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TOWN OF MANSURA MANSURA, LOUISIANA

AUDITOR'S REPORT JUNE 30, 2004

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. Acopy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date 1-26-05

Roy K. Derbonne, Jr. Certified Public Accountant 1101-A Bolton Avenue Alexandria, Louisiana 71301

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Roy K. Derbonne, Jr.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Harold Quebedeaux, Mayor, and Members of the Town Council Town of Mansura, Louisiana

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Mansura, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Town of Mansura, Louisiana's, management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Mansura, Louisiana, as of June 30, 2004, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows where applicable, therefore for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, I have also issued my report dated December 23, 2004, on my consideration of the Town of Mansura, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and my tests of it compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of my audit.

The required supplementary information on pages 31 through 33 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. I have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of

management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, I did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

The Town of Mansura, Louisiana has not presented management's discussion and analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of the basic financial statements.

My audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Mansura, Louisiana's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information on pages 35 through 43 is presented for purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in my opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Certified Public Accountant

Alexandria, Louisiana December 23, 2004 BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2004

	GOVERNMENTAL	BUSINESS-TYPE	
	ACTIVITIES	ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
ASSETS			
Cash and interest-bearing accts.	\$ 560,499	\$ 59,164	\$ 619,663
Investments	55,333	154,057	209,390
Receivables, net	16,092	7,758	23,850
Due from other governmental units	40,814	-	40,814
Due from/to other funds	(839)	839	-
Capital assets			
Nondepreciable assets	90,491	21,333	111,824
Depreciable assets, net	623,117	1,565,601	2,188,718
TOTAL ASSETS	1,385,507	1,808,752	3,194,259
LIABILITIES			
LIABILITIES			
Accounts and other payables	16,033	7,646	23,679
Accrued Salaries Payable	2,364	254	2,618
Other payables	304	-	304
Due to other funds	-	-	-
Capital Lease Obligation -			
due in one year	23,660	-	23,660
Capital Lease Obligation - due in more			
than one year	31,564	-	31,564
Accrued Payroll Taxes Payable	3,880	583	4,463
TOTAL LIABILITIES	77,805	8,483	86,288
NET ASSETS			
Investment in capital assets, net of			
related debt	653,572	1,586,934	2,240,506
Restricted for:			
Debt service	55,224	-	55,224
Reserved	212,562	-	212,562
Unrestricted	386,344	213,335	599,679
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$1,307,702	\$ 1,800,269	\$3,107,971

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2004

					PROG	RAM REVENUES	5	
			FE	ES, FINES,		OPERATING		CAPITAL
			Al	ND CHARGES	G	RANTS AND	G	RANTS AND
		EXPENSES	F	OR SERVICES	COI	NTRIBUTIONS	CON	TRIBUTIONS
ACTIVITIES		<u> </u>				···-		
Governmental activities	_							
General government	\$	125,107	\$	_	\$	967	\$	-
Public Saftey								
Police Protection		213,584		43,812		_		1,382
Fire Protection		31,019		-		-		_
Recreation and Parks		4,771		_		2,000		-
Streets and sanitation		128,886		_		-		-
Interest on Capital Leases		2,960		**		-		_
Total current assets	_	506,327		43,812	•	2,967		1,382
Business-type activities								
Sewer	_	170,279	_	93,041		-	_	_
TOTAL	\$	676,606	\$	136,853	\$	2,967	\$	1,382

NET (EXPENSE) REVENUES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

		CUANGES IN NEI ASSEIS					
	G	GOVERNMENTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES ACTIVITIES					
				ACTIVITIES		TOTAL	
	\$	(124,140)	\$	-	\$	(124,140)	
		(168,390)				(168,390)	
		(31,019)		-		(31,019)	
		(2,771)		=		(2,771)	
		(128,886)		-		(128,886)	
		(2,960)		-		(2,960)	
		(458,166)		-	_	(458,166)	
				(77,238)		(77,238)	
		(458,166)		(77,238)	=	(535,404)	
General revenues:							
Taxes							
Property		23,467		-		23,467	
Sales and use tax		261,815		-		261,815	
Interest		7,315		3,977		11,292	
Licenses and Permits		59,958		-		59,958	
Intergovernmental		169,634		••		169,634	
Utility Franchise Fees		77,593		-		77,593	
Miscellaneous		14,559		-		14,559	
Rent		9,900				9,900	
Total General Revenues		624,241		3,977		628,218	
Change in net assets		166,075		(73,261)		92,814	
Net Assets, Beginning		1,141,627		1,873,530		3,015,157	
Net Assets, Ending	\$	1,307,702	\$	1,800,269	\$	3,107,971	

part of the basic financial statements.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

MAJOR FUNDS' DESCRIPTIONS

GENERAL FUND

To account for resources traditionally associated with governments which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

SALES TAX 1988 FUND

To account for the receipts and expenditures of funds received from a 1% sales tax passed in 1988 by the residence of Mansura, Louisiana. The money in this fund is to be expended only for streets, drainage, public safety and any other lawful general fund expenditure.

SALES TAX 2002 FUND

To account for the receipts and expenditures of funds received from a 1% sales tax passed in 2002 by the residence of Mansura, Louisiana. The money in this fund is to be expended only for streets, drainage, public safety, sewer and any other lawful Corporate purpose.

