ST. MARTIN PARISH CLERK OF COURT

Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Rebecca Patin St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court St. Martinville, Louisiana

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 14 to the financial statements, in 2022, the St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government* Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in the clerk's total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability, schedule of employer contributions, and notes to the required supplementary information on pages 43 through 47 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by the missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court's basic financial statements. The Justice System Funding Reporting Schedules (reporting schedules) were created by Act 87 of the Louisiana 2020 Regular Legislative Session. The reporting schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the reporting schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the budgetary comparison information for the General Fund revenues and expenditures but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 21, 2022, on our consideration of the St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Champagne & Company, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Breaux Bridge, Louisiana October 21, 2022

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

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Statement of Net	Position
June 30, 20	22

June 30, 2022	
	Governmental
	Activities
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 2,609,522
Cash and interest-bearing deposits-restricted-advance deposit	1,009,417
Receivables, net	93,688
Due from other governmental units	41,850
Total current assets	3,754,477
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets, net	23,068
Total assets	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
Deferred amount on pension	699,537
Deferred amount on postemployment benefit plan	198,100
Total deferred outflows of resources	897,637
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	13,919
Accrued salaries	14,909
Advance deposit payable	1,009,417
Financed purchase liability	1,500
Total current liabilities	1,039,745
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Financed purchase liability	1,625
Compensated absences payable	172,057
Postemployment benefit obligation payable	1,814,870
Net pension liability	1,437,595
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,426,147
Total liabilities	4,465,892
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred amount on pension	672,279
Deferred amount on postemployment benefit plan	1,542,340
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,214,619
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	19,943
Unrestricted (deficit)	(2,025,272)
Total net position	\$ (2,005,329)
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Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities
Program expenses: General government:	
Personal services and related benefits	\$ 1,899,654
Operating services	493,191
Material and supplies	96,520
Interest	84
Total program expenses	2,489,449
Program revenues:	
Licenses and permits	5,390
Fines, charges, and commissions for services	2,722,234
Operating grants	66,422
Total program revenues	2,794,046
Net program revenue	304,597
General revenues:	
Miscellaneous	23,143
Intergovernmental revenue	130,023
Total general revenues	153,166
Change in net position	457,763
Beginning net position	(2,463,092)
Ending net position	<u>\$ (2,005,329</u>)

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

FUND DESCRIPTION - MAJOR FUND

General Fund

The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with governments which are not required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund also accounts for advance deposits on suits filed by litigants which are accounted for on the computer system, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:842. The advances are refundable to the litigants after all costs have been paid.

Balance Sheet - Governmental Fund June 30, 2022

	General Fund
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 1,835,878
Cash-restricted-advance deposit	445,441
Interest-bearing deposits	773,644
Interest-bearing deposits-restricted-advance deposit	563,976
Receivables:	
Accounts receivable	90,628
Due from other governmental agencies	41,850
Other receivables	1,744
Total assets	\$ 3,753,161
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 13,919
Accrued salaries	14,909
Advance deposit payable	1,009,417
Total liabilities	1,038,245
Fund balance:	
Nonspendable	-
Restricted	-
Committed	-
Assigned	-
Unassigned	2,714,916
Total fund balance	2,714,916
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$ 3,753,161</u>

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Total fund balance for the governmental fund at June 30, 2022		\$ 2,714,916
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consists of:		
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment, net of \$282,168 accumulated depreciation Copiers - financed purchase, net of \$7,776 accumulated depreciation	\$ 16,421 <u>6,647</u>	23,068
The deferred outflows of expenditures are not a use of current resources, and therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Pension plan	699,537	
Postemployment benefit obligation	198,100	897,637
General long-term debt of governmental activities is not payable from current resources and, therefore, not reported in the funds. The debt is:		
Financed purchase liability	(3,125)	
Compensated absences payable	(172,057)	
Postemployment benefit obligation payable	(1,814,870)	/- · /
Net pension liability	(1,437,595)	(3,427,647)
The deferred inflows of contributions are not available resources, and therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Pension plan	(672,279)	
Postemployment benefit obligation	(1,542,340)	(2,214,619)
Recording fees, which are not measurable at year end and therefore are not available soon enough to pay for current period expenditures are		
not reported in the governmental funds.		1,316
Total net position of governmental activities at June 30, 2022		<u>\$ (2,005,329</u>)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Governmental Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		General Fund
Revenues:		
Licenses and permits	\$	5,390
Fees, charges and commissions -		
Court costs, fees and charges		270,574
Fees for recording legal documents	,	2,201,370
Fees for certified copies		141,381
Intergovernmental -		
State grants		66,422
Miscellaneous		138,453
Total revenues		2,823,590
Expenditures:		
Current -		
General government:		1 0 6 0 2 5 0
Personnel services and related benefits		1,960,359
Operating services		482,524
Material and supplies		96,520
Debt service		4,176
Capital outlay		5,197
Total expenditures		2,548,776
Net change in fund balance		274,814
Fund balance, beginning		2,440,102
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$</u>	2,714,916

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of the Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Total net change in fund balance for the year ended June 30, 2022 per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance		\$	274,814
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.			
Capital outlay which is considered expenditures on Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2022	\$ 5,197 (10,667)		(5,470)
Because some revenues are not measurable at year end, they are not considered available in the governmental funds:			
Recording fees			(6,401)
Expenses not requiring the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.			
Net change in compensated absences payable Net change in post employment benefit obligation payable and related deferreds Net change in net pension liability and related deferreds	(8,402) 129,556 <u>69,574</u>		190,728
Principal payments on financed purchase are expenditures in the governmental funds but reduce the liability in the statement of net position.			
Net change in financed purchase liability		<u> </u>	4,092
Total change in net position for the year ended June 30, 2022 per Statement of Activities		<u>\$</u>	457,763

FUND DESCRIPTION - FIDUCIARY FUND

CUSTODIAL FUND

Registry of Court Fund -

The Registry of Court Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:475, is used to account for funds which have been ordered by the court to be held until judgment has been rendered in court litigation. Withdrawals of the funds can be made only upon order of the court.

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Fund - Registry of the Court June 30, 2022

ASSETS Interest-bearing deposits Accrued interest receivable Total assets	\$ 1,236,961 <u>16</u> 1,236,977
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	
NET POSITION Restricted for: Individuals, organizations, and other governments	<u>\$ 1,236,977</u>

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Fund - Registry of the Court For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Additions: Judgments	<u>\$ 112,647</u>
Deductions: Payments of refunds to litigants Payments of other Total deductions	2,395 945 3,340
Net increase in net position	109,307
Net position, beginning	1,127,670
Net position, ending	<u>\$ 1,236,977</u>

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court (Clerk of Court) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this note.

Such accounting and reporting procedures also conform to the requirements of Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513 and to the industry audit guide, *Audits of State and Local Governments*.

The following is a summary of certain significant accounting policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As provided by Article V, Section 28 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, a Clerk of Court serves as the ex-officio notary public, the recorder of conveyances, mortgages and other acts, and shall have other duties and powers provided by law. A Clerk of Court is elected for a term of four years.

These financial statements only include funds and activities that are controlled by the Clerk of Court as an independently elected parish official.

As an independently elected official, the Clerk of Court is responsible for the operations of his/her office, which include the hiring or retention of employees, authority over budgeting, responsibility for deficits, and the receipt and disbursement of funds. Other than certain operating expenditures of the Clerk's office that are paid or provided by the Parish Government as required by Louisiana law, the Clerk of Court is financially independent. In addition, at the expiration of the Clerk of Court's term of office, the Clerk is required to remit to the Parish Government any balance in the Clerk's General (Salary) Fund that exceeds one-half of the revenues of the last year of the term in office.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity, which are considered to be governmental activities. The Fiduciary fund is not included in the GWFS. The Fiduciary fund is reported in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position at the fund financial statement level.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Clerk of Court's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients for goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

The accounts of the Clerk of Court are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The various funds of the Clerk of Court are classified into two categories: governmental and fiduciary. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental funds. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the entity or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The major fund of the Clerk of Court is described below:

Governmental Fund -

General Fund

The General Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:781, is the principal fund of the Clerk of Court. It is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The various fees and charges due to the Clerk of Court's office are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures are paid from this fund. The General Fund also accounts for advance deposits on suits filed by litigants.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Additionally, the Clerk of Court reports the following:

Fiduciary Fund -

The Fiduciary fund is used to report assets held in a trustee or custodial capacity for others and therefore are not available to support the Clerk of Court programs. The Clerk of Court has adopted GASBS No. 84 for the reporting and classification of its fiduciary activities. Fiduciary reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position.

