FINANCIAL REPORT

December 31, 2022

HILL, INZINA & COMPANY

CONTENTS

	Page(s)
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1 - 3
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Part 1 of 2)	
Management's discussion and analysis	4 - 9
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-wide financial statements:	10 4 11
Statement of net position Statement of activities	10 and 11 12
Fund financial statements:	12
Balance sheet - governmental funds - general fund Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance -	13
governmental fund - general fund	14
Reconciliation of governmental fund balance sheet to government-wide statement of net position	15
Reconciliation of governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and	
changes in fund balance to government-wide statement of activities	16
Statement of net position - proprietary fund - water and sewer fund	17 and 18
Statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position -	10
proprietary fund - water and sewer fund	19
Statement of cash flows - proprietary fund - water and sewer fund	20
Notes to financial statements	21 - 45
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Part 2 of 2)	
Budgetary comparison schedule - governmental fund - general fund	46
Schedule of funding progress for other post employment benefit plan and	
schedule of employer contributions	47
Schedule of proportionate share of net pension liability - Municipal	
Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana ("MERSLA")	48
Schedule of contributions - MERSLA	49
Schedule of proportionate share of net pension liability - Municipal	50
Police Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana ("MPERSLA") Schedule of contributions - MPERSLA	50 51
Schedule of contributions - MPERSLA	31
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of mayor's and aldermen's compensation	52
Schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head	53

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL	
OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL	
STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH	
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	54 and 55
SCHEDULE OF FINDING WITH MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE	
AND PLANNED CORRECTIVE ACTION	56 and 57
SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDING	58

HILL, INZINA & COMPANY

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable John D. McAdams, III, Mayor, and Members of the Board of Aldermen Village of Mer Rouge, Louisiana

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Village of Mer Rouge, Louisiana (the "Village"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under these standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of this report. We are required to be independent of the Village, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently know information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- * Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- * Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- * Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- * Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- * Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedule, the schedule of funding progress, the schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability, and the schedules of contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the

responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The schedules of compensation are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedules of compensation are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the schedules of compensation are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 19, 2024, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

/s/ Hill, Inzina & Co.

March 19, 2024



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2022

As management of Village of Mer Rouge, Louisiana (the "Village"), we offer readers of the Village's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village for the year ended December 31, 2022. This discussion and analysis of management is designed to provide an objective and easy-to-read analysis of the Village's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions. It is intended to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances. It is also intended to provide readers with an analysis of the short-term and long-term activities of the Village based on information presented in the financial report and fiscal policies that have been adopted by the Village. Specifically, this section is designed to assist the readers in focusing on significant financial issues, provide an overview of the Village's financial activity, identify changes in the Village's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent years' challenges), identify any material deviations from the financial plan (approved budget), and identify individual issues or concerns of individual funds.

As with other sections of this financial report, the information contained within this discussion and analysis of management should be considered only a part of a greater whole. The readers of this statement should take time to read and evaluate all sections of this report, including the footnotes and supplementary information that are provided in addition to this discussion and analysis of management.

Overview of Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Village's financial statements. The Village's basic financial statements consist of the following components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements.
- 2. Fund financial statements.
- 3. Notes to financial statements.

In addition to the basic financial statements, the Village also includes in a subsequent section of this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

1. Government-wide financial statements

Government-wide financial statements are designed by GASB Statement No. 34 to change the way in which government financial statements are presented. It provides readers with a concise "entity-wide" statement of net position and statement of activities, seeking to give the users of the financial statements a broad overview of the Village's financial position and results of operations in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Village's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. The difference between the assets and deferred outflows of resources and the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or weakening. Evaluation of the overall economic health of the Village would extend to other nonfinancial factors in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The statement of activities presents information detailing how the Village's net position changed during the most recent year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of this statement is to show the financial reliance of the Village's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the citizenry of the Village.

The government-wide financial statements report governmental activities of the Village that are principally supported by tax revenues. Governmental activities include general administrative, sanitation, public safety (police), and public works (streets) services.

2. Fund financial statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the Village as a whole with major funds being separately reported.

The Village has two types of funds:

- A. The governmental fund is reported in the fund financial statements and encompass essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is very different with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the Village's governmental fund. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources during the year and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near term.
- B. The proprietary fund is reported in the fund financial statements and generally reports services for which the Village charges customers a fee. The fund essentially encompasses the same functions reported as business-type activities in the government-wide statements. Services are provided to customers external to the Village. Proprietary fund financial statements provide both long-term and short-term financial information consistent with the focus provided by the government-wide financial statements but with more detail.

As the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. A reconciliation from both the governmental fund balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances to the government-wide statements is provided to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

3. Notes to financial statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes begin immediately following the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The following provides a summary of the net position (in thousands of dollars) of the Village as of December 31:

	Governmental			Business-Type							
	Act	ivit	<u>ies</u>		Act	ties	<u>Totals</u>				
	<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>
Current and other assets	\$ 1,149	\$	1,213	\$	292	\$	304	\$	1,441	\$	1,517
Capital assets	 1,317		1,256		989		1,071		2,306		2,327
Total assets	\$ 2,466	\$	2,469	\$	1,281	\$	1,375	\$	3,747	\$	3,844
Deferred outflows of											
resources	\$ 143	\$	85	\$	65	\$	22	\$	208	\$	107
Other liabilities	\$ 568	\$	543	\$	666	\$	578	\$	1,234	\$	1,121
Deferred inflows of											
resources	\$ 109	\$	184	\$	1	\$	38	\$	110	\$	222
Net position:											
Net investment in											
capital assets	\$ 1,317	\$	1,256	\$	989	\$	1,071	\$	2,306	\$	2,327
Unrestricted (deficit)	 615		571	(310)	(290)		305		281
, ,	 						-				
Total net position	\$ 1,932	\$	1,827	\$	679	\$	781	\$	2,611	\$	2,608

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the Village's financial position. The Village will use the unrestricted net position to meet the ongoing obligations to users of its services and creditors. By far the largest portion of the Village's net position as December 31, 2022 consisted of the investment in capital assets. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizenry; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

The following summarizes the Village's net position changes (in thousands of dollars) between the two years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021:

		Governmental Activities				Business-Type <u>Activities</u>				<u>To</u>	otal	<u>s</u>
		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>
Revenues:												
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	133	\$	145	\$	357	\$	331	\$	490	\$	476
Operating grants and contributions		71		-		-		-		71		-
Capital grants and contributions		131		_		_		_		131		_
General revenues:		131								131		
Taxes		503		481		_		_		503		481
Intergovernmental		29		20		_		_		29		20
Unrestricted				20						2)		20
investment earnings		22		21		1		1		23		22
Special items:								_				
Net gain on sale of												
capital assets		_		_		_		_		_		_
Operating transfers												
in (out)	(62)		_		62		_		_		_
Total revenues and				,								
special items	\$	827	\$	667	\$	420	\$	332	\$	1,247	\$	999
Expenses:												
General government	\$	385	\$	339	\$	_	\$	_	\$	385	\$	339
Public safety	•	259	•	212	,	_	,	_	,	259	•	212
Public works		8		7		_		_		8		7
Depreciation		70		72		_		_		70		72
Water and sewer		_		_		521		446		521		446
Total expenses	\$	722	\$	630	\$	521	\$	446	\$	1,243	\$	1,076
Increase (decrease)												
in net positions	\$	105	\$	37	\$(101)	\$(114)	\$	4	\$(77)
Net positions - beginning		1,827		1,790		780		895		2,607		2,685
Net positions - ending	<u>\$</u>	1,932	\$	1,827	\$	679	<u>\$</u>	781	\$	2,611	\$	2,608

The Village's total revenues increased by \$248,000 while the total cost of all programs and services only increased by \$3,000. The Village's expenses cover a range of services with the majority related to personnel costs.

Governmental Activities

General revenues are those available for the Village to pay for the governmental activities. For the year ended December 31, 2022, taxes were the largest general revenue source for the Village. Sales taxes were the largest individual tax revenue source.

Program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the Village's taxpayers or citizenry. As a whole, they reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the Village's general revenues.

Business-Type Activities

Charges for services of the business-type activities for the year ended December 31, 2022 increased \$26,000 from the previous year.

Financial Analysis of Governmental Fund

As of December 31, 2022, the Village's governmental fund reported an ending fund balance of \$978,196, an increase of \$12,870 from \$965,326 as of December 31, 2021. The fund balance of the governmental fund is classified as unassigned as it is available for any purpose.

Budgetary Highlights

The Village made amendments to its General Fund budget for the year ended December 31, 2022. Actual revenues of the General Fund of \$883,331 exceeded final budgeted revenues of \$760,000 by \$123,331. Actual expenditures of \$808,034 were less than final budgeted expenditures of \$834,000 by \$25,966.

Capital Assets

As of December 31, 2022, the Village had invested \$2.31 million in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, vehicles, streets, and water and sewer systems. New streets were constructed during the year ended December 31, 2022 at a cost of \$131,000.

Liabilities

Liabilities for both net pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) are reported in the Village's statement of net position for government wide activities as of December 31, 2022. Additional information about these liabilities are presented in the notes to financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

Total revenues in the Village's proposed budget for the General Fund for the year ending December 31, 2023 were approximately \$100,000 less as the final total budgeted for the year ended December 31, 2022 while budgeted expenditures were increased by only \$16,000. A beginning fund balance of \$636,331 was included in the proposed 2023 budget for the General Fund while \$978,196 was actually available.

The American Rescue Plan Act ("ARPA") was signed into law on March 11, 2021 providing additional financial relief to the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. During the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2022, the Village received a total of \$203,048 of ARPA funding and had expended the vast majority as of December 31, 2022.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village's financial picture for all those with an interest in the Village's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information, should be addressed to the Clerk, P.O. Box 238, Mer Rouge, Louisiana 71261-0238.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2022

ASSETS		overnmental Activities		iness-Type ctivities	<u>Totals</u>		
Cash	\$	497,782	\$	22,518	\$	520,300	
Pooled deposits	,	59,647	,	-	,	59,647	
Certificates of deposit		496,266		152,284		648,550	
Receivables:		,		,		,	
Property taxes		5,961		_		5,961	
Accounts		-		29,873		29,873	
Due from other funds		88,884		61,874		150,758	
Restricted assets:							
Cash		-		9,035		9,035	
Certificates of deposit		-		17,000		17,000	
Capital assets:							
Land		74,583		20,110		94,693	
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		1,242,612		968,627		2,211,239	
Total assets	\$	2,465,735	\$	1,281,321	\$	3,747,056	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Resources related to pensions	\$	143,136	\$	65,139	\$	208,275	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	12,551	\$	20,229	\$	32,780	
Payroll withholdings		13,539		-		13,539	
Due to other funds		48,150		107,562		155,712	
Deferred revenue		1,206		-		1,206	
Payable from restricted assets:							
Customers' deposits		-		22,995		22,995	
Net pension liability		294,852		207,069		501,921	
Net OPEB obligation		197,693		308,515		506,208	
Total liabilities	\$	567,991	\$	666,370	\$	1,234,361	
						(continued)	

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued) December 31, 2022

DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Gov	Activities	71			<u>Totals</u>
Property taxes	\$	94,898	\$	-	\$	94,898
Resources related to pensions		14,400		793		15,193
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	109,298	\$	793	\$	110,091
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted (deficit)	\$	1,317,195 614,387	\$ _(988,737 309,440)	\$	2,305,932 304,947
Total net position	<u>\$</u>	1,931,582	<u>\$</u>	679,297	<u>\$</u>	2,610,879

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2022

			Program Revenues						
			Operating Capit					apital	
			C	harges for	G	rants and	Gra	ents and	
		Expenses		Services	Con	tributions	Contributions		
Functions/Programs:									
Governmental activities:									
Current:									
General government	\$	385,360	\$	107,100	\$	71,008	\$	-	
Public safety		259,430		26,035		-		-	
Public works		7,653		-		-		131,000	
Depreciation		70,020		-					
Total governmental activities	\$	722,463	\$	133,135	\$	71,008	\$	131,000	
Business-type activities:									
Water and sewer	_	521,202		356,921					
Total government	\$	1,243,665	\$	490,056	\$	71,008	<u>\$</u>	131,000	
Ganaral rayanyas									

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property

Franchise

Sales

Intergovernmental

Unrestricted investment earnings and

miscellaneous

Special item:

Operating transfer in (out)

Total general revenues and special item

Changes in net positions

Net positions - beginning

Net positions - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	vernmental activities		ness-Type ctivities	<u>Totals</u>		
\$((207,252) 233,395) 123,347	\$	- - -	\$ (207,252) 233,395) 123,347	
(70,020)		-	(70,020)	
\$(387,320)	\$	_	\$(387,320)	
		(164,281)	_(_	164,281)	
\$(387,320)	\$(164,281)	\$(551,601)	
\$	84,300 26,498 392,420 28,533	\$	- - -	\$	84,300 26,498 392,420 28,533	
	22,296		516		22,812	
(62,427)		62,427		_	
\$	491,620	\$	62,943	\$	554,563	
\$	104,300	\$(101,338) 780,635	\$	2,962	
	1,827,282	-	100,033		2,607,917	
\$	1,931,582	\$	679,297	\$	2,610,879	

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUND - GENERAL FUND December 31, 2022

ASSETS

Cash Pooled deposits Certificates of deposit Property taxes receivable Due from other funds	\$	497,782 59,647 496,266 5,961 88,884
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	1,148,540
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable Payroll withholdings and accruals Deferred revenue Due to other funds Total liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ \	12,551 13,539 1,206 48,150 75,446
Property taxes		94,898
FUND BALANCE		
Unassigned		978,196
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	<u>\$</u>	1,148,540

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUND - GENERAL FUND As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Revenues:		
Taxes	\$	503,218
Licenses and permits		84,715
Intergovernmental		230,541
Fees, charges, and commissions for services		22,385
Fines and forfeitures		26,035
Interest and miscellaneous		16,437
Total revenues	\$	883,331
Expenditures:		
Current:		
General government	\$	399,201
Public safety		270,180
Public works		7,653
Capital outlay		131,000
Total expenditures	\$	808,034
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$	75,297
Other financing sources (uses):		
Operating transfers in (out)		62,427)
Net change in fund balance	\$	12,870
Fund balance - beginning		965,326
Fund balance - ending	<u>\$</u>	978,196

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET TO GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2022

Total fund balance - governmental fund balance sheet	\$	978,196
Amounts reported for governmental activities in statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		1,317,195
Net pension liability does not require the use of current financial resources and therefore is not reported in the funds.	(166,116)
Contributions to the OPEB obligation are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. However, these amounts are reported as a reduction of long-term liabilities in the governmental activities.	_(_	197,693)
Total net position of governmental activities - government-wide statement of net position	<u>\$</u>	1,931,582

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES December 31, 2022

Net change in fund balance - governmental fund	\$	12,870
Amounts reported for governmental activities in statement of activities are different because:		
The governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay (\$131,000) exceeded depreciation expense		
(\$70,020) in the current period.		60,980
Proportionate share of non-employer contributions to pension plans do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.		5,859
Governmental funds report current year pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, these contributions are reported as deferred inflows of resources and the proportionate share of the plans' pension expense is reported as such.		2,054
OPEB obligations reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		22,537
Changes in net position of governmental activities - government-wide statement of activities	<u>\$</u>	104,300

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND - WATER AND SEWER FUND December 31, 2022

ASSETS

Current assets:	
Cash	\$ 22,518
Certificates of deposit	152,284
Accounts receivable	29,873
Due from other funds	61,874
Noncurrent assets:	
Restricted assets:	
Cash	9,035
Certificates of deposit	17,000
Capital assets:	
Land	20,110
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	 968,627
Total assets	\$ 1,281,321
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Resources related to pensions	\$ 65,139
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 20,229
Due to other funds	107,562
Payable from restricted assets:	
Customers' deposits	 22,995
Total current liabilities	\$ 150,786
Long-term liabilities:	
Net pension	\$ 207,069
Net OPEB obligation	 308,515
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 515,584
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Resources related to pensions	\$ 793
	(continued)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND - WATER AND SEWER FUND (Continued) December 31, 2022

