

JOHN K. KELLY GRAND BAYOU RESERVOIR COMMISSION

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

DECEMBER 31, 2022

John K. Kelly Grand Bayou Reservoir Commission
Annual Financial Report
December 31, 2022

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JOHN K. KELLY GRAND BAYOU RESERVOIR COMMISSION
Coushatta, Louisiana

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2022

As management of the John K. Kelly Grand Bayou Reservoir Commission, Coushatta, Louisiana, (hereafter referred to as the "Commission") we offer the readers of the Commission's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Commission as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022. This document focuses on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the Commission's basic financial statements and supplementary information provided in this report in assessing the efficiency and effectiveness of our stewardship of public resources.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Commission experienced a decrease in its net position of 4.57% (\$231,120) during the year ended December 31, 2022 compared to a decrease of 1.54% (\$78,900) for the prior year.
- Overall revenues increased \$16,945 (2.17%) from \$781,573 in 2021 to \$798,518 for the year ended December 31, 2022.
- Program revenue increased \$5,089 (0.95%) for the year ended December 31, 2022, to \$543,002 from \$537,913 during the prior year.
- Levied ad valorem taxes increased \$12,567 (5.16%) to \$255,909 in 2022 compared to \$243,342 for year ended December 31, 2021.
- Expenses increased \$169,165 (19.66%) to \$1,029,638 for the year ending December 31, 2022, from \$860,473 during the prior year. This increase is primarily the result of increased payroll expenses due to additional personnel being hired and higher wages being paid. Additionally, significant repairs and maintenance projects have been addressed during the year.
- As of December 31, 2022, the assets of the Commission exceeded its liabilities by \$4,826,790. Of this amount, \$614,605 or 12.73% is reported as "unrestricted net position" and represents the amount available to be used to meet the Commission's ongoing obligations to the citizens of Red River Parish. This compares to \$750,164 or 14.83% available at December 31, 2021.
- During the year ended December 31, 2022 the Commission purchased \$178,290 in capital assets for the resort and completed \$108,130 in repairs and maintenance.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

John K. Kelly Grand Bayou Reservoir Commission is a special-purpose government engaged in only one business-type activity, and therefore required to report as a proprietary fund. This business-type function is normally intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges to external users of goods and services. The business-type activity of the Commission consists primarily of the rental of lodging and recreational facilities to the general public.

The minimum requirements for the John K. Kelly Grand Bayou Reservoir Commission's basic financial statements established by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34, *Basic Financial Statements--and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments* consists of three sections—1) Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section) 2) the basic financial statements (including the notes to the financial statements), and 3) required supplementary information.

The required basic financial statement components are described below:

Basic Financial Statements

- The **Statement of Net Position** presents all of the Commission's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as "net position". Over time, increases or decreases in the Commission's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Commission is improving or deteriorating.
- The **Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position** presents information showing how the Commission's net position changed during the most recent year using the full accrual basis of accounting. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Therefore, some of the revenues and some expenses that are reported in this statement will not result in cash flows until future years.
- The purpose of the **Statement of Cash Flows** is to provide relevant information about the cash receipts and cash payments of any entity during a period. Together with other information this will help the user assess the Commission's ability to generate future net cash flows and meet future obligations as they become due.
- The **Notes to the Financial Statements** provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the three basic financial statements.

Other Supplementary Information

The Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer is presented to fulfil the requirements of Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513(A)(3).

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF ENTITY

Net Position

The Commission's net position totaled \$4,826,790 and \$5,057,910 at the end of the fiscal years 2022 and 2021, respectively.