The Clerk of Court's fiduciary fund is presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type (custodial). Because by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements. The individual custodial fund used by the Clerk of Court for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Registry of Court Fund – accounts for funds which have been ordered by the court to be held until judgment has been rendered in court litigation.

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery) and financial position. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with its activities are reported. Government-wide fund equity is classified as net position.

In the fund financial statements, the governmental fund utilizes the "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on its balance sheet. The operating statement presents sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. This fund uses fund balance as its measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, the governmental activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures (including capital outlay) generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

When both restricted and unrestricted sources are available for use, it is the Clerk of Court's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Equity

Cash and interest-bearing deposits

For purposes of the statement of net position, cash and interest-bearing deposits include all demand accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the Clerk of Court. Interest-bearing deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market.

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Clerk of Court maintains a threshold level of \$1,000 or more for capitalizing capital

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

assets. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Furniture, fixtures, and equipment 5-10 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

Compensated Absences

Employees of the Clerk of Court's office earn 10 to 20 days of vacation leave each year depending on length of service. In addition, employees earn 10 days of sick leave each year. Vacation leave must be used in the year earned; unused vacation leave may be converted to sick leave at year end. Sick leave may be accumulated but is not paid upon termination unless the individual is disabled, deceased, or is approaching retirement. When an employee is approaching retirement, he/she may use accumulated sick leave towards his/her date of retirement. When using accumulated sick leave for this purpose, each accumulated day will be counted as one calendar day (for example: 90 days of accumulated sick leave is equal to 3 months toward the date of retirement). An employee may use a maximum of 90 days of accumulated sick leave and is paid by the Clerk's office for these days. Any days over the 90 days will be lost.

Long-term debt

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental funds is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists of compensated absences payable, postemployment benefit obligation payable, financed purchase liability, and net pension liability.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest is reported as expenditures.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In some instances, the GASB requires a government to delay recognition of decreases in net position as expenditures until a future period. In other instances, governments are required to delay recognition of increases in net position as revenues

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

until a future period. In these circumstances, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources result from the delayed recognition of expenditures or revenues, respectively.

Equity Classifications

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Constraints may be placed on the use, either by (1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position Net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in either of the other two categories of net position.

In the fund statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance of the governmental fund is classified as follows:

Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed – amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Clerk of Court. The Clerk of Court is the highest level of decision-making authority for the St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court.

Assigned – amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the Clerk of Court's policy, only the Clerk of Court may assign amounts for specific purposes.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts.

As of June 30, 2022, fund balances are composed of the following:

	General Fund	
Nonspendable:	\$	-
Restricted:		-
Committed:		-
Assigned:		-
Unassigned:	2	,714,916
Total fund balances	<u>\$ 2</u>	,714,916

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Clerk of Court considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Clerk of Court considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Clerk of Court has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

E. Bad Debts

Uncollectible amounts due for receivables are recognized as bad debts by direct write-off at the time information becomes available which would indicate the uncollectibility of the particular receivable. Although the direct write-off method is not in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the difference between the two methods is not material to the financial statements.

F. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (generally accepted accounting principles) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(2) Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits

Under state law, the Clerk of Court may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The Clerk of Court may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes, or certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. At June 30, 2022, the Clerk of Court has cash and interest-bearing deposits (book balances) totaling \$4,855,900 of which \$1,236,961 is attributable to the fiduciary fund, which is not presented in the statement of net position.

Demand deposits Time deposits	,999,649 ,856,251
Total	,855,900

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Clerk of Court's deposits may not be recovered or will not be able to recover the collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the pledging financial institution. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the financial institution. These securities are held in the name of the pledging financial institution in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Deposit balances (bank balances) at June 30, 2022 are secured as follows:

Bank balances	<u>\$ 5,353,336</u>
At June 30, 2022 the deposits are secured as follows:	
Federal deposit insurance Pledged securities	\$ 1,670,743
Total	\$ 5,353,336

Deposits in the amount of \$3,682,593 were exposed to custodial credit risk. These deposits are uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent, but not in the Clerk of Court's name. The Clerk of Court does not have a policy for custodial credit risk.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(3) <u>Due from Other Governmental Units</u>

Amount due from other governmental units at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

Louisiana Clerk of Court - Clerk's Supplemental Fund	\$ 1,850
Louisiana Clerks Remote Access Authority (LCRAA)	40,000
Total	<u>\$ 41,850</u>

(4) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	Balance 07/01/21	Additions	Deletions	Balance 06/30/22
Assets being depreciated: Furniture, fixtures and equipment Copiers - financed purchase	\$ 296,041 14,423	\$ 5,197	\$ (2,649)	\$ 298,589 14,423
Total Less: accumulated depreciation	310,464	5,197	(2,649)	313,012
Furniture, fixtures and equipment Copiers - financed purchase Total	277,035 4,891 281,926	7,782 2,885 10,667	(2,649) (2,649)	282,168 7,776 289,944
Net capital assets	<u>\$ 28,538</u>	<u>\$ (5,470</u>)	<u>\$</u>	\$ 23,068

Depreciation expense of \$10,667 was charged to the general government function.

(5) <u>Changes in Long-Term Liabilities</u>

The following is a summary of long-term liability transactions of the St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court for the year ended June 30, 2022. In the past, payments on long-term liabilities pertained to the Clerk of Court's governmental activities and were made by the general fund.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

	npensated Absences		inanced urchase		Total
Long-term liabilities, July 1, 2021	\$ 163,655	\$	7,217	\$	170,872
Debt assumed Debt retired	 8,402		- (4,092)	<u></u>	8,402 (4,092)
Long-term liabilities, June 30, 2022	\$ 172,057	<u>\$</u>	3,125	<u>\$</u>	175,182

Long-term debt at June 30, 2022 is comprised of the following:

\$6,000 financed purchase liability on Konica Minolta BizHub 458	
Digital Copier, due in monthly installments of \$125; due from August	
5, 2020 to July 5, 2024	\$ 3,125

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	
2023	\$ 1,500
2024	1,500
2025	125
Total	\$ 3,125

(6) Deferred Compensation Plan

Certain employees of the Clerk of Court participate in the Louisiana Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan adopted under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Complete disclosures relating to the Plan are included in the separately issued audit report for the Plan, available from the Louisiana Legislative Auditor, Post Office Box 94397, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9397.

(7) Risk Management

The Clerk of Court is exposed to risks of loss in the areas of general and auto liability, health care and workers' compensation. All of these risks are handled by purchasing commercial insurance coverage. There have been no significant reductions in the insurance coverage during the year nor have settlements exceeded coverage for the past three years.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(8) Expenditures of the Clerk of Court Paid by the Parish Government

The Clerk of Court's office is located in the St. Martin Parish Courthouse Annex. The St. Martin Parish Government pays for the upkeep and maintenance of the courthouse annex. These expenditures are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

(9) <u>Litigation</u>

There is no litigation pending against the Clerk of Court at June 30, 2022.

(10) Post-Employment Health Care and Life Insurance Benefits

Plan description: The St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court's defined benefit postemployment health care plan provides OPEB to eligible retired employees and their beneficiaries. The plan provides OPEB for permanent full-time employees of the Clerk. The Clerk's OPEB plan is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Clerk. Benefits are provided through the Louisiana Clerks of Court Insurance Trust ("LCCIT"), a multiple-employer healthcare plan administered by the Louisiana Revised Statute §13:783 grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75. The premium rates are established and may be amended by the LCCIT board of trustees, with the Clerk determining the contribution requirements of the retirees.