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2004

		SALES TAX	SALES TAX	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL
	GENERAL	1988	2002	FUNDS	FUNDS
ASSETS					
Cash and interest					
bearing accounts.	\$ 322,560	\$ 60,629	\$ 164,558	\$ 12,752	\$ 560,499
Investments	55,333	-	-	-	55,333
Receivables					
Accounts	16,092	-	-	-	16,092
Due from other funds	3,840	-	_	_	3,840
Due from other					
other governmental units	19,458	10,678	10,678	-	40,814
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 417,283	\$ 71,307	\$ 175,236	\$ 12,752	\$ 676,578
LIABILITES AND FUND BALANCES					
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 8,479	\$ 7,434	\$ -	\$ 120	\$ 16,033
Accrued salaries payable	2,364	-	-	_	2,364
Other Payables	304	-	-	_	304
Due to other funds	539	4,140	-	-	4,679
Accrued payroll					
taxes payable	3,880	-			3,880
Total Liabilities	15,566	11,574	**	120	27,260
Fund Balance					
Reserved	~	59,733	175,236	73	235,042
Unreserved	401,717	-	-	12,559	414,276
Total Fund Balance	401,717	59,733	175,236	12,632	649,318
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND					
AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 417,283	\$ 71,307	\$ 175,236	\$ 12,752	\$ 676,578

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2004

Total fund balances for governmental funds at June 30, 2004		\$	649,318
Total net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets is different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:			
Land	\$ 90,491		
Depreciable assets, net of accumulated depreciation	623,117		713,608
Long term liabilities are not due and payable in the the current period and therefore they are not reported			
in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet			55,224
Net Asstes of Governmental Activities		\$1	,307,702

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

REVENUES	GENERAL FUND	SALES TAX 1988 FUND	SALES TAX 2002 FUND	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Taxes	\$ 23,467	\$ 130,908	\$ 130,907	\$ +	\$ 285,282
Licenses and Permits	59,958	-	\$ 130,507	¥ _	59,958
Intergovernmental	169,634	_	_	_	169,634
Franchise Fees	77,593	_	_	_	77,593
Rent	9,900	_	_	-	9,900
Interest	4,827	650	1,838	_	7,315
Fines	43,812	-	-	2,000	45,812
Miscellaneous	16,822	86	-	-	16,908
Total Revenues	406,013	131,644	132,745	2,000	672,402
EXPENDITURES					
General Government	76,455	34,872	2,302	2,932	116,561
Public Safety	·	·	·	•	·
Police Protection	168,184	18,972	8,274	_	195,430
Fire Protection	_	13,624	17,395	_	31,019
Recreation and Parks	-	-	_	3,200	3,200
Streets and Sanitation	53,278	37,363	5,673	-	96,314
Debt Service	15,201	••	9,282	_	24,483
Capital Outlays	57,545	4,931	20,405	-	82,881
Total Expenditures	370,663	109,762	63,331	6,132	549,888
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	35,350	21,882	69,414	(4,132)	122,514
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating Transfers					
In (Out)	(4,973)	_	_	4,973	_
Proceeds from					
Capital Lease	46,300				46,300
Total other financ- ing sources (uses)	41,327			4,973	46,300
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	76,677	21,882	69,414	841	168,814
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	325,040	37,851	105,822	11,791	480,504
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 401,717	\$ 59,733	\$ 175,236	\$ 12,632	\$ 649,318

RECONCILIATION OF THE REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

Net change in fund balances of Governmental Funds

\$ 168,814

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.

Capital outlays which is considered expenditures on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2004

\$ 82,880

(60,842)

22,038

Government funds report debt repayment, including interest, as expenditures. However, principal repayments do not appear in the statement of activities since the payment is applied against the debt balance on the statement of net assets.

7,967

Capital Leases provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but increase the long term liabilities in the statement of assets.

(32,744)

Net Asstes of Governmental Activities

\$ 166,075

PROPRIETARY FUND SEWER SYSTEM FUND

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2004

	BUSINES -TYPE ACTIVITIES ENTERPRISE
	FUND
ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS	50 164
Cash and Interest-bearing deposits Investments	\$ 59,164 154,057
Accounts Receivable, net Due from Other Funds	7,758 839
Total Current Assets	221,818
NONCURRENT ASSETS Capital assets, net of accumulated	
depreciation	1,565,601
Land	21,333
Total Noncurrent assets	1,586,934
TOTAL ASSETS	1,808,752
LIABILITIES	
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	7,646
Accrued Salaries Payable Accrued Payroll Taxes	254 583
TOTAL LIABILITIES	8,483
	2,103
NET ASSETS Investment in capital assets	1,586,934
Unrestricted	213,335
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 1,800,269

PROPRIETARY FUND SEWER SYSTEM FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	ACT ENT	NESS-TYPE IVITIES ERPRISE FUND
OPERATING REVENUES Sewer Fees	\$	93,041
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Salaries		30,056
Payroll Taxes		2,823
Office Supplies and Postage		324
Supplies		11,469
EPA Reports		3,130
Utilities		20,504
Insurance		12,267
Legal and Audit		1,633
Engineering Fees		19,265
Dues and Fees		1,500
Repairs and Maintenance		20,644
Uniforms		512
Travel and Seminars		215
Bank Charges		58
Truck Gas and Maintenance		3,011
Certification Costs		317
Depreciation		42,551
Total Operating Expenses		170,279
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(77,238)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Interest Income		3,977
NET INCOME (LOSS)		(73,261)
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING	1	,873,530
NET ASSETS, ENDING	\$ 1	,800,269

PROPRIETARY FUND SEWER SYSTEM FUND

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES ENTERPRISE FUND
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash Received from Customers Cash Payments for Goods and Services Cash Payments to Employees Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 92,174 (93,509) (29,802) (31,137)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Operating Transfers Out to Other Funds	-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition of Property, Plant and Equipment Net Cash Used for Capital and Related Financing Activities	(4,540) (4,540)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest Received on Investments Investment in Certificates of Deposit Net Cash Provided By/(Used) in Investing Activities	3,977 (2,766) 1,211
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(34,466)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	93,630
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	\$59,164