NET POSITION

Net investment in capital assets	\$	988,737
Unrestricted (deficit)	_(_	309,440)
Total net position	<u>\$</u>	679,297

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND - WATER AND SEWER FUND As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Operating revenues:		
Water and sewer fees	\$	336,921
Miscellaneous		20,000
Total operating revenues	\$	356,921
Operating expenses:		
Depreciation	\$	106,597
Insurance		62,971
Office		1,907
Repairs and maintenance		134,517
Retirement		40,659
Salaries		132,780
Supplies and other		9,952
Taxes - payroll		10,404
Utilities and fuel		21,415
Total operating expenses	\$	521,202
Operating income (loss)	<u>\$(</u>	164,281)
Nonoperating revenues:		
Interest	\$	516
Operating transfers in		62,427
Total nonoperating revenues	\$	62,943
Change in net position	\$(101,338)
Net position - beginning		780,635
Net position - ending	<u>\$</u>	679,297

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - WATER AND SEWER FUND

As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2022

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$(101,338)
Adjustments to reconcile increase (decrease) in net position		
to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation		106,597
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(11,974)
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds		2,005
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows	(43,462)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		19,143
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses	(99)
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		5,804
Increase (decrease) in liabilities payable from restricted assets	(1,915)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows	(36,787)
Increase (decrease) in net pension		78,900
Increase (decrease) in OPEB obligation	(13,676)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	3,198
CASH FLOWS FROM (USED BY) INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of certificates of deposit	(487)
CASH FLOWS FROM (USED BY) CAPITAL AND RELATED		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of capital assets	(24,607)
Net increase (decrease) in cash	\$(21,896)
Cash - beginning		53,449
Cash - ending	<u>\$</u>	31,553

VILLAGE OF MER ROUGE, LOUISIANA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Note 1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Village of Mer Rouge, Louisiana (the "Village"), operates under a mayor-board of aldermen form of government in accordance with the provisions of the Lawrason Act. Citizens elect the mayor (at large) and three council members (by districts) who are each compensated. The Village is located in northeast Louisiana, its population is approximately 600, and it employs approximately 10 people. As of December 31, 2022, the Village services approximately 380 utility customers and maintains approximately three miles of streets.

The Village provides general administrative, public safety (police), public works (streets), and utility services.

GASB Statement No. 14, The Reporting Entity, and Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units- an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14, established criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Under provisions of these statements, the Village is considered a primary government, as it is a special purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. As used in GASB Statements No. 14 and 39, fiscally independent means that the Village may, without the approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes or set rates or charges, and issue bonded debt.

The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes:

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and
 - a. the ability of the municipality to impose its will on that organization and/or
 - b. the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the municipality.
- 2. Organizations for which the municipality does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the municipality.
- 3. Organizations for which the reporting entity's financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

Based on the criteria, the Village has determined that Sewer District No. 1 of Village of Mer Rouge, Louisiana, is a component unit of the reporting entity. As required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), these financial statements present the primary government (the Village) and its component unit. The component unit is reported as part of the municipality and blended with the appropriate municipality funds.

Component units that are legally separate from the municipality, but are so intertwined with the municipality that they are, in substance, the same as the municipality are blended component units. For a component unit to be blended, the organization's board and the municipality must be substantively the same, or the organization must provide services entirely or almost entirely to the municipality.

Considered also in the determination of component units of the reporting entity were Sixth Ward Fire Protection District No. 1 of Morehouse Parish, Louisiana, and Mer Rouge Volunteer Fire Department. It was determined that this governmental and volunteer entity, respectively, are not component units of the Village's reporting entity.

The more significant of the Village's accounting policies are described below:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report financial information for the Village as a whole. The statements distinguish governmental activities, generally supported by taxes and general revenues, from business-type activities, generally financed in whole or in part with fees charged to external customers.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (a) charges for services which include licenses, permits, fees, fines, forfeitures, and other charges to users of the Village's services; (b) operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities; and (c) capital grants and contributions which fund the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. Taxes and other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental and proprietary funds are reported in separate columns.

Basis of Accounting, Measurement Focus, and Financial Statement Presentation:

The financial statements of the Village are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting generally including the reclassifications or eliminations of internal activity (between or within funds). However, internal eliminations do not include services provided to Village departments. Reimbursements are reported as reductions to expenses. Proprietary fund financial statements also report using this same focus and basis of accounting although internal activity is not eliminated in these statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax revenues are recognized in the year for which they are levied while grants are recognized when grantor eligibility requirements are met.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The Village considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

Major revenue sources susceptible to accrual are property taxes, sales taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and water and sewer fees. In general, other revenues are recognized when cash is received.

Operating income reported in the proprietary fund financial statement includes revenues and expenses related to primary, continuing operations of the fund. Principal operating revenues for the proprietary fund are charges to customers for sales or services. Principal operating expenses are the costs of providing goods or services and include administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. Other revenues are classified as nonoperating in the financial statement.

Fund Types and Major Funds:

The Village reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund - the general operating fund of the Village and accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

The Village reports the following major proprietary fund:

Water and Sewer Fund - accounts for operations where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

The Board of Aldermen adopted annual budgets for the General Fund and Water and Sewer Fund on December 14, 2021. The annual budgets were prepared in accordance with the basis of accounting utilized by the funds. The Village Clerk is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within and among departments; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures resulting from revenues exceeding amounts estimated must be approved by the Board of Aldermen. Amendments were made to both budgets on December 13, 2022 and the budgetary comparison schedule, included as supplementary information in the accompanying financial statements, includes the original and final budgeted amounts of the General Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Certificates of Deposit:

Cash includes amounts in demand and time deposits. Under state law, the Village may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law or any other state of the United States, or under the laws of the United States.

State law and the Village's investment policy allow the Village to invest in collateralized certificates of deposits, government backed securities, commercial paper, the state sponsored investment pool, and mutual funds consisting solely of government backed securities.

Certificates of deposit and pooled deposits of the Village are reported at cost, which approximates market value.

Receivables:

Significant receivables include property taxes and amounts due from customers for utility services. Un-billed utility service receivables resulting from utility services rendered from the last date prior to the end of the fiscal year that meters were read to the end of the fiscal year are considered immaterial in amount and are not included in the amounts recorded as due from utility customers.

Uncollectible Allowance:

The statements contain no provision for uncollectible accounts. Village management is of the opinion that such allowance would be immaterial in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Restricted Assets/Liabilities:

Meter deposits collected from utility customers are restricted to payment of amounts owed to the Village and/or refunded to the customer upon the customer no longer utilizing the system.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

Interfund Transactions:

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements and other miscellaneous receivables/payables outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are reported as due to/from other funds (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) in the fund financial statements.

Transfers and payments within the reporting entity that are substantially for the purposes of subsidizing operating functions, funding capital projects and asset acquisitions, or maintaining debt service on a routine basis are reported as transfers between funds of the reporting entity.

Interfund transactions are not eliminated in the government-wide financial statements and all are reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital Assets and Depreciation:

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., streets and water and sewer system), with useful lives of more than one year are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. All other infrastructure assets (e.g., bridges, drainage systems, and similar items) are considered fully depreciated by the Village and are not included in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Village maintains a threshold level of \$2,500 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized.

When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations.

All capital assets, other than land, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and building improvements	20 - 40 years
Machinery and equipment	5 - 15 years
Streets	40 years
Water and sewer system	20 - 40 years

Pensions:

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Municipal Employees Retirement System and the Municipal Police Employees Retirement System (the "Plans"), and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources:

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expenditure until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Village's deferred outflows and deferred inflows are resources related to pensions.

Compensated Absences:

Allowable annual vacation and sick leave is prescribed by municipal ordinance, based on length of continuous employment by the Village, accrued on an employment anniversary basis, and accrued to specified maximums.

The Village's recognition and measurement criteria for compensated absences follows:

GASB Statement No. 16 provides that vacation leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics should be accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned by the employees if both of the following conditions are met:

- 1. The employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered.
- 2. It is probable that the employer will compensate the employee for the benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement.

