# WARD ONE CITY MARSHAL

Leesville, Louisiana

Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2023

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#### ACCOUNTANT'S COMPILATION REPORT

Mr. Robert Pynes Ward One City Marshal Leesville, Louisiana

Management is responsible for the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Ward One City Marshal (Marshal) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Marshal's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have performed a compilation engagement in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services promulgated by the Accounting and Review Services Committee of the AICPA. We did not audit or review the financial statements, nor were we required to perform any procedures to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by management. We do not express an opinion, a conclusion, nor provide any assurance on these financial statements.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedule on pages 24 – 25 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting and for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Such information is the responsibility of management. The required supplementary information was subject to our compilation engagement. We have not audited or reviewed the required supplementary information and do not express an opinion, a conclusion, nor provide any assurance on such information.

The Marshal has omitted the management's discussion and analysis information that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting and for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

The justice system funding schedule included in supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The supplementary information was subject to our compilation engagement. We have not audited or reviewed the supplementary information and do not express an opinion, a conclusion, nor provide any assurance on such information.

We are not independent with respect to the Ward One City Marshal.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Ville Platte, Louisiana December 8, 2023 BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

# Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Governmental
	Activities
ASSETS	
Accounts receivable	\$ 3,600
LIABILITIES	
Cash overdraft	21,931
Accounts and other payables	15,002_
Total liabilities	36,933
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	(33,333)
Total net position	\$ (33,333)

# Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenues and
			Operating	Capital	Changes in Net Position
		Fees, Fines, and	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental
Activities	Expenses	Charges for Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities
Governmental activities:					
Public safety	\$ 69,288	\$ 30,664	\$ 54,600	<u>\$ - </u>	\$ 15,976
	Net position	- beginning			(49,309)
	Net position	- ending			\$ (33,333)

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

# Balance Sheet Governmental Fund - General Fund June 30, 2023

# **ASSETS**

Accounts receivable	\$ 3,600
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCI	E
Liabilities:	
Cash overdraft	\$ 21,931
Accounts payable	2,514
Accrued expenses	12,488
Total liabilities	36,933
Fund balance:	
Unassigned (deficit)	(33,333)
Total fund balances	(33,333)
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 3,600

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Total fund balance for the governmental fund at June 30, 2023	\$ (33,333)
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of: Equipment, net of \$7,377 accumulated depreciation	
Total net position of governmental activities at June 30, 2023	\$ (33,333)

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Governmental Fund - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Revenues:	
Fines, commissions and fees	\$ 30,664
Intergovernmental	27,000
On-behalf payments	27,600
Total revenues	85,264
Expenditures:	
Current -	
Public safety:	
Salaries and benefits	57,592
Auto expense	1,549
Telephone and internet	1,159
Printing	436
Professional fees	3,750
Insurance	2,272
Miscellaneous	74
Postage	60
Dues and subscriptions	672
Office	1,238
Total expenditures	68,802
Net change in fund balance	16,462
Fund balance (deficit), beginning	_(49,795)
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$ (33,333)

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Total net change in fund balance at June 30, 2023 per the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance	\$ 16,462
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.  Capital outlay which is considered expenditures on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance	
Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2023	(486)

\$ 15,976

Total change in net position at June 30, 2023 per the statement of activities

# Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2021

		Custodial Funds
Cash	ASSETS	\$ 17,930
Total assets		\$ 17,930
	NET POSITION	
Restricted for individuals, organizations, other governments		\$ 17,930
Total liabilities		\$ 17,930

# Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Custodial Funds
Additions:	
Fines and court costs	\$ 41,956
Cash bonds	18,029
Total additions	59,985
Deductions:	
Deposits settled to -	
State agencies	6,562
City of Leesville	6,510
City Court	2,688
Indigent defender board	2,750
Other	43,193
Total deductions	61,703
Net change in fiduciary net position	(1,718)
Net position - beginning	19,648
Net position - ending	\$ 17,930

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

## (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Ward One City Marshal (hereinafter "the Marshal") is an elected official who serves sixyear terms. The Marshal is charged with the responsibility of conducting policing and security functions for the Vernon Parish Ward One Court in Leesville, Louisiana. Operations of the Marshal's office are funded by the Vernon Parish Police Jury, the City of Leesville, Louisiana, the State of Louisiana, and court costs charged by the Ward One court attributable to the performance of the Marshal's duties.

These financial statements only include funds, activities, et cetera, that are controlled by the Marshal as an independently elected official.

The accompanying financial statements of the Marshal have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in the subsequent subsections of this note.