	Statements of Net Position	
	December 31,	
	2022	2021
Current and Other Assets	\$ 659,830	\$ 775,094
Capital Assets- net	4,212,185	4,307,746
Total Assets	4,872,015	5,082,840
Total Current Liabilities	45,225	24,930
Net Position:		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	4,212,185	4,307,746
Unrestricted	614,605	750,164
Total Net Position	\$ 4,826,790	\$ 5,057,910

At December 31, 2022, \$4,212,185 (87.27%) of the Commission's net position reflects the Commission's investment in capital assets such as land, buildings, equipment, water and sewer plant and improvements, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Commission uses these capital assets to provide services to the general public; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

The other portion of the Commission's net position, \$614,605 (12.73%) is unrestricted and may be used to meet the Commission's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors at the discretion of the board of commissioners.

Changes in Net Position

The Commission's net position decreased \$231,120 (4.57%) and decreased 78,900 (1.54%) during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Statements of Activities
For the years ended December 31,

	2022	2021
Revenues:		
Program revenues:		
Charges for Services	\$ 543,002	\$ 537,913
General revenues:		
Ad valorem taxes	255,909	243,342
Gain (loss) on sale of Assets	(400)	-
Miscellaneous	-	279
Interest	7	39
Total revenues	798,518	781,573
Expenses:		
Recreation	1,029,638	860,473
Total expenses	1,029,638	860,473
Change in net position	(231,120)	(78,900)
Net position-beginning	5,057,910	5,136,810
Net position-ending	\$ 4,826,790	\$ 5,057,910

CAPITAL ASSET ADMINISTRATION

The Commission's investment in capital assets as of December 31, 2022, totaled \$9,932,691, net of accumulated depreciation of \$5,720,506, leaving a book value of \$4,212,185. This investment in capital assets consists of land, buildings, equipment, water and sewer plant, and improvements. Depreciation charges for the year 2022 totaled \$273,451 compared to \$269,590 for the prior year.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The Commission considered the following factors and indicators when setting next year's budget, rates and fees. These factors and indicators include:

1. Grand Bayou increased prices for all rental types to address rising costs.
2. Increasing costs for supplies and labor.
3. Ad valorem taxes revenues to be stable.
4. Stable repairs and maintenance expenses.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the finances of the Commission and seeks to demonstrate the Commission's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the David Pickett, Manager, John K. Kelly Grand Bayou Reservoir Commission, 5286 Highway 784, Coushatta, Louisiana 71019 or by calling (318)932-0066.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

John K. Kelly Grand Bayou Reservoir Commission
Coushatta, Louisiana

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and major fund of the John K. Kelly Grand Bayou Reservoir Commission (the Commission), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and major fund of the Commission as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the *Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Commission and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statements date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis (pages 1 through 4) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 2, 2023, on our consideration of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the requirements of the Louisiana Legislative Auditor, we have issued a report, dated August 2, 2023, on the results of our state wide agreed-upon procedures performed in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in *Government Auditing Standards*. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those control and compliance areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's state wide agreed-upon procedures, and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance.

Thomas, Cunningham, Broadway & Todtenbier, CPA's

Thomas, Cunningham, Broadway & Todtenbier, CPA's
Natchitoches, Louisiana

August 2, 2023

Statement A

JOHN K. KELLY GRAND BAYOU RESERVOIR COMMISSION
Coushatta, Louisiana

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
December 31, 2022

ASSETS

Current Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 378,339
Ad valorem tax receivable	272,118
Prepaid expenses	9,308
Total current assets	<u>659,765</u>
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital assets, net of depreciation	4,212,185
Deposits	65
Total noncurrent assets	<u>4,212,250</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 4,872,015</u>

LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION**LIABILITIES**

Current Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 36,939
Sales tax payable	2,817
Payroll taxes payable	5,469
Total current liabilities	<u>45,225</u>
Total liabilities	<u>45,225</u>

NET POSITION

Net investment in capital assets	4,212,185
Unrestricted	614,605
Total net position	<u>4,826,790</u>
Total Liabilities and Net Position	<u>\$ 4,872,015</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.
See the accompanying independent auditor's report.

