CALCASIEU PARISH SHERIFFS OFFICE

Duty. Respect. Trust.

CALCASIEU PARISH SHERIFF Lake Charles, Louisiana

Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2022



CONTENTS

	PAGE
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	4
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PART 1	
Management's Discussion and Analysis (UNAUDITED)	8-14
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)	
Statement of Net Position	16
Statement of Activities	17
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	20
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds - to the Statement of Net Position	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	22
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds - to the Statement of Activities	23
Custodial Funds:	
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	24
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	25
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	26
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PART II	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund	55
Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	56
Schedule of Employer's Contribution	57
Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	58
Note to the Required Supplementary Information	59

CONTENTS (Continued)

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Nonmajor Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet - Special Revenue Funds	63
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Special Revenue Funds	64
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Other Governmental Funds	65
Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's Sworn Statement	66
Calcasieu Parish Tax Collector's Tax Roll Status Report	67
Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head	71
Justice System Funding Schedule – Collecting/Disbursing Entity	72
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	74
NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	75
COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	77
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance with Requirements that could have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	79
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	82



LESTER LANGLEY, JR. DANNY L. WILLIAMS PHILLIP D. ABSHIRE, JR. DAPHNE BORDELON BERKEN NICHOLAS J. LANGLEY PHILLIP D. ABSHIRE, III SARAH CLARK WERNER ALEXIS H. O'NEAL JESSICA LOTT-HANSEN

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Calcasieu Parish Sheriff Lake Charles, Louisiana

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Calcasieu Parish Sheriff as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Sheriff's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Calcasieu Parish Sheriff, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Calcasieu Parish Sheriff, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Calcasieu Parish Sheriff Lake Charles, Louisiana

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Calcasieu Parish Sheriff 's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Calcasieu Parish Sheriff 's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required

Calcasieu Parish Sheriff Lake Charles, Louisiana

supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us. In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedule – other governmental funds, Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's sworn statement, the Calcasieu Parish Tax Collector's tax roll status report, the schedule of compensation, benefits and other payments to agency head, the justice system funding schedule – receiving entity, the justice system funding schedule – collecting/disbursing entity and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based

Calcasieu Parish Sheriff Lake Charles, Louisiana

on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, on pages 77 through 79, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated December 20, 2022, on our consideration of the Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Longly, William; Co., 888

Lake Charles, LA December 20, 2022

CALCASIEU PARISH SHERIFF

Lake Charles, Louisiana

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Within this section of the Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's ("Sheriff") annual financial report, the Sheriff's management is providing this narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the Sheriff for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The following information is provided by the current administration and is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosures following this section.

Financial Highlights

The Sheriff's governmental activities reported assets exceeding its liabilities by \$46,557,207 (net position) for the fiscal year reported.

Total expenditures of \$97,392,999 exceeded revenues of \$116,324,459, which resulted in current year excess of revenues over expenditures of \$18,931,460.

The Sheriff's net position is comprised of the following:

- (1) Capital assets of \$58,636,097 included property and equipment of \$108,036,912, net of accumulated depreciation of \$66,432,000, work in process of \$16,379,353, and land of \$726,133.
- (2) Unrestricted net position of (\$12,153,192).

The Sheriff's governmental funds reported total ending fund balance of \$93,179,630 this year. This compares to the prior year ending fund balance of \$94,134,627, reflecting a decrease of \$954,997 during the current year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$45,418,239, or 38.8% of total General Fund expenditures and 39.1% of total General Fund revenues including transfers.

The above financial highlights are explained in more detail in the "financial analysis" section of this document.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This Management Discussion and Analysis document introduces the Sheriff's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the basic financial statements. The Sheriff also includes in this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Sheriff's annual report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the Sheriff's overall financial status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of activities between funds.

The first of these government-wide statements is the Statement of Net Position. This is the governmentwide statement of position presenting information that includes all of the Sheriff's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Sheriff as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall health of the Sheriff would extend to other financial factors such as diversification of the taxpayer base in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the Statement of Activities, which reports how the Sheriff's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the Statement of Activities is to show the financial reliance of the Sheriff's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the Sheriff's taxpayers.

The government-wide financial statements are presented on pages 16 and 17 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Sheriff uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the Sheriff's most significant funds rather than the Sheriff as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for non-major funds is provided in the form of combining statements in a later section of this report.

The Sheriff uses governmental funds and fiduciary funds as follows:

Governmental funds are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass the same function reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is very different with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the Sheriff's governmental funds, including object classifications. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund operating statement provide a reconciliation to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

The basic governmental fund financial statements are presented on pages 20 through 21 of this report.

Individual fund information for non-major governmental funds is found in combining statements in a later section of this report.

Fiduciary funds are reported in the fund financial statements and report taxes collected for other taxing bodies, deposits held pending court action and the individual prison inmate accounts. The Sheriff only reports agency funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on pages 24 through 25 of this report.

Notes to the basic financial statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 26 of this report.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplemental information concerning the Sheriff's budget presentations. Budgetary comparison statements are included as "required supplementary information" for the general fund. These schedules demonstrate compliance with the Sheriff's adopted and final revised budget. The Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and the Schedule of Employer's Contribution demonstrate the Sheriff's liability of its pension plan in compliance with GASB 68 and 71. The Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios recognizes the Sheriff's future OPEB (Other Post Employment Benefits) obligations as required by GASB Statement 75. Required supplementary information can be found starting on page 55 of this report.

As discussed, the Sheriff reports major funds in the basic financial statement. Combining and individual statements and schedules for non-major funds are presented in a subsequent section of this report beginning on page 63.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Financial Analysis of the Sheriff as a Whole

Over time, as year-to-year financial information is accumulated on a consistent basis, changes in net position may be observed and used to discuss the changing financial position of the Sheriff as a whole. The Sheriff's net position at fiscal year-end is \$46,557,207. The following table provides a summary of the Sheriff's net position:

	2022	Percentage	2021	Percentage
Assets:				
Current assets	\$ 97,869,219	47.05%	\$ 117,783,295	52.72%
Non-current assets	61,754,612	29.69%	40,546,466	18.15%
Total Assets	159,623,831	76.74%	158,329,761	70.88%
Deferred outflows of resources	48,386,630	23.26%	65,062,721	29.12%
Total assets and deferred				
outflows of resources	\$ 208,010,461	100.00%	\$ 223,392,482	100.00%
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities	\$ 5,058,203	3.13%	\$ 23,470,479	12.00%
Long-term liabilities	93,462,950	57.89%	162,613,431	83.06%
Total liabilities	98,521,153	61.02%	186,083,910	95.05%
Deferred inflows of resources	62,932,102	38.98%	9,682,826	4.95%
Total liabilities and deferre	d			
inflows of resources	161,453,255	100.00%	195,766,736	100.00%
Net position:				
Investment in capital assets	58,710,398		40,546,466	
Unrestricted	(12,153,192)		(12,920,720)	
Total net position	\$ 46,557,206		\$ 27,625,746	

The current ratio compares current assets to current liabilities and is an indication of the ability to pay current obligations. The current ratio for governmental activities is 19.35-to-1 for the current year compared to 5.02-to-1 for the previous year.

Long-term liabilities and deferred outflow/inflow of resources consist primarily of other post-employment benefit liability, compensated absences payable and the net pension liability. For details of these liabilities see Note 8 for compensated absences, Note 9 for other post-employment benefits, and Note 10 for net pension liability.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Approximately 125.94% of the governmental activities' net position is invested in capital assets. The Sheriff uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens.

Overall, the Sheriff's office reports a net position of \$46,557,207. This amount is \$18,931,461 higher than last year. The Sheriff's office has \$58.6 million invested in capital assets. The Sheriff's overall financial position increased during fiscal year 2022 due largely to an increase in charges for services and decrease in expenses related to disaster recovery.

The following table provides a summary of the Sheriff's changes in net position:

	2022	Percentage	2021	Percentage	
Revenues:					
Program:					
Charges for services/fines	\$ 18,502,705	15.91%	\$ 16,375,085	14.16%	
Operating grants and contributions	3,303,124	2.84%	7,490,387	6.47%	
General:					
Property taxes	31,681,558	27.24%	23,878,453	20.64%	
Sales taxes	55,221,306	47.47%	51,159,271	44.22%	
State supplemental pay	3,515,699	3.02%	3,841,934	3.32%	
State revenue sharing	400,555	0.34%	398,309	0.34%	
Interest	158,827	0.14%	352,768	0.30%	
Disaster recovery proceeds	3,899,777	3.35%	11,807,936	10.21%	
Loss on sale of assets	(759,620)	-0.65%	(12,629)	-0.01%	
Miscellaneous	400,528	0.33%	391,546	0.35%	
Total revenues	116,324,459	100.00%	115,683,060	100.00%	
Program expenses:					
Public safety	97,392,999	100.00%	119,545,112	100.00%	
Total expenses	97,392,999	100.00%	119,545,112	100.00%	
Change in net position	18,931,460		(3,862,052)		
Beginning net position	27,625,746		31,487,798		
Ending net position	\$ 46,557,206		\$ 27,625,746		

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Governmental Revenues

The Sheriff is heavily reliant on property and sales taxes as well as service fees and fines to support its operation. Service fees and fines provided 15.91%, property taxes provided 27.24% and sales taxes provided 47.47% of the Sheriff's total revenues. Overall revenues increased approximately \$0.6 million.

Governmental Functional Expenses

The total function of the Sheriff's office is public safety activities. Total actual expenditures of \$97.46 million was a decreased of \$22.2 million over the previous year.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SHERIFF'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

As discussed, governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a short-term, inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financing requirements. Governmental funds reported an ending balance of \$93,179,630. The ending fund balance consisted of \$2,564,602 of nonspendable funds, \$7,273,362 assigned for capital improvements, \$3,100,000 assigned for legal contingencies, \$29,957,919 assigned for emergencies and \$4,865,508 assigned for other law enforcement activities. As a result, the unassigned fund balance is \$45,418,239. The unassigned fund balance decreased by \$8,206,263 from the previous year.

Major Governmental Funds

The General Fund is the Sheriff's primary operating fund and the largest source of day-to-day service delivery. The General Fund's balance decreased by \$925,971. In fiscal year 2022, revenues increased \$1.6 million over the prior year, overall expenditures increased by \$6.5 million with a decrease of \$6.7 million in operating services, an increase of \$1.4 million in material and supplies and an increase of \$17.4 million in capital outlay.

Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund – Overall the actual revenues exceeded the budgeted amounts and expenditures were less than expected as displayed on page 55.

Capital Assets

The Sheriff's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2022, was \$58,710,398. See Note 6 on page 38 for additional information about changes in capital assets during the fiscal year and the end of the year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The following table provides a summary of capital asset activity:

	2022			2021
Nondepreciable assets:				
Land	\$	726,133	\$	726,133
Work in process		16,379,353		1,687,428
Total non-depreciable asset	\$	17,105,486	\$	2,413,561
Depreciable assets:				
Building and improvements	\$	44,551,689	\$	39,849,477
Equipment and furniture		38,079,203		39,353,920
Vehicles		25,294,605		23,465,474
Right to use lease - building		111,415		-
Total depreciable assets		108,036,912		102,668,871
Less accumulated deprecation		66,432,000		64,535,966
Book value-depreciable assets	\$	41,604,912	\$	38,132,905
Percentage depreciated		61%		63%
Book value-all assets	\$	58,710,398	\$	40,546,466

Contacting the Sheriff's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Sheriff's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate the Sheriff's commitment to public accountability. If you have any questions about this report or would like to request additional information, contact the Sheriff's office, Mrs. Nicole Ory, CFO at (337)602-6846.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	• 50 574 210
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 78,574,319
Receivables, net allowance for doubtful accounts of \$-0-	4,227,432
Investments	12,502,866
Prepaid items	2,456,604
Inventory	107,998
Capital assets:	50(100
Land	726,133
Work in process	16,379,353
Capital assets, net	41,604,912
Net pension asset	3,044,214
Total assets	159,623,831
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related	15,589,013
OPEB related	32,797,617
Total deferred outflow of resources	48,386,630
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 208,010,461
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and accrued liabitlities	\$ 4,689,589
Lease liabilty	37,113
Compensated absences payable	331,501
Long-term liabilities:	
Compensated absences payable - long-term portion	1,762,196
Lease liabilty	39,207
Other post employment benefits payable	91,661,547
Total liabilities	98,521,153
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related	33,751,070
OPEB related	29,181,032
Total deferred inflow of resources	62,932,102
NET POSITION	
Invested in capital assets	58,710,398
Unrestricted	(12,153,192)
Total net position	46,557,206
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 208,010,461

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Activities		Program RevenuesOperatingCapitalFees, Fines, AndGrants andExpensesCharges for ServicesContributionsContributionsContributions								et (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position overnmental Activities
Governmental activities: Public safety	\$	97,392,999	\$	18,502,705	\$	3,303,124	\$	-	\$	(75,587,170)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	97,392,999	\$	18,502,705	\$	3,303,124	\$	-		(75,587,170)
General revenues: Taxes - Property taxes, levied for general purposes Sales and use taxes, levied for general purposes State supplemental pay State revenue sharing Interest and investment earnings Disaster recovery proceeds Loss on sale of assets Other Total general revenues										31,681,558 55,221,306 3,515,699 400,555 158,827 3,899,777 (759,620) 400,528 94,518,630
Change in net position										18,931,460
Net position at beginning of year										27,625,746
	Net	position at end	l of yea	r					\$	46,557,206

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

FUND DESCRIPTIONS

General Fund

To account for resources traditionally associated with governments, which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Other Governmental

To account for the special revenue funds, which are considered governmental funds, and are also considered to be non-major funds.

