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# TOWN OF CHURCH POINT, LOUISIANA

Financial Report

Year Ended September 30, 2004

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date 2 - 9 - 05

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Roger Boudreaux, and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Church Point, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information for the Town of Church Point, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Town's, management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the provisions of Office Management and Budget Circular A-133, "Audits of States, Local Governments and Nonprofit Organizations." Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Church Point, Louisiana, as of September 30, 2004, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued a report dated December 9, 2004 on our consideration of the Town of Church Point's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The required supplementary information on pages 39 through 41 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

The Town of Church Point has not presented management's discussion and analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of the basic financial statements.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Church Point's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information on pages 43 through 62 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information, except for that portion marked "unaudited" (page 59) on which we express no opinion, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The financial information for the preceding year, which is included for comparative purposes, was taken from the financial report for that year in which we expressed an unqualified opinion on the general purpose financial statements of the Town of Church Point, Louisiana.

Kolder, Champagne, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana December 9, 2004

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT - WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

# Statement of Net Assets September 30, 2004 With Comparative Totals for September

With Comparative Totals for September 30, 2003

	Governmental	2003			
	Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Totals	
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 347,651	\$ 203,755	\$ 551,406	\$ 782,849	
Receivables, net	101,385	115,072	216,457	182,442	
Internal balances	(6,622)	6,622	-	-	
Due from other governmental units	98,443	-	98,443	51,693	
Inventory	-	13,129	13,129	13,087	
Prepaid insurance	8,091	1,237	9,328		
Total current assets	548,948	339,815	888,763	1,030,071	
Noncurrent assets:					
Restricted assets:					
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	-	1,208,486	1,208,486	1,280,491	
Capital assets, net	1,953,306	6,124,329	8,077,635	7,626,930	
Total noncurrent assets	1,953,306	7,332,815	9,286,121	8,907,421	
Total assets	2,502,254	7,672,630	10,174,884	9,937,492	
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and other payables	112,871	48,003	160,874	81,322	
Deferred revenue - FEMA (federal)	26,514	-	26,514	62,144	
Deferred revenue - FEMA (state)	2,849	<del>-</del>	2,849	7,381	
General obligation bonds payable	30,000	-	30,000	29,000	
Revenue bonds payable	-	145,149	145,149	138,195	
Accrued interest	1,540	16,513	18,053	18,888	
Total current liabilities	173,774	209,665	383,439	336,930	
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Customers' deposits	_	84,678	84,678	77,441	
General obligation bonds payable	231,000	-	231,000	261,000	
Revenue bonds payable	-	3,188,794	3,188,794	3,333,951	
Total noncurrent liabilities	231,000	3,273,472	3,504,472	3,672,392	
Total liabilities	404,774	3,483,137	3,887,911	4,009,322	
NET ASSETS					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,692,306	2,935,535	4,627,841	4,002,979	
Restricted for debt service	3,452	792,238	795,690	663,446	
Unrestricted	401,722	461,720	863,442	1,261,745	
Total net assets	\$ 2,097,480	\$ 4,189,493	\$ 6,286,973	\$5,928,170	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

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Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2004

and		Total		\$ (172,674)		(253,010)	(34,343)	(23,355)	(360,134)	(9,873)	(853,389)		296,897	(47,912)	248,985	(604,404)			101,537	427,657	250,823		63,470	15,856	103,864	•	963,207	358,803	5,928,170	\$6,286,973
Net (Expense) Revenues and	Changes in Net Assets Business-Type	Activities		· •		Í		,	*	•	•		296,897	(47,912)	248,985	248,985			•	•	,		ı	12,051	44,299	(68,777)	(12,427)	236,558	3,952,935	\$4,189,493
Net (E	Cha Governmental	Activities		\$ (172,674)		(253,010)	(34,343)	(23,355)	(360,134)	(9,873)	(853,389)		•	•	-	(853,389)			101,537	427,657	250,823		63,470	3,805	59,565	68,777	975,634	122,245	1,975,235	\$2,097,480
	Capital Grants and	Contributions		' \$4		,	•	,	r	•	•		239,500	•	239,500	\$ 239,500						1								
Program Revenues	Operating Grants and	Contributions		, <del>59</del>		200,458		,	40,160	•	240,618			•		\$ 240,618			oses	purposes		specific programs					ers			
Pro	Fees, Fines, and	Charges for Services		\$ 178,105		140,899	1		•	•	319,004		514,344	353,141	867,485	\$ 1,186,489			Property taxes, levied for general purposes	Sales and use taxes, levied for general purposes	S	Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs -		Interest and investment earnings			general revenues and transfers	Change in net assets	er 1, 2003	nber 30, 2004
		Expenses	 	\$ 350,779		594,367	34,343	23,355	400,294	9,873	1,413,011		456,947	401,053	858,000	\$ 2,271,011	General revenues:	Taxes -	Property taxes	Sales and use	Franchise taxes	Grants and conti	State sources	Interest and inve	Miscellaneous	Transfers	Total gen	Change ir	Net assets - October 1, 2003	Net assets - September 30, 2004
		Activities	Governmental activities:	General government	Public safety:	Police	Fire	Culture & recreation	Public works	Interest on long-term debt	Total governmental activities	Business-type activities:	Water	Sewer	Total business-type activities	Total primary government														

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

#### **MAJOR FUND DESCRIPTIONS**

# **General Fund**

To account for resources traditionally associated with governments which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

# **Sales Tax Fund**

To account for the collection of a 1% sales and use tax and its subsequent disbursement in accordance with the sales tax dedication. The proceeds of the 1% sales tax approved on 01/10/67 are dedicated to construction, improving and maintaining streets, drainage, drainage canals, subsurface drains, fire department stations and funding into bonds.

## **Enterprise Fund**

To account for the provision of water and sewerage services to residents of the Town. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

# Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2004 With Comparative Totals for September 30, 2003

				To	tals
		Sales Tax	Other	(Memoran	dum Only)
	General	Fund	Governmental	2004	2003
ASSETS					
Cash	\$ 46,352	\$ 39,680	\$14,581	\$100,613	\$213,107
Interest-bearing deposits	10,000	237,038	-	247,038	295,530
Receivables:					
Grants receivable	-	-	36,584	36,584	-
Accrued interest	186	601	-	787	639
Other	64,014	-	-	64,014	67,817
Due from other funds	2,755	18,645	11	21,411	31,734
Due from other governments	45,082	53,361	-	98,443	51,693
Prepaid insurance	5,625	2,466		8,091	
Total assets	\$174,014	\$351,791	<u>\$51,176</u>	\$576,981	\$660,520
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	<b>.</b>				
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 52,453	\$ 7,929	\$46,184	\$106,566	\$ 3,721
Accrued liabilities	4,730	1,575	-	6,305	_
Accounts payable - FEMA (federal)	-	-	•	-	1,289
Accounts payable - FEMA (state)	-	-	-	-	430
Deferred revenue - FEMA (federal)	-	26,514	-	26,514	62,144
Deferred revenue - FEMA (state)	-	2,849	-	2,849	7,381
Due to other funds	28,033			28,033	38,502
Total liabilities	85,216	38,867	46,184	170,267	113,467
Fund balances:					
Reserved for debt service	_	-	4,992	4,992	5,891
Unreserved, undesignated	88,798	312,924		401,722	541,162
Total fund balances	88,798	312,924	4,992	406,714	547,053
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$174,014	\$351,791	<u>\$51,176</u>	\$576,981	\$660,520

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets September 30, 2004

Total fund balances for governmental funds at September 30, 2004		\$	406,714
Total net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets is different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:			
Land and construction in progress	\$179,227		
Buildings, net of \$310,536 accumulated depreciation	829,536		
Infrastructure, net of \$245,147 accumulated depreciation	677,764		
Vehicles, net of \$317,060 accumulated depreciation	171,120		
Equipment, net of \$82,259 accumulated depreciation	95,659	1	,953,306
Long-term liabilities at September 30, 2004:			
Bonds payable	(261,000)		
Accrued interest payable	(1,540)		<u>(262,540</u> )
Total net assets of governmental activities at September 30, 2004		<u>\$ 2</u>	2,097,480

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year Ended September 30, 2004

With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended September 30, 2003