### A. Financial Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the Marshal includes all funds that are controlled by the Marshal as an independently elected parish official. The Marshal is solely responsible for the operations of his office, which include hiring or retention of employees, authority over budgeting, responsibility for deficits, and the receipt and disbursement of funds. Accordingly, the Marshal is a separate governmental reporting entity.

### B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The government-wide financial statements provide operational accountability information for the Marshal as an economic unit. The government-wide financial statements report the Marshal's ability to maintain service levels and continue to meet its obligations as they come due. The statements include all governmental activities of the Marshal. Fiduciary funds are omitted from the government-wide financial statements.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Marshal's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods and services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as programs revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The accounts of the Marshal are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be an independent fiscal and accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for within separate sets of self-balancing accounts, which comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance/net position, revenues, expenditures/expenses, and transfers. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements. Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Marshal. The emphasis of the fund financial statements is on major funds, each displayed in a separate column. The General Fund is always a major governmental fund. Other individual governmental and enterprise major funds are determined as funds whose revenues, expenditures/expenses, assets and deferred outflows of resources or liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are at least ten percent of the corresponding totals for all funds of that category or type (total governmental or total enterprise funds) and at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined for funds designated as major at the discretion of the Marshal. Funds not classified as a major fund are aggregated and presented in a single column in the fund financial statements. The Marshal uses the following funds, grouped by fund type.

#### Governmental Fund -

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the Marshal's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds.

#### General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Marshal. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

## Fiduciary Funds -

Custodial funds account for assets held by the Mashal for various local governments and others. Fiduciary fund statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. Custodial funds of the Marshal are as follows:

#### Bond Fund

The Bond Fund is used to account for assets held by the Marshal as custodian. This fund is used for the collection of deposits pending court action.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### Civil Fund

The Civil Fund is used to account for assets held by the Marshal as custodian. This fund is used for the collection of court-ordered garnishment judgments. The Marshall charges an administrative fee and remits all other funds to the respective creditors.

## C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The measurement focus determines the accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund. The governmental activities within the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The economic resources measurement focus meets the accounting objectives of determining net income, net position, and cash flows.

The fund financial statements use either the current financial resources measurement focus, or the economic resources measurement focus as appropriate. Governmental funds use the current financial resources measurement focus. This measurement focus is based upon the receipt and disbursement of current available financial resources rather than upon net income.

The accrual basis of accounting is used throughout the government-wide financial statements conversely; the financial statements of the General Fund have been prepared in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues are recognized when considered both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. For this purpose, the Marshal considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty (60) days of the end of the current fiscal period. The Marshal accrues fees revenue based upon this concept. Interest on invested funds is recognized when earned.

Expenditures are generally recognized when the related fund liabilities are incurred and become payable in the current period. Proceeds of debt are reported as other financing sources, and principal and interest on long-term debt are recorded as expenditures when paid.

Since the fund level statements are presented using a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements, a reconciliation is presented on the page following each fund level statement that summarizes the adjustments necessary to convert the fund level statements into the government-wide presentations.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

### D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Equity

Cash and cash equivalents

For purposes of the statement of net position, cash and cash equivalents includes all demand accounts of the Marshal.

Under state law, the Marshal may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the state of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the union, or the laws of the United States of America. The Marshal may invest in certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana laws and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana.

#### Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables, including amounts due from other governments, consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances include fees collected by the Vernon Parish Ward One Court.

### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. The Marshal's accounting policies regarding capital assets are that these assets, with an initial cost of \$1,000 or more, are to be capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Purchased or constructed capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Vehicles5 yearsEquipment5 years

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In some instances, the GASB requires a government to delay recognition of decreases in net position as expenditures until a future period. In other instances, governments are required to delay recognition of increases in net position as revenues until a future period. In these circumstances, deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources result from the delayed recognition of expenditures of revenues, respectively. There were no deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources as of June 30, 2023.

## **Equity Classifications**

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by external groups, such as grantors, creditors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. It is the Marshal's policy to use restricted net position prior to the use of unrestricted net position when both restricted and unrestricted net position are available for an expense which has been incurred.
- c. Unrestricted net position consists of all other assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balances for governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily upon the extent to which the Marshal is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. The categories and their purposes are:

- a. Nonspendable includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints requiring they remain intact.
- b. Restricted includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as grantors, donors, creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

- c. Committed includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through directives of the Marshal do not lapse at year end. A committed fund balance constraint can only be established, modified, or rescinded only through formal actions of the Marshal.
- d. Assigned includes fund balance amounts that are constrained by the Marshal's intent to be used for specific purposes, that are neither restricted nor committed. The Marshal or his designee may assign amounts to this classification.
- e. Unassigned includes fund balance amounts which have not been classified within the above-mentioned categories.

