
2018	0.554186%	2,294,706	1,011,787	226.8%	63.94%
2019	0.552172%	2,307,341	1,041,503	221.5%	64.68%
2020	0.567548%	2,453,742	1,084,769	226.2%	64.52%
2021	0.555455%	1,545,000	1,099,890	140.5%	77.82%
2022	0.609368%	2,530,848	1,167,881	216.7%	67.87%
2023	0.648357%	2,369,656	1,303,117	181.8%	72.46%
Municipal Police Empl	oyees' Retirement	System			
2015	0.136493%	1,069,280	353,157	302.8%	70.73%
2016	0.166519%	1,560,752	463,980	336.4%	66.04%
2017	0.169168%	1,476,908	505,017	292.4%	70.08%
2018	0.178817%	1,511,730	527,714	286.5%	71.89%
2019	0.164280%	1,491,938	513,030	290.8%	71.01%
2020	0.188368%	1,740,959	579,063	300.7%	70.94%
2021	0.193635%	1,032,180	590,745	174.7%	84.09%
2022	0.196112%	2,004,615	603,405	332.2%	70.80%
2023	0.200978%	2,123,326	680,841	311.9%	71.30%
Firefighters' Retirement	t System				
2015	0.017434%	94,093	34,738	270.9%	72.45%
2016	0.017297%	113,138	39,000	290.1%	68.16%
2017	0.016382%	93,899	38,250	245.5%	73.55%
2018	0.016381%	94,225	39,000	241.6%	74.76%
2019	0.016447%	102,990	39,750	259.1%	73.96%
2020	0.016449%	114,017	40,950	278.4%	72.61%
2021	0.016815%	59,590	42,176	141.3%	86.78%
2022	0.016860%	118,885	43,436	273.7%	74.68%
2023	0.016338%	106,635	43,860	243.1%	77.69%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. See independent auditor's report and notes to required supplementary information.

## Schedule of Employer Pension Contributions Year Ended September 30, 2023

Fiscal Year ended September 30,	F	ntractually Required ontribution	R C 1	tributions in elation to ontractual Required ontribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
Municipal Employees' Re	tiren	nent System						
2015	\$	232,692	\$	232,692	-	\$	1,178,189	19.75%
2016	\$	239,634	\$	239,634	-		1,166,611	20.54%
2017	\$	256,863	\$	256,863	-		1,131,114	22.71%
2018	\$	254,740	\$	254,740	-		1,015,989	25.07%
2019	\$	274,610	\$	274,610	-		1,037,212	26.48%
2020	\$	305,479	\$	305,479	-		1,083,144	28.20%
2021	\$	331,427	\$	331,427	-	\$	1,123,480	29.50%
2022	\$	350,211	\$	350,211	-	\$	1,187,157	29.50%
2023	\$	374,450	\$	374,450	_	\$	1,269,322	29.50%
Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System								
2015	\$	113,967	\$	113,967	_	\$	367,932	30.98%
2016	\$	154,787	\$	154,787	_	\$	511,734	30.25%
2017	\$	160,344	\$	160,344	_	\$	505,017	31.75%
2018	\$	166,147	\$	166,147	_	\$	533,323	31.15%
2019	\$	167,049	\$	167,049	_	\$	516,842	32.32%
2020	\$	191,195	\$	191,195	_	\$	582,500	32.82%
2021	\$	196,824	\$	196,824	_	\$	602,405	32.67%
2021	\$	181,271	\$	181,271		\$	601,245	30.15%
					-			
2023	\$	215,915	\$	215,915	-	\$	677,512	31.87%
Firefighters' Retirement S	yster							
2015	\$	10,920	\$	10,920	-	\$	38,018	28.72%
2016	\$	10,826	\$	10,826	-	\$	40,500	26.73%
2017	\$	9,662	\$	9,662	-	\$	38,250	25.26%
2018	\$	10,335	\$	10,335	-	\$	39,000	26.50%
2019	\$	10,762	\$	10,762	-	\$	40,100	26.84%
2020	\$	11,965	\$	11,965	-	\$	41,300	28.97%
2021	\$	13,883	\$	13,883	-	\$	42,512	32.66%
2022	\$	14,716	\$	14,716	-	\$	43,779	33.61%
2023	\$	16,220	\$	16,220	-	\$	48,781	33.25%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. See independent auditor's report and notes to required supplementary information.

## Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Year Ended September 30, 2023

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability						
Service cost	12,151	\$ 18,313	\$ 15,976	\$ 15,976	\$ 15,255	\$ 23,092
Interest	19,643	12,154	12,280	11,752	14,505	16,747
Effect of economic/demographic gains/loses	1,800	(1,875)	7,805	40,297	(23,508)	(112,082)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(10,733)	(121,481)	13,810	19,551	47,978	(13,389)
Benefits payments	(10,918)	(8,132)	(5,400)	(5,400)	(7,200)	(5,400)
Net change in total OPEB liability	11,943	(101,021)	44,471	82,176	47,030	(91,032)
Total OPEB liability, beginning	439,692	540,713	496,242	414,066	367,036	458,068
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$ 451,635	\$ 439,692	\$ 540,713	\$ 496,242	\$ 414,066	\$ 367,036
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,995,615	\$ 1,832,181	\$ 1,768,397	\$ 1,706,945	\$ 1,594,153	\$ 1,642,461
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	22.63%	24.00%	30.58%	29.07%	<u>25.97</u> %	22.35%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. See independent auditor's report and notes to required supplementary information.

#### Notes to Required Supplementary Information Year Ended September 30, 2023

#### (1) Basis of Accounting

The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as finally amended by the Mayor and the Town Council.

#### (2) Budgets and Budgetary Reporting

The Town follows these procedures in establishing budgetary data:

- 1. The Town's chief administrative officer prepares a proposed budget for the general and special revenue funds and submits them to the Mayor and Town Council.
- 2. A summary of the proposed budget is published and the public notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- 3. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for the hearing.
- 4. After holding the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is adopted through passage of a resolution prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- 5. Budgetary amendments involving the transfers of funds from one department, program, or function to another or involving increases in expenditures resulting from revenues exceeding amounts estimated require the approval of the Town Council.
- 6. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

#### (3) Retirement Systems

Municipal Employees' Retirement System

Changes of benefit terms – There were no changes of benefit terms.

## Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued) Year Ended September 30, 2023

Changes of assumptions –

## Municipal Employees' Retirement System

Plan	Investment		Expected	Projected	
Year ended	Discount	Rate	Inflation	Remaining	Salary
June 30,	Rate	of Return	Rate	Service Lives	Increase
2015	7.500%	7.500%	2.875%	3	5%
2016	7.500%	7.500%	2.875%	3	5%
2017	7.400%	7.400%	2.775%	3	5%
2018	7.275%	7.275%	2.600%	3	5%
2019	7.000%	7.000%	2.500%	3	4.5% - 6.5%
2020	6.950%	6.950%	2.500%	3	4.5% - 6.5%
2021	6.850%	6.850%	2.500%	3	4.5% - 6.4%
2022	6.850%	6.850%	2.500%	3	4.5% - 6.4%
2023	6.850%	6.850%	2.500%	3	4.5% - 6.4%

## Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System

Changes of benefit terms – There were no changes of benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions –

## Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System

	Plan	Investment		Expected	Projected	
	Year ended	Discount	Rate	Inflation	Remaining	Salary
_	June 30,	Rate	of Return	Rate	Service Lives	Increase
_	2015	7.500%	7.500%	2.875%	4	4.25% - 9.75%
	2016	7.500%	7.500%	2.875%	4	4.25% - 9.75%
	2017	7.325%	7.325%	2.700%	4	4.25% - 9.75%
	2018	7.200%	7.200%	2.600%	4	4.25% - 9.75%
	2019	7.125%	7.125%	2.500%	4	4.25% - 9.75%
	2020	6.950%	6.950%	2.500%	4	4.70% - 12.30%
	2021	6.750%	6.750%	2.500%	4	4.70% - 12.30%
	2022	6.750%	6.750%	2.500%	4	4.70% - 12.30%
	2023	6.750%	6.750%	2.500%	4	4.70% - 12.30%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued) Year Ended September 30, 2023

#### Firefighters' Retirement System

Changes of benefit terms – There were no changes of benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions –

Firefighters' Retirement System

Thenghold Rethement System					
Plan	Investment		Expected	Projected	
Year ended	Discount	Rate	Inflation	Remaining	Salary
June 30,	Rate	of Return	Rate	Service Lives	Increase
2015	7.500%	7.500%	2.875%	7	4.75% - 15.00%
2016	7.500%	7.500%	2.875%	7	4.75% - 15.00%
2017	7.400%	7.400%	2.775%	7	4.75% - 15.00%
2018	7.300%	7.300%	2.700%	7	4.75% - 15.00%
2019	7.150%	7.150%	2.500%	7	4.50% - 14.75%
2020	7.000%	7.000%	2.500%	7	5.20% - 14.10%
2021	6.900%	6.900%	2.500%	7	5.20% - 14.10%
2022	6.900%	6.900%	2.500%	7	5.20% - 14.10%
2023	6.900%	6.900%	2.500%	7	5.20% - 14.10%

### (4) Other Postemployment Benefits

Changes in Benefit Terms- None

Changes in Assumptions- Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

Period	Discount Rate
2018	3.83%
2019	2.75%
2020	2.41%
2021	2.19%
2022	4.40%
2023	4.63%

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

# TOWN OF BERWICK, LOUISIANA

# Justice System Funding Schedule- Collecting and Disbursing Year Ended September 30, 2023

	First Six Month Period Ended 3/31/2023	Second Six Month Period Ended 09/30/2023	
Beginning Balance of Amounts Collected	\$ 1,171	\$ 5,361	
Add: Collections			
Bond Fees	4,875	5,330	
Criminal Fines - Other	74,205	109,693	
Service/Collection Fees	1,110	1,470	
Subtotal Collections	80,190	116,493	
Less: Disbursements To Governments and Nonprofits:			
Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement - Criminal Fines- Other	430	1,090	
LA Dept. of Health & Hospitals THI-SCI- Criminal Fines- Other	630	1,535	
Louisiana State Treasurer CMIS - Criminal Fines- Other	645	1,635	
Acadiana Criminalistics Laboratory Commission - Criminal Fines- Other	6,800	15,620	
Louisiana Supreme Court, Judicial Administrator- Criminal Fines - Other	108	271	
St. Mary Parish Sheriff's Office - Criminal Fines - Other	1,050	1,425	
St. Mary Parish Sheriff's Office - Bonds fees	3,135	4,595	
Less: Amounts Retained by Collecting Agency			
Collection Fee for Collecting/Disbursing to Others Based on Percentage of Collection	1,496	1,141	
Amounts "Self-Disbursed" to Collecting Agency- Criminal Fines - Other	61,706	89,740	
Subtotal Disbursements/Retainage	76,000	117,052	
Total: Ending Balance of Amounts Collected but not Disbursed/Retained	\$ 5,361	\$ 4,802	
Other Information:			
Total Waivers During the Fiscal Period	\$ 748	\$ 748	

See independent auditor's report.

# TOWN OF BERWICK

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended September 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through/ Entity Identifying Number	Provided to Subrecipients	Expenditures
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	N/A		513
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE TRANSPOR Passed through Louisiana Department of Public Safety  Highway Safety Cluster	TATION			
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	2023-35-36	-	2,385
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	2023-35-36		3,079 5,464
Passed through Louisiana Department of Transportation a Highway Planning and Construction Total United States Department of Transportation	and Developme 20.205	nt H.009748		178,754 184,218
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	LA1022		641,317
Total expenditures of federal awards			\$ -	\$ 826,048

See independent auditor's report and notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

#### TOWN OF BERWICK, LOUISIANA

# Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended September 30, 2023

# (1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal financial assistance programs of the Town. The Town's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2023. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Town, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the Town. The American Rescue Plan Act Funding Program from the U.S. Department Treasury, passed through the Louisiana Division of Administration was considered to be a major federal program of the Town.

#### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited to reimbursement. Pass-through identifying numbers are presented where available. The Town did not incur any indirect costs associated with federal awards. The Town has not elected to use the ten (10) percent de minimis indirect cost.

#### (3) Subrecipients

The Town provided no federal awards to subrecipients.