Statement B

JOHN K. KELLY GRAND BAYOU RESERVOIR COMMISSION
Coushatta, Louisiana

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
For the year ended December 31, 2022

PROGRAM REVENUE	
Service fees and rental income	\$ 543,002
Total operating revenue	<u>543,002</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Advertising	3,234
Fuel	8,008
Insurance	52,800
Office supplies	11,680
Repairs and maintenance	108,130
Utilities	141,038
Legal and professional	23,861
Small equipment and supplies	43,262
Salaries	309,348
Payroll taxes	29,193
Depreciation	273,451
General and administrative	16,652
Pension Plan Costs	8,981
Total operating expenses	<u>1,029,638</u>
Operating income (loss)	(486,636)
GENERAL REVENUES	
Ad valorem taxes	255,909
Interest income	7
Total nonoperating income	<u>255,916</u>
Change in net position before other financing sources (uses)	(230,720)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	<u>(400)</u>
Change in net position	(231,120)
Net position, beginning of year	<u>5,057,910</u>
Net position, end of year	<u>\$ 4,826,790</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.
See the accompanying independent auditor's report.

Statement C

JOHN K. KELLY GRAND BAYOU RESERVOIR COMMISSION
Coushatta, Louisiana

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
For the year ended December 31, 2022

Cash flow from operating activities:	
Receipts from customers	\$ 543,002
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(386,076)
Cash payments to employees for services	<u>(349,605)</u>
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(192,679)</u>
 Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Acquisition of capital assets	(178,290)
Ad Valorem tax receipts	<u>239,943</u>
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	<u>61,653</u>
 Cash flows from investing activities:	
Interest income	<u>7</u>
Net cash from investing activities	<u>7</u>
 Net change in cash	(131,019)
 Cash, beginning of year	<u>509,358</u>
 Cash, end of year	<u><u>\$ 378,339</u></u>
 Reconciliation of operating income to cash used in operating activities:	
Operating loss	\$ (486,636)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:	
Depreciation expense	273,451
(Increase) Decrease in prepaid expenses	211
Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable	22,478
Increase (Decrease) in sales tax payable	(100)
Increase (Decrease) in payroll taxes payable	<u>(2,083)</u>
Net cash flows from operating activities	<u><u>\$ (192,679)</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.
See the accompanying independent auditor's report.

JOHN K. KELLY GRAND BAYOU RESERVOIR COMMISSION
Coushatta, Louisiana

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

The John K. Kelly Grand Bayou Reservoir Commission (the Commission), which was originally named the Black Lake Bayou Recreation and Water Conservation Commission of Red River Parish, was established by Act 474 of 1958 containing R.S. 38:2701 through 38:2717 of the Louisiana Legislature. The Commission is located in Red River Parish with the purpose of development of the wealth and natural resources of the area by the conservation of soil and water for agricultural, recreational, commercial, industrial, and sanitary purposes. The Commission is a political subdivision of the State of Louisiana and is governed by a board of seven (7) commissioners appointed by the governor for a five (5) year term. Members of the board of commissioners receive no compensation for their services.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

In April of 1984, the Financial Accounting Foundation established the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) to promulgate generally accepted accounting principles and reporting standards with respect to activities and transactions of state and local governmental entities. The GASB has issued a Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards (GASB Codification). This codification and subsequent GASB pronouncements are recognized as generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with these principles.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

For financial reporting purposes, the Commission is considered a special-purpose government engaged only in business-type activities (enterprise fund type). GASB No. 34, paragraph 66 indicates that reporting should focus on determining operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. GASB No. 34, paragraph 91 lists the following required financial statements for an enterprise fund type: 1) statement of net position, 2) statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position, and 3) statement of cash flows.

The Commission's financial statements have been presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred. Application of the accrual basis of accounting may, at times, require use of certain private sector standards issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) prior to November 30, 1989. In determining which of those standards to apply, the Commission follows the guidance included in GASB Statement No. 62- *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained In Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA*.