It is the Marshal's policy to use restricted amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless prohibited by legal or contractual provisions. Additionally, the Marshal uses committed, assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of fund balance in that order when expenditures are made.

### E. Revenue, Expenditures, Expenses

#### Revenues

The Marshal considers revenue to be susceptible to accrual in the governmental funds as it becomes measurable and available, as defined under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The Marshal generally defines the availability period for revenue recognition as received within the reporting period or within sixty (60) days after year end. The Marshal's major revenue source that meets this availability criterion is fees and commissions revenue.

### Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by character and function. In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified by character.

## F. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and revenues and expenses during the reporting period. These estimates include assessing the collectability of accounts receivable and the useful lives and impairment of tangible and intangible assets, among others. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically, and the effects of revisions are reflected in the financial statements in the period they are determined to be necessary. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

## (2) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Under state law, the Marshal may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The Marshal may invest in direct obligations of the United States government, bonds, debentures, notes, or other evidence of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by federal agencies and/or the United States government, and time certificates of deposit of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. At June 30, 2023, the Marshal had cash and cash equivalents totaling \$17,930 as follows:

	Fiduciary
	Funds
Demand deposits	\$ 17,930

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Marshal's deposits may not be recovered or the collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party will not be recovered. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits, (or the resulting bank balances), must be secured by federal deposits insurance or similar federal security or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal times the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank by a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Deposit balances (bank balances) at June 30, 2023, of \$28,273 were fully insured and therefore not exposed to custodial credit risk.

## (3) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets being depreciated				
Vehicles	\$ 31,911	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 31,911
Equipment	7,377	-	-	7,377
Total capital assets being depreciated	39,288			39,288
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Vehicles	31,911	-	-	31,911
Equipment	6,891	486	-	7,377
Total accumulated depreciation	38,802	486		39,288
Governmental activities, capital assets, net	\$ 486	\$ (486)	\$ -	\$ -

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Depreciation expense included in the financial statements and charged to the general government function totaled \$486.

## (4) <u>Risk Management</u>

The Marshal is exposed to various risks of loss in the areas of professional liability, auto liability, general liability, and workers' compensation. All of these risks are handled by purchasing commercial insurance coverage. The Marshal was not involved in any litigation, nor did it have any asserted claims lodged against it. There have been no significant reductions in the insurance coverage during the year, nor have settlements exceeded coverage for the past three years.

## (5) <u>Deficit Fund Balance</u>

The General Fund had a deficit fund balance at June 30, 2023 of \$33,333. This deficit will be eliminated by increasing revenues and/or reducing expenditures.

### (6) Expenditures of the Marshal's Office Paid by the City of Leesville, Louisiana

The Marshal's administrative office is located in a building owned by the City of Leesville, Louisiana. The cost of maintaining and operating this building, as required by statute, is paid by the City. These expenditures are not included in the accompanying financial statements.

Salary for the Marshal is paid by the Vernon Parish Police Jury and the City of Leesville and is not reimbursed by the Marshal's office. There are no liabilities related to salary and related benefits attributable to the Marshal's office.

### (7) <u>On-behalf Payments</u>

GASB Statement No. 24, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Grants and Other Financial Assistance, requires the Marshal to report in the financial statements on-behalf salary and fringe benefit payments made by the State of Louisiana and by the parish governments to certain employees of the Marshal's office.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Supplemental salary payments are made by the state and parish governments directly to the Marshal's employees. The Marshal is not legally responsible for these salaries. Therefore, the basis for recognizing the revenue and expenditure payments is the actual contributions made by the state and parish governments. On-behalf payments recorded as revenue and expenditures in the 2023 financial statements are as follows:

## General Fund:

State of Louisiana	\$ 7,200
Vernon Parish Police Jury	10,200
City of Leesville	10,200
Total	\$ 27,600

# (8) Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head

The schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to Robert Pynes, Ward One Marshal, for the year ended June 30, 2023 follows:

Purpose	Amount
On-behalf payments:	
Vernon Parish Police Jury - Salary	\$ 10,200
City of Leesville - Salary	10,200
State of Louisiana - Supplemental pay	7,200
Civil fees (paid by City Court of Leesville)	7,801
Total	\$ 35,401