## (4) Donated PPE Purchased with Federal Assistance Funds for the COVID-19 Response

The Town did not receive donated PPE purchased with federal assistance funds for COVID-19 response.

OTHER INFORMATION

# TOWN OF BERWICK, LOUISIANA

# Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2023

		Special Levenue	Capital Projects		Permanent					
	Imp	Public provement intenance Fund	Gı	DBG rant und	Imp Con	et & Road rovement astruction Fund	M	Berwick Iemorial Setual Care Fund	Gov	Total onmajor vernmental Funds
ASSETS										
Cash	\$	392,414	\$	15	\$	9,910	\$	85,265	\$	487,604
Receivables:										
Taxes		627				_				627
Total assets	\$	393,041	\$	15	\$	9,910	\$	85,265	\$	488,231
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	52,235	\$	52,235
Restricted		393,041		15		9,910		33,030		435,996
Total fund balances	\$	393,041	\$	15	\$	9,910	\$	85,265	\$	488,231

See independent auditor's report.

# TOWN OF BERWICK, LOUISIANA

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Special Revenue	Capital Projects  Street & Road LCDBG Improvement Grant Construction Fund Fund		Permanent	
	Public Improvement Maintenance Fund			Berwick Memorial Perpetual Care Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 217,230	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 217,230
Interest Income	7,955		159	1,529	9,643
Total revenues	225,185		159	1,529	226,873
Other financing uses: Operating transfers out	(220,000)	<del>-</del>		(11,980)	(231,980)
Net change in fund balances	5,185	-	159	(10,451)	(5,107)
Fund balances, beginning	387,856	15	9,751	95,716	493,338
Fund balances, ending	\$ 393,041	<u>\$ 15</u>	\$ 9,910	\$ 85,265	\$ 488,231

See independent auditor's report.

INTERNAL CONTROL, COMPLIANCE, AND OTHER MATTERS

# **KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC**

**CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS** 

Brad E. Kolder, CPA, JD\* Robert S. Carter, CPA\* Arthur R. Mixon, CPA\* Stephen J. Anderson, CPA\* Matthew E. Margaglio, CPA\* Casey L. Ardoin, CPA, CFE\* Wanda F. Arcement, CPA Bryan K. Joubert, CPA Nicholas Fowlkes, CPA Deidre L. Stock, CPA

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Duval Arthur, Jr., Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Berwick, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Berwick, Louisiana (hereinafter "Town"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 22, 2024.

# Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Town's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified a deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2023-001, that we consider to be a material weakness.

# **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Morgan City, Louisiana March 22, 2024

# **KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC**

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Duval Arthur, Jr., Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Berwick, Louisiana

# Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We have audited The Town of Berwick's (hereinafter, "Town") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Town's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2023. The Town's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Town complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2023.

## Basis for Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Town and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

## Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Town's federal programs.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Town's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Town's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Town's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Town's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Morgan City, Louisiana March 22, 2024

# TOWN OF BERWICK, LOUISIANA

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2023

# Part I. Summary of Auditor's Results

1. Type of auditor's report issued on financial statements:			
,			Type of
Opinion Unit			Opinion
Governmental activities			Unmodified
Business-type activities			Unmodified
Major funds:			
General			Unmodified
1% Sales Tax			Unmodified
3/4 % Sales Tax			Unmodified
Gas Enterprise			Unmodified
Water Enterprise			Unmodified
Aggregate remaining fund information			Unmodified
2. Internal control over financial reporting:			
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes		_no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	✓	none reported
3. Noncompliance material to the financial statements?	yes	✓	_no
Federal Awards			
4. Internal control over the specified requirements:			
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	✓	no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	✓	none reported
5. Program and type of opinion issued:			
Assistance			
Listing			Type of
Number Name of Program			Opinion
21.027 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds			Unmodified
6. Audit findings required to be reported in accordance			
with 2 CFR § 200.516(a)	yes	✓	_no
7. Threshold for distinguishing type A and B programs?			\$ 750,000
8. Qualified as a low-risk auditee?	yes	✓	_no
<u>Other</u>			
9. Management letter issued?	yes		_no

## TOWN OF BERWICK, LOUISIANA

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (continued) Year Ended September 30, 2023

# Part II. Findings reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards

# A. Internal Control Finding-

2023-001 – Segregation of Duties

Year Initially Occurring: Unknown

CONDITION: Accounting and financial functions are not adequately segregated.

CRITERIA: Internal control is a process – effected by those charged with governance, management, and other personnel – designed to provide reasonable assurance about the achievement of objectives with regard to reliability of financial reporting, effectiveness and efficiency of operations, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations. The Town's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that pertain to the Town's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions embodied in financial statements.

CAUSE: The cause of the condition is the result of a failure to design and implement policies and procedures necessary to achieve adequate internal control.

EFFECT: Failure to adequately segregate accounting and financial functions increases the risk that errors and/or irregularities including fraud and/or defalcations may occur and not be prevented and/or detected.

RECOMMENDATION: Due to the size of the operation and the cost-benefit of additional personnel, it may not be feasible to achieve complete segregation of duties.

# B. Compliance Finding-

No findings are reported under this section.

# Part III. Findings and questioned costs reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance:

No findings are reported under this section.

# SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

APPENDIX A



# **TOWN OF BERWICK**

Phone: (985) 384-8858 • P. O. Box 486 • Fax: (985) 384-8873 Berwick, LA 70342 www.townofberwick.org

# Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

# Findings reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards:

## A. Internal Control

2022-001 – Segregation of Duties

CONDITION: Accounting and financial functions are not adequately segregated.

CURRENT STATUS: See schedule of findings and questioned costs item 2023-001.

# B. Compliance

No findings previously reported

C. Findings and questioned costs reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance

Not applicable in the prior year

# D. Management Letter

CONDITION: During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the Town recognized a significant gas loss of approximately 12%.

CURRENT STATUS: This condition has not been resolved.

# CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS

APPENDIX B



# **TOWN OF BERWICK**

Phone: (985) 384-8858 • P. O. Box 486 • Fax: (985) 384-8873 Berwick, LA 70342 www.townofberwick.org

March 20, 2024

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC 1201 David Dr. Morgan City, LA 70380

The following is in response to the finding resulting from the Town's audit for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023:

2023-001 - Segregation of Duties

Accounting and financial functions are not adequately segregated.

Management's Response

Corrective Action Plan: Due to the size of the operation and the cost-benefit of additional personnel, it may not be feasible to achieve complete segregation of duties. However, the Town has begun to evaluate policies and procedures and has implemented additional controls to address inadequate segregation of duties when feasible.

Name of contact person responsible for corrective action: Newell Slaughter, CAO

Anticipated completion date for the corrective action: N/A

Sincerely,

Newell W. Slaughter

CAO

# **KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC**

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#### MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Duval Arthur, Mayor Town of Berwick Berwick, Louisiana

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the Town of Berwick, Louisiana (hereinafter "Town"), in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control or on its compliance with provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control or on compliance.

During our audit we became aware of matters involving internal control or compliance that are summarized below for your consideration. Communication of the matters presents an opportunity for strengthening the Town's internal control or improving its compliance with laws, regulations, contracts, or grant agreements or other matters. Our opinions dated March 22, 2024 on the Town's financial statements are not affected by this matter. Our comments are not intended to reflect upon the ability or integrity of the Town's personnel.

# 2023-ML-1 Loss of Natural Gas Purchased

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, the Town recognized a significant gas loss of approximately 10-13%.

We recommend that management continue to monitor gas purchased compared to gas billed based on consumption. Management should also investigate the cause of the significant loss to reduce future gas loses and additional costs to the Town.

## 2023-ML-2 Written Policies and Procedures Related to Federal Awards

The requirements of 2 CFR 200, Subpart D – Post Federal Award Requirements and Subpart E – Cost Principes of the Uniform Guidance require specific written policies and procedures. The Town's written policies and procedures do not include all written policies and procedures required by the Uniform Guidance.

We recommend that the Town adopt written policies and procedures as required by the Uniform Guidance.

Town of Berwick Management Letter

Our audit procedures are designed primarily to enable us to form an opinion on the financial statements and therefore may not identify all weaknesses in policies and procedures or incidents of noncompliance that may exist. We aim, however, to use our knowledge of the Town's operations gained during our work to make comments and suggestions that we hope will be useful to you.