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the Commission. All other revenues are reported as general revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the Commission.

Revenue Recognition

Revenues are recognized using the full-accrual basis of accounting, therefore, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable.

JOHN K. KELLY GRAND BAYOU RESERVOIR COMMISSION
Coushatta, Louisiana

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus (continued)

Expense Recognition

Expenses are recognized on the accrual basis, therefore, expenses, including salaries, are recognized in the period incurred, if measurable.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where applicable, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. Uncollectible accounts receivable are recognized as bad debts through the establishment of an allowance account at the time information becomes available which would indicate the uncollectibility of the particular receivable. Substantially all receivables are considered to be fully collectible, and no allowance for uncollectibles is considered necessary. At December 31, 2022, the Commission's accounts receivable consist of ad valorem taxes due.

Prepaid Expenses

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2022, are recorded as prepaid expenses.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are carried at historical costs. Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets used by the Commission is charged as an expense against operations in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, are reported on the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is computed using the straight line method over the estimated useful life of the assets, generally 10 to 40 years for buildings and building improvements and 5 to 10 years for moveable property. Expenditures for maintenance, repairs, and minor renewals are charged to expenses as incurred. Major expenditures for renewals and betterments are capitalized.

Compensated Absences

Full-time employees of the Commission earn one to two weeks of annual leave, depending on length of service, and one week of sick leave each year. Unused annual leave does not carry over from one year to the next. Fifteen days of sick leave can be accumulated or carried over from one year to the next, but is not paid out upon termination of employment. Therefore, no liability for compensated absences has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

Restricted Net Position

GASB No. 34, paragraph 98 requires net position to be reported in the following three components:

1. Investment in capital assets, net of related debt – consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. At December 31, 2022, the Commission did not have any debt balances.

JOHN K. KELLY GRAND BAYOU RESERVOIR COMMISSION
Coushatta, Louisiana

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Restricted Net Position (continued)

2. Restricted net position – net position with constraints placed on the use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. At December 31, 2022, the Commission did not have any restricted balances.
3. Unrestricted – all other net position is reported in this category.

The Commission typically uses restricted funds first, followed by unrestricted funds when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in either of these classifications could be used.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include demand deposits at local financial institutions with a carrying value of \$378,339 at December 31, 2022. Deposits in financial institutions can be exposed to custodial credit risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the Commission's deposits may not be returned to them. To mitigate this risk, state law requires deposits to be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent financial institution. As of December 31, 2022, the Commission's bank balance totals \$377,329 and is secured from risk by FDIC insurance of \$250,000 and \$127,329 of pledged marketable securities held by the custodial bank with a market value of \$811,480.

3. LEVIED TAXES

The John K Kelly Grand Bayou Reservoir Commission levies taxes on real and business property located within the boundaries of Red River Parish. Property taxes are levied by the Commission on property values assessed by the Red River Parish Tax Assessor and approved by the State of Louisiana Tax Commission. The Red River Sheriff's office bills and collects property taxes for the Commission. Collections are remitted to the Commission monthly. The Commission recognizes property tax revenues when levied.

The property tax calendar:

Assessment date	January 1, 2022
Levy date	June 30, 2022
Tax bills mailed	October 15, 2022
Total taxes are due	December 31, 2022
Penalties & interest added	January 31, 2023
Tax sale	May 15, 2023

JOHN K. KELLY GRAND BAYOU RESERVOIR COMMISSION
Coushatta, Louisiana

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2022

3. LEVIED TAXES (continued)

The Commission has authorized ad valorem tax millage of 1.04 mill and levied taxes of 1.04 mill for 2022. This tax is dedicated for the purpose of maintaining, operating, and supporting the Grand Bayou Resort, including acquiring, constructing, improving, maintaining, and operating facilities, equipment, and programs, and assisting Wildlife and Fisheries in controlling aquatic vegetation in Grand Bayou Reservoir. This tax expires in November, 2026. Revaluation of all property is required to be completed no less than every four years. The last revaluation was completed for the roll of January 1, 2020. Total assessed value in the Commission's district was \$246,066,790 in 2022. Louisiana state law exempts the first \$75,000 of assessed value of a taxpayer's primary residence from parish property taxes. This homestead exemption was a total of \$11,912,290 in 2022. Total of ad valorem tax revenues recognized in 2022 by the Commission was \$255,909.