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

				Variance with
	Budget			Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Fines, commissions and fees	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,664	\$ 664
Intergovernmental	27,000	27,000	27,000	-
On-behalf payments	27,600	27,600	27,600	
Total revenues	84,600	84,600	85,264	664
Expenditures:				
Current -				
Public safety:				
Salaries and benefits	60,000	60,000	57,592	2,408
Auto expense	1,500	1,500	1,549	(49)
Telephone and internet	1,000	1,000	1,159	(159)
Printing	500	500	436	64
Professional fees	4,000	4,000	3,750	250
Insurance	2,500	2,500	2,272	228
Miscellaneous	100	100	74	26
Postage	60	60	60	-
Dues and subscriptions	600	600	672	(72)
Office	1,500	1,500	1,238	<u>262</u>
Total expenditures	71,760	71,760	68,802	2,958
Net change in fund balance	12,840	12,840	16,462	3,622
Fund balance (deficit), beginning	(49,795)	(49,795)	(49,795)	
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$ (36,955)	\$ (36,955)	\$ (33,333)	\$ 3,622

# Notes to Required Supplementary Information

# 1. Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The Marshal follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Marshal.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Justice System Funding Schedule - Collecting/Disbursing Entity As Required by Act 87 of the 2020 Regular Legislative Session

Entity Name: Ward One City Marshal		
LLA Entity ID#: 5989	First Six	Second Six
Date that reporting period ended: 6/30/2023	Month	Month
	Period Ended	Period Ended
Cash Basis Presentation	12/31/2022	6/30/2023
Beginning balance of amounts collected	\$ (6,322)	\$ (11,142)
Add: Collections		
Civil fees	35,268	8,086
Bond fees	7,617	12,752
Subtotal Collections	42,885	20,838
Less Disbursements to Governments & Nonprofits		
Leesville City Court - bond fees/cost	939	1,749
Central Louisiana Juvenile Detention Center - bond fees/cost	172	323
City of Leesville - bonds fees/cost	4,040	2,470
Louisiana Crime Victims Reparations Fund - bond fees/cost	172	323
Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement - bond fees/cost	566	86
CMIS - bond fees/cost	69	129
North Louisiana Crime Lab - bond fees/cost	1,220	3,020
Louisiana Supreme Court - bond fees/cost	11	21
30th Judicial District Indigent Defender Fund - bond fees/cost	1,080	1,715
Less Amounts Retained by Collecting Agency		
Collection fee for collecting/disbursing to others based on percentage		
of collection	1,398	-
Collection fee for collecting/disbursing to other based on fixed amount	700	1,640
Less Disbursements to Individuals/3rd party collection or processing agencies:		
Restitution payments to individuals	35,093	6,080
Other disbursements to individuals	2,245	225
Subtotal Disbursements/Retainage	47,705	17,781
<b>Total: Ending Balance of Amounts Collected but not Disbursed/Retained</b>	\$ (11,142)	\$ (8,085)
Ending balance of "partial payments" collected but not disbursed	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ - </u>
Other information:		
Ending balance of total amounts assessed but not yet collected	-	-
Total waivers during the fiscal period		-

**COMPLIANCE** 

Schedule of Current and Prior Year Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

## Part I. Current Year Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan

Compliance -

2023-001 Noncompliance with Budget Act

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2020

CONDITION: The Marshal did not comply with the provisions of LSA-RS 39:1305(E) with respect to the General Fund.

CRITERIA: LSA-RS 39:1305(E) states that when preparing and/or amending budgets, the total of proposed expenditures shall not exceed the total of estimated funds available for the ensuing fiscal year.

CAUSE: Significant unauthorized transactions in a prior year resulted in a financial situation difficult to overcome by current staff.

EFFECT: The original proposed budget and the amended budget adopted for the General Fund proposed expenditures exceeding funds available for the ensuing fiscal year by \$36,955.

RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that the Marshal fully comply with the provisions of LSA-RS 39:1305(E) by adopting budgets in which the proposed expenditures do not exceed the total estimated funds available for the ensuing year.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: The Marshal will adhere to the provisions of LSA-RS 39:1305(E) by adopting budgets in which the proposed expenditures do not exceed the total of estimated funds available for the ensuing year.

## Schedule of Current and Prior Year Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

# Part II. <u>Prior Year Findings</u>:

## Compliance

## 2022-001 Delinquent Payroll Tax Payments

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2020

CONDITION: During the year payroll tax deposits were not made when filing the related payroll tax returns.

RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that the Marshal submit payroll taxes and related payroll tax returns timely.

CURRENT STATUS: Resolved.

### 2022-002 Noncompliance with Budget Act

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2020

CONDITION: The Marshal did not comply with the provisions of LSA-RS 39:1305(E) with respect to the General Fund.

RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that the Marshal fully comply with the provisions of LSA-RS 39:1305(E) by adopting budgets in which the proposed expenditures do not exceed the total estimated funds available for the ensuing year.

CURRENT STATUS: Unresolved. See 2023-001.