Benefits provided: The Clerk provides medical, dental, vision, and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms provide for payment of 50% of retiree and 60% of dependent pre-Medicare health, Medicare Advantage, dental and vision insurance premiums. The plan also provides for payment of 50% of retiree life insurance premiums. Retirees with at least 20 years of service are eligible for payment of 100% of retiree and 60% of dependent premiums by the Clerk.

Employees covered by benefit terms: On January 1, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefit payments	12
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	
Active Employees	25
Total	37

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Total OPEB Liability

The Clerk's total OPEB liability of \$1,814,870 was measured as of June 30, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2022.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs: The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation: Salary Increases, including inflation: Discount Rate: Health Care Cost Trend Rates	2.40% 3.25% 3.69%
Medical:	 6.50% for 2022, 6.25% for 2023, decreasing 0.25% per year to an ultimate rate of 5.0% for 2028 and later years. 4.50% for 2022, 4.25% for 2023, decreasing 0.25%
Medicare Advantage:	per year to an ultimate rate of 3.0% for 2028 and
Dental: Vision:	later years. Includes 2% per year for aging. 3.0% annual trend 3.0% annual trend
Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs - Reti	rees with less than 20 years of service:
Medical:	50% for retirees and 60% for dependents.
Medicare Advantage:	50% for retirees and 60% for dependents.
Dental:	50% for retirees and 60% for dependents.
Vision:	50% for retirees and 60% for dependents.
Basic Life Insurance:	50%
Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs - Reti	rees with at least 20 years of service:
Medical:	0% for retirees and 60% for dependents.
Medicare Advantage:	0% for retirees and 60% for dependents.
Dental:	0% for retirees and 60% for dependents.
Vision:	0% for retirees and 60% for dependents.
Basic Life Insurance:	0%

The discount rate was based on the 6/30/2022 Fidelity General Obligation AA 20-Year Yield.

Mortality rates for active employees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Employee mortality table, Generational with Projection Scale MP-2021 for males or females, as appropriate.

Mortality rates for retired employees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Healthy Retiree mortality table, Generational with Projection Scale MP-2021 for males or females, as appropriate.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were based on those used in the Louisiana Clerks of Court Retirement and Relief fund valuation and actuarial experience.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 2,955,697
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	40,892
Interest	56,995
Differences between expected and actual experience	(784,746)
Changes in assumptions/inputs	(397,748)
Change in benefit terms	-
Benefit payments	(56,220)
Administrative expense	
Net changes	(1,140,827)
Balance at June 30, 2022	<u>\$ 1,814,870</u>

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Clerk, as well as what the Clerk's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.69 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.69 percent) than the current discount rate:

	19	% Decrease (2.69%)	Di:	scount Rate (3.69%)	1	% Increase (4.69%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	2,070,581	\$	1,814,870	_\$	1,545,008

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates: The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Clerk, as well as what the Clerk's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 1,657,783	\$ 1,814,870	\$ 2,013,644

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Clerk recognized an OPEB expense of \$(73,336). On June 30, 2022, the Clerk reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experiences	\$	13,588	\$	805,382	
Changes of assumptions and other inputs		184,512		736,958	
Total	\$	198,100	<u>\$</u>	1,542,340	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended		
June 30		
2023	\$ (1	71,223)
2024	(1	71,223)
2025	(1	71,957)
2026	(1	74,613)
2027	(1	74,613)
Thereafter	(4	80,611)
	\$ (1,3	44,240)

(11) Pension Plan / GASB 68

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund (Fund) and additions to/deductions from the Fund's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund (Fund) is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 11:1501 to provide regular, disability, and survivor benefits for clerks of court, their deputies, and other employees and the beneficiaries of such clerks of court, their deputies, and other employees.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund prepared its employer pension schedules in accordance with Governmental Accounting Statement No. 68 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. GASB Statement No.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

68 established standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses/expenditures. It provides methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. It also provides methods to calculate participating employers' proportionate share of net pension liability, deferred inflows, deferred outflows, pension expense and amortization periods for deferred inflows and deferred outflows.

Basis of Accounting:

The Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund's employer pension schedules are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Members' earnable compensation, for which the employer allocations are based, is recognized in the period in which the employee is compensated for services performed. The members' earnable compensation is attributed to the employer for which the member is employed as of June 30, 2021.

Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Plan fiduciary net position is a significant component of the Fund's collective net pension liability. The Fund's plan fiduciary net position was determined using the accrual basis of accounting. The Fund's assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses were recorded with the use of estimates and assumptions in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements and estimates over the determination of the fair market value of the Fund's investments. Accordingly, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

Plan Description:

The Fund was established for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits as stated under the provisions of R.S. Title 11:1501 for eligible employees of the Clerk of the Supreme Court, each of the district courts, each of the courts of appeal, each of the city and traffic courts in cities having a population in excess of four hundred thousand at the time of entrance into the Fund, the Louisiana Clerks' of Court Association, the Louisiana Clerks' of Court Insurance Fund, and the employees of the Fund. The projection of benefit payments in the calculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive employees through the Fund in accordance with the benefit terms and any additional legal agreements to provide benefits that are in force at the measurement date.

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Retirement Benefits:

A member or former member shall be eligible for regular retirement benefits upon attaining 12 or more years of credited service, attaining the age of 55 years (age 60 if hired on or after January 1, 2011), and terminating employment. Regular retirement benefits, payable monthly for life, is equal to 3% of the member's monthly average final compensation multiplied by the number of years of credited service, not to exceed 100% of the monthly average final compensation. The retirement benefit accrual rate is increased to 31/3% for all service credit accrued after June 30, 1999 (for members hired prior to January 1, 2011). For members hired before July 1, 2006 and who retire prior to January 1, 2011, monthly average final compensation is based on the highest 36 consecutive months, with a limit increase of 10% in each of the last three years of measurement. For members hired after July 1, 2006, monthly average final compensation is based on the highest compensated 60 consecutive months, or successive joined months if service was interrupted, with a limit increase of 10% in each of the last five years of measurement. For members who were employed prior to July 1, 2006 and who retire after December 31, 2010, the period of final average compensation is 36 months plus the number of whole months elapsed since January 1, 2011, not to exceed 60 months.

Disability Benefits:

Disability benefits are awarded to active members who are totally and permanently disabled as a result of injuries sustained in the line of duty or to active members with 10 or more years of credible service who are totally disabled due to any cause. A member who is officially certified as totally or permanently disabled by the State Medical Disability Board will be paid monthly disability retirement benefits equal to the greater of forty percent of their monthly average final compensation or 75% of their monthly regular retirement benefit computed as per R.S. 11:1521(C).

Survivor Benefits:

Upon the death of any active contributing member with less than five years of credited service, his/her accumulated contributions are paid to his/her designated beneficiary. Upon the death of any active contributing member with five or more years of credited service, automatic option 2 benefits are payable to the surviving spouse. These benefits are based on the retirement benefits accrued at the member's date of death with option factors used as if the member had continued in service to earliest normal retirement age. Benefit payments are to commence on the date a member would have first become eligible for normal retirement assuming continued service until that time. In lieu of a deferred survivor benefit, the surviving spouse may elect benefits payable immediately with benefits reduced ¼ of 1% for each month by which payments commence in advance of member's earliest normal retirement age. If a member has no surviving spouse, the surviving minor children under 18 or disabled children shall be paid 1/2 of the member's accrued retirement benefit in equal shares. Upon the death of any former member with less than 12 years of service, the designated beneficiary may receive his/her accumulated contributions. Upon the death of any former member with 12 or more years of service, automatic option 2 benefits are payable to the surviving spouse with payments to commence on the member's retirement eligibility date. In lieu of periodic payments, the surviving spouse or children may receive a refund of the member's accumulated contributions.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP):

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement allowance, any member of the Fund who is eligible for a service retirement allowance may elect to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) for up to 36 months and defer the receipt of benefits. Upon commencement of participation in the plan, active membership in the Fund terminates and the participant's contributions cease; however, employer contributions continue. Compensation and creditable service remain as they existed on the effective date of commencement of participation in the plan. The monthly retirement benefits that would have been payable, had the member elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance, are paid into the DROP account. Upon termination of employment at the end of the specified period of participation, a participant in the program may receive, at his option, a lump sum payment from the DROP account equal to the payments to the account or a true annuity based upon his account (subject to approval by the Board of Trustees). In addition, the member receives the monthly benefits that were paid into the DROP fund during his period of participation.