GASB Statement No. 16 provides that a liability for sick leave should be accrued using one of the following approaches:

- 1. An accrual for earned sick leave should be made only to the extent it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments, rather than be taken as absences due to illness or other contingencies, such as medical appointments and funerals.
- 2. Alternatively, a governmental entity should estimate its accrued sick leave liability based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments as well as other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments.

No liability existed as of December 31, 2022 for accrued salaries or compensated absences, resulting from unused vacation time at the end of the year, and therefore no liability was recorded in the government-wide or fund financial statements. Neither was a liability for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits recorded.

Compensated absences are paid from the fund responsible for the employee's compensation.

Equity Classifications:

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, equity is classified as net position and classified into two components:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation.
- 2. Unrestricted consists of all other assets.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as unassigned fund balance. These statements provide more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on the Village's fund balances more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- 1. Nonspendable amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact;
- 2. Restricted amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- 3. Committed amounts constrained to specific purposes by the Village itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Village takes the same highest level of action to remove or change the constraint;
- 4. Assigned amounts that the Village intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- 5. Unassigned amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

Revenue Recognition - Property and Sales/Use Taxes:

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied by the Village in September or October, are actually billed to the taxpayers in November, and are due and payable on or before December 31 of the same year or the unpaid taxes become delinquent. The Village bills and collects its own property taxes using the assessed values determined by the tax assessor of Morehouse Parish. The Village's property tax revenues are recognized as deferred revenue when levied.

Sales/use taxes collected and held by another government at year end on behalf of the Village and those collected by another government and remitted to the Village within 60 days after December 31 for preceding months are recognized as revenue. The sales/use taxes are collected by Morehouse Sales and Use Tax Commission and remitted to the Village.

Note 2. Cash and Deposits

The following is a summary of cash and deposits of the Village as of December 31, 2022:

Non-pooled deposits:

Non-interest bearing demand deposits	\$ 192,595
Time deposits	1,001,890
Petty cash	400
Pooled deposits	 59,647
	\$ 1.254.532

Under state law, the deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held jointly in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank and the Village in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

As of December 31, 2022, the Village had \$1,202,938 in deposits (collected bank balances). These deposits were secured from risk by \$500,000 of federal deposit insurance and \$913,002 of pledged securities held by Mer Rouge State Bank in the Village's name.

There were no repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements as of December 31, 2022.

Note 3. Property and Sales Taxes

For the year ended December 31, 2022, property taxes of 10.89 mills were levied on property with assessed valuations totaling \$7,623,611 as follows:

	Authorized	Levied	Expiration
	<u>Millage</u>	Millage	<u>Date</u>
General corporate purposes	7.00	7.13	Perpetual
Streets	3.66	3.76	2031

The following are the principal property taxpayers for the Village:

	Assessed		Property	
Taxpayer	<u>Valuation</u>	Tax	Revenue	
Kennedy Rice Dryers, LLC	\$ 2,595,055	\$	28,260	
Greenpoint Ag Holdings, LLC	791,758		8,622	
Goldman Equipment LLC	530,627		5,779	
Nutrien Ag Solutions Inc.	496,948		5,412	

Total property taxes levied were \$94,898. As of December 31, 2022, property taxes receivable was \$5,961.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, sales and use taxes of 2% were levied for police protection and any and all other useful corporate purposes. These taxes will expire June 30, 2024.

Note 4. Restricted Assets and Liabilities Payable from Same

Restricted assets of \$26,035 of the Water and Sewer Fund consists of meter deposits collected from utility customers. A related liability of \$22,995 has been recorded for the payment of amounts that will be owed to the Village and/or refunded to customers upon the customers no longer utilizing the system.

Note 5. Interfund Payables

Interfund payables reported in the fund financial statements as of December 31, 2022 are out of balance by \$4,954, an amount related to the net pension liability that was recorded in the Water and Sewer Fund's financial statements but only required to be reported in the government-wide financial statements of the General Fund.

Note 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets and depreciation activity as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022 for the Village is as follows:

Governmental activities:	J	Balance January 1, 2022	<u>A</u>	Additions	<u>D</u>	eletions	D	Balance ecember 1, 2022
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	74,583	\$		\$		\$	74,583
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings	\$	417,932	\$	-	\$	-	\$	417,932
Equipment and vehicles		488,885		-		-		488,885
Streets and sidewalks	_1	,143,234		131,000		-	1	,274,234
Total capital assets being								
depreciated	<u>\$2</u>	,050,051	\$	3 131,000	\$		\$2	,181,051
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings	\$	237,973	\$	8,862	\$	-	\$	246,835
Equipment and vehicles		387,872		30,939		-		418,811
Streets and sidewalks		242,574		30,219		-		272,793
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	868,419	\$	70,020	\$		\$	938,439
Total capital assets being								
depreciated, net	<u>\$1</u>	,181,632	\$	60,980	\$	_	\$1	,242,612

	Balance			Balance
	January			December
	<u>1, 2022</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>31, 2022</u>
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being				
depreciated:				
Land	\$ 20,110	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -	\$ 20,110
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Water and sewer systems	\$3,576,396	\$ 24,608	\$ -	\$3,601,004
Buildings	40,460	_	-	40,460
Equipment and vehicles	67,500	_	-	67,500
Total capital assets being			•	
depreciated	\$3,684,356	\$ 24,608	\$ -	\$3,708,964
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Water and sewer systems	\$2,553,462	\$ 105,585	\$ -	\$2,659,047
Buildings	12,778	1,012	_	13,790
Equipment and vehicles	67,500	-	_	67,500
Total accumulated depreciation	\$2,633,740	\$ 106,597	\$ -	\$2,740,337
Total hyginaga tyma aggata haina				
Total business-type assets being	\$1,050,616	¢(01 000)	•	¢ 068 627
depreciated, net	<u>\$1,050,616</u>	<u>\$(81,989)</u>	φ -	\$ 968,627

Depreciation expense of the governmental activities of \$70,020 is reported separately in the statement of activities in that the expense essentially serves all functions.

Note 7. Pension Plans and Other Pension Liabilities

The Village's employees are provided with benefits through the following multipleemployer cost-sharing plans:

- o MERSLA (Plan A) provides retirement benefits to employees of all incorporated villages, towns, and cities within the state that do not have their own retirement system and have elected to become members of the system.
- o MPERSLA provides retirement benefits to municipal police officers.

General Information About the Plans:

- MERSLA membership is mandatory as a condition of employment beginning on the date employed if the employee is on a permanent basis working at least thirty-five hours per week. Those individuals paid jointly by a participating employer and the parish are not eligible for membership, with exceptions outlined in the Louisiana Revised Statutes. The Village participates in Plan A and provides retirement benefits to any member of Plan A who was hired before January 1, 2013 meeting one of the following criteria:
 - Any age with 25 or more years of creditable service
 - Age 60 with a minimum of 10 years of creditable service
 - Any age with 5 years of creditable service for disability benefits
 - Survivor's benefits require 5 years of creditable service at death of member
 - Any age with 20 years of creditable service, exclusive of military service with an actuarially reduced early benefit.

For members hired after January 1, 2013, benefits are provided to any member of Plan A meeting one of the following criteria:

- Age 67 with 7 or more years of creditable service
- Age 62 with 10 or more years of creditable service
- Age 55 with 30 or more years of creditable service
- Any age with 25 years of service, exclusive of military service and unused side leave, with an actuarially reduced early benefit.

Generally, the monthly retirement allowance for any member of Plan A consists of an amount equal to 3% of the member's monthly average final compensation times years of creditable service. Survivor, death, and disability benefits are also provided under the plan.

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement allowance, any member who is eligible to retire may elect to participate in the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) for up to three years and defer the receipt of benefits. During such period, employer contributions continue but employee contributions cease. Monthly benefits that the member would have received during the DROP period are paid into the DROP fund. Interest is earned when the member has completed DROP participation, based on the actual rate of return on the investments identified as DROP funds for the period. No cost-of-living increases are payable to participants until employment has been terminated for at least one full year.