(Continued)

PROPRIETARY FUND SEWER SYSTEM FUND

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004 (CONTINUED)

		SINESS-TYPE CTIVITIES NTERPRISE FUND
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Operating Revenue Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities:	\$	(77,238)
Depreciation		42,551
Changes in Assets and Liabilities: (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable (Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Funds		(867)
(Increase) Decrease in Other Receivables		(450)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		3,276
Increase (Decrease) in Payroll Taxes Payable		437
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Salaries Payable		44,947
Total Adjustments		44,947
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(32,291)
RECONCILIATION OF CASH PER STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS TO THE BALANCE SHEET		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	\$	93,630
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR		59,164
NET INCREASE (DECREASE)	\$	(34,466)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE A SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Town of Mansura was incorporated in 1860 and is operated under the provision of the Lawrson Act. The Town operates under a Mayor and a Board of Aldermen consisting of five members. Services provided to the citizens of Mansura include but are not limited to public safety, streets, sanitation, cultural - recreation, public improvements, and general administrative services.

The accounting and reporting policies of the Town of Mansura conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Some of the Town's more significant accounting policies are described as follows:

THE REPORTING ENTITY

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 14 established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the Town of Mansura, Louisiana for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include:

- 1. The Town's ability to appoint management or the voting majority to the organization's governing body, and the ability of the Town to impose its will on that organization and/or the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Town.
- 2. Organizations for which the Town does not appoint a voting majority, but are fiscally dependent on the Town.
- 3. Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements would be misleading if the data of the organization is not included because of the nature of significance of the relationship.

Based upon the application of the above criteria, the following is a brief review of each potential component unit addressed in defining the Town's reporting entity:

The following organizations are related organizations which have not been included in the reporting entity:

Mansura Volunteer Fire Department-

The Mansura Volunteer Fire Department is governed by a group of volunteer citizens. The Mansura Volunteer Fire Department is not fiscally dependent

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2004
(continued)

on the Town of Mansura; however, the Town of Mansura includes sales tax revenues received for the Volunteer Fire Department as part of its general fund.

Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements. Both government-wide and fund financial statements categories activities as either governmental activities or business-type activities, which are described as follows:

Governmental activities involve government services that are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

Business-type activities rely on fees and charges for support and operates in a manner similar to private sector enterprises. Since proprietary funds operate in a manner similar to business enterprises, these funds follow certain pronouncements that are developed by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) for business enterprises. However, the Town only applies those FASB pronouncements that were issued on or before November 30, 1989.

The government-wide and fund financial statements present the Town's financial position and results of operations from differing perspectives which are described as follows:

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The statement of net assets and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues of the business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contribuions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

The accounts of the Town are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets,

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2004
(continued)

liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures, or expenses, as appropriate. Funds are separate accounting entities that are designed to assist with demonstrating legal compliance and segregating transactions by activity. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and business-type (enterprise) funds. Major individual funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The Town's major funds are described as follows:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund-

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Sales Tax 1988 Fund-

This sales tax fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the proceeds of a 1% sales tax that are restricted for streets, drainage, public safety and other general fund expenditure.

Sales Tax 2002 Fund-

This sales tax fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the proceeds of a 1% sales tax to be expended for streets, drainage, public safety, sewer and any other general fund expenditure.

Major Business-Type Fund

Sewer System-

The sewer system fund is used to account for the operation of the Town's sewer system, which is supported by user charges and a portion of the above 1% sales tax.

Business-Type funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing goods and services in connection with the funds ongoing operations. Principal operating revenues are charges to customers for sewer service.

Measurements Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurements focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net assets and the statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b below.

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2004
(continued)

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net assets (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or long term) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net assets.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net assets and statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures (including capital outlays) generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

The proprietary fund utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2004 (continued)

BUDGETS

The following procedures are followed in establishing budgets for the Town:

- 1. The mayor and town clerk prepare a proposed budget based on estimated revenues and expenditures. The proposed budget is submitted to the Town Council.
- 2. The proposed budget is advertised in the local newspaper noting that the budget is available for inspection and informing the public as to the time and date of a public hearing regarding the proposed budget.
- 3. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for a public hearing.
- 4. After holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is adopted through passage of an ordinance prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- 5. Budgetary amendments involving the transfer of funds from one department, program or function to another or involving increases in expenditures resulting from revenues exceeding amounts estimated require the approval of the Town Council.
- 6. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 7. Budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended from time to time by the Town Council.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purpose of the statement of net assets, cash and interest-bearing deposits include all demand accounts, saving accounts, and certificates of deposits and highly liquid investments maturing in three months or less.

For the purpose of the proprietary fund statement of cash flows, "cash and cash equivalents" include all demand and savings accounts, and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. When the transaction occurs without expectation of repayment, the transaction is

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2004
(continued)

reported as a transfer. Transfers are treated as revenue by the recipient fund and as an expense or expenditure by the providing fund. If the transfer is expected to be repaid, interfund receivables (due from) and payables (due to) are recorded.

Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net assets.

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include sales and use taxes and intergovernmental payments.

Business-type activities report customer's utility service receivables as the major receivable. Uncollectible utility service receivables are recognized as bad debts through the establishment of an allowance account at the time information becomes available which would indicated the uncollectibility of the particular receivable.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide or financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net assets. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method and estimated useful lives of 3 to 50 years. Useful lives are selected based on the expected resilience of each capital asset.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include cash and interest-bearing deposits that are legally restricted as to their use by various contractual obligations, including grant agreements, bond covenants and sales tax ordinances.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2004 (continued)

The following details the description and amount of all restricted assets as recorded by the Town:

A. SALES TAX

1% tax collected to be expended for public safety, streets and drainage and general purposes

\$ 60,629

B. CAPITAL PROJECTS

Reserved for the overlay of town streets per federal grant award

\$ __ 73

C. SALES TAX 02

1% tax collected to be expended for public safety, streets, drainage, sewer and Corporate purposes

\$164,558

Long-term debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are use in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of capital lease obligations.