If employment is not terminated at the end of the participation period, payments into the account cease and the member resumes active contributing membership in the Fund. Interest is paid on DROP account balances for members who complete their DROP participation but do not terminate employment. The interest earnings are based on the actual rate of return on funds in such accounts. These interest accruals cease upon termination of employment.

Upon termination, the member receives a lump-sum payment from the DROP fund equal to the payments made to that fund on his behalf or a true annuity based in his account (subject to approval by the Board of Trustees). The monthly benefit payments that were being paid into the DROP fund are paid to the retiree and an additional benefit based on his additional service rendered since termination of DROP participation is calculated using the normal method of benefit computation. Prior to January 1, 2011, the average compensation used to calculate the additional benefit is that used to calculate the original benefit unless his period of additional service is at least 36 months. Effective January 1, 2011 the average compensation for members whose additional service is less than 36 months is equal to the lesser amount used to calculate his original benefit or the compensation earned in the period of additional service divided by the number of months of additional service. For former DROP participants who retire after December 30, 2010, the period used to determine final average compensation for post-DROP service is 36 months plus the number of whole months elapsed from January 1, 2011 to the date of DROP entry. In no event can the entire monthly benefit amount paid to the retiree exceed 100% of the average compensation used to compute the additional benefit. If a participant dies during the period of participation in the program, a lump sum payment equal to his account balance is paid to his named beneficiary or, if none, to his estate.

Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLAs):

The Board of Trustees is authorized to grant retired members and widows of members who have been retired for at least one full calendar year an annual cost of 2.5% of their benefit (not to exceed \$40 per month), and all retired members and widows who are 65 years of age or older a 2% increase in their original benefit (or their benefit as of October 1, 1977, if they retired

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

prior to that time). In order to grant the 2.5% COLA, the increase in the consumer price index must have exceeded 3% since the last COLA granted. In order for the Board to grant either of these increases, the Fund must meet certain other criteria as detailed in the Louisiana statute relating to funding status. In lieu of granting the above cost of living increases, Louisiana statutes allow the Board to grant a cost-of-living increase where the benefits shall be calculated using the number of years of service at retirement or at death plus the number of years since retirement or death multiplied by the cost-of-living amount which cannot exceed \$1.

Employer Contributions:

According to state statute, contribution requirements for all employers are actuarially determined each year. For the year ending June 30, 2022, the actual employer contribution rate was 21%. The employer contributed \$256,784 during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

In accordance with state statute, the Fund also receives ad valorem taxes and state revenue sharing funds. These additional sources of income are used as employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities. Non-employer contributions are recognized as revenue in the amount of \$130,023 and excluded from pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Schedule of Employer Allocations:

The schedule of employer allocations reports the historical employer contributions in addition to the employer allocation percentages for each participating employer. The historical employer contributions are used to determine the proportionate relationship of each employer to all employers of the Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund. The employer's proportion was determined on a basis that is consistent with the manner in which contributions to the pension plan are determined. The resulting allocation percentages were used in calculating each employer's proportionate share of the pension amounts.

The allocation method used in determining each employer's proportion was based on the employer's contribution to the Fund during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, as compared to the total of all employers' contribution received by the Fund during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

At June 30, 2022, the Clerk of Court reported a liability of \$1,437,595 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Clerk of Court's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Clerk of Court's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the Clerk of Court's proportion was 1.080705% which was an increase of .028717% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Clerk of Court recognized pension expense of \$317,368 less employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions, \$135.

At June 30, 2022, the Clerk of Court reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experiences	\$ 40,078	\$	24,121	
Changes of assumptions	310,356		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-		635,867	
Change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	92,319		12,291	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 256,784			
Total	\$ 699,537	\$	672,279	

Deferred outflows of resources of \$256,784 related to pensions resulting from the Clerk of Court's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended		
June 30		
2023	\$ 39,801	
2024	6,830	
2025	(58,755))
2026	(217,402))
	\$ (229,526))

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

The net pension liability was measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Investment Rate of Return	6.55%, net of investment expense
Projected Salary Increases	1 - 5 years of service - 6.2% 5 years or more - 5.0%
Inflation Rate	2.40%
Mortality Rates	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans multiplied by 120%. Mortality Table with full generational projection using the appropriate MP-2019 improvement scale.
Expected Remaining	
Service Lives	2021 - 5 years
	2020 - 5 years 2019 - 5 years
	2018 - 5 years
	2017 - 5 years
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	The present value of future retirement benefits is based on benefits currently being paid by the Fund and includes previously granted cost-of-living increases. The present values do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees as they were deemed not to be substantively automatic.

The actuarial assumptions used are based on the assumptions used in the 2021 actuarial funding valuation which (with the exception of mortality) were based on results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2019, unless otherwise specified. In cases where benefit structures were changes after the experience study period, assumptions were based on future experiences.

The mortality rate assumption used was verified by combining data from this plan with two other statewide plans which have similar workforce composition in order to produce a credible experience. The aggregated data was collected over the period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2019. The data was then assigned credibility weighting and combined with a standard table to produce current levels of mortality. This mortality was then projected forward to a period equivalent to the estimated duration of the Fund's liabilities. Annuity values calculated based on this mortality were compared to those produced by using a setback of standard tables. The result of the procedure indicated that these tables would produce liability values approximating the appropriate generational mortality tables used.

The long-term expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The long-term expected rate of return was 6.02%, for the year ended June 30, 2021. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021, is summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income:		-
Domestic Bonds	25.000/	2.50%
International Bonds	25.00%	3.50%
Domestic Equity	38.00%	7.50%
International Equity	22.00%	8.50%
Real Estate	15.00%	4.50%
	100.00%	

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.55%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by the Board of Trustees and the Public Retirement System's Actuarial Committee (PRSAC), taking into consideration the recommendation of the Fund's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.55%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower 5.55% or one percentage point higher 7.55% than the current rate as of June 30, 2022:

	Changes in Discount Rate						
	1%	Current	1%				
	Decrease 5.55%	Discount Rate 6.55%	Increase 7.55%				
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 2,534,073	\$ 1,437,595	\$ 513,995				

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Change in Net Pension Liability:

The changes in the net pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2022, were recognized in the current reporting period as pension expense except as follows:

A. Differences between Expected and Actual Experience:

The differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic or demographic factors in the measurement of the total pension liability were recognized as pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan. The differences between expected and actual experience resulted in a deferred outflow of resources in the amount of \$40,078 and a deferred inflow of resources in the amount of \$24,121 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

B. Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs:

The changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors were recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan. The changes of assumptions or other inputs resulted in a deferred outflow of resources in the amount of \$310,356 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

C. Differences between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings:

The differences between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments were recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed five-year period. The differences between projected and actual investment earnings resulted in a deferred inflow of resources in the amount of \$635,867 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

D. <u>Changes in Proportion</u>:

Changes in the employer's proportionate shares of the collective net pension liability and collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources since the prior measurement date were recognized in employer's pension expense (benefit) using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided pensions through the pension plan. The changes in proportion resulted in a deferred outflow of resources in the amount of \$92,319 and a deferred inflow of resources in the amount of \$12,291 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Contributions - Proportionate Share:

Differences between contributions remitted to the Fund and the employer's proportionate share are recognized in pension expense (benefit) using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with a pension through the pension plan. The resulting deferred inflow/outflow and amortization is not reflected in the schedule of employer amounts due to differences that could arise between contributions reported by the Fund and contributions reported by the participating employer.