We will review the status of this comment during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed the comment and suggestion with various Town personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the Town's management and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to express our appreciation to you for the courtesies and assistance rendered to us in the performance of our audit. Should you have any questions or need additional assistance, please feel free to contact us.

Respectfully,

KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Morgan City, Louisiana March 22, 2024



# TOWN OF BERWICK

Phone: (985) 384-8858 • P. O. Box 486 • Fax: (985) 384-8873 Berwick, LA 70342 www.townofberwick.org

March 20, 2024

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC 1201 David Dr. Morgan City, LA 70380

The following is in response to the finding resulting from the Town's audit for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023:

## 2023-ML-1 Loss of Natural Gas Purchased

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, the Town recognized a significant gas loss of approximately 10-13%.

Corrective Action Plan: The Town concurs with the recommendation and will continue to monitor gas purchased compared to gas billed based on consumption. We will investigate the cause of the significant loss to reduce future losses and additional cost to the Town. After year end, the Town has taken actions that have reduced gas loss to 4-5%. We hope to sustain this loss percentage through the next fiscal year.

Name of contact person responsible for corrective action: Newell Slaughter, CAO

Anticipated completion date for corrective action: 4/30/24

#### 2023-ML-2 Written Policies and Procedures Related to Federal Awards

The requirements of 2 CFR 200, Subpart D – Post Federal Award Requirements and Subpart E – Cost Principes of the Uniform Guidance require specific written policies and procedures. The Town's written policies and procedures do not include all written policies and procedures required by the Uniform Guidance.

Corrective Action Plan: The Town is preparing written policies and procedures will be in compliance with the Uniform Guidance. We currently have many of the procedures prepared and will the process will be complete by June 30, 2024.

Name of contact person responsible for corrective action: Newell Slaughter, CAO

Anticipated completion date for corrective action: 6/30/24

Sincerely,

CAO

# **TOWN OF BERWICK**

Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures

Fiscal period October 1, 2022 through September 30, 2023

# **KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC**

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# INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES TO CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE AREAS IDENTIFIED BY THE LOUISIANA LEGISLATIVE AUDITOR

The Honorable Duval Arthur, Mayor, Members of the Town Council, and Louisiana Legislative Auditor

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period October 1, 2022 through September 30, 2023. The management of the Town of Berwick (hereinafter "Town") is responsible for those control and compliance areas identified in the SAUPs.

An agreed-upon procedures engagement involves the performing of specific procedures that the Town has agreed to and acknowledged to be appropriate on those control and compliance areas identified in the LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period October 1, 2022 through September 30, 2023 and report on exceptions based upon the procedures performed. Additionally, the LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. However, this report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated exceptions, if any, are as follows:

# 1) Written Policies and Procedures

- A. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe whether they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations:
  - i. **Budgeting**, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.

*No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.* 

ii. **Purchasing,** including (1) how purchases are initiated, (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list, (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders, (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law, and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.

The Town has no written policies and procedures for purchasing.

iii. Disbursements, including processing, reviewing, and approving.

The Town has no written policies and procedures for disbursements.

iv. **Receipts/Collections**, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g., periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).

The Town has no written policies and procedures for receipts/collections.

v. **Payroll/Personnel**, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee rates of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.

The Town has no written policies and procedures for payroll/personnel.

vi. *Contracting*, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.

The Town has no written policies and procedures for contracting.

vii. *Travel and Expense Reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.

The Town has no written policies and procedures for travel and expense reimbursement.

viii. Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, purchase cards, if applicable), including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).

The Town has no written policies and procedures for receipts/collections.

ix. *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.

The Town has no written policies and procedures for ethics.

x. **Debt Service**, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.

The Town has no written policies and procedures for debt service. However, the Town maintains no debt.

xi. Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.

The Town has no written policies and procedures for information technology disaster recovery/business continuity.

xii. *Prevention of Sexual Harassment*, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

The Town has no written policies and procedures for prevention of sexual harassment.

## 2) Board or Finance Committee

A. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:

Obtained and inspected minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the Town's charter in effect during the fiscal period.

- i. Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
  - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
- ii. For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe whether the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget- to-actual, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds.
  - *No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.*
- iii. For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.
  - Obtained the prior year audit report and observed that the unassigned fund balance in the general fund was not negative.
- iv. Observe whether the board/finance committee received written updates of the progress of resolving audit finding(s), according to management's corrective action plan at each meeting until the findings are considered fully resolved.
  - *Not applicable- There were no audit findings requiring corrective action plan.*

# 3) Bank Reconciliations

A. Obtain a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:

Obtained a listing of bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Management identified the main operating account and four (4) additional accounts were randomly selected. Obtained and inspected the corresponding bank statements and reconciliations for each account.

- i. Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged);
  - One (1) bank reconciliation is reconciled electronically and did not include evidence of date of preparation. No other exceptions found as a result of this procedure.
- ii. Bank reconciliations include written evidence that a member of management or a board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and
  - Bank reconciliations selected did not include evidence of management's review.
- iii. Management has documentation reflecting it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.
  - Not applicable- There were no reconciling items outstanding for more than 12 months from closing date.

## 4) Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)

A. Obtain a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).

Obtained a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Selected the Town's one (1) deposit site.

- B. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (e.g., 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if there are no written policies or procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:
  - i. Employees responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers;

    Employees that are responsible for cash collections may share cash drawers/registers.
  - ii. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g., pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit;

Employees responsible for collecting cash may also be responsible for preparing/making bank deposits with no other employee responsible for reconciling collection documentation to the deposit.

iii. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit; and

Employees responsible for collecting cash may also be responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary legers with no other employee responsible for reconciling leger postings to each other and to the deposit.

iv. The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions, is (are) not also responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.

No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

C. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe that the bond or insurance policy for theft was in force during the fiscal period.

Obtained from management a copy of the insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash and observed that the insurance policy for theft was enforced during the fiscal period.

D. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:

Obtained a listing of all cash accounts and management's representation that the listing is complete.

i. Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.

*No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.* 

ii. Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.

No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

iii. Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.

*No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.* 

iv. Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).

*No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.* 

v. Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

#### 5) Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

A. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).

Obtained a listing of locations that process payments and management's representation that the listing is complete. Selected the Town's one (1) location.

- B. For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that:
  - i. At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order or making the purchase;
    - In accordance with the Town's procedures, two (2) employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase and placing an order/making a purchase unless the transaction is routine/recurring.
  - ii. At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors; *No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.*
- iii. The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files;
  - The employee responsible for processing payments is not prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files and no other employee periodically reviews changes to vendor files.
- iv. Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments; and
  - The employee responsible for processing payments is also responsible for mailing payments.
- v. Only employees/officials authorized to sign checks approve the electronic disbursement (release) of funds, whether through automated clearinghouse (ACH), electronic funds transfer (EFT), wire transfer, or some other electronic means.
  - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
- C. For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction, and
  - Obtained the non-payroll disbursement population for each location selected and management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly selected five (5) disbursements for the Town's one (1) location and obtained supporting documentation.
  - i. Observe whether the disbursement, whether by paper or electronic means, matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates that deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity, and
    - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
  - ii. Observe whether the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under procedure #5B above, as applicable.
    - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
- D. Using the entity's main operating account and the month selected in Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A, randomly select 5 non-payroll-related electronic disbursements (or all electronic disbursements if less than 5) and observe that each electronic disbursement was (a) approved by only those persons authorized to disburse funds (e.g., sign checks) per the entity's policy, and (b) approved by the required number of authorized signers per the entity's policy. Note: If no electronic payments were made from the main operating account during the month selected the practitioner should select an alternative month and/or account for testing that does include electronic disbursements.

*No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.* 

# 6) Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/Purchase Cards

- A. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and purchase cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.
  - Obtained from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and purchase cards, including the card numbers, the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards, and management's representation that the listing is complete.
- B. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement). Obtain supporting documentation, and
  - i. Observe whether there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) were reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved) by someone other than the authorized card; and
    - Four (4) of the statements did not evidence approval. However, review of statements by the accounts payable clerk was documented on the statements.
  - ii. Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.
    - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
- C. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under procedure #6B above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (e.g., each card should have 10 transactions subject to inspection). For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and observe whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

Not applicable- Selected cards were fuel cards.

