Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2022

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To Honorable Taylor Mencacci, Mayor and the Members of the Board of Aldermen

Town of Erath, Louisiana

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Erath, Louisiana (the Town), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going

concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
 the Town's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Town of Erath has not presented management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The justice system funding schedules, the schedule of compensation, reimbursements, benefits, and other payments to the agency head, and schedule of compensation to board members is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, justice system funding schedules, the schedule of compensation, reimbursements, benefits, and other payments to the agency head, and schedule of compensation to board members are fairly stated, in all material respects, to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the combining nonmajor fund financial statements, the schedule of insurance in force, schedule of number of utility customers and rates, comparative statement of net position – proprietary funds, comparative statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position – proprietary funds, budgetary comparison schedule – detail of revenue – general fund, budgetary comparison schedule – detail of expenditures – general fund, and budgetary comparison schedule – special parish tax fund but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with out audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statement, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 28, 2022, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Abbeville, Louisiana December 28, 2022

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	
Carlo and income a baseline demands	Ø 531.330	¢ 1 070 724	e 2.401.072
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 521,338	\$1,969,734	\$ 2,491,072
Accrued interest receivable	24	805	829
Accounts receivable, net	-	262,423	262,423
Unbilled service receivable, net	-	30.932	30,932
Other receivables	15,235	-	15,235
Due from other governmental agencies	208,349	29,109	237,458
Internal balances	13,321	(13,321)	-
Restricted assets:			
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	-	518.575	518,575
Accrued interest receivable	-	47	47
Capital assets:			
Non-depreciable	333,388	133,222	466,610
Depreciable	2,470,437	9,800,083	12,270,520
Total assets	3,562,092	12,731,609	16,293,701
LIABILITIES			
Accounts and accrued expenses	62,838	236,293	299,131
Other payables		3,021	3,021
Retainage payable	_	3,209	3,209
Customers' deposits	_	96,252	96,252
Accrued interest payable	411	6,462	6,873
Long-term liabilities:		.,	0,072
Portion due or payable within one year -			
Revenue bonds payable	_	72,225	72,225
Certificates of indebtedness	47,000	-,	47,000
Portion due or payable after one year -	.,,		.,,
Revenue bonds payable	_	3,225,212	3,225,212
Certificates of indebtedness	100,000	<u> </u>	100,000
Total liabilities	210,249	3.642.674	3,852,923
NET POSITION			
NET POSITION	0 (5 (0 0 5		0.000.000
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	2,656,825	6,635,868	9,292,693
Tax dedications	426,251	_	426,251
Debt service	31,016	415,908	446,924
Unrestricted	237,751	2,037,159	2,274,910
	\$ 3,351,843	\$9,088,935	\$ 12,440,778
Total net position	Ψ 5,351,073	ψ <i>γ</i> ,000, <i>γ33</i>	ψ 12, 11 0,770

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Program Revenues		Net	Net (Expense) Revenue and			
			Operating	Capital	C	hange in Net Posit	ion	
		Fees, Fines, and	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type		
Activities	Expenses	Charges for Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 279,388	\$ 61,220	\$ 74,693	\$ 9,000	\$ (134,475)	\$ -	\$ (134,475)	
Public safety	977,192	37,598	532,971	15,052	(391,571)	-	(391,571)	
Public works	270,721	13,680	39,830	-	(217,211)	-	(217,211)	
Economic development and assistance	2,000	-	-	-	(2,000)	-	(2,000)	
Culture and recreation	76,202	-	30,922		(45,280)		(45,280)	
Total governmental activities	1,605,503	112,498	678,416	24,052	(790,537)	-	(790,537)	
Business-type activities:								
Electric	1,532,375	2,050,704	28,098	-	-	546,427	546,427	
Water	317,678	305,642	-	19,537	-	7,501	7,501	
Sewer	536,735	404,228		30,983		(101,524)	(101,524)	
Total business-type activities	2,386,788	2,760,574	28,098	50,520		452,404	452,404	
Total	3,992,291	2,873,072	706,514	74,572	(790,537)	452,404	(338,133)	
	General revenu	es:						
	Taxes -							
	Property ta:	Property taxes, levied for general purposes				-	21,993	
	Sales and u	se taxes, levied for genera	335,314	-	335,314			
	Franchise ta	axes			33,059	-	33,059	
	Other				10,815	-	10,815	
	Licenses and	-	108,307	-	108,307			
	Grants and co	ontributions not restricted	to specific programs	s	4,453	-	4,453	
	Interest and is	nvestment earnings			315	14,997	15,312	
	Miscellaneou	s			20,345	-	20,345	
	Transfers				518,838	(518,838)		
	Total ge	eneral revenues and transf	ers		1,053,439	(503,841)	549,598	
	Change	in net position			262,902	(51,437)	211,465	
	Net position, be	eginning			3,088,941	9,140,372	12,229,313	
	Net position, er	nding			\$ 3,351,843	\$ 9,088,935	\$12,440,778	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

		General	_S	ales Tax	Gove	Other ernmental		Total
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	126,064	\$	379,960	\$	850	\$	506,874
Interest-bearing deposits		-		14,464		-		14,464
Receivables:								
Accrued interest		-		24		-		24
Other		15,235		-		-		15,235
Due from other governmental agencies		149,603		27,700		_		177,303
Due from other funds		18,086		-		6,228		24,314
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	308,988	<u>\$</u>	422,148	<u>\$</u>	7,078	<u>\$</u>	738,214
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	14,800	\$	19,262	\$	6,038	\$	40,100
Due to other funds		6,407		4,583		3		10,993
Accrued expenses		18,603		3,098		1,037		22,738
Total liabilities		39,810	_	26,943		7,078		73,831
Fund balances:								
Restricted		31,016		395,205		_		426,221
Unassigned		238,162		<u>-</u>				238,162
Total fund balances	_	269,178	_	395,205		-		664,383
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	308,988	<u>\$</u>	422,148	<u>\$</u>	7,078	<u>\$</u>	738,214

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 664,383
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Capital assets, net		2,803,825
Long-term liablities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and are therefore not reported in the governmental funds. Accrued interest payable Bonds payable	(411) (147,000)	(147,411)
Sales taxes which are not "measurable" at year-end and therefore are not available soon enough to pay for current period	(117,000)	
expenditures are not reported in the governmental funds. Total net position of governmental activities		\$ 3,351,843

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Other Governmental	
	General	Sales Tax	Funds	Total
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 65,867	\$ 333,747	\$ -	\$ 399,614
Licenses and permits	108,307	-	-	108,307
Intergovernmental	547,108	39,830	65,784	652,722
Charges for services	18,440	-	-	18,440
Fines and forfeitures	36,536	-	-	36,536
Interest	-	305	-	305
Miscellaneous	110,895	14,271	6,900	132,066
Total revenues	887,153	388,153	72,684	1,347,990
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government	272,380	-	-	272,380
Public safety	736,350	-	159,256	895,606
Economic development				
and assistance	2,000	-	-	2,000
Culture and recreation	66,555	-	-	66,555
Public works	-	208,618	-	208,618
Debt service -				
Principal	46,000	-	-	46,000
Interest	5,635	-	-	5,635
Capital outlay	31,904	21,966	6,478	60,348
Total expenditures	1,160,824	230,584	165,734	1,557,142
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(273,671)	157,569	(93,050)	(209,152)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	518,838	-	93,050	611,888
Transfers out	(93,050)			(93,050)
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	425,788	-	93,050	518,838
Net change in fund balances	152,117	157,569	-	309,686
Fund balances, beginning	117,061	237,636		354,697
Fund balances, ending	\$ 269,178	\$ 395,205	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 664,383