Long-term debt for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Compensated Absences

The Town does not allow compensated absences to their employees.

Equity Classifications

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

a. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2004 (CONTINUED)

- b. Restricted net assets Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net assets All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

In the fund statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified a reserved and unreserved. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

Investments

The Town may invest in U. S. Government Securities, Certificates of Deposit, Passbooks, and other available bank investments provided that approved securities are pledged to secure those funds on deposit in an amount equal to the amount of those funds, including FDIC insurance.

Investments of the Town are six month certificates of deposit.

Investments are recorded at cost.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note B Cash, Interest Bearing Deposits and Investments

At year end, cash and certificates of deposit totaled \$829,052 per the general ledger and \$834,382 per bank balances.

Under state law, these deposits (or resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. At June 30, 2004 the Town's accounts were adequately secured from risk by FDIC insurance and pledged securities totaling \$925,823. Even though the pledged securities are considered uncollateralized (Category 3), Louisiana Revised Statue 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the Town that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2004 (CONTINUED)

The following is a list of the Town's funds which are in interest bearing accounts or certificates of deposit:

		MATURITY	
	RATE	DATES	AMOUNTS
General Fund			
Operating	1.3	Daily	\$319,462
Escrow	1.3	Daily	3,098
Certificate of			
Deposit #243817	1.5	11/15/04	21,923
Certificate of			
Deposit #244066	1.5	9/17/04	33,410
Special Revenue Funds			
Sales Tax Fund	1.3	Daily	60,629
Sales Tax Fund 02	1.5	Daily	164,558
Enterprise Fund			
Operating	1.5	Daily	36,375
Operating Certificate			
of Deposit #244155	1.5	10/27/04	74,985
Operating Certificate			
of Deposit #243930	1.5	8/2/04	79,072
Bond and Interest	1.5	Daily	22,789

Note C Ad Valorem Taxes

The Town collects property tax on assessed values of property within its corporate limits. The taxes attach as an enforceable lien as of January 1 of each year. For the year ended June 30, 2004, taxes of 5.07 mills were levied on property with assessed valuations totaling \$5,427,230 and were dedicated for general maintenance.

Note D Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2004 consisted of the following:

	GOVERNMENTAL		BUSINESS-TYPE	
	A	CTIVITIES	A(CTIVITIES
Charges for services, net	\$		\$	7,758
Property taxes		357		-
Franchise Fees		15,735		
Total receivables	\$	16,092	\$	7,758
Due from Other Governments Sales taxes APPJ Casino Revenue Sharing State Video Poker	\$	21,357 6,062 13,395	\$	- - -
Total due from other Governments	\$	40,814	\$	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2004 (CONTINUED)

NOTE E INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES

Interfund receivables and payables are as follows:

	I	NTERFUND	I	NTERFUND
	RE	CEIVABLES	E	PAYABLES
General Fund	\$	3,840	\$	539
Special Revenue Funds -				
Sales Tax 1988 Fund		_		4,140
Enterprise Fund		839_		
Totals	\$	4,679	\$	4,679

Note F CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2004 was as follows:

Beginning Balance	Addit	ions D	isposals		Ending Balance
\$ 90,491	\$	- \$	-	\$	90,491
279,503	22	,387	-		301,890
475,805	5	,468	-		481,273
226,962 982,270 (381,372) 600,898	83 (56	,205 ,060 ,492) ,568	- - - - -		282,167 ,065,330 (442,213) 623,117
\$ 691,389	\$ 26	,568 \$		\$	713,608
\$ 21,333	\$	- \$	-	\$	21,333
1,926,143 45,580 56,120 18,077 2,045,920 (442,307) 1,603,613	4 (42	,540 - - ,540 ,551)	- - - - - - -	2,	,926,143 50,120 56,120 18,077 ,050,460 (484,859)
\$ 1,624,946	\$ (38	\$,011) \$	-	\$ 1	,586,934

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2004 (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General government		\$ 8,545
Police Protection		18,154
Streets and Sanitation		32,572
Recreation and Parks	1	 1,571
Total depreciation expense		\$ 60,842

Depreciation expense charged to business-type activities was \$42,551.

NOTE G CHANGES IN GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

The annual requirement to retire long-term debt as of June 30,2004 is as follows:

John Deere Tractor	June 30, 2003 \$ 30,448	Additions	Debt Retired \$ 7,968	June 30, 2004 \$ 22,480
Ford Motor Credit-2 Ford Crown Victorias	\$ -	\$ 46,300	\$ 13,556	\$ 32,744
TOTALS	\$ 30,448	\$ 46,300	\$ 21,524	\$ 55,224

NOTE H CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS

YEAR

The Town has two capital lease obligations.

On February 7, 2002, the Town signed a lease-purchase for a John Deere tractor, financing \$40,330, bearing interest at the rate of 4.9%, payable in 60 installments beginning in February 23, 2002 and ending January 23, 2007. This lease is secured by sales tax revenues.

Future lease payments due under this capital lease agreement are as follows:

John Deere Tractor

ENDING			
JUNE 30,	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	TOTAL
2005	\$ 8,367	\$ 915	\$ 9,282
2006	8,786	496	9,282
2007	5,327	87	5,414
TOTALS	\$ 22,480	\$ 1,498	\$ 23,978

During the current fiscal year, on September 24, 2003, the Town entered into a lease-purchase arrangement with Ford Motor Credit Company for two Ford Crown Victoria cars, financing \$46,300, bearing 5% interest, payable

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2004 (CONTINUED)

in 36 monthly installments beginning October 3, 2003 and ending September 3, 2006. The lease is secured by sales tax and casino revenue sharing funds.