Retirement System Audit Report:

The Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund of Louisiana has issued a standalone audit report on their financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021. Access to the report can be found on the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's website, <u>www.lla.la.gov</u>.

Estimates:

The process of preparing the schedule of employer allocations and schedule of pension amounts in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Accordingly, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

(12) Act 706-Schedule of Compensation, Reimbursements, Benefits, and Other Payments to Entity Head

Under Act 706, the St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court is required to disclose the compensation, reimbursements, benefits, and other payments made to the clerk, in which the payments are related to the position. The following is a schedule of payments made to the clerk for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Entity head: Rebecca Patin, Clerk of Court

Salary	\$ 161,999
Benefits-insurance	8,869
Benefits-retirement	49,410
Benefits-deferred compensation	8,640
Car allowance	23,904
Health Savings Account contributions	1,200
Per diem	625
Registration fees	805
Election expense	 2,450
Total	\$ 257,902

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(13) <u>Risks and Uncertainties</u>

The COVID-19 outbreak in the United States has caused business disruption through mandated closings, reduction of operating hours, or operational restrictions for nonessential businesses, including retail stores, restaurants, personal service businesses and all entertainment venues. While the disruption is expected to be temporary, there is still uncertainty about the duration of and the implications of the closings. The St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court expects this matter to negatively impact availability of resources and operating results. The financial impact cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

(14) <u>New Accounting Pronouncement</u>

In June of 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court adopted this standard in the year ended June 30, 2022. The implementation of this standard had no material effect on the St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court St. Martinville, Louisiana

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

							iance with al Budget
	Budget						Positive
	Origin	al	Final		Actual	()	legative)
Revenues:							
Licenses and permits	\$5,	000	\$ 5,50	0 \$	5,390	\$	(110)
Fees, charges and commissions -							
Court costs, fees and charges	256,		228,20		270,574		42,374
Fees for recording legal documents	1,932,		2,086,00		2,201,370		115,370
Fees for certified copies	99,	000	119,00	0	141,381		22,381
Intergovernmental -							
State grants			-		66,422		66,422
Miscellaneous	156,	000	166,50	0	138,453		(28,047)
Total revenues	2,448,	000	2,605,20	0	2,823,590		218,390
Expenditures:							
Current -							
General government:							
Personnel services and related benefits	1,891,	403	1,947,09	9	1,960,359		(13,260)
Operating services	385,	500	445,80)0	482,524		(36,724)
Material and supplies	142,	500	134,10)0	96,520		37,580
Debt service	-		-		4,176		(4,176)
Capital outlay			<u> </u>		5,197		(5,197)
Total expenditures	2,419,	403	2,526,99	99	2,548,776		(21,777)
Net change in fund balance	28,	597	78,20)1	274,814		196,613
Fund balance, beginning of year	2,198,	226	2,440,10	<u>)2</u>	2,440,102		
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ 2,226,</u>	823	<u>\$2,518,30</u>	<u>)3 </u> \$:	2,714,916	\$	196,613

Schedule of Changes in the Clerk's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	2018		2019		2020		2021		2022	
Total OPEB Liability										
Service Cost Interest Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual	\$	37,958 79,508 -	\$	37,005 69,294 1,050,600	\$	20,934 102,391 -	\$	58,446 69,286 -	\$	40,892 56,995 -
experience Changes in assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments		5,137 - (91,781)		(190,234) 208,825 (116,496)		17,314 (547,720) (87,503)		(33,816) 122,162 (59,905)	(784,746) 397,748) (56,220)
Net change in total OPEB liability		30,822		1,058,994	_	(494,584)		156,173	(1,	,140,827)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		2,204,292	_	2,235,114	_	3,294,108		2,799,524	2	,955,697
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	2,235,114	\$	3,294,108	\$	2,799,524	\$ 2	2,955,697	<u>\$1</u>	,814,870
Covered employee payroll	\$	906,164	\$	935,614	\$	1,048,304	\$	1,082,374	\$1,	,103,308
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		246.7%		352.1%		267.1%		273.1%		164.5%
Notes to Schedule: Changes of Benefit Terms:	of s the	ervice at retire dependent pre	emei miu	nt. The Clerk m. For retiree	pay s w	mandated for s 100% of the ith less than 2 bendent premit	e reti 0 ye:	ree premiun	ns an	d 40% of
Changes of Assumptions:	The	following are 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022	the	discount rates 3.62% 3.13% 2.45% 1.92% 3.69%	s use	ed in each peri	od:			
	Moi	tality Rates 2018 2019	118RPH-2014 Employee & Healthy Annuity, Generational with MP- 2018.							
		2020	Pu	P-2018. bG.H-2010 E P-2019.	mpl	oyee & Healt	hy F	Retiree, Ger	erati	onal with
		2021	Pu M	bG.H-2010 E P-2020.	-	oyee & Healt				
		2022		bG.H-2010 E P-2021	mpl	oyee & Healt	hy I	Retiree, Gen	erati	onal with

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

MP-2021.

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Employer's							
	Employer	Employer		Proportionate Share				
	Proportion	Proportionate		of the Net Pension	Plan Fiduciary			
	of the	Share of the	Employer's	Liability (Asset) as a	Net Position			
Year	Net Pension	Net Pension	Covered	Percentage of its	as a Percentage			
Ended	Liability	Liability	Employee	Covered Employee	of the Total			
June 30,	(Asset)	(Asset)	Payroll	Payroll	Pension Liability			
2015	0.989787%	\$ 1,335,086	\$ 876,771	152.27%	79.37%			
2016	1.022974%	1,534,493	925,482	165.80%	78.13%			
2017	1.008596%	1,865,877	922,057	202.36%	74.17%			
2018	1.020862%	1,544,497	920,952	167.71%	79.69%			
2019	0.977582%	1,626,013	907,667	179.14%	79.07%			
2020	1.017167%	1,847,167	989,029	186.77%	77.93%			
2021	1.051988%	2,530,941	1,043,099	242.64%	72.09%			
2022	1.080705%	1,437,595	1,090,772	131.80%	85.40%			

* The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court St. Martinville, Louisiana

Schedule of Employer Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Year ended June 30,	R	ntractually Required ntribution	Re Co R	Contractual Contribution Cov Required Deficiency Emp		Deficiency		nployer's Covered mployee Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll	
2015	\$	162,203	\$	164,730	\$	(2,527)	\$	925,482	17.80%	
2016		175,842		175,902		(60)		922,057	19.08%	
2017		174,912		174,982		(70)		920,952	19.00%	
2018		175,071		172,457		2,614		907,667	19.00%	
2019		172,491		187,916		(15,425)		989,029	19.00%	
2020		188,037		198,189		(10,152)		1,043,099	19.00%	
2021		198,396		229,062		(30,666)		1,090,772	21.00%	
2022		229,295		256,784		(27,489)		1,154,086	22.25%	

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

(1) Budgetary and Budgetary Accounting

The Clerk of Court follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. A proposed budget is prepared and submitted to the Clerk of Court for the fiscal year no later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year.
- 2. A summary of the proposed budget is published and the public is notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- 3. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for a hearing.
- 4. After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is legally adopted prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- 5. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 6. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts included in the accompanying financial statements are as originally adopted and as finally amended by the Clerk of Court.

(2) Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the following fund had actual expenditures over appropriations:

Fund	I	Final Budget		Actual		Excess		
General Fund	\$	2,526,999	\$	2,548,776	\$	(21,777)		

(3) <u>Pension Plan</u>

Changes of Assumptions-Changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or of other inputs were recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan.