Fiduciary Funds

To account for the funds held for others.

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2022

	General	Other Governmental	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 73,754,477	\$ 4,819,842	\$ 78,574,319
Receivables, net allowance for doubtful accounts of \$-0-	4,130,634	96,798	4,227,432
Investments	12,502,866	-	12,502,866
Prepaid items	2,454,829	1,775	2,456,604
Inventory	107,998		107,998
Total assets	\$ 92,950,804	\$ 4,918,415	\$ 97,869,219
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued			
liabilities	\$ 4,638,457	\$ 51,132	\$ 4,689,589
Total liabilities	4,638,457	51,132	4,689,589
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable	2,562,827	1,775	2,564,602
Assigned for capital improvements	7,273,362	-	7,273,362
Assigned for legal contingencies	3,100,000	-	3,100,000
Assigned for emergencies	29,957,919	-	29,957,919
Assigned for other law enforcement activities	-	4,865,508	4,865,508
Unassigned	45,418,239		45,418,239
	88,312,347	4,867,283	93,179,630
Total liabilities and			
fund balances	\$ 92,950,804	\$ 4,918,415	\$ 97,869,219

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2022

Total fund balances for governmental funds at June 30, 2022		\$ 93,179,630
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position is different because:		
Certain long-term assets are not reported in the fund financial statements because they are not available to pay current-period expenditures, but they are reported as assets in the statement of net position. Deferred outflows - pension related Deferred outflows - OPEB related Net pension liability (asset)	\$ 15,589,013 32,797,617 3,044,214	51,430,844
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:		
Land	726,133	
Work in process	16,379,353	
Capital assets, net of \$66,432,000 accumulated depreciation	41,604,912	58,710,398
Long-term liabilities are not reported in the fund financial statements because they are not due and payable in the current-period, but they are present as liabilities in the statement of net position. Long-term liabilities at June 30, 2022:		
Compensated absences receivable and payable, net	(2,093,697)	
Lease liabiltiy	(76,320)	
Other post retirement benefits	(91,661,547)	
Deferred inflows - pension related	(33,751,070)	
Deferred inflows - OPEB related	(29,181,032)	
		(156,763,666)
Total net position of governmental activities at June 30, 2022		\$ 46,557,206

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General	Other Governmental	Totals
REVENUES			
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 31,681,558	\$ -	\$ 31,681,558
Intergovernmental	6,980,446	238,932	7,219,378
Commissions, fees and charges	17,351,303	1,151,402	18,502,705
Interest	156,458	2,369	158,827
Sales taxes	55,221,306	-	55,221,306
Proceeds from sale of assets	573,788	-	573,788
Insurance proceeds	3,899,777	-	3,899,777
Other	381,511	19,017	400,528
Total revenues	116,246,147	1,411,720	117,657,867
EXPENDITURES			
Public safety:			
Personnel services and related benefits	64,230,647	-	64,230,647
Operating services	23,271,001	847,530	24,118,531
Materials and supplies	3,914,606	278,012	4,192,618
Travel and other charges	332,355	16,661	349,016
Capital outlay	25,423,509	298,543	25,722,052
Total expenditures	117,172,118	1,440,746	118,612,864
EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER			
REVENUES	(925,971)	(29,026)	(954,997)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Operating transfers in	-	-	-
Operating transfers (out)			
Total other financing sources (uses)			
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	(925,971)	(29,026)	(954,997)
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	89,238,318	4,896,309	94,134,627
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$ 88,312,347	\$ 4,867,283	\$ 93,179,630

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS -TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Total net changes in fund balances at June 30, 2022 per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	\$	(954,997)
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities is different because:		
Revenues that are not available to pay current obligations are not reported in the fund financial statements, but they are presented as revenues in the statement of activities.		
Non-employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plan		2,837,599
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay which is considered expenditures on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances \$ 25,722,0 Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2022 (6,336,1		19,385,925
Governmental funds report proceeds from the sale of capital assets. However, in the Statement of Activities, the loss on the disposal of capital assets is reported. The change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the carrying value of capital assets disposed.		(1,333,408)
Government funds do not report changes in long-term liabilities as expenditures. However, the following changes in long-term liabilities do appear in the Statement of Activities since the liabilities are reported on the Statement of Net Position		
Change in compensated absences(574,8Change in lease liability35,0Change in other post retirement benefits(4,748,2Pension contribution subsequent to the measurement date5,149,3Pension expense(864,9)	95 80) 18	(1,003,659)
Total changes in net position at June 30, 2022 per Statement of Activities	\$	18,931,460

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUICIARY NET POSITION

June 30, 2022

	Aj	Cash ppearance Bond	a	Fines nd Costs	 Civil Suits	F	Work Release CCC	Inmate Deposit	Tax Collector	1	Evidence	TOTAL
ASSETS Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$	683,210	\$	100,361	\$ 753,494	\$	5,000	\$ 222,798	\$ 4,013,609	\$	614,395	\$ 6,392,867
NET POSITION Restricted for: Individuals, organizations and other governments	\$	683,210	\$	100,361	\$ 753,494	\$	5,000	\$ 222,798	\$ 4,013,609	\$	614,395	\$ 6,392,867
Total net position	\$	683,210	\$	100,361	\$ 753,494	\$	5,000	\$ 222,798	\$ 4,013,609	\$	614,395	\$ 6,392,867

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

For	the	Year	Ended	June	30.	2022
		1 000	Diraca			

	Cash Appearance Bond	Fines and Costs	Civil Suits	Work Release CCC	Inmate Deposit	Tax Collector	Evidence	TOTAL
BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$ 357,092	\$ 171,183	\$ 502,729	\$ 7,558	\$ 171,846	\$ 15,240,791	\$ 799,526	\$ 17,250,725
ADDITIONS								
Appearance bonds	1,391,258	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,391,258
Suits, sales, seizures, etc.	-	-	6,111,572	-	-	-	-	6,111,572
Fines and costs	-	1,717,324	-	-	-	-	-	1,717,324
Taxes, fees, etc., paid to tax collector	-	-	-	-	-	293,691,813	-	293,691,813
Evidence cash received	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,063,664	1,063,664
Inmate receipts	-	-	-	-	885,427	-	-	885,427
Other additions		24				7,508		7,532
Total additions	1,391,258	1,717,348	6,111,572	-	885,427	293,699,321	1,063,664	304,868,590
REDUCTIONS								
Taxes, fees, etc., distributed to taxing bodies								
and others	-		-	-	-	304,926,503	-	304,926,503
District Attorney's General Fund	230,587	173,840	-	-	-	-	-	404,427
Sheriff's General Fund	230,587	108,492	1,612,748	-	-	-	-	1,951,827
Calcasieu Parish Police Jury	-	512,890	-	-	-	-	-	512,890
Indigent Defender Fund	230,587	207,279	-	-	-	-	-	437,866
Clerk of Court	-	99,596	231,572	-	-	-	-	331,168
Southwest Louisiana Regional Crime Lab	-	211,950	-	-	-	-	-	211,950
Judicial Expense Fund	230,587	22,720	-	-	-	-	-	253,307
Crime Victims Reparation	-	13,200	-	-	-	-	-	13,200
Criminal Indigent Transcript Fund	-	34,162	-	-	-	-	-	34,162
Public Defender fee	-	44,365	-	-	-	-	-	44,365
Bond refunds Remittance of civil suits:	142,792	2,686	-	-	-	-	-	145,478
Other sheriffs and clerks		_	4,571					4,571
Litigants		_	3,739,927	_				3,739,927
Attorneys, appraisers, and other costs			105,929	_				105,929
Refunds	-	-	166,060		-	-	-	166,060
Inmate disbursements	-	-		-	834,475	-	-	834,475
Other settlements		356,990		2,558			1,248,795	1,608,343
Total reductions	1,065,140	1,788,170	5,860,807	2,558	834,475	304,926,503	1,248,795	315,726,448
Change in net position	326,118	(70,822)	250,765	(2,558)	50,952	(11,227,182)	(185,131)	(10,857,858)
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	\$ 683,210	\$ 100,361	\$ 753,494	\$ 5,000	\$ 222,798	\$ 4,013,609	\$ 614,395	\$ 6,392,867

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

INTRODUCTION

As provided by Article V, Section 27 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, a sheriff serves a four-year term as the chief executive officer of the law enforcement district and ex-officio tax collector of the parish. A sheriff administers the parish jail system and exercises duties required by the parish court system, such as providing bailiffs, executing orders of the court, and serving subpoenas.

As the chief law enforcement officer of the parish, a sheriff has the responsibility for enforcing state and local laws and ordinances within the territorial boundaries of the parish. A sheriff provides protection to the residents of the parish through on-site patrols and investigations, and serves the residents of the parish through the establishment of neighborhood watch programs, anti-drug abuse programs, et cetera. In addition, when requested, a sheriff provides assistance to other law enforcement agencies within the parish.

As the ex-officio tax collector of the parish, a sheriff is responsible for collecting and distributing ad valorem property taxes, parish occupational licenses, state revenue sharing funds, sporting licenses, and fines, costs, and bond forfeitures imposed by the district court.

The accounting and reporting policies of the Calcasieu Parish Sheriff ("Sheriff") conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. Such accounting and reporting procedures conform to the requirements of the industry audit guide, *Audits of State and Local Governments*.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. REPORTING ENTITY

For financial reporting purposes, the Sheriff includes all funds, account groups, activities, et cetera, that are controlled by the Sheriff as an independently-elected parish official. As an independently-elected parish official, the Sheriff is solely responsible for the operation of his office, which includes the hiring and retention of employees, authority over budgeting, responsibility for deficits, and receipt and disbursements of funds. Other than certain operating expenditures of the Sheriff's office that are paid or provided by the parish police jury as required by Louisiana law, the Sheriff is financially independent.

Accordingly, the Sheriff is a separate governmental reporting entity. Certain units of local government, over which the Sheriff exercises no oversight responsibility, such as the parish police jury, parish school board, other independently elected parish officials, and municipalities within the parish, are excluded from the accompanying financial statements. These units of government are considered separate reporting entities and issue financial statements separate from those of the parish Sheriff.

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying basic financial statements of the Calcasieu Parish Sheriff have been prepared in conformity with governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements ("GWFS")

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the Sheriff as a whole. They include all funds of the Sheriff, which are considered to be governmental activities. Fiduciary funds are reported only in the Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities at the fund financial statement level.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each of the functions of the Sheriff's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of services offered by the Sheriff, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirement of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

The Sheriff uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain Sheriff's functions and activities. A fund is defined as a separate fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the Sheriff are classified into two categories: governmental and fiduciary. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Sheriff or its total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures of the individual governmental fund is at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds.

The Sheriff's current operations require the use of only governmental and fiduciary funds. The governmental and fiduciary fund types used by the Sheriff are described as follows:

Governmental Fund Types

General Funds – The General Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statue 13:781, is the principal fund of the Sheriff and is used to account for the operations of the Sheriff's office. The various fees and charges due to the Sheriff's office are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures are paid from this fund.

Special Revenue Fund – The Regional Law Enforcement Training Academy Fund accounts for the collection of training fees from students attending the Calcasieu Regional Law Enforcement Training Academy. Expenditures of the fund include instructor fees, materials, and supplies for the academy.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

Governmental Fund Types (Continued)

As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 40:2266.1-3, the Southwest Louisiana Criminalistics Laboratory is operated by the Sheriff of Calcasieu Parish for Allen, Beauregard, Calcasieu, Cameron and Jefferson Davis Parishes. Laboratory services for crime detection, prevention, investigation, and other related activities in connection with criminal investigation are provided. The fund accounts for the collection of criminal fees from the aforementioned parishes and the related operating expenditures.

Fiduciary Fund Type – Custodial Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The only funds accounted for in this category by the Sheriff are agency funds. The agency funds account for assets held by the Sheriff as an agent for various taxing bodies (tax collections) and for deposits held pending court action. These funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Accordingly, it presents only a statement of fiduciary net position and does not present a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Sheriff's own programs. Fiduciary funds are presented on an economic resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The amounts reflected in the governmental fund financial statements are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach is then reconciled, through adjustment, to a government-wide view of Sheriff operations.

The amounts reflected in the governmental fund financial statements, use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The Sheriff considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after the fiscal year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for interest and principal payments on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

The government-wide financial statements are accounted for using an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position and financial position. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported.

The government-wide financial statements are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

Revenues

Ad valorem taxes and related state revenue sharing are recorded in the year the taxes are due and payable. Ad valorem taxes are assessed on a calendar-year basis, become due on November 15 of each year, and become delinquent by December 31. The taxes are normally collected in December, January, and February of the fiscal year.

Intergovernmental revenues and fees, charges, and commissions for services are recorded when the Sheriff is entitled to the funds.

Interest income on deposits is recorded when interest is earned. Substantially all other revenues are recorded when received.

Expenditures

The Sheriff's primary expenditures include salaries and insurance, which are recorded when the liability is incurred. Capital expenditures and purchase of various operating supplies are regarded as expenditures at the time purchased.

Other Financing Sources (Uses)

Transfers between funds that are not expected to be repaid are accounted for as other financing sources (uses) when the transfers are authorized by the Sheriff.