Future lease payments due under this capital lease agreement are as follows:

2 Ford Crown Victoria Police Cars

ENDING JUNE 30,	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	TOTAL
2005	\$ 15,293	\$ 1,290	\$ 16,583
2006	16,076	507	16,583
2007	1,375	6	1,381
TOTALS	\$ 32,744	\$ 1,803	\$ 34,547

NOTE I RETIREMENT COMMITMENTS

YEAR

The Town of Mansura has no retirement commitments or pension plan for its employees.

NOTE J COMPENSATION OF ELECTED OFFICALS

Mayor	
Harold Quebedeaux	\$ 2,295
Aldermen	
Julia Boston	625
Conrad Deshotel	-
Connie Ducote	575
Gaon Escude	675
Annette Gaspard	525

NOTE K LEASES

At June 30, 2004, the Town of Mansura, Louisiana, had the following lease commitments:

The Town leased to the Mansura Chamber of Commerce, Inc., a Non-Profit Organization, a building complex known as the "Mansura Pavilion" for \$1 a year for 20 years beginning April 1, 1990, with an option to lease said property for an additional 20 year period beginning April 1, 2009.

NOTE L LITIGATION

At June 30, 2004, the Town was a defendant in various lawsuits, which normally occur in government operations. These legal proceedings are not likely to have a material adverse impact on the funds of the Town of Mansura, Louisiana. The Town's liability is not expected to exceed the amount of its insurance coverage.

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2004
(continued)

NOTE M EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The following funds of the Town of Mansura, Louisiana, at June 30, 2004, had expenditures which exceeded appropriations before operating transfers in.

The following individual funds have actual expenditures over budgeted expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2003.

			Į	MFAVORABLE
	 BUDGET	 _ACTUAL		VARIANCE
General Fund	\$ 361,950	\$ 370,662	\$	(8,712)

NOTE N RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to risks of loss in the areas or theft, torts, property hazards, general and vehicle liability, errors and omissions, natural causes and workman's compensation. These risks are covered by commercial insurance coverage. All previous losses have not exceeded the insurance coverage.

NOTE O SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The Town has one enterprise fund, providing sewerage services. Segment information for the year ended June 30, 2004 follows:

	Totals
Operating Revenues	\$ 93,041
Depreciation	42,551
Other expenses	<u>127,728</u>
Total operating expense	170,279
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (77,238)
Net Income (Loss)	(73,261)
Additions Plant, Property and Equip.	4,540
Net Working Capital	213,335
Total Assets	1,808,752
Total Net Assets	1,873,530

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	Ви	OGET		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 32,000	\$ 32,000	\$ 27,413	\$ (4,587)
Licenses and Permits	54,000	54,000	59,958	5,958
Intergovernmental	145,500	145,500	165,688	20,188
Franchise Fees	77,000	77,000	77,593	593
Rent	10,000	10,000	9,900	(100)
Interest	2,000	2,000	4,827	2,827
Fines	40,000	40,000	43,812	3,812
Miscellaneous	11,450	11,450	16,822	5,372
Total Revenues	371,950	371,950	406,013	34,063
EXPENDITURES				
General Government	79,935	79,935	76,454	3,481
Public Safety Police Protection	160 055	170 020	160 104	2 746
Fire Protection	163,355	170,930	168,184	2,746
Recreation and Parks	-	-	-	-
Streets and Sanitation	97 660	97 660	- - 270	-
Debt Service	87,660	87,660	53,278	34,382
Capital Outlays	31,000	77 475	15,201	(15,201)
Total Expenditures	361,950	23,425 361,950	57,545 370,662	(34,120)
rocar expenditures	361,950	361,950	370,662	(8,712)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	10,000	10,000	35,351	25,351
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Operating Transfers In (Out)	(10,000)	(10,000)	(4,973)	5,027
Proceeds from Capital Lease	-	-	46,300	46,300
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	(10,000)	(10,000)	41,327	51,327
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES			5.	B 6 - 5
AND OTHER (USES)	-	-	76,678	76,678
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING			325,039	325,039
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	\$	\$ 401,717	\$ 401,717

SALES TAX 1988 FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

VARIANCE

				VARIANCE
				WITH FINAL
				BUDGET
	BUDGET			POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES				
Sales Tax Revenues	\$ 140,000	\$ 140,000	\$ 130,908	\$ (9,092)
Interest Received	-	-	650	650
Miscellaneous	-	-	86	86
Total Revenues	140,000	140,000	131,644	(8,356)
EXPENDITURES				
General Government	45,450	45,450	34,872	10,578
Public Safety				
Police Protection	17,000	17,000	18,972	(1,972)
Fire Protection	21,000	21,000	13,624	7,376
Recreation and Parks	-	-	_	-
Streets and Sanitation	51,550	51,550	37,363	14,187
Capital Outlays	5,000	5,000	4,931	69
Total Expenditures	140,000	140,000	109,762	30,238
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-	-	21,882	21,882
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING			37,851	37,851
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ -	\$	\$ 59,733	\$ 59,733