(4) Post Employment Health Insurance Plan

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The discount rate increased to 3.69% from 1.92% since the previous valuation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Justice System Funding Schedule - Collecting/Disbursing Schedule As Required by Act 87 of the 2020 Regular Legislative Session Cash Basis Presentation June 30, 2022

		First Six Month Period Ended 12/31/21		Second Six Month Period Ended 6/30/22		
Beginning Balance of Amounts Collected (i.e. cash on hand)	\$	952,359	\$	978,666		
Add: Collections						
Civil Fees (including refundable amounts such as garnishments or advance						
deposits)		957,735		1,070,626		
Bond Fees		-		-		
Asset Forfeiture/Sale		-		-		
Criminal Court Costs/Fees		-		-		
Criminal Fines - Other		-		-		
Service/Collection Fees (e.g. credit card fees, report fees, 3rd party service fees)		-		-		
Interest Earnings on Collected Balances		233		229		
Subtotal Collections	\$	957,968	\$	1,070,855		
Less: Disbursements To Governments & Nonprofits: (Must include one agency name and one collection type on each line and may require multiple lines for the same agency if more than one collection type is applicable. Additional rows may be added as necessary.)						
St. Martin Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees	\$	46,591	\$	62,049		
East Baton Rouge Sheriff - Civil Fees	Ψ	11,496	Ψ	13,303		
St. Tammany Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees		202		513		
Jefferson Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees		405		842		
Lafayette Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees		15,327		15,384		
Caddo Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees		295		77		
Calcasieu Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees		972		392		
Iberia Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees		3,858		2,394		
Acadia Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees		362		908		
Allen Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees		32		33		
Assumption Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees		58		322		
Orleans Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees		1,170		1,440		
St. Landry Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees		1,251		1,649		
St. Mary Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees		1,189		751		
Vermilion Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees		281		687		
Terrebonne Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees		239		143		
Lafourche Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees		83		150		
Livingston Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees		268		43		
Rapides Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees		239		156		
Vernon Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees		288		44		
Avoyelles Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees		160		-		
Evangeline Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees		83		114		
Morehouse Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees		30		-		
Tangipahoa Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees		108		177 (continued)		
				(continued)		

Justice System Funding Schedule - Collecting/Disbursing Schedule As Required by Act 87 of the 2020 Regular Legislative Session Cash Basis Presentation June 30, 2022

	First Six Month Period Ended 12/31/21	Second Six Month Period Ended 6/30/22
Bossier Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees		95
Concordia Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees	20	-
West Baton Rouge Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees	202	152
Jefferson Davis Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees	300	101
Sabine Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees	-	234
St. Charles Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees	40	34
Iberville Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees	112	-
Ouachita Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees	6	36
Ascension Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees	96	57
St. John the Baptist Parish - Civil Fees	-	147
Webster Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees	20	32
Beauregard Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees	33	143
Cameron Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees	-	49
Franklin Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees	-	62
St. Bernard Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees	-	68
	- 41	32
Grant Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees Wenhington Berlink Sheriff, Civil Fees		32
Washington Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees	- 35	J.U.
Lincoln Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees	35	-
East Feliciana Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees	30	-
St. Helena Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees	41	-
West Carroll Parish Sheriff - Civil Fees	40	-
St. Martin Parish Government - Civil Fees	20,942	18,464
Judicial Expense Fund - Civil Fees	21,049	22,970
Louisiana Supreme Court - Civil Fees	560	810
Louisiana Supreme Court - Judicial College Collections	252	285
Louisiana Secretary of State - Civil Fees	7,325	8,375
Louisiana State Treasurer - Civil Fees	26,009	27,070
Louisiana Office of Debt Recovery - Civil Fees	-	40
Louisiana 3rd Circuit Court of Appeals - Civil Fees	-	1,348
Less: Amounts Retained by Collecting Agency Collection Fee for Collecting/Disbursing to Others Based on Percentage of Collection Collection Fee for Collecting/Disbursing to Others Based on Fixed Amount		(c.) (c.
St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court - Civil Fees	590,222	654,157
Less: Disbursements to Individuals/3rd Party Collection or Processing Agencies		
Civil Fee Refunds Bond Fee Refunds	164,158	229,210 -
Other Disbursements to Individuals (additional detail is not required)	12,670	37,239
Payments to 3rd Party Collection/Processing Agencies	2,471	2,834
Subtotal Disbursements/Retainage	\$ 931,661	\$ 1,105,645
Total: Ending Balance of Amounts Collected but not Disbursed/Retained (i.e. cash on hand)	\$ 978,666	\$ 943,876
Ending Balance of "Partial Payments" Collected but not Disbursed (only applies if collecting agency does not disburse partial payments until fully collected) - This balance is included in the Ending Balance of Amounts Collected but not Disbursed/Retained above.	\$	s
Other Information:		
Ending Balance of Total Amounts Assessed but not yet Collected (<i>i.e. receivable balance</i>)	\$ -	\$ -
Total Waivers During the Fiscal Period (i.e. non-cash reduction of receivable		
balances such as time served or community service)	e	\$ _

balances, such as time served or community service)

\$

- \$ -

Justice System Funding Schedule - Receiving Schedule As Required by Act 87 of the 2020 Regular Legislative Session Cash Basis Presentation June 30, 2022

	Per	t Six Month iod Ended 2/31/21	 nd Six Month riod Ended 6/30/22
Receipts From: (<i>Must include one agency name and one collection type - see below - on each line and may require multiple lines for the same agency. Additional rows may be added as necessary.</i>)			
St. Martin Parish Sheriff, Criminal Court Costs/Fees St. Martin Parish Sheriff, Bond Fees Subtotal Receipts	\$ \$	22,592 506 23,098	33,723 732 34,455
Ending Balance of Amounts Assessed but Not Received (only applies to those agencies that assess on behalf of themselves, such as courts)	\$		\$

Collection Types to be used in the "Receipts From:" section above
Civil Fees
Bond Fees
Asset Forfeiture/Sale
Pre-Trial Diversion Program Fees
Criminal Court Costs/Fees
Criminal Fines - Contempt
Criminal Fines - Other
Restitution
Probation/Parole/Supervision Fees
Service/Collection Fees (e.g. credit card fees, report fees, 3rd party service fees)
Interest Earnings on Collected Balances
Other (do not include collections that fit into more specific categories above)

OTHER INFORMATION

v

St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court St. Martinville, Louisiana General Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Revenues For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Buc	lget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Licenses and permits:	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ф <u>с соо</u>	ф <u>с 200</u>	<u> </u>
Marriage licenses	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,500	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ (110)</u>
Fees, charges and commissions:				
Court costs, fees and charges -				
Criminal costs	55,000	45,000	57,613	12,613
Qualifying fees	15,000	9,100	9,100	-
Police jury fees	40,000	35,000	37,668	2,668
UCC fees	18,000	20,000	21,462	1,462
Portal fees	49,000	50,000	52,079	2,079
Other	79,000	69,100	92,652	23,552
Total court costs, fees				
and charges	256,000	228,200	270,574	42,374
Fees for recording legal documents:				
Recordings	900,000	800,000	882,115	82,115
Cancellations	70,000	75,000	74,998	(2)
Mortgage certificates	12,000	11,000	11,344	344
Suits and successions	950,000	1,200,000	1,232,913	32,913
Total fees for recording				
legal documents	1,932,000	2,086,000	2,201,370	115,370
-				
Certified copies	99,000	119,000	141,381	22,381
Intergovernmental:				<i>cc</i> 100
State grants			66,422	66,422
Miscellaneous:				
Interest earned	1,000	500	2,718	2,218
Online research and subscriptions	77,500	103,000	119,807	16,807
Other	77,500	63,000	15,928	(47,072)
Total miscellaneous	156,000	166,500	138,453	(28,047)
i otar miscenalicous				
Total revenues	\$2,448,000	\$2,605,200	\$2,823,590	<u>\$ 218,390</u>

St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court St. Martinville, Louisiana General Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