#### 7) Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

A. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements and obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected

Obtained a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly selected five (5) reimbursements.

- i. If reimbursed using a per diem, observe that the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov);
  - Three (3) of the reimbursements were based on per diem. One (1) of the three (3) was reimbursed at a higher rate than that established by the State of Louisiana and the U.S. General Services Administration due to a computational error.
- ii. If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased;
  - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
- iii. Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by Written Policies and Procedures procedure #1A(vii); and
  - One (1) of the five (5) selected reimbursements did not have supporting documentation of the business/public purpose.
- iv. Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.
  - Four (4) of the (5) selected reimbursements did not include evidence of review and approval.

## 8) Contracts

- A. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and
  - Obtained a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Selected the (1) one contract that was initiated or renewed during the fiscal period.
  - i. Observe whether the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law;
    - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
  - ii. Observe whether the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g., Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter);
    - Not applicable- Contract was not required to be approved by the governing board.
- iii. If the contract was amended (e.g., change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, the documented approval); and
  - Not applicable- Contract was not amended during the fiscal period.
- iv. Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.
  - *No exceptions were found as result of this procedure.*

# 9) Payroll and Personnel

- A. Obtain a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.
  - Obtained a listing of all employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly selected five (5) employees or officials and agreed paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in personnel files with no exceptions.
- B. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under procedure #9A above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and
  - i. Observe that all selected employees or officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory);
    - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
  - ii. Observe whether supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials;
    - *No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.*
- iii. Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records; and
  - *No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.*
- iv. Observe the rate paid to the employees or officials agrees to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.
  - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
- C. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials and obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee's or official's cumulative leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee's or official's authorized pay rates in the employee's or official's personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.
  - Obtained a listing of all employees and officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Selected the two (2) employees or officials and performed the procedures above with no exception.
- D. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.
  - Obtained management's representation that all amounts have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

## 10) Ethics

- A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A obtain ethics documentation from management, and
  - i. Observe whether the documentation demonstrates that each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:1170; and
    - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
  - ii. Observe whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates that each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.
    - Not applicable- The Town does not have a formally adopted ethics policy.
- B. Inquire and/or observe whether the agency has appointed an ethics designee as required by R.S. 42:1170.

No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

# 11) Debt Service

- A. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued as required by Article VII, Section 8 of the Louisiana Constitution.
  - Obtained management's representation that no bonds/notes or other debt istuments were issued during the fiscal period.
- B. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).
  - Obtained management's representation that no bonds/notes were outstanding at the end of the fiscal period.

#### 12) Fraud Notice

- A. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled as required by R.S. 24:523.
  - Obtained management's representation that there were no misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period.
- B. Observe that the entity has posted, on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.
  - *No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.*

# 13) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

- A. Perform the following procedures:
  - i. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe evidence that such backup (a) occurred within the past week, (b) was not stored on the government's local server or network, and (c) was encrypted.
    - We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.
  - ii. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.
    - We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.
- iii. Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.
  - We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.
- B. Randomly select 5 terminated employees (or all terminated employees if less than 5) using the list of terminated employees obtained in procedure #9C. Observe evidence that the selected terminated employees have been removed or disabled from the network.
  - We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

# 14) Prevention of Sexual Harassment

- A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:343.
  - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
- B. Observe that the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website.
  - The Town does not have a formally adopted sexual harassment policy. Therefore, the required policy and complaint procedure has not been posted on the Town's website.
- C. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe that the report includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
  - The Town did not compile an annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period.
  - i. Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;
    - Not applicable- Annual sexual harassment report was not compiled.
  - ii. Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;
    - Not applicable- Annual sexual harassment report was not compiled.

- iii. Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;
  - Not applicable- Annual sexual harassment report was not compiled.
- iv. Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and
  - Not applicable- Annual sexual harassment report was not compiled.
- v. Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.
  - Not applicable- Annual sexual harassment report was not compiled.

# **Management's Response**

The Town concurs with the exceptions and is working to address the deficiencies identified.

We were engaged by the Town to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable provisions of *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the United States Comptroller General. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those control and compliance areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the Town and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those control and compliance areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. This report is intended solely for the information of and use by the Town's management and the LLA and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Morgan City, Louisiana March 22, 2024