				Tot	als
		Sales Tax	Other	(Memoran	dum Only)
	General	Fund	Governmental	2004	2003
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 352,360	\$ 427,657	\$ -	\$ 780,017	\$ 826,605
Licenses and permits	165,203	\$ 427,007	.p -	165,203	171,140
Intergovernmental revenues	263,928	40,160	239,500	543,588	258,576
Charges for services	12,902	40,100	239,300	12,902	18,507
Continuing education fund	4,670	-	-	4,670	4,310
Fines	140,899	-	•	140,899	145,018
Miscellaneous-	140,099	-	-	140,027	145,016
Rent income	20.475		•	20 475	26 520
	30,475	-	-	30,475	26,530
Recycling income	4,972 777	2 807	- 131	4,972	1245
Interest		2,897	131	3,805	4,345
Gain on sale of assets	4,160	- 5 061	-	4,160	20.205
Other	9,427	5,861		15,288	29,395
Total revenues	989,773	476,575	239,631	1,705,979	1,484,426
Expenditures:					
Current -					
General government	255,627	73,355	•	328,982	356,251
Public safety-					
Police	582,098	•	-	582,098	575,099
Fire	20,146	-	-	20,146	20,173
Public works	12,049	311,971	•	324,020	269,862
Public works - FEMA	-	47,248	-	47,248	210,565
Culture and recreation	17,380	-	•	17,380	16,015
Capital outlay	259,309	57,412	266,000	582,721	22,824
Debt service -					
Principal retirement	-	~	29,000	29,000	43,000
Interest and fiscal charges			10,000	10,000	7,286
Total expenditures	1,146,609	489,986	305,000	1,941,595	1,521,075
Deficiency of revenues					
over expenditures	(156,836)	_ (13,411)	(65,369)	(235,616)	(36,649)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Proceeds from issuance of debt	_	_	_	_	300,000
Transfers in	83,000	5,777	68,714	157,491	217,062
Transfers out	(38,000)	(24,214)		(62,214)	(440,765)
	(38,000)	(24,214)		(02,214)	(440,703)
Total other financing	45.000	(10.405)	60.73.4	0.5.000	#1 C 0 O F
sources (uses)	45,000	(18,437)	68,714	95,277	76,297
Net changes in fund balances	(111,836)	(31,848)	3,345	(140,339)	39,648
Fund balances, beginning	200,634	344,772	1,647	547,053	507,405
Fund balances, ending	\$ 88,798	\$ 312,924	\$ 4,992	\$ 406,714	\$ 547,053

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
to the Statement of Activities
Year ended September 30, 2004

Total net changes in fund balances at September 30, 2004 per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances		\$	(140,339)
The change in net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.  Capital outlay which is considered expenditures on Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances  Depreciation expense for the period ended September 30, 2004  Less capital outlay transferred to Utility Fund from grant funds  Less capital outlay transferred to Utility Fund from town funds	\$ 582,721 (83,264) (239,500) (26,500)		233,457
Governmental funds report bonded debt repayments as expenditures. However, this expenditure does not appear in the statement of activities since the payment is applied against the bond payable balance on the statement of net assets.			29,000
Difference between interest on long-term debt on modified accrual basis versus interest on long-term debt on accrual basis		_	127
Total changes in net assets at September 30, 2004 per Statement of Activities		\$_	122,245

## Comparative Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Fund September 30, 2004 and 2003

	Enterpo	rise Fund
	2004	2003
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ 48,346	\$ 25,822
Interest-bearing deposits	155,409	187,537
Receivables:		
Accounts	89,935	86,878
Unbilled utility receivables	23,916	24,612
Accrued interest receivable	1,221	2,496
Due from other funds	9,523	9,523
Inventories	13,129	13,087
Prepaid item	1,237	
Total current assets	342,716	349,955
Noncurrent assets:		
Restricted assets -		
Customers' deposits	84,678	77,441
Revenue bond sinking account	140,546	90,900
Revenue bond reserve account	539,346	484,104
Revenue contingency account	274,008	243,858
Revenue bond construction account	169,908	384,188
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	6,124,329	5,907,081
Total noncurrent assets	7,332,815	7,187,572
Total assets	7,675,531	7,537,527
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	41,643	9,767
Accrued liabilities	6,360	5,262
Due to other funds	2,901	2,755
Payable from restricted assets -		
Revenue bonds	145,149	138,195
Accrued interest payable	16,513	17,221
Total current liabilities	212,566	173,200
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Customers' deposits	84,678	77,441
Revenue bonds payable	3,188,794	3,333,951
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,273,472	3,411,392
Total liabilities	3,486,038	3,584,592
	3,400,030	3,364,392
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	2,935,535	2,573,130
Restricted for debt service	792,238	663,446
Unrestricted	461,720	716,359
Total net assets	\$4,189,493	<u>\$3,952,935</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

# Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Fund Years Ended September 30, 2004 and 2003

	2004	2003
Operating revenues:		
Charges for services -		
Water sales	\$ 514,344	\$ 524,596
Sewer service charge	353,141	367,364
Other	44,299	43,116
Total operating revenues	911,784	935,076
Operating expenses:		
Salaries	95,385	131,221
Payroll taxes	7,256	9,945
Group insurance	23,670	17,051
Pension	5,253	8,308
Utilities	82,645	80,667
Repairs and maintenance	84,259	31,648
Auto expense	13,066	2,078
Legal and professional	21,333	27,088
Insurance	35,105	48,632
Operating supplies	29,942	27,280
Office supplies and expense	14,136	9,204
Dump and disposal charges	4,630	7,870
Inspection and testing	7,067	5,395
Chemicals	48,365	41,123
Bad debt expense	1,968	-
Depreciation	233,068	227,487
Administration fees	11,100	11,575
Other	2,137	3,738
Total operating expenses	720,385	690,310
Operating income	191,399	244,766
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Interest income	12,051	16,840
Interest expense	(137,615)	(142,787)
Loss on disposal of assets		(372)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(125,564)	(126,319)
Income before contributions and transfers	65,835	118,447
Capital contributions	239,500	239,115
Transfers in (out):		
Transfers in	-	302,013
Transfers out	(68,777)	(78,310)
Total transfers in (out)	(68,777)	223,703
Change in net assets	236,558	581,265
Net assets, beginning	3,952,935	3,371,670
Net assets, ending	\$ 4,189,493	\$ 3,952,935

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

# Comparative Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund Years Ended September 30, 2004 and 2003

	2004	2003
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Receipts from customers	\$ 864,428	\$ 895,414
Payments to suppliers	(358,974)	(320,967)
Payments to employees	(95,385)	(131,221)
Other receipts	44,299	43,116
Net cash provided by operating activities	454,368	486,342
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
Cash received from other funds	146	-
Cash paid to other funds	-	(10,886)
Transfers from other funds	-	302,013
Transfers to other funds	(68,777)	(78,310)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	(68,631)	212,817
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Principal paid on revenue bonds payable	(138,203)	(131,343)
Interest and fiscal charges paid on debt	(137,615)	(142,787)
Proceeds from meter deposits	7,237	4,423
Proceeds from federal grants	239,500	239,115
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	<u>(450,316)</u>	_ (337,133)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(479,397)	(367,725)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest on investments	12,051	16,840
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(81,609)	348,274
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	1,493,850	_1,145,576
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$1,412,241	\$1,493,850
		(continued)

# Comparative Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Fund Type Years Ended September 30, 2004 and 2003

	2004	2003
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash used by		
operating activities:		
Operating income	\$ 191,399	\$ 244,766
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash used by	,	, ,
operating activities:		
Depreciation	233,068	227,487
Changes in current assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(5,025)	4,765
Increase (decrease) in provision for uncollectible accounts	1,968	(1,311)
(Increase) decrease in inventory	(42)	1,134
Decrease in unbilled services receivable	696	426
Decrease in accrued interest receivable	1,275	1,360
Increase in prepaid item	(1,237)	-
Increase in accounts payable	31,876	9,767
Decrease in accrued interest payable	(708)	(674)
Increase (decrease) in other payables	1,098	(1,378)
Total adjustments	262,969	241,576
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 454,368	\$ 486,342
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents per statement		
of cash flows to the balance sheet:		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period -		
Cash and interest-bearing deposits - unrestricted	\$ 213,359	\$ 247,217
Cash and interest-bearing deposits - restricted	<u>1,280,491</u>	<u>898,359</u>
Total cash and cash equivalents	1,493,850	1,145,576
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period -		
Cash and interest-bearing deposits - unrestricted	203,755	213,359
Cash and interest-bearing deposits - restricted	1,208,486	1,280,491
Total cash and cash equivalents	1,412,241	1,493,850
Net increase	\$ (81,609)	\$ 348,274

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

# Comparative Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Fund September 30, 2004 and 2003

	2004	2003
ASSETS		
Cash	<u>\$ 51,758</u>	\$ 60,853
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$ 44,428 	\$ 42,359 18,494
Total liabilities	\$ 51,758	\$ 60,853

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

#### (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the Town of Church Point (Town) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. In the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements for the proprietary funds, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this note.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Town of Church Point (Town) was incorporated June 1, 1899, under the provisions of the Lawrason Act. The Town operates under the Mayor-Board of Aldermen form of government.