Deferred Revenues

Deferred revenues arise when resources are received by the Sheriff before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received before the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the Sheriff has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and the revenue is recognized.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. CASH AND INTEREST-BEARING DEPOSITS

Cash and interest-bearing deposits include amounts in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits and time deposits. They are stated at cost, which approximates market value.

E. INVESTMENTS

The Sheriff's investment program is authorized and limited by state statute to purchases of securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government and its agencies or instrumentalities and participation in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool ("LAMP"). LAMP is a nonprofit corporation formed by the State Treasurer and organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, which operates a local governmental investment pool equivalent to a money market fund. LAMP invests in short-term instruments as permitted by statute.

F. RECEIVABLES

Receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end not yet received. Receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Allowances are reported when accounts are proven to be uncollectible. The Sherriff has determined there is no allowance for uncollectible accounts as of June 30, 2022.

G. INVENTORY

All inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market value, using the first-in/first-out ("FIFO") method. Inventory consists mainly of uniforms and vehicle parts.

H. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost. The Sheriff maintains a threshold level of \$2,500 for equipment, furniture and vehicles and \$5,000 for building and improvements for capitalizing capital assets.

Capital assets are recorded in the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for public purposes, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. All capital assets, other than land, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives
Buildings Office equipment and furniture Vehicles	25-40 5-12

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

I. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

All long-term liabilities to be repaid from governmental resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term liabilities consist of compensated absences payable, other post-retirement benefits and net pension liability.

J. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

All permanent, full-time employees earn from 10-20 days of vacation leave each year, depending upon length of service. Vacation leave is available for use by employees in the fiscal year succeeding the year it was earned and cannot be accumulated. Upon resignation, termination, or retirement, unused vacation leave up to 20 days is paid to the employee at the employee's current rate of pay.

Sick leave is earned at the rate of 12 days per year by permanent, full-time employees. Unused sick leave may be accumulated from year to year. However, unused sick leave is forfeited upon termination.

At June 30, 2022, employees of the Sheriff's office have accumulated \$2,093,697 in leave privileges; see table below for reconciliation to statement of net position:

Current liabilities:			
Co	mpensated absences payable		\$ 331,501
Long-term liabilities:			
Co	mpensated absences payable		1,762,196
	Net	-	\$ 2,093,697
Со	1 1	-	\$

K. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position or Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflows of resources (expenditure) until then. The Sheriff has two items that qualifies for this category; pension related deferrals and OPEB related deferrals, which is reported in the government-wide statement.

In addition, the Statement of Net Position or Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) at that time. The Sheriff has one item that qualify for this category; pension related deferrals. This amount is recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

L. EQUITY CLASSIFICATIONS

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use by either (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt".

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

M. FUND EQUITY

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Any designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balances of governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because constraints that externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed – amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Sheriff. The Sheriff is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Sheriff's Office. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions approved by the Sheriff.

Assigned – amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed, but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the Sheriff's adopted policy, only he may assign amounts for specific purposes.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

M. FUND EQUITY (Continued)

Unassigned – all other spendable amounts.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Sheriff considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Sheriff considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Sheriff has provided otherwise in his commitment or assignment actions.

N. ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

O. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as a reduction of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions are reported as transfers.

P. RECENTLY ADOPTED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT

In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, "*Leases.*" The statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 87 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. GASB Statement 95 has postponed the effective date by eighteen months in light of COVID-19 pandemic. Refer to the effect of implementation on the Sheriff's financial statements at footnote 1(R).

Q. RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT

In June 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 97, "*Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans.*" The requirements of this Statement related to the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 plans. GASB statement No. 97 is effective for.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Q. RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT (Continued)

fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. The effect of implementation on the Sheriff's financial statements has not yet been determined

R. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Sheriff's office implemented GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. GASB Statement No. 87 enhances the relevance and consistency of information of the government's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The Sheriff recognized \$111,451 in net book value for the intangible right to use and a lease liability of \$111,451 for a building leased in June 2019.

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 had no effect on net position as reported June 30, 2021.

The Sheriff has adopted the accounting policy election of not recognizing right-of-use assets and lease liabilities arising from short-term leases, 12-monthor less, for any class of underlying assets.

2. CASH AND INTEREST-BEARING DEPOSITS

Under state law, the Sheriff may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state, or the laws of the United States. The Sheriff may invest in certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana.

As of June 30, 2022, the Sheriff has cash and cash equivalents (book balances) as follows:

	1	Government-wide Statement of Net Assets		Fiduciary Funds Statement of Assets and Liabilities		Total		
Demand deposits Time deposits	\$	33,624,578 44,949,741	\$	6,392,867 -	\$	40,017,445 44,949,741		
Total	\$	78,574,319	\$	6,392,867	\$	84,967,186		

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market value. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Sheriff's deposits may not be returned to it. The Sheriff does not have a policy for custodial credit risk, however, under state laws, these deposits

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

2. CASH AND INTEREST-BEARING DEPOSITS (Continued)

(or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent.

These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

As of June 30, 2022, the Sheriff has \$86,593,979 in deposits (collected bank balances). These deposits are secured from risk by \$31,364,830 of federal deposit insurance and \$73,683,249 of pledged securities held by the custodial banks in the name of the fiscal agent bank (GASB Category 3).

Even though the pledged securities are considered uncollateralized (Category 3) under the provisions of GASB Statement 3, R.S. 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the Sheriff that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

3. INVESTMENTS

Investments held at June 30, 2022 consist of \$12,502,866 in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool, a local government investment pool, carried at cost which approximates fair market value.

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 150.128, the investment in Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP) is not categorized in the three risk categories provided by GASB Codification Section 150.164 because the investment is in a pool of funds and thereby not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

LAMP is administered by LAMP, Inc., a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana. Only local government entities having contracted to participate in LAMP have an investment interest in its pool of assets. The primary objective of LAMP is to provide a safe environment for the placement of public funds in short-term, high-quality investments.

The LAMP portfolio includes only securities and other obligations in which local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in accordance with LSA - R.S. 33:2955. GASB Statement No. 40 Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosure, requires disclosure of credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk for all public entity investments.

LAMP is a 2a7-like investment pool. The following facts are relevant for 2a7 like investment pools:

- <u>Credit Risk:</u> LAMP is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's.
- <u>Custodial Credit Risk:</u> LAMP participants' investments in the pool are evidenced by shares of the pool. Investments in pools should be disclosed, but not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form. The public

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

3. INVESTMENTS (Continued)

- entity's investment is with the pool, not the securities that make up the pool; therefore, no disclosure is required.
- <u>Interest Rate Risk:</u> LAMP is designed to be highly liquid to give its participants immediate access to their account balances. LAMP prepares its own interest rate risk disclosure using the weighted average maturity (WAM) method. The WAM of LAMP assets is restricted to not more than 60 days and consists of no securities with a maturity in excess of 397 days. The WAM for LAMP's total investments is 60 days as of June 30, 2022.
- <u>Foreign Currency Risk:</u> Not applicable to 2a7-like pools.

LAMP, Inc. is subject to the regulatory oversight of the state treasurer and the board of directors. LAMP is not registered with the SEC as an investment company.

The Calcasieu Parish Sheriff places no limit on the amount invested in any one financial institution.

4. RECEIVABLES

The receivables of \$4,227,432 at June 30, 2022, are as follows:

Governmental Activities		
\$	110,767	
	1,183,347	
	2,394,470	
	421,085	
	15,442	
	2,793	
	99,528	
	4,227,432	
	-	
\$	4,227,432	

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

5. AD VALOREM TAXES

The Sheriff is the ex-officio tax collector of the parish and is responsible for the collection and distribution of ad valorem taxes. Ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1, of each year. Taxes are levied by the parish government in June and are actually billed to the taxpayers by the Sheriff in October. Billed taxes are due by December 31, becoming delinquent on January 1, of the following year. The taxes are based on assessed values determined by the Tax Assessor of Calcasieu Parish and are collected by the Sheriff. The taxes are remitted to the appropriate taxing bodies net of deductions for assessor's compensation and pension fund contributions.

Ad valorem taxes are budgeted and recorded in the year for which levied and billed. For the year ended June 30, 2022, law enforcement taxes applicable to the Sheriff's General Fund, were levied at the rate of 11.85 mills on property with an assessed valuations totaling \$2,644,949,911.

Total law enforcement taxes levied during for the year ended June 30, 2022 were \$31,681,558. Taxes receivable were \$110,767 at June 30, 2022 and are reported as a component of receivables, due from other governmental units, in the General Fund in these financial statements.

The following is a summary of authorized and levied (tax rate per \$1,000 assessed value) ad valorem taxes:

	Authorized Millage	Levied Millage	Expiration Date	 Amount Collected
1 Regular Law Enforcement District	6.23	6.23	Permanent	\$ 16,658,270
2 Special Law Enforcement District	7.58	7.58	2030	15,023,288
	13.81	13.81		\$ 31,681,558

On August 15, 2020, the voters of Calcasieu Parish approved a 10-year renewal of the Special Law Enforcement District tax of 7.58 mills.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	 Balance July 1, 2021	 Additions		Deletions		Balance une 30, 2022
Governmental activities:						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 726,133	\$ -	\$	-	\$	726,133
Work in process	 1,687,428	 14,691,925		-		16,379,353
Total capital assets not being						
depreciated	\$ 2,413,561	\$ 14,691,925	\$	-	\$	17,105,486
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Building and improvements	\$ 39,849,477	\$ 5,639,334	\$	(937,122)	\$	44,551,689
Equipment and furniture	39,353,920	2,654,292		(3,929,009)		38,079,203
Vehicles	23,465,474	2,736,501		(907,370)		25,294,605
Right to use lease - building	-	111,415		-		111,415
Total	 102,668,871	 11,141,542		(5,773,501)		108,036,912
Less accumulated depreciation						
Building and improvements	(14,960,063)	(1,325,594)		223,069		(16,062,588)
Equipment and furniture	(32,424,068)	(2,332,057)		3,472,825		(31,283,300)
Vehicles	(17,151,835)	(2,641,362)		744,199		(19,048,998)
Right to use lease - building	-	(37,114)		-		(37,114)
	 (64,535,966)	 (6,336,127)		4,440,093		(66,432,000)
Total capital assets being						
depreciated, net	\$ 38,132,905	\$ 4,805,415	\$	(1,333,408)	\$	41,604,912

Depreciation expense in the amount of \$6,336,127 was charged to public safety. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the Calcasieu Parish Sheriff sold or removed obsolete capital asset items with a net book value of \$1,333,408 and received approximately \$573,788 for their sale at auction.

7. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

Certain employees of The Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's Department participate in the Louisiana Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan adopted under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code Section 457. In accordance, with provisions of GASB Statement No. 32, plan balances and activities are not reflected in the Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's Department or its political subdivisions' financial statements. Complete disclosures relating to the Plan are included in the separately issued audit report for the Plan, available from the Louisiana Legislative Auditor, Post Office Box 94397, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9397.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

8. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	6/30/2021 Balance Additions Reductions					6/30/2022	Due within
	Balance		Additions		Reductions	 Balance	One Year
Accrued compensated absences, net	\$ 1,518,805	\$	2,886,831	\$	(2,311,939)	\$ 2,093,697	\$ 331,501
Unfunded pension liability (asset)	44,946,113		1,923,222		(49,913,549)	(3,044,214)	-
Other post retirement benefits	115,970,324		5,359,711		(29,668,488)	91,661,547	
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 162,435,242	\$	10,169,764	\$	(81,893,976)	\$ 90,711,030	\$ 331,501

Lease Payable - The Sheriff entered into a lease agreement for a term of 12 months, with the option to renew for an additional 5-year period on June 1, 2018, for a substation building in Sulphur, Louisiana. The lease was renewed for the 5-year period and will expire in 2024. Payment terms are \$3,350 per month with the lease liability as of June 30, 2022, of \$76,320. \$74,301 has been recorded as intangible right to use asset. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, this lease for a substation met the criteria of a lease; thus, requiring it to be recorded by the Sheriff. This asset will be amortized over the lease term of six years since it is shorter than the useful life and the Sheriff is not taking ownership of the substation. The lease will end in 2024. A summary of the principal and interest amounts for the remaining lease is as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Principal	Interst		
2023 2024	\$ 40,200 36,120	\$ 2,112 1,936		
	\$ 76,320	\$ 4,048		

9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description – The Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's Office (the Sheriff) provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for its retired employees. The Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's OPEB Plan (the OPEB Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Sheriff. The authority to establish and/or amend the obligation of the employer, employees and retirees rests with the Sheriff. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75.

Benefits Provided – Medical, dental and life insurance benefits are provided through comprehensive plans and are made available to employees upon actual retirement. Employees retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions are as follows: attainment of age 55 and 15 years of service. Notwithstanding this there is a minimum service requirement of 8 years with the Sheriff's office. Life insurance coverage is provided to retirees and \$10,000 face amount is paid by the employer.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Employees covered by benefit terms – As of July 1, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	224
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	815
Total	1,039

Total OPEB Liability

The Sheriff's total OPEB liability is \$91,661,547 as of the measurement date June 30, 2022, the end of the fiscal year.