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	309,686
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 60,348 _(154,951)		(94,603)
Because some revenues are not measurable at year end, they are not considered available in the governmental funds: Sales taxes			1,596
Bond proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activites. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of activities. Principal payments			46,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Decrease in accrued interest payable			223
Change in net position of governmental activities		<u>\$</u>	262,902

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

	Utility	Sewerage Utility	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets: Cash	\$ 689,536	\$ 208,149	\$ 897,685
Interest-bearing deposits	1,015,116	56,933	1,072,049
Accrued interest receivable	764	41	805
Accounts receivable, net	225,999	36,424	262,423
Unbilled service receivable, net	27,735	3,197	30,932
Due from other governmental agencies	-	29,109	29,109
Interfund receivables	182		182
Total current assets	1,959,332	333,853	2,293,185
Restricted assets:			
Cash	30,650	422,370	453,020
Interest-bearing deposits	65,555	-	65,555
Accrued interest receivable	47		47
Total restricted assets	96,252	422,370	518,622
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	2,325,166	7,608,139	9,933,305
Total assets	4,380,750	8,364,362	12,745,112
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities (payable from current assets):			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	196,849	39,444	236,293
Retainage payable	-	3,209	3,209
Other payables	3,021	-	3,021
Interfund payables	-	13,503	13,503
Total	<u>199,870</u>	56,156	256,026
Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets):			
Customers' deposits	96,252	-	96,252
Accrued interest payable	- -	6,462	6,462
Current portion of long term debt		72,225	72,225
Total	96,252	78,687	174,939
Total current habilities	296,122	134,843	430,965
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Long term debt		3,225,212	3,225,212
Total liabilities	296,122	3,360,055	3,656,177
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	2,325,166	4,310,702	6,635,868
Restricted for debt service	_,,,,	415,908	415,908
Unrestricted	1,759,462	277,697	2,037,159
Total net position	\$4,084,628	\$5,004,307	\$9,088,935
- can be feature	<u>4-1,00 1,020</u>	00,001,007	\$ 3,500,500

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Utility	Sewerage Utility	Total
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services	\$2,327,073	\$ 404,228	\$2,731,301
Miscellaneous	29,273		29,273
Total operating revenues	2,356,346	404,228	2,760,574
Operating expenses:			
Salaries	157,095	38,590	195,685
Payroll taxes	11,968	2,894	14,862
Retirement	3,977	1,147	5,124
Group insurance	31,323	7,831	39,154
Worker's compensation insurance	5,051	2,696	7,747
Purchase of electric power	1,268,001	-	1,268,001
Materials and supplies	70,035	16,426	86,461
Maintenance and repairs	47,721	36,992	84,713
Fuel, gas and oil	3,181	1,452	4,633
Telephone and utilities	29,552	80,980	110,532
Insurance	49,115	15,691	64,806
Depreciation	113,717	235,377	349,094
Contractual services	15,600	-	15,600
Professional fees	22,630	4,000	26,630
Equipment rental	12,450	2,894	15,344
Other	8,637	8,730	17,367
Total operating expenses	1,850,053	455,700	2,305,753
Operating income (loss)	506,293	(51,472)	454,821
Nonoperating revenues/(expenses):			
Interest income	13,920	1,077	14,997
Interest expense	-	(81,035)	(81,035)
Grant revenue	47,635	30,983	78,618
Total nonoperating revenues/(expenses)	61,555	(48,975)	12,580
Income (loss) before transfers	567,848	(100,447)	467,401
Transfers out	(518,838)		(518,838)
Change in net position	49,010	(100,447)	(51,437)
Net position, beginning	4,035,618	5,104,754	9,140,372
Net position, ending	\$4,084,628	\$5,004,307	\$9,088,935

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Sewerage	
	<u>Utility</u>	Utility	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Receipts from customers	\$2,270,098	\$ 401,352	\$2,671,450
Payments to suppliers	(1,440,506)	(155,037)	(1,595,543)
Payments to employees and for employee-related costs	(208,773)	(52,780)	(261,553)
Other receipts	29,273		29,273
Net cash provided by operating activities	650,092	193,535	843,627
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:			
Transfers to other funds	(518,838)		(518,838)
Net cash used by noncapital financing activities	(518,838)		(518,838)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Principal paid on long-term debt	-	(70,362)	(70,362)
Interest paid on long-term debt	-	(81,093)	(81,093)
Purchase and construction of capital assets	(11,363)	-	(11,363)
Grants and other contributions received	59,689	22,451	82,140
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing			
activities	48,326	(129,004)	(80,678)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Proceeds of interest-bearing deposits with maturity			
in excess of ninety days	1,065,676	56,021	1,121,697
Purchase of interest-bearing deposits with maturity			
in excess of ninety days	(1,080,671)	(56,933)	(1,137,604)
Interest on investments	16,716	1,310	18,026
Net cash provided by investing activities	1,721	398	2,119
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	181,301	64,929	246,230
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	538,885	565,590	1,104.475
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 720,186	\$ 630,519	\$1,350,705

(continued)

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Sewerage					
		Utility		Utility		Total
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	506,293	\$	(51,472)	\$	454,821
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash						
provided by operating activities -						
Depreciation		113,717		235,377		349,094
Provision for bad debts		6,153		1,086		7,239
(Increase) decrease in assets:						
Accounts and other receivables		(69,049)		(3,951)		(73,000)
Interfund receivables		-		13,503		13,503
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:						
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities		92,978		(1,008)		91,970
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	650,092	\$	193,535	\$	843,627
Cash and cash equivalents reported on statement of net position as:						
Current - cash	\$	689,536	\$	208,149	\$	897,685
Restricted - cash		30,650		422,370		453,020
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	720,186	\$	630,519	\$ 1	,350,705

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2022

	Custodial
	Fund
ASSETS	
Cash	\$24,506
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Individuals, organizations, and other governments	<u>\$ 21,591</u>

Erath, Louisiana

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Custodial Fund
Additions: Bonds	\$ 9,072
Deductions: Payments of court costs to other governments	(6,851)
Net increase in fiduciary net position	2,221
Net position, beginning	19,370
Net position, ending	\$ 21,591

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the Town of Erath, Louisiana (Town) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsection of this note.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Town is incorporated under the provisions of the Lawrason Act. The Town operates under a Mayor-Board of Aldermen form of government. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the primary government is not accountable, but for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. In addition, component units can be other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Town has no such component units.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the Town, the primary government, as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity, except fiduciary funds and component units that are fiduciary in nature. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the Town are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements. Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Town.

The various funds of the Town are classified into two categories: governmental and proprietary. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Town or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets and deferred outflows or resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds -

General Fund - This is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Sales Tax Fund – This fund accounts for the proceeds of a one percent sales and use tax that is legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. These taxes are dedicated as described in Note 4.

The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

Utility Fund – This fund accounts for the provision of electric and water services to the residents of the Town. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, billing and collection.