The Louisiana Industrial Ad Valorem Tax Exemption program (Louisiana Administrative Code, Title 13, Chapter 5) is a state incentive program which abates, up to ten years, local ad valorem taxes on a manufacturer's new investment and annual capitalized additions related to the manufacturing site. Applications to exempt qualified property for five years are approved by the Louisiana Economic Development's Board of Commerce and Industry. The exemption may be renewed for an additional five years. Under agreements entered into by the State of Louisiana, through the Louisiana Industrial Ad Valorem Tax Exemption program, the Commission's ad valorem tax revenues were reduced by \$175 for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2022.

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of the Commission's capital assets at December 31, 2022 follows:

	Balance December 31, 2021	Additions	Disposals/ Reclassification	Balance December 31, 2022
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 93,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 93,000
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and building improvements	9,472,448	58,574	-	9,531,022
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	200,202	119,716	(11,249)	308,669
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>9,672,650</u>	<u>178,290</u>	<u>(11,249)</u>	<u>9,839,691</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and building improvements	5,291,113	254,069	-	5,545,182
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	166,791	19,382	(10,849)	175,324
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>5,457,904</u>	<u>273,451</u>	<u>(10,849)</u>	<u>5,720,506</u>
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 4,307,746</u>	<u>\$ (95,161)</u>	<u>\$ (400)</u>	<u>\$ 4,212,185</u>

5. LEASES

The Commission has one active lease that is now operating on a month-to-month basis.

JOHN K. KELLY GRAND BAYOU RESERVOIR COMMISSION
Coushatta, Louisiana

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2022

6. RISK MANAGEMENT/LITIGATION

The Commission is exposed to various risks of loss related to limited torts, theft of or damage to and destruction of assets, and errors and omissions. To handle some of the risk, the Commission maintains surety bond coverage. No settled claims from these risks have exceeded insurance coverage in the last three years. There were no significant changes to insurance coverage during the year ended December 31, 2022. The Commission was not involved in any litigation at December 31, 2022.

7. COMPENSATION PAID TO BOARD MEMBERS

The members of the Board of Commissioners of the John K. Kelly Grand Bayou Reservoir Commission receive no compensation for their services. At December 31, 2022, the members of the Board were as follows:

Peggy A. McCoy, Chairman
Antony D. Thomas, Vice-Chairman
Faerie Sledge, Secretary
Anita S. Hinds
Noel Jones
Rebecca Craig
7th seat is open

8. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has performed an evaluation of the Commission's activities through August 2, 2023, and has concluded that there are no significant events requiring recognition or disclosure through the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Schedule 1

JOHN K. KELLY GRAND BAYOU RESERVOIR COMMISSION
Coushatta, Louisiana

SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS AND OTHER PAYMENTS
TO AGENCY HEAD OR CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

For the year ended December 31, 2022

	1/1/2022-7/19/2022	7/20/22-12/31/2022
	<u>Rene' Albright</u>	<u>David Pickett</u>
Park Manager		
Purpose:		
Salary	\$ 25,038	\$ 19,900
Benefits-insurance	-	-
Benefits- retirement	-	-
Payroll taxes employer	2,001	1,610
Car allowance	-	-
Vehicle provided by government	-	-
Vehicle Per diem	1,120	1,150
Reimbursements	-	1,589
Travel	-	-
Registration fees	-	-
Conference travel	-	-
Continuing professional education fees	-	-
Housing	-	-
Unvouchered expenses	-	-
Special meals	-	-

Supplemental information.
See the accompanying independent auditor's report.

T | C | B | T
THOMAS, CUNNINGHAM, BROADWAY & TODTENBIER
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE
WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

John K. Kelly Grand Bayou Reservoir Commission
Coushatta, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the *Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide*, the financial statements of the business-type activities and major fund as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the John K. Kelly Grand Bayou Reservoir Commission’s (Commission) basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 2, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Commission’s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission’s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission’s internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. *A material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity’s financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Commission's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Thomas, Cunningham, Broadway & Todtenbier, CPA's

Thomas, Cunningham, Broadway & Todtenbier, CPA's
Natchitoches, Louisiana

August 2, 2023

John K. Kelly Grand Bayou Reservoir Commission
 Schedule of Audit Findings
 Year Ended December 31, 2022

I. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

The following summarize the audit results:

1. An unmodified opinion was issued on the financial statements of the John K. Kelly Grand Bayou Reservoir Commission as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022.
2. The audit disclosed no material weaknesses in internal control.
3. The audit disclosed no instances of noncompliance required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

II. FINDINGS IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

None identified.

III. PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

Internal Control-

2021-01 Inadequate Segregation of Duties

Condition – The manager initiates purchase orders, approves the purchase orders and invoices, generates the checks, and is an authorized signatory on the checking account. The manager also completes the functions of posting the billings, collections, and making bank deposits, as well as reconciling the billing software to the general ledger. There are established policies that all checks require dual signatures including the manager and one of the commissioners. An outside bookkeeper reviews the cancelled checks on the bank statements to determine dual signatures are present and prepares monthly bank reconciliations. The bank statements are delivered directly to the office of the manager before the outside bookkeeper gets them, although we are told that they are not opened.

Status – This condition was cleared at December 31, 2022.

2021-02 Inadequate Design of Internal Control over Financial Statement Preparation

Condition – Transactions are not recorded to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP.

Status – This condition was cleared at December 31, 2022.

Compliance-

2021-03 Noncompliance with the Louisiana Code of Governmental Ethics

Condition – One board member of the Commission did not complete the required training on the Code of Governmental Ethics.

Status – This condition was cleared at December 31, 2022.

John K. Kelly Grand Bayou Reservoir Commission
Schedule of Audit Findings (continued)
Year Ended December 31, 2022

2021-04 Noncompliance with Internal Revenue Service Requirements

Condition – Several 1099 eligible vendors were not sent 1099's as required by the Internal Revenue Service.

Status – This condition was cleared at December 31, 2022.

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**INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT’S REPORT ON APPLYING
STATEWIDE AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES**

To the John K. Kelly Grand Bayou Reservoir Commission and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor:

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor’s (LLA’s) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022. The John K. Kelly Grand Bayou Reservoir Commission’s (Commission) management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

The Commission has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA’s SAUPs for the fiscal period January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed many not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

Written Policies and Procedures

1. We obtained and inspected the entity’s written policies and procedures and observed that they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and the operations:
 - ***Budgeting***, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.
 - ***Purchasing***, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the public bid law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.
 - ***Disbursements***, including processing, reviewing, and approving.
 - ***Receipts/Collections***, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management’s actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g. periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation.)

- **Payroll/Personnel**, including (1) payroll processing, and (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee(s) rate of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.
- **Contracting**, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.
- **Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, purchase cards, if applicable)**, including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).
- **Travel and expense reimbursement**, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.
- **Ethics**, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.
- **Debt Service**, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.
- **Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity**, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.
- **Sexual Harassment**, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

Procedure Results: No exceptions were noted as a result of these procedures.

Board or Finance Committee

2. We obtained and inspected the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent documents in effect during the fiscal period, and:
 - Observed that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
 - Observed that the minutes referenced or included quarterly budget-to-actual comparisons on the proprietary fund.
 - Obtained the prior year audit report and observed the unrestricted net position in the General Fund. If the General Fund had a negative ending unrestricted net position in the prior year audit report, observed that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unrestricted net position in the General Fund.