Actuarial Assumptions and other inputs – The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.0%
Salary increases	3.0%, including inflation
Discount rate	2.16%, annually
	3.54% annually
Healthcare cost trend rates	5.5% annually until year 2030, then 4.5%
Mortality	SOA RP-2014 Table

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyers' 20 Year General Obligation municipal bond index over the 52 weeks immediately preceding the applicable measurement dates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021, valuation were based on the results of ongoing evaluations of the assumptions from July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2022.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 115,970,324
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	2,824,250
Interest	2,535,461
Differences between expected and actual experience	(894,789)
Changes in assumptions	(27,292,957)
Benefit payments and net transfers	(1,480,742)
Net Change	(24,308,777)
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 91,661,547

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Sheriff, as well as what the Sheriff's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.54%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.54%) than the current discount rate:

	1	1% Decrease		ent Discount	Increase		
		(2.54%)	Ra	ate (3.54%)		(4.54%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$	110,742,017	\$	91,661,547	\$	76,820,657	

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Sheriff, as well as what the Sheriff's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (4.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.5%) than the current healthcare trend rates:

	1.0% Decrease		Cu	rrent Trend	1.0% Increase		
		(4.5%)		(5.5%)		(6.5%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$	78,515,303	\$	91,661,547	\$	108,759,850	

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Sheriff recognized OPEB expense of \$6,229,022. At June 30, 2022, the Sheriff reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferr	ed Inflows
			0	fResources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	9,555,254	\$	(3,987,534)
Change in assumptions	_	23,242,363		(25,193,498)
Total	\$	32,797,617	\$	(29,181,032)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years Ending June 30:	
2023	\$ 869,311
2024	869,311
2025	869,311
2026	869,311
2027	869,311
Thereafter	(729,970)
	\$ 3,616,585

10. PENSION PLAN

The Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's office is a participating employer in the Louisiana Sheriffs' Pension and Relief Fund ("Fund"), which is a cost-sharing defined benefit pension plan. The Fund is a public corporation created in accordance with the provision of Louisiana Revised Statute 11:2171 to provide retirement, disability and survivor benefits to employees of sheriffs' offices throughout the State of Louisiana, employees of Louisiana Sheriffs' Association and Sheriffs' Pension and Relief Fund's office. The Fund is governed by a Board of Trustees composed of 14 elected members and two legislators who serve as ex-officio members, all of whom are voting members.

The System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. The report may be obtained by writing to the Louisiana Sheriff's Pension and Relief Fund, 1225 Nicholson Drive, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70802, or by calling (225) 219-0500.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The Sheriffs' Pension and Relief Fund prepares its employer pension schedules in accordance with Governmental Accounting Statement No. 68 - Accounting and Financial Reporting for

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

10. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. GASB Statement No. 68 established standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses/expenditures. It also provides methods to calculate participating employers' proportionate share of net pension liability (asset), deferred inflows, deferred outflows, pension expense, and amortization periods for deferred inflows and deferred outflows. GASB Statement No. 67 - *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25* provides methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service.

Basis of Accounting:

The Sheriff's Pension and Relief Fund's employer schedules were prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions, for which the employer allocations are based, are recognized in the period in which the employee is compensated for services performed.

Fund Employees:

The Fund is not allocated a proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) related to its employees. The net pension liability (asset) attributed to the Fund's employees is allocated to the remaining employers based on their respective employer allocation percentage.

Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Plan fiduciary net position is a significant component of the Fund's collective net pension liability (asset). The Fund's plan fiduciary net position was determined using the accrual basis of accounting. The Fund's assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses were recorded with the use of estimates and assumptions in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements and estimates over the determination of the fair market value of the Fund's investments. Accordingly, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

Pension Amount Netting:

The deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources attributable to differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments recorded in different years are netted to report only a deferred outflow or a deferred inflow on the schedule of pension amounts. The remaining categories of deferred outflows and deferred inflows are not presented on a net basis.

Plan Description:

The Fund was established for the purpose of providing retirement benefits for employees of sheriffs' offices throughout the State of Louisiana, employees of the Louisiana Sheriffs' Association, and the employees of the Fund. The projection of benefit payments in the calculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

10. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

employees through the Fund in accordance with the benefit terms and any additional legal agreements to provide benefits that are in force at the measurement date.

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Retirement Benefits:

For members who become eligible for membership on or before December 31, 2011, members with twelve years of creditable service may retire at age fifty-five; members with thirty years of service may retire regardless of age. The retirement allowance is equal to three and one-third percent of the member's average final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service, not to exceed (after reduction for optional payment form) 100% of average final compensation. Active, contributing members with at least ten years of creditable service may retire at age sixty. The accrued normal retirement benefit is reduced actuarially for each month or fraction thereof that retirement begins prior to the member's earliest normal retirement date assuming continuous service.

For members whose first employment making them eligible for membership in the system began on or after January 1, 2012, members with twelve years of creditable service may retire at age sixty-two; members with twenty years of service may retire at age sixty; members with thirty years of creditable service may retire at age fifty-five. The benefit accrual rate for such members with less than thirty years of service is three percent; for members with thirty or more years of service the accrual rate is three and one-third percent. The retirement allowance is equal to the benefit accrual rate times the member's average final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service, not to exceed (after reduction for optional payment form) 100% of average final compensation. Members with twenty or more years of service may retire with a reduced retirement at age fifty.

For a member whose first employment making him eligible for membership in the system began on or before June 30, 2006, final average compensation is based on the average monthly earnings during the highest thirty-six consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted. The earnings to be considered for each twelve-month period within the thirty-six month period shall not exceed 125% of the preceding twelve-month period.

For a member whose first employment making him eligible for membership in the system began after June 30, 2006 and before July 1, 2013, final average compensation is based on the average monthly earnings during the highest sixty consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted. The earnings to be considered for each twelve-month period within the sixty-month period shall not exceed 125% of the preceding twelve-month period.

For a member whose first employment making him eligible for membership in the system began on or after July 1, 2013, final average compensation is based on the average monthly earnings during the highest sixty consecutive months or joined months is service was interrupted. The earnings to be considered for each twelve-month period within the sixty-month period shall not exceed 115% of the preceding twelve-month period.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

10. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Disability Benefits:

A member is eligible to receive disability benefits if the member has at least 10 years of creditable service when a non-service related disability is incurred; there are no service requirements for a service related disability. Disability benefits shall be the lesser of a sum equal to the greatest of 45% of final average compensation or the members' accrued retirement benefit at the time of termination of employment due to disability, or the retirement benefit which would be payable assuming continued service to the earliest normal retirement age. Members who become partially disabled receive 75% of the amount payable for total disability.

<u>Survivor Benefits:</u>

Survivor benefits for death solely as a result of injuries received in the line of duty are based on the following. For a spouse alone, a sum equal to 50% of the member's final average compensation with a minimum of \$150 per month. If a spouse is entitled to benefits and has a child or children under 18 years of age (or over said age if physically or mentally incapacitated and dependent upon the member at the time of his death), an additional sum of 15% of the member's final average compensation is paid to each child with total benefits paid to spouse and children not to exceed 100%. If a member dies with no surviving spouse, surviving children under age eighteen will receive monthly benefits of 15% of the member's final average compensation up to a maximum of 60% of final average compensation if there are more than 4 children. If a member is eligible for normal retirement at the time of death, the surviving spouse receives an automatic option 2 benefit. The additional benefit payable to children shall be the same as those available for members who die in the line of duty. In lieu of receiving option 2 benefit, the surviving spouse may receive a refund of the member's accumulated contributions. All benefits payable to surviving children shall be extended through age twenty-two, if the child is a full-time student in good standing enrolled at a board approved or accredited school, college, or university.

Deferred Benefits:

The fund does provide for deferred benefits for vested members who terminate before being eligible for retirement. Benefits become payable once the member reaches the appropriate age for retirement.

Back Deferred Retirement Option Plan (Back-DROP):

In lieu of receiving a service retirement allowance, any member of the Fund who has more than sufficient service for a regular service retirement may elect to receive a "Back-DROP" benefit. A member elects to "take" Back-DROP at the time of separation from employment to retire. The Back-DROP benefit is based upon the Back-DROP period selected and the final average compensation prior to the period selected. The Back-DROP period is the lesser of three years or the service accrued between the time a member first becomes eligible for retirement and his actual date of retirement. For those individuals with thirty or more years, the Back-DROP period is the lesser of four years or service accrued between the time a member first becomes eligible for

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

10. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

retirement and his actual date of retirement. A member's Back-DROP benefit is the maximum monthly retirement benefit multiplied by the number of months in the Back-DROP period. In addition, the member's Back-DROP account will be credited with employee contributions received by the Fund during the Back-DROP period. The member's DROP and Back-DROP balances left on deposit are managed by a third party, fixed income investment manager. Participants have the option to opt out of this program and take a distribution, if eligible, or to rollover the assets to another qualified plan.

Permanent Benefit Increases / Cost of Living Adjustments:

As fully described in Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes, the Fund allows for the payment of permanent benefit increases, also known as cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs), that are funded through investment earnings when recommended by the Board of Trustees and approved by the State Legislature. Cost-of-living provisions for the Fund allows the board of trustees to provide an annual cost of living increase of 2.5% of the eligible retiree's original benefit if certain funding criteria are met. Members are eligible to receive a cost-of-living adjustment once they have attained the age of sixty and have been retired at least one year. Funding criteria for granting cost-of-living adjustments is dependent on the funded ratio.

Employer Contributions:

According to state statute, contribution requirements for all employers are actuarially determined each year. For the year ending June 30, 2021, the actual employer contribution rate was 12.25% with an additional 0.00% allocated from the Funding Deposit Account. Employer proportionate share of contributions for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$5,493,915.

In accordance with state statute, the Fund receives ad valorem taxes, insurance premium taxes and state revenue sharing funds. These additional sources of income are used as employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities, but are not considered special funding situations. Non-employer contributions are recognized as revenue in the amount of \$2,837,599 and excluded from pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2021.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions.</u>

At June 30, 2022, the Sheriff reported an asset of \$3,044,214 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the System. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Sheriff's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Sheriff's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

At June 30, 2021, the Sheriff's proportion was 6.143099%, which was a decrease of 0.350922% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

10. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. (continued)</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Sheriff recognized pension expense of \$864,900 net of employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contribution of \$9,126.

At June 30, 2022, the Sheriff reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	rred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$	4,238,806
Change of assumptions	9,367,826		-
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments	-		27,490,536
Change in proportion and differences between employer			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,071,869		2,021,728
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement			
date	5,149,318		
Total	\$ 15,589,013	\$	33,751,070

The Sheriff reported a total of \$5,149,318 as deferred outflow of resources related to pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction in net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For the year ending June 30,

2023	\$ 643,537
2024	(4,146,676)
2025	(5,793,672)
2026	(8,864,246)
	\$ (18,161,057)

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

10. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. (continued)</u>

Contributions - Proportionate Share: Differences between contributions remitted to the Fund and the employer's proportionate share are recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with a pension through the pension plan. The resulting deferred inflow/outflow and amortization is not reflected in the schedule of employer amounts due to differences that could arise between contributions reported by the Fund and contributions reported by the participating employer.

Actuarial Assumptions: The net pension liability (asset) was measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position.

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Investment Rate of Return	6.90%, net of investment expense
Discount Rate	6.90%
Projected salary increases	5.0% (2.5% inflation, 2.5% merit)
Mortality	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Employees multiplied by 120% for males and 115% for females for active members, each with full generational projection using the appropriate MP2019 scale.
	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Healthy Retirees multiplied by 120% for males and 115% for females for annuitants and beneficiaries, each with full generational projection using the appropriate MP2019 scale.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

10. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. (continued)</u>

	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Disabled Retirees multiplied by 120% for males and 115% for females for disabled annuitants, each with full generational projection using the appropriate MP2019 scale.
Expected Remaining Service Lives	2021 – 5 years 2020 – 6 years 2019 – 6 years 2018 – 6 years 2017 – 7 years 2016 – 7 years
Cost of Living Adjustment	The present value of future retirement benefits is based on benefits currently being paid by the System and includes previously granted cost of living increases. The projected benefit payments do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees as they were deemed not to be substantively automatic.

The mortality rate assumptions were set after reviewing an experience study performed over the period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2019. The data was then assigned credibility weighting and combined with a standard table to produce current levels of mortality. This mortality was then projected forward to a period equivalent to the estimated duration of the Fund's liabilities. Annuity values calculated based on this mortality were compared to those produced by using a setback of standard tables. The result of the procedure indicated that these tables would produce liability values approximating the appropriate generational mortality tables used.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

10. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. (continued)</u>

Estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class based on Fund's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021 were as follows:

	Expected Rate of Return				
	Long-term				
		Real Rate	Expected Portfolio		
	Target Asset	Arithmetic	Real Rate of		
Asset Class	Allocation	Basis	Return		
Equity securities	62.0%	7.1%	4.4%		
Fixed Income	25.0%	1.4%	0.4%		
Alternative investments	13.0%	4.4%	0.6%		
Totals	100.0%		5.3%		
Inflation			2.6%		
Expected arithmetic nominal return			7.9%		

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the Fund's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the participating employers calculated using the discount rate of 6.90%, as well as what the employers' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate as of June 30, 2021:

	2021			
	1%	1%		
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase	
	5.90%	6.90%	7.90%	
Employer's proportionate share of				
the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 33,425,152	\$ (3,044,214)	\$ (33,448,034)	

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

10. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. The report may be obtained by writing to the Louisiana Sheriff's Pension and Relief Fund, 1225 Nicholson Drive, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70802, or by calling (225) 219-0500.

Payables to the pension plan. At June 30, 2022, the Sheriff had payables due to the pension plan totaling \$779,008.

11. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Sheriff is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Sheriff maintains commercial insurance coverage covering each of those risks of loss. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the Sheriff.

12. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

The Sheriff is a defendant in a number of lawsuits that have arisen in the normal course of operations, which are in various stages of completion. The Sheriff has established a fund balance reserve for legal contingencies in the amount of \$3,100,000 for potential losses on those cases, which may result in judgments in excess of insurance coverage or in denial of insurance coverage. As of the date of this report, the Sheriff's legal counsel believes that, for all other lawsuits, final and probable judgments as a result of these suits would be covered by insurance and would not have a material adverse effect on the Sheriff's financial statements.

13. EXPENDITURES OF THE SHERIFF'S OFFICE PAID BY THE PARISH POLICE JURY

The Sheriff's office is located within the Administrative Complex and Calcasieu Correctional Center on East Broad Street. The cost of maintaining and operating the parish law enforcement building, as required by statute, is paid by the Calcasieu Parish Police Jury. These expenditures are not included in the accompanying financial statements.

14. SALES TAXES

On July 15, 2006, the voters of Calcasieu Parish approved a new 1/2% sales tax increase for the Law Enforcement District of Calcasieu Parish. Collection of the sales tax began October 1, 2006. On March 28, 2015, the voters of Calcasieu Parish approved to extend this 1/2% sales tax for an additional ten-year period beginning October 1, 2016 and expiring on September 30, 2026.

The sales tax is to provide for a new salary schedule for deputies; the funding of an increase in the Patrol and Corrections Divisions and related law enforcement functions; capital improvements expenditures not to exceed nine million dollars and the creation of an Emergency Fund Balance or Reserve to be utilized in the event of an emergency and to provide continuity in operations. The Emergency Reserve Fund balance as of June 30, 2022 was \$29,957,919.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

14. SALES TAXES (Continued)

In accordance with the covenant agreement recorded with the Calcasieu Parish Clerk of Court, once the above criteria are met, the Calcasieu Parish Law Enforcement District millage numbers 1 and 2 shall be rolled back (reduced) in an amount to equal approximately nine million dollars. After the roll back, increases in the Law Enforcement District millage numbers 1 and 2 shall be limited to a maximum increase of one mill per year per district, up to the maximum millage authorized by law. These millage increases shall not begin for a period of five years from the date of the first collection of the new sales tax, and only after a public hearing held for the purpose of receiving public participation.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, \$36,785,154 was collected. Of this amount, \$-0- was used to purchase capital assets, \$19,772,053 for payroll and \$154,945 for collection fees and refunds.

The remaining amount was either invested or expended in the operations of the General Fund as more fully described below.

Since inception, a total of \$431,920,376 has been collected. The breakdown of usage of this sales tax is as follows:

Usage	Amount	
Capital assets	\$	9,000,000
Payroll		263,979,081
Collections fees and refunds		3,074,123
	\$	276,053,204
The remaining balance of \$155,186,329 consists of the following: LAMP and CD's (principal) LAMP and CD's (interest)	\$	29,936,252 1,024,929
Invested in LAMP and CD's		1,024,929
(reserved for emergencies)	\$	30,961,181
Available for operations		125,909,253

\$

156.870.434

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

15. LEASES

The Sheriff's office entered into a 5-year lease agreement, effective June 2019, with the Sulphur Property of RLP Rentals, LLC. The Sheriff's office, as lessee, agrees to use the premises of the leased for a substation through the operating lease expiring June 2024. Rent expense for this lease was \$40,200 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

At the time of the initial measurement, there was no interest rate specified in the original lease agreement. The Sheriff's office has used the prime bank loan rate as determined by the US Federal Reserve. The weighted average borrowing rate for these liabilities was 5.5% which was used to discount the annual lease payments to recognize the intangible right to use this asset and the lease liability as of June 30, 2022.

Annual requirements to amortize this lease liability and related interest are as follows:

For year end June 30,		Principal	Ι	nterest
2023	9	40,200	\$	2,112
2024	9	36,120	\$	1,936

16. HURRICANE DAMAGE

The Sheriff was impacted by Hurricane Laura and Delta when they made landfall in August and October 2020, respectively, causing significant damage to buildings and other properties. Costs estimates to repair or replace these buildings or other properties are not known at this time, but are expected to be substantially recovered from a variety of sources, including insurance proceeds and federal and state assistance programs. Included in the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022 are \$9.7 million of operating expenses incurred, \$3.9 million in insurance proceeds and \$1.8 million government reimbursements..

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	GENERAL FUND					
	BUD	OGET		Variance Favorable		
	Original	BUDGET Original Final		(Unfavorable)		
REVENUES	0		Actual			
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 23,500,000	\$ 31,491,666	\$ 31,681,558	\$ 189,892		
Intergovernmental	6,814,708	5,168,151	6,980,446	1,812,295		
Commissions, fees and charges	15,176,092	15,624,924	17,351,303	1,726,379		
Interest	149,662	118,570	156,458	37,888		
Sales taxes	49,200,000	52,500,000	55,221,306	2,721,306		
Proceeds from sale of assets	75,000	394,337	573,788	179,451		
Insurance proceeds	-	3,328,419	3,899,777	571,358		
Other	647,000	730,541	381,511	(349,030)		
Total revenues	95,562,462	109,356,608	116,246,147	6,889,539		
EXPENDITURES						
Public safety:						
Personnel services and related benefits	58,214,280	53,375,435	64,230,647	(10,855,212)		
Operating services	32,488,037	37,052,206	23,271,001	13,781,205		
Materials and supplies	3,914,627	2,585,649	3,914,606	(1,328,957)		
Travel and other charges	426,360	281,764	332,355	(50,591)		
Capital outlay	33,438,774	25,245,085	25,423,509	(178,424)		
Total expenditures	128,482,078	118,540,139	117,172,118	1,368,021		
EXCESS EXPENDITURES OVER						
REVENUES	(32,919,616)	(9,183,531)	(925,971)	8,257,560		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Operating transfers in	-	-	-	-		
Operating transfers (out)	-	-	-	-		
Total other financing sources (uses)	-		-	-		
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	(32,919,616)	(9,183,531)	(925,971)	8,257,560		
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	89,238,318	89,238,318	89,238,318			
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 56,318,702	\$ 80,054,787	\$ 88,312,347	\$ 8,257,560		

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Year Ended	Proportion of the net pension liability	Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	Covered employee payroll	Share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)
June 30, 2022	6.143099%	\$ (3,044,214)	\$ 42,033,255	-7.24%	101.04%
June 30, 2021	6.494021%	\$ 44,946,113	\$ 44,744,117	100.45%	84.73%
June 30, 2020	6.693782%	\$ 31,663,121	\$ 47,941,818	66.04%	88.91%
June 30, 2019	6.809755%	\$ 26,113,017	\$ 46,775,161	55.83%	90.41%
June 30, 2018	6.252722%	\$ 27,075,997	\$ 46,869,688	57.77%	113.01%
June 30, 2017	6.088910%	\$ 38,645,672	\$ 43,309,409	89.23%	121.81%
June 30, 2016	6.051753%	\$ 26,975,794	\$ 41,584,344	64.87%	86.61%
June 30, 2015	6.075504%	\$ 24,059,034	\$ 40,124,083	59.96%	87.34%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S CONTRIBUTION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Year Ended	Contractually required contribution	Contributions in relation to contractual required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	Employer's covered employee payroll	Contributions as a % of covered employee payroll
June 30, 2022	\$ 5,149,318	\$ 5,149,318	\$ -	\$42,033,255	12.2505%
June 30, 2021	\$ 5,481,195	\$ 5,481,195	\$ -	\$44,744,117	12.2500%
June 30, 2020	\$ 5,872,871	\$ 5,872,871	\$ -	\$47,941,818	12.2500%
June 30, 2019	\$ 5,729,955	\$ 5,729,955	\$ -	\$46,775,161	12.2500%
June 30, 2018	\$ 5,975,881	\$ 5,975,881	\$ -	\$46,869,688	12.7500%
June 30, 2017	\$ 5,738,502	\$ 5,738,502	\$ -	\$43,309,409	13.2500%
June 30, 2016	\$ 5,717,846	\$ 5,717,846	\$ -	\$41,584,344	13.7500%
June 30, 2015	\$ 5,717,683	\$ 5,717,683	\$ -	\$40,124,083	14.2500%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability					
Service cost	\$ 2,824,250	\$ 3,658,122	\$ 3,354,352	\$ 2,189,348	\$ 1,772,523
Interest	2,535,461	2,481,499	2,693,427	2,304,203	2,131,332
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	(894,789)	(3,688,504)	6,087,220	6,002,977	454,548
Changes in assumptions	(27,292,957)	4,466,797	24,454,416	1,379,402	-
Benefit payments	(1,480,742)	(1,403,547)	(1,411,335)	(1,337,758)	(1,027,817)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(24,308,777)	5,514,367	35,178,080	10,538,172	3,330,586
Total OPEB liability - beginning	115,970,324	110,455,957	75,277,877	64,739,705	61,409,119
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$91,661,547	\$ 115,970,324	\$ 110,455,957	\$ 75,277,877	\$ 64,739,705
Covered-employee payroll	\$35,964,980	\$ 34,917,456	\$ 39,267,020	\$ 38,123,320	\$ 35,059,920
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	254.86%	332.13%	281.29%	197.46%	184.65%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

1. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

- a. The proposed budget for the general fund is submitted to the Sheriff for the fiscal year no later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year.
- b. A summary of the proposed budget is published and the public is notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- c. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for the hearing.
- d. After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is legally adopted prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- e. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- f. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as finally amended by the Sheriff.

2. PENSION PLAN

Changes of Assumptions – Changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or of other inputs were recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan.

Amounts reported in fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 for Sheriffs' Pension and Relief Fund reflect an adjustment in the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability. The discount rate for the System was reduced by 0.1% to 6.90% as of the valuation date June 30, 2021. Other changes are as follows:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Investment Rate of Return	6.90%	7.00%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

3. OPEB PLAN

Changes of Benefit Terms -

There were no changes of benefit terms for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Changes of Assumptions -

	2022	2021	2020
Discount	3.54%	2.16%	2.21%
Mortality	RP-2014	RP-2014	RP-2000
Trend	4.5% to 5.5%	4.5% to 5.5%	5.5%

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NONMAJOR FUND DESCRIPTIONS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

REGIONAL LAW ENFORCEMENT TRAINING ACADEMY FUND

The Regional Law Enforcement Training Academy Fund accounts for the collection of training fees from students attending the Calcasieu Regional Law Enforcement Training Academy. Expenditures of the fund include instructor fees, materials, and supplies for the academy.

SOUTHWEST LOUISIANA CRIMINALISTIC LABORATORY FUND

As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 40:2266.1-3, the Southwest Louisiana Criminalistics Laboratory is operated by the Sheriff of Calcasieu Parish for Allen, Beauregard, Calcasieu, Cameron and Jefferson Davis Parishes. Laboratory services for crime detection, prevention, investigation, and other related activities in connection with criminal investigation are provided. The fund accounts for the collection of criminal fees from the aforementioned parishes and the related operating expenditures.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

June 30, 2022

	Regional Law Enforcement Training Academy			Southwest Louisiana riminalistic Laboratory		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$	160,657	\$	4,659,185	\$	4,819,842
Receivables		127		96,671		96,798
Prepaid items		1,775		-		1,775
Total assets	\$	162,559	\$	4,755,856	\$	4,918,415
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY						
Liabilities:	<i>•</i>	1.000	.	10.10.1	.	51 100
Accounts payable	\$	1,998	\$	49,134	\$	51,132
Total liabilities		1,998		49,134		51,132
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable		1,775		-		1,775
Assigned		158,786		4,706,722		4,865,508
Total fund balance		160,561		4,706,722		4,867,283
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$	162,559	\$	4,755,856	\$	4,918,415

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Reg En T A	l Cı	Southwest Louisiana riminalistic Laboratory	 Total	
REVENUES					
Training fees	\$	104,797	\$	-	\$ 104,797
Crime laboratory fees		-		1,031,951	1,031,951
Interest earnings		21		2,348	2,369
Grants		-		238,932	238,932
Bonding fees		-		14,654	14,654
Other		435		18,582	 19,017
Total revenues		105,253		1,306,467	1,411,720
EXPENDITURES					
Public safety:					
Operating services		84,720		762,810	847,530
Materials and supplies		91,345		186,667	278,012
Travel and other charges		6,710		9,951	16,661
Capital outlay		-		298,543	298,543
Total expenditures		182,775		1,257,971	 1,440,746
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER					
EXPENDITURES		(77,522)		48,496	(29,026)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Operating transfers in		-		-	-
Operating transfers (out)		-		-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-	 -
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE		(77,522)		48,496	(29,026)
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING					
OF YEAR		238,083		4,658,226	 4,896,309
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$	160,561	\$	4,706,722	\$ 4,867,283

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - OTHER GOVERNMENTAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		C	THER GOVE	ERN	MENTAL			
	 BUDGET Original Final				Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$ 245,000	\$	254,275	\$	238,932	\$	(15,343)	
Commissions, fees and charges	1,305,100		1,129,497		1,151,402		21,905	
Interest	2,640		2,389		2,369		(20)	
Other	 500		18,854		19,017		163	
Total revenues	1,553,240		1,405,015		1,411,720		6,705	
EXPENDITURES								
Public safety:								
Operating services	1,030,146		839,124		847,530		(8,406)	
Materials and supplies	266,000		286,216		278,012		8,204	
Travel and other charges	39,500		17,519		16,661		858	
Capital outlay	440,000		301,946		298,543		3,403	
Total expenditures	 1,775,646		1,444,805		1,440,746		4,059	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
EXPENDITURES	(222,406)		(39,790)		(29,026)		10,764	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Operating transfers in	-		-		-		-	
Operating transfers (out)	-		-		-		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 -		-		-		-	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	(222,406)		(39,790)		(29,026)		10,764	
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	 4,896,309		4,896,309		4,896,309			
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 4,673,903	\$	4,856,519	\$	4,867,283	\$	10,764	

STATE OF LOUISIANA, PARISH OF CALCASIEU

AFFIDAVIT

Tony Mancuso, Sheriff of Calcasieu

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, personally came and appeared <u>Tony Mancuso</u>, the Sheriff of Calcasieu Parish, State Of Louisiana, who after being duly sworn, deposed and said:

The following information is true and correct:

\$2,250.33 is the amount of cash on hand in the tax collector account on June 30, 2022.

He further deposed and said:

All itemized statements of the amount of taxes collected for the year 2021 by taxing authority, are true and correct.

All itemized statements of all taxes assessed and uncollected, which indicate the reasons for the failure to collect, by the taxing authority, are true and correct.

Signature

Sheriff of Calcasieu Parish

SWORN to and subscribed before me, Notary this _____ day of _____, 20_22 in My office in Lake Charles, Louisiana

Heuther Miche Ller (Signature) Heather Michelle Simor (Princ), # 054298

Good Cles (Commission)

TAX ROLL STATUS REPORT - 2021 TAX ROLL YEAR AS OF JUNE 30, 2022

				Adjudicated /	2019 Collectable Tax			Refunds To			Collectible Tax Roll Not Yet
Tax Code	Original Taxes	Supplements	Reductions	Exempt	Roll	Collections	Refunds	Process	Net Collections	Left To Collect	Collected
(005) SP-SC MT #1 (ALL) 1028.086	22,939,270	40,693	(229,644)	(29,010)	22,721,309	22,660,653	33,625	-	22,627,028	94,281	0.41%
(005) SP-SC MT #2 (ALL) 1028.087	8,761,527	15,542	(87,711)	(11,080)	8,678,278	8,655,111	12,843	-	8,642,268	36,010	0.41%
(019) SCHOOL #34 SK (*3,*3L) 1028.130	2,753,890	11	(14,975)	(545)	2,738,381	2,737,036	4,052	-	2,732,984	5,397	0.20%
(019) SCHOOL #34 SK (*3,*3L) 1028.131	146,548	1	(797)	(29)	145,723	145,652	216	-	145,436	287	0.20%
(023) SCHOOL #23 SK (*4,*4S,4W) 1028.09	1,223,155	4,125	(11,048)	(251)	1,215,981	1,216,000	856	-	1,215,144	836	0.07%
(023) SCHOOL #23 SK (*4,*4S,4W) 1028.14	1,556,742	5,249	(14,061)	(319)	1,547,612	1,547,637	1,090	-	1,546,547	1,065	0.07%
(023) SCHOOL #23 SK (*4,*4S,4W) 1028.16	2,631,636	8,874	(23,769)	(540)	2,616,201	2,616,243	1,842	-	2,614,401	1,800	0.07%
(026) SCHOOL #26 SK (7,7V) 1028.098	320,863	-	(1,859)	(495)	318,509	317,717	375	-	317,343	1,166	0.37%
(026) SCHOOL #26 SK (7,7V) 1028.150	487,518	-	(2,824)	(752)	483,942	482,739	569	-	482,170	1,772	0.37%
(026) SCHOOL #26 SK (7,7V) 1028.151	733,697	-	(4,250)	(1,132)	728,315	726,505	857	-	725,648	2,667	0.37%
(028) SCHOOL #28 MT (*2) 1028.128	336,907	213	(6,870)	(25)	330,224	325,935	735	-	325,201	5,024	1.52%
(028) SCHOOL #28 SK (*2) 1028.142	237,382	150	(4,840)	(18)	232,674	229,652	518	-	229,134	3,540	1.52%
(030) SCHOOL #30 SK (*4,*4S)	505,580	229	(3,609)	(1,148)	501,052	500,999	512	-	500,487	565	0.11%
(030) SCHOOL #30 SK (*4,*4S)	3,657,028	1,658	(26,107)	(8,305)	3,624,273	3,623,892	3,705	-	3,620,188	4,086	0.11%
(030) SCHOOL #30 SK (*4,*4S)	275,260	125	(1,965)	(625)	272,795	272,766	279	-	272,487	308	0.11%
(032) FIRE PRO #4 MT (*4)	591,700	41	(2,775)	(343)	588,623	588,473	756	-	587,717	906	0.15%
(032) FIRE PRO #4 SK (*4)	339,500	24	(1,592)	(197)	337,735	337,649	434	-	337,215	520	0.15%
(041) COM CTR #3 MT#1 (7,7V)	550,445	-	(3,188)	(849)	546,407	545,049	643	-	544,406	2,001	0.37%
(041) COM CTR #3 SK (7,7V)	611,989	-	(3,545)	(944)	607,500	605,990	715	-	605,276	2,225	0.37%
(043) COM CTR #4 MT#1 (1)	562,093	56	(5,100)	(197)	556,852	547,982	1,782	-	546,200	10,652	1.91%
(043) COM CTR #4 MT#2 (1)	1,123,046	113	(10,190)	(394)	1,112,574	1,094,852	3,560	-	1,091,292	21,282	1.91%
(043) COM CTR #4 MT#3 (1) SR	224,609	23	(2,038)	(79)	222,515	218,970	712	-	218,258	4,256	1.91%
(044) REC #1 MT (*4,4W)	4,853,244	25,729	(34,641)	(1,534)	4,842,797	4,844,262	2,157	-	4,842,105	692	0.01%
(044) REC #1 SK (*4,4W)	668,491	3,544	(4,771)	(211)	667,052	667,254	297	-	666,957	95	0.01%
(050) FP #2 MT #2 (*4, *4S)	1,391,956	1,580	(6,537)	(7,352)	1,379,648	1,380,627	1,509	-	1,379,118	530	0.04%
(050) FP #2 MT (*4,*4S)	1,860,938	2,113	(8,739)	(9,829)	1,844,484	1,845,792	2,018	-	1,843,775	709	0.04%
(055) FIRE PRO #1 MT#1 (6)	462,872	6	(4,478)	(426)	457,974	448,063	1,370	-	446,693	11,281	2.46%
(055) FIRE PRO #1 MT#2 (6)	113,341	1	(1,097)	(104)	112,142	109,715	335	-	109,379	2,762	2.46%
(055) FIRE PRO #1 SK (6)	323,288	4	(3,128)	(298)	319,867	312,945	957	-	311,988	7,879	2.46%
(056) FP #3 MT #1 (*4,*4S,*4W)	1,226,846	515	(2,137)	(335)	1,224,890	1,225,081	452	-	1,224,629	261	0.02%
(056) FP #3 MT #2 (*4,*4S,*4W)	999,060	420	(1,740)	(273)	997,467	997,623	368	-	997,255	212	0.02%
(061) SCHOOL #31 SK (*3,*3L)	1,298,842	77	(26,502)	(8,862)	1,263,555	1,249,129	2,306	-	1,246,824	16,732	1.32%
(061) SCHOOL #31 SK (*3,*3L)	3,886,648	230	(79,303)	(26,517)	3,781,057	3,737,889	6,900	-	3,730,989	50,068	1.32%
(064) WW #14 MT (*5)	646,829	-	(560)	(433)	645,836	646,038	282	-	645,756	80	0.01%
(064) WW #14 SK (*5)	105,278	-	(91)	(70)	105,117	105,149	46	-	105,104	13	0.01%
(070) WTR WKS #10 (*7)	336,766	-	(1,618)	(183)	334,966	335,270	571	-	334,699	267	0.08%
(070) WTR WKS #10 SK (*7)	135,067	-	(649)	(73)	134,345	134,467	229	-	134,237	107	0.08%
(072) REC #1 MT (3,3L)	5,296,137	139	(50,378)	(8,707)	5,237,192	5,225,396	11,183	-	5,214,213	22,979	0.44%
(072) REC #1 SK (3,3L)	1,954,294	51	(18,589)	(3,213)	1,932,543	1,928,191	4,127	-	1,924,064	8,479	0.44%
(080) FP #1 MT #1 (1) 1028.027	575,775	58	(5,224)	(202)	570,406	561,320	1,825	-	559,495	10,911	1.91%
(080) FP #1 MT #2 (1) 1028.026	733,115	74	(6,652)	(257)	726,279	714,711	2,324	-	712,386	13,893	1.91%
(080) FP #1 MT #3 (1) 1028.134	798,104	80	(7,242)	(280)	790,662	778,068	2,530	-	775,537	15,124	1.91%

TAX ROLL STATUS REPORT - 2021 TAX ROLL YEAR - (Continued) AS OF JUNE 30, 2022

											Collectible Tax
Tax Code	Original Taxes	Supplements	Reductions	Adjudicated / Exempt	2019 Collectable Tax Roll	Collections	Refunds	Refunds To Process	Net Collections	Left To Collect	Roll Not Yet Collected
(083) FP #1 MT (2)	294,916	176	(5,694)	(21)	289,378	285,823	609	-	285,214	4,164	1.44%
(083) FP #1 SK (2)	144,858	87	(2,797)	(10)	142,138	140,392	299	-	140,093	2,045	1.44%
(088) FIRE PRO # 1 SK (7)	98,155	-	(453)	(57)	97,645	97,377	72	-	97,305	340	0.35%
(088) FIRE PRO #1 MT #1 (7)	623,098	-	(2,873)	(362)	619,863	618,162	458	-	617,704	2,159	0.35%
(101) L.C. CITY GEN ALMNY MT	4,890,777	24	(36,688)	(8,965)	4,845,149	4,833,286	4,518	-	4,828,768	16,381	0.34%
(101) L.C. CITY PLAY/REC MT	1,380,925	7	(10,359)	(2,531)	1,368,042	1,364,692	1,276	-	1,363,417	4,625	0.34%
(101) L.C. CITY POLICE MT	4,282,512	21	(32,125)	(7,850)	4,242,559	4,232,171	3,956	-	4,228,215	14,343	0.34%
(101) LC BLDS/STS/BRIDGS MT	1,874,113	9	(14,059)	(3,435)	1,856,628	1,852,083	1,731	-	1,850,351	6,277	0.34%
(141) SULPHUR CITY FIRE MT	1,005,610	-	(11,391)	(722)	993,497	992,100	1,882	-	990,217	3,279	0.33%
(141) SULPHUR GEN ALMNY MT	1,109,966	-	(12,573)	(797)	1,096,595	1,095,054	2,078	-	1,092,976	3,619	0.33%
(141) SULPHUR STREET MT	1,005,610	-	(11,391)	(722)	993,497	992,100	1,882	-	990,217	3,279	0.33%
(146) WESTLAKE CITY FIRE MT	342,973	21,600	(23,257)	(869)	340,446	340,631	473	-	340,158	288	0.08%
(146) WESTLAKE CITY GEN ALMNY MT	219,547	13,827	(14,888)	(556)	217,930	218,048	303	-	217,746	184	0.08%
(146) WESTLAKE CITY POLICE MT	342,973	21,600	(23,257)	(869)	340,446	340,631	473	-	340,158	288	0.08%
001 PAR TXMT(12345678,8I)	7,104,633	9,561	(56,655)	(6,583)	7,050,956	7,026,990	7,392	-	7,019,598	31,358	0.44%
003 PARTXMT(3L4S4W6D7V)	1,912,202	4,922	(26,425)	(3,624)	1,887,075	1,884,596	4,320	-	1,880,276	6,800	0.36%
004 CONSTSCHOOL MT(ALL)	13,434,307	23,832	(134,490)	(16,989)	13,306,660	13,271,138	19,693	-	13,251,445	55,214	0.41%
008 ROAD MAINT MT (ALL)	10,159,800	18,039	(101,798)	(12,859)	10,063,182	10,036,294	14,906	-	10,021,389	41,793	0.42%
009 CAL-LC HEALTH MT(ALL)	6,207,274	11,021	(62,195)	(7,855)	6,148,245	6,131,817	9,107	-	6,122,710	25,534	0.42%
010 JUV DET MT (ALL)	8,727,353	15,495	(87,445)	(11,047)	8,644,356	8,621,260	12,804	-	8,608,455	35,901	0.42%
012 MOSQ CONT MT(ALL)	5,491,039	9,749	(55,018)	(6,950)	5,438,820	5,424,289	8,056	-	5,416,233	22,587	0.42%
013 ASSESSOR MT (ALL)	3,315,854	5,887	(33,222)	(4,197)	3,284,323	3,275,547	4,864	-	3,270,683	13,640	0.42%
017 CRIMINAL JUST MT(ALL)	7,905,034	14,035	(79,206)	(10,006)	7,829,857	7,808,936	11,598	-	7,797,339	32,519	0.42%
018 SCHOOL#33 SK(*3,*3L)	1,838,045	122	(23,539)	(3,262)	1,811,365	1,810,917	7,854	-	1,803,063	8,303	0.00%
020 FIRE DIST #2 MT (*3)	2,927,319	37	(21,881)	(2,187)	2,903,289	2,893,763	8,509	-	2,885,253	18,035	0.62%
021 SCHOOL #21 SK (6,6D)	825,985	8	(7,559)	(1,628)	816,805	803,588	2,178	-	801,411	15,394	1.88%
024 SCHOOL #24 SK (5)	312,529	-	(270)	(209)	312,051	312,148	136	-	312,012	39	0.01%
025 SCHOOL #25 (*2,8,8I)	987,654	34,119	(70,459)	(778)	950,537	922,426	1,193	-	921,232	29,304	3.08%
031 COLLECTION FEE	2,099	1,227	(255)	(611)	2,460	1,924	-	-	1,924	535	21.77%
033 GRAV 2 MT (7,7V)	688,057	-	(3,985)	(1,062)	683,010	681,312	803	-	680,509	2,501	0.00%
034 WCCH MT(4,4S,4W7,7V)	9,536,889	19,143	(77,190)	(10,665)	9,468,178	9,466,668	8,122	-	9,458,546	9,632	0.10%
035 GRAV 4 MT (3,3L)	5,579,513	147	(53,073)	(9,173)	5,517,414	5,504,986	11,781	-	5,493,205	24,209	0.44%
036 COM CTR#3 MT#2(7,7V)	201,922	-	(1,170)	(312)	200,441	199,943	236	-	199,707	734	0.37%
037 GRAV 5 MT (4,4S,4W)	5,928,924	12,533	(48,712)	(6,497)	5,886,248	5,886,036	4,950	-	5,881,086	5,162	0.09%
038 GRAV 9 MT (2)	530,032	317	(10,233)	(38)	520,078	513,689	1,094	-	512,595	7,483	1.44%
039 COM CTR #1 MT (6,6D)	229,093	2	(2,097)	(452)	226,547	222,881	604	-	222,277	4,270	1.88%
042 LIBRARY MT (ALL)	15,889,661	28,212	(159,210)	(20,112)	15,738,550	15,696,497	23,312	-	15,673,186	65,365	0.42%
045 AIRPORT MT (3,3L,*4)	952,017	83	(6,197)	(949)	944,953	943,462	1,217	-	942,245	2,708	0.29%
046 VINTON H&T MT (7,7V)	162,506	-	(941)	(251)	161,314	160,913	190	-	160,723	591	0.37%
047 LCHT(*13,3L*4*4S4W*6)	4,464,454	6,369	(31,342)	(4,317)	4,435,164	4,429,195	5,677	-	4,423,517	11,646	0.26%
048 FIRE PRO#1 MT#2(*8,8I)	91,435	-	(7,754)	(76)	83,605	83,346	36	-	83,310	295	0.35%
051 FIRE PRO#1 MT#1(*8,8I)	91,435	-	(7,754)	(76)	83,605	83,346	36	-	83,310	295	0.35%