Sewerage Utility Fund – This fund accounts for all activities associated with the provision of sewerage services including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, billing and collection.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

In addition, the Town reports the following:

The Town has one fiduciary fund, a Custodial Fund, which is presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of third parties and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the Town, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b. below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Sales taxes are considered measurable when in the hands of the Sales Tax Collector and are recognized as revenue at that time. Ad valorem taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which budgeted, that is, in the year in which such taxes are billed and collected. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. All other receivables collected within 60 days after year end are considered available and recognized as revenue of the current year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences, which are recognized to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources. Purchases of various operating supplies are regarded as expenditures at the time purchased.

Proprietary fund financial statements utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Program revenues

Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities are derived directly from the program itself or from parties outside the Town's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the Town's general revenues.

Allocation of indirect expenses

The Town reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Indirect expenses of other functions are not allocated to those functions, but are reported separately in the Statement of Activities. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function. Interest on general long-term debt is considered a direct expense and is reported as a direct expense in the public safety and sewer functions in the amount of \$5,635 and \$81,035, respectively.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Equity

Cash and interest-bearing deposits

For purposes of the statement of net position, cash and interest-bearing deposits include all demand accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the Town. For purposes of the statements of cash flows, all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with an original maturity of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Investments

Under state law the Town may deposit funds with a fiscal agent organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the union, or the laws of the United States. The Town may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes and bills, government backed agency securities, or certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. In addition, local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP), a nonprofit corporation formed by the State Treasurer and organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, which operates a local government investment pool.

Interfund receivables and payables

Short-term cash borrowings between funds are considered temporary in nature. These amounts are reported as "interfund receivables and payables" in the fund financial statements. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Receivables

Accounts receivable and unbilled service receivable for the Utility Fund and Sewerage Utility Fund are reported net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. The allowance amount at June 30, 2022 for the Utility Fund and the Sewerage Utility Fund accounts receivable was \$167,930 and \$17,220, respectively.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide or financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Prior to January 1, 2003, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets have been valued at estimated historical cost.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings	20-40 years
Equipment	4-20 years
Utility system and improvements	20-50 years
Infrastructure	25-50 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

Compensated Absences

Each employee earns a set amount of annual leave depending on years of service. Any amount not used in the year it is earned is lost; however, it may be converted to sick leave up to a 36-day maximum.

Upon termination, no payment is made for accrued and unused sick leave. However, any accumulated current year annual leave is paid to the employee. Any liability for this accumulated leave is determined immaterial to the financial statements at June 30, 2022 and, therefore, not recorded in the financial statements.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include cash and interest-bearing deposits of the proprietary funds that are legally restricted as to their use. The restricted assets are related to utility meter deposits and revenue bonds.

Long-term debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists of revenue bonds payable and certificates of indebtedness.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and thus, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town has no deferred inflows or outflows of resources at June 30, 2022.

Equity Classifications

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The Town reports three categories of net position, as follows:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of net capital assets reduced by the outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Net position is considered restricted if its use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws or buyers of the Town's bonds. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets. Constraints may be placed on the use, either by (1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Town typically uses restricted assets first, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively defer the use until a future project. At June 30, 2022, the Town reported \$873,175 of restricted net position, \$426,251 of which was restricted by enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position Net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in either of the other two categories of net position.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Fund balances are classified as follows in the governmental fund financial statements:

- a. Nonspendable amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Committed amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority (Board of Aldermen). Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the Board of Aldermen.
- d. Assigned amounts the government intends to use for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.
- e. Unassigned all other spendable amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

As of June 30, 2022, fund balances are composed of the following:

			Total
	General		Governmental
	Fund	Sales Tax	Funds
Restricted:			
Public works	\$ -	\$395,205	395,205
Debt service	31,016	-	31,016
Unassigned	238,162		238,162
Total fund balances	\$ 269,178	\$ 395,205	\$ 664,383

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Town considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Town considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed unless the Board of Aldermen has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

E. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures/expenses are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds - By Character Proprietary Fund - By Operating and Nonoperating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources

Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds and individual proprietary funds have been eliminated

F. Revenue Restrictions

The Town has various restrictions placed over certain revenue sources from state or local requirements. The primary restricted revenue source is sales taxes as described in Note 4.

The Town uses unrestricted resources only when restricted resources are fully depleted.

G. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(2) Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits

Under state law, the Town may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The Town may invest in certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. At June 30, 2022, the Town has cash and interest-bearing deposits (book balances) of \$3,034,153.

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Town's deposits may not be recovered or the Town will not be able to recover the collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk; however, under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. Deposit balances (bank balances) are secured as follows:

Bank balances	\$ 3,083,939
The Town's deposits are secured as follows:	
Insured deposits	1,000,000
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank, not in the Town's name	2,083,939
Total	\$ 3,083,939

(3) Ad Valorem Taxes

Ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied by the Town on December 1 and are due by February 28. The Town bills and collects its own property taxes. Property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, taxes of 3.6 mills were levied on property with assessed valuations totaling \$6,483,284 and were dedicated for general purposes.

Total taxes levied were \$23,339. Taxes receivable at June 30, 2022 totaled \$776, which has not recorded due to immateriality.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(4) Dedication of Proceeds and Flow of Funds - 1 Percent Sales and Use Tax

A one percent sales and use tax levied by the Town is dedicated to the following purposes:

The net proceeds can be used for constructing, acquiring, extending, improving and/or maintaining the Town's drainage facilities, streets, street lighting facilities, sidewalks, sewers and sewerage disposal works, public buildings and/or fire department stations and equipment; purchasing and acquiring equipment and furnishings for the aforesaid public works, buildings, improvements and facilities; and for paying principal and interest on any bonded or funded indebtedness of the Town.

Sales taxes recognized in the governmental fund financial statements under the modified accrual basis of accounting were \$333,747 while the amount recognized in the government-wide financial statements under the accrual basis of accounting was \$335,314.

(5) <u>Aged Accounts Receivable</u>

The Town is owed \$447,573 by its customers at June 30, 2022. The aging of these accounts receivable is as follows:

Current	\$ 243,094
Over 30 days	20,865
Over 60 days	1,832
Over 90 days	181,782
Total	\$447,573

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(6) <u>Due from Other Governmental Agencies</u>

Amounts due from other governmental agencies consisted of the following at June 30, 2022:

Fund financial statements:	
Governmental Funds -	
Vermilion Parish School Board:	
Sales and use taxes collected but not remitted	\$ 27,700
State of Louisiana:	
Federal grant funds	140,423
State grant funds	4,318
Other	4,862
	\$ 177,303
	<u></u>
Proprietary Funds -	
State of Louisiana:	
Federal grant funds	29,109
	\$ 29,109
	Ψ 29,109
Government-wide financial statements:	
Total amount reported in -	
Governmental Funds, from above	\$ 177,303
Proprietary Funds, from above	29,109
Additional sales and use taxes due from Vermilion Parish School Board	31,046
	\$ 237,458
	ψ 237, 1 30

(7) Restricted Assets - Proprietary Fund Type

At June 30, 2022, restricted assets were applicable to the following:

	Sewerage			
	Utility	Utility		
	Fund	Fund	Total	
Bond sinking account	\$ -	\$ 12,729	\$ 12,729	
Bond reserve account	-	164,731	164,731	
Depreciation and contingency account	-	163,010	163,010	
Short lived asset account	-	81,900	81,900	
Customer deposits	96,252		96,252	
Total	<u>\$ 96,252</u>	\$ 422,370	\$ 518,622	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(8) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 333,388	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 333,388
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	2,270,995	-	-	2,270,995
Infrastructure	1,319,969	13,676	-	1,333,645
Equipment, furniture and fixtures	1,407,184	33,222	-	1,440,406
Improvements other than buildings	675,424	13,450	-	688,874
Total capital assets	6,006,960	60,348		6,067,308
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	719,142	53,244	-	772,386
Infrastructure	825,604	35,579	-	861,183
Equipment, furniture and fixtures	1,173,049	48,976	-	1,222,025
Improvements other than buildings	390,737	17,152		407,889
Total accumulated depreciation	3,108,532	154,951		3,263,483
Governmental activities,				
capital assets, net	\$ 2,898,428	\$ (94,603)	<u>\$ - </u>	\$ 2,803,825
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 85,463	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 85,463
Construction in progress	13,795	33,964	-	47,759
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	9,868	-	-	9,868
Equipment and vehicles	611,807	8,982	-	620,789
Electric system	714,290	2,382	-	716,672
Water system	4,169,950	-	-	4,169,950
Sewer system	10,917,133	-	-	10,917,133
Total capital assets	16,522,306	45,328		16,567,634
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	1,480	494	-	1,974
Equipment and vehicles	451,160	13,079	-	464,239
Electric system	338,324	16,798	-	355,122
Water system	2,184,982	93,694	-	2,278,676
Sewer system	3,309,289	225,029		3,534,318
Total accumulated depreciation	6,285,235	349,094	-	6,634,329
Business-type activities,				
capital assets, net	\$10,237,071	<u>\$ (303,766)</u>	\$ -	\$ 9,933,305

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General government	\$ 7,027
Public safety	76,174
Public works	62,103
Culture and recreation	9,647
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$154,951</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type activities as follows:

Electric	\$ 18,256
Water	95,461
Sewer	235,377
Total depreciation expense	\$349,094

(9) <u>Long-Term Debt</u>

Long term liabilities at June 30, 2022 are comprised of the following individual issues:

Governmental activities –

Direct borrowing certificates of indebtedness:

Series 2012 Certificate of Indebtedbess, dated January 18, 2013, original amount of \$187,000, bearing interest of 2.625%, maturing on December 1,		
2022.	<u>\$</u>	24,000
Series 2018 Certificate of Indebtedness, dated September 21, 2018, original amount of \$187,000, bearing interest of 3.50%, maturing on		
December 1, 2026.	<u>\$</u>	123,000

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Business-type activities –

Direct borrowing revenue bond payable:

\$430,000 Sewer Revenue Bonds, issued February 9, 1998, due in monthly installments of \$1,952 over forty years through 2038; interest at 4.500%	\$ 262,229
\$2,485,000 Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2016, issued July 1, 2016, due in monthly installments of \$2,845 over forty years through 2056; interest at 2.250%	\$ 2.276.660
	\$ 2,276,669
\$828,000 Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2016, issued July 1, 2016, due in monthly installments of \$2,667 over forty years through 2056; interest at	
2.250%	\$ 758,539

The annual requirement to amortize all debt outstanding is as follows:

	Government	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		
Year Ending	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
June 30,	payments	payments	payments	payments	Total	
2023	47,000	4,218	72,225	79,230	202,673	
2024	24,000	3,080	74,142	77,312	178,534	
2025	24,000	2,240	76,115	75,339	177,694	
2026	25,000	1,382	78,149	73,305	177,836	
2027	27,000	473	80,239	71,216	178,928	
2028 - 2032	-	-	434,816	322,456	757,272	
2033 - 2037	-	-	497,355	259,917	757,272	
2038 - 2042	-	-	456,264	197,894	654,158	
2043 - 2047	-	-	495,083	145,054	640,137	
2048 - 2052	-	-	553,982	86,158	640,140	
2053 - 2056	<u> </u>		479,067	21,843	500,910	
	<u>\$ 147,000</u>	\$ 11,393	<u>\$3,297,437</u>	\$1,409,724	<u>\$ 4,865,554</u>	

In the event that the above sewer revenue bonds are in default, the bonding agency has the right to compel the performance of all duties, including the fixing, charging, and collecting of rentals, fees or other charges for the use of the System. The Bond owner may also appoint an agent to take possession of the System to hold, operate, maintain, manage and control the System in the name of the bond owner. This agent shall collect and receive all fees, rentals, and other revenues, maintain and operate the System in a manner to compensate the bond issuer for the amount owed, until the bond is repaid in full. The other bonds contain no monetary default provisions.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt of the Town:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities: Series 2012 Certificate of Indebtedness	\$ 48.000	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 24,000	\$ 24,000	\$ 24,000
Series 2018 Certificate of Indebtedness	\$ 145,000	<u>\$ - </u>	\$ 22,000	\$ 123,000	\$ 23,000
Business-type activities:					
Sewer Revenue Bonds	<u>\$ 273,577</u>	<u>\$ - </u>	<u>\$ 11,348</u>	\$ 262,229	<u>\$ 11,869</u>
Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2016	\$2,320,927	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 44,258	\$2,276,669	\$ 45,264
Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2016	\$ 773,295	<u>\$ - </u>	<u>\$ 14,756</u>	\$ 758,539	\$ 15,092

(10) Flow of Funds; Restrictions on Use -

Sewer Revenues

Under the terms of the bond and pledge agreements with the United States Department of Agriculture, all revenues derived from the operation of the sewer utilities system are to be deposited into an account designated as the Sewer Revenue Fund and said account is to be maintained and administered in the following order of priority and for the following express purposes:

- (a) The payment of all reasonable and necessary expenses of operating and maintaining the utilities system.
- (b) Each month there shall be set aside into the Sewer Revenue Bond Sinking Fund on or before the 20th day of each month an amount equal to the principal, interest, and administrative fee accruing with respect to the bonds for such calendar month together with such additional proportionate sum as may be required to pay such principal, interest, and administrative fee as they become due.
- (c) Each month, there shall be set aside into the Revenue Bonds Debt Service Reserve Fund on or before the 20th day of each month a sum at least equal to 5% of the amount required to be paid into the Sewer Revenue Bond Sinking Fund until such time as the amount in this fund equals \$163,457.
- (d) Funds shall be set aside into the Sewer System Depreciation and Contingency Fund to provide for extensions, additions, improvements, renewals, and replacements necessary to properly operate the utilities system. Transfers shall be made on or before the 20th day each month in the amount of \$1,262.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(e) Funds shall be set aside into the Short Lived Asset Fund to provide for maintenance and replacement of short lived assets of the system, by transferring monthly, on or before the 20th day of each month, a sum of \$1,300.

All required transfers were made for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Certificates of Indebtedness

For the payment of the principal and interest on the Certificates, under the terms of the indenture, the Town shall create and maintain the Sinking Fund. The Town shall deposit into this fund on or before the 20th day of each month, a sum equal to the principal and interest accruing on the Certificates for such calendar month, together with such additional proportionate sum as may be required to pay said principal and interest as the same fall due. All required transfers were made for the year ended June 30, 202.

(11) Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

At June 30, 2022, management and legal counsel for the Town believe that the potential claims against the Town would not materially affect the Town's financial position.