This report includes all funds that are controlled by or dependent on the Town executive and legislative branches (the Mayor and Board of Aldermen). Control by or dependence on the Town was determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, authority to issue debt, election or appointment of governing body, and other general oversight responsibility.

Based on the foregoing criteria, certain governmental organizations are not part of the Town and are thus excluded from the accompanying financial statements. These organizations are the Church Point Volunteer Fire Department and the Town of Church Point Housing Authority. The Town of Church Point Housing Authority was chartered by the Town and its Board of Directors is appointed by the Mayor and Board of Alderman. However, the Town's oversight responsibilities in the management of operations and financial accountability is remote.

#### B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The statement of net assets and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The accounts of the Town are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The various funds of the Town are classified into two categories: governmental and proprietary. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Town or meets the following criteria:

- Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The major funds of the Town are described below:

#### Governmental Funds -

#### General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Special Revenue Funds

Sales Tax Fund -

The Sales Tax Fund is used to account for the proceeds of a one percent sales and use tax that is legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

**Debt Service Funds** 

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds.)

Proprietary Fund -

Enterprise fund

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The Town of Church Point's enterprise fund is the Utility Fund.

#### C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net assets and the statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b. below.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net assets (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net assets.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

In the government-wide statement of net assets and statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures (including capital outlay) generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

The proprietary fund utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### D. Assets, Liabilities and Equity

Cash and interest-bearing deposits

For purposes of the statement of net assets, cash and interest-bearing deposits include all demand accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the Town.

For the purpose of the proprietary fund statement of cash flows, "cash and cash equivalents" include all demand and savings accounts, and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

#### Interfund receivables and payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivables and payables." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net assets.

#### Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include sales and use taxes. Business-type activities report customer's utility service receivables as their major receivables. Uncollectible amounts due for customers' utility receivables are recognized as bad debts at the time information becomes available which would indicate the uncollectibility of the particular receivable. The allowance for uncollectibles for customers' utility receivables was \$16,752 and \$14,784 at September 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively. Unbilled utility service receivables resulting from utility services rendered between the date of meter reading and billing and the end of the month, are recorded at year-end.

#### Inventories

Inventories in the proprietary fund are valued at cost, which approximates market using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide or financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Town maintains a threshold level of \$1,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Prior to October 1, 2002, some governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets have been valued at estimated historical cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net assets. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings	40 years
Equipment	5 years
Utility system and improvements	20-40 years
Infrastructure	20-40 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

#### Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include cash and interest-bearing deposits of the proprietary fund that are legally restricted as to their use. The restricted assets are related to the revenue bond accounts and utility meter deposits.

#### Long-term debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of the revenue bonds payable and utility meter deposits payable.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

#### Compensated Absences

Town employees are entitled to certain compensated absences based upon their length of service.

Vacation leave is earned at the rate of five days after one year of service, ten days after five years but less than ten years of service, and fifteen days after ten years of service. However, those employees with two years of service by February 2, 1999 were grandfathered in to receive ten days. Vacation leave earned does not accumulate from year to year.

Sick leave is earned at the rate of seven days for one to five years of employment and ten days for over five years of service. Employees are allowed to accumulate up to two years of leave. If the sick leave is not used within a two-year period, one year's leave is lost. Accumulated sick leave is not payable for employees who resign, retire, or are dismissed from employment.

#### **Equity Classifications**

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

- a. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net assets Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net assets All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

In the fund statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as reserved and unreserved, with unreserved further split between designated and undesignated. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

#### E. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

#### Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds - By Character: Proprietary Fund - By Operating and Nonoperating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

#### Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

#### F. Revenue Restrictions

The Town has various restrictions placed over certain revenue sources from state or local requirements. The primary restricted revenue sources include:

Revenue Source	Legal Restrictions of Use			
Sales tax	See Note 13			
Gas water and sewer revenue	Debt service and utility operations			

The Town uses unrestricted resources only when restricted resources are fully depleted.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### G. <u>Budget and Budgetary Accounting</u>

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to September 30, the Town Clerk submits to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1.
- 2. A summary of the proposed budget is published and the public notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- 3. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for the hearing.
- 4. After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is adopted through passage of a resolution prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- 5. Budgetary amendments involving the transfer of funds from one department, program or function to another or involving increases in expenditures resulting from revenues exceeding amounts estimated require the approval of the Board of Aldermen.
- 6. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 7. Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Board of Aldermen. Such amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations.

#### H. Capitalization of Interest Expense

It is the policy of the Town of Church Point to capitalize material amounts of interest resulting from borrowings in the course of the construction of fixed assets. For the year ending September 30, 2004, total interest incurred was \$137,615 of which all was charged to operations. For the year ending September 30, 2003, total interest incurred was \$142,787 of which all was charged to operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### I. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### J. Report Classification

Certain previously reported amounts for the year ended September 30, 2004 have been reclassified to conform to the September 30, 2003 classifications.

#### (2) <u>Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits</u>

Under state law, the Town may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The Town may invest in certificates and time deposits of the state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. At September 30, 2004, the Town had cash and interest-bearing deposits (book balances) as follows:

Demand deposits	\$ 323,653
Time deposits	1,487,997
Total	\$ 1,81 <u>1,6</u> 50

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits, (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Deposit balances (bank balances) at September 30, 2004 were secured as follows:

Bank balances	<u>\$ 1,881,681</u>
Securities pledged (Category 3)	\$ 1,471,012
Federal deposit insurance	410,669
Total securities pledged and federal deposit insurance	\$ 1,881,681

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### (3) Ad Valorem Taxes

Ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied by the Town in September or October and are actually billed to taxpayers in November or December. Billed taxes become delinquent on January 1 of the following year. The Town bills and collects its own property taxes using the assessed values determined by the tax assessor of Acadia Parish. Town property tax revenues are budgeted in the year billed.

For the year ended September 30, 2004, taxes of 10.03 mills were levied on property with assessed valuations totaling \$10,160,120 and were dedicated as follows:

General corporate purposes	7.02 mills
Fire protection	3.01 mills

Total taxes levied were \$101,537. There were no taxes receivable at September 30, 2004.

#### (4) Receivables

Receivables at September 30, 2004 of \$216,457 consist of the following:

	General	General Sales Tax		Utility	Total	
Accounts	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 89,935	\$ 89,935	
Unbilled utility	-	_	-	23,916	23,916	
Franchise tax	61,392	-	-	-	61,392	
Grants	-	-	36,584	-	36,584	
Other sources	2,622	-	-	-	2,622	
Interest	186	601		1,221	2,008	
Totals	\$ 64,200	<u>\$ 601</u>	\$36,584	\$115,072	\$216,457	

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### (5) Due from Other Governmental Units

Amounts due from other governmental units at September 30, 2004 consisted of the following:

#### General Fund:

Amount due from the State of Louisiana for reimbursement of grant revenues for expenditures incurred on the Le Vieux Presbytere renovation project during the year ending September 30, 2004	\$	38,526
Amount due from the State of Louisiana for beer tax revenues earned during fiscal year ending September 30, 2004		3,974
Amount due from the State of Louisiana for video poker revenues earned during fiscal year ending September 30, 2004	_	2,582 45,082
Sales Tax Fund:		

Amount due from Acadia Parish School Board for incorporated sales taxes		
for the month of September, 2004.	_	53,361
Total due from other governmental units	\$	98,443

#### Restricted Assets - Proprietary Fund Type (6)

Restricted assets consisted of the following at September 30, 2004:

Revenue bond sinking account	\$ 140,546
Revenue bond reserve account	539,346
Revenue contingency account	274,008
Capital improvements	169,908
Customers' deposits	84,678
Total restricted assets	\$1,208,486

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

# (7) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2004 was as follows:  Balance Bal				
	10/01/03	Additions Deletions		09/30/04
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 175,727	\$ 3,500	\$ -	\$ 179,227
Other capital assets:				
Buildings	894,350	245,723	-	1,140,073
Infrastructure	919,411	3,500	-	922,911
Equipment, furniture and fixtures	149,421	60,498	(32,001)	177,918
Vehicles	484,680	3,500	<u>=</u>	488,180
Totals	2,623,589	316,721	(32,001)	2,908,309
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	287,310	23,227	-	310,537
Infrastructure	219,372	25,775	-	245,147
Equipment, furniture and fixtures	102,108	12,151 (32,001)		82,258
Vehicles	294,950	22,111		317,061
Total accumulated depreciation	903,740	83,264	(32,001)	955,003
Governmental activities, capital assets, net	\$ 1,719,849	\$233,457	<u>\$ -</u>	\$1,953,306
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land - water system	\$ 100,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 100,000
Land - sewer system	450	-	-	450
Other capital assets:				
Water system	4,237,823	369,105	-	4,606,928
Sewer system	4,695,555	32,446	~	4,728,001
Machinery and equipment	228,551	48,765		277,316
Totals	9,262,379	450,316	•	9,712,695
Less accumulated depreciation				
Water system	1,338,367	107,998	_	1,446,365
Sewer system	1,821,367	110,898	-	1,932,265
Machinery and equipment	195,564	14,172	-	209,736
Total accumulated depreciation	3,355,298	233,068	-	3,588,366
Business-type activities,				
capital assets, net	\$ 5,907,081	\$ 217,248	<u>\$</u>	\$ 6,124,329

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General government	\$	21,797
Police		12,269
Fire		14,197
Streets		29,026
Community center		154
Culture and recreation	_	5,821
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$</u>	83,264
Depreciation expense was charged to business-type activities as follows:		
Water	\$	115,664
Sewer	_	117,404
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$</u>	233,068

#### (8) Accounts and Other Payables

The accounts and other payables consisted of the following at September 30, 2004:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	
Accounts	\$ 106,566	\$ 41,643	\$ 148,209	
Other liabilities	6,305	6,360	12,665	
Totals	<u>\$ 112,871</u>	\$ 48,003	<u>\$ 160,874</u>	

# (9) Changes in Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the Town for the year ended September 30, 2004:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Bonds payable at 9-30-03	\$ 290,000	\$ 3,472,146	\$ 3,762,146
Bonds issued	-	-	-
Bonds retired	(29,000)	(138,203)	(167,203)
Bonds payable at 9-30-04	\$ 261,000	\$ 3,333,943	\$ 3,594,943

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Long-term debt payable at September 30, 2004 is comprised of the following individual issues:

# General Obligation Bonds:

\$ 261,000
\$1,213,943
2,120,000
3,333,943
(145,149)
\$3,188,794

#### The bonds are due as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities	
Year ending September 30,	Principal Payments	Interest Payments	Principal Payments	Interest Payments
2005	\$ 30,000	\$ 9,240	\$ 145,149	\$ 143,527
2006	31,000	8,440	152,203	137,326
2007	32,000	7,600	159,362	130,821
2008	31,000	6,720	166,632	124,009
2009	32,000	5,480	174,018	108,534
2010-2014	105,000	8,560	985,372	434,247
2015-2019	-	-	1,211,235	223,491
2020-2023	<u> </u>		339,972	33,463
	\$ 261,000	\$ 46,040	\$ 3,333,943	\$ 1,335,418

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### (10) Flow of Funds; Restrictions on Use - Utilities Revenues

#### Revenue Bonds:

A. Under the terms of the bond indentures on outstanding Sewer Utility Revenue Bonds dated June 3, 1993, all income and revenues (hereinafter referred to as revenue) of every nature, earned or derived from operation of the Sewerage System are pledged and dedicated to the retirement of said bonds, and are to be set aside into the following special funds:

Each month, there will be set aside into a fund called the "Bond and Interest Sinking Fund" an amount constituting  $1/12^{th}$  of the next maturing installment of principal and interest on the outstanding bonds. Such transfers shall be fully sufficient to assure the prompt payment of principal and interest installments as they become due and may be used only for such payments.

There shall also be set aside into a "Bond Reserve Fund" an amount equal to 5% of the amount required to be paid into the Sinking Fund during the current fiscal year until there shall have been accumulated in the Reserve Account an amount equal to the maximum principal and interest requirements in any one maturity year. Such amounts may be used only for the payment of maturing bonds and interest coupons for which sufficient funds are not on deposit in the Bond and Interest Sinking Fund and as to which there would otherwise be default.

Funds will also be set aside into a "Contingency Fund" at the rate of \$378 each month. Money in this fund may be used to care for depreciation, extensions, improvements, and replacements to the system, which are necessary to keep the system in operating condition. Money in this fund may also be used to pay principal or interest on the bonds falling due at any time there is not sufficient money for payment in the other bond funds.

B. Under the terms of the bond indentures on outstanding Water Utilities Revenue Bonds, Series 1999, all income and revenues (hereinafter referred to as revenue) of every nature, earned or derived from operation of the Waterworks System, are pledged and dedicated to the retirement of said bonds, and are to be set aside into the following special funds:

Each month, there will be set aside into a fund called the "Bond and Interest Sinking Fund" an amount equal to  $1/12^{th}$  of the next maturing principal, interest, and administrative fee. Such transfers shall be fully sufficient to assure the prompt payment of principal interest, and administrative fee installments as they become due and may be used only for such payments.

There shall also be set aside into a "Bond Reserve Fund" an amount equal to 25% of the amount required to be paid into the sinking fund for such month until there shall have been accumulated an amount equal to the maximum principal and interest requirements in any one maturity year. The money in the "Bond Reserve Fund" may be used only for the payment of maturing bonds and interest coupons for which sufficient funds are not on deposit in the Bond and Interest Sinking Fund and as to which there would otherwise be default.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

There shall also be set aside into a "Contingency Fund" the sum equal to 5% of net revenues for the preceding month. Money in this fund may be used to care for depreciation, extensions, additions, improvements, renewals and replacements necessary to properly operate the water system. Money in this fund may also be used to pay principal or interest on the bonds falling due at any time there is not sufficient money for payment in the other bond funds.

C. The Town of Church Point was in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions in the bond indentures at September 30, 2004.

### (11) Retirement Commitment

All employees of the Town of Church Point are members of the Federal Social Security system. The Town and its employees contribute a percentage of each employee's salary to the system (7.65% contributed by the Town; 7.65% by the employee). The Town's contribution during the year ended September 30, 2004 and 2003 amounted to \$60,678 and \$64,727 respectively.

### (12) <u>Deferred Compensation Plan</u>

As of July 1, 2003, the Town offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457. The plan is administered by the Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company (VALIC). The plan, available to all Town employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The Town's contributions to the plan for the period ended September 30, 2004 was \$34,542.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) held in a trust, custodial account or annuity contract by the Town described in IRC 457(g) for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries.

### (13) Dedication of Proceeds and Flow of Funds - 1% Sales and Use Tax Dated 1/10/67

Proceeds of a 1% sales and use tax approved January 10, 1967, (accounted for in the Sales Tax Fund - a special revenue fund) levied by the Town of Church Point (2004 collections \$427,657; 2003 collections \$431,824) are dedicated to the following purposes:

Constructing, acquiring, extending, improving and/or maintaining drainage facilities, streets, sidewalks and fire department stations and equipment, including fire engines and purchasing and acquiring equipment and furnishings for the aforesaid public works, improvements and facilities, title to which shall be in the public name.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

### (14) Segment Information for the Enterprise Fund

The Town of Church Point maintains one enterprise fund with two departments, which provide water and sewerage services. Segment information for the year ended September 30, 2004 was as follows:

	Water Department	Sewerage Department	Total Enterprise Fund
Charges for services and other revenues	\$ 544,197	<u>\$367,587</u>	\$ 911,784
Operating expenses -			
Depreciation	115,664	117,404	233,068
Other expenses	265,260	222,057	487,317
Total operating expenses	380,924	339,461	720,385
Operating income	\$ 163,273	\$ 28,126	\$ 191,399

### (15) Compensation of Town Officials

A detail of compensation paid to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen for the year ended September 30, 2004 follows:

Roger Boudreaux, Mayor	\$28,000
Aldermen:	
Theresa Cary	3,540
Errol Comeaux	3,540
Gary Duplechin	3,390
Melchisadeck Green	3,540
Alexis Jagneaux	3,540
	\$45,550

The mayor receives \$2,333 per month plus the payment of his health insurance. Effective December 2002, aldermen receive \$258 per month plus \$150 for each special meeting called.

# (16) Risk Management

The Town is exposed to risks of loss in the areas of health care, general and auto liability, property hazards and workers' compensation. All of these risks are handled by purchasing commercial insurance coverage. There have been no significant reductions in the insurance coverage during the year. Prior to August 22, 1998, the Town did not carry general liability insurance.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

### (17) <u>Litigation and Claims</u>

As mentioned in Note 17, the Town did not carry general liability insurance coverage prior to August 22, 1998. At September 30, 2004, the Town is a defendant in three lawsuits principally arising from the normal course of operations. The Town's legal counsel has reviewed the claims filed and has determined that the Town's liability is considered immaterial at September 30, 2004. As of September 30, 2004, no liability has been provided for suits filed or unasserted claims which may be filed.