SALES TAX 2002 FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

				VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET		
	BUI	OGET		POSITIVE		
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)		
REVENUES						
Sales Tax Revenues	\$ 140,000	\$ 140,000	\$ 130,907	\$ (9,093)		
Interest Received	-	-	1,838	1,838		
Total Revenues	140,000	140,000	132,745	(7,255)		
EXPENDITURES						
General Government	4,000	4,000	2,302	1,698		
Public Safety						
Police Protection	10,000	10,000	8,274	1,726		
Fire Protection	18,500	18,500	17,395	1,105		
Recreation and Parks	-	-	-	-		
Streets and Sanitation	46,200	46,200	5,673	40,527		
Debt Service	10,000	10,000	9,282	718		
Sewer Expenditures	23,800	23,800	-	23,800		
Capital Outlays	27 <u>,</u> 500	27,500	20,405	7,095		
Total Expenditures	140,000	140,000	63,331	76,669		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-	-	69,414	69,414		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING			105,822	105,822		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	\$ -	\$ 175,236	\$ 175,236		

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	BUI	OGET		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 32,000	\$ 32,000	\$ 27,413	\$ (4,587)
Licenses and Permits	54,000	54,000	59,958	5,958
Intergovernmental	145,500	145,500	165,688	20,188
Franchise Fees	77,000	77,000	77,593	593
Rent	10,000	10,000	9,900	(100)
Interest	2,000	2,000	4,827	2,827
Fines	40,000	40,000	43,812	3,812
Miscellaneous	11,450	11,450	16,822	5,372
Total Revenues	\$ 371,950	\$ 371,950	\$ 406,013	\$ 34,063

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

				VARIANCE		
				WITH FINAL		
				BUDGET		
	BU	DGET		POSITIVE		
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)		
GENERAL GOVERNMENT						
Per Diem, Mayor and Council	\$ 6,500	\$ 6,500	\$ 4,695	\$ 1,805		
Administrative Salaries	27,180	27,180	26,894	286		
Payroll Taxes	2,500	2,500	2,232	268		
Animal Control	-	-	79 7	(7 97)		
Bank Charges	50	50	237	(187)		
Beautification	-	-	282	(282)		
Building Maintenance	3,000	3,000	734	2,266		
Christmas Supplies	_	_	384	(384)		
Cleco Building Expenditures	-	-	1,236	(1,236)		
Contract Labor		_	2,990	(2,990)		
Drug Testing	-	-	2,470	(2,470)		
Defosse' Home Expenditures	_	_	2,254	(2,254)		
Dues	500	500	408	92		
Feeding Inmate Workers	-	-	34	(34)		
Fees - Tax Assessor	_	_	1,175	(1,175)		
Fees - Magistrate	_	_	120	(120)		
Fees - Professional	_	_	40	(40)		
Fees - Tax Collector	700	700	624	76		
Festival Expenditures	-	_	_	_		
Insurance	16,000	16,000	10,019	5,981		
Legal and Auditing	10,000	10,000	7,153	2,847		
Mayor's Expenditures	-	-	167	(167)		
Meals	_	_	343	(343)		
Miscellaneous	3,725	3,725	2,089	1,636		
Office Supplies and Postage	2,780	2,780	2,404	376		
Printing and Publishing	500	500	510	(10)		
Town Hall Supplies	-	-	449	(449)		
Telephone	500	500	311	189		
Travel and Conventions	2,500	2,500	1,800	700		
Utilities	3,500	3,500	3,603	(103)		
Total General Government		3,500	3,603	(103)		
Expenditures	\$ 79,935	\$ 79,935	\$ 76,454	\$ 3,481		
Expendicules	- 77,735		70,434	7 3, 401		
Police Protection						
Salaries	\$ 113,355	\$ 117,880	\$ 123,340	\$ (5,460)		
	•					
Payroll Taxes	10,000	10,000	8,715	1,285		
Building Repairs		10 250	585	(585)		
Car Fuel and Repairs	7,000		11,147	(797)		
Citations and Convictions	3,000	2,500	2,265	235		
Coroner's Fees		-	200	(200)		
	(Continued	1)				

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004 (CONTINUED)

	BU	DGET		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	- ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
PUBLICE SAFETY				(111111111111111111111111111111111111
Police Protection - Continued				
Dues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 236	\$ (236)
Insurance	11,000	11,000	5,394	5,606
Miscellaneous	5,000	5,908	2,263	3,645
Office Supplies	1,500	2,900	1,683	1,217
Supplies	4,000	2,792	5,002	(2,210)
Telephone	1,500	1,500	2,225	(725)
Travel, Tranining	1,500	1,300	2,223	(,23)
and Conventions	4,000	4,000	2,806	1,194
Uniforms	3,000	2,100	1,988	112
Utilities	J,000 -	2,100	335	(335)
Total Police Protection			· 	
Expenditures	\$ 163,355	\$ 170,930	\$ 168,184	\$ 2,746
2117 01162 0 62 0 5	+ 103,033			27,10
Fire Protection	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	- -
OWNERDS AND CANTENDED				
STREETS AND SANITATION	ė (n 100	¢ (0 100	å 37 01E	ė 21 20E
Salaries	\$ 69,120	\$ 69,120	\$ 37,815	\$ 31,305
Payroll Taxes	5,340	5,340	2,672	2,668
Insurance	2,000	2,000	5,920	(3,920)
Street Repairs	2,000	2,000	3,453	(1,453)
Supplies	-	-	142	(142)
Truck Fuel and Repairs	2,000	2,000	291	1,709
Tractor Fuel and Repairs	3,000	3,000	-	3,000
Uniforms	2,200	2,200	785	1,415
Waste Disposal	2,000	2,000_	2,200	(200)
Total Streets and Sanitation Expenditures	\$ 87,660	\$ 87,660	\$ 53,278	\$ 34,382
DEBT SERVICE	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	\$ 15,201	\$ (15,201)
CAPITAL OUTLAYS				
General Government	\$ 3,000	\$ 3,000	\$ -	\$ 3,000
Police Protection	20,000	12,425	52,545	(40,120)
Street and Sanitation	8,000	8,000	_	8,000
Recreation and Parks	-	_	5,000	(5,000)
Total Capital Outlay			-	
Expenditures	\$ 31,000	\$ 23,425	\$ 57,545	\$ (34,120)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 361,950	\$ 361,950	\$ 370,662	\$ (8,712)