(12) Risk Management

The Town is exposed to risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The Town purchases commercial insurance to cover any claims related to these risks. There have been no significant reductions in the insurance coverage during the year, nor have settlements exceeded coverage for the last three years.

(13) On-behalf Payments

The Town has recognized \$53,616 as a revenue and an expenditure for on-behalf salary payments made by the State of Louisiana.

(14) <u>Interfund Transfers</u>

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022 consist of the following:

	Tı	Transfers Out		
General	\$	518,838	\$	93,050
Utility		-		518,838
Other Governmental Funds		93,050		
Total	<u>\$</u>	611,888	<u>\$</u>	611,888

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Transfers are used to (a) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to (b) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

(15) Interfund Balances

Interfund balances at June 30, 2022 consist of the following:

	Due from	Due to	
General	\$ 18,086	\$ 6,407	
Sales Tax	<u>.</u>	4,583	
Utility	182	_	
Sewerage Utility Other Governmental Funds	6,228	13,503	
Total	<u>\$ 24,496</u>	\$ 24,496	

These balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

(16) Retirement Plan

Effective January 9, 2012, the Town entered into a SIMPLE IRA Adoption Agreement with American Funds Distributors Inc., setting up an Individual Retirement Account (IRA) plan for its employees. All employees are eligible to participate in the Plan. Employees make elective deferrals to the Plan at whatever amount they choose up to a maximum of \$14,000 per year. The Town makes matching contributions of each employee's elective deferral up to a limit of 3% of the employee's compensation. All contributions are made directly to an IRA set up for each employee. Contributions made by the Town for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$15,270.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TOWN OF ERATH, LOUISIANA General Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2022

				Variance with Final Budget
	Bud	lget		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 58,700	\$ 60,200	\$ 65,867	\$ 5,667
Licenses and permits	101,650	105,650	108,307	2,657
Intergovernmental	19,600	547,283	547,108	(175)
Charges for services	16,600	16,600	18,440	1,840
Fines and forfeitures	32,000	36,200	36,536	336
Miscellaneous	74,532	106,532	110,895	4,363
Total revenues	303,082	872,465	887,153	14,688
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government	256,253	269,503	272,380	(2,877)
Public safety	644,351	734,334	736,350	(2,016)
Economic development				
and assistance	2,000	2,000	2,000	-
Culture and recreation	50,274	52,774	66,555	(13,781)
Debt service -				
Principal	46,000	46,000	46,000	-
Interest	5,635	5,635	5,635	-
Capital outlay	25,811	59,359	31,904	27,455
Total expenditures	1,030,324	1,169,605	1,160,824	8,781
Deficiency of revenues over				
expenditures	(727,242)	(297,140)	(273,671)	23,469
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	800,000	550,000	518,838	(31,162)
Transfers out	(102,106)	(96,456)	(93,050)	3,406
Total other financing				
-	607 804	452 544	425 700	(27.756)
sources (uses)	697,894	453,544	425,788	(27,756)
Net change in fund balance	(29,348)	156,404	152,117	(4,287)
Fund balance, beginning	88,458	117,061	117,061	
Fund balance, ending	\$ 59,110	\$ 273,465	\$ 269,178	<u>\$ (4,287)</u>

TOWN OF ERATH, LOUISIANA Sales Tax Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2022

Variance with

	Bu	Budget		Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes -				
Sales tax collected	\$ 285,000	\$305,000	\$333,747	\$ 28,747
Intergovernmental -				
Federal grant	-	39,830	39,830	-
Interest	400	400	305	(95)
Miscellaneous	13,780	13,780	14,271	491
Total revenues	299,180	359,010	388,153	29,143
Expenditures:				
Current -				
Public works:				
Salaries	93,203	89,203	85,378	3,825
Payroll taxes	7,130	7,130	6,501	629
Retirement	1,040	1,040	1,011	29
Group insurance	23,175	21,175	20,268	907
Worker's compensation	16,800	13,800	11,699	2,101
Uniforms	300	300	410	(110)
Material and supplies	20,500	20,500	15,291	5,209
Truck expenses	5,000	7,100	6,027	1,073
Insurance	7,000	9,000	8,942	58
Telephone	3,240	3,240	3,044	196
Professional services	5,500	5,500	3,196	2,304
Office supplies	200	200	67	133
Repairs and maintenance	16,250	17,250	19,583	(2,333)
Contract services	18,500	18,500	16,958	1,542
Equipment fuel and oil	4,000	6,500	6,629	(129)
Utilities	2,300	2,300	2,597	(297)
Other	1,250	1,250	1,017	233
Capital outlay	1,125	35,125	21,966	13,159
Total expenditures	226,513	259,113	_230,584	28,529
Net change in fund balance	72,667	99,897	157,569	57,672
Fund balance, beginning	217,377	237,636	237,636	
Fund balance, ending	\$ 290,044	<u>\$337,533</u>	\$395,205	\$ 57,672

Note to Budgetary Comparison Schedules

(1) <u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting</u>

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- 1. The Town Clerk and Mayor prepare a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year and submit it to the Board of Aldermen not later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year.
- 2. A summary of the proposed budget is published and the public notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- 3. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for the hearing.
- 4. After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is adopted through passage of an ordinance prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- 5. Any budgetary amendments require the approval of the Board of Aldermen.
- 6. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 7. Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

All budgeted amounts presented reflect the original budget and the final budget (which has been adjusted for legally authorized revisions during the year).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Justice System Funding Schedule - Collecting/Disbursing Entity As Required by Act 87 fo the 2020 Regular Legislative Session For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Cash Basis Presentation	Peri	x Month od Ended /31/2021	Peri	x Month od Ended 30/2022
Beginning Balance of Amounts Collected (i.e. cash on hand)	s	24,109	\$	27,800
Add: Collections				
Criminal Court Costs/Fees		13,633		10,847
Criminal Fines - Other		16,123		19,224
Other (do not include collections that fit into more specific categories above)		-		-
Subtotal Collections		29,756		30,071
Less: Disbursements To Governments & Nonprofits:				
Indegent Defender Program, Criminal Court Costs/Fees		1,043		1,463
Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement/ Criminal Court Costs/Fees		278		390
Louisiana State Treasurer/Criminal Court Costs/Fees		412		582
Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement/ Criminal Court Costs/Fees		450		650
Acadiana Criminalistic Laboratory/Criminal Court Costs/Fees		380		640
Crime Stoppers of Vermilion Parish		6		254
Louisiana Supreme Court/Criminal Court Costs/Fees		58		93
Less: Amounts Retained by Collecting Agency				
Amounts "Self-Disbursed" to Collecting Agency - Criminal Fines - Other		16,123		19,224
Amounts "Self-Disbursed" to Collecting Agency - Example: Criminal Court				
Cost/Fees		7,315		10,062
Less: Disbursements to Individuals/3rd Party Collection or Processing Agencies				
Civil Fee Refunds		-		-
Bond Fee Refunds		-		-
Restitution Payments to Individuals (additional detail is not required)		-		-
Other Disbursements to Individuals (additional detail is not required)		-		-
Payments to 3rd Party Collection/Processing Agencies		-		-
Subtotal Disbursements/Retainage		26,065		33,358
Total: Ending Balance of Amounts Collected but				
not Disbursed/Retained (i.e. cash on hand)		27,800		24,513

Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The Mayor of the Town, Taylor Mencacci, is considered the agency head. The Town did not pay any benefits on his behalf for the year ended June 30, 2022. In addition, the only payments he received from the Town is the salary amount below.

Purpose	Amount
Salary	\$ 9.701

Schedule of Compensation Paid to Board Members For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Alderman	Address	Phone Number	Amount
Robert Vincent	115 West Edwards St., Erath, LA 70533	337-937-8401	\$ 4,883
Earl Landry	115 West Edwards St., Erath, LA 70533	337-937-8401	4,818
Scott Bernard	115 West Edwards St., Erath, LA 70533	337-937-8401	4,882
Jason C. Conner	115 West Edwards St., Erath, LA 70533	337-937-8401	4,883
Clarence Fusilier	115 West Edwards St., Erath, LA 70533	337-937-8401	4,882
			\$ 24,348

OTHER INFORMATION

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

To account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Special Parish Tax Fund

To account for monies received from the Vermilion Parish Police Jury to defray costs of the fire department.

LCDBG Fund

To account for capital projects funded through the Community Development Block Grant program.

TOWN OF ERATH, LOUISIANA Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

	Special Parish Tax	LCDDC	Tatal
	Fund	LCDBG	Total
ASSETS			
Cash	\$ 847	\$ 3	\$ 850
Due from other funds	6,228		6,228
Total assets	<u>\$ 7,075</u>	\$3	\$ 7,078
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 6,038	\$ -	\$ 6,038
Accrued expenses	1,037	-	1,037
Due to other funds		3	3
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 7,075</u>	\$3	\$ 7,078
Fund balances	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 7,075</u>	<u>\$</u> 3	\$ 7,078

TOWN OF ERATH, LOUISIANA Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Special Parish		
	Tax		
	<u>Fund</u>	LCDBG	Total
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 65,784	\$ -	\$ 65,784
Miscellaneous	6,900	-	6,900
Total revenues	72,684		72,684
Expenditures:			
Current-			
Public safety	159,256	-	159,256
Capital outlay	6,478		6,478
Total expenditures	165,734		165,734
Deficiency of revenues			
over expenditures	(93,050)	-	(93,050)
Other financing sources:			
Transfers in	93,050		93,050
Net change in fund balances	-	-	-
Fund balances, beginning			
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>

Schedule of Insurance in Force Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Limits of Coverage	
Insurer	Assets Covered	(in Dollars)	Expiration Date
SCU	Commercial property	Varies by property	5/6/2023
CNASurety	Public Officials		
	Mayor	28,500	11/15/2022
	Town Clerk	28,500	11/15/2022
	Tax Collector	28,500	11/15/2022
	Bill Collector	28,500	11/15/2022
	Mayor Pro-tem	28,500	11/15/2022
	Council & other employees	5,000	11/15/2022
Hartford Insurance Company	Crime Policy		
	Mayor	152,000	6/16/2023
	Town Clerk	152,000	6/16/2023
Berkshire Hathaway Insurance Company	Comprehensive general liability	500,000	12/29/2022
	Law enforcement officer	500,000	12/29/2022
	Errors & omissions	500,000	12/29/2022
	Comprehensive automobile	500,000	12/29/2022
Special Risk Insurance, Inc.	Portable equipment - Fire Department	Replacement Cost	3/28/2023
	General liability - Fire Department	2,000,000	3/28/2023
	Management liability - Fire Department	2,000,000	3/28/2023
Bankers Specialty Insurance	Flood - Police station		
	Building	500,000	5/7/2023
	Contents	50,000	5/7/2023

Enterprise Funds Utility Fund and Sewerage Utility Fund

Schedule of Number of Utility Customers and Rates June 30, 2022 and 2021

The following number of customers were being serviced during the month of June:

Department	2022	2021
Electric (metered)	934	926
Water	1018	1013
Sewerage	910	912

The monthly water rates of the Town are as follows:

Residental:

\$11.00 for the first 2,000 gallons and \$4.50 per 1,000 gallons thereafter

Commercial

\$15.00 for the first 2,000 gallons and \$4.70 per 1,000 gallons thereafter

The monthly sewer rates are based on water consumption as follows:

Residental:

\$16.00 for the first 2,000 gallons and \$7.10 per 1,000 gallons thereafter

Commercial

\$19.00 for the first 2,000 gallons and \$7.10 per 1,000 gallons thereafter

Statements of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ 897,685	\$ 685,043
Interest-bearing deposits	1,072,049	1,057,193
Accrued interest receivable	805	3,566
Accounts receivable, net	262,423	195,514
Unbilled service receivable, net	30,932	32,069
Due from other governmental agencies	29,109	32,630
Other receivables	-	11
Interfund receivables	182	182
Total current assets	2,293,185	2,006,208
Restricted assets:		
Cash	453,020	419,432
Interest-bearing deposits	65,555	64,505
Accrued interest receivable	47	315
Total restricted assets	518,622	484,252
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	9,933,305	10,237,071
Total assets	12,745,112	12,727,531
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities (payable from current assets):		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	236,293	119,488
Retainage payable	3,209	-
Interfund payables	13,503	-
Other payables	3,021	609
Total	256,026	120,097
Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets):		
Customers' deposits	96,252	92,743
Accrued interest on bonds	6,462	6,520
Current portion of long term debt	72,225	70,362
Total	174,939	169,625
Total current liabilities	430,965	289,722
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Long term debt	3,225,212	3,297,437
Total liabilities	3,656,177	3,587,159
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	6,635,868	6,869,272
Restricted for debt service	415,908	384,989
Unrestricted	2,037,159	1,886,111
Total net position	\$9,088,935	\$9,140,372
p	4 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	***************************************

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
Operating revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 2,731,301	\$ 2,422,663
Miscellaneous	29,273	28,783
Total operating revenues	2,760,574	2,451,446
Operating expenses:		
Salaries	195,685	201,107
Payroll taxes	14,862	15,300
Retirement	5,124	5,022
Group insurance	39,154	36,331
Worker's compensation insurance	7,747	11,314
Purchase of electric power	1,268,001	881,662
Materials and supplies	86,461	82,488
Maintenance and repairs	84,713	63,898
Fuel, gas and oil	4,633	4,363
Telephone and utilities	110,532	100,647
Insurance	64,806	45,748
Depreciation	349,094	350,995
Contractual services	15,600	15,600
Professional fees	26,630	11,910
Equipment rental	15,344	1,275
Other	17,367	20,293
Total operating expenses	2,305,753	1,847,953
Operating income	454,821	603,493
Nonoperating revenues/(expenses):		
Grant revenue	78,618	52,613
Interest income	14,997	26,608
Interest expense	(81,035)	(82,766)
Total nonoperating revenues/(expenses)	12,580	(3,545)
Income before transfers	467,401	599,948
Transfers out	(518,838)	(799,337)
Change in net position	(51,437)	(199,389)
Net position, beginning	9,140,372	9,339,761
Net position, ending	\$ 9,088,935	\$ 9,140,372

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Detail of Revenues General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Rus	dget		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Taxes -					
General ad valorem	\$ 22,000	\$ 22,000	\$ 21,993	\$ (7)	
Gas franchise	11,000	12,000	12,049	49	
Cable franchise	9,000	8,000	7,566	(434)	
Slemco franchise	3,000	3,000	2,713	(287)	
Entergy franchise	8,700	10,200	10,731	531	
Housing Authority payment	5,000	5,000	10,815	5,815	
	58,700	60,200	65,867	5,667	
Licenses and permits -					
Occupational licenses	25,000	29,000	30,107	1,107	
Insurance licenses	75,000	71,000	71,577	577	
Building permits	1,500	5,500	6,423	923	
Liquor permits	150	150	200	50	
	101,650	105,650	108,307	2,657	
Intergovernmental -					
Federal grants	-	495,000	494,972	(28)	
State funds:		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		(/	
On-behalf payments	-	47,683	47,683	-	
State grants	15,000	-	- -	-	
State shared revenue:					
Beer taxes	4,600	4,600	4,453	(147)	
	19,600	547,283	547,108	(175)	
Charges for services -					
Police accident reports	600	600	1,062	462	
Court costs	16,000	16,000	17,378	1,378	
	16,600	16,600	18,440	1,840	
Fines and forfeitures	32,000	36,200	36,536	336	
Marallana					
Miscellaneous -	12 042	42 042	42 040		
Rent income (post office) Other	43,842	43,842	43,842	- 4 262	
Other	30,690	62,690	67,053	4,363	
	74,532	106,532	110,895	4,363	
Total revenues	\$ 303,082	<u>\$ 872,465</u>	<u>\$ 887,153</u>	<u>\$ 14,688</u>	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Detail of Expenditures General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

							ance with
	ъ	,					ıl Budget
	 	dget				Positive	
	 Driginal		Final		Actual	(Negative)	
Current -							
General government:							
Mayor's salary	\$ 9,664	\$	9,664	\$	9,701	\$	(37)
Council salaries	24,320		24,320		24,348		(28)
Clerk of Court salary	29,062		29,062		29,174		(112)
Other salaries	48,192		48,192		48,377		(185)
Payroll taxes	8,510		8,510		8,502		8
Retirement	2,318		2,318		2,318		-
Group insurance	15,450		15,450		15,803		(353)
Workmen's compensation insurance	516		516		305		211
Printing, stationery and							
supplies	5,500		5,500		6,105		(605)
Repairs and maintenance	6,000		6,000		11,387		(5,387)
Material and supplies	1,000		1,000		1,060		(60)
General insurance	19,000		26,000		25,794		206
Auditing and accounting	6,000		6,000		6,000		-
Dues and subscriptions	2,700		2,700		1,846		854
Telephone	3,700		3,700		3,755		(55)
Professional fees	45,500		45,500		46,264		(764)
Publication of minutes	1,500		3,000		2,417		583
Tax roll preparation	1,200		1,200		1,261		(61)
Legal fees	2,500		1,300		1,200		100
Utilities	5,200		5,200		4,933		267
Building permits and							
inspections	3,000		3,000		2,600		400
Contract services	-		4,550		4,550		-
Emergency generator fuel							
and repairs	600		1,200		1,194		6
-						(cc	ontinued)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Detail of Expenditures General Fund (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budg			Positive
	<u>Original</u>	Final -	Actual	(Negative)
Filing fees	1,500	1,500	1,230	270
Court printing supplies	500	500	235	265
Court material and supplies	450	450	5	445
Court professional fees	1,500	1,500	1,284	216
Commissions	4,471	4,471	4,471	-
Magistrate salary	2,400	2,400	2,400	-
Prosecutor salary	2,400	2,400	2,400	-
Other	1,600	2,400	1,461	939
	256,253	269,503	272,380	(2,877)
Public safety:				
Chief of Police's salary	38,260	38,260	38,407	(147)
Other salaries	315,295	397,978	406,833	(8,855)
Payroll taxes	30,719	32,719	33,356	(637)
Retirement	5,577	5,577	5,825	(248)
Group insurance	85,000	73,000	70,482	2,518
Workmen's compensation insurance	28,800	23,800	19,988	3,812
Court appearance	600	600	_	600
Uniforms	2,500	2,900	2,783	117
Conventions and schools	2,500	3,500	3,265	235
Dues and subscriptions	2,000	2,000	1,100	900
Material and supplies	2,850	2,850	3,130	(280)
Auto fuel and oil	25,000	35,000	37,699	(2,699)
Insurance	42,500	51,800	51,688	112
Telephone	4,600	4,600	4,689	(89)
Task force appropriation	15,000	15,000	15,000	-
Office	2,350	2,350	3,087	(737)
Repairs and maintenance -				
Auto	16,000	16,000	14,677	1,323
Building	5,500	5,100	4,142	958
Radio, radar and camera	2,500	2,500	2,146	354
Emergency generator fuel	1,000	1,000	1,194	(194)
Utilities	7,200	7,200	7,506	(306)
Other	3,800	5,800	4,553	1,247
Salaries - fire department	4,800	4,800	4,800	<u> </u>
	644,351	734,334	736,350	(2,016)
				(continued)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Detail of Expenditures General Fund (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Variance with

				Final Budget
	Budget			Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Economic development and assistance:				
External appropriation	2,000	2,000	2,000	-
Culture and recreation:				
Salaries	29,949	29,949	30,056	(107)
Payroll taxes	2,291	2,291	2,219	72
Retirement	299	299	299	-
Group insurance	7,725	7,725	7,831	(106)
Workmen's compensation insurance	2,160	2,160	1,584	576
Material and supplies	1,500	1,500	10,630	(9,130)
Insurance	400	400	643	(243)
Maintenance and upkeep	500	500	4,666	(4,166)
Repairs and maintenance -				
Building	150	150	748	(598)
Equipment	1,000	2,000	1,708	292
Equipment fuel and oil	1,200	2,700	2,614	86
Utilities	1,900	1,900	1,521	379
Other	1,200	1,200	2,036	(836)
	50,274	52,774	66,555	(13,781)
Debt service:				
Principal	46,000	46,000	46,000	-
Interest	5,635	5,635	5,635	_
	51,635	51,635	51,635	
Capital outlay	25,811	59,359	31,904	27,455
Total expenditures	\$ 1,030,324	\$ 1,169,605	\$ 1,160,824	\$ 8,781

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Parish Tax Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Buc	l get		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original			(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental -					
Federal grants	\$ -	\$ 31,000	\$ 31,281	S 281	
Appropriation from Vermilion					
Parish Police Jury:					
Special Parish Tax	28,570	28,570	28,570	=	
State funds:					
On-behalf payments	-	5,933	5,933	-	
Miscellaneous		6,900	6,900	-	
Total revenues	28,570	72,403	72,684	281	
Expenditures:					
Current -					
Public safety:					
Salaries	21,320	36,253	35,829	424	
Payroll taxes	1,631	2,831	2,715	116	
Group insurance	7,725	6,725	6,581	144	
Retirement	-	750	693	57	
Worker's compensation insurance	5,600	4,600	3,761	839	
Training	4,000	4,000	4,461	(461)	
Fire prevention and education	2,500	2,500	2,498	2	
Office supplies	1,500	1,500	1,280	220	
Material and supplies	2,200	2,200	4,823	(2,623)	
Truck expense	18,600	31,900	33,797	(1,897)	
Insurance	25,500	33,500	33,390	110	
Telephone	2,800	2,800	2,934	(134)	
Professional services	750	750	1,250	(500)	
Uniforms	350	350	1,516	(1,166)	
Repairs and maintenance	14,000	14,000	14,608	(608)	
Utilities	5,600	7,600	7,468	132	
Other	2,100	2,100	1,652	448	
Capital outlay	14,500	14,500	6,478	8,022	
Total expenditures	130,676	168,859	165,734	3,125	
Deficiency of revenues over					
expenditures	(102,106)	(96,456)	(93,050)	3,406	
Other financing sources: Transfers in	102,106	96,456	93,050	(3,406)	
		70,750		(5,700)	
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-	
Fund balance, beginning					
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -	<u>s - </u>	

INTERNAL CONTROL, COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Taylor Mencacci, Mayor and members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Erath, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Erath, Louisiana (the Town), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 28,

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during out audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan as item 2022-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Town of Erath's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Town's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying scheduled of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan. The Town's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Abbeville, Louisiana December 28, 2022

Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan Year Ended June 30, 2022

Part I. Current Year Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan:

A. Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

2022-001 Inadequate Segregation of Accounting Functions

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: Unknown

CONDITION: The Town of Erath did not have adequate segregation of duties within the accounting function.

CRITERIA: Committee of Sponsoring Organizations (COSO) *Internal Control – Integrated Framework* and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's *Governmental Auditing Guide*.

CAUSE: The cause of the condition is the fact that the Town does not have a sufficient number of staff performing administrative and financial duties so as to provide adequate segregation of accounting and financial duties.

EFFECT: Failure to adequately segregate accounting and financial functions increases the risk that errors and/or irregularities including fraud and/or defalcations may occur and not be prevented and/or detected.

RECOMMENDATION: Management should evaluate the cost vs. benefit of complete segregation and whenever possible, reassign incompatible duties among different employees to ensure that a single employee does not have control of more than one of the following responsibilities: (1) authorization; (2) custody; (3) recordkeeping; and (4) reconciliation.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: The Town's CPA oversees all financial aspects of the entity. We believe this is an adequate compensating control over our inability to adequately segregate duties in our administrative office.

B. Compliance

None reported

Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2022

Part II: Prior Year Findings:

A. Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

2021-001 Inadequate Segregation of duties

CONDITION: The Town of Erath did not have adequate segregation of duties within the accounting function.

RECOMMENDATION: Management should evaluate the cost vs. benefit of complete segregation and whenever possible, reassign incompatible duties among different employees to ensure that a single employee does not have control of more than one of the following responsibilities: (1) authorization; (2) custody; (3) recordkeeping; and (4) reconciliation.

CURRENT STATUS: Unresolved. See item 2022-001.

B. Compliance

None reported

Town of Erath

Erath, Louisiana

Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures

Fiscal period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

To the Taylor Mencacci, Mayor and the Members of the Board of Alderman, Town of Erath, and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor:

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. The Town of Erath's (the Town) management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

The Town has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

Written Policies and Procedures

- 1. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe whether they address each of the following categories and subcategories (if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations):
 - a) Budgeting, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.
 - b) **Purchasing**, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.
 - c) *Disbursements*, including processing, reviewing, and approving.
 - d) *Receipts/Collections*, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g. periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).

- e) *Payroll/Personnel*, including (1) payroll processing, and (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employees(s) rate of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.
- f) *Contracting*, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.
- g) Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable), including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).
- h) *Travel and expense reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.
- i) *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.
- j) *Debt Service*, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.
- k) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.
- 1) **Sexual Harassment,** including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

Board or Finance Committee

- 2. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:
 - a) Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
 - b) For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget-to-actual, at a minimum on all special revenue funds. Alternatively, for those entities reporting on the non-profit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.
 - c) For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.

Bank Reconciliations

- 3. Obtain a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:
 - a) Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged);
 - b) Bank reconciliations include evidence that a member of management/board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and
 - c) Management has documentation reflecting that it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

Collections (excluding EFTs)

- 4. Obtain a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).
- 5. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (i.e. 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies and procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:
 - a) Employees that are responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers.
 - b) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g. pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit.
 - c) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.
 - d) The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions, are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.
- 6. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe that the bond or insurance policy for theft was enforced during the fiscal period.
- 7. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for procedure #3 under "Bank Reconciliations" above (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Alternately, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc. Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:
 - a) Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.
 - b) Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.

- c) Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.
- d) Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).
- e) Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

- 8. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).
- 9. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that:
 - a) At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase.
 - b) At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.
 - c) The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.
 - d) Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.

[Note: Exceptions to controls that constrain the legal authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality); should not be reported.)]

- 10. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction and:
 - a) Observe that the disbursement matched the related original itemized invoice and that supporting documentation indicates that deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity.
 - b) Observe that the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #9, as applicable.

Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

- 11. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.
- 12. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement), obtain supporting documentation and:

- a) Observe that there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) was reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved), by someone other than the authorized card holder. [Note: requiring such approval may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality); these instances should not be reported]
- b) Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.
- 13. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (i.e. each card should have 10 transactions subject to testing). For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and note whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

- 14. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements, obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:
 - a) If reimbursed using a per diem, observe that the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov).
 - b) If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.
 - c) Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by written policy (procedure #1h).
 - d) Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

Contracts

- 15. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. *Alternately, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list.* Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and:
 - a) Observe that the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.
 - b) Observe that the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g. Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter).

- c) If the contract was amended (e.g. change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g. if approval is required for any amendment was approval documented).
- d) Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

Payroll and Personnel

- 16. Obtain a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.
- 17. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under #16 above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:
 - a) Observe that all selected employees or officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory). (Note: Generally, officials are not eligible to earn leave and do not document their attendance and leave. However, if the official is earning leave according to policy and/or contract, the official should document his/her daily attendance and leave.)
 - b) Observe that supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees/officials.
 - c) Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records.
 - d) Observe that the rate paid to the employees or officials agree to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.
- 18. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials, obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee or officials' cumulate leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee or officials' authorized pay rates in the employee or officials' personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.
- 19. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g. payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

Ethics

- 20. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, obtain ethics documentation from management, and:
 - a) Observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the fiscal period.
 - b) Observe that the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.

Debt Service

- 21. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each bond/note issued.
- 22. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

Fraud Notice

- 23. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled.
- 24. Observe that the entity has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

- 25. Perform the following procedures, verbally discuss the results with management, and report "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management."
 - a) Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe that such backup occurred within the past week. If backups are stored on a physical medium (e.g., tapes, CDs), observe evidence that backups are encrypted before being transported.
 - b) Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.
 - c) Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use, and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.

Sexual Harassment

- 26. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under 'Payroll and Personnel' above, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year.
- 27. Observe that the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).
- 28. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe that it includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:

- a) Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;
- b) Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;
- c) Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;
- d) Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and
- e) Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

Findings:

No exceptions were found as a result of procedures list above with the exception of:

Board or Finance Committee

The Town did not hold a meeting in January 2022 due to no quorum.

Cash Collections

At the collection location tested, the person responsible for collecting cash also deposits the cash in the bank.

At the collection location tested, the person responsible for collecting cash also records the deposit.

Two of ten deposits tested were not deposited within one business day of collection.

Sexual Harassment:

The Town did not complete an annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period dated on or before February 1 that it included the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344

Management's Response:

The Town of Erath concurs with the exceptions and is working to address the deficiencies identified.

We were engaged by the Town to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the Town and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Abbeville, Louisiana December 28, 2022