TAX ROLL STATUS REPORT - 2021 TAX ROLL YEAR - (Continued) AS OF JUNE 30, 2022

				Adjudicated /	2019 Collectable Tax			Refunds To			Collectible Tax Roll Not Yet
Tax Code	Original Taxes	Supplements	Reductions	Exempt	Roll	Collections	Refunds	Process	Net Collections	Left To Collect	Collected
052 FOREST ACS MT(ALL)	17,013	-	(18)	(8)	16,987	16,998	12	-	16,986	1	0.01%
053 GRAV DRG#6 MT(5,6,6D)	860,827	4	(4,679)	(1,194)	854,958	847,481	1,420	-	846,061	8,897	1.04%
054 GRAV DRG#8 MT (1)	1,239,334	124	(11,245)	(435)	1,227,777	1,208,221	3,929	-	1,204,292	23,486	1.91%
057 WTR WKS #9 (*4)	513,951	584	(2,414)	(2,714)	509,407	509,768	557	-	509,211	196	0.04%
058 WTR WKS #8 (*3,*8)	167,138	5	(2,021)	(395)	164,727	157,968	303	-	157,665	7,062	4.29%
059 WTR WKS #11(*4,*7)	350,956	23	(2,111)	(205)	348,663	348,525	427	-	348,098	565	0.16%
060 WTR WKS #7 MT (*4,*6)	507,197	3	(2,449)	(76)	504,674	502,589	647	-	501,942	2,733	0.54%
062 LAW ENF #1 MT(ALL)	16,526,267	29,342	(165,588)	(20,917)	16,369,104	16,325,368	24,246	-	16,301,122	67,982	0.42%
063 FIRE PRO #1 MT (5)	241,999	-	(209)	(162)	241,628	241,703	105	-	241,598	30	0.01%
065 WTR WKS #5 (*3*3L*8)	172,303	1,949	(6,060)	(298)	167,894	166,957	192	-	166,764	1,129	0.67%
066 WTR WKS#12MT W (*3)	1,511,782	29	(9,838)	(472)	1,501,501	1,501,994	1,951	-	1,500,044	1,457	0.00%
067 COLISEUM MT (ALL)	3,740,269	6,641	(37,476)	(4,733)	3,704,700	3,694,802	5,487	-	3,689,315	15,386	0.42%
068 WTR WKS #2 (*4)	482,633	-	(948)	(86)	481,599	481,571	19	-	481,552	47	0.01%
075 GRAV #7 MT #2 (8,8I)	211,578	7,582	(15,658)	(173)	203,330	197,083	265	-	196,818	6,512	3.20%
076 GRAV #7 MT #1 (8,8I)	550,630	19,732	(40,749)	(450)	529,164	512,906	690	-	512,216	16,948	3.20%
078 SEWER #11 MT (*3,*8)	210,079	-	(1,134)	(584)	208,361	206,676	231	-	206,445	1,916	0.92%
082 FIRE PRO #2 MT (*8)	504,541	27,694	(34,441)	(408)	497,385	475,328	863	-	474,465	22,919	4.61%
086 CHENLT AUTH MT(ALL)	14,271,478	25,339	(142,996)	(18,063)	14,135,758	14,097,989	20,938	-	14,077,051	58,707	0.42%
087 CRTHSE JAIL MT(ALL)	8,674,290	15,401	(86,914)	(10,979)	8,591,798	8,568,842	12,726	-	8,556,116	35,683	0.42%
090 LAW ENF #2 MT(ALL)	14,908,113	26,469	(149,374)	(18,870)	14,766,339	14,726,885	21,872	-	14,705,013	61,325	0.42%
091 NIBLTS BLF PK MT(7,7V)	427,355	-	(2,475)	(659)	424,221	423,166	499	-	422,667	1,553	0.37%
093 COMM CTR #2 (*4,4S)	8,565,450	3,915	(75,174)	(12,856)	8,481,334	8,479,525	8,890	-	8,470,635	10,700	0.13%
094 TC FEE PU, RS	167,816	-	-	-	167,816	167,680	-	-	167,680	136	0.08%
095 TC FEE PP BANKS	8,660	-	-	-	8,660	8,660	-	-	8,660	-	0.00%
099 PARISH LIENS	13,992	8,183	(1,703)	(4,075)	16,397	12,828	-	-	12,828	3,570	21.77%
121 L.C. CITY GRASS LIENS	210,457	410	(8,549)	(90,511)	111,807	108,579	-	-	108,579	3,227	2.89%
122 L.C. CITY ADMINHEARING FEES	12,472	-	-	(2,020)	10,452	10,132	-	-	10,132	320	0.00%
140 DEQUINCY CITY TAX	107,128	-	(438)	(430)	106,260	106,104	92	-	106,012	248	0.23%
147 WESTLAKE CDD FEE	321,591	-	-	-	321,591	321,591	-	-	321,591	-	0.00%
150 VINTON CITY TAX	55,215	-	(349)	(420)	54,446	54,272	64	-	54,208	238	0.44%
155 IOWA CITY TAX	111,363	-	(276)	(100)	110,987	110,677	22	-	110,656	331	0.30%
161 SULPHUR CITY LIENS	12,075	-	(260)	(3,310)	8,505	6,755	-	-	6,755	1,750	20.58%
170 VINTON CITY LIENS	5,834		-	(5,834)	-	-	-		-	-	0
	\$ 287,032,157	\$ 557,392 \$	6 (2,904,257) \$	(498,411)	\$ 284,186,881 \$	283,344,570 \$	409,584	s -	\$ 282,934,986	\$ 1,251,894	0.44%

* Note: This schedule includes only the activity related to the 2021 tax roll (i.e., the current tax roll). Activity related to prior years' tax rolls is not presented.

TAX ROLL STATUS REPORT - 2021 TAX ROLL YEAR - (Continued) AS OF JUNE 30, 2022

Per the above schedule, approximately 044 percent of the total tax levied has yet to be collected. Reason for not collecting total roll include:

- > Adjudications
- > Bankruptcies
- > NSF payments
- > Dual assessments
- > Assessments under review
- > Insufficient notice on tax sale
- > Businesses closed
- > Pending court cases

The Sheriff continues to make collections on this tax roll as the above noted items are resolved.

SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO AGENCY HEAD OR CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

June 30, 2022

Agency Head Name / Title: Tony Mancuso, Sheriff

Purpose:	Ar	Amount Paid			
Salary	\$	172,907			
Benefits - insurance		11,441			
Benefits - retirement		15,287			
Benefits - deferred compensation		25,136			
Benefits - medicare		2,976			
Expnese allowance		18,416			
Fuel and registrations		3,645			
Membership dues		16,150			
Travel		1,990			
Cell phone		531			
Training		1,658			
	\$	270,137			

JUSTICE SYSTEM FUNDING SCHEDULE - COLLECTING/DISBURSING ENTITY LLA ENTITY ID# 3074

June 30, 2022

Cash Basis Presentation	Per	t Six Month riod Ended 2/31/2021	Second Six Month Period Ended 06/30/2022	
Beginning Balance of Amounts Collected (i.e. cash on hand)	\$	875,893	\$	981,123
Add: Collections (Please enter zeros if no activity within a certain collection type)				
Civil Fees (including refundable amounts such as garnishments or advance deposits)		2,350,310		3,761,262
Bond Fees		433,896		488,452
Criminal Court Costs/Fees		425,215		479,655
Criminal Fines		433,701		355,620
Other		-		-
Subtotal Collections		3,643,122		5,084,989
Less: Disbursements To Governments & Nonprofits:				
Bond Fees:				
Calcasieu Parish Criminal Court Fund		86,566		144,021
Calcasieu Parish Indigent Defenders Board		86,566		144,021
Calcasieu Parish District Attorney		86,566		144,021
Civil Fees:				
Calcasieu Parish Clerk of Courts		87,240		144,332
Criminal Court Costs/Fees:				
Calcasieu Parish Clerk of Court		32,307		30,976
Calcasieu Parish Combined Anti Drug Team		340		1,243
Calcasieu Parish District Attorney		83,504		125,644
Calcasieu Parish Police Jury		110,996		121,117
Calcasieu Parish Police Jury - Coroner		3,448		3,218
Calcasieu Parish Public Defender		22,176		22,189
City of Lake Charles - Dare Program		4,356		4,189
City of Sulphur - Dare Program		2,023		1,936
City of Westlake - Dare Program		351		345
Crminal Indigent Transcript Fund (Indigent Defender Board)		5,791		6,584
Family Youth and Counseling		3,865		4,392
Fish and Wildlife Violation Reward Fund		60		5
Iowa Police Department		50		50
Judicial Expense Fund - Judges Administrative		3,984		4,485
LA Comm on Law Enforcement - Crime Victim Reparation		6,742		6,458
LA Comm on Law Enforcement - Drug Education Program		850		830
LA Supreme Court (Act 405) - LA Judicial College Collections		379		429
Lake Charles Crime Stoppers		1,546		1,754
Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement		1,578		1,792
Louisiana State Police Department		6,987		3,793
Public Defenders Office (Idigent Defenders Board)		36,307		40,247
Southwest Louisiana Criminalistics Laboratory		23,365		25,233
Traumatic Head and S.C.I. Trust Fund		4,282		4,449
Treasurer State of Louisiana - CMIS		2,344		2,665
Vinton Police Department		100		50
Westlake Police Department		75		-

JUSTICE SYSTEM FUNDING SCHEDULE - COLLECTING/DISBURSING ENTITY - (Continued) LLA ENTITY ID# 3074

June 30, 2022

Criminal Fines:		
Calcasieu Parish Clerk of Court	20,288	1,625
Calcasieu Parish District Attorney	55,061	45,028
Calcasieu Parish Police Jury	154,728	131,856
Crminal Indigent Transcript Fund (Indigent Defender Board)	12,173	9,615
Family Youth and Counseling	8,115	6,410
Fish and Wildlife Violation Reward Fund	72	4
Judicial Expense Fund - Judges Administrative	8,115	6,410
LA Comm on Law Enforcement	3,246	2,564
LA Supreme Court (Act 405) - LA Judicial College Collections	812	641
Lake Charles Crime Stoppers	3,246	2,564
Louisiana Wildlife and Fisheries	180	10
Public Defenders Office (Idigent Defenders Board)	73,035	57,690
Southwest Louisiana Criminalistics Laboratory	52,870	42,280
Third Part	1,633	1,054
Traumatic Head and S.C.I. Trust Fund	4,485	3,765
Treasurer State of Louisiana	25	25
Treasurer State of Louisiana - CMIS	4,869	3,846
Less: Amounts Retained by Collecting Agency		
Bond Fees	86,565	144,021
Civil Fees:		
Cost	408,375	506,130
Commissions	420,344	277,899
Tax Collector	9,516	15,901
Criminal Court Costs/Fees	30,979	30,940
Criminal Fines	30,750	25,833
Less: Disbursements to Individuals/3rd Party Collection or Processing Agencies		
Civil Fee Refunds	69,526	96,535
Bond Fee Refunds	-	-
Criminal Court Costs/Fees Refunds	1,090	1,309
Restitution Payments to Individuals (additional detail is not required)	-	-
Other Disbursements to Individuals (additional detail is not required)	1,373,053	2,451,956
Payments to 3rd Party Collection/Processing Agencies	-	-
Subtotal Disbursements/Retainage	3,537,892	4,856,375
Total: Ending Balance of Amounts Collected but not Disbursed/Retained	\$ 981,123 \$	1,209,737