### (18) <u>Interfund Transactions</u>

## A. Receivables and Payables

Interfund receivables and payables consisted of the following at September 30, 2004:

	Interfund Receivables	Interfund Payables	
Major Funds:			
Governmental Funds:			
General Fund	\$ 2,755	\$ 28,033	
Sales Tax Fund	18,645	-	
Proprietary Fund:			
Utility Fund	9,523	2,901	
Non-major Funds	11		
Total	\$ 30,934	\$ 30,934	

Transfers are recorded in the year in which they were budgeted. However, the amounts are not always paid in that same year; therefore, causing balances as noted above. These balances are expected to be paid within the next fiscal year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

### B. Interfund transfers

Interfund transfers consisted of the following at September 30, 2004:

	Interfund		Interfund	
	Tran	sfers In	Tra	nsfers Out
Major Governmental Funds:				
General Fund	\$	83,000	\$	38,000
1968 Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund		5,777		24,214
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:				
Debt service funds-				
Special Assessment S-166		4,214		-
Certificates of Indebtedness 1997 & 2003 Fund		38,000		-
Proprietary Fund:				
Utility Fund				68,777
Total	<u>\$_1</u>	30,991	\$	130,991

Transfers are used to (a) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to (b) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# TOWN OF CHURCH POINT, LOUISIANA General Fund

### Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the year ended September 30, 2004 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended September 30, 2003

	2004				
				Variance	
		dget	A1	Positive	2003
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues:					
Taxes -					
Ad valorem	\$101,500	\$ 101,500	\$ 101,537	<b>\$</b> 37	\$101,013
Franchise	235,000	252,950	250,823	(2,127)	293,768
Licenses and permits -					
Occupational licenses	170,000	164,000	164,084	84	170,115
Permits	800	750	1,119	369	1,025
Intergovernmental revenues -					
Housing Authority payment in lieu of taxes	9,800	10,900	10,956	56	10,570
Beer taxes	15,000	18,600	14,865	(3,735)	20,967
Video poker commissions	42,000	37,000	37,649	649	42,932
State grants	-	201,036	200,458	(578)	900
Charges for services -					
Utility collection	18,200	12,600	12,902	302	18,507
Continuing education fund	4,200	4,200	4,670	470	4,310
Fines and forfeits	168,000	150,500	140,899	(9,601)	145,018
Miscellaneous-	250	20.040	20.455	(25	26.520
Rent income	250	29,840	30,475	635	26,530
Recycling income Interest income	4,500 2,000	5,525 615	4,972 777	(553) 162	1.014
Gain on sale of assets	2,000	4,160	4,160	102	1,914 -
	8,550	6,225	9,427	3,202	9,188
Other revenues					
Total revenues	779,800	<u>1,000,401</u>	989,773	(10,628)	846,757
Expenditures:					
Current -					
General government	250,215	263,835	255,627	(8,208)	259,905
Public safety:					
Police	543,950	585,155	582,098	(3,057)	575,099
Fire	28,920	17,475	20,146	2,671	20,173
Community center	20.200	11,510	12,049	539	-
Culture and recreation	20,200	17,950	17,380	(570)	16,015
Capital outlay	18,000	270,140	259,309	(10,831)	21,105
Total expenditures	861,285	1,166,065	1,146,609	<u>(19,456</u> )	892,297
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(81,485)	(165,664)	(156,836)	8,828	(45,540)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Proceeds from issuance of debt	-	•	-	_	300,000
Transfers in	137,000	78,000	83,000	5,000	156,500
Transfers out	(47,000)	(38,000)	(38,000)	-	(320,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	90,000	40,000	45,000	5,000	136,500
	- 3,555		.5,555	-,444	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing		446.550	/* * * * * * *		
sources over expenditures and other financing uses	8,515	(125,664)	(111,836)	13,828	90,960
Fund balance, beginning	200,634	_200,634	200,634		109,674
Fund balance, ending	\$209,149	\$ 74,970	\$ 88,798	\$13,828	\$200,634

# TOWN OF CHURCH POINT, LOUISIANA Sales Tax Fund

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended September 30, 2004 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended September 30, 2003

		2004				
	Bu	dget		Variance Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual	
Revenues:						
Taxes - sales taxes	\$425,000	\$410,500	\$427,657	\$17,157	\$431,824	
Grants:						
Federal	-	62,144	35,629	(26,515)	161,653	
State	-	7,381	4,531	(2,850)	21,554	
Interest	5,000	1,500	2,897	1,397	2,271	
Miscellaneous	7,200	6,800	5,861	(939)	20,207	
Total revenues	437,200	488,325	476,575	(11,750)	637,509	
Expenditures:						
Current-						
General government:						
Salaries	47,600	47,600	47,052	548	65,551	
Payroll taxes	5,000	3,800	3,660	140	5,114	
Group insurance	6,950	7,500	6,378	1,122	6,121	
Pension	2,960	2,950	2,941	9	3,178	
Insurance	4,000	_	-	-	2,406	
Workers compensation	4,200	3,400	3,309	91	3,437	
Legal and professional	-	3,100	3,600	(500)	-	
Repairs and maintenance	•	_	-	-	100	
Collection expense	7,000	7,000	6,415	585	6,484	
Professional fees	4,000	-	-	-	3,955	
Miscellaneous expense	50	50	-	50	_	
Total general government	81,760	75,400	73,355	2,045	96,346	
Public works:						
Salaries	131,110	155,770	154,649	1,121	125,704	
Payroll taxes	10,300	12,190	11,816	374	9,900	
Group insurance	22,000	24,275	22,952	1,323	10,539	
Pension	6,500	7,275	5,343	1,932	6,130	
Workers compensation	10,000	9,800	9,226	574	8,140	
Legal and professional	-	1,400	1,353	47	-	
Gravel, shell and supplies	18,000	28,000	26,380	1,620	16,074	
Repairs and maintenance	22,000	17,850	15,029	2,821	19,880	
Transportation	12,000	10,600	11,655	(1,055)	13,176	
Telephone and utilities	6,200	4,800	4,623	177	4,738	
Insurance	9,500	7,700	8,592	(892)	14,244	
Miscellaneous	300	350	340	10	2,315	
Street lighting	34,000	40,000	40,013	(13)	39,022	
<del>-</del>	281,910	320,010	311,971	8,039	269,862	
Total public works	201,710	320,010	<u> </u>			
					(continued)	

# TOWN OF CHURCH POINT, LOUISIANA Sales Tax Fund

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Continued) Year Ended September 30, 2004 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended September 30, 2003

	2004				
	Bud Original	lget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	2003 Actual
Public works - FEMA:					
Hurricane Lili expenses	45,000	45,000	47,248	(2,248)	210,565
Capital outlay		55,000	57,412	(2,412)	1,719
Total expenditures	408,670	495,410	489,986	5,424	578,492
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	28,530	(7,085)	(13,411)	(6,326)	59,017
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	-	-	5,777	5,777	21,000
Transfers out	(20,000)	(24,214)	(24,214)		(103,409)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(20,000)	(24,214)	(18,437)	5,777	(82,409)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over					
expenditures and other financing uses	8,530	(31,299)	(31,848)	(549)	(23,392)
Fund balance, beginning	344,772	344,772	344,772		368,164
Fund balance, ending	\$353,302	\$313,473	\$ 312,924	<u>\$ (549)</u>	\$344,772

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# TOWN OF CHURCH POINT, LOUISIANA General Fund

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures Year Ended September 30, 2004