The plan receives ad valorem and state revenue sharing funds as employer contributions and those amounts are considered support from nonemployer contributing entities, but are not considered as special funding situations. Nonemployer contributions are recognized as revenues and excluded from pension expense in the government-wide financial statements.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the actual employer contribution rate was 29.5%, which is calculated on an actuarial basis each year. Under Plan A, members are required by state statute to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary. Contributions to the system also include 1/4 of 1% (except Orleans and East Baton Rouge Parishes) of the taxes shown to be collectible by the tax rolls of each parish. The Village's contributions to the system under Plan A for the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021, and 2020 were \$55,373, \$47,648, and \$42,823 respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

- MPERSLA membership is mandatory for any full-time police officer employed by a municipality of the state and engaged in law enforcement, empowered to make arrests, provided that the officer is not required to pay Social Security, and otherwise meets statutory criteria. For members hired before January 1, 2013, the plan provides retirement benefits to any member who has:
 - 25 years of creditable service, or
 - 20 years of creditable service who has attained age 50, or
 - 12 years of service who has attained age 55, or
 - 20 years of creditable service at any age with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Benefit rates are 3 1/3 % of average final compensation (average monthly earnings during the highest 36 consecutive months) times the number of years' service, not to exceed 100% of final salary.

For members hired after January 1, 2013, benefits are based on the Hazardous Duty sub-plan or the Nonhazardous Duty sub-plan. Under the Hazardous Duty sub-plan, a member is eligible for benefits after:

- 25 years of creditable service at any age, or
- 12 years of creditable service at age 55.

Under the Nonhazardous Duty sub-plan, a member is eligible for benefits after:

- 30 years of creditable service at any age, or
- 25 years of creditable service at age 55, or
- 10 years of creditable service at age 60.

Under both sub-plans, a member is eligible for early retirement after 20 years of creditable service at any age with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Benefit rates are 3% and 2 ½%, respectively, of average final compensation (average monthly earnings during the highest 60 consecutive months) times the number of years of creditable service, not to exceed 100% of final salary.

The plan also provides survivor, death, and disability benefits.

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement allowance, any member who is eligible to retire may elect to participate in the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) for up to three years and defer the receipt of benefits. During such period, both employer and employee contributions cease. Monthly benefits that the member would have received during the DROP period are paid into the DROP fund. Interest is earned when the member has completed DROP participation, based on the actual rate of return less one-half percentage point on the investments identified as DROP funds for the period. No cost-of-living increases are payable to participants until employment has been terminated for at least one full year.

Contributions by employers are actuarially determined by law, but cannot be less than 9% of compensation excluding overtime, but including state supplemental pay. For the year ended December 31, 2022, employer contributions were 29.75% for employees hired prior to January 1, 2013 and for Hazardous Duty employees hired after January 1, 2013. For Nonhazardous Duty employees hired after January 1, 2013, employer contributions were 29.75%.

The plan also receives insurance premium tax monies appropriated by the state legislature as additional employer contributions and considered support from a nonemployer contributing entity, but are not considered a special funding situation.

Plan members are required by state statute to contribute 10.0% of their annual covered salary. The Village's contributions to the system for the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021, and 2020 were \$19,990, \$4,531, and \$8,873 respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources:

As of December 31, 2022, the Village reported a total of \$501,921 for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of the plans, as follows:

MERSLA	\$ 351,978
MPERSLA	 149,943
	\$ 501,921

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Village's proportion of the net pension liability was based on projections of the Village's long-term contributions to the plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The Village's proportions of each plan were as follows:

	Year Ended December 31,		
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	
MERSLA	.08%	.08%	
MPERSLA	.01%	.01%	

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Village recognized pension expense as follows:

MERSLA MPERSLA	\$	61,618 21,755
WI EKSLA		21,733
	<u>\$</u>	83,733

In addition, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred outflows of resources:	<u>ME</u>	<u>RSLA</u>	MPI	<u>ERSLA</u>	<u>Totals</u>	
Changes in proportion Changes in assumptions	\$	16,866 3,411	\$	51,522 5,172	\$	68,388 8,583
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension		416		740		1,156
plan investments Village's contributions subsequent to the		58,566		26,770		85,336
measurement date		31,466		13,346		44,812
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>\$</u>	110,725	<u>\$</u>	97,550	<u>\$</u>	208,275
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Changes in proportion Changes in assumptions Differences between expected	\$	-	\$	11,508 1,115	\$	11,508 1,115
and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension		1,348		1,222		2,570
plan investments		-				
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>\$</u>	1,348	<u>\$</u>	13,845	\$	15,193

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Village's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	
2023	\$ 45,306
2024	49,944
2025	10,894
2026	42,126
Total	\$ 148,270

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurements:

	<u>MERSLA</u>	<u>MPERSLA</u>
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Salary increases	6.4% for 1-4 years of	vary from 12.3% for
	service and 4.5%	1-2 years of service to
	above 4 years	4.7% above 2 years
Investment rate of return	6.85%	6.75%
Actuarial cost method	entry age normal	entry age normal
Expected remaining service lives	3 years	4 years

Mortality rates for MERSLA were based on the PubG - 2010(B) Healthy Retiree Table for active members and PubNS - 2010(B) for disabled retirees. Mortality rate assumptions for MERSLA were based on experience studies performed on plan data for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018.

Mortality rates for MPERSLA were based on the Pub-2010 Employee Table for active members, Healthy Annuitant Table for healthy annuitants, and Disabled Lives Mortality Tables for disabled annuitants. Mortality rate assumptions for MPERSLA were based on experience studies performed on plan data for the period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2019.

The investment rates of return were determined based on expected cash flows which assume that contributions from plan members will be made at current contribution rates and that contributions from the Village will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by the Louisiana Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee, taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Based on these assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the investment rate of return on plan investments was applied as the discount rate to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Arithmetic Real Rates of Return for Each Major Asset Class:

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the following summarizes real rates of return for each major asset class included in the plans' target asset allocation:

	Target Asset	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
MERSLA:		
Public equity	53%	2.31%
Public fixed income	38%	1.65%
Alternatives	9%	0.39%
Totals	<u>100%</u>	4.35%
Inflation		2.60%
Expected arithmetic return		<u>6.95%</u>
MPERSLA:		
Equity	55%	3.60%
Fixed income	31%	0.85%
Alternatives	14%	0.95%
Other	0%	0.00%
Totals	<u>100%</u>	5.40%
Inflation		<u>2.66%</u>
Expected arithmetic return		8.06%

Sensitivity of the Village's Proportionate Shares of the Net Pension Liabilities to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following presents the Village's proportionate shares of the net pension liabilities of the plans, calculated using the discount rates as shown above, as well as what the Village's proportionate shares of the net pension liabilities would be if they were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1%	6 Decrease	(Current	1	% Increase
MERSLA (current rate 6.85%) MPERSLA	\$	468,200	\$	351,978	\$	253,775
(current rate 6.75%)		209,892		149,943		99,866
Totals	<u>\$</u>	678,092	\$	501,921	\$	353,641

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information about the plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separate issued financial statements of the plans.

Note 8. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions

Plan Description:

The Village provides certain continuing health care insurance benefits for its eligible retired employees. The Village's OPEB plan (the "plan") is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Village. The authority to establish and /or amend the obligation of the employer, employees, and retirees rests with the Village. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB Codification Section P52 Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions - Reporting for Benefits Not Provided Through Trusts That Meet Specified Criteria - Defined Benefit.

Contributions and Benefits:

Retirees at age 60 with 20 years of service or 25 years of service without regard to age are eligible to participate in the Village's healthcare plan. Benefits are provided through a Blue Cross Blue Shield medical plan to age 65. A Medicare supplement plan is provided beginning at age 65 through AARP. The Village contributes 100% of the cost of current year premiums for eligible retired employees.

Benefit provisions are established by the Village. Coverage is provided for the life of the retiree.

As of December 31, 2022, eight active employees and two retired employees were currently receiving benefit payments.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability:

Balance - December 31, 2021	\$	542,421
Changes for the year:		
Service cost	\$	23,878
Interest		11,919
Difference of expected and actual experience		131,164
Changes in assumptions	(194,984)
Net benefit payments		8,190)
Net change in total OPEB liability	<u>\$(</u>	36,213)
Net OPEB obligation - December 31, 2022	<u>\$</u>	506,208

As of December 31, 2022, \$197,693 and \$308,515 of the obligation are reported in the governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively, in the government-wide financial statements.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The mortality assumption for the valuation used the RPH-2014 Total table with Projection MP-2021. The annual medical trend rate was 4.5% while the discount rate was raised from 2.12% to 4.31% to conform with the discount selection requirements of GASB 75.

The data used in the roll forward of the December 31, 2020 valuation results remain unchanged from that used in the 2020 GASB 75 actuarial valuation report. The data reflects the plan census as of December 31, 2020.

It is the actuary's understanding that no significant changes were made in the plan eligibility or plan provisions since the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuations.

The Village reported \$8,190 in direct contributions made for retirees for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios:

	Year Ended December 31,									
	2022	2021	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	2018					
Service cost	\$23,878 \$	23,878	\$ 11,964	\$ 11,964	\$ 11,493					
Interest	11,919	11,331	18,347	16,942	16,509					
Experience (gain) loss	131,164	-	(35,845)	-	-					
Assumption changes Benefit payments	(194,984) (8,190)		87,381 (6,799)	(6,415)	(5,488)					
Total OPEB liability -										
beginning of year	542,421	513,963	438,918	416,427	393,913					
Total OPEB liability -										
ending of year	506,208	542,421	513,963	438,918	416,427					
Covered payroll	372,621	218,381	218,381	211,432	211,432					
Net OPEB liability as										
percentage of payroll	135.85%	248.38%	235.35%	207.59%	196.96%					

As this is the fifth year of the implementation of GASB 75, only five years are available for the required ten-year schedule.

Sensitivity of Total OPEB Liability:

	1% Decrease			Change	1% Increase		
Healthcare cost trend rates (4.5%)	\$	430,255	\$	506,208	\$	602,018	
Discount rate (4.31%)	\$	441,327	\$	506,208	\$	585,359	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB:

	(Deferred Outflows Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions/inputs	\$	114,911 53,730	\$(_(_	22,042) 170,822)		
Totals	\$	168,641	<u>\$(</u>	192,864)		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	
2023	\$ 1,294
2024	1,294
2025	1,294
2026	1,294
2027	2,681
Thereafter	16,366
Total	<u>\$ 24,223</u>

Note 9. Contingencies and Risk Management

As of December 31, 2022, there was no pending or threatening litigation involving the Village.

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Village carries commercial insurance for all risks of loss, including workers' compensation and employee health and accident insurance. There were no significant reductions in the insurance coverage during the fiscal year. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or three prior fiscal years.

The Village occasionally participates in state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the Village has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required. In the opinion of Village management, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

Note 10. Subsequent Events

Subsequent events were evaluated through March 19, 2024, which is the day the financial statements were available to be issued.



BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE -GOVERNMENTAL FUND - GENERAL FUND As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted	l Amo	ounts			Fina	riance with al Budget - avorable
	Original	- 1 11110	Final		Actual		nfavorable)
Revenues:	<u> </u>					1,5-	<u>,</u>
Taxes	\$ 458,000	\$	496,000	\$	503,218	\$	7,218
Licenses and permits	75,000		68,000		84,715		16,715
Intergovernmental	21,121		131,000		230,541		99,541
Fees, charges, and			Ź				ŕ
commissions for services	24,000		20,000		22,385		2,385
Fines and forfeitures	20,000		28,000		26,035	(1,965)
Interest and miscellaneous	118,000		17,000		16,437	Ĺ	563)
Total revenues	\$ 716,121	\$	760,000	\$	883,331	\$	123,331
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government	\$ 396,532	\$	418,000	\$	399,201	\$	18,799
Public safety	249,154		272,000		270,180		1,820
Public works	7,070		1,000		7,653	(6,653)
Capital outlay	60,000		143,000		131,000		12,000
Total expenditures	\$ 712,756	\$	834,000	\$	808,034	\$	25,966
Excess of revenues over							
expenditures	\$ 3,365	\$(74,000)	\$	75,297	\$	149,297
Other financing sources (uses):							
Operating transfers in (out)	 			_(62,427)	_(_	62,427)
Net change in fund balance	\$ 3,365	\$(74,000)	\$	12,870	\$	86,870
Fund balance - beginning	 893,059		909,649		965,326		55,677
Fund balance - ending	\$ 896,424	\$	835,649	<u>\$</u>	978,196	<u>\$</u>	142,547

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN December 31, 2022

		(b)				((b-a)/c)
	(a)	Actuarial	(b-a)			UAAL as a
Actuarial	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded	(a/b)	(c)	Percentage
Valuation	Value of	Liability	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
<u>Date</u>	<u>Assets</u>	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll Payroll	<u>Payroll</u>
12/31/22	\$ -	\$ 506,208	\$ 506,208	0%	\$ 372,621	0%
12/31/21	-	542,421	542,421	0%	218,381	0%
12/31/20	-	513,963	513,963	0%	218,381	0%
12/31/19	-	438,918	438,918	0%	211,432	0%
12/31/18	-	416,427	416,427	0%	211,432	0%
12/31/17	-	872,339	872,339	0%	206,982	0%
12/31/16	-	872,339	872,339	0%	196,490	0%
12/31/15	-	624,563	624,563	0%	189,488	0%
12/31/14	-	624,563	624,563	0%	185,998	0%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Fiscal			Annual	Net
Year Ended	Annual	Amount	OPEB Cost	OPEB
December 31,	OPEB Cost	Contributed	Contributed	Obligation
2022	\$ 34,503	\$ 8,190	23.74%	\$ 506,208
2021	35,209	6,751	19.17%	542,421
2020	36,926	6,799	18.41%	513,963
2019	28,906	6,415	22.19%	438,918
2018	28,002	5,488	19.59%	416,427
2017	83,721	5,874	7.02%	321,693
2016	81,237	5,488	6.76%	243,846
2015	64,069	6,124	9.56%	168,097
2014	61,604	5,998	9.74%	110,152

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended December 31

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	2018	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	
Proportion of net pension liability	.08%	.08%	.08%	.08%	.08%	.07%	.07%	.07%	.07%	
Proportionate share of net pension liability	\$351,978	\$217,864	\$332,202	\$317,791	\$313,843	\$304,959	\$ 281,027	\$ 243,207	\$ 169,324	
Covered employees' payroll	\$162,423	\$155,098	\$146,861	\$140,787	\$ 138,380	\$ 131,295	\$ 122,481	\$ 116,201	\$ 110,843	
Proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of covered employees' payroll	216.70%	140.47%	226.20%	225.72%	226.80%	232.27%	229.45%	209.30%	152.76%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	69.56%	77.82%	64.52%	64.68%	66.94%	62.49%	62.11%	66.18%	73.99%	

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended December 31

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$47,915	\$45,755	\$ 40,754	\$ 36,604	\$ 34,239	\$ 30,238	\$ 24,503	\$ 23,191	\$ 20,783
Contributions in relation to contractually required contribution	47,915	45,755	40,754	36,604	34,239	30,238	24,503	23,191	20,783
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -
Coveredemployees' payroll	\$162,423	\$155,098	\$146,861	\$140,787	\$138,380	\$131,295	\$122,481	\$116,201	\$110,843
Contribution as a percentage of covered employees' payroll	29.50%	29.50%	27.75%	26.00%	24.75%	23.03%	20.01%	19.96%	18.75%

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY MUNICIPAL POLICE EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended December 31

	2022	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Proportion of net pension liability	.01%	.01%	.00%	.00%	.02%	.02%	.02%	.02%	.02%
Proportionate share of net pension liability	\$149,943	\$68,082	\$29,409	\$79,610	\$ 144,311	\$ 133,968	\$ 163,574	\$ 141,058	\$ 116,688
Covered employees' payroll	\$39,284	\$36,184	\$ 9,970	\$25,373	\$ 47,306	\$ 43,594	\$ 42,888	\$ 42,581	\$ 41,746
Proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of covered employees' payroll	381.69%	188.15%	294.97%	313.76%	305.06%	307.31%	381.40%	331.27%	279.52%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	70.80%	84.09%	70.94%	71.00%	71.89%	70.08%	66.04%	66.18%	75.10%

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS MUNICIPAL POLICE EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended December 31

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$13,472	\$13,225 \$	3,194\$	8,183\$	15,491 \$	3 14,545	\$ 14,422	\$ 14,817	\$ 14,921
Contributions in relation to contractually required contribution	13,472	13,225	3,194	8,183	15,491	14,545	14,422	14,817	14,921
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	<u>- \$</u>		<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered employees' payroll	\$39,284	\$36,184 \$	9,970 \$	25,373 \$	47,306 \$	3 43,594	\$ 42,888	\$ 42,581	\$ 41,746
Contribution as a percentage of covered employees' payroll	29.75%	33.75%	32.50%	32.25%	32.75%	33.36%	33.63%	34.80%	35.74%



SCHEDULE OF MAYOR'S AND ALDERMEN'S COMPENSATION As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2022

The schedule of compensation paid to the mayor and aldermen is presented in compliance with House Concurrent Resolution No. 54 of the 1979 Session of the Louisiana Legislature. Compensation of the board members is included in the general government expenditures of the General Fund. The mayor and aldermen receive compensation pursuant to Louisiana Revised Statute 404.1.