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-	Recovery	Federal CFDA	Pass-Through Grantors		
Through Grantor/Program Title	Act	Number	Number	Expenditur	es
U.S. Department of Justice Direct Programs Direct Program					
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program		16.738		\$ 30,44	49
Equitable Sharing Program		16.922		16,4	14
Passed through State of Louisiana					
Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program		16.034	2020-VD-BX-0914	9,32	21
Crime Victim Assistance		16.575	2019-VA-03/01/04-5782	98,78	83
Violence Against Women Formula Grants		16.588	2020-WF-01-5986	23,0	13
Violence Against Women Formula Grants		16.588	2019-WF-01-5366	27,84	
Subtotal Violence Against Women Formula Grants				50,8:	59
Total U.S. Department of Justice				205,82	26
U.S. Department of Transportation:					
Passed through State of Louisiana Highway Safety Cluster:					
State and Community Highway Safety		20.600	2021-30-17	40,70	00
State and Community Highway Safety		20.600	2022-30-17	23,20	
Subtotal for State and Community Highway Safety				63,90	
Total U.S. Department of Transportation				63,9	65
Executive Office of the President:					
Passed-through JEFFERSON PARISH SHERIFF'S OFFICE					
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program		95.001	G21GC0001A-57131	113,9	
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program		95.001	G22GC0001A-57131	76,83	
Subtotal for High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program				190,74	49
Total Executive Office of the President:				190,74	49
Department of Homeland Security Direct Programs					
Direct Program		07.05(ENUL 2017 00479 00	22.44	00
Port Security Grant Program Port Security Grant Program		97.056 97.056	EMW-2017-pu-00478-SO	23,40	
Subtotal for Port Security Grant Program		97.050	EMW-2018-pu-00153	<u>635,8</u> 659,2	
Passed through Louisiana Governor's Office of Homeland Security					
and Emergency Preparedness: Public Assistance (Presidentially-Declared Disasters)		97.036	N/A	7,758,7	16
Total Department of Homeland Security Direct Programs				8,417,9	51
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ 8,878,49	<u> </u>
				\$ 0,070,7	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements. $$74\end{tabular}$

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - CONTINUED For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

A. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Calcasieu Parish Sheriff under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR), *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Calcasieu Parish Sheriff, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of Calcasieu Parish Sheriff.

B. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments or the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

C. INDIRECT COST RATE

The Calcasieu Parish Sheriff has not elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance for the year ended June 30, 2022.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL



LESTER LANGLEY, JR. DANNY L. WILLIAMS PHILLIP D. ABSHIRE, JR. DAPHNE BORDELON BERKEN NICHOLAS J. LANGLEY PHILLIP D. ABSHIRE, III SARAH CLARK WERNER ALEXIS H. O'NEAL JESSICA LOTT-HANSEN

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Calcasieu Parish Sheriff Lake Charles, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Calcasieu Parish Sheriff, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 20, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Calcasieu Parish Sheriff Lake Charles, Louisiana

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Jongley William; Co., 888

Lake Charles, Louisiana December 20, 2022



LESTER LANGLEY, JR. DANNY L. WILLIAMS PHILLIP D. ABSHIRE, JR. DAPHNE BORDELON BERKEN NICHOLAS J. LANGLEY PHILLIP D. ABSHIRE, III SARAH CLARK WERNER ALEXIS H. O'NEAL JESSICA LOTT-HANSEN

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Calcasieu Parish Sheriff Lake Charles, Louisiana

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Calcasieu Parish Sheriff complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Calcasieu Parish Sheriff and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's federal programs.

Calcasieu Parish Sheriff Lake Charles, Louisiana

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiency, or a combination of deficiency and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiency or a combination of deficiency and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material

weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Jongley William; Co., 888

Lake Chares, Louisiana December 20, 2022

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

SECTION 1 – <u>SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS</u>

<u>Financial Statements</u> Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified opinion

Internal control over financial reporting: Material weaknesses identified? Significant deficiency identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes Yes	<u>X</u> No <u>X</u> No	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	<u> X</u> No	
<u>Federal Awards</u> Internal control over major programs: Material weaknesses identified? Significant deficiency identified not considered	Yes	<u>X</u> No	
to be material weaknesses? Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified opinion	Yes	<u>X</u> None reported	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance, Section.510 (a)	Yes	<u>X</u> No	
Identification of major programs:			
<u>CFDA Number</u> 97.036	<u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u> Disaster Grants- Public Assistance (Presidentially- Declared Disasters)		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes	<u>X</u> No	

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

SECTION 2 - CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND MANGEMENT CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting:

There were no findings with regards to internal controls.

Compliance:

There were no findings with regards to compliance.

SECTION 3 - PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND MANGEMENT CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting:

There were no findings with regards to internal controls.

Compliance:

There were no findings with regards to compliance.



LESTER LANGLEY, JR. DANNY L. WILLIAMS PHILLIP D. ABSHIRE, JR. DAPHNE BORDELON BERKEN NICHOLAS J. LANGLEY PHILLIP D. ABSHIRE, III SARAH CLARK WERNER ALEXIS H. O'NEAL JESSICA LOTT-HANSEN

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's Office Lake Charles, Louisiana

We have performed the procedures enumerated below, which were agreed to by Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's Office ("CPSO") and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor (LLA) on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the LLA's Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period from July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. The Entity's management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the specified users of this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

Written Policies and Procedures

- 1. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe that they address each of the following categories and subcategories (if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations):
 - a) Budgeting, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget
 - b) *Purchasing*, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the public bid law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.
 - c) Disbursements, including processing, reviewing, and approving
 - d) *Receipts/Collections*, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g. periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).
 - e) *Payroll/Personnel*, including (1) payroll processing, and (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked.

- f) *Contracting*, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process
- g) *Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable)*, including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases)
- h) *Travel and expense reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers
- i) *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) requirement that all employees, including elected officials, annually attest through signature verification that they have read the entity's ethics policy.
- j) *Debt Service*, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.
- k) *Information Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity*, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.
- 1) *Sexual Harassment,* including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

We obtained a copy of the CPSO's written policies and procedures to ascertain that they addressed each of the categories and subcategories listed above.

Per our inspection of those policies and procedures, we noted that there was no policy or procedures for debt service. However, based on our inspection of the audited financial statements of CPSO, we noted that CPSO has no debt; consequently, this was not considered to be an exception.

There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying this procedure.

Board or Finance Committee

- 2. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:
 - a) Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
 - b) For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund and major special revenue funds, as well as monthly financial statements (or budget-to-actual comparisons, if budgeted) for major proprietary funds.
 - c) For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unrestricted fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unrestricted fund balance in the prior year audit

report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unrestricted fund balance in the general fund.

CPSO does not have a board or finance committee. As the Sheriff, he is an elected official responsible for all oversight of the entity. Therefore, the SAUPs for board minutes were not applicable to the CPSO.

Bank Reconciliations

3. Obtain a listing of client bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for selected each account, and observe that:

We obtained a list of bank accounts from management and management's representation that the list was complete. Once obtained we selected the month of September for testing for all accounts.

a) Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged);

There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying this procedure.

b) Bank reconciliations include evidence that a member of management/board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and

There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying this procedure.

c) Management has documentation reflecting that it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

Exception: Two accounts had outstanding checks for more than twelve months without documentation reflecting that it has researched the reconciling items.

Management's response: Per discussion with management, the outstanding checks are typically remitted each year to the state, these checks noted in the SAUP will be remitted on the next remittance cycle.

Collections

4. Obtain a listing of <u>deposit sites</u> for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).

Obtained a listing of all deposit sites for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete.

5. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of <u>collection locations</u> and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (i.e. 5 collection locations for

5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:

a) Employees that are responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers.

There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying this procedure.

b) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g. pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit.

There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying this procedure.

c) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.

There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying this procedure.

d) The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee verifies the reconciliation.

There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying this procedure.

6. Inquire of management that all employees who have access to cash are covered by a bond or insurance policy for theft.

All employees who have access to cash are covered by the Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's Office Blanket Policy.

- 7. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for procedure #3 under "Bank Reconciliations" above (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). *Alternately, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc.* Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:
 - a) Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.

There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying this procedure.

b) Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.

There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying this procedure.

c) Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.

There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying this procedure.

d) Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100).

Exception: There were three out of six evidence collections that were deposited after more than one day.

Management's response: Per discussion with management, the collections are locked in a safe and deposited periodically, not usually longer than a week. There are limited keys to the locked safe.

e) Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying this procedure.

Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

8. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).

Obtained a listing of locations that process payments and management's representation that the listing is complete.

- 9. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that:
 - a) At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase.

There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying this procedure.

b) At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.

There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying this procedure.

c) The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.

There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying this procedure.

d) Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.

There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying this procedure.

10. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction and:

Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's Office Lake Charles, Louisiana Page 6 of 11

a) Observe that the disbursement matched the related original invoice/billing statement.

There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying this procedure.

b) Observe that the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #9, as applicable.

There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying this procedure.

Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

11. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.

Obtained a listing of all active credit cards and management's representation that the listing is complete.

- 12. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement), obtain supporting documentation, and:
 - a) Observe that there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the authorized card holder. [Note: Requiring such approval may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality); these instances should not be reported.)]

There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying this procedure.

b) Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.

There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying this procedure.

13. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, <u>excluding fuel cards</u>, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (i.e. each card should have 10 transactions subject to testing). For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only).

There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying these procedures.

Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

14. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements, obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:

Obtained a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements and management's representation that the listing is complete.

a) If reimbursed using a per diem, agree the reimbursement rate to those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (<u>www.gsa.gov</u>).

When applicable to the sample selected, there were no exceptions noted as a result of applying this procedure.

b) If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.

When applicable to the sample selected, there were no exceptions noted as a result of applying this procedure.

c) Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by written policy (procedure #1h).

There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying this procedure.

d) Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying this procedure.

Contracts

15. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. *Alternately, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list.* Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and:

Obtained a listing of all agreements/contracts for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete.

a) Observe that the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.

When applicable to the sample selected, there were no exceptions noted as a result of applying this procedure.

b) Observe that the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g. Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter).

There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying this procedure.

c) If the contract was amended (e.g. change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment.

None of the selected contracts were amended during the fiscal period making this procedure not applicable.

Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's Office Lake Charles, Louisiana Page 8 of 11

d) Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying these procedures.

Payroll and Personnel

16. Obtain a listing of employees/elected officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees/officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.

Obtained a listing of employees/elected officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete.

- 17. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees/officials selected under #16 above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:
 - a) Observe that all selected employees/officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory). (Note: Generally, an elected official is not eligible to earn leave and does not document his/her attendance and leave. However, if the elected official is earning leave according to policy and/or contract, the official should document his/her daily attendance and leave.)

There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying this procedure.

b) Observe that supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees/officials.

There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying this procedure.

c) Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records.

There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying this procedure.

18. Obtain a listing of those employees/officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees/officials, obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations, agree the hours to the employee/officials' cumulate leave records, and agree the pay rates to the employee/officials' authorized pay rates in the employee/officials' personnel files.

There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying this procedure.

19. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, and workers' compensation premiums have been paid, and associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying this procedure.

Ethics

- 20. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above obtain ethics documentation from management, and:
 - a. Observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the fiscal period.

There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying this procedure.

b. Observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official attested through signature verification that he or she has read the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period.

There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying this procedure.

Debt Service

21. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all bonds/notes on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each bond/note issued.

Not applicable.

22. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants.

Not applicable.

Fraud

23. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled.

Management has asserted that CPSO did not have any misappropriations of public funds or assets.

24. Observe that the entity has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying this procedure.

Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

25. Perform the following procedures, verbally discuss the results with management, and report "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management."

a. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe that such backup occurred within the past week. If backups are stored on a physical medium (e.g., tapes, CDs), observe evidence that backups are encrypted before being transported.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

b. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

c. Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

Sexual Harassment

26. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year.

There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying this procedure.

27. Observe the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).

There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying this procedure.

- 28. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe it includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
 - a. Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;
 - b. Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;
 - c. Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;
 - d. Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action;
 - e. Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying this procedure.

Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's Office Lake Charles, Louisiana Page 11 of 11

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Jenky William; Co., 888

Langley, Williams & Co. LLC Lake Charles, Louisiana December 20, 2022