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended September 30, 2003

	2004				
	Pue	l met		Variance Favorable	
	Bud Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)	2003 Actual
General government:					
Salaries	\$ 108,000	\$ 108,600	\$106,638	\$ 1,962	\$113,244
Court salaries	22,400	23,050	23,374	(324)	24,051
Payroll taxes	13,500	12,175	11,934	241	13,564
Group insurance	16,500	17,000	15,829	1,171	13,576
Pension	5,040	5,500	5,448	52	4,873
General insurance	14,100	13,500	13,309	191	17,594
Legal and professional	12,500	14,500	16,004	(1,504)	8,058
Office expense and supplies	13,500	16,325	14,862	1,463	20,940
Advertising and promotion	6,000	6,500	6,457	43	6,479
Conventions and seminars	3,000	2,400	2,377	23	5,562
Repairs and maintenance	1,000	800	818	(18)	65
Dues	1,100	2,900	2,840	60	1,309
Utilities and telephone	12,750	15,200	15,972	(772)	10,696
Preparation of tax rolls	2,600	2,650	2,633	17	5,173
Miscellaneous	6,225	5,700	3,500	2,200	7,300
Auto allowance	6,500	7,200	6,498	702	7,334
Presbytere expense	1,500	2,700	<u>.</u>	2,700	87
Economic development	4,000	7,135	7,134	1	-
Total general government	250,215	263,835	255,627	8,208	259,905
Public safety: Police department -					
Salaries	309,000	329,200	327,937	1,263	337,833
		25,725	25,631	94	26,206
Payroil taxes	22,000		47,614	186	39,185
Group insurance	45,000	47,800			
Police pension	18,000	17,000	15,557	1,443	12,177
Transportation	40,000	40,000	40,645	(645) 65	43,296
Supplies	8,000	8,305	8,240	138	11,454
Telephone and utilities	15,700	14,000	13,862	925	15,503
Legal and professional	50,000	20,000	19,075	925 426	874 52.205
Insurance	50,000	46,500	46,074		52,205 1,239
Repairs and maintenance Conventions and seminars	2,500 400	1,600	1,844	(244) (1,048)	1,239
		6,280	7,328		3 300
Meals for prisoners	3,750	3,400	4,425 5,143	(1,025)	3,390
Uniforms	5,000	5,000		(143)	3,795
Court feescrime lab, com. on law enforce., CMIS, etc.	13,290	15,035	14,460	575	11,307
Miscellaneous	11,310	5,310	4,263	1,047	16,635
Total police department	543,950	585,155	582,098	3,057	575,099
Fire department -		***		(2.014)	
Supplies and repairs	9,200	300	3,344	(3,044)	2,603
Transportation	3,600	3,500	3,302	198	2,520
Equipment rental	120	-	•	-	-
Telephone and utilities	4,800	3,675	3,819	(144)	3,897
Insurance	11,000	10,000	9,681	319	11,153
Miscellaneous	200				
Total fire department	28,920	17,475	20,146	(2,671)	20,173
Total public safety	572,870	602,630	602,244	386	595,272
roun passe omery					(continued)

# TOWN OF CHURCH POINT, LOUISIANA General Fund

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures (Continued) Year Ended September 30, 2004 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended September 30, 2003

•

	2004				
,	<del>-</del> -		, <u>.</u>	Variance	
	Bu	ndget		Favorable	2003
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Actual
Community center:					
Office expense and supplies	-	6,610	7,213	(603)	-
Repairs and maintenance	-	-	450	(450)	_
Telephone and utilities	-	4,900	4,106	794	
Miscellaneous	-	-	280	(280)	-
Total community center		11,510	12,049	(539)	-
Culture and respection.					
Culture and recreation:	5.000	5 200	5,146	54	3,045
Supplies	5,000	5,200	3,146 3,459	266	5,045 586
Repairs and maintenance	3,600	3,725 5,000		241	4,726
Telephone and utilities Insurance	6,000		4,759	65	678
Promotional	1,600	1,500	1,435 1,188	12	4,399
Miscellaneous	3,000	1,200		(68)	-
	1,000	1,325	1,393		2,581
Total culture and recreation	20,200	17,950	<u>17,380</u>	570	16,015
Capital outlay:					
General government-					
Equipment	-	1,165	1,163	2	-
Improvements	-	30,000	19,435	10,565	-
Land	-	3,500	3,500	-	-
Public safety-		•	ř		
Vehicles	18,000	1,800	1,000	800	18,080
Improvements	_	11,300	11,291	9	3,025
Equipment-fire	-	4,525	6,074	(1,549)	-
Community center		•		, ,	
Equipment	-	1,850	1,849	1	-
Culture and recreation -					
Le Vieux Presbytere	-	216,000	214,997	1,003	-
Total capital outlay	18,000	270,140	259,309	10,831	21,105
Total expenditures	\$ 861,285	\$1,166,065	1,146,609	\$ 19,456	\$892,297

# TOWN OF CHURCH POINT, LOUISIANA Nonmajor Governmental Funds

# Combining Balance Sheet September 30, 2004 With Comparative Totals for September 30, 2003

	Debt	Capital	То	tals
	Service	Projects	2004	2003
ASSETS				
Cash	\$ 4,992	\$ 9,589	\$14,581	\$ 9,848
Grant receivable	<del>-</del>	36,584	36,584	-
Due from other funds		11	11	1,465
Total assets	\$ 4,992	\$46,184	\$51,176	\$11,313
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$46,184	\$46,184	\$ -
Due to other funds				<u>9,666</u>
Total liabilities		46,184	46,184	9,666
Fund balances (deficit):				
Reserved for debt retirement	4,992	_	4,992	5,891
Unreserved, undesignated	<u> </u>			_(4,244)
Total fund balances	4,992		4,992	1,647
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND				
FUND BALANCES	<u>\$_4,992</u>	\$46,184	\$51,176	\$11,313

# TOWN OF CHURCH POINT, LOUISIANA Nonmajor Governmental Funds

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended September 30, 2004

With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended September 30, 2003

	Debt	Capital	Totals	
	Service	Projects	2004	2003
Revenues:				
Grant - LCDBG	\$ -	\$239,500	\$239,500	\$ -
Interest	131	-	131	160
Total revenues	131	239,500	239,631	160
Expenditures:				
Capital outlay		266,000	266,000	
Debt service -				•
Principal retirement	29,000	-	29,000	43,000
Interest and fiscal charges	10,000		10,000	7,286
Total debt service	39,000	-	39,000	50,286
Total expenditures	39,000	266,000	305,000	50,286
Deficiency of revenues				
over expenditures	(38,869)	(26,500)	(65,369)	_(50,126)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	42,214	26,500	68,714	39,562
Transfers out				_(17,356)
Total financing sources (uses)	42,214	<u>26,500</u>	68,714	22,206
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures				
and other financing uses	3,345	-	3,345	(27,920)
Fund balances, beginning	1,647	<u> </u>	1,647	29,567
Fund balances, ending	\$ 4,992	<u>\$ - </u>	<u>\$ 4,992</u>	\$ 1,647

# NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

To accumulate monies for payment of the various bond issues of the Town.

# TOWN OF CHURCH POINT, LOUISIANA Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

# Combining Balance Sheet September 30, 2004 With Comparative Totals for September 30, 2003

	Special	Certificate of			
	Assessment	Indebtedness	Tota	als	
	S-166	1997 & 2003	2004	2003	
ASSETS					
Cash	\$ -	\$ 4,992	\$ 4,992	\$ 9,848	
Receivables:					
Due from other funds	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		1,465	
Total assets	<u>\$ - </u>	\$ 4,992	<u>\$ 4,992</u>	\$11,313	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Due to other funds	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ - </u>	<u>\$ -                                   </u>	\$ 9,666	
Fund balances (deficit):					
Reserved for debt service	-	4,992	4,992	5,891	
Unreserved, undesignated			-	(4,244)	
Total fund balances (deficit)		4,992	4,992	1,647	
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	\$ 4,992	\$ 4,992	\$11,313	

# TOWN OF CHURCH POINT, LOUISIANA Nonmajor Debt Service Fund

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended September 30, 2004 With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended September 30, 2003

	Special	Certificate of		
	Assessment	Indebtedness	Tot	
-	S-166	1997 & 2003	2004	2003
Revenues:				
Interest	\$ 30	\$ 101	<u>\$ 131</u>	<u>\$ 160</u>
Expenditures:				
Debt service -				
Principal retirement		29,000	29,000	43,000
Interest and fiscal charges		10,000	10,000	7,286
Total expenditures		39,000	39,000	50,286
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	30	(38,899)	(38,869)	(50,126)
Other financing sources (uses):		•		
Transfers in	4,214	,38,000	42,214	39,262
Transfers out	-	-	-	(15,344)
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,214	38,000	42,214	23,918
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures				
and other financing uses	4,244	(899)	3,345	(26,208)
Fund balances (deficit), beginning	(4,244)	5,891	1,647	27,855
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$</u>	\$ 4,992	\$ 4,992	\$ 1,647

### NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

## WATER AND SEWER IMPROVEMENT

To account for the FY 2003 Louisiana Community Development Block Grant (LCDBG) program consisting of the water improvements project on Martin Luther King Drive and Arthur Daigle Loop in the Town of Church Point. Financing is being provided by \$239,500 of LCDBG funds. Funds for construction payments are drawndown as expenditures are incurred. The project was completed during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2004.

# Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund Water and Sewer Improvements Capital Projects Fund

# Comparative Balance Sheet September 30, 2004 and 2003

	2004	2003
ASSETS		
Cash	\$ 9,589	\$ -
Grant receivable	36,584	-
Due from other funds	11	
Total assets	<u>\$ 46,184</u>	<u>\$ - </u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities	\$ 46,184	\$ -
Fund balance -		
Unreserved, undesignated		
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 46,184	\$ -

# Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund Water and Sewer Improvements Capital Projects Fund

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended September 30, 2004 With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended September 30, 2003

	2004	2003
Revenues:		
Grant-LCDBG	\$ 239,500	\$ -
Expenditures:		
Capital outlay	266,000	_
Cupitur Guitay		
Deficiency of revenues		
over expenditures	(26,500)	
Other financing sources (uses):		
Transfers in	26,500	300
Transfers out	_	(2,012)
Total other financing sources (uses)	26,500	(1,712)
Deficiency of revenues and other financing sources		
over expenditures and other financing uses	-	(1,712)
Fund balance, beginning		1,712
Fund balance, ending	\$ -	\$

# Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund Water and Sewer Improvement Fund

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual Year Ended September 30, 2004 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended September 30, 2003

		2004			
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	2003 Actual	
Revenues:					
Grant - LCDBG	\$240,361	\$239,500	\$ (861)	\$ -	
Expenditures:					
Capital outlay	266,761	266,000	<u>761</u>		
Deficiency of revenues					
over expenditures	_(26,400)	_(26,500)	(100)		
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	26,400	26,500	100	300	
Transfers out		-	-	(2,012)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	26,400	26,500	100	(1,712)	
Deficiency of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures					
and other financing uses	-	-	-	(1,712)	
Fund balance, beginning	<del></del>			1,712	
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$	

# TOWN OF CHURCH POINT, LOUISIANA Enterprise Fund Utility Fund

Schedule of Changes in Assets Restricted for Revenue Bond Debt Service Year Ended September 30, 2004

	Bond Sinking Fund	Reserve	Contingency	Revenue Bond Construction Fund	Totals
Cash and interest-bearing deposits, October 1, 2003	\$ 90,900	\$484,104	\$243,858	\$384,188	\$1,203,050
Cash receipts: Transfer from operating account Interest on interest-bearing deposits Total cash receipts	336,608 664 337,272	53,004 2,238 55,242	28,536 1,614 30,150	9,473	427,621 5,478 433,099
Total cash and interest-bearing deposits available	428,172	539,346	274,008	394,623	1,636,149
Cash disbursements: Principal payments Interest payments Improvements and repairs Total disbursements	138,203 149,423 - 287,626	1 1 1		224,715	138,203 149,423 224,715 512,341
Cash and interest-bearing deposits, September 30, 2004	\$ 140,546	\$539,346	\$274,008	\$169,908	\$1,123,808

# Summary of Ad Valorem Tax Assessments and Levies Years Ended September 30, 2004 and 2003

	General Fund		
	2004	2003	
Total assessed valuation - tax roll -			
Original tax roll Reductions to tax roll	\$ 10,160,120	\$10,070,020 -	
Net tax roll	\$ 10,160,120	\$10,070,020	
Taxes levied -	10.03 Mills	10.03 Mills	
Total taxes - tax roll	<u>\$ 101,538</u>	\$ 101,013	

## TOWN OF CHURCH POINT, LOUISIANA Enterprise Fund Utility Fund

# Comparative Departmental Analysis of Revenues and Expenses Years Ended September 30, 2004 and 2003

	То	tals	W	ater/	Se	wer
	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003
Operating revenue:						
Charges for services	\$ 867,485	\$891,960	\$514,344	\$524,596	\$353,141	\$367,364
Other	44,299	43,116	29,853	29,168	14,446	13,948
Total operating revenues	911,784	935,076	544,197	553,764	367,587	381,312
Operating expenses:						
Salaries	95,385	131,221	42,282	71,658	53,103	59,563
Payroll taxes	7,256	9,945	3,689	5,281	3,567	4,664
Group insurance	23,670	17,051	12,420	6,374	11,250	10,677
Pension	5,253	8,308	2,248	4,656	3,005	3,652
Utilities and telephone	82,645	80,667	38,134	36,454	44,511	44,213
Repairs and maintenance	84,259	31,648	32,184	3,931	52,075	27,717
Auto expense	13,066	2,078	5,905	1,082	7,161	996
Legal and professional	21,333	27,088	8,064	22,638	13,269	4,450
Insurance	35,105	48,632	18,277	27,460	16,828	21,172
Operating supplies	29,942	27,280	25,979	21,035	3,963	6,245
Office supplies and expense	14,136	9,204	13,096	8,126	1,040	1,078
Dump and disposal charges	4,630	7,870	-	1,410	4,630	6,460
Sewer Inspection and testing	7,067	5,395	•	365	7,067	5,030
Chemicals	48,365	41,123	48,365	41,123	-	-,
Bad debt expense	1,968	-	1,968	-	_	•
Depreciation	233,068	227,487	115,664	106,000	117,404	121,487
Administrative fees	11,100	11,575	11,100	11,575	-	
Other	2,137	3,738	1,549	275	588	3,463
Total operating expenses	720,385	690,310	380,924	369,443	339,461	320,867
Operating income	191,399	244,766	163,273	184,321	28,126	60,445
Non-operating revenues (expenses):						
Interest income	12,051	16,840	6,832	9,092	5,219	7,748
Interest expense	(137,615)	(142,787)	(76,023)	(79,329)	(61,592)	(63,458)
Loss on disposal of assets	-	(372)	-	-	-	(372)
Total non-operating revenues						
(expenses)	_(125,564)	(126,319)	(69,191)	_(70,237)	(56,373)	_(56,082)
Income (loss) before contributions						
and transfers	65,835	118,447	94,082	114,084	(28,247)	4,363
Capital contributions	239,500	239,115	_239,500	194,631		44,484
Transfers in (out):						
Transfers in	_	302,013	_	202,013	_	100,000
Transfers out	(68,777)	(78,310)	(43,777)	(68,310)	(25,000)	(10,000)
Total transfers in (out)	(68,777)	223,703	(43,777)	133,703	(25,000)	90,000
		·	<del>_</del>	<del></del>	-	
Change in net assets	\$ 236,558	\$581,265	\$289,805	\$442,418	\$ (53,247)	\$138,847

TOWN OF CHURCH POINT, LOUISIANA

Combined Schedule of Long-Term Debt September 30, 2004

	ling	00 00	943 000 943
	Outstanding	261,000 \$ 261,000	\$ 1,213,943 2,120,000 \$ 3 333,943
spu	Retired	39,000	\$ 314,057 380,000 \$ 694,057
Bonds	Issued	300,000	\$ 1,528,000 2,500,000 \$ 4.028.000
	Payment Dates	I-Aug	3rd day of each month 2/1; 8/1
	Interest Rates	4.00%	5.00% 3.45%
Final	Maturity Date	02/01/08	06/03/23
	Issue Date	05/01/03	06/03/93
		Public Improvement Bonds - Certificate of Indebtedness 2003 Total Public Improvement Bonds	Utility Revenue Bonds - Utility Revenue Bonds, Series 1994 - Sewer Utility Revenue Bonds, Series 1999 - Water Total Utility Revenue Bonds

# Combined Schedule of Certificates of Deposit - All Funds September 30, 2004

	Financial Institution	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Amount
General Fund:				
Certificate of deposit	Rayne State Bank	3.25%	Annual renewal	\$ 10,000
Sales Tax Fund:	Classic Date Date	1 100/	C34 11 1	125.014
Certificate of deposit	Church Point Bank	1.10%	6 Month renewal	135,814
Certificate of deposit	Church Point Bank	1.10%	6 Month renewal	<u>101,224</u> 237,038
Utility Fund: Water -				<del></del>
Certificate of deposit	Farmers State Bank	1.00%	6 Month renewal	661
Certificate of deposit	Church Point Bank	1.10%	6 Month renewal	343
Certificate of deposit	Church Point Bank	1.10%	6 Month renewal	186,426
Capital additions and contingency -				
Certificate of deposit	Farmers State Bank	1.00%	6 Month renewal	6,004
Customers' deposits -				
Certificate of deposit	Farmers State Bank	1.00%	6 Month renewal	66,126
Revenue bond reserve -				
Certificate of deposit	Farmers State Bank	0.75%	Monthly renewal	260,677
Revenue bond contingency -				
Certificate of deposit	Farmers State Bank	0.75%	Monthly renewal	168,780
Sewerage -				689,017
Certificate of deposit	Farmers State Bank	1.00%	6 Month renewal	132,716
Certificate of deposit	Church Point Bank	1.10%	6 Month renewal	91,058
Capital Improvement Fund -				
Certificate of deposit	Church Point Bank	0.75%	Monthly renewal	26,548
Revenue bond reserve -				
Certificate of deposit	Farmers State Bank	0.75%	Monthly renewal	63,479
Revenue bond contingency -				
Certificate of deposit	Farmers State Bank	0.75%	Monthly renewal	59,012
Certificate of deposit	Farmers State Bank	0.75%	Monthly renewal	43,778
Revenue bond construction -				
Certificate of deposit	Church Point Bank	0.75%	Monthly renewal	135,351
m . 1 . 11.6				551,942
Total - all funds				\$1,487,997