SALES TAX 1988 FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

VARIANCE

							WI	TH FINAL BUDGET
	BUDGET					POSITIVE		
	(ORIGINAL	FINAL		-	ACTUAL		EGATIVE)
GENERAL GOVERNMENT			_		- —			
Animal Control	\$	3,200	\$	3,200	\$	84	\$	3,116
Bank Charges		_		-		12		(12)
Building Maintenance		2,000		2,000		1,122		878
Defosse' Home Expenditures		_		-		316		(316)
Drug Testing		-		-		130		(130)
Dues		525		525		30		495
Feeding Inmate Workers		_		_		1,152		(1,152)
Festival Expenditures		3,000		3,000		~		3,000
Insurance		2,500		2,500		1,197		1,303
Legal and Auditing		2,500		2,500		1,633		867
Mayor's Expenditures		-		_		289		(289)
Miscellaneous		_		-		~		-
Office Equipment Repair		500		500		420		80
Office Supplies and Postage		1,475		1,475		1,642		(167)
Pest Control		350		350		308		42
Printing and Publishing		2,500		2,500		1,806		694
Town Hall Supplies		800		800		1,453		(653)
Telephone		3,000		3,000		5,054		(2,054)
Travel and Conventions		3,500		3,500		308		3,192
Utilities		19,600		19,600		17,916		1,684
Total General Government								
Expenditures	\$	45,450	\$	45,450	\$	34,872	\$	10,578
PUBLIC SAFETY								
Police Protection								
Car Fuel and Repairs	\$	9,000	\$	9,000	\$	9,100	\$	(100)
Equipment Repairs	`	1,200		1,200		546		654
Feeding Prisoners		-		-		152		(152)
Insurance		3,800		3,800		4,663		(863)
Medical		-		_		43		(43)
Miscellaneous		-		-		110		(110)
Office Supplies		1,500		1,500		675		825
Printing and Publishing		500		500		24		476
Supplies		-		-		1,135		(1,135)
	(0	Continued	l)					

SALES TAX 1988 FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004 (CONTINUED)

				VARIANCE WITH FINAL
		BUDGET		BUDGET POSITIVE
	ORIGIN		- ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
PUBLICE SAFETY (Continued)				
Telephone	\$ -	-	1,324	(1,324)
Uniforms	1,00	1,000	1,073	(73)
Utilities	_	_	127	(127)
Total Police Protection				
Expenditures	\$ 17,00	00 \$ 17,000	\$ 18,972	\$ (1,972)
Fire Protection	\$ 21,00	00 \$ 21,000	\$ 13,624	7,376
STREETS AND SANITATION			·	
Salaries	\$ 13,52	20 \$ 13,520	\$ 261	\$ 13,259
Payroll Taxes	1,03		201	1,014
Contract Labor	3,00			3,000
Equipment Repairs	8,29	•	4,227	4,069
Feeding Inmate Workers	1,00		1,426	(426)
Insurance	5,00		2,932	2,068
Medical	-	-	2	(2)
Printing and Publishing	20	00 200	45	155
Street Repairs	3,00		1,319	1,681
Supplies	6,00	•	4,656	1,344
Tractor Fuel and Repairs	4,00		4,064	(64)
Truck Fuel and Repairs	6,00		9,614	(3,614)
Uniforms	50	500	1,138	(638)
Utilities	-	-	7,659	(7,659)
Total Streets and Sanitation				-
Expenditures	\$ 51,55	\$ 51,550	\$ 37,363	\$ 14,187
CAPITAL OUTLAYS				
General Government	\$	0 \$ 0	\$ 304	\$ (304)
Police Protection	4,00	4,000	3,687	313
Street and Sanitation	1,00	1,000	940	60
Total Capital Outlay	****		-	
Expenditures	\$ 5,00	\$ 5,000	\$ 4,931	\$ 69
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 140,00	\$ 140,000	\$ 109,762	\$ 30,238

SALES TAX 2002 FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

		BUI PRIGINAL	OGET	FINAL	-	ACTUAL	WI' : P	ARIANCE TH FINAL BUDGET OSITIVE EGATIVE)
GENERAL GOVERNMENT			_					
Bank Charges	\$	500	\$	500	\$	12	\$	488
Insurance	-	500		500		451		49
Office Supplies and Postage		500		500		4		496
Town Hall Supplies		500		500		68		432
Travel and Conventions		2,000		2,000		1,767		233
Total General Government								·-·
Expenditures	\$	4,000	\$	4,000	\$	2,302	\$	1,698
PUBLIC SAFETY								
Police Protection								
Car Fuel and Repairs	\$	4,000	\$	4,000	\$	3,932	\$	68
Cell Phone and Pagers		1,500		1,500		1,260		240
Dues		500		500		200		300
Equipment Repairs		500		500		506		(6)
Insurance		1,000		1,000		1,026		(26)
Miscellaneous		500		500		340		160
Office Supplies		500		500		264		236
Supplies		500		500		567		(67)
Travel and Training		500		500		47		453
Uniforms		500		500		132		368
Total Police Protection		•						
Expenditures	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	8,274	\$	1,726
Fire Protection	\$	18,500	\$	18,500	\$	17,395		1,105

SALES TAX 2002 FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004 (CONTINUED)