				Variance with Final Budget
		lget		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government:				
Personnel services and related benefits -				
Salaries:		* 100 (70)	¢ 100.771	¢ 1
Clerk	\$ 122,672	\$ 122,672	\$ 122,671	\$ 1
Clerk's supplemental fund	24,600	24,600	24,600	- 8,644
Deputy clerks	910,000	975,000	966,356 111,434	(21,434)
Other	90,000	90,000	14,793	(21,454)
Clerk's expense allowance	14,727	14,727 24,000	23,904	96
Clerk's vehicle allowance	23,904 285,000	24,000	258,895	1,105
Group insurance	370,500	383,100	382,880	220
Pension and payroll taxes	50,000	53,000	54,826	(1,826)
Deferred compensation				
Total personnel services	1 901 402	1.047.000	1,960,359	(13,260)
and related benefits	1,891,403	1,947,099	1,900,559	(15,200)
Operating services -				
Professional fees	117,500	195,000	221,054	(26,054)
Insurance	32,500	32,000	17,696	14,304
Election expense allowance	3,500	3,500	3,142	358
Postage	24,000	26,000	24,787	1,213
Marriage license	3,500	3,300	3,278	22
Telephone	55,000	48,000	49,266	(1,266)
Travel	7,500	15,000	3,779	11,221
Filing fees	62,500	47,500	50,425	(2,925)
Repairs and maintenance	15,000	18,000	44,369	(26,369)
General refunds	7,000	6,000	5,341	659
Police jury fees	42,500	36,500	38,237	(1,737)
Records preservation expense	15,000	15,000	21,150	(6,150)
Total operating services	385,500	445,800	482,524	(36,724)
Materials and supplies -				
Office supplies and expense	138,500	129,500	92,431	37,069
Dues and subscriptions	4,000	4,600	4,089	511
Total materials and supplies	142,500	134,100	96,520	37,580
~ ~			4,176	(4,176)
Debt service				
Capital outlay		-	5,197	(5,197)
Total expenditures	\$ 2,419,403	\$2,526,999	\$2,548,776	<u>\$ (21,777</u>)
	54			

INTERNAL CONTROL

AND

COMPLIANCE

Champagne & Company, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Russell F. Champagne, CPA, CGMA* Penny Angelle Scruggins, CPA, CGMA*

Shayne M. Breaux, CPA Kaylee Champagne Frederick, CPA 113 East Bridge Street PO Box 250 Breaux Bridge, LA 70517 Phone: (337) 332-4020 Fax: (337) 332-2867

*A Professional Accounting Corporation

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Rebecca Patin St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court St. Martinville, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 21, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist

that were not identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of prior and current year audit findings and management's corrective action plan as items, 2022-001 and 2022-002, that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of prior and current year audit findings and management's corrective action plan as item, 2022-003.

St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of prior and current year audit findings and management's corrective action plan. The St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Champagne & Company, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Breaux Bridge, Louisiana October 21, 2022

Schedule of Prior and Current Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

I. <u>Prior Year Findings:</u>

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

2021-001 - Inadequate Segregation of Accounting Functions

Finding:

Due to the small number of employees, the Clerk of Court did not have adequate segregation of functions within the accounting system.

Status:

Unresolved. See item 2022-001.

2021-002 - Inadequate Controls over Financial Statement Preparation

Finding:

The Clerk of Court's office does not have a staff person who has the qualifications and training to apply generally accepting accounting principles (GAAP) in recording the entity's financial transactions or preparing its financial statements, including the related notes.

Status:

Unresolved. See item 2022-002.

Compliance

2021-003 – Noncompliance with R.S. 13:842 (Advance Costs)

Finding:

The Clerk of Court did not refund advance deposits on suits that have been completely inactive for 5 years or more.

Status:

Unresolved. See item 2022-003.

Management Letter Items

There were no items reported at June 30, 2021.

Schedule of Prior and Current Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (continued)

II. Current Year Findings and Management Corrective Action Plan:

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

2022-001 - Inadequate Segregation of Accounting Functions; Year Initially Occurred - Unknown

Condition and Criteria:

The Clerk of Court did not have adequate segregation of functions within the accounting system.

Effect:

This condition represents a material weakness in the internal control of the Clerk of Court.

Cause:

The condition resulted because of the small number of employees in the accounting department.

Recommendation:

No plan is considered necessary due to the fact that it would not be cost effective to implement a plan.

Management's Corrective Action Plan:

Ms. Rebecca Patin, Clerk of Court, has determined that it is not cost effective to achieve complete segregation of duties within the accounting department. No plan is considered necessary.

2022-002 – <u>Inadequate Controls over Financial Statement Preparation; Year Initially Occurred –</u> <u>Unknown</u>

Condition and Criteria:

The Clerk of Court does not have a staff person who has the qualifications and training to apply generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in recording the entity's financial transactions or preparing its financial statements, including the related notes.

Effect:

This condition represents a material weakness in the internal control of the Clerk of Court.

(continued)

Schedule of Prior and Current Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Cause:

The condition resulted because Clerk of Court personnel do not have the qualifications and training to apply GAAP in recording the entity's financial transactions or preparing the financial statements.

Recommendation:

The Clerk of Court should consider outsourcing this task to its independent auditors and to carefully review the draft financial statements and notes prior to approving them and accepting responsibility for their contents and presentation.

Management's Corrective Action Plan:

Ms. Rebecca Patin, Clerk of Court, has evaluated the cost vs. benefit of establishing internal controls over the preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and determined that it is in the best interest of the government to outsource this task to its independent auditors, and to carefully review the draft financial statements and notes prior to approving them and accepting responsibility for their contents and presentation.

Compliance

2022-003 - Noncompliance with R.S. 13:842 (Advance Costs); Year Initially Occurred - 2017

Condition and Criteria:

The Clerk of Court did not refund advance deposits on suits that have been completely inactive for 5 years or more.

Effect:

This condition represents a noncompliance issue of the Clerk of Court.

Cause:

The condition resulted because the Clerk of Court was unaware that these inactive suits were required by law to be refunded to the person who made the original deposit.

Recommendation:

The Clerk of Court should research all inactive suits of five years or greater and refund these deposits to the individual who made the original deposit.

(continued)

Schedule of Prior and Current Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Management's Corrective Action Plan:

Ms. Rebecca Patin, Clerk of Court, has started researching these inactive suits and has begun refunding these deposits to the individual who made the original deposit.

Management Letter Items

There are no items reported at June 30, 2022.

Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures Report

Year Ended June 30, 2022

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Champagne & Company, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Russell F. Champagne, CPA, CGMA* Penny Angelle Scruggins, CPA, CGMA*

Shayne M. Breaux, CPA Kaylee Champagne Frederick, CPA

*A Professional Accounting Corporation

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

To the Management of St. Martin Clerk of Court and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor:

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. The St. Martin Clerk of Court's management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

The St. Martin Clerk of Court's management has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

Written Policies and Procedures

- 1. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe whether they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations:
 - a) Budgeting, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.

No exceptions noted.

b) *Purchasing*, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.

Written policies and procedures were obtained and do not address how vendors are added to the vendor list.

113 East Bridge Street PO Box 250 Breaux Bridge, LA 70517 Phone: (337) 332-4020 Fax: (337) 332-2867 c) *Disbursements*, including processing, reviewing, and approving.

No exceptions noted.

d) *Receipts/Collections*, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g. periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).

No exceptions noted.

e) *Payroll/Personnel*, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee(s) rate of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.

No exceptions noted.

f) *Contracting*, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.

No exceptions noted.

g) Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable), including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).

No exceptions noted.

h) *Travel and Expense Reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.

No exceptions noted.

i) *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.

No exceptions noted.

j) *Debt Service*, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.

Written policies and procedures do not address the items noted above. The Clerk does not have debt, nor do they anticipate issuing debt. This is not considered an exception.

k) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.

No exceptions noted.

1) *Sexual Harassment*, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

Written policies and procedures were obtained and do not address the functions noted above.

Board or Finance Committee

The St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court's office is not required to maintain minutes; therefore, these steps are not applicable.