- Observed whether the board/finance committee received written updates of the progress of resolving audit finding(s), according to management's corrective action plan at each meeting until the findings are considered fully resolved.

Procedure Results: No exceptions were noted as a result of these procedures.

Bank Reconciliations

3. We obtained a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Management identified the entity's main operating account. We selected the entity's main operating account and randomly selected 4 additional accounts (or all if less than 5). We randomly selected one month from the fiscal period, obtained and inspected the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for the selected accounts, and observed that:
 - Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within two months of the related statement closing date (e.g. initialed and dated, electronically logged);
 - Bank reconciliations included written evidence that a member of management or a board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g. initialed and dated, electronically logged); and
 - Management has documentation reflecting that it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

Procedure Results: No exceptions were noted as a result of these procedures.

Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)

4. We obtained a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/check/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).
5. We obtained a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected one collection location for each deposit site selected. We obtained and inspected written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, then inquired of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observed that job duties were properly segregated at each collection location such that:
 - Employees that are responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers.
 - Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g. pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit.
 - Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.
 - The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions, are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.
6. We obtained from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. We observed that the bond or insurance policy for theft was in force during the fiscal period.

7. We randomly selected two deposit dates for each of the bank accounts selected for procedure #3 under “Bank Reconciliations” above (selected the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly selected a deposit if multiple deposits were made on the same day). We obtained supporting documentation for each of the deposits selected and:
- We observed that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.
 - We traced sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.
 - We traced the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.
 - We observed that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).
 - We traced the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

Procedure Results: No exceptions were noted as a result of these procedures.

Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

8. We obtained a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management’s representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected the required amount of disbursement locations (or all locations if less than 5).
9. For each location selected under #8 above, obtained a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. We obtained written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, then inquired of employees about their job duties), and we observed that job duties are properly segregated such that:
- At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order or making the purchase.
 - At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.
 - The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.
 - Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.
 - Only employees/officials authorized to sign checks approved the electronic disbursement (release) of funds, whether through automated clearinghouse (ACH), electronic funds transfer (EFT), wire transfer, or some electronic means.
10. For each location selected under #8 above, we obtained the entity’s non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtained management’s representation that the population is complete. We randomly selected 5 disbursements for each location, and obtained supporting documentation for each transaction and:

- We observed that the disbursement, whether paper or electronic means, matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates that deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity.
 - We observed whether the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #9, as applicable.
11. Using the entity's main operating account and the month selected in procedure #3 under Bank Reconciliations, we randomly selected 5 non-payroll-related electronic disbursements (or all electronic disbursements if less than 5) and observed that each electronic disbursement was (a) approved by only those persons authorized to disburse funds (e.g., sign checks) per the entity's policy, and (b) approved by the required number of authorized signers per the entity's policy. If no electronic payments were made from the main operating account during the month selected, we selected an alternative month and/or account for testing that does include electronic disbursements.

Procedure Results: No exceptions were noted as a result of these procedures.

Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/Purchase Cards (Cards)

12. We obtained from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and purchase cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. We obtained management's representation that the listing is complete.
13. Using the listing prepared by management, we randomly selected the required amount of cards (up to five) that were used during the fiscal period. We randomly selected one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly selected one monthly bank statement), and obtained supporting documentation, and:
- We observed that there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) was reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved), by someone other than the authorized card holder.
 - We observed that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.
14. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, excluding fuel cards, we randomly selected the required amount transactions (up to ten) from each statement, and obtained supporting documentation for the transactions. For each transaction, we observed that it is supported by (a) an original itemized receipt that identified precisely what was purchased, (b) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (c) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, we described the nature of the transaction and noted whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

Procedure Results: No exceptions were noted as a result of these procedures.

Travel and Expense Reimbursement

15. We obtained from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. We randomly selected 5 reimbursements, and obtained the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:

- If reimbursed using a per diem, we observed that the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov).
- If reimbursed using actual costs, we observed that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.
- We observed that each reimbursement was supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, we observed that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by written policy (procedure #1, 8th bullet).
- We observed that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

Procedure Results: No exceptions were noted as a result of these procedures.

Contracts

16. We obtained from management a listing of all agreements/contracts (or active vendor list) for professional services, materials, and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. We obtained management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected the required amount of contracts (up to 5) from the listing, excluding our contract, and:
- We observed that the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.
 - We observed whether the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g. Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter).
 - If the contract was amended (e.g. change order), we observed that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g. if approval is required for any amendment, the document approval).
 - We randomly selected one payment from the fiscal period for each of the selected contracts, obtained the supporting invoice, agreed the invoice to the contract terms, and observed that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

Procedure Results: No exceptions were noted as a result of these procedures.

Payroll and Personnel

17. We obtained a listing of employees/elected officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected 5 employees or officials, obtained related paid salaries and personnel files, and agreed paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.
18. We randomly selected one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under #17 above, we obtained attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:
- We observed that all selected employees or officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory).

- We observed that supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials.
 - We observed that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records.
 - We observed that the rate paid to the employees or officials agree to the authorized salary/pay rate found with the personnel file.
19. We obtained a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. If applicable, we selected two employees or officials, and obtained related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. If applicable, we agreed the hours to the employee's or official's cumulative leave records, and the pay rates to the employee's or official's authorized pay rates in the employee's or official's personnel files, and the termination payment to entity policy.
20. We obtained management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g. payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

Procedure Results: No exceptions were noted as a result of these procedures.

Ethics

21. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #17 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, we obtained ethics documentation from management, and:
- We observed whether the documentation demonstrates that each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:1170.
 - We observed that the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.
22. We inquired and/or observed whether the agency has appointed an ethics designee as required by R.S. 42:1170.

Procedure Results: No exceptions were noted as a result of these procedures.

Debt Service

23. We obtained a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. We selected all debt instruments on the listing, obtained supporting documentation, and observed that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued as required by Article VII, Section 8 of the Louisiana Constitution.
24. We obtained a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected one bond/note, inspected debt covenants, obtained supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agreed actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

Procedure Results: No exceptions were noted as a result of these procedures.

Fraud Notice

25. We obtained a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. We selected all misappropriations on the listing, obtained supporting documentation, and observed that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled as required by R.S. 24:523.
26. We observed whether the entity has posted, on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

Procedure Results: No exceptions were noted as a result of these procedures.

Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

27. We performed the following procedures:
- We obtained and inspected the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if no written documentation, inquired of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observed that such backup (a) occurred within the past week, (b) was not stored on the government's local server or network, and (c) was encrypted.
 - We obtained and inspected the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if there is no written documentation, then inquired of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observed evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.
 - We obtained a listing of the entity's computers currently in use, and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected the required number of computers (at least 5) and observed while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.
28. We randomly selected 5 terminated employees (or all terminated employees if less than 5) using the list of terminated employees obtained in procedure #19, and observed evidence that the selected terminated employees have been removed or disabled from the network.

Procedure Results: We performed the procedures and discussed the results with management.

Prevention of Sexual Harassment

29. We randomly selected the employees/officials from procedure #17 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, obtained sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observed that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:343.
30. We observed that the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedures on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).
31. We obtained the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observed that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observed that it includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
- Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;

- Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;
- Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;
- Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and
- Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

Procedure Results: No exceptions were noted as a result of these procedures.

We were engaged by the Commission to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the Commission and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Thomas, Cunningham, Broadway + Todtenbier, CPA's

Thomas, Cunningham, Broadway & Todtenbier, CPA's
Natchitoches, Louisiana

August 2, 2023