Name and Title	Com	pensation
John D. McAdams, III, Mayor	\$	12,435
Allen Spires, Jr., Mayor Pro-Tem		2,945
Bernie D. Turner, Alderman		2,400
Jeff Dixon, Alderman		2,618
Total mayor's and aldermen's compensation	<u>\$</u>	20,398

SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS, AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO AGENCY HEAD As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Agency Head Name: John D. McAdams, III, Mayor

Purpose		<u>Amounts</u>		
Salary	\$	12,435		
Benefits - retirement		3,668		
Total compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head	<u>\$</u>	16,103		

HILL, INZINA & COMPANY

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable John D. McAdams, III, Mayor, and Members of the Board of Aldermen Village of Mer Rouge, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Village of Mer Rouge, Louisiana (the "Village"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 19, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness or a significant deficiency.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct , misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Village's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

A significance deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-1 to be a significant deficiency.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-2.

Village's Responses to Findings

Government Auditing Standards require the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Village's responses to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Village's response were not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the council members, others within the Village, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

/s/ Hill, Inzina & Co.

March 19, 2024

SCHEDULE OF FINDING WITH MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE AND PLANNED CORRECTIVE ACTION As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2022

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Village of Mer Rouge, Louisiana (the "Village"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 19, 2024. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our audit of the financial statements as of December 31, 2022 resulted in an unmodified opinion.

Section I - Summary of Independent Auditor's Report

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Internal Control

	Significant Deficie	ncies	⊠ Yes	□ No	Material Weaknesses	□ Yes ⊠ No		
	Compliance Material to Financi	al Sta	tements	⊠ Yes	□ No			
	\$	Section	n II - Fin	nancial Sta	atement Finding			
2022-1	Inadequate Segregation of Duties (initial citing as of the for the two years end December 31, 1987)							
	Criteria:	Adequate segregation of duties is essential to a proper internal control structure. The segregation of duties is inadequate to provide effective internal control.						
	Condition:							
	Cause:	The	conditio	n is due to	o economic limitations.			
	Effect:	Not	determir	ned.				
	Recommendation:	No a	ection is	recomme	nded.			

Management's response and planned cor-

rective action: We concur with the finding but it is not economically feasible for

corrective action to be taken.

2022-2 Violation of State Statutes (initial citing)

Criteria: Pursuant to Louisiana Revised Statutes 24:513 and 24:514, all annual

audits must be completed and submitted to the Legislative Auditor

within six months of the close of the auditee's fiscal year.

Condition: The Village's annual audit for the fiscal year ended December 31,

2022 was not submitted to the Legislative Auditor within six months

of the end of the fiscal year.

Cause: The requests for extensions were made due to delays in receiving the

actuarial services GASB report provided by an actuarial consultant. Another issue involved correlation of information between auditee,

auditor, and consulting CPA.

Effect: The Village is in violation of the statutes.

The Louisiana Audit Advisory Council approved the final threemonth request for a non-emergency extension through March 31,

2024.

Recommendation: All information required by the auditor should be timely provided

from auditee or consultants. Such action should begin as soon as

possible after the auditee's year end.

Management's response and planned cor-

rective action: We concur in the finding and expect to timely file the audit for the

fiscal year ended December 31, 2023.

Section III - Management Letter

None issued.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Section II- Financial Statement Findings

2021-1 Inadequate Segregation of Duties

Adequate segregation of duties is essential to a proper internal control structure.

Unresolved - 2022-1.

Section III- Management Letter

None issued.

HILL, INZINA & COMPANY

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of Board of Aldermen of Village of Mer Rouge, Louisiana and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor:

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUP) for the fiscal period January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022. The Village of Mer Rouge, Louisiana's ("Village") management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUP.

The Village has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUP for the fiscal period January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

Written Policies and Procedures

- 1. Obtain and inspect the Village's written policies and procedures and observe that they address each of the following categories and subcategories (if applicable to public funds and the Village's operations):
 - a) **Budgeting**, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.
 - b) *Purchasing*, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.
 - c) *Disbursements*, including processing, reviewing, and approving.
 - d) *Receipts/Collections*, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g. periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff

- procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).
- e) *Payroll/Personnel*, including (1) payroll processing, and (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee(s) rate of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.
- f) *Contracting*, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.
- g) *Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable)*, including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).
- h) *Travel and expense reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.
- i) *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the Commission's ethics policy.
- j) **Debt Service**, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/Electronic Municipal Market Access (EMMA) reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.
- k) *Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity*, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.
- l) *Prevention of Sexual Harassment*, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.
 - **The Village had written policies and procedures addressing the specifics relative to all of the given subjects except for items j) and k).

- 2. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the Village's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:
 - a) Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on frequency in accordance with the Village's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
 - **The board of aldermen met at least monthly during the fiscal period.
 - a) For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe whether the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds.
 - **The board reviewed several different financial documents presented by the clerk, one of which was the budget-to-actual comparisons for all funds. The board's discussion of the financial information was documented in the minutes.
 - b) For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.
 - **The general fund did not have a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year's audit report.
 - c) Observe whether the board/finance committee received written updates of the progress of resolving audit finding(s), according to management's corrective action plan, at each meeting until the findings were considered fully resolved.
 - ** There was only one previous audit finding with no suggested corrective action recommended by the auditor due to economic feasibility.

- 3. Obtain a listing of the Village's bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the Village's main operating account. Select the Village's main operating account and randomly four additional accounts (or all accounts if less that five). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:
 - a) Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within two months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged).
 - **Four of five of the selected bank reconciliations included evidence that they were prepared within two months of the closing date. A bank reconciliation was not made available for the other selected bank account.
 - b) Bank reconciliations include evidence that a member of management/juror who did not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks had reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged).
 - ** There was no evidence that a member of management/board member (with no involvement in the transactions associated with the bank accounts) had reviewed any of the reconciliations. However, the Village is under contract with a certified public accountant (CPA) consultant who performs procedures quarterly including reviewing bank reconciliations and bank statements. The consultant issues a report to the board of aldermen stating that bank reconciliations and bank statements have been reviewed.
 - c) Management has documentation reflecting it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.
 - **No items outstanding for more than 12 months were noted.

Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)

- 4. Obtain a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select five deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than five).
 - **Management of the Village provided a listing of deposit sites and representation that the listing was complete.
- 5. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (i.e. five collection locations for five deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:
 - a) Employees responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers.

- **The Village had only one collection location with all funds being received by the clerk or part-time employees who worked only in the clerk's absence. A single cash drawer was maintained.
- b) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g., pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit.
 - **The Village's clerk and part-time employees were all responsible for preparing/making bank deposits without reconciliation by another employee/official.
- c) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.
 - **The Village's clerk and part-time employees were responsible for collecting cash and the clerk was responsible for posting collection entries with reconciliation of a sample by the CPA consultant.
- d) The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions, are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee verifies the reconciliation.
 - **The Village's clerk collected cash and reconciled to the general ledger with the CPA consultant verifying only a sample.
- 6. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe the bond or insurance policy for theft was enforced during the fiscal period.
 - **Management provided a copy of the insurance policy that was enforced during the fiscal period covering the "bookkeeper".
- 7. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the five bank accounts selected for procedure #3 under "Bank Reconciliations" above (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Obtain supporting documentation for each of the ten deposits and:
 - a) Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.
 - **Sequentially pre-numbered receipts were used by the Village.
 - b) Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.
 - **Collection documentation was traced to the deposit slips.
 - c) Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.
 - **Deposit slip totals agreed with the actual deposit per the bank statement.