	BUI ORIGINAL	OGET FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
STREETS AND SANITATION					
Contract Labor	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 88	\$ 912	
Insurance	17,000	17,000	4,353	12,647	
Truck Fuel and Repairs	17,000	17,000	353	16,647	
Uniforms	1,200	1,200	129	1,071	
Utilities	10,000	10,000	750	9,250	
Total Streets and Sanitation					
Expenditures	\$ 46,200	\$ 46,200	\$ 5,673	\$ 40,527	
DEBT SERVICE	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 9,282	\$ 718	
SEWER EXPENDITURES	\$ 23,800	\$ 23,800	\$ -	\$ 23,800	
CAPITAL OUTLAYS					
General Government	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 393	\$ 607	
Police Protection	21,500	21,500	19,872	1,628	
Street and Sanitation	5,000	5,000	140	4,860	
Total Capital Outlay					
Expenditures	\$ 27,500	\$ 27,500	\$ 20,405	\$ 7,095	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 140,000	\$ 140,000	\$ 63,331	\$ 76,669	

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2004

	RECREATION		CAPITAL		
	AND	PARK FUND	PROJ	ECT FUND	TOTAL
ASSETS			•		
Cash and interest-bearing account	\$	12,679	\$	73	\$ 12,752
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	12,679	\$	73	\$ 12,752
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
LIABILITIES					
Accounts and other payables	\$	120	\$		\$ 120
Total Liabilities		120		_	120
FUND BALANCES					
Reserved		12,559		73	 12,632
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	12,679	\$	73	\$ 12,752

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	RECREATION AND PARK FUND			ITAL CT FUND	TOTAL		
REVENUES							
Donations	\$	2,000	\$	-	\$	2,000	
EXPENDITURES							
General Government		2,932		-		2,932	
Recreation and Parks		3,200				3,200	
Total Expenditures		6,132				6,132	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDIUTRES		(4,132)		-		(4,132)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating Transfers In		4,973		-		4,973	
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDIUTRES		841		_		841	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		11,718		73		11,791	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	12,559	\$	73	\$	12,632	

COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL

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Fax: 318-445-8967 Society of Louisiana C.P.A.'s

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council
Town of Mansura, Louisiana

I have audited the financial statements of the Town of Mansura, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, and have issued my report thereon dated December 23, 2004. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Mansura, Louisiana's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed two instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards, which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items A-1 and A-2.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit I considered the Town of Mansura, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure over financial reporting. My consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. I noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that I consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information of management, others within the organization, and the Town Council and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than the specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Certified Public Accountant

Alexandria, Louisiana December 23, 2004

SCHEDULE OF AUDIT RESULTS, FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

PART I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

An unqualified opinion was issued on the financial statements.

The report on internal control included no reportable conditions.

The audit disclosed two instances of noncompliance that are considered to be material to the financial statements.

PART II - FINDINGS RELATING TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WHICH ARE REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDADNCE WITH GENERALLY ACCEPTED GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

FINDING A-1 - TIMELY DEPOSIT OF FINES AND FORFEITURES

Louisiana Revised Statue 39:1212 states that all funds of a municipality shall be deposited daily whenever practical. During the audit it was noted that fines and forfeitures collected were not being deposited in a timely manner. The monies are collected and deposited by the police department personnel, mainly the police clerk. Deposits were timely made for the first four months of the fiscal year, then after that four month period, they were only being deposited once a month. The police chief is responsible for seeing that the police clerk deposits the monies collected in timely manner and so comply with Revised Statue 39:1212. In a discussion with the chief, he stated that he relied on the clerk to perform her duties and that he had not reviewed the deposit of fines on periodic basis.

RECOMMENDATION

All monies collected by the police personnel should be deposited within one day of receipt. The police chief is to ensure that all monies are timely deposited. The police chief should review the receipts as compared to deposits made by the police clerk on a timely basis, preferably at least every two weeks in the beginning and once a month after he sees that the deposits are being made according to Louisiana law. Following this recommendation should ensure that the funds are timely deposited.

FINDING A-2 - THEFT OF PUBLIC FUNDS

During the course of my audit it was discovered that there were receipts issued for monies collected by the police department which were not deposited into the Town's fiscal bank. The police clerk was responsible for the collection and deposit of the monies received by the police department for fines, forfeitures and police reports issued. There was no supervision or review of this function of the police clerk by any police department or other town personnel. As a result, some of the town's money was not deposited and is missing. The investigation into this finding is being handle by the Louisiana State Police in conjunction with the Avoyelles Parish District Attorney's Office.

RECOMMENDATION

The receipt, collection and deposit of police funds should be reviewed at least once a month by, a person or committee appointed by the council or mayor. The person or committee doing the review should compare the receipts issued to the monies deposited

SCHEDULE OF AUDIT RESULTS, FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2004 (Continued)

and resolve discrepancies. This person or committee should not include any police personnel.

PART III - FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Not applicable.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

SECTION I - INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Finding Timely Deposit of Fines

Louisiana Revised Statue 39:1212 states that all funds of a municipality shall be deposited daily whenever practical. During the audit it was noted that fines and forfeitures collected were not being deposited in a timely manner.

Response_

The police chief will review the deposits made by the police personnel every two weeks for the first two months after a new clerk is hired and then at lease once a month thereafter.

Theft of Public Funds

During the course of my audit it was discovered that there were receipts issued for monies collected by the police department which were not deposited into the Town's fiscal bank.

A person not part of the police department will review the receipts and deposits of the police clerk to verify that they are being made in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statue 39:1212.

SECTION II - INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO FEDERAL AWARDS

No findings.

No response.

SECTION III - MANAGEMENT LETTER

No findings were reported in a management letter to the Mayor and Town Council.

No response.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS June 30, 2004

There were no prior audit findings.