# Schedule of Insurance in Force (Unaudited) September 30, 2004

Insurer/Agent	Coverage Provided For	Risks Covered	Limits of Coverage (in dollars)	Expiration Date
CNA Surety / Aaron Beaugh Insurance Agency	Public employees collecting money Town Clerk and tax collector Public Employees Position Bond	Blanket Bond	\$ 5,000 5,000 182,000	08/15/05 09/07/05 07/29/05
Risk Management Inc.	Municipal employees	Auto & General Liability Workers Compensation	500,000	05/01/05
EMC / Rod Prejean & Associates, Inc.	Town Hall, police station, water buildings, reservoirs and tower, fire station buildings, and sewer buildings	Blanket coverage - property damage 90% Co-insurance	5,300,000	06/20/05
VFIS, Inc./ Special Risk Insurance, Inc.	Automobiles	Auto liability	500,000 /each accident	05/01/05
Essex Insurance Co. / Rod Prejean & Associates, Inc.	Automobilies	Physical damage	120,185	05/01/05
VFIS, Inc./ Special Risk Insurance, Inc.	Fire Department	Automobiles and Equipment Uninsured Motorists	1,000,000	05/01/05

# Property Tax Levies and Collections for the Last Four Years

Year	Assessed Valuation	Millage	Ad Valorem Tax Collections
2000-01	9,675,660	10.03	97,045
2001-02	9,883,750	10.03	99,087
2002-03	10,070,020	10.03	101,013
2003-04	10,160,120	10.03	101,538

# TOWN OF CHURCH POINT, LOUISIANA Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures for Last Four Fiscal Years

# General Revenues by Source\* for Last Four Fiscal Years

	2004	2003	2002	2001
Taxes	\$ 780,017	\$ 826,605	\$ 762,472	\$ 748,353
Licenses and permits	165,203	171,140	180,619	159,386
Intergovernmental	543,588	258,576	126,120	70,082
Charges for services	12,902	18,507	19,842	18,656
Continuing Education Fund	4,670	4,310	-	-
Fines	140,899	145,018	149,689	187,527
Miscellaneous	15,288	29,395	51,799	27,806
Rent income	30,475	26,530	29,005	28,758
Recycling income	4,972	-	-	-
Interest	3,805	4,345	10,795	16,203
Oil lease	-	-	1,222	7,417
Gain on sale of assets	4,160		<u> </u>	
Totals	\$1,705,979	\$1,484,426	\$1,331,563	\$1,264,188

# General Governmental Expenditures by Function\* for Last Four Fiscal Years

	2004	2003	2002	2001
General government	\$ 328,982	\$ 356,251	\$ 313,156	\$ 314,544
Public safety	602,244	595,272	631,671	603,576
Public works	371,268	480,427	286,719	213,500
Culture and recreation	17,380	16,015	12,945	21,826
Debt service	39,000	50,286	87,645	92,475
Capital outlay	<u> 582,721</u>	22,824	37,499	36,619
Totals	<u>\$1,941,595</u>	\$1,521,075	\$1,369,635	<u>\$1,282,540</u>

# Gross Salaries by Function for Last Four Fiscal Years

	2004	2003	2002	2001
General government	\$ 177,064	\$ 202,846	\$ 164,606	\$ 185,910
Public safety	327,937	337,833	315,302	338,644
Public works	154,649	125,704	114,644	90,790
Enterprise	95,385	131,221	142,449	139,847
Totals	\$ 755,035	<u>\$ 797,604</u>	<u>\$ 737,001</u>	\$ 755,191

(continued)

<sup>\*</sup>Includes General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds (excludes utility capital outlay).

# TOWN OF CHURCH POINT, LOUISIANA Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures for Last Four Fiscal Years (Continued)

# Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Expenditures for Last Four Fiscal Years

	2004	2003	2002	2001
Principal	\$ 29,000	\$ 43,000	\$ 81,000	\$ 81,000
Interest	<u> 10,000</u>	7 <u>,286</u>	6,645	11,475
Total debt service	39,000	50,286	87,645	92,475
Total general expenditures*	<u>\$1,941,595</u>	<u>\$1,521,075</u>	\$1,369,635	\$1,282,540
Ratio of debt service to total general expenditures	2.0%	3.3%	6.4%	7.2%

<sup>\*</sup>Includes General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds (excludes utility capital outlay).

COMPLIANCE, INTERNAL CONTROL

AND

OTHER INFORMATION

# KOLDER, CHAMPAGNE, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Roger Boudreaux, Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Church Point, Louisiana

We have audited the financial statements of the Town of Church Point, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2004, and have issued our report thereon dated December 9, 2004. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Church Point, Louisiana's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, which are described in the accompanying summary schedule of current and prior year audit findings and corrective action plan as items 04-2(C), 04-3(C) and 04-4(C).

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Town of Church Point, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we a matter involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the Town of Church Point, Louisiana's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. The reportable condition is described in the accompanying summary schedule of current and prior year audit findings and corrective action plan as item 04-1(IC).

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. We believe the reportable condition identified as item 04-1 in the summary schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan is a material weakness.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Although the intended use of this report maybe limited, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Kolder, Champagne, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana December 9, 2004

# Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Corrective Action Plan Year Ended September 30, 2004

Anticipated Completion Date		N/A		Immediately	Completed
Name of Contact Person		Amber Higginbotham, Town Clerk		Roger Boudreaux, Mayor & Amber Higginbotham, Town Clerk	Boudreaux,
Z D		Amber Higginl Town (		Roger Mayor Higginb Town C	Roger Mayor
Corrective Action Planned		Based upon the size of the administrative office and the cost-benefit of additional personnel, it may not be feasible to achieve complete segregation of duties.		Storage tanks were disposed of due to the possibility that they could have caused a liability to the Town. However, the proper procedure to dispose of the assets in accordance with LA R.S. 33:4712 was not followed. The Mayor, as well as the Clerk, were notified of the proper procedure to be taken when disposing of assets and this procedure will be followed in the future.	The raise was subsequently approved by an ordinance adopted by the Town Council. All future pay increases for elected and appointed officials will be approved by an adopted ordinance.
Corrective Action Taken		<b>Y</b> /X		Yes	Yes
Description of finding		Due to the small number of employees, the Town of Church Point did not have adequate segregation of functions within the accounting system.		Propane tanks owned by the Town were improperly disposed of, which is a violation of Louisiana (LA). Revised Statute (R.S), 33:4712.	The Town Clerk was given a pay raise without proper implementation of procedures as required by LA R.S. 33:404.1.
Fiscal Year Finding Initially Occurred	(40)	Unknown		9/30/2004	9/30/2004
Ref. No.	CURRENT YEAR (09/30/04)	Internal Control: 04-1(IC)	Compliance.	04-2 (C)	04-3 (C)

# Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Corrective Action Plan Year Ended September 30, 2004

Anticipated Completion Date		Immediately		N/A
Name of Contact Person		Roger Boudreaux, Mayor & Amber Higginbothan, Town Clerk		Amber Higginbotham, Town Clerk
Corrective Action Planned		Based upon a discussion with management, it was felt that this act was not an advance since it was not considered by management to be a salary and due to the fact that the amount paid was within the annual budgeted amount for auto allowance. However, the Mayor, as well as the Town Clerk, were informed that this was included in the Mayor's salary and could only be paid on a month-by month basis. The auto allowance payments to be made in the future will be paid monthly as they become due.		Based upon the size of the administrative office and the cost-benefit of additional personnel, it may not be feasible to achieve complete segregation of duties.
Corrective Action Taken		Yes		X/X
Description of finding		Article VII, Section 14 of the 1974 Louisiana Constitution and LA R.S. 14- 138 were violated when the Mayor received an advance of his auto allowance, which is authorized to be paid by the Town on a monthly basis.		Due to the small number of employees, the Town of Church Point did not have adequate segregation of functions within the accounting system.
Fiscal Year Finding Initially Occurred	04)	9/30/2004	ŀ	Unknown
Ref. No.	CURRENT YEAR (09/30/04)	Compliance: (continued) 04-4 (C)	PRIOR YEAR (09/30/03) Internal Control:	03-1(IC)