- d) Observe the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than ten miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).
 - **All of the deposits were made within one business day of receipt except for one. The collection location was not more than ten miles from the depository but the deposit total was less than \$100. The cash was stored securely in a locked safe or drawer.
- e) Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.
 - **The deposits were traced from the bank statement to the general ledger.

Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

- 8. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select five locations (or all locations if less than five).
- 9. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that:
 - a) At least two employees were involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase.
 - **Job duties were not properly segregated.
 - b) At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.
 - **Job duties were not properly segregated as to processing payments but at least two employees were involved in approving payments.
 - c) The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.
 - **Job duties were not properly segregated.
 - d) Either the employee or official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.
 - **Job duties were not properly segregated.
 - e) Only employees/officials authorized to sign checks approve the electronic disbursement (release) of funds, whether through automated clearinghouse (ACH), electronic funds transfer (EFT), wire transfer, or some other electronic means.
 - **Only employees authorized to sign checks approved the electronic release of funds.

- 10. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain the Village's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select five disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction, and:
 - a) Observe whether the disbursement matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates deliverables included on the invoice were received by the Village.
 - **The five randomly selected disbursements matched the related original invoice/ statement. All did not have supporting documentation indicated deliverables were received.
 - b) Observe whether the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #9, as applicable.
 - **The mayor or a board member did not initial all of the supporting documentation prior to co-signing the checks with the clerk.
 - c) Using the Village's main operating account and the month selected in Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A, randomly select five non-payroll-related electronic disbursements (or all electronic disbursements if less than five) and observe that each electronic disbursement was (1) approved by only those persons authorized to disburse funds (e.g., sign checks) per the Village's policy, and (2) approved by the required number of authorized signers per the Village's policy. Note: If no electronic payments were made from the main operating account during the month selected, the practitioner should select an alternative month and/or account for testing that does include electronic disbursements.
 - **No electronic disbursements were noted in any accounts or months that were not payroll related.

Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/Purchase Cards

- 11. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and purchase cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.
 - **Management of the Village provided a listing of all active cards and representation that the listing was complete.
- 12. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select five cards (or all cards if less than five) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or

combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement), obtain supporting documentation, and:

- a) Observe that there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) was reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved), by someone other than the authorized card holder.
 - **The selected statements were reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the authorized cardholder.
- b) Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.
 - **No finance charges or late fees were assessed on the selected statements. But sales taxes were paid on some individual invoices.
- 13. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select ten transactions (or all transactions if less than ten) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (i.e. each card should have ten transactions subject to testing). For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (a) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (b) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (c) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only).
 - **All of the selected transactions were not supported by original receipts itemizing what was purchased but of those that were supported by receipts, the business/public purpose was apparent from the detailed descriptions. None of the transactions were for meal charges.

Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

- 14. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select five reimbursements, obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the five reimbursements selected:
 - a) If reimbursed using a per diem, observe the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www. gsa.gov).
 - **All reimbursements were per diems for meals and incidental expenses. Employees were paid \$125 per day for all days including days traveling to and from location, and whether meals were served at the conference or not. On one occasion, \$125 was paid for a day before the convention started the next day at noon. Travel time to this location was approximately 3.5 hours.
 - b) Observe each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those

individuals participating) and other documentation required by written policy (procedure #1h).

- **The business/public purpose of each reimbursement was supported by written documentation.
- c) Observe each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.
 - ** Each reimbursement was appropriately reviewed and approved.

Contracts

- 15. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select five agreements/contracts (or all if less than five) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and:
 - a) Observe whether the agreement/contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.
 - ****Management of the Village asserted that no contracts were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period.
 - b) Observe whether the agreements/contracts were approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g., Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter).
 - **See a. above.
 - c) If the agreement/contract was amended (e.g., change order), observe the original agreement/contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the agreement/contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, was approval documented).
 - **See a. above.
 - d) Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the five agreements/contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the agreement/contract terms, and observe the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the agreement/contract.
 - **See a. above.

Payroll and Personnel

16. Obtain a listing of employees and elected officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select five employees or

- officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.
- 17. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the five employees or officials selected under #16 above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:
 - a) Observe that all selected employees or officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory).
 - **The Village does not maintain records for sick leave and employees do not earn compensatory time.
 - **Three of the five selected employees were salaried police officers and only documented and were paid for extra shifts worked. No extra shifts were documented or paid for during the pay period selected. The other two selected employees documented their daily attendance and leave.
 - b) Observe whether supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials.
 - **The two non-salaried employees' supervisors approved the attendance and leave.
 - c) Observe any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the Village's cumulative leave records.
 - ** Cumulative leave records for all selected employees were manually maintained by the Village's clerk.
 - d) Observe the rate paid to the employees or officials agree to the authorized salary/pay rate.
 - **Amounts paid agreed to salary/pay rates that were manually documented by the Village's clerk.
- 18. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials, obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations, and the Village's policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee or official's authorized pay rates in the employee or official's personnel file, and agree the termination payment to Village's policy.
 - **Management of the Village asserted that the only employees that were terminated during the period were part-time.
- 19. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.
 - **Management of the Village asserted that payroll related amounts were paid and associated forms were timely filed.

Ethics

- 20. Using the five randomly selected employees or officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, obtain ethics documentation from management, and:
 - a) Observe whether the documentation demonstrates that each employee or official completed one hour of ethics training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:1170.
 - **Documentation was provided that two of the five selected employees completed one hour of ethics training during the calendar year.
 - b) Observe whether the Village maintained documentation which demonstrated that each employee or official was notified of any changes to the Village's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.
 - **Management of the Village asserted that no changes were made to its ethics policy during the fiscal period.
 - c) Inquire and/or observe whether the Village appointed an ethics designee as required by R.S. 42:1170.
 - **The Village did not appoint an ethics designee.

Debt Service

- 21. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued as required by Article VII, Section 8 of the Louisiana Constitution.
 - **Management of the Village asserted that no debt instruments were issued during the fiscal period.
- 22. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).
 - **Management of the Village asserted that no bonds/notes were outstanding at the end of the fiscal period.

Fraud Notice

23. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriation(s) on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the Village reported the

- misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the Village is domiciled as required by R.S. 24:523.
- **The Village's management asserted that there were no misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period.
- 24. Observe that the Village has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.
 - **Management of the Village asserted that the notice was not posted. The Village did not have a website.

Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

- 25. Perform the following procedures and verbally discuss the results with management.
 - a) Obtain and inspect the Village's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe that such backup (1) occurred with the past week, (2) were not stored on the Village's local server or network, and (3) were encrypted.
 - b) Obtain and inspect the Village's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past three months.
 - c) Obtain a listing of the Village's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select five computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.
 - **We performed the procedures and discussed the results with management.
 - d) Randomly select five terminated employees (or all terminated employees if less than five) using the list of terminated employees obtained in procedure #18 under "Payroll and Personnel". Observe evidence that the selected terminated employees were removed or disabled from the network.
 - **Management asserted that no full-time employees were terminated during the period. Part-time employees were not removed or disabled from the payroll system because same part-time employees are used seasonally from year to year.

- 26. Using the five randomly selected employees or officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management and observe the documentation demonstrates each employee or official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:343.
 - **Documentation was not provided to verify that any of the five employees completed one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year.
 - 27. Observe the Village had posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the Village's premises if the Village did not have a website).
 - **Management of the Village asserted that its policy and procedure were not posted. The Village did not have a website.
 - 28. Obtain the Village's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe that the report includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344.
 - a) Number and percentage of public servants in the Village who have completed the training requirements.
 - Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the Village.
 - c) Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred.
 - d) Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action
 - e) Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.
 - **The Village's annual sexual harassment report was not filed for the current fiscal period.

We were engaged by the Village to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUP. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the Village and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUP, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

/s/ Hill, Inzina & Co.

Bastrop, Louisiana

March 19, 2024

Management's Response

Management will consider the results of the statewide agreed-upon procedures report and take action as deemed necessary and feasible.