- 2. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:
 - a) Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
 - b) For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe whether the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds. *Alternately, for those entities reporting on the nonprofit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.*
 - c) For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.

Bank Reconciliations

3. Obtain a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:

Obtained a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Management identified the entity's main operating account. Obtained bank statements and reconciliations for the main operating account and four additional accounts for one random month during the period.

a) Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged);

Three of the five accounts tested did not have evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of related statement closing date.

 b) Bank reconciliations include evidence that a member of management/board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and

Three of the five accounts tested did not reflect documentation that the reconciliation has been reviewed by a member of management who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks.

c) Management has documentation reflecting it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

Two of the five accounts tested did not reflect research on reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date.

Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)

4. Obtain a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).

Obtained listing of deposit sites and management's representation that the listing is complete.

5. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (i.e., 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:

Obtained a listing of collection locations for each deposit site and management's representation that the listing is complete. Obtained written representation and procedures relating to employee job duties.

a) Employees responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers.

Employees responsible for collecting cash do share cash drawers.

b) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g., pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit.

In one location, the employee responsible for collecting cash is also responsible for preparing/making the bank deposit and another employee does not reconcile collection documentation to the deposit.

c) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.

No exceptions noted.

d) The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions, are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.

No exceptions noted.

6. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe the bond or insurance policy for theft was enforced during the fiscal period.

St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court did not have a bond or theft insurance policy for any of the employees that have access to cash.

- 7. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for procedure #3 under "Bank Reconciliations" above (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Alternately, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc. Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:
 - a) Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.

No exceptions noted,

b) Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.

No exceptions noted.

c) Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.

No exceptions noted.

d) Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).

Of the six deposits tested, five of the deposits were not made within one business day of receipt at the collection location.

e) Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

No exceptions noted.

Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

8. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).

Obtained listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete.

9. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with nonpayroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that:

Obtained a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtained written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties.

a) At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase.

No exceptions noted.

b) At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.

No exceptions noted.

c) The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.

No exceptions noted.

d) Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.

No exceptions noted.

10. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction, and:

Obtained the non-payroll disbursement transaction population and management's representation that the population is complete.

a) Observe that the disbursement matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity.

No exceptions noted.

b) Observe that the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #9, as applicable.

The invoices of the five randomly selected disbursements do not indicate who initiated or made the purchases.

Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

11. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.

Obtained listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards and obtained management's representation that the listing is complete.

- 12. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement), obtain supporting documentation, and:
 - a) Observe whether there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) were reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved) by someone other than the authorized card holder. [Note: Requiring such approval may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality); these instances should not be reported.)]

There was no evidence/supporting documentation that the monthly statement was reviewed and approved in writing by someone other than the authorized card holder.

b) Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.

No exceptions noted.

13. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (i.e., each card should have 10 transactions subject to testing). For each transaction, observe it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and note whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

Of the ten transactions tested, none had written documentation of the business/public purpose.

Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

14. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete.

Randomly select 5 reimbursements, obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:

Obtained from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete.

a) If reimbursed using a per diem, observe the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov).

No exceptions noted.

b) If reimbursed using actual costs, observe the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.

Travel expenses were reimbursed using a per diem therefore, this step is not applicable.

c) Observe each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by written policy (procedure #1h).

No exceptions noted.

d) Observe each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

No exceptions noted.

Contracts

15. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. *Alternately, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list.* Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and:

Obtained from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete.

a) Observe that the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.

No exceptions noted.

b) Observe that the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g., Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter).

No exceptions noted.

c) If the contract was amended (e.g., change order), observe the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, was approval documented).

There were no amendments to the contracts tested.

d) Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

No exceptions noted.

Payroll and Personnel

16. Obtain a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.

Obtained a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Salaries/pay rates are not maintained in personnel files.

- 17. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under #16 above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:
 - a) Observe that all selected employees or officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory). (Note: Generally, officials are not eligible to earn leave and do not document their attendance and leave. However, if the official is earning leave according to a policy and/or contract, the official should document his/her daily attendance and leave.)

Of the five employees selected for testing, only one employee had their daily attendance documented.

b) Observe that supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials.

No exceptions noted.

c) Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records.

No exceptions noted.

d) Observe that the rate paid to the employees or officials agree to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.

Salaries/pay rates are not maintained in the personnel file.

18. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials, obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee or officials' cumulative leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee or officials' authorized pay rates in the employee or officials' personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.

There were no termination payments; therefore, this step is not applicable.

19. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

No exceptions noted.

Ethics

- 20. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above obtain ethics documentation from management, and:
 - a) Observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the fiscal period.

No exceptions noted.

b) Observe that the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.

St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court did not make changes to the ethics policy during the fiscal period; therefore, this step was not applicable.

Debt Service

21. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued.

St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court did not issue debt during the fiscal period; therefore, this test was not applicable.

22. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court does not have debt; therefore, this test was not applicable.

Fraud Notice

23. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled.

St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court did not have misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period; therefore, this step is not applicable.

24. Observe that the entity has posted, on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1. concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

No exceptions noted.

Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

- 25. Perform the following procedures, verbally discuss the results with management, and report "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management."
 - a) Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe that such backup occurred within the past week. If backups are stored on a physical medium (e.g., tapes, CDs), observe evidence that backups are encrypted before being transported.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

b) Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

c) Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

Sexual Harassment

26. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year.

No exceptions noted.

27. Observe that the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).

St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court does not have its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website.

28. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe it includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:

Obtained St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, noting the report was dated prior to February 1st.

a) Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;

No exceptions noted.

b) Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;

No exceptions noted.

c) Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;

No exceptions noted.

d) Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and

No exceptions noted.

e) Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

No exceptions noted.

We were engaged by the St. Martin Clerk of Court's management to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the St. Martin Clerk of Court's management and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreedupon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Champagne & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Breaux Bridge, Louisiana October 21, 2022

ST. MARTIN PARISH CLERK OF COURT

St. Martinville, Louisiana

Management's Response to Statewide Agreed-upon Procedures

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Management's Response to Items:

1b, 1l	Exceptions relate to written policies and procedures lacking specific criteria required by LLA. Management will update the written policies and procedures to address all missing criteria.
3a, 3b, 3c	Exceptions relate to bank reconciliations not including evidence that they were prepared within two months of related statement closing date, not including evidence that they were reviewed by a member of management who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks, and lack of documentation reflecting research for outstanding items greater than 12 months. Management will ensure that reconciliations include documentation of preparation date as well as approval. Management will also ensure that outstanding items greater than 12 months have documentation for research of those items.
5a, 5b	Exceptions relate to segregation of duties within the applicable areas tested. Efforts will be made to segregate duties within these areas as much as possible with the limited number of employees involved.
6	Exception relates to the St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court not having a bond or theft insurance policy for employees who have access to cash. Management has since obtained a bond or theft insurance policy for employees who have access to cash.
7d	Exception relates to deposits not being made within one business day of receipt. Efforts will be made to deposit funds within one business day of receipt.
10b	Exception relates to disbursements not including documentation of who initiated or made the purchases. Management will ensure that disbursements include documentation of who initiated or made the purchase.
12a, 13	Exception relates to there being no evidence/supporting documentation that the monthly statement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the authorized card holder, as well as the lack of documentation of business/public purpose for transactions. Management will ensure that documentation exists to reflect that the monthly statement was reviewed and approved and will also ensure that business/public purpose is documented for all transactions.

ST. MARTIN PARISH CLERK OF COURT

St. Martinville, Louisiana

Management's Response to Statewide Agreed-upon Procedures (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

16, 17a, 17d Exceptions relate to authorized salary/pay rates not being maintained in personnel files, as well as lack of documentation for daily attendance of salaried individuals. Management will maintain salaries/pay rates in personnel files and will require documentation for daily attendance for all employees.

27 Exception relates to the sexual harassment policy and complaint procedures not being posted on the St. Martin Parish Clerk of Court's website. Management has since posted the policy and complaint procedures to their website.