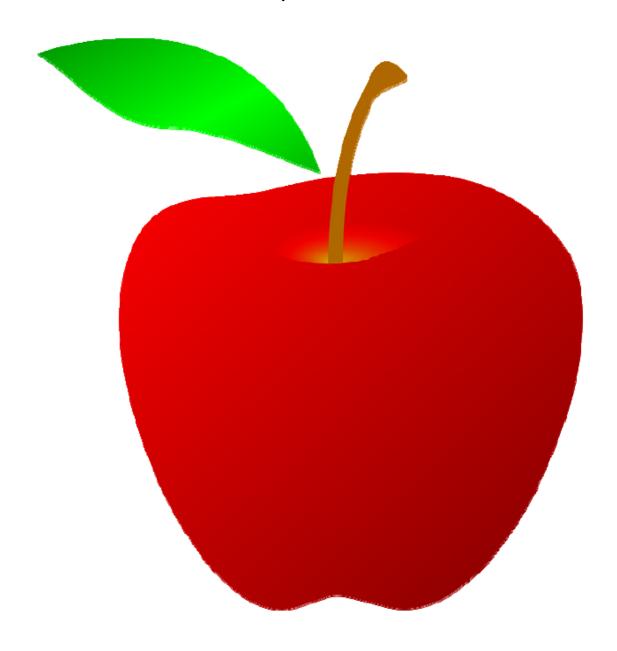
Jena, Louisiana



Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

for the year ended June 30, 2021

LASALLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Jena, Louisiana

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

Buddy Bethard President

Janet Tullos Superintendent

Prepared by the Business Department

Sara Andrews Business Manager

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



Buddy Bethard President P. O. Box 90 Jena, Louisiana 71342 (318) 992-2161 | Fax: (318) 992-8457 Janet Tullos Superintendent

January 31, 2022

To the Elected School Board Members and Citizens of LaSalle Parish:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the LaSalle Parish School Board (School Board) for the year ended June 30, 2021, is submitted herewith. This report has been prepared by following the guidelines recommended by the Association of School Business Officials International and the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States of America and Canada. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) and should be read in conjunction with it.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the School Board. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of all the information presented in this report. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the School Board. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the School Board's financial activities have been included.

Management of the School Board is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control designed to ensure that the assets of the School Board are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Internal control is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the costs of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

We believe the School Board's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

As a recipient of federal, state and local financial assistance, the School Board also is responsible for ensuring that adequate internal control is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. As a part of the School Board's single audit, described later, tests are made to determine the adequacy of internal control, including that portion related to federal awards programs, as well as to determine that the School Board has complied with applicable laws and regulations. The results of the School Board's single audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, provided no instances of material weaknesses in internal control or significant violations of applicable laws and regulations.

The report of our independent certified public accountants, Allen, Green &Williamson, LLP, follows as an integral component of this report. Their audit of the basic financial statements was performed in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and, accordingly, included a review of the School Board's system of budgetary and accounting controls.

The School Board is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the audit requirements of Title 2 *U. S. Code of Federal Regulations*, Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements*, *Cost Principles*, *and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Information related to this single audit includes the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, findings and recommendations, if applicable, and auditor's reports on the internal control and compliance with applicable laws and regulations. The single audit report is issued separately from this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Profile of the School Board

The LaSalle Parish School Board Office is located in Jena, which is in east central Louisiana. Highway 165 north to Monroe and south to Alexandria practically runs through the center of LaSalle Parish. Highway 84 slices through the parish east and west. October 1, 2020 reflected a total of 2,608 students were served by LaSalle Parish School System in 2020-2021 with 2,471 of those students qualifying for state funding through the Minimum Foundation Program. These students were based at nine schools which are located throughout the parish, which were constructed between 1949 and 2019. The School Board is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within LaSalle Parish. It is also empowered to levy sales tax for sales occurring within LaSalle Parish.

The School Board provides a full range of educational services appropriate to grade levels pre-kindergarten through grade 12. These services include regular and enriched academic education, special education for students in need, and vocational education. They also include providing instructional personnel, instructional materials, instructional facilities, food service facilities, administrative support, business services, systems operations, plant maintenance, and bus transportation. These basic services are supplemented by a wide variety of offerings in the fine arts and athletics.

Accounting System and Budgetary Control

An explanation of the School Board's accounting and budgetary policies are contained in the notes to the financial statements. Explained in detail are the basis of accounting, fund structure, and other significant information regarding accounting and budgetary policies. Budgetary controls are maintained by the School Board to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the School Board. Activities of the general fund and special revenue funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is at the function level, except for special revenue funds. The level of budgetary control for the special revenue fund is at the fund level. School Board policy provides that expenditures within a fund may not exceed appropriations by more than five percent. Revisions to the budget enacted require School Board approval.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the School Board's financial planning and control. The Business Manager prepares a proposed budget. The Business Manager then presents this proposed budget to the Board for review at least two weeks prior to the public hearing and Board adoption. The Board is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget by no later than September 15, 75 days after the start of the School Board's fiscal year. Management may make transfers of appropriations within a function. Transfers of appropriations between functions, however, require the special approval of the Board. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in the report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition and Long Range Financial Planning

The information presented in the financial statements is best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the School Board operates.

Local Economy

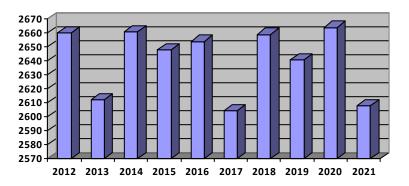
LaSalle Parish has a population of 14,892 and is blessed with an abundance of natural resources in the form of timber, oil, and gas. Businesses which are driven by these three industries employ many LaSalle Parish citizens, largely and directly affecting the economic health of the parish. The School Board remains the largest employer for the parish with GEO Group, Hardtner Medical Center, UPS MidStream, and LaSalle General Hospital also being large employers. The re-opening of the LaSalle BioEnergy wood-pellet plant, partnering with the adjacent LaSalle Lumber Company timber plant, has recently added 100+ new jobs to the area. These new employment opportunities have been a tremendous boost to our local economy. The Jena Wal-Mart Supercenter serves several surrounding parishes and continues to have a positive effect on the LaSalle Parish economy. The unemployment rate for LaSalle Parish typically is among the lowest five parishes in the state.

The Parish schools receive proceeds from three separately approved one-percent sales taxes. Two-percent is available for general expenditures and salaries and one-percent is available for bond issue debts and construction. Collections are near \$200,000 per month per one-percent tax. Sales tax collections have been on the rise over the past two years particularly due to the expansion of the timber industry in the parish.

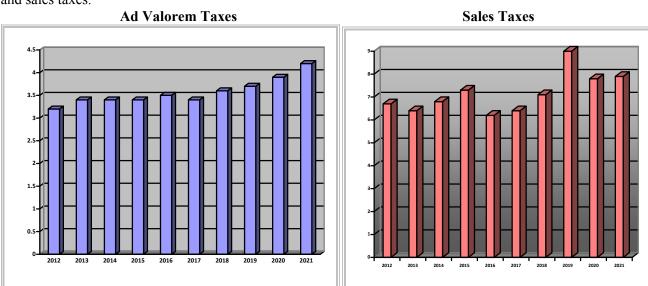
The general fund balance for the parish has increased slightly over the past several years due to a slow rise in millage tax revenues and Minimum Foundation Program (MFP) allotments. The general fund will likely experience a decrease in 2021-2022 due to a reduction of MFP.

The major element that determines the amount of financial support received from the State of Louisiana through the Minimum Foundation Program is student population. The chart below depicts student population in fiscal year 2020-2021. We anticipate a slight reduction in student population for the coming year.

Student Population



In addition to the State Minimum Foundation support, LaSalle Parish School Board derives tremendous financial support from the citizens of the parish. This support is provided through ad valorem taxes and sales taxes. This local support helps in two ways. It generates immediate dollars for the school system which in turn increases the amount of financial support given by the state. The charts below illustrate the positive results of the millage taxes and sales taxes.



Major Initiatives for the Year

LaSalle Parish School System has continued to work toward providing students with excellent educational opportunities. In the areas of academic performance, LaSalle Parish students remain in a top competitive position with students throughout the state and nation. Teachers have continued the process of honing the craft of teaching by participating in professional development activities and sharing ideas in professional learning communities. Administrators continue to refine their practice from ongoing training sessions which place emphasis on five dimensions of learning: Purpose, Student Engagement, Classroom Environment and Culture, Assessment of Student Learning, and Curriculum & Pedagogy.

All departments in the LaSalle Parish School System continue in their efforts of improvements. Accounting, administration, transportation, child nutrition, maintenance, special education, federal programs, technology, school plant facilities, parental communication, and professional development are working together to provide quality services, equitable opportunities, and improved avenues for successful student achievement.

The LaSalle Parish School System along with other school districts in our state continues to respond to changes due to state and federal initiatives. It is expected these changes will have a significant effect on all aspects of public education. However, the system continues to demonstrate a commitment to improvement and flexibility in responding to changing times.

During the last few years, there have been many accomplishments made in the incorporation of technology into LaSalle Parish classroom instruction, beginning with having at least one computer in each classroom, a computer lab in every school, and recently adding a mobile laptop lab in three schools. Due to teaching and learning components related to COVID-19, all LaSalle Parish students have been provided Chromebooks and protective cases. Through grant funding, interactive whiteboards, projectors, and other technologies such as document cameras and wireless slates, have been placed in approximately 95% of our classrooms. New computer labs were implemented in the past three school years while other labs are being refreshed. Hotspots were purchased and continue to provide students with connectivity in their homes as needed. Management software is being purchased to provide additional oversight for device usage. Video conferencing equipment is in place in all schools and the Media Center for distance learning and virtual field trips. Students in both high schools take online classes through the Louisiana Virtual School.

LaSalle Parish continues to be able to offer salaries at or above the salaries of most surrounding parishes thus providing us with high quality teachers. This was made possible by LaSalle Parish voters who showed their support for schools in late 1999-2000 by continuing a sales tax that was passed five years earlier. The tax was originally for general purpose but was voted in as 80% salaries and 20% general purposes. Voters also passed a new 21-mill property tax in 1999-2000 for general purposes. These funds have helped to supplement other funds for additional construction projects.

For the Future

LaSalle Parish will continue to focus on the following strategic goals in the coming year: students enter kindergarten ready, students arrive in 4th grade on-time and on-level, students on track to college in 11th grade, students will graduate on time, and graduates will enroll in college or join the workforce.

LaSalle Parish Schools Performance 2020-2021

Due to the disruptions cause by COVID-19, the United States Department of Education is allowing states flexibility to pause federal accountability for the 2020-2021 academic year. Consequently, LDOE is seeking a waiver because of the catastrophic interruptions to traditional education methods and strategies that have harmfully impacted academic outcomes and achievement, as evidenced by the spring 2021 results from the Louisiana Education Assessment Program (LEAP 2025). The waiver allows for a freeze in school accountability. School Performance Scores (SPS) and District Performance Scores (DPS) will not be utilized for the purpose of designating struggling schools; however, student performance will be reported to districts for the purpose of tracking students' progress to mastery performance level. No SPS or DPS has been given to LaSalle Parish at this time.

Although these waivers were put in place, LaSalle Parish Schools continued to provide a quality education for all students. Testing in LEAP 2025 grades did occur in Spring 2021. Analysis of these scores led to shifts in educational priorities and increased fiscal spending to address gaps due to learning loss in previous school years due to COVID-19 and natural disasters. Federal grants funded shifts in educational priorities in curriculum adjustments, professional development, summer program initiatives, before/after-school, and Saturday curriculum-based initiatives, and additional during-school interventions that address student needs.

Once again this summer, the administration worked diligently to research and identify curriculum needs along with best practices to provide quality materials for all students. Additional professional development opportunities are structured to meet district priorities around improved student achievement. The implementation of additional

diagnostic tests multiple times a year have begun and will be continued throughout the school year. Diagnostic student test results will assist in the identification of students' educational gaps and needs. This specific student data allows in-depth intervention and curriculum planning. Placing an emphasis on these priorities will continue to move LaSalle Parish forward in student achievement.

Major Operational and Financial Concerns

The major economic issue facing LaSalle Parish is reduction of state funding and unfunded state mandates. Rising insurance and retirement costs remain a major concern for the upcoming years.

Financial Condition at Year-end

LaSalle Parish School Board continued to maintain a healthy fund balance for 2020-2021. This is due to prudent management by the Board and Superintendent and the generosity of the citizens of LaSalle Parish. However, the yearly increases in group health insurance premiums and retirement costs have required the continual reduction of funds that would have been funneled to the classrooms. Financial assistance from the state for these expenditures is needed.

Awards and Acknowledgments

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) has awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting, and the Association of School Business Officials International (ASBO) has awarded a Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting to the School Board for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports for the years ended June 30, 1998 and each year thereafter. To be awarded these certificates, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements. These certificates are valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the certificate requirements, and we are submitting it to both GFOA and ASBO.

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Department of Business. We want to express our appreciation to them for their assistance. We also thank the members of the School Board for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the school system in a responsible and progressive manner.

Superintendent

Business Manager



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

LaSalle Parish School Board Louisiana

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2020

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

LaSalle Parish School Board

for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020.

The report meets the criteria established for ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence.



W. Edward Chabal President

W. Edward Chabal

David J. Lewis
Executive Director

LaSalle Parish School Board June 30, 2021 **Organization Chart** Board Superintendent Federal Programs Special Education Elementary Education Secondary Education Business Supervisor Supervisor Supervisor Supervisor Manager Transportation and Maintenance Child Welfare & Attendance Homeless Child Nutrition Program Supervisor Liaison Director Supervisor

Elected Officials June 30, 2021

Board Member Ms. Dawn Stott	<u>Ward</u> I
Mr. Jonny Fryar, Vice President	II
Mr. Fred Book	III
Ms. Marcia Cooksey	IV
Ms. D'Juana McCartney	V
Mr. Buddy Bethard, President	VI
Mr. Justin Reeves	VII
Mr. Dolan Pendarvis	VIII
Ms. Aimeri Paul	IX
Mr. Melvin Worthington	X

Selected Administrative Officials June 30, 2021

Ms. Janet Tullos Superintendent

Ms. Kathryn Tyler Federal Programs Supervisor

Ms. Jenene Bignar Special Education Supervisor

Ms. Brandy Brunson Elementary Education Supervisor

Ms. Tish Taylor Secondary Education Supervisor

Mr. Glenn Joiner Transportation and Maintenance Supervisor

Ms. Melinda Edwards Child Welfare and Attendance Supervisor

Ms. Carolas Purvis Child Nutrition Program Director

Ms. Sara Andrews Business Manager

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FINANCIAL SECTION

ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
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Monroe, LA 71211-6075

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Amy Tynes, CPA, CFE Aimee Buchanan, CPA

Principal: Cindy Thomason, CPA

Audit Managers: Margie Williamson, CPA Jennie Henry, CPA, CFE

In-Charges: Crystal Patterson, CPA Mallory Stone, CPA

> Ernest L. Allen, CPA (Retired) 1963 - 2000

Independent Auditor's Report

Board Members LaSalle Parish School Board Jena, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the LaSalle Parish School Board, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the LaSalle Parish School Board, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matters

As described in Note 20 to the financial statements, the School Board adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As disclosed in Note 7 to the financial statements, the net pension liability for the School Board was \$35,755,409 at June 30, 2021, as determined by the Teachers' Retirement System, of Louisiana (TRSL), and Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS). The related actuarial valuations were performed by TRSL's and LSERS's actuaries using various assumptions. Because actual experience may differ from the assumptions used, there is a risk that this amount at June 30, 2021, could be under or overstated. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in Note 8 to the financial statements, the other post-employment benefits (OPEB) Liability for the School Board was \$60,005,167 at June 30, 2021 related to its participation in a single-employer other post-employment benefit plan. The related actuarial valuations were performed by the School Board's actuary using various assumptions. Because actual experience may differ from the assumptions used, there is a risk that this amount at June 30, 2021, could be under or overstated. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of Employer Contributions to Pension Plans, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, and the notes to the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the LaSalle Parish School Board's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, and the other information, as listed in the table of contents, such as the introductory and statistical sections, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The accompanying other information, as listed in the table of contents, such as the introductory and statistical sections, has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

allen, Leen + Williamson, Ll P

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report, under separate cover, dated January 31, 2022 on our consideration of the LaSalle Parish School Board's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School Board's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP

Monroe, Louisiana January 31, 2022

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

Our discussion and analysis of LaSalle Parish School Board's financial performance provides an overview of the School Board's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter and the School Board's financial statements.

In the current fiscal year the School Board implemented GASB Statement No. 84 – Fiduciary Activities. The principal objective of this statement is to enhance the consistency and comparability of fiduciary activity reporting by state and local governments. It improves guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting and how those activities should be reported. The impact to the School Board resulted in certain activities previously reported as fiduciary not being considered fiduciary under GASB 84. The Student Activity fund previously reported as an agency fund is now reported as a special revenue fund. Due to this restatement, the Student Activity fund beginning fund balance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 was restated to \$344,585.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS Our financial statements provide these insights into the results of this year's operations:

Total spending for all our programs per the Statement of Activities was \$35,342,124 for the year. Most of the School Board's taxes and state Minimum Foundation Program funds were used to support the net cost (after deducting restricted grants and fees charged to users) of these six areas: regular programs \$12,123,035, special programs \$2,488,262, other instructional programs \$2,755,509, school administration \$2,593,415, plant services \$3,075,789, and student transportation services \$2,295,561.

• Statement of Net Position:

The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the LaSalle Parish School Board were less than its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$44,200,622 (net position).

• Statement of Activities:

The School Board's total net position increased by \$1,801,783 for the year ended June 30, 2021, mainly due to a decrease in construction projects through the 2008 Sales Tax Capital Project Fund and an increase in federal School Food Service revenue.

• Governmental Funds Balance Sheet:

As of the close of the fiscal year 2020-2021, the LaSalle Parish School Board's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$22,344,470, an increase of \$1,715,830 in comparison with the prior fiscal year. The majority of this fund balance is comprised of approximately (1) \$9,746,785 which is available for spending within the General fund, (2) \$189,163 which is available for spending in the 1980 and 1999 Sales Tax funds special revenue funds, (3) \$1,049,967 which is available for debt service payments (4) \$6,492,598 which is available for spending in the 2008 Sales Tax Capital Projects fund (5) \$4,067,111 which is available for spending in the non-major capital projects funds, and (6) \$798,846 which is available in the non-major special revenue funds.

• Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances:

Total revenues for the year ended June 30, 2021 for the governmental funds of the LaSalle Parish School Board amounted to \$36,839,831. Approximately 93% of this amount is received from four major revenue sources: (1) \$16,940,551 from Louisiana's State Equalization, (2) \$4,199,141 from local ad valorem taxes, (3) \$7,885,600 from local sales and use taxes, and (4) \$5,401,410 from federal sources.

• General Fund's Ending Fund Balance:

At the end of the current fiscal year, unrestricted fund balance for the General fund, a major fund, was \$9,746,785, or 46% of total General fund expenditures.

■ 1980 Sales Tax Fund and 1999 Sales Tax Funds' Ending Fund Balance:

The 1980 Sales Tax and 1999 Sales Tax funds are classified as major funds for the 2020-2021 year end. These funds have \$189,163 in fund balance at year end which represent funds available as salary supplements to employees which had not been disbursed at fiscal year end.

• 2008 Sales Tax Capital Projects:

The ending fund balance was \$6,492,598 and will be used to construct new facilities or make major improvements to facilities.

• Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund's Ending Fund Balance:

At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance for the Nonmajor Special Revenue funds were \$798,846, in which \$707,728 is restricted, and \$91,118 is nonspendable.

• Capital Assets:

Total capital assets (net of depreciation) were \$27,361,496 or 51% of the total assets. The School Board uses these assets to provide educational services to children and adults; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

Long-Term Liabilities:

The LaSalle Parish School Board's total long-term liabilities decreased \$1,330,070 during the current fiscal year. This decrease is due to a \$1,188,000 decrease in bonds payable, a \$109,521 decrease in compensated absences and a \$32,549 decrease in claims payable.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The School Board's annual report consists of a series of financial statements that show information for the School Board as a whole and its funds. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the School Board as a whole and present a longer-term view of the School Board's finances. For our governmental activities, these statements tell how we financed our services in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund statements also may give you some insights into the School Board's overall financial health. Fund financial statements also report the School Board's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the School Board's most significant funds-such as the School Board's General fund, 1980 Sales Tax fund, 1999 Sales Tax fund, Education Stabilization fund, and 2008 Sales Tax Capital Projects fund.

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Introductory Section

Transmittal Letter
Certificates of Excellence in Financial Reporting
Organization Chart
Elected Officials and Selected Administrative Officers

Financial Section

(Details outlined in the next chart)

Statistical Section

Financial Trends
Revenue Capacity
Debt Capacity
Demographic and Economic Information
Operating Information

(Refer to the Table of Contents in the front of this report for more details and the specific location of items identified above)

Financial Section

Required Supplementary Information

Management's Discussion & Analysis (MD&A)

Basic Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements



Fund Financial Statements

Notes to the Financial Statements

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Schedule of Employer Contributions to Pension Plans Budgetary Information for Major Funds

Other Supplementary Information

Nonmajor Funds Combining Statements & Budgetary Information Schedule of Compensation Paid Board Members Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head Schools Cash and Investment Balances

Our auditor has provided assurance in the independent auditor's report, located immediately preceding this Management's Discussion and Analysis, that the Basic Financial Statements are fairly stated. Varying degrees of assurance is being provided by the auditor regarding the Required Supplementary Information and the Supplementary Information identified on the previous page. A user of this report should read the independent auditor's report carefully to ascertain the level of assurance being provided for each of the other parts in the Financial Section

The Introductory Section and the Statistical Section was prepared solely by the School Board without association of the independent auditors. Accordingly, the School Board assumes full responsibility for the accuracy of these two sections.

Reporting the School Board as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

One of the most important questions asked about the School Board is, "Is the School Board as a whole better off or worse off financially as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which appear first in the School Board's financial statements, report information on the School Board as a whole and its activities in a way that helps you answer this question. We prepare these statements to include *all* assets, liabilities and deferred outflows/inflows of resources, using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School Board's *net position* - the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, as reported in the Statement of Net Position - as one way to measure the School Board's financial health, or *financial position*. Over time, *increases or decreases* in the School Board's net position - as reported in the Statement of Activities - are one indicator of whether its *financial health* is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenues and expenses is the School Board's *operating results*. However, the School Board's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider many other nonfinancial factors, such as the quality of the education provided and the safety of the schools to assess the *overall health* of the School Board.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities report the following activity for the School Board:

Governmental activities - All of the School Board's services are reported here, including instruction, plant services, transportation, and food services. Property taxes, sales taxes, Minimum Foundation Program funds, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Reporting the School Board's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The School Board's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the School Board as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law and by bond covenants. However, the School Board establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like the School Food Service) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money (like grants the School Board receives from the U.S. Department of Education). The School Board's governmental funds use the following accounting approach:

Governmental funds - All of the School Board's services are reported in governmental funds. Governmental fund reporting focuses on showing how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. They are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial* assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term view* of the School Board's operations and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School Board's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* in the reconciliations on Statements D and F.

THE SCHOOL BOARD AS A WHOLE

The School Board's net position was a deficit of \$44,200,622 at June 30, 2021, in which the School Board reflected a negative unrestricted balance of \$77,805,296. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the School Board's ability to use the net position for day-to-day operations. Our analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and change in net position (Table 2) of the School Board's governmental activities.

Table 1 Net Position June 30,

		Governmental Activities	
	2021	2020	Variance
Other assets	\$ 26,793,429	\$ 24,890,503	\$ 1,902,926
Capital assets	27,361,496_	27,677,911	(316,415)
Total assets	54,154,925	52,568,414	1,586,511
Deferred outflows of resources	15,245,771	14,560,028	685,743
Other liabilities	4,483,925	4,651,631	(167,706)
Long-term liabilities	100,198,560	105,991,172	(5,792,612)
Total liabilities	104,682,485	110,642,803	(5,960,318)
Deferred inflows of resources	8,918,833	2,832,629	6,086,204
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	24,251,496	23,379,911	871,585
Restricted	9,353,178	7,703,260	1,649,918
Unrestricted	(77,805,296)	(77,085,576)	(719,720)
Total net position	\$ (44,200,622)	\$ (46,002,405)	\$ 1,801,783

The beginning balance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 was restated by \$347,913 for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87. This was the beginning balance of the student activity funds for the year ended June 30, 2020.

The (\$77,805,296) in unrestricted net position of governmental activities represents the *accumulated* results of all past years' operations. It is mainly the result of recording an OPEB liability of \$60 million and a net pension liability of \$35.7 million

The results of this year's operations for the School Board as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. Table 2 takes the information from that statement, rounds off the numbers, and rearranges them slightly so you can see our total revenues for the year. Overall financial position has slightly improved from the prior year.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30,

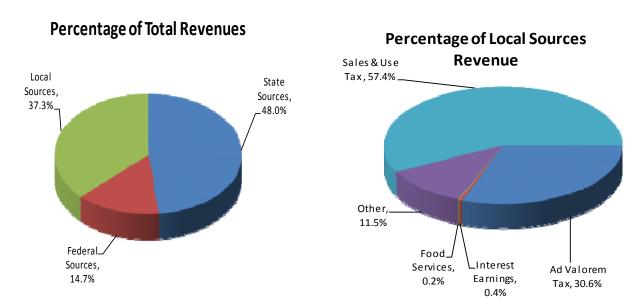
	Governmental Activities		
	2021	2020	Variance
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 22,808	\$ 42,372	\$ (19,564)
Operating grants and contributions	6,075,809	3,226,685	2,849,124
General revenues			
Ad valorem taxes	4,199,141	3,913,463	285,678
Sales taxes	7,885,600	7,834,340	51,260
State equalization	16,940,551	17,627,017	(686,466)
Other general revenues	2,019,998	1,936,361	83,637
Total revenues	37,143,907	34,580,238	2,563,669
Functions/Program Expenses:			
Instruction		40.450.555	(200 20 4)
Regular programs	13,179,422	13,469,656	(290,234)
Special programs	2,725,897	2,902,962	(177,065)
Other instructional programs	4,333,314	4,681,922	(348,608)
Support services			
Student services	1,138,905	1,126,731	12,174
Instructional staff support	1,699,911	1,856,239	(156,328)
General administration	843,531	855,737	(12,206)
School administration	2,635,110	2,366,646	268,464
Business services	612,177	569,181	42,996
Plant services	3,193,335	3,316,615	(123,280)
Student transportation services	2,339,223	2,455,354	(116,131)
Central services	94,705	85,054	9,651
Food services	2,471,205	2,257,049	214,156
Interest and bank charges	75,389_	97,060	(21,671)
Total expenses	35,342,124	36,040,206	(698,082)
Increase (decrease) in net position	1,801,783	(1,459,968)	3,261,751
Net position – beginning	(46,002,405)	(44,890,350)	(1,112,055)
Prior period adjustment		347,913	(347,913)
Net position – beginning, restated	(46,002,405)	(44,542,437)	(1,459,968)
Net position – ending	\$ (44,200,622)	\$ (46,002,405)	\$ 1,801,783

Total revenues increased \$2,563,669 because of funding provided by Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Funds (ESSER) to address student learning loss and employee retention during the COVID-19 pandemic, inclusion of Student Activity Funds revenue, and increased federal School Food Service meal reimbursement rates. The expenses of the School Board for fiscal year end June 30, 2021 decreased \$698,082.

Governmental Activities

As reported in the Statement of Activities, the total cost of all of our *governmental* activities this year was \$35,342,124. Some of the cost was paid by those who benefited from the programs (\$22,808) or by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$6,075,809). We paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of our governmental activities with \$12,084,741 in taxes, \$16,940,551 in state Minimum Foundation Program funds and \$2,019,998 with our other revenues, like interest and general entitlements.

Revenues



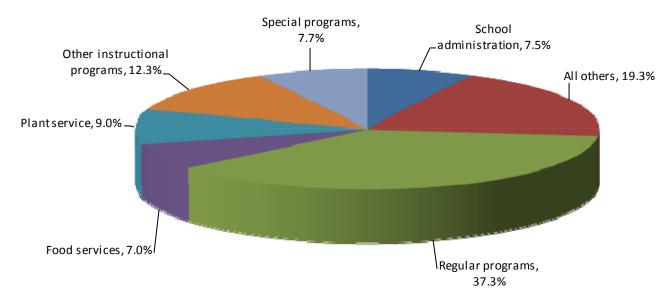
In the table on the following page we have presented the cost of each of the School Board's six largest functions: regular programs, special programs, other instructional programs, school administration, plant services, and food services as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). Net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the School Board's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

Table 3 Cost of Services For the Year Ended June 30, Governmental Activities

		Total (Cost of Servi	ces		Net Cost of Services				
	2021		2020		Variance	2021		2020	Variance	
Regular programs	\$ 13,179,422	\$	13,469,656	\$	(290,234)	\$ 12,123,035	\$	13,401,980	\$ (1,278,945)	
Special programs	2,725,897		2,902,962		(177,065)	2,488,262		2,752,148	(263,886)	
Other instructional programs	4,333,314		4,681,922		(348,608)	2,755,509		3,368,290	(612,781)	
School administration	2,635,110		2,366,646		268,464	2,593,415		2,365,688	227,727	
Plant services	3,193,335		3,316,615		(123,280)	3,075,789		3,302,206	(226,417)	
Food services	2,471,205		2,257,049		214,156	481,261		1,144,156	(662,895)	
All others	6,803,841		7,045,356		(241,515)	5,726,236		6,436,681	(710,445)	
Totals	\$ 35,342,124	\$	36,040,206	\$	(698,082)	\$ 29,243,507	\$	32,771,149	\$ (3,527,642)	

Total Cost of Service by Function

Percentage of Total Expenses (\$35.3 million)



THE SCHOOL BOARD'S FUNDS

As we noted earlier, the School Board uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. Looking at funds helps you consider whether the School Board is being accountable for the resources taxpayers and others provide to it but may also give you more insight into the School Board's overall financial health.

As the School Board completed this year, our governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$22,344,470 which is an increase of \$1,715,830 from last year.

The General fund is our principal operating fund. The fund balance in the General fund had an increase of \$29,849 leaving fund balance at \$9,746,785. Revenue decreased \$396,498 mainly due to reduced state Minimum Foundation Program (MFP) funding. However, this reduction in revenue was offset by less operating transfers to School Food Service which received sufficient federal revenue to cover food service expenditures.

The 1980 Sales Tax fund and 1999 Sales Tax fund are reported as major funds for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Fund balances for these funds increased \$7,494 in total.

The Education Stabilization fund accounts for the transactions of the different Educations Stabilization grants. This fund is a cost reimbursement fund and does not have a fund balance.

The 2008 Sales Tax Capital Projects fund reported a fund balance of \$6,492,598, which is an increase of \$1,226,606 due to less construction projects during the year.

Highlights of the nonmajor governmental funds are as follows:

Our nonmajor special revenue fund balance increased from the prior year amount of \$409,131 to \$798,846. The increase is due mainly to higher federal School Food Service meal reimbursement rates and the inclusion of Student Activity Fund revenues and expenditures.

Our nonmajor debt service funds reflected a decrease from prior year of \$(51,684) with an ending fund balance of \$1,049,967. This decrease is due to the retirement of 2011 limited tax bonds.

Our nonmajor capital project funds reflected ending fund balance of \$4,067,111 which is an increase from the prior year total of \$113,850 due to insurance proceeds for Hurricane Laura repairs not yet completed.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the School Board revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. The final amendment to the budget was actually adopted after year-end which is not prohibited by state law. The difference between final revenues compared to final budgeted revenues was insignificant. Actual expenditures exceeded budgeted expenditures by \$72,184 which is an insignificant variance.

The revisions to total revenues was to decrease the budget by \$45,855 which was mainly the result of reduced Minimum Foundation Program (MFP) funds following a slight drop in student count. This drop in MFP was partially offset by higher ad valorem receipts than originally budgeted and award of the Louisiana Public Service Commission (LPSC) LED light grant. Budgeted expenditures were increased \$264,925 mainly due to the cost of the aforementioned LED lights as well as a reduction in LA-4 state funds resulting in the General fund absorbing more Pre-K salaries.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2021, the School Board had \$27,361,496 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, transportation equipment, and construction in progress. This

amount represents a net decrease (including additions, deductions and depreciation) of \$316,415 or approximately 1% from last year.

Capital Assets at Year-end

	Govern	imental Activities
	2021	2020
Land	\$ 488,964	\$ 488,964
Land improvements	106,273	3 21,932
Buildings and improvements	26,253,799	9 26,650,656
Furniture and equipment	335,292	2 364,323
Transportation equipment	177,168	152,036
Totals	\$ 27,361,490	\$ 27,677,911

This year's additions of \$790,742 included improvements to land and buildings, transportation and maintenance equipment, and vocational equipment for high schools. Approximately \$295,500 was directly related to Hurricane Laura damages. Also, the Louisiana Public Service Commission (LPSC) awarded an LED light grant totaling \$189,089 to Goodpine Middle, Nebo Elementary, Olla Elementary, and LaSalle Junior High Schools. See Note 6 to the financial statements for more information.

Debt

During the 2018-2019 fiscal year, we issued sales tax bonds of \$3,165,000 of which \$1,955,000 remains outstanding at June 30, 2021. During the 2010-2011 fiscal year, we issued \$4,500,000 of QSCB revenue bonds of which \$1,155,000 remains outstanding at year end. Other obligations include accrued vacation pay and sick leave along with claims and judgements liability. We present more detailed information about our long-term liabilities in the notes to the financial statements at Note 11

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

Our elected and appointed officials and citizens considered many factors when setting the School Board's 2021-2022 fiscal year budget and tax rates. One of the most important factors affecting the budget is our student count. The 2021-2022 budgets were adopted in September based on an estimate of students that will be enrolled on October 1. The October 1 student count affects our Minimum Foundation Program (MFP) funding from the state. Approximately 50% of total revenues are from the MFP. We anticipate that the student count will be slightly lower than prior year. Utility costs and technology-related costs continue to be a major concern along with additional increases in health insurance premiums. The effect of the COVID-19 pandemic on the General fund budget is considered to be minimal at this time considering available federal assistance.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL BOARD'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Our financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, students, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School Board's finances and to show the School Board's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or wish to request additional financial information, contact Sara Andrews, Business Manager, at LaSalle Parish School Board, P. O. Drawer 90, Jena, Louisiana 71342, telephone number (318) 992-2161.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

LASALLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2021

Statement A

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20,222,905
Investments	3,135,451
Receivables	2,245,986
Inventory	136,620
Prepaid items	1,052,467
Capital Assets:	
Land	488,964
Depreciable capital assets	26,872,532
TOTAL ASSETS	54,154,925
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	10,189,563
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	5,056,208
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	15,245,771
LIABILITIES	
Accounts, salaries and other payables	4,390,688
Unearned revenue	51,971
Interest payable	34,966
Claims payable	6,300
Long-term liabilities:	
Long-term liabilities due within one year:	
Bonds, leases, claims, compensated absences	2,111,435
Long-term liabilities due in more than one year:	
Bonds, leases, claims, compensated absences	2,326,549
OPEB liability	60,005,167
Net pension liability	35,755,409
TOTAL LIABILITIES	104,682,485
DEFERRED INFLOWS	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	1,428,112
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	7,490,721
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS	8,918,833
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	24,251,496
Restricted for:	
Grant funds	33,131
Facility improvements	56,487
Salary improvements	151,330
School food service	252,791
Student activity funds	403,152
Capital project	8,456,287
Unrestricted	(77,805,296)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ (44,200,622)

THE NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

LASALLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Statement B

	EXPENSES		PROGRAM REVENUES OPERATING CHARGES FOR GRANTS AND SERVICES CONTRIBUTIONS				NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION	
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS								
Governmental Activities:								
Instruction:								
Regular program	\$	13,179,422	\$	-	\$	1,056,387	\$	(12,123,035)
Special programs		2,725,897		-		237,635		(2,488,262)
Other instructional programs		4,333,314		-		1,577,805		(2,755,509)
Support Services:								
Student services		1,138,905		-		219,189		(919,716)
Instructional staff support		1,699,911		-		353,960		(1,345,951)
General administration		843,531		-		452,162		(391,369)
School administration		2,635,110		-		41,695		(2,593,415)
Business services		612,177		-		6,427		(605,750)
Plant services		3,193,335		-		117,546		(3,075,789)
Student transportation services		2,339,223		-		43,662		(2,295,561)
Central services		94,705		-		2,205		(92,500)
Food services		2,471,205		22,808		1,967,136		(481,261)
Interest on long-term debt		75,389		-				(75,389)
Total governmental activities	\$	35,342,124	\$	22,808	\$	6,075,809		(29,243,507)
	Tax P S	ral revenues: tes: roperty taxes ales taxes ants and contributi	ons not res	tricted to spec	ific progr	ams		4,199,141 7,885,600
		linimum Foundation			o prog.	anio		16,940,551
		tate Revenue Sha	-					73,773
		rest and investme	-	3				57,379
		cellaneous						1,888,846
		Total general rev	enues					31,045,290
		Ü						· · ·
		Change in net	position					1,801,783
	Net p	osition - beginning)					(46,346,990)
		Prior period ad	justment					344,585
	Net p	osition - beginning	g, restated					(46,002,405)
	Net p	osition - ending					\$	(44,200,622)

THE NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

LaSalle Parish School Board

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS: FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

LASALLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Balance Sheet June 30, 2021

		GENERAL	SA	1980 LES TAX	1999 SALES TAX	
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,302,617	\$	457,968	\$	525,375
Investments		1,069,051		-		-
Receivables		60,075		213,687		213,085
Interfund receivables		2,190,173		-		-
Inventory		-		-		-
Prepaid items		2,500		-		-
Total assets		13,624,416		671,655		738,460
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts, salaries and other payables		3,871,331		56,655		112,751
Interfund payables		-		525,972		525,574
Unearned revenues		-		-		-
Claims payable		6,300		-		-
Total liabilities		3,877,631		582,627		638,325
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable		-		-		-
Restricted		-		89,028		100,135
Committed		1,379,519		-		-
Unassigned		8,367,266			1	-
Total fund balances		9,746,785		89,028		100,135
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	13,624,416	\$	671,655	\$	738,460

THE NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

Statement C

OUCATION BILIZATION	2008 SALES TAX CAPITAL PROJECTS			ONMAJOR ERNMENTAL	 TOTAL
\$ -	\$	6,282,234	\$	2,654,711	\$ 20,222,905
-		-		2,066,400	3,135,451
1,028,152		213,085		517,902	2,245,986
-		-		-	2,190,173
-		-		136,620	136,620
 		-		1,049,967	 1,052,467
1,028,152		6,495,319		6,425,600	28,983,602
4,957 1,023,195 - -		2,721 - -		342,273 115,432 51,971	4,390,688 2,190,173 51,971 6,300
1,028,152	-	2,721		509,676	 6,639,132
		6,492,598 - - 6,492,598		1,141,085 2,671,417 2,103,422 - 5,915,924	1,141,085 9,353,178 3,482,941 8,367,266 22,344,470
	-		-		
\$ 1,028,152	\$	6,495,319	\$	6,425,600	\$ 28,983,602

LaSalle Parish School Board

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LASALLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

Statement D

Total fund balances - governmental funds

\$ 22,344,470

The cost of capital assets (land, buildings, furniture and equipment) purchased or constructed is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds. The Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets among the assets of the School Board as a whole. The cost of those capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives (as depreciation expense) to the various programs reported as governmental activities in the Statement of Activities. Because depreciation expense does not affect financial resources, it is not reported in governmental funds.

Costs of capital assets \$ 47,925,986
Depreciation expense to date \$ (20,564,490)

27,361,496

Deferred outflows/inflows related to pensions and OPEB are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not recorded in the fund financial statements.

Deferred outflows related to pensions and OPEB Deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB

15,245,771

(8,918,833)

Long-term liabilities applicable to the School Board's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities - both current and long term - are reported in the Statement of Net Position.

Balances at June 30, 2021 are:

Long-term liabilities

Direct borrowings & direct placements	(3,110,000)
Compensated absences payable	(1,022,772)
OPEB liability	(60,005,167)
Net pension liability	(35,755,409)
Claims payable	(305,212)
Interest payable	(34,966)

(100,233,526)

Net position of governmental activities

\$ (44,200,622)

THE NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

LASALLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	G	SENERAL	SA	1980 ALES TAX	SA	1999 ALES TAX
REVENUES						
Local sources:						
Taxes:						
Ad valorem	\$	3,105,414	\$	-	\$	-
Sales and use		-		2,629,861		2,627,869
Interest earnings		20,227		1,245		1,363
Food services		-		-		-
Other		193,204		-		-
State sources:						
Equalization		16,546,906		-		-
Other		255,269		-		-
Federal sources		-		-		-
Total revenues		20,121,020		2,631,106		2,629,232
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular programs		9,499,532		864,463		871,372
Special programs		1,903,284		272,044		272,408
Other instructional programs		1,693,515		220,319		197,086
Support services:						
Student services		743,964		72,316		72,684
Instructional staff support		1,025,853		95,276		95,761
General administration		271,178		10,509		10,563
School administration		1,730,235		135,478		135,967
Business services		520,679		29,957		30,108
Plant services		1,440,141		102,792		103,229
Student transportation services		1,750,787		142,083		141,845
Central services		85,542		4,328		4,352
Food services		121,818		157,752		158,606
Capital outlay		205,854		, -		, -
Debt service:		,				
Principal retirement		-		-		-
Interest and bank charges		-		-		-
Total expenditures		20,992,382		2,107,317		2,093,981
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES	\$	(871,362)	\$	523,789	\$	535,251
OVER EXPENDITURES		<u> </u>				

Statement E

EDUCATION STABILIZATIO	N CA	2008 SALES TAX PITAL PROJECTS	NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL		 TOTAL
\$	- \$	-	\$	1,093,727	\$ 4,199,141
	-	1,400,650		1,227,220	7,885,600
	-	4,430		30,114	57,379
	-	-		22,808	22,808
	-	-		1,383,895	1,577,099
	-	-		393,645	16,940,551
	-	-		500,574	755,843
1,890,02	22	_		3,511,388	5,401,410
1,890,02	22	1,405,080		8,163,371	 36,839,831
817,88 82,93		<u>.</u>		160,366 154,698	12,213,622 2,685,371
368,83	35	-		1,810,277	4,290,032
15,28	36	-		230,621	1,134,871
34,69	99	-		387,987	1,639,576
335,48	31	30,250		159,187	817,168
31,16	88	-		469,487	2,502,335
6,42	27	7,258		-	594,429
101,80)3	-		1,212,073	2,960,038
43,6	19	-		11,380	2,089,714
1,27	73	-		932	96,427
50,60)5	-		1,929,258	2,418,039
	-	-		506,995	712,849
	-	-		1,188,000	1,188,000
	-	1,642		83,964	85,606
1,890,02	22	39,150		8,305,225	35,428,077
\$	\$	1,365,930	\$	(141,854)	\$ 1,411,754

(CONTINUED)

LASALLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	G	ENERAL	SA	1980 LES TAX	SA	1999 LES TAX
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out Insurance proceeds	\$	1,055,572 (154,941) 580	\$	- (525,972) -	\$	- (525,574) -
Total other financing sources (uses)		901,211		(525,972)		(525,574)
Net changes in fund balances		29,849		(2,183)		9,677
Fund balances - beginning, as originally stated		9,716,936		91,211		90,458
Prior period adjustment						
Fund balances - beginning, restated		9,716,936	,	91,211		90,458
Fund balances - ending	\$	9,746,785	\$	89,028	\$	100,135

THE NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

Statement E

EDUC/ STABILI		2008 ALES TAX AL PROJECTS	ONMAJOR ERNMENTAL	TOTAL
\$	- - -	\$ 11,106 (150,430) -	\$ 358,052 (67,813) 303,496	\$ 1,424,730 (1,424,730) 304,076
		(139,324)	593,735	304,076
		1,226,606	 451,881	 1,715,830
	-	5,265,992	5,119,458	20,284,055
		 <u> </u>	344,585	 344,585
		 5,265,992	5,464,043	20,628,640
\$	_	\$ 6,492,598	\$ 5,915,924	\$ 22,344,470

(CONCLUDED)

LASALLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Statement F

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds			\$ 1,715,830
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of	Activities	are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditure Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimat expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded	ed usefu	lives as depreciation	
Capital outlays Depreciation expense Loss on capital asset deletions	\$	790,742 (1,081,505) (25,652)	
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resource the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the consumental funds. However, the transaction has no effect on	urrent fin	ernmental funds, while ancial resources of	(316,415)
Repayment of excess revenue bonds			1,188,000
The recognition of pension expense in the Statement of Activities benefit payments discounted to actuarial present value and attrib employee service. Pension expenditures in the fund financial statually paid.	outed to p	periods of	298,424
The Statement of Activities reflects the effects of other post-employen an actuarial amount that is increased over an amortized period actually paid during the year. The governmental funds reflect or year expenditures. This year, the change in OPEB liability was:	od and de	ecreased for amounts	(1,236,343)
In the Statement of Activities, compensated absences (vacations by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental fur for these items are measured by the amount of financial resource amounts actually paid). This year, vacation and sick time used the amounts earned (\$901,389) by \$109,521.	nds, howe	ever, expenditures (essentially, the	109,521
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs fro governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expen is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues.	diture in In the St	the funds when it atement of Activities,	10,217
In the Statement of Activities, workers' compensation expense is the accrual for the year. In the governmental funds, expenditure of resources used during the year. For the year, the accrual balance	s are me	asured by the amount	 32,549
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$ 1,801,783

THE NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

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NOTE 1-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES The accompanying financial statements of the School Board have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. REPORTING ENTITY The LaSalle Parish School Board was created by Louisiana Revised Statute LSA-R.S. 17:51 to provide public education for the children within LaSalle Parish. The School Board is authorized by LSA-R.S. 17:81 to establish policies and regulations for its own government consistent with the laws of the state of Louisiana and the regulations of the Louisiana Board of Elementary and Secondary Education. The School Board is comprised of ten members who are elected from ten districts for terms of four years.

The School Board operates nine schools within the parish with a total enrollment of 2,471 pupils including Pre-K students. In conjunction with the regular educational programs, some of these schools offer special education and/or adult education programs. In addition, the School Board provides transportation and school food services for the students.

The School Board is considered a primary government, since it is a special-purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. Fiscally independent means that the School Board may, without the approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes or set rates or charges, and issue bonded debt. The School Board also has no component units as other legally separate organizations for which the elected School Board members are financially accountable. There are no other primary governments with which the School Board has a significant relationship.

B. FUNDS The accounts of the School Board are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The funds of the School Board are classified into two categories: governmental and fiduciary. In turn, each category is divided into separate fund types. The fund classifications and a description of each existing fund type follow:

<u>Governmental Funds</u> Governmental funds are used to account for the School Board's general government activities, including the collection and disbursement of specific or legally restricted monies, the acquisition or construction of capital assets, and the servicing of long-term debt. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The School Board reports the following major governmental funds:

General fund - The primary operating fund of the School Board. It accounts for all financial resources of the School Board, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

1980 Sales Tax - This fund accounts for the School Board's one-percent parish sales tax approved by voters on April 5, 1980. Eighty percent of the proceeds of the tax are used exclusively to supplement other revenues available to the Board for salaries and other benefits of teachers and other personnel, and the remaining twenty percent is to be used exclusively for the general expenses of operating and maintaining schools, including all costs of collecting and administering the tax.

1999 Sales Tax - This fund accounts for the School Board's one-percent parish sales tax approved by voters on March 27, 1999. The net revenues are allocated 80% for salaries and benefits of all School Board personnel and 20% for general expenditures.

Education Stabilization - This fund accounts for federal sources funded by the CARES Act to assist the School Board in meeting the challenges in providing educational services as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

2008 Sales Tax Capital Projects - This fund is to account for various improvements paid for through the voters' passage of sales tax collections.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS) The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. Fiduciary funds are not included in the GWFS. Fiduciary funds are reported only in the Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities at the fund financial statement level.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, liabilities and deferred outflows/inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, liabilities and deferred outflows/inflows of resources resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions."

Program revenues Program revenues include 1) charges for services provided and 2) operating grants and contributions. Program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the School Board's general revenues. Charges for services are primarily derived from cafeteria sales and miscellaneous student fees. Operating grants and contributions consist of the many educational grants received from the federal and state government.

Allocation of indirect expenses Indirect expenses not allocated to functions are reported separately in the Statement of Activities. The School Board reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function. Interest expense is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately in the Statement of Activities.

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

Governmental Funds The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Governmental fund types use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable and available.") "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end.

Expenditures are recorded when the related liability is incurred, except for unmatured principal and interest on long-term debt which is recognized when due. Compensated absences and claims and judgments are reported in a governmental fund only if the claims are due and payable.

With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and current deferred inflows/outflows of resources are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets. The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

Revenues

Ad valorem taxes and sales taxes are susceptible to accrual.

Entitlements and shared revenues (which include state equalization and state revenue sharing) are recorded as unrestricted grants-in-aid at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

Other receipts become measurable and available when cash is received by the School Board and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Expenditures

Salaries payable are recorded as paid. Unpaid salaries for nine-month employees who are paid over twelve months are accrued at June 30. Substantially all other expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability has been incurred.

Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers between funds that are not expected to be repaid (or any other types, such as capital lease transactions, sale of capital assets, debt extinguishments, long-term debt proceeds, et cetera) are accounted for as other financing sources (uses). These other financing sources (uses) are recognized at the time the underlying events occur.

- **D. DEPOSITS** Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, and time deposit accounts. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits and those investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. Under state law, the School Board may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana.
- **E. INVESTMENTS** Investments are limited by R.S. 33:2955 and the School Board's investment policy. If the original maturities of investments exceed 90 days, they are classified as investments; however, if the original maturities are 90 days or less, they are classified as cash equivalents.

The investments are reflected at quoted market prices except for the following:

Investments in <u>nonparticipating</u> interest-earning contracts, such as nonnegotiable certificates of deposit with redemption terms that do not consider market rates, are reported using a cost-based measure.

Definitions:

Interest-earning investment contracts include time deposits with financial institutions (such as certificates of deposit), repurchase agreements, and guaranteed investment contracts.

- **F. SHORT-TERM INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES** During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as interfund receivables/payables on the fund financial statements balance sheet.
- **G. INVENTORY AND PREPAID ITEMS** Inventories of the governmental fund-type are recorded as expenditures as purchased except for inventory of the School Food Service Fund.

Inventories of the School Food Service Fund consist of food purchased by the School Board and commodities granted by the United States Department of Agriculture through the Louisiana Department of Agriculture and Forestry. The commodities are recorded as revenues when used; however, all inventory items are recorded as expenditures when consumed. Unused commodities at year end are reported as unearned revenue. All purchased inventory items are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The value of commodities inventory is the assigned values provided by the United States Department of Agriculture.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements using the consumption method.

H. CAPITAL ASSETS Capital assets are recorded at historical cost and depreciated over their estimated useful lives (excluding salvage value). The capitalization threshold is \$5,000 for additions of capital assets and \$200,000 for additions of intangibles-software. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation. Estimated useful life is management's estimate of how long the asset is expected to meet service demands.

Straight line depreciation is used based on the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	20 - 40 years
Improvements other than buildings	10 - 20 years
Furniture and equipment	3 - 10 years
Transportation equipment	5-8 years
Intangibles-software	3-5 years

Approximately 90% of capital assets are valued at actual costs, while the remaining 10% are valued at estimated cost based on the actual cost of like items.

I. UNEARNED REVENUES The School Board reports unearned revenues on its combined balance sheet. Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the School Board before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the School Board has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and the revenue is recognized.

J. COMPENSATED ABSENCES The following is the sick leave policy adopted by the School Board:

9-9½ month employees earn 10 days a year nonth employees earn 11 days a year

11-12 month employees earn as per scale (for employees hired before July 1, 2011):

Years Experience	<u>Days Earned</u>
0 - 3	12 days per year
4 - 5	15 days per year
6 - 10	18 days per year
11 - 15	21 days per year
16 and up	24 days per year

Effective for employees hired in a 12 month position after July 1, 2011:

Years' Experience	<u>Days Earned</u>
0 - 10	12 days per year
10 +	15 days per year

Sick leave can be accumulated without limitation. Upon retirement or death, unused accumulated sick leave of up to 25 days is paid to the employee or to the employee's estate at the employee's current rate of pay. Under the Louisiana Teachers' Retirement System and the Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System unpaid sick leave may be used in the retirement benefit computation as earned service.

Annual leave is earned for 12 month employees at the same scale above. The LaSalle Parish School Board shall allow an employee to accumulate only half of his/her annual leave days earned per year. Annual leave shall be credited at the end of each fiscal year (June 30) and, at least half of that year's earned annual leave must be taken during the following fiscal year. Unused annual leave in excess of half of an employee's earned amount per year may not be carried forward into the next year. Any unused annual leave in excess of that an employee is allowed to accumulate will be lost. Employees hired in a 12-month position after July 1, 2011 may only accumulate up to 90 days of annual leave.

Upon separation, employees may elect to be paid in full for the total number of days of accumulated annual leave at their daily rate of pay. Payment shall be made to the employee or his/her heirs on or before the next regular payday or no later than 15 days following the date of separation. Payment for unused, accumulated annual leave upon separation will be determined by the employee's base salary at the time of separation, but will also include that amount of the sales tax supplements normally included in the employee's monthly payroll check; but is not to include the "bonus" sales tax amount.

The School Board estimates its accrued sick leave liability based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments as well as other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments. The School Board makes the assumption that employees who have a minimum experience of 10 years will become eligible in the future to receive their accrued sick leave

Accruals for compensated absences include both salary and salary-related benefits.

Vacation leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned by the employees if both of the following conditions are met:

- A. The employees' right to receive compensation is attributable to services already rendered.
- B. It is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement.

Compensated absence liability is reported in governmental funds only if the liability has matured.

K. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are recognized in the period the bonds are issued. Bond proceeds are reported as an other financing source. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. Deferred gains on refunding are capitalized and amortized over the life of refunding in the GWFS.

The School Board provides certain continuing medical, dental, vision and life insurance benefits for its retired employees. The OPEB Plan is a single employer defined benefit "substantive plan" as understood by past practices of the School Board.

For purposes measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the retirement systems and additions to/deductions from the retirements systems fiduciary net position have been determined on the accrual basis, the same basis as they are reported by the retirement systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

L. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School Board has two items that qualify as deferred outflows of resources which are related to pension obligations and other postemployment benefits. See Notes 7 and 8 for additional information.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until that time. The School Board has two items that qualify as deferred inflows of resources which are related to pension obligations and other post-employment benefits. See Notes 7 and 8 for additional information.

M. FUND EQUITY OF FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be reported within the fund balance categories as follows:

Non-spendable: Fund balance that is not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. This category includes items that are not easily converted to cash such as inventories and prepaid items.

<u>Restricted</u>: Fund balance that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u>: Fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes determined by the School Board's highest level of decision making authority. The Board is the highest level of decision making authority for the School Board that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type

of action it employed to previously commit the funds. Committed fund balance is the result of either a policy of the School Board or motions passed by the Board committing the funds.

<u>Assigned</u>: Fund balance that is constrained by the School Board's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent should be expressed by the Board.

<u>Unassigned</u>: Fund balance that is the residual classification for the General fund. Negative unassigned fund balance may be reported in other governmental funds if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amount restricted, committed or assigned to those purposes.

The School Board reduces committed amounts, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used. The School Board considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure has been incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available.

- **N. ELIMINATION AND RECLASSIFICATONS** In the process of aggregating data for the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the government activities column. Interfund services provided or used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.
- **O. SALES TAXES** On April 5, 1980, the voters of LaSalle Parish approved a one-percent sales and use tax. The sales tax is collected by Concordia Parish School Board and transferred to LaSalle Parish School Board on a monthly basis. The School Board accounts for this sales tax in the 1980 Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund. The net revenues derived are allocated 80% for salaries and benefits of all School Board personnel and 20% for general expenditures.

On March 27, 1999, the voters of LaSalle Parish approved a one-percent sales and use tax to be levied by the LaSalle Parish School Board. The sales and use tax is collected by Concordia Parish School Board and transferred to LaSalle Parish School Board on a monthly basis. The School Board accounts for this sales tax in the 1999 Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund. The net revenues derived are allocated 80% for salaries and benefits of all School Board personnel and 20% for general expenditures.

On March 8, 2008, the voters of LaSalle Parish approved a one-percent sales and use tax for 15 years. The sales tax is collected by Concordia Parish School Board and transferred to LaSalle Parish School Board on a monthly basis. The School Board accounts for this sales tax in the 2008 Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund. The net revenues derived are for acquiring, constructing, improving, and maintaining public schools, and paying the principal and interest payments on sales tax bonds. The fund reflecting these net revenues is the 2008 Sales Tax Collections Capital Project Fund and corresponding debt service funds.

- **P. RESTRICTED NET POSITION** For the government-wide Statement of Net Position, net position is reported as restricted if either of the following conditions exist:
- · Restrictions are externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.
- · Restrictions are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed. Restricted net position as reported in the Statement of Net

Position, which are restricted by enabling legislation, include all facility improvements, salary improvements, and capital projects.

Q. BUDGETS

<u>General Budget Policies</u> The School Board follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the combined financial statements:

State statute requires budgets be adopted for the General fund and all special revenue funds.

Each year prior to September 15, the Superintendent submits to the Board proposed annual budgets for the General fund and special revenue funds. Public hearings are conducted, prior to the Board's approval, to obtain taxpayer comments. The operating budgets include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

Appropriations (unexpended budget balances) lapse at year end.

Formal budget integration (within the accounting records) is employed as a management control device. Budget amounts included in the accompanying financial statements include the original adopted budget and all subsequent amendments. These revisions were considered significant by the Board. All budget revisions are approved by the Board.

Budget Basis of Accounting All governmental funds' budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, with some variations. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Board. Legally, the Board must adopt a balanced budget; that is, total budgeted revenues and other financing sources including fund balance must equal or exceed total budgeted expenditures and other financing uses. State statutes require the Board to amend its budgets when revenues plus projected revenues within a fund are expected to be less than budgeted revenues by five percent or more and/or expenditures within a fund are expected to exceed budgeted expenditures by five percent or more. The School Board approves budgets at the function level for the General fund and at the fund level for special revenue funds. Management can transfer amounts between line items within a function.

R. USE OF ESTIMATES The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and deferred outflows/inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statement and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Individual Funds The following individual funds had actual expenditures over budgeted expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2021:

Fund	Budget	Actual	Variance		
General fund	\$ 20,920,198	\$ 20,992,382	\$	(72,184)	
School Food Service fund	1,929,250	1,929,258		(8)	
Special Education	575,542	575,546		(4)	

The variances were the result of unanticipated expenditures after the last budget revision.

NOTE 3-LEVIED TAXES The School Board levies taxes on real and business personal property located within LaSalle Parish's boundaries. Property taxes are levied by the School Board on property values assessed by the LaSalle Parish Tax Assessor and approved by the Louisiana Tax Commission.

The LaSalle Parish Sheriff's Office bills and collects property taxes for the School Board. Collections are remitted to the School Board monthly.

	Property Tax Calendar
Millage rates adopted	August 3, 2020
Levy date	January 1, 2020
Tax bills mailed	November 1, 2020
Total taxes are due	December 31, 2020
Lien date	January 1, 2021
Penalties and interest are added	January 31, 2021
Tax sale – 2020 delinquent property	May 26, 2021

Assessed values are established by the LaSalle Parish Tax Assessor each year on a uniform basis at the following ratios of assessed value to fair market value.

10% land	15% machinery
100/: 14:-1:	1.50/

10% residential improvements 15% commercial improvements

15% industrial improvements 25% public service properties, excluding land

A revaluation of all property is required after 1978 to be completed no less than every four years. The last revaluation was completed for the roll of January 1, 2020. Total gross assessed value was \$112,299,000 in calendar year 2020. Louisiana state law exempts the first \$75,000 of assessed value of a taxpayer's primary residence from parish property taxes. This homestead exemption was \$22,909,910 of the assessed value in calendar year 2020. State law requires the sheriff to collect property taxes in the calendar year in which the assessment is made. Property taxes become delinquent January 1 of the following year. If taxes are not paid by the due date, taxes bear interest at the rate of 1.25% per month until the taxes are paid. After notice is given to the delinquent taxpayers, the sheriff is required by the *Constitution of the State of Louisiana* to sell the least quantity of property necessary to settle the taxes and interest owed.

The tax roll is prepared by the tax assessor and approved by the Louisiana Tax Commission in November of each year. The amount of 2020 property taxes to be collected occurs in December 2020, and January and February 2021. All property taxes are recorded in the general, special revenue, debt service and capital projects funds. The School Board considers the lien date (January 1, 2021) as the date an enforceable legal claim occurs for 2020 property taxes. Property tax revenue is recognized in the period for which the taxes are levied (budgeted). Accordingly, the 2020 property taxes are budgeted in the 2020-2021 fiscal year of the School Board.

Estimated uncollectible taxes are those taxes based on past experience which will not be collected in the subsequent year and are primarily due to subsequent adjustments to the tax roll. Historically, virtually all ad valorem taxes receivable were collected since they are secured by property. Therefore, there is no allowance for uncollectible taxes.

The following is a summary of authorized and levied (tax rate per \$1,000 assessed value) ad valorem taxes:

	Authorized		
	Maximum	Expiration	
	<u>Millage</u>	<u>Millage</u>	Date
Parish-wide taxes:			
Constitutional	4.54	4.53	Statutory
Maintenance and operations	4.86	4.85	2023
Special Building and Construction District 1	4.86	4.85	2023
Maintenance and operations	2.21	2.21	2026
Special Maintenance Lea-way District 1	9.28	9.26	2029
Maintenance and operations	18.54	18.50	2028

NOTE 4-DEPOSITS Deposits are stated at cost, which approximates fair value. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The fair value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u>: The School Board's policy does not address interest rate risk.

<u>Credit Risk</u>: The School Board's investments are in certificates of deposit accounts which do not have credit ratings; however, the School Board's policy does not address credit risk.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits</u>: At year-end, the School Board's carrying amount of deposits was \$23,358,356 (including \$3,135,451 in certificates of deposit classified as investments) and the bank balance was \$23,570,307 These deposits are reported as follows: Statement A- cash and cash equivalents, \$20,222,905, Statement A-investments, \$3,135,451. The full bank balance of \$23,570,307 was covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the School Board's agent but not in the School Board's name. Even though the pledged securities are considered uncollateralized under the provision of GASB Statement No. 3, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the School Board that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand. The School Board's policy does not address custodial credit risk.

NOTE 5 - **RECEIVABLES** The receivables at June 30, 2021, are as follows:

								2008 Sales				
		19	980 Sales	19	99 Sales	Educ	ation	Tax Capital	N	lonmajor		
(General		Tax		Tax	Stabili	zation	Projects	Go	vernmental		Total
	_							_		_		
\$	-	\$	213,687	\$	213,085	\$	-	\$ 213,085	\$	-	\$	639,857
	-		-		-		-	-		5,221		5,221
	-		-		-	1,02	8,152	-		512,681		1,540,833
	60,075						-			_		60,075
\$	60,075	\$	213,687	\$	213,085	\$ 1,02	8,152	\$ 213,085	\$	517,902	\$	2,245,986
	\$	60,075	General	\$ - \$ 213,687 	Tax Sample Tax Sample Sample	General Tax Tax \$ - \$ 213,687 \$ 213,085 - - - 60,075 - -	General Tax Tax Stability \$ - \$ 213,687 \$ 213,085 \$ - - - - - - 1,02 60,075 - - - - - -	General Tax Tax Stabilization \$ - \$ 213,687 \$ 213,085 \$ - - - - - 60,075 - - -	General 1980 Sales Tax 1999 Sales Tax Education Stabilization Tax Capital Projects \$ - \$ 213,687 \$ 213,085 \$ - \$ 213,085 - - - - - - 60,075 - - - - - -	General 1980 Sales 1999 Sales Education Stabilization Tax Capital Projects No. 100 Projects \$ - \$ 213,687 \$ 213,085 \$ - \$ 213,085 \$ - - - - - - - 60,075 - - - - -	General 1980 Sales Tax 1999 Sales Tax Education Stabilization Tax Capital Projects Nonmajor Governmental \$ - \$ 213,687 \$ 213,085 \$ - \$ 213,085 \$ - \$ 5,221	General 1980 Sales Tax 1999 Sales Tax Education Stabilization Tax Capital Projects Nonmajor Governmental \$ - \$ 213,687 \$ 213,085 \$ - \$ 213,085 \$ - \$ 5,221

These receivables are expected to be collected in full; therefore, there is no allowance for doubtful accounts recorded.

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS The changes in capital assets follow:

	Balance			Balance
Governmental Activities:	Beginning	Additions	Deletions	Ending
Non depreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 488,964	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 488,964
Total non depreciable capital assets	488,964			488,964
Depreciable capital assets:				
Land improvements	28,801	86,700	-	115,501
Buildings and improvements	43,963,226	590,546	57,194	44,496,578
Furniture and equipment	2,523,113	58,496	313,504	2,268,105
Transportation equipment	583,088	55,000	81,250	556,838
Total depreciable capital assets	47,098,228	790,742	451,948	47,437,022
Less accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	6,869	2,359	-	9,228
Buildings and improvements	17,312,570	964,137	33,928	18,242,779
Furniture and equipment	2,158,790	85,141	311,118	1,932,813
Transportation equipment	431,052	29,868	81,250	379,670
Total accumulated depreciation	19,909,281	1,081,505	426,296	20,564,490
Depreciable capital assets, net	27,188,947	(290,763)	25,652	26,872,532
Governmental activities				
Capital assets, net	\$ 27,677,911	\$ (290,763)	\$ 25,652	\$ 27,361,496

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Regular programs	\$ 793,840
Special programs	2,047
Other instructional programs	3,640
Instructional staff support	85
School administration	42,348
Business services	767
Plant services	173,749
Student transportation	29,869
Food services	 35,160
Total depreciation expense	\$ 1,081,505

NOTE 7 - PENSION PLANS

The School Board is a participating employer in two statewide, public employee retirement systems, the Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS) and the Teacher's Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL). Both systems have separate boards of trustees and administer cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans, including classes of employees with different benefits and contribution rates (sub-plans). Article X, Section 29(F) of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of all sub-plans administered by these systems to the State Legislature. Each system issues a public report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of these reports for LSERS and TRSL may be obtained at www.lsers.net and www.trsl.org, respectively.

TRSL also administers an optional retirement plan (ORP), which was created by Louisiana Revised Statute 11:921-931 for academic and administrative employees of public institutions of higher education and is considered a defined contribution plan (see Optional Retirement Plan note below). A portion of the employer contributions for ORP plan members is dedicated to the unfunded accrued liability of the TRSL defined benefit plan.

General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions/Benefits Provided:

<u>Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System:</u> LSERS administers a plan to provide retirement, disability, and survivor's benefits to non-teacher school employees excluding those classified as lunch workers and their beneficiaries as defined in R.S. 11:1001. The age and years of creditable service (service) required in order for a member to receive retirement benefits are established by R.S. 11:1141-1153 and vary depending on the member's hire date.

A member who joined the system on or after July 1, 2015 is eligible for normal retirement if he has at least 5 years of creditable service and is at least age 62. A member who joined between July 1, 2010 and June 30, 2015 is eligible for normal retirement if he has at least 5 years of creditable service and is at least age 60. A member who joined the system on or before June 30, 2010 is eligible for normal retirement if he has at least 30 years of creditable service regardless of age, 25 years of creditable service and is at least age 55, or 10 years of creditable service and is at least age 60. All members are eligible for retirement with 20 years of creditable service regardless of age with an actuarially reduced benefit.

For members who joined the system prior to July 1, 2006, the maximum retirement benefit is an amount equal to 3 1/3% of the average compensation for the 3 highest consecutive years of membership service, subject to the 10% salary limitation, multiplied by the number of years of service limited to 100% of final average compensation plus a supplementary allowance of \$2.00 per month for each year of service. For members who joined the system on or after July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2010, 3 1/3% of the average compensation is used to calculate benefits, however, the calculation consists of the five highest consecutive years of membership service, subject to the 10% salary limitation. For members who joined the system on or after July 1, 2010, 2 ½% of the average compensation is used to calculate benefits and consists of the five highest consecutive years' average salary, subject to the 15% salary limitation. The supplemental allowance was eliminated for members entering the plan on or after July 1, 1986. Effective January 1, 1992, the supplemental allowance was reinstated to all members whose service retirement became effective after July 1, 1971.

A member is eligible to retire and receive disability benefits if the member has at least 5 years of creditable service, is not eligible for normal retirement and has become totally and permanently disabled and is certified as disabled by the Medical Board. A vested person with twenty or more years of creditable service who has withdrawn from active service prior to the age at which that person is eligible for retirement benefits is eligible for a disability benefit until normal retirement age. A member who joins the system on or after July 1, 2006, must have at least 10 years of service to qualify for disability benefits. Upon the death of a member with five or more years of creditable service, the plan provides benefits for surviving spouses and minor children. Under certain conditions outlined in the statutes, a spouse is entitled to 75% of the member's benefit.

<u>Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana:</u> TRSL administers a plan to provide retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to employees who meet the legal definition of a "teacher" as provided for in R.S 11:701. Eligibility for retirement benefits and the calculation of retirement benefits are provided for in R.S. 11:761. Statutory changes closed existing, and created new, sub-plans for members hired on or after January 1, 2011 and July 1, 2015.

Most members are eligible to receive retirement benefits 1) at the age of 60 with 5 years of service, 2) at the age of 55 with at least 25 years of service, or 3) at any age with at least 30 years of service. For members joining on or after July 1, 2015, retirement benefits are paid at age 62 with at least 5 years of service credit. Members may retire with an actuarially reduced benefit with 20 years of service credit. Retirement benefits are calculated by applying a percentage ranging from 2% to 3% of final average salary multiplied by years of service. Average compensation is defined as the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 36 consecutive months of employment for members employed prior to January 1, 2011, or highest 60 consecutive months of employment for members employed after that date.

Under R.S. 11:778 and 11:779, members who have suffered a qualified disability are eligible for disability benefits if employed prior to January 1, 2011 and attained at least 5 years of service or if employed on or after January 1, 2011 and attained at least 10 years of service. Members employed prior to January 1, 2011 receive disability benefits equal to $2\frac{1}{2}$ % of average compensation multiplied by the years of service, but not more than 50% of average compensation subject to statutory minimums. Members employed on or after January 1, 2011 receive disability benefits equivalent to the regular retirement formula without reduction by reason of age.

Survivor benefits are provided for in R.S. 11:762. In order for survivor benefits to be paid, the deceased member must have been an active member at the time of death and must have a minimum of five years of service, at least two of which were earned immediately prior to death, or must have had a minimum of twenty years of service regardless of when earned in order for a benefit to be paid to a minor or handicapped child. Survivor benefits are equal to 50% of the benefit to which the member would have been entitled if retired on the date of death using a factor of $2\frac{1}{2}\%$ regardless of years of service or age, or \$600 per month, whichever is greater. Benefits are payable to an unmarried child until age 21, or age 23 if the child remains a full-time student. The minimum service credit requirement is ten

years for a surviving spouse with no minor children, and benefits are to be paid for life to the spouse or a qualified handicapped child.

Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement, an eligible LSERS or TRSL member can begin participation in the DROP on the first retirement eligibility date for a period not to exceed 3 years. A member has a 60 day window from his first eligible date to participate in the program in order to participate for the maximum number of years. Delayed participation reduces the three year maximum participation period. During participation, benefits otherwise payable are fixed, and deposited in an individual DROP account. Upon termination of DROP participation, the member can continue employment and earn additional benefit accruals to be added to the fixed pre-DROP benefit. Upon termination of employment, the member is entitled to the fixed benefit, an additional benefit based on post-DROP service (if any), and the individual DROP account balance which can be paid in a lump sum or an additional annuity based upon the account balance.

Cost of Living Adjustments

As fully described in Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes, LSERS and TRSL allow for the payment of permanent benefit increases, also known as cost of living adjustments, or COLAs, that are funded through investment earnings when recommended by the board of trustees and approved by the Legislature. These ad hoc COLAs are not considered to be substantively automatic.

Contributions

Article X, Section 29(E)(2)(a) of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974 assigns the Legislature the authority to determine employee contributions. Employer contributions are actuarially determined using statutorily established methods on an annual basis and are constitutionally required to cover the employer's portion of the normal cost and provide for the amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. Employer contributions are adopted by the Legislature annually upon recommendation of the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. For those members participating in the TRSL defined contribution ORP, a portion of the employer contributions are used to fund the TRSL defined benefit plans' unfunded accrual liability.

Employer contributions to LSERS for fiscal year 2021 were \$333,772, with active member contributions ranging from 7.5% to 8%, and employer contributions of 28.7%. Employer defined benefit plan contributions to TRSL for fiscal year 2021 were \$3,666,679 with active member contributions ranging from 5% to 8%, and employer contributions of 25.8% for the regular plan and plan B. Non-employer contributions to TRSL, which are comprised of \$126,696 from ad valorem taxes and revenue sharing funds and \$819 from the State for PIP salaries, totaled \$127,515 for fiscal year 2021. These non-employer contributions were recorded as revenue and were used as employer contributions.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At June 30, 2021, the School Board reported liabilities of \$3,095,494 and \$32,659,915 under LSERS and TRSL, respectively, for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability (NPL). This liability will be liquidated by the General fund and special revenue funds with recorded salaries. The NPL for LSERS and TRSL was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liabilities used to calculate the NPL were determined by actuarial valuations as of that date. The School Board's proportions of the NPL were based on projections of the School Board's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contribution of all participating employers,

actuarially determined. As of June 30, 2020, the most recent measurement date, the School Board's proportions and the changes in proportion from the prior measurement date were .385272%, or a decrease of .019592% for LSERS and .29361% or an decrease of .00311% for TRSL.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the School Board recognized a total pension expense of \$3,702,027, or \$487,645 and \$3,214,382 for LSERS and TRSL, respectively. The School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as components of unrestricted net position from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows			Deferred Inflows				
	LSERS	TRSL	Total	LSERS	TRSL	Total		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 76,200	\$ 524,264	\$ 600,464		
Changes of assumptions	18,447	1,942,941	1,961,388	-	-	-		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	471,316	2,521,151	2,992,467	-	-	-		
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,143,189	1,235,257	89,526	738,122	827,648		
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	333,772	3,666,679	4,000,451					
Total	\$ 915,603	\$ 9,273,960	\$ 10,189,563	\$ 165,726	\$ 1,262,386	\$ 1,428,112		

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the School Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the LSERS and TRSL NPL in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	LSERS	<u>TRSL</u>	<u>Total</u>
2022 \$	81,121	\$ 581,718	\$ 662,839
2023	84,108	1,305,515	1,389,623
2024	143,100	1,552,571	1,695,671
2025	107,776	905.091	1.012.867

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities for LSERS and TRSL in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurements:

	LSERS	TRSL
Valuation Date	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Expected Remaining Service Lives	3 years, closed period	5 years, closed period
Investment Rate of Return	7.00% per annum	7.45%, net of investment exp.
Inflation Rate	2.5% per annum	2.3% per annum
Mortality - Non-disabled	RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Tables, RP-2014 Sex Distinct Mortality Table	Active members - RP-2014 White Collar Employee tables, adjusted by 1.010 for males and .997 for females. Inactive members - RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant tables, adjusted by 1.366 for males and 1.189 for females
Mortality - Disabled	RP-2014 Disabled Lives Mortality Table for males and females, with full generational MP2017 scale	RP-2014 Disability tables, adjusted by 1.111 for males and 1.134 for females
Termination, Disability, Retirement	2012-2017 experience study	2012-2017 experience study
Salary Increases	3.25%	3.1% - 4.6% varies depending on duration of service
Cost of Living Adjustments	Not substantively automatic	Not substantively automatic

For LSERS the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a triangulation method which integrated the CAPM pricing model (top-down), a treasury yield curve approach (bottom-up) and an equity building-block model (bottom-up). Risk return and correlations are projected on a forward looking basis in equilibrium, in which best-estimates of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These rates are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification.

For TRSL, the long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The resulting long-term geometric nominal expected rates of return are 8.17% for 2020. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation are summarized for each plan in the following table:

	Target Allocation	LT Expected Real Rate of Return
TRSL (arithmetic)		
Domestic equity	27.00%	4.60%
International equity	19.00%	5.54%
Domestic fixed income	13.00%	0.69%
International fixed income	5.50%	1.50%
Private equity	25.50%	8.62%
Other private assets	10.00%	4.45%
Total	100.00%	
LSERS (arithmetic)		
Fixed income	26.00%	0.92%
Equity	39.00%	2.82%
Alternatives	23.00%	1.95%
Real estate	12.00%	0.69%
Total	100.00%	6.38%
Inflation		2.00%
Expected arithmetic nominal return		8.38%

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% for LSERS and 7.45% for TRSL. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions from participating employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The LSERS discount rate did not change. The TRSL discount rate used in the June 30, 2020 net pension liability valuation was decreased from the 7.55% used in the June 30, 2019 valuation to 7.45%.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the NPL to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the School Board's proportionate share of the NPL for LSERS and TRSL using the current discount rate as well as what the School Board's proportionate share of the NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current rate:

		Current							
	1.0% Decrease		% Decrease Discount Rate						
LSERS	\$	4,054,639	\$	3,095,494	\$	2,275,177			
TRSL		42,634,760		32,659,915		24,263,036			

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about LSERS and TRSL fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports referenced above.

Payables to the Pension Plan. At June 30, 2021, the School Board had \$144,366 and \$1,440,401 in payables to LSERS and TRSL, respectively, for the June 30, 2021 employee and employer legally required contributions.

Optional Retirement Plan

TRSL administers an optional retirement plan (ORP), which was created by R.S. 11:921-931 for academic and administrative employees of public institutions of higher education. The purpose of the optional retirement plan is to provide retirement and death benefits to the participants while affording the maximum portability of these benefits to the participants. The optional retirement plan is a defined contribution plan that provides for full and immediate vesting of all contributions remitted to the participating companies on behalf of the participants. Eligible employees make an irrevocable election to participate in the optional retirement plan rather than the TRSL and purchase retirement and death benefits through contracts provided by designated companies. Benefits payable to participants are not the obligation of the State of Louisiana or the TRSL. Such benefits and other rights of the ORP are the liability and responsibility solely of the designated company or companies to whom contributions have been made.

R.S. 11:927 sets the contribution requirements of the ORP plan members and the employer equal to the contribution rates established for the regular retirement plan of TRSL. However, effective July 1, 2014, the employer contribution rate for amounts credited to the ORP participants who are not employed in higher education must be the greater of: (1) the employer normal cost contribution for the TRSL Regular Plan; or (2) 6.2%.

Employer ORP contributions to TRSL for fiscal year 2021 totaled \$5,564, which represents pension expense for the School Board. Employee contributions totaled \$1,590. The active member and employer contribution rates were 8% and 6.2%, respectively, with an additional employer contribution of 21.8% made to the TRSL defined benefit plan described above.

NOTE 8 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

<u>Plan description</u> - In accordance with state statutes, the School Board provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for its retired employees on a pay-as-you-go basis. The School Board OPEB plan is a single-employer defined benefit "substantive plan" as understood by past practices of the School Board and its employees. Although no written plan or trust currently exists or is sanctioned by law, the OPEB plan is reported based on communication to plan members. Also, no stand-alone financial report was prepared. Substantially all of the School Board's employees become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the School Board. These benefits and similar benefits for active employees are provided through the Office of Group Benefits, whose monthly premiums are paid jointly by the employee and the School Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided and Funding Policy – The plan provides medical and life insurance benefits for retirees and their

dependents. The contribution requirements of plan members and the School Board are established and may be amended by LRS 42:801-883. Employees do not contribute to their post-employment benefits cost until they become retirees and begin receiving those benefits. The retirees contribute approximately 25% of the medical premium with the School Board contributing the balance. This percentage will be greater for eligible retirees with less than 20 years of service. Medical coverage is provided through options under the Louisiana Office of Group Benefits (OGB). A Medicare supplement benefit is provided at Medicare eligibility. Benefits continue for life. A life insurance benefit depending on final salary is provided at retirement prior to age 65. The life insurance benefit may continue for life if the retiree pays premiums. The cost of life insurance is shared with the retiree and the School Board.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At June 30, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	257
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	0
Active employees	311
Employees with life insurance benefit but not medical benefit	25
Total	593

<u>Total OPEB Liability</u> – The School Board's total OPEB liability of \$60,005,167 was measured as of June 30, 2021 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. The OPEB liability will be liquidated by the General fund and all special revenue funds with recorded salaries.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs</u> – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

	Individual entry age normal cost - Level percentage of
A atuarial mathad	marriada entry age normal cost. Eevel percentage of
Actuarial method	

projected salary

Discount rate 2.16% (bond buyer GO bond 20 year index)

Heathcare trend Level 4.50% trend rate

Mortality RPH-2014 total table with projection MP-2020

Turnover Range from 9% at age 25 to 4.2% at age 55 and over

Retirement on or after a) attainment of age 60 with 5 years of service; b) attainment of age 55 with 25 years of service; or c)

Retirement rates service, b) attainment of age 33 with 23 years of service, of the service of th

30 years of service without regard to age

Salary increase 3.50%

No experience studies were conducted. The discount rate decreased from 2.21% in 2020 to 2.16% in 2021. The mortality assumption was updated from RPH-2014 total table with projection to MP-2019 to RPH-2014 table with projection to MP-2020. Termination and retirement rates were updated with tables used in the 2020 actuarial valuation reports for the TRSL and LSERS retirement plans. The School Board contributed \$2,179,613 utilizing the pay-as-you-go basis.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability:

Balance at June 30, 2020 \$ 67,940,200 Changes for the year: 1,984,897 Service cost 1,521,260 Differences between expected & actual experience (2,484,274) Changes in assumptions (6,777,303) Benefit payments (2,179,613) Net changes (7,935,033) Balance at June 30, 2021 \$ 60,005,167		Total OPEB		
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest Interest Differences between expected & actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments Net changes (2,179,613) (7,935,033)		Liability		
Service cost 1,984,897 Interest 1,521,260 Differences between expected & actual experience (2,484,274) Changes in assumptions (6,777,303) Benefit payments (2,179,613) Net changes (7,935,033)	Balance at June 30, 2020	\$	67,940,200	
Interest 1,521,260 Differences between expected & actual experience (2,484,274) Changes in assumptions (6,777,303) Benefit payments (2,179,613) Net changes (7,935,033)	Changes for the year:			
Differences between expected & actual experience (2,484,274) Changes in assumptions (6,777,303) Benefit payments (2,179,613) Net changes (7,935,033)	Service cost		1,984,897	
Changes in assumptions (6,777,303) Benefit payments (2,179,613) Net changes (7,935,033)	Interest		1,521,260	
Benefit payments (2,179,613) Net changes (7,935,033)	Differences between expected & actual experience		(2,484,274)	
Net changes (7,935,033)	Changes in assumptions		(6,777,303)	
	Benefit payments		(2,179,613)	
Balance at June 30, 2021 \$ 60,005,167	Net changes		(7,935,033)	
	Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	60,005,167	

Changes in assumptions that affect the measurement of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date include an updated mortality assumption, updated the termination and retirement rate tables with tables used in 2020 actuarial valuation reports for the TRSL and LSERS retirement plans, and discount rate was lowered from 2.21% to 2.16%. There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

<u>Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School Board, as well as what the School Board's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher than the current discount rate.

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(1.16%)	(2.16%)	(3.16%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 71,404,116	\$ 60,005,167	\$ 51.143.561

<u>Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates</u> – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School Board, as well as what the School Board's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

		Healthcare	
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
	(3.50%)	(4.50%)	(5.50%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 51,083,840	\$ 60,005,167	\$ 71,633,160

<u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u> – For the year ended June 30, 2021, the School Board recognized OPEB expense of \$3,415,956. At June 30, 2021, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

D C 1

D C 1

	1	Jeierrea		Deferred
	(Outflows) of		(Inflows) of
	Resources			Resources
Differences between expected & actual experience	\$	211,152	\$	(2,009,269)
Changes of assumptions/inputs		4,845,056		(5,481,452)
	\$	5,056,208	\$	(7,490,721)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	
2022	\$ (90,201)
2023	(90,201)
2024	(202,555)
2025	(1,644,259)
2026	(407,297)

NOTE 9 - ACCOUNTS, SALARIES AND OTHER PAYABLES Payables at June 30, 2021, are as follows:

		1980 Sal	es	1999 Sales		Ed	ucation	2008	Sales Tax	N	onmajor	
	General	Tax		Tax	_	Stab	ilization	Capita	al Projects	Gov	ernmental	 Total
Accounts	\$ 1,813,053	\$	-	\$ -		\$	-	\$	2,721	\$	77,129	\$ 1,892,903
Salaries	2,058,278	56,6	55	112,751			4,957				265,144	 2,497,785
	\$ 3,871,331	\$ 56,6	55	\$ 112,751		\$	4,957	\$	2,721	\$	342,273	\$ 4,390,688

NOTE 10 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES At June 30, 2021, employees of the School Board have accumulated and vested \$1,022,772 of employee leave benefits including \$14,619 of salary-related benefits. These employee leave benefits were computed in accordance with GASB Codification Section C60.

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES The following is a summary of the long-term obligation transactions of the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	Beginning						Amounts Du	ue
	Balance	A	Additions	Deletions	Enc	ding Balance	in One yea	ır
Direct borrowings & direct placements	\$ 4,298,000	\$	-	\$ 1,188,000	\$	3,110,000	\$ 1,015,00)0
Compensated absences	1,132,293		901,389	1,010,910		1,022,772	1,010,91	0
Claims & judgments payable	337,761		(7,246)	25,303		305,212	85,52	25
Long-term liabilities	\$ 5,768,054	\$	894,143	\$ 2,224,213	\$	4,437,984	\$ 2,111,43	35

Payments on the excess revenue bonds payable that pertain to the School Board's governmental activities are made by the debt service funds. The compensated absences and claims and judgments attributable to the governmental activities will be liquidated by several of the School Board's governmental funds. In the past, the major portion was liquidated by the General fund. The percentage liquidated by other funds was insignificant.

				Final			
				Payment	Iı	nterest to	Principal
Direct Borrowings & Direct Placements	Or	riginal Issue	Interest Rates	Due	1	Maturity	Outstanding
Sales Tax Refunding Bonds							
July 01, 2018	\$	3,165,000	2.00-3.45%	7/1/2023	\$	97,413	\$ 1,955,000
Qualified School Construction							
March 01, 2011		4,500,000	0.85%	7/1/2023		14,813	1,155,000
					\$	112,226	\$ 3,110,000

The purpose of the issuance of the excess revenue bonds was for acquiring, constructing, improving and maintaining public school and school related facilities.

The excess revenue bonds payable are due as follows:

	Direct B	Direct Borrowings & Direct Placements						
	Principal	Interest	T 1					
Year Ending June 30,2021	Payments	Payments	Total					
2022	\$ 1,015,000	\$ 60,380	\$ 1,075,380					
2023	1,035,000	38,630	1,073,630					
2024	1,060,000	13,216_	1,073,216					
Total	\$ 3,110,000	\$ 112,226	\$ 3,222,226					

In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statue 39:562, the School Board is legally restricted from incurring long-term bonded debt in excess of 35 percent of the assessed value of taxable property. There is no outstanding bonded debt that is paid from ad valorem tax.

<u>Pledged Revenues:</u> The School Board has pledged future collections of the 1% sales and use tax being levied and collected pursuant to the provisions of law and in compliance with the said election held on March 8, 2008 to repay the 2018 Sales Tax Bond issuance and the Qualified School Construction Bond. The original bond issuances were \$3,165,000 and \$4,500,000, respectively. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the purpose of constructing, acquiring, improving and maintaining public school and school related facilities. These excess revenue bonds are paid solely from the 2008 Sales Tax Collections and are payable through 2023. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the 2018 Sales Tax Refunding Bond and the Qualified School Construction Bond are \$3,110,000 in principal and \$112,226 in interest. Of the \$2,627,869 sales tax collections to service the debt, the School Board paid \$1,063,423 in debt service payments for 2018 Sales Tax Bond payable (\$682,033) and Qualified School Construction Bond payable (\$381,390). The annual principal and interest payments are estimated to be 42% of the tax revenues over the next 3 years.

NOTE 12 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (FFS LEVEL ONLY)

Interfund Receivables/Payables

Receivable Fund		Amount	Payable Fund	Amount		
General	\$	2,190,173	1980 Sales Tax	\$	525,972	
			1999 Sales Tax		525,574	
			Education Stabilization		1,023,195	
			Nonmajor governmental		115,432	
Total	\$	2,190,173		\$	2,190,173	

The interfund receivable in the General fund from the sales tax funds is for the 20% of the net revenues that can be used for general expenditures. The purpose for interfund receivables/payables from nonmajor governmental funds to the General fund is to cover expenditures for cost reimbursement programs until the reimbursement requisitions are deposited. All interfunds are expected to be repaid within one year of the financial statements.

Interfund Transfers

Paying Fund	Receiving Fund	Tra	Transfers Out		ransfers In
1980 Sales Tax	General	\$	525,972	\$	525,972
1999 Sales Tax	General		525,574		525,574
General	Nonmajor governmental		154,941		154,941
2008 Sales Tax Capital Projects	Nonmajor governmental		150,430		150,430
Nonmajor governmental	General		4,027		4,027
Nonmajor governmental	Nonmajor governmental		52,680		52,680
Nonmajor governmental	2008 Sales Tax Capital Projects		11,106		11,106
Totals		\$	1,424,730	\$	1,424,730

As previously mentioned in Note 1, the sales tax funds transfer 20% of net revenues for general expenditures to the General fund. The General fund transferred monies to the Maintenance fund to help cover extra expenditures not covered by ad valorem taxes. The General fund also transferred to the School Food Service fund and the Career Development fund to cover a deficit. The 2008 Sales Tax Capital Projects fund transferred monies to other construction funds for specific projects. The Title IV fund transferred to Title I to assist in covering costs of the program.

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT The School Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

Beginning with fiscal year 1998, the School Board became fully insured for all workers' compensation claims filed on or after July 1, 1998. For existing claims filed before July 1, 1998, the School Board is still self-insured. A surety bond covers individual claims in excess of \$100,000, not to exceed \$500,000.

Claims expenditures and liabilities for the self-insurance claims are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported. This liability is the School Board's best estimate based on available information. The liability for claims and judgments is recorded in the General fund in the fund financial statements when amounts are due and payable. The remaining liability is reported in the Statement of Net Position.

Changes in the claims amount in previous fiscal years were as follows:

	Beg	Beginning of Claims and							
	Fiscal Year		Cl	Changes in		Benefit Payment		Ending of Fiscal	
Workers' Compensation	L	Liability		Estimates		and Claims		Year Liability	
2019	\$	183,915	\$	(1,047)	\$	18,968	\$	163,900	
2020		163,900		222,322		47,200		339,022	
2021		339,022		(946)		26,564		311,512	

Of this \$311,512 amount, \$6,300 is reflected as claims payable, in Statement C - General Fund column, which is an estimate of amounts paid sixty days after year-end. The remaining amount of \$305,212 is reported in the governmental activities (Statement A) and is considered long-term, of which \$85,525 is due within one year.

The School Board continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The School Board also participates in an entity risk pool for insurance coverage, including property and casualty general liability, employee fidelity, vehicle collision and liability, and board member's officers liability insurance and the reinsurance of such coverage, in order to provide a more efficient and effective way to acquire insurance coverage. The entity risk pool is known as Property Casualty Alliance of Louisiana (PCAL), which is established only for School Boards and is overseen by a board made up of School Board members. The responsibilities of the School Board is to pay contributions based upon a risk-funding plan developed by the program as well as to have a loss prevention plan to make all reasonable efforts to eliminate and minimize hazards that would contribute to property/casualty losses. The pool is responsible for handling any and all claims after notice of loss has been received.

NOTE 14 - LITIGATION, CLAIMS AND COMMITMENTS

Litigation The School Board currently in not involved in litigation.

<u>Grant Disallowances</u> The School Board participates in a number of state and federally assisted grant programs. The programs are subject to compliance audits under the single audit approach. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement by the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. School Board management believes that the amount of disallowances, if any, which may arise from future audits will not be material.

<u>Tax Arbitrage Rebate</u> Under the Tax Reform Act of 1986, interest earned on the debt proceeds in excess of interest expense prior to the disbursement of the proceeds must be rebated to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). Management believes there is no tax arbitrage rebate liability at year end.

NOTE 15-ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS FOR FRINGE BENEFITS AND SALARIES On-behalf payments for fringe benefits and salaries are direct payments made by an entity (the paying agent) to a third-party recipient for the employees of another, legally separate entity (the employer entity). GASB Statement No. 24 requires employer governments to recognize revenue and expenditures or expenses for these on-behalf payments. The State of Louisiana made pension contributions (regarding Professional Improvement Program) directly to the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana on behalf of the School Board in the amount of \$819. This amount was recognized as state revenue and a corresponding expenditure in the applicable fund from which the salary was paid.

The parish tax collector makes pension contributions to the Teacher's Retirement System of Louisiana on behalf of the School Board. These remittances are a portion of the property taxes and state revenue sharing collected which are statutorily set aside for teacher's retirement. The basis for recognizing the revenue and expenditure is the actual contribution made by the tax collector's office. For the 2021 fiscal year the tax collector paid the Teacher's Retirement System of Louisiana \$140,131 on behalf of the School Board. This amount was recognized as ad valorem revenue and a reduction in the School Board's required contribution.

NOTE 16 - ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY The Minimum Foundation Program funding provided by the state to all public school systems in Louisiana is primarily based on October 1 student count. The state provided \$16,940,551 million to the School Board, which represents approximately 46% of the School Board's total revenue for the year.

NOTE 17 - **OPERATING LEASE** The School Board leases buses and copiers under noncancelable operating leases. Total costs for such leases were \$446,275 for the year ended June 30, 2021. The minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Amount		
2022	'-	\$	367,300	
2023			218,800	
2024			134,300	
2025			101,000	
Total		\$	821,400	

NOTE 18 - FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS: The following are details of the fund balance classifications as of June 30, 2021:

				2008 Sales		
		1980 Sales	1999 Sales	Tax Capital	Nonmajor	
	General fund	Tax	Tax	Projects	Governmental	Total
Non-spendable:						
Inventory	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 91,118	\$ 91,118
Prepaid items	-	-	-	-	1,049,967	1,049,967
Restricted for:						
Student activity funds	-	-	-	-	403,152	403,152
Salary improvements	-	71,222	80,108	-	-	151,330
Facility improvements	-	17,806	20,027	-	18,654	56,487
School construction	-	-	-	6,492,598	1,963,689	8,456,287
Grant funds	-	-	-	-	285,922	285,922
Committed to:						
Technology equipment	98,056	-	-	-	-	98,056
School construction	-	-	-	-	2,103,422	2,103,422
Other post employment benefits	1,281,463	-	-	-	-	1,281,463
Unassigned	8,367,266				<u> </u>	8,367,266
Total	\$9,746,785	\$ 89,028	\$100,135	\$ 6,492,598	\$ 5,915,924	\$ 22,344,470

NOTE 19 – TAX ABATEMENTS The School Board is subject to tax abatements granted by the Louisiana Department of Economic Development, Office of Commerce and Industry. Louisiana has a ten-year industrial exemption law that provides any manufacturing establishment entering Louisiana, or any manufacturing establishment expanding its Louisiana facilities an exemption on buildings and equipment from state, parish and

local property taxes for a period of ten years. The exemption is for the "contract" value of buildings or equipment used by the business. When the exemption expires, the property is to be placed on the tax roll at 15% of its current market value. The amount of tax abatement under this program during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 by authorized millage is as follows:

		Taxable			
		Assessed Taxpayer			
Tax Code	Millage	Value	Exemption		
Constitutional	4.53	\$ 3,270,640	\$	14,816	
Maintenance and operations	4.85	3,270,640		15,863	
Special Building and Construction District 1	4.85	3,270,640		15,863	
Maintenance and operations	2.21	3,270,640		7,228	
Special Maintenance Lea-Way District 1	9.26	3,270,640		30,286	
Maintenance and operations	18.50	3,270,640		60,507	

NOTE 20 – NEW GASB STANDARDS In the current fiscal year the School Board implemented GASB Statement No. 84 – Fiduciary Activities. The principal objective of this statement is to enhance the consistency and comparability of fiduciary activity reporting by state and local governments. It improves guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting and how those activities should be reported. The impact to the School Board resulted in certain activities previously reported as fiduciary not being considered fiduciary under GASB 84. The Student Activity Fund, previously reported as agency funds, are now reported as special revenue funds. Due to this restatement, the Student Activity Funds beginning fund balance was restated to \$344,585. The prior year net position of the Statement of Activities was also restated by \$344,585.

NOTE 21 – CHANGE IN PRESENTATION The Education Stabilization fund was added as a major fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. All other major funds were reported as major in the prior year.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Exhibit 1

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability	 			
Service costs	\$ 1,984,897	\$ 1,945,750	\$ 1,945,750	\$ 1,873,075
Interest	1,521,260	2,090,352	2,104,653	2,100,793
Differences between expected & actual experience	(2,484,274)	347,820	-	-
Changes in assumptions	(6,777,303)	6,811,862	1,531,875	-
Benefit payments	(2,179,613)	(2,068,338)	 (2,031,177)	(1,971,453)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(7,935,033)	9,127,446	3,551,101	2,002,415
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 67,940,200	 58,812,754	 55,261,653	53,259,238
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 60,005,167	\$ 67,940,200	\$ 58,812,754	\$ 55,261,653
Covered employee payroll	 10,653,892	10,653,892	10,187,905	10,187,905
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	563.22%	637.70%	577.28%	542.42%

Changes of Assumptions

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effect of changes in the discount rate each period. The following is the discount rate used:

2021	2.16%
2020	2.21%
2019	3.50%
2018	3.88%

^{2021 -} Mortality assumption was updated to the MP-2020 scale from the MP-2019.

2020 - Mortality assumption was updated from RPH-2014 total table with projection to MP-2017 to RPH-2014 total table with projection to MP-2019

2020 - Termination and retirement rate tables were updated with tables used in 2019 actuarial valuation reports for the TRSL and LSERS retirement plans.

Notes

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, only information for those years for which information is available is presented.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75, paragraph 4, to pay related benefits.

Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Exhibit 2-1

	Employer's Proportion of	Employer's Proportionate		Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a			
	the Net			-	_			
				•				
Fiscal Year	Liability	Liability	Payroll	Covered Payroll	Liability			
Louisiana School I	Employees' Retiren	Employer's Employer's Proportionate Proportionate Proportion of Proportion of Proportion of Proportion of Percentage of the Pension Liability Payroll Payroll Percentage of its Total Pension Liability Description of Payroll Payroll Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability Description of Payroll Payroll Payroll Payroll Payroll Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability Description of Payroll Payroll Payroll Payroll Payroll Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability Payroll Payroll						
2015	0.371984%	\$ 2,159,910	\$ 1,043,492	207%	76.18%			
` 2016	0.381882%	2,421,618	1,099,992	220%	74.49%			
2017	0.359933%	2,715,145	1,022,329	266%	70.09%			
2018	0.361559%	2,313,714	1,035,021	224%	75.03%			
2019	0.362052%	2,419,005	1,044,413	232%	74.44%			
2020	0.404864%	2,834,298	1,177,898	241%	73.49%			
2021	0.385272%	3,095,494	1,152,062	269%	69.67%			
Teacher's Retireme	ent System of Loui	siana						
2015	0.29577%	\$ 30,231,970	\$ 12,790,350	236%	63.7%			
2016	0.28888%	31,061,394	12,967,977	240%	62.5%			
2017	0.28429%	33,367,197	12,375,394	270%	59.9%			
2018	0.28778%	29,502,955	12,618,616	234%	65.6%			
2019	0.28053%	27,570,446	12,539,323	220%	68.2%			
2020	0.29672%	29,448,620	13,528,972	218%	68.6%			
2021	0.29361%	32,659,915	13,536,019	241%	65.6%			

Notes:

The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, only information for those years for which information is available is presented.

Schedule of Employer Contributions to Pension Plans For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Exhibit 2-2

Fiscal Year Louisiana School Er	C	ontractually Required ontribution ees' Retiremen	Co	ntributions in Relation to ontractually Required ontributions	Defic	ibution ciency cess)	Employer's vered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2015	\$	363,101	\$	363,101	\$	-	\$ 1,099,992	33.0%
2016		308,743		308,743		-	1,022,329	30.2%
2017		282,561		282,561		-	1,035,021	27.3%
2018		288,246		288,246		-	1,044,413	27.6%
2019		329,812		329,812		-	1,177,898	28.0%
2020		338,706		338,706		-	1,152,062	29.4%
2021		333,605		333,605		-	1,162,387	28.7%
Teacher's Retiremen	t Syste	em of Louisia	na					
2015	\$	3,761,402	\$	3,761,402	\$	-	\$ 12,967,977	29.0%
2016		3,155,412		3,155,412		-	12,375,394	25.5%
2017		3,233,505		3,233,505		-	12,618,616	25.6%
2018		3,214,943		3,214,943		-	12,539,323	25.6%
2019		3,610,907		3,610,907		-	13,528,972	26.7%
2020		3,519,365		3,519,365		-	13,536,019	26.0%
2021		3,660,434		3,660,434		-	14,198,388	25.8%

Notes:

The amounts presented were determined as of the fiscal year end.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, only information for those years for which information is available is presented.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information for Pensions

Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System

Changes in Benefit Terms: Members whose first employment makes them eligible for membership in a Louisiana state retirement system on or after July 1, 2015 may retire with a 2.5% benefit factor after attaining the age of 62 with at least 5 years of service credit and are eligible for an actuarially reduced benefit with 20 years of service at any age. This benefit change raised the age requirement from 60 years of age for members hired after June 30, 2010.

Changes in assumptions: The changes in assumptions are as follows:

Report Date Jun	Valuation Date e 30,	Investment Rate of Return	Inflation Rate	Mortality Non- disabled Active	Mortality Non-disabled Retiree	Mortality Disabled	Termination, Disability, Retirement	Salary Increases
2015	2014	7.25% (net of investment a expense)	2.75% per annum	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Sex Distinct Tables	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Sex Distinct Tables	RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Tables for Males and Females	2008-2012 experience study	3.2% to 5.5%
2016	2015	7.00% (net of investment and administrative expenses)	2.75% per annum	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Sex Distinct Tables	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Sex Distinct Tables	RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Tables for Males and Females	2008-2012 experience study	3.2% to 5.5%
2017 & 2018	2016 & 2017	7.125% (net of investments expenses)	2.625% per annum	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Sex Distinct Tables	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Sex Distinct Tables	RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Tables for Males and Females	2008-2012 experience study	3.075% to 5.375%
2019	2018	7.0625% (net of investments expenses)	2.50% per annum	RP-2014 Employee Table with Blue Collar Adjustment, 130% for males and 115% for females, each with the full generational MP-2017 scale.	RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Table with Blue Collar Adjustment, 130% for males and 115% for females, each with the full generational MP- 2017 scale.	RP-2014 Disabled Tables for Males and Females, with the full generational MP-2017 scale.	2012-2017 experience study	3.25%
2020	2019	7.00% (net of investments expenses)	2.50% per annum	RP-2014 Employee Table with Blue Collar Adjustment, 130% for males and 115% for females, each with the full generational MP-2017 scale.	RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Table with Blue Collar Adjustment, 130% for males and 115% for females, each with the full generational MP- 2017 scale.	RP-2014 Disabled Tables for Males and Females, with the full generational MP-2017 scale.	2012-2017 experience study	3.25%
2021	2020	7.00% (net of investments expenses)	2.50% per annum	RP-2014 Employee Table with Blue Collar Adjustment, 130% for males and 115% for females, each with the full generational MP-2017 scale.	RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Table with Blue Collar Adjustment, 130% for males and 115% for females, each with the full generational MP- 2017 scale.	RP-2014 Disabled Tables for Males and Females, with the full generational MP-2017 scale.	2012-2017 experience study	3.25%

Teacher's Retirement System of Louisiana

Changes in Benefit Terms: Members whose first employment makes them eligible for membership in a Louisiana state retirement system on or after July 1, 2015 may retire with a 2.5% benefit factor after attaining the age of 62 with at least 5 years of service credit and are eligible for an actuarially reduced benefit with 20 years of service at any age. This benefit change raised the age requirement from 60 years of age for members hired after January 1, 2011.

Change in assumptions: The changes in assumptions are as follows:

TRSL RSI Changes in Assumptions

Report Date Jun	Valuation Date e 30,	Investment Rate of Return	Inflation Rate	Mortality Non- disabled Active	Mortality Non- disabled Retiree	Mortality Disabled	Termination, Disability, Retirement	Salary Increases
2015, 2016, & 2017	2014, 2015, & 2016	7.75% (net of investment expense)	2.50% per annum	RP-2000 Mortality Table with projection to 2025 using scale AA	RP-2000 Mortality Table with projection to 2025 using scale AA	RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Table	2008-2012 experience study	3.5% to 10.0%
2018	2017	7.70% per annum	2.50% per annum	RP-2000 Mortality Table with projection to 2025 using scale AA	RP-2000 Mortality Table with projection to 2025 using scale AA	RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Table	2008-2012 experience study	3.5% to 10.0%
2019	2018	7.65% per annum	2.50% per annum	RP-2014 White Collar Employee tables, adjusted by 1.010 for males and by 0.997 for females ***	RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant tables, adjusted by 1.366 for males and by 1.189 for females	RP-2014 Disability tables, adjusted by 1.111 for males and by 1.134 for females ***	2012-2017 experience study	3.3% to 4.8%
2020	2019	7.55% per annum	2.50% per annum	RP-2014 White Collar Employee tables, adjusted by 1.010 for males and by 0.997 for females ***	RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant tables, adjusted by 1.366 for males and by 1.189 for females	RP-2014 Disability tables, adjusted by 1.111 for males and by 1.134 for females ***	2012-2017 experience study	3.3% to 4.8%
2021	2020	7.45% per annum	2.30% per annum	RP-2014 White Collar Employee tables, adjusted by 1.010 for males and by 0.997 for females ***	RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant tables, adjusted by 1.366 for males and by 1.189 for females	RP-2014 Disability tables, adjusted by 1.111 for males and by 1.134 for females ***	2012-2017 experience study	3.1% to 4.6%

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

General Fund and Major Special Revenue Funds with Legally Adopted Annual Budget

GENERAL FUND The General fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with government which are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>1980 SALES TAX</u> This fund accounts for the School Board's one-percent parish-wide sales tax approved by voters on April 5, 1980. Eighty percent of the proceeds of the tax are used exclusively to supplement other revenues available to the Board for salaries and other benefits of teachers and other personnel, and the remaining twenty percent to be used exclusively for general expenses of operating and maintaining schools, including all costs of collecting and administering the tax.

1999 SALES TAX This fund accounts for the School Board's one-percent parish-wide sales tax approved by voters on March 27, 1999. The net revenues are allocated 80% for salaries and benefits of all School Board personnel and 20% for general expenditures.

EDUCATION STABILIZATION This fund accounts for the Education Stabilizations grants.

GENERAL FUND Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	BUDGETED) AMO	UNTS	ACTUAL	FINA	ANCE WITH L BUDGET DSITIVE
	ORIGINAL		FINAL	 MOUNTS	(NE	GATIVE)
REVENUES						
Local sources:						
Taxes:						
Ad valorem	\$ 2,900,000	\$	3,105,415	\$ 3,105,414	\$	(1)
Interest earnings	121,900		20,227	20,227		-
Other	152,800		188,130	193,204		5,074
State sources:						
Equalization	16,917,500		16,546,906	16,546,906		-
Other	69,600		255,269	255,269		-
Federal sources	1,500		1,498	-		(1,498)
Total revenues	20,163,300		20,117,445	20,121,020		3,575
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular programs	9,274,275		9,438,556	9,499,532		(60,976)
Special programs	2,089,850		1,901,330	1,903,284		(1,954)
Other instructional programs	1,398,720		1,693,513	1,693,515		(2)
Support services:						, ,
Student services	728,200		743,574	743,964		(390)
Instructional staff support	1,065,200		1,025,461	1,025,853		(392)
General administration	553,450		271,180	271,178		2
School administration	1,720,078		1,730,228	1,730,235		(7)
Business services	450,700		516,488	520,679		(4,191)
Plant services	1,460,500		1,436,722	1,440,141		(3,419)
Student transportation services	1,722,500		1,750,791	1,750,787		4
Central services	77,800		85,551	85,542		9
Food services	92,300		118,669	121,818		(3,149)
Capital outlay	21,700		208,135	205,854		2,281
Total expenditures	20,655,273		20,920,198	20,992,382		(72,184)
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ (491,973)	\$	(802,753)	\$ (871,362)	\$	(68,609)

GENERAL FUND Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Exhibit 3-1

		BUDGETED	AMO	JNTS FINAL	•	ACTUAL MOUNTS	FINA	IANCE WITH AL BUDGET POSITIVE EGATIVE)
	ORIGINAL			TINAL		INIOUNTS	(14	LGATIVL)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	1,003,080	\$	1,058,092	\$	1,055,572	\$	(2,520)
Transfers out		(450,000)		(217,949)		(154,941)		63,008
Insurance proceeds		<u>-</u>		580		580		<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)		553,080		840,723		901,211		60,488
Net changes in fund balances		61,107		37,970		29,849		(8,121)
Fund balances - beginning		11,385,127		11,172,096		9,716,936		(1,455,160)
Fund balances - ending	\$	11,446,234	\$	11,210,066	\$	9,746,785	\$	(1,463,281)

(CONCLUDED)

1980 SALES TAX Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		BUDGETED	AMOL			ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE	
DEVENUE		RIGINAL		FINAL	A	MOUNTS	(NE	GATIVE)
REVENUES								
Local sources:								
Taxes:	•	0.500.000	•	0.000.004	•	0.000.004	•	
Sales and use	\$	2,509,828	\$	2,629,861	\$	2,629,861	\$	=
Interest earnings		10,200		1,245		1,245		-
Total revenues		2,520,028		2,631,106		2,631,106		-
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular programs		848,019		864,462		864,463		(1)
Special programs		273,192		272,047		272,044		3
Other instructional programs		203,808		220,320		220,319		1
Support services:								
Student services		71,518		72,319		72,316		3
Instructional staff support		92,705		95,279		95,276		3
General administration		10,358		10,509		10,509		-
School administration		133,614		135,480		135,478		2
Business services		27,633		29,956		29,957		(1)
Plant services		92,049		93,938		102,792		(8,854)
Student transportation services		143,260		142,083		142,083		-
Central services		4,266		4,328		4,328		-
Food services		153,856		157,741		157,752		(11)
Capital outlay		8,758		8,855		-		8,855
Total expenditures		2,063,036		2,107,317		2,107,317		-
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES		450.000						_
OVER EXPENDITURES		456,992		523,789		523,789		-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out		(501,966)		(525,972)		(525,972)		-
Net changes in fund balances		(44,974)		(2,183)		(2,183)		-
Fund balances - beginning		91,209		91,211		91,211		<u>-</u>
Fund balances - ending	\$	46,235	\$	89,028	\$	89,028	\$	-

1999 SALES TAX Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		BUDGETED) AMOU	INTS		ACTUAL	FINAL	NCE WITH BUDGET SITIVE
	0	RIGINAL		FINAL	A	MOUNTS	(NE	GATIVE)
REVENUES								
Local sources:								
Taxes:								
Sales and use	\$	2,505,569	\$	2,627,869	\$	2,627,869	\$	-
Interest earnings		10,000		1,363		1,363		-
Total revenues		2,515,569		2,629,232		2,629,232		
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular programs		856,143		871,372		871,372		-
Special programs		274,965		272,416		272,408		8
Other instructional programs		182,188		197,089		197,086		3
Support services:								
Student services		71,995		72,688		72,684		4
Instructional staff support		93,324		95,764		95,761		3
General administration		10,427		10,563		10,563		-
School administration		134,619		135,972		135,967		5
Business services		27,986		30,108		30,108		-
Plant services		92,671		94,326		103,229		(8,903)
Student transportation services		143,195		141,845		141,845		-
Central services		4,294		4,350		4,352		(2)
Food services		153,623		158,588		158,606		(18)
Capital outlay		8,817		8,900		-		8,900
Total expenditures		2,054,247		2,093,981		2,093,981		-
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		461,322		535,251		535,251		-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out		(501,114)		(525,574)		(525,574)		
Net changes in fund balances		(39,792)		9,677		9,677		-
Fund balances - beginning		90,455		90,458		90,458		
Fund balances - ending	\$	50,663	\$	100,135	\$	100,135	\$	_

EDUCATION STABILIZATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		BUDGETE	O AMOU	INTS	,	ACTUAL	FINAL I	ICE WITH BUDGET SITIVE
	OR	IGINAL		FINAL	Α	MOUNTS		ATIVE)
REVENUES								
Federal sources	\$	5,616	\$	1,890,022	\$	1,890,022	\$	-
Total revenues		5,616		1,890,022		1,890,022		-
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular programs		-		817,889		817,889		-
Special programs		-		82,935		82,937		(2)
Other instructional programs		-		368,833		368,835		(2)
Support services:								
Student services		-		15,288		15,286		2
Instructional staff support		-		34,704		34,699		5
General administration		987		335,482		335,481		1
School administration		-		31,165		31,168		(3)
Business services		-		6,428		6,427		1
Plant services		4,629		101,796		101,803		(7)
Student transportation services		-		43,619		43,619		-
Central services		-		1,272		1,273		(1)
Food services		-		50,611		50,605		6
Total expenditures		5,616		1,890,022		1,890,022		
Net changes in fund balances		-		-		-		-
Fund balances - beginning								
Fund balances - ending	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	

Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

A. BUDGETS

<u>General Budget Policies</u> - The School Board follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the combined financial statements:

State statute requires budgets be adopted for the General fund and all Special Revenue funds except for Student Activity funds.

Each year prior to September 15, the Superintendent submits to the Board proposed annual budgets for the General fund and Special Revenue funds. Public hearings are conducted, prior to the Board's approval, to obtain taxpayer comments. The operating budgets include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

Appropriations (unexpended budget balances) lapse at year end.

Formal budget integration (within the accounting records) is employed as a management control device. Budget amounts included in the accompanying financial statements include the original adopted budget and all subsequent amendments. All budget revisions are approved by the Board.

<u>Budget Basis of Accounting</u> - The General fund and Special Revenue fund budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Board. Legally, the Board must adopt a balanced budget; that is, total budgeted revenues and other financing sources including fund balance must equal or exceed total budgeted expenditures and other financing uses. State statutes require the Board to amend its budgets when revenues plus projected revenues within a fund are expected to be less than budgeted revenues by five percent or more and/or expenditures within a fund are expected to exceed budgeted expenditures by five percent or more. The School Board approves budgets at the function level for the General fund and at the fund level for Special Revenue funds. Management can transfer amounts between line items within a function.

B. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The following funds had actual expenditures over budgeted expenditures for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021:

Fund	 Budget	 Actual	Variance		
General fund	\$ 20,920,198	\$ 20,992,382	\$	(72,184)	

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1	[oCollo	Davich	School	Doord
ı	ı asalıe	Parien	School	RAGEA

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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COMBINING NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BY FUND TYPE

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Combining Balance Sheet - By Fund Type June 30, 2021

Exhibit 4

		SPECIAL EVENUE	 DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL ROJECTS	 TOTAL
ASSETS	-				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	615,899	\$ -	\$ 2,038,812	\$ 2,654,711
Investments		23,607	-	2,042,793	2,066,400
Receivables		512,836	-	5,066	517,902
Inventory		136,620	-	-	136,620
Prepaid items		-	1,049,967	-	1,049,967
Total assets		1,288,962	1,049,967	4,086,671	6,425,600
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:					
Accounts, salaries and other payables		322,713	_	19,560	342,273
Interfund payables		115,432	-	-	115,432
Unearned revenues		51,971	-	_	51,971
Total liabilities		490,116		19,560	509,676
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable		91,118	1,049,967	-	1,141,085
Restricted		707,728	=	1,963,689	2,671,417
Committed		-	-	2,103,422	2,103,422
Total fund balances		798,846	1,049,967	4,067,111	5,915,924
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	1,288,962	\$ 1,049,967	\$ 4,086,671	\$ 6,425,600

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - By Fund Type For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Exhibit 5

	PECIAL EVENUE	S	DEBT ERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS		TOTAL
REVENUES						
Local sources:						
Taxes:						
Ad valorem	\$ 648,338	\$	-	\$ 445,389	\$	1,093,727
Sales and use	-		1,227,220	-		1,227,220
Interest earnings	150		-	29,964		30,114
Food services	22,808		-	-		22,808
Other	1,383,895		-	-		1,383,895
State sources:						
Equalization	393,645		-	-		393,645
Other	500,574		-	-		500,574
Federal sources	3,505,612		-	5,776		3,511,388
Total revenues	6,455,022		1,227,220	481,129		8,163,371
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular programs	160,366		_	-		160,366
Special programs	154,698		_	_		154,698
Other instructional programs	1,810,277		_	_		1,810,277
Support services:	.,0.0,2					.,0.0,=
Student services	230,621		_	-		230,621
Instructional staff support	387,987		_	_		387,987
General administration	145,061		_	14,126		159,187
School administration	469,487		_			469,487
Plant services	908,797		_	303,276		1,212,073
Student transportation services	367		_	11,013		11,380
Central services	932		_	-		932
Food services	1,929,258		_	_		1,929,258
Capital outlay	-		_	506,995		506,995
Debt service:				000,000		555,555
Principal retirement	_		1,188,000	_		1,188,000
Interest and bank charges	_		83,964	_		83,964
Total expenditures	6,197,851		1,271,964	835,410		8,305,225
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ 257,171	\$	(44,744)	\$ (354,281)	\$	(141,854)

(CONTINUED)

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - By Fund Type For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Exhibit 5

	_	SPECIAL REVENUE		DEBT SERVICE		CAPITAL PROJECTS		TOTAL
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	182,311	\$	-	\$	175,741	\$	358,052
Transfers out		(49,767)		(6,940)		(11,106)		(67,813)
Insurance proceeds		<u>-</u>				303,496		303,496
Total other financing sources (uses)		132,544		(6,940)		468,131		593,735
Net changes in fund balances		389,715		(51,684)		113,850		451,881
Fund balances - beginning, as originally stated		64,546		1,101,651		3,953,261		5,119,458
Prior period adjustment		344,585		-		-		344,585
Fund balances - beginning, restated		409,131		1,101,651		3,953,261		5,464,043
Fund balances - ending	\$	798,846	\$	1,049,967	\$	4,067,111	\$	5,915,924

(CONCLUDED)

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

<u>MAINTENANCE</u> The maintenance fund accounts for the ad valorem tax levied for maintenance and operations and the related expenditures.

SCHOOL FOOD SERVICE This program assists school boards through cash grants and food donations in providing a nutritious breakfast and lunch service for school students and encourages the domestic consumption of nutritious agricultural commodities.

<u>TITLE I</u> This program was designed to improve the educational opportunities of educationally deprived children by helping them succeed in the regular school program, attain grade level proficiency and improve achievement in basic and more advanced skills. Primarily for provision of compensatory instructional activities to educationally deprived children that reside in low-income areas and have been selected on the basis of a needs assessment. Services supplement, not supplant, those normally provided by state and local educational agencies.

<u>LA 4</u> This is a Louisiana preschool grant to provide financial assistance to develop educational programs for preschool children.

EDUCATIONAL EXCELLENCE To enhance instructional programs approved by the legislature for students of pre-kindergarten through twelfth grade with proceeds received from tobacco settlement monies.

SPECIAL EDUCATION This program was designed to provide grants to states to assist them in providing a free appropriate public education to all children with disabilities.

ADULT AND VOCATIONAL GRANTS These programs were designed to make the United States more competitive in the world economy by developing more fully the academic and occupational skills of all segments of the population, principally through concentrating resources on improving educational programs leading to academic and occupational skills needed to work in a technologically advanced society.

<u>MISCELLANEOUS GRANTS</u> This fund is used to account for various small local, state, and federal grants for which the expenditures are legally restricted to specified purposes.

STUDENT ACTIVITY FUNDS The activities of the various individual school accounts are accounted for in the Student Activity fund. While the accounts are under the supervision of the School Board, the accounts belong to the individual schools or their student bodies and are not available for use by the School Board.

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2021

SCHOOL

		ITENIANIOE		FOOD	TITLE I		1.4.4	
	MAIN	ITENANCE	<u>S</u>	ERVICE		IILEI		LA 4
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	60,314	\$	156,788	\$	-	\$	15,106
Investments		-		-		-		-
Receivables		155		199,575		83,598		49,922
Inventory		-		136,620		-		-
Total assets		60,469		492,983		83,598		65,028
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts, salaries and other payables		41,815		103,572		29,299		65,028
Interfund payables		-		_		54,299		-
Unearned revenues		-		45,502		-		-
Total liabilities		41,815	,	149,074		83,598		65,028
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable		-		91,118		-		-
Restricted		18,654		252,791		-		_
Total fund balances		18,654		343,909		-		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	60,469	\$	492,983	\$	83,598	\$	65,028

Exhibit 6

EDUCAT		ECIAL CATION	VOC	ULT & ATIONAL RANTS	LLANEOUS RANTS	Α	TUDENT CTIVITY FUNDS	 TOTAL
\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 4,146	\$	379,545	\$ 615,899
	-	-		-	-		23,607	23,607
	-	89,666		39,360	50,560		-	512,836
	-	 -		-	 -		_	 136,620
	-	89,666		39,360	54,706		403,152	1,288,962
	- - - -	 52,171 18,745 6,469 77,385		39,360 - 39,360	 30,828 3,028 - 33,856		- - - -	 322,713 115,432 51,971 490,116
	-	-		-	-		-	91,118
		 12,281			20,850		403,152	 707,728
		12,281		-	20,850		403,152	798,846
\$		\$ 89,666	\$	39,360	\$ 54,706	\$	403,152	\$ 1,288,962

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

SCHOOL FOOD

				FOOD					
	MAIN	ITENANCE	,	SERVICE	Т	ITLE I		LA 4	
REVENUES									
Local sources:									
Taxes:									
Ad valorem	\$	648,338	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Interest Earnings		-		-		-		-	
Food services		-		22,808		-		-	
Other		-		5,600		-		-	
State sources:									
Equalization		-		316,284		-		-	
Other		15,264		-		-		379,682	
Federal sources		-		1,916,531		725,449		-	
Total revenues		663,602		2,261,223		725,449		379,682	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Instruction:									
Regular programs		_		_		37,932		_	
Special programs		_		_		-		_	
Other instructional programs		_		_		448,862		379,460	
Support services:						440,002		070,400	
Student services		_		_		33,725		_	
Instructional staff support		_		_		180,237		122	
General administration		20,563		_		66,086			
School administration		20,000		_		-		_	
Plant services		779,610		_		4,347		100	
Student transportation services		-		_		-		-	
Central services		_		_		_		_	
Food services		_		1,929,258		_		_	
Total expenditures		800,173		1,929,258	-	771,189		379,682	
, stat superiorate		333,		.,020,200		,		0.0,002	
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES									
OVER EXPENDITURES		(136,571)		331,965		(45,740)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		136,571		_		45,740		_	
Transfers out		-				-			
Total other financing courses (uses)		400 574				45.740			
Total other financing sources (uses)		136,571				45,740			
Net changes in fund balances				331,965					
Fund balances - beginning, as originally stated		18,654		11,944		-		-	
Prior period adjustment									
Fund balances - beginning, as restated		18,654		11,944					
Fund balances - ending	\$	18,654	\$	343,909	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	

Exhibit 7

EDUCATIONAL EXCELLENCE	SPECIAL EDUCATION	ADULT & VOCATIONAL GRANTS	MISCELLANEOUS GRANTS	STUDENT ACTIVITY FUNDS	TOTAL	
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 648,338	
-	-	-	-	150	150	
-	-	-	- 96,410	- 1,281,885	22,808 1,383,895	
-	-	-	90,410	1,201,000	1,303,093	
-	77,361	-	-	-	393,645	
46,064	2,170		57,394	-	500,574	
-	508,296		250,650	-	3,505,612	
46,064	587,827	104,686	404,454	1,282,035	6,455,022	
-	1,061	-	25,161	96,212	160,366	
-	154,698	-	-	-	154,698	
55,583	137,308	86,686	172,343	530,035	1,810,277	
_	125,211	_	71,685	-	230,621	
_	108,412		58,835	22,381	387,987	
-	43,043		15,369	-	145,061	
-	250		13,617	455,620	469,487	
-	5,520		-	119,220	908,797	
-	43	-	324	-	367	
-	-	-	932	-	932	
55,583	575,546	104,686	358,266	1,223,468	1,929,258	
55,563	575,540	104,000	350,200	1,223,466	6,197,851	
(9,519)	12,281		46,188	58,567	257,171	
-	-	-	-	-	182,311	
		<u> </u>	(49,767)		(49,767)	
			(49,767)		132,544	
(9,519)	12,281		(3,579)	58,567	389,715	
9,519	-	-	24,429	-	64,546	
				344,585	344,585	
9,519			24,429	344,585	409,131	
\$ -	\$ 12,281	\$ -	\$ 20,850	\$ 403,152	\$ 798,846	

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Exhibit 8-1

	BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
REVENUES						
Local sources:						
Taxes:						
Ad valorem	\$	648,338	\$	648,338	\$	-
Other		15,264		15,264		-
Federal Sources		239				(239)
Total revenues		663,841		663,602		(239)
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Support services:						
General administration		20,563		20,563		-
Plant services		779,610		779,610		-
Total expenditures		800,173		800,173		-
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES		(136,332)		(136,571)		(239)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		136,331		136,571		240
Net changes in fund balances		(1)		-		1
Fund balances - beginning		18,654		18,654		
Fund balances - ending	\$	18,653	\$	18,654	\$	1

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Exhibit 8-2

	<u>B</u>	BUDGET		ACTUAL		RIANCE DSITIVE GATIVE)
REVENUES						
Local sources:						
Food services	\$	22,808	\$	22,808	\$	-
Other		-		5,600		5,600
State sources:						
Equalization		-		316,284		316,284
Federal sources		1,916,529		1,916,531		2
Total revenues		1,939,337		2,261,223		321,886
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Food services		1,929,250		1,929,258		(8)
Total expenditures		1,929,250		1,929,258		(8)
Net changes in fund balances		10,087		331,965		321,878
Fund balances - beginning		11,944		11,944		<u>-</u>
Fund balances - ending	\$	22,031	\$	343,909	\$	321,878

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)			
REVENUES						
Federal sources	\$ 771,189	\$ 725,449	\$ (45,740)			
Total revenues	771,189	725,449	(45,740)			
EXPENDITURES Current: Instruction:						
Regular programs	37,932	37,932	-			
Other instructional programs	448,861	448,862	(1)			
Support services:			` ,			
Student services	33,725	33,725	-			
Instructional staff support	180,238	180,237	1			
General administration	66,086	66,086	-			
Plant services	4,347	4,347				
Total expenditures	771,189	771,189				
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	-	(45,740)	(45,740)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		45,740	45,740			
Net changes in fund balances	-	-	-			
Fund balances - beginning						
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)			
REVENUES State sources:						
Other	\$ 379,682	\$ 379,682	\$ -			
Total revenues	379,682	379,682	-			
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Other instructional programs	379,460	379,460	-			
Support services:	400	400				
Instructional staff support	122	122	-			
Plant services Total expenditures		100 379,682				
Total experiultures	379,002	373,002				
Net changes in fund balances	-	-	-			
Fund balances - beginning						
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	*************EDUCATIONAL EXCELLENCE********************************						
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)				
REVENUES							
State sources:							
Other	\$ 55,583	\$ 46,064	\$ (9,519)				
Total revenues	55,583	46,064	(9,519)				
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Other instructional programs	55,583	55,583	-				
Total expenditures	55,583		-				
Net changes in fund balances	-	(9,519)	(9,519)				
Fund balances - beginning		9,519	9,519				
Fund balances - ending	\$ -		\$ -				

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Exhibit 8-6

	BUDGET		VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
REVENUES				
State sources:				
Equalization	\$ -	\$ 77,361	\$ 77,361	
Other	79,531	2,170	(77,361)	
Federal sources	508,296_	508,296	<u> </u>	
Total revenues	587,827	587,827		
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular programs	1,061	1,061	-	
Special programs	154,690	154,698	(8)	
Other instructional programs	137,308	137,308	-	
Support services:				
Student services	125,214	125,211	3	
Instructional staff support	108,415	108,412	3	
General administration	43,041	43,043	(2)	
School administration	250	250	=	
Plant services	5,520	5,520	=	
Student transportation services	43_	43	=	
Total expenditures	575,542	575,546	(4)	
Net changes in fund balances	12,285	12,281	(4)	
Fund balances - beginning	9,657	<u>-</u>	(9,657)	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 21,942	\$ 12,281	\$ (9,661)	

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	**************************************	*************ADULT AND VOCATIONAL GRA					
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)				
REVENUES							
Federal sources	\$ 104,686	\$ 104,686	\$ -				
Total revenues	104,686	104,686					
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Other instructional programs	86,686	86,686	-				
Support services:							
Instructional staff support	18,000	18,000					
Total expenditures	104,686	104,686					
Net changes in fund balances	-	-	-				
Fund balances - beginning							
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

--

	BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
		ODGET		CTUAL	(INE	GATIVE)
REVENUES						
Local sources:						
Other	\$	105,930	\$	96,410	\$	(9,520)
State sources:						, , ,
Other		57,394		57,394		_
Federal sources		204,910		250,650		45,740
Total revenues		368,234		404,454		36,220
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular programs		25,157		25,161		(4)
Other instructional programs		186,383		172,343		14,040
Support services:						
Student services		57,651		71,685		(14,034)
Instructional staff support		58,832		58,835		(3)
General administration		15,369		15,369		-
School administration		13,620		13,617		3
Student transportation services		324		324		-
Central services		933		932		1
Total expenditures		358,269		358,266		3
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES		9,965		46,188		36,223
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers out		-		(49,767)		(49,767)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		<u> </u>		(49,767)		(49,767)
Net changes in fund balances		9,965		(3,579)		(13,544)
Fund balances - beginning		11,499		24,429		12,930
Fund balances - ending	\$	21,464	\$	20,850	\$	(614)

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Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

Sinking Fund 2018 Sinking Sales Tax Fund 2011 QSCB Sinking Fund 2011 Limited Tax Bonds Series Sinking

The debt service funds are used to accumulate monies to pay outstanding bond issues. The bonds were issued to acquire land for building sites and to purchase, erect and improve school building and equipment and furnishings.

NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2021

Exhibit 9

	SINKING FUND	2018 SINKING SALES TAX FUND	2011 QSCB SINKING FUND	2011 LIMITED TAX BOND SERIES SINKING	TOTAL
ASSETS Prepaid items TOTAL ASSETS	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 665,058 665,058	\$ 384,909 384,909	\$ -	\$ 1,049,967 1,049,967
FUND BALANCES: Nonspendable TOTAL FUND BALANCES	- \$ -	665,058 \$ 665,058	384,909 \$ 384,909		1,049,967 \$ 1,049,967

NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Exhibit 10

	SINKING FUND	2018 SINKING SALES TAX FUND	2011 QSCB SINKING FUND	2011 LIMITED TAX BOND SERIES SINKING	TOTAL	
REVENUES						
Local sources:						
Taxes:						
Sales and use	\$ -	\$ 695,115	\$ 389,818	\$ 142,287	\$ 1,227,220	
Total revenues		695,115	389,818	142,287	1,227,220	
EXPENDITURES						
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	-	615,000	370,000	203,000	1,188,000	
Interest and bank charges		67,033	11,390	5,541	83,964	
Total expenditures		682,033	381,390	208,541	1,271,964	
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		13,082	8,428	(66,254)	(44,744)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers out	(6,940)				(6,940)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(6,940)				(6,940)	
Net changes in fund balances	(6,940)	13,082	8,428	(66,254)	(51,684)	
Fund balances - beginning	6,940	651,976	376,481	66,254	1,101,651	
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ 665,058	\$ 384,909	\$ -	\$ 1,049,967	

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Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

Main Construction Fund to account for various phases of small construction projects throughout the parish.

Construction Committed Fund to account for monies the Board has committed for future construction projects.

<u>Jena High School Contents</u> Funds to account for various phases of the rebuilding of the main educational building and offices at Jena High School which were destroyed by fire in November 2006.

Jena High School Main Construction Fund to account for various improvements to Jena High School.

JHS Girl's Gym Hurricane Laura Fund to account for construction due to Hurricane Laura damage.

Goodpine Middle Roofs/Gym Fund to account for roof and gym repairs at Goodpine Middle School.

Miscellaneous Improvement Projects Fund to account for miscellaneous construction projects.

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2021

	MAIN CONSTRUCTION		CONSTRUCTION COMMITTED		JENA HIGH SCHOOL CONTENTS		JENA HIGH SCHOOL MAIN CONSTRUCTION
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	1,946,617 -	\$	60,629 2,042,793	\$	12,006	\$ - -
Receivables		5,066		-		-	
Total assets		1,951,683		2,103,422		12,006	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts, salaries and other payables		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
Total liabilities						-	
Fund balances:							
Restricted		1,951,683		-		12,006	-
Committed		-		2,103,422		-	-
Unassigned		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Total fund balances		1,951,683		2,103,422		12,006	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	1,951,683	\$	2,103,422	\$	12,006	\$ -

Exhibit 11

JHS GIRL'S GYM HURRICANE LAURA		GIRL'S GYM GOODPINE HURRICANE MIDDLE		IMPR	LLANEOUS OVEMENT DJECTS	TOTAL		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	19,560	\$	2,038,812	
	-		-		-		2,042,793	
		-			19,560		5,066 4,086,671	
	_		-		19,560		19,560	
	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		19,560		19,560	
	-		-		-		1,963,689	
	-		-		-		2,103,422	
					<u> </u>		4 007 444	
		-			-		4,067,111	
\$		\$		\$	19,560	\$	4,086,671	

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	CON	MAIN STRUCTION	STRUCTION MMITTED	SC	A HIGH HOOL ITENTS	SC M	A HIGH HOOL IAIN RUCTION
REVENUES			 				
Local sources:							
Taxes:							
Ad valorem	\$	445,389	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Interest earnings		1,271	28,693		-		-
Federal sources		5,776	 				-
Total revenues		452,436	 28,693		-		
EXPENDITURES Current: Support services:							
General administration		14,126	_		_		_
Plant services		206,214	48,131		1,912		_
Student transportation services		11,013	-		-		_
Capital outlay		393,954	_		130		9,500
Total expenditures		625,307	48,131		2,042		9,500
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(172,871)	(19,438)		(2,042)		(9,500)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		25,311	-		-		-
Transfers out		-	-		-		-
Insurance proceeds		303,496			-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		328,807	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Net changes in fund balances		155,936	(19,438)		(2,042)		(9,500)
Fund balances - beginning		1,795,747	2,122,860		14,048		9,500
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,951,683	\$ 2,103,422	\$	12,006	\$	

Exhibit 12

JHS GIRL'S GYM HURRICANE LAURA	GOODPINE MIDDLE ROOFS/GYM	MISCELLANEOUS IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS	TOTAL
\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ 445,389 29,964 5,776 481,129
2,500 2,500	- - - -	47,019 - 100,911 147,930	14,126 303,276 11,013 506,995 835,410
(2,500)	<u> </u>	(147,930)	(354,281)
2,500	- (11,106) -	147,930 - -	175,741 (11,106) 303,496
2,500	(11,106)	147,930	468,131
-	(11,106)	-	113,850
	11,106	<u> </u>	3,953,261
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,067,111

Schedule of Compensation Paid Board Members For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Exhibit 13

The schedule of compensation paid to School Board members is presented in compliance with House Concurrent Resolution No. 54 of the 1979 Session of the Louisiana Legislature. Compensation of the School Board members is included in the general administrative expenditures of the General fund. In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 17:56, the School Board members have elected the monthly payment method of compensation. Under this method, each member of the School Board received \$630 per month and the president received \$680 per month.

Alvin Jess "Buddy" Bethard, President	\$ 7,860
Jonny Fryar, Vice President	7,560
Melvin Worthington	7,860
Dawn Stott	7,560
Fred Book	7,560
Marcia Cooksey	1,890
D'Juana McCartney	7,560
Justin Reeves	7,560
Dolan Pendarvis	7,560
Aimeri Paul	7,560
Timothy Kirl	3,780
Virgie Wilson	1,260
Total	\$75,570

Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Exhibit 14

Agency Head Name: Janet Tullos, Superintendent

Purpose	Amount
Salary	\$ 100,817
Benefits-insurance	12,254
Benefits-retirement	26,011
Cell phone	698
Travel	473
Registration fees	1,500
Total	\$141,753

SCHOOL CASH AND INVESTMENT BALANCES Schedule of Additions and Deductions from Cash For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Exhibit 15

<u>school</u>	Balance, eginning	 additions	De	eductions	Balance, Ending
Fellowship Elementary School	\$ 17,487	\$ 49,770	\$	41,615	\$ 25,642
Goodpine Middle School	11,075	73,200		76,844	7,431
Jena Elementary School	31,670	112,738		125,107	19,301
Jena High School	138,836	535,921		487,046	187,711
Jena Junior High School	44,804	89,851		92,717	41,938
LaSalle High School	28,275	231,890		200,646	59,519
LaSalle Junior High School	37,589	67,038		69,467	35,160
Nebo Elementary School	22,885	50,290		54,330	18,845
Olla Elementary School	 11,964	71,338		75,697	 7,605
Totals	\$ 344,585	\$ 1,282,036	\$	1,223,469	\$ 403,152

STATISTICAL SECTION

LaSalle Parish School Board Statistical Section Contents

	Table Number	Page Number
Financial Trends		
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the School Board's financial performance and well being has changed over time.		
Net Position by Component	1	133
Changes in Net Position	2	134
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	3	135
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	4	136
Revenue Capacity		
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the School Board's most significant		
local revenue sources, property tax and sales tax.		
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	5	137
Overlapping Governments	6	138
Principal Property Taxpayers	7	139
Property Tax Levies and Collections	8	140
Sales and Use Tax Rates and Collections	9	141
Debt Capacity		
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the School Board's current levels of outstanding debt and the School Board's ability to issue debt in the future.		
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	10	142
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	11	143
Legal Debt Margin Information	12	144
Pledged Revenue Coverage	13	145
		(continued)

LaSalle Parish School Board Statistical Section Contents

	Table	Page
	Number	Number
Demographic and Economic Information		
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the School Board's financial activities take place.		
Demographic and Economic Statistics	14	146
Principal Employers	15	147
Operating Information		
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the School Board's financial report relates to the services the School Board provides and the activities it performs.		
School Personnel	16	148
School Building Information	17	149
Operating Statistics	18	150

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the relevant year.

(concluded)

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021
Governmental Activities	-		-		_		-		_		_		_		_		_		_	
Net investment in capital assets	\$	15,910,487	\$	17,645,691	\$	18,181,492	\$	18,463,157	\$	18,912,113	\$	19,469,139	\$	19,847,941	\$	22,303,404	\$	23,379,911	\$	24,251,496
Restricted		6,088,096		5,505,519		5,853,677		4,998,011		5,484,703		6,316,423		6,373,647		6,920,234		7,358,675		9,353,178
Unrestricted		(6,142,124)	_	(7,058,656)		(9,288,187)	_	(44,005,990)		(45,630,882)		(49,191,848)		(73,863,945)		(74,113,988)		(77,085,576)		(77,805,296)
Total governmental activities net position	\$	15,856,459	\$	16,092,554	\$	14,746,982	\$	(20,544,822)	\$	(21,234,066)	\$	(23,406,286)	\$	(47,642,357)	\$	(44,890,350)	\$	(46,346,990)	\$	(44,200,622)

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Expenses	-										
Instruction:											
Regular programs	\$	12,039,210 \$	11,609,120 \$	12,162,017 \$	12,394,118 \$	12,103,753 \$	12,741,684 \$	11,318,327 \$	11,685,472 \$	13,469,656 \$	13,179,422
Special programs		2,575,596	2,423,123	2,441,488	2,359,552	2,541,558	2,873,895	2,445,360	2,490,791	2,902,962	2,725,897
Other instructional programs		3,532,719	3,170,840	3,281,689	3,215,048	3,059,017	2,980,345	2,908,661	3,131,091	3,415,099	4,333,314
Support services:											
Student services		1,169,975	1,218,131	1,340,618	1,319,089	1,216,944	1,206,202	1,045,689	1,049,085	1,126,731	1,138,905
Instructional staff support		1,680,356	1,688,005	1,595,365	1,700,828	1,711,250	1,879,598	1,754,009	1,734,400	1,856,239	1,699,911
General administration		708,075	1,002,014	743,682	1,151,461	769,287	974,261	860,233	857,409	855,737	843,531
School administration		1,932,281	1,955,268	2,069,503	2,104,350	2,058,361	2,200,263	2,142,671	2,071,457	2,366,646	2,635,110
Business services		485,465	491,817	480,844	486,190	469,858	511,297	513,216	567,975	569,181	612,177
Plant services		2,467,745	2,377,426	2,791,410	2,678,671	2,555,635	2,716,492	2,804,597	3,053,855	3,316,615	3,193,335
Student transportation services		2,082,895	1,899,715	2,046,199	1,979,578	2,044,786	1,980,110	1,978,764	2,142,517	2,455,354	2,339,223
Central services		88,887	99,281	100,954	104,911	143,705	92,813	80,311	81,504	85,054	94,705
Food services		2,044,961	2,173,292	2,117,309	2,199,051	2,271,969	2,244,437	2,316,312	2,521,654	2,257,049	2,471,205
Interest on long-term debt	_	427,099	395,161	365,183	333,752	300,113	262,904	227,956	159,716	97,060	75,389
Total expenses	_	31,235,264	30,503,193	31,536,261	32,026,599	31,246,236	32,664,301	30,396,106	31,546,926	34,773,383	35,342,124
Program Revenues											
Charges for services:											
Food Service Operations		342,146	321,736	294,696	293,900	264,241	232,745	50,979	64,601	42,372	22,808
Operating Grants and Contributions		3,127,577	3,110,812	3,244,871	2,804,065	3,332,759	3,142,575	3,140,016	3,386,420	3,226,685	6,075,809
Total program revenues	-	3,469,723	3,432,548	3,539,567	3,097,965	3,597,000	3,375,320	3,190,995	3,451,021	3,269,057	6,098,617
Total program to remain	-	3,103,723	3,132,510	3,037,007	3,077,700	3,577,000	3,375,320	3,170,775	3,101,021	3,203,007	0,000,017
Net (Expense) / Revenue	_	(27,765,541)	(27,070,645)	(27,996,694)	(28,928,634)	(27,649,236)	(29,288,981)	(27,205,111)	(28,095,905)	(31,504,326)	(29,243,507)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position											
Taxes											
Property taxes		3,232,350	4,390,265	3,386,115	3,434,603	3,510,065	3,445,019	3,565,423	3,725,988	3,913,463	4,199,141
Sales taxes		6,234,910	6,440,339	6,833,319	7,274,690	6,247,032	6,444,634	7,062,746	9,033,474	7,834,340	7,885,600
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs		16,016,206	15,821,973	16,086,997	16,474,093	16,575,540	16,485,007	17,396,661	17,364,724	17,700,191	17,014,324
Interest and investment earnings		29,890	12,358	13,690	20,260	60,238	115,390	284,507	381,511	206,454	57,379
Miscellaneous		401,655	314,369	330,999	198,592	407,635	626,711	445,028	342,215	393,238	1,888,846
Total		25,915,011	26,979,304	26,651,120	27,402,238	26,800,510	27,116,761	28,754,365	30,847,912	30,047,686	31,045,290
Change in Net Position	\$	(1,850,530) \$	(91,341) \$	(1,345,574) \$	(1,526,396) \$	(848,726) \$	(2,172,220) \$	1,549,254 \$	2,752,007 \$	(1,456,640) \$	1,801,783

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
General Fund										
Restricted	\$ 289,448	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	-
Committed	-	-	-	1,414,160	1,377,571	1,338,934	1,283,006	1,265,958	1,446,415	1,379,519
Unassigned	4,684,372	7,451,809	7,453,937	6,427,887	6,907,995	6,656,993	7,439,779	8,108,331	8,270,521	8,367,266
Total general fund	4,973,820	7,451,809	7,453,937	7,842,047	8,285,566	7,995,927	8,722,785	9,374,289	9,716,936	9,746,785
All Other Governmental Funds Nonspendable	1,089,131	1,097,547	1,140,934	1,170,882	1,175,798	1,203,704	2,127,222	1,079,918	1,102,795	1,141,085
Restricted	8,584,843	4,596,609	4,887,145	5,157,473	5,627,662	6,442,836	6,481,297	6,974,584	7,403,858	9,353,178
Committed Unassigned	2,875,953	2,158,574	2,698,371	2,239,453	2,223,297	2,021,833	2,056,904 (52,701)	2,095,401 (68,013)	2,122,860 (62,394)	2,103,422
Total all other governmental funds	12,549,927	7,852,730	8,726,450	8,567,808	9,026,757	9,668,373	10,612,722	10,081,890	10,567,119	12,597,685
Grand Total of funds	\$ 17,523,747	\$ 15,304,539	\$ 16,180,387	\$ 16,409,855	\$ 17,312,323	\$ 17,664,300	\$ 19,335,507 \$	19,456,179 \$	20,284,055 \$	22,344,470

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	_	2012		2013		2014	_	2015	_	2016	_	2017	_	2018	_	2019	2020	2021
Revenues																		
Ad valorem taxes	\$	3,232,350	\$	4,390,265	\$	3,386,115	\$	3,434,603	\$	3,510,065	\$	3,445,019	\$	3,565,423	\$	3,725,988 \$	3,913,463 \$	4,199,141
Sales & use taxes		6,234,910		6,440,339		6,833,319		7,274,690		6,247,032		6,444,634		7,062,746		9,033,474	7,834,340	7,885,600
Investment earning		29,890		12,358		13,690		20,260		60,238		115,390		284,507		381,511	206,454	57,379
Food services		342,146		321,736		294,696		293,900		264,241		232,745		50,979		64,601	42,372	22,808
Other revenues		434,928		325,684		354,071	_	321,322	_	335,409	_	626,844	_	446,590	_	332,264	264,401	1,577,099
Total revenues from local sources	-	10,274,224	_	11,490,382		10,881,891	_	11,344,775	_	10,416,985	_	10,864,632	_	11,410,245	_	13,537,838	12,261,030	13,742,027
Revenue from state sources:																		
Equalization		15,921,948		15,740,743		15,821,600		16,363,777		16,575,540		16,410,271		17,322,281		17,291,029	17,627,017	16,940,551
Other		286,110		347,537		900,916		525,255		522,696		532,328		398,866		409,842	769,463	755,843
Total revenue from state sources	•	16,208,058		16,088,280	•	16,722,516	-	16,889,032	-	17,098,236	-	16,942,599	_	17,721,147	-	17,700,871	18,396,480	17,696,394
Revenue from federal sources		2,935,725		2,844,505		2,609,352		2,389,126		2,882,289		2,684,983		2,815,530		3,017,224	2,540,349	5,401,410
Total Revenues		29,418,007		30,423,167		30,213,759		30,622,933		30,397,510		30,492,214		31,946,922		34,255,933	33,197,859	36,839,831
Expenditures:	-		-		-		_				_		_		-			
Current:																		
Instruction services		15,252,040		14,732,150		15,353,374		15,898,286		15,659,940		15,857,553		15,803,745		16,921,663	17,219,102	19,189,025
Student services		1,017,409		1,082,466		1,198,027		1,205,299		1,126,402		1,067,365		1,063,233		1,117,300	1,090,241	1,134,871
Instructional staff support		1,451,988		1,479,522		1,423,490		1,560,735		1,596,389		1,670,930		1,687,690		1,722,755	1,631,134	1,639,576
General administration		657,819		881,262		709,952		1,123,817		741,655		932,314		808,244		820,081	776,546	817,168
School administration		1,639,022		1,689,694		1,813,411		1,885,944		1,872,208		1,919,084		1,979,289		1,978,181	2,032,253	2,502,335
Business services		420,339		436,806		431,851		447,895		437,564		457,543		511,152		580,894	519,302	594,429
Plant services		2,208,578		2,144,784		2,520,159		2,493,712		2,284,726		2,412,472		2,570,031		2,863,391	2,808,768	2,960,038
Student transportation services		1,921,111		1,769,973		1,914,912		1,905,574		1,921,261		1,780,952		1,841,403		2,042,619	1,940,698	2,089,714
Central services		76,004		88,081		90,533		97,311		137,596		81,935		85,425		91,016	88,204	96,427
Food services		1,869,912		1,996,062		1,921,919		2,042,205		2,080,453		2,057,223		2,229,054		2,461,234	2,134,148	2,418,039
Capital outlay		2,190,775		5,242,849		529,867		286,994		346,714		453,416		241,023		1,237,817	1,066,069	712,849
Debt service:		_,-,-,-,-		-,,		,		,		- 10,1 - 1		,		,		-,,	-,,	,,
Principal		825,000		1,016,000		1,051,000		1,097,000		1,133,000		1,170,000		1,211,000		1,253,000	1,156,000	1,188,000
Interest & bank charges		434,420		410,162		379,418		348,692		316,616		279,450		244,425		174,107	106,227	85,606
Bond issuance costs		.5 ., .20		.10,102		5,7,.10		5.0,0,2		-		277,100				41,203	-	-
Total Expenditures	-	29,964,417	-	32,969,811		29,337,913	-	30,393,464	-	29,654,524	-	30,140,237	-	20 275 714	-	33,305,261	32,568,692	35,428,077
*		29,904,417	-	32,909,811		29,337,913	-	30,393,404	-	29,034,324	-	30,140,237	-	30,275,714	-	33,303,201	32,308,092	33,428,077
Excess of revenues over (under)																		
expenditures		(546,410)	-	(2,546,644)		875,846	_	229,469		742,986	_	351,977	_	1,671,208	_	950,672	629,167	1,411,754
Other Financing Sources (Uses)																		
Refunding bonds issued		=		-		-		=		-		-		=		3,165,000	=	-
Payments to escrow agent		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		(3,995,000)	-	-
Insurance proceeds		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	198,709	304,076
Transfers in		2,335,886		3,376,193		3,615,989		1,969,771		1,234,200		1,297,417		1,276,278		2,788,829	2,554,197	1,424,730
Transfers out		(2,335,886)		(3,376,193)		(3,615,989)		(1,969,771)		(1,234,200)		(1,297,417)		(1,276,278)		(2,788,829)	(2,554,197)	(1,424,730)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-	-	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	(830,000)	198,709	304,076
Net change in fund balances	\$	(546,410)	\$	(2,546,644)	\$	875,846	\$	229,469	\$	742,986	\$	351,977	\$	1,671,208	\$	120,672 \$	827,876 \$	1,715,830
Debt service as a percentage																		
of noncapital expenditures		4.5%		5.1%		5.0%		4.8%		4.9%		4.9%		4.8%		4.5%	4.0%	3.7%
of noncapital expenditures		4.370		3.170		3.0%		4.070		4.770		4.370		4.070		4.5/0	4.070	3.170

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Real F Residential Property			Less: Homestead Exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
2012	\$ 47,697,915	\$ 27,141,110	\$ 12,373,360	\$ 20,103,678	\$ 67,108,707	50.10	\$ 683,540,430	12.76%
2013	53,818,520	27,596,740	13,351,600	21,434,636	73,332,224	46.45	755,163,027	12.55%
2014	48,541,840	29,866,870	13,728,020	21,362,788	70,773,942	46.45	725,373,162	12.70%
2015	49,087,630	30,361,670	13,958,200	21,235,868	72,171,632	46.45	735,944,648	12.69%
2016	49,625,020	30,499,730	14,937,350	21,444,918	73,617,182	46.45	748,930,984	12.69%
2017	40,762,470	45,065,060	13,333,910	22,259,870	76,901,570	44.29	738,147,628	13.43%
2018	40,990,060	46,183,240	13,730,670	22,176,260	78,727,710	44.29	743,539,397	13.57%
2019	41,125,850	48,516,540	14,537,850	22,147,640	82,032,600	44.29	759,981,667	13.71%
2020	41,357,240	50,806,530	16,523,540	22,134,220	86,553,090	44.29	785,915,938	13.83%
2021	42,843,310	53,403,590	16,052,100	22,909,910	89,389,090	44.20	808,735,636	13.89%

Source: LaSalle Parish Tax Assessor Agency

Notes:

- (1) Property in the parish is reassessed every four years.
- (2) Assessed values are established by the Assessor each year on a uniform basis at the following ratios of assessed value to actual value:
 - 10% land
 - 10% residential improvements
 - 15% industrial improvements
 - 15% machinery
 - 15% commercial improvements
 - 25% public service properties, excluding land
- (3) Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

Table 6

LASALLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Jena, Louisiana

Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal						
Year	Schoo	ol District Direc	t Rate	Overlappi	ng Rates	Total Direct and
Ended	Operating	Debt Service	Total School	LaSalle Parish	Town of	Overlapping
June 30	Millage	Millage	Millage	Police Jury	Jena	Rates
2012	50.10	0.00	50.10	126.24	6.24	102.60
2012	50.10	0.00	50.10	136.34	6.24	192.68
2013	46.45	0.00	46.45	136.34	5.87	188.66
2014	46.45	0.00	46.45	118.21	5.87	170.53
2015	46.45	0.00	46.45	118.21	5.87	170.53
2016	46.45	0.00	46.45	118.21	5.87	170.53
2017	44.29	0.00	44.29	112.33	5.32	161.94
2018	44.29	0.00	44.29	114.62	5.32	164.23
2019	44.29	0.00	44.29	114.62	5.32	164.23
2020	44.29	0.00	44.29	114.62	5.32	164.23
2021	44.20	0.00	44.20	112.05	5.24	161.49

Source: LaSalle Parish Tax Assessor Agency

Notes:

- (1) School district debt service millage is for individual school districts.
- (2) The above schedule does not include water districts, fire districts, forestry districts, or levee districts.
- (3) Overlapping rates are those of city and parish governments that apply to property owners within LaSalle Parish. Not all overlapping rates apply to all property owners.

Principal Property Taxpayers Calendar Year 2020 and Nine Years Ago

		Calend	ar Year 2	2020		Caler	ndar Year	2012
Taxpayer	_	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	_	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
ANR Pipeline Company	\$	8,774,180	1	9.82 %	\$	3,239,420	3	4.42 %
C.P.T. Operating Prtnr.		7,052,660	2	7.89		9,107,840	1	12.42
Red Mountain Timberco III (Previously								
owned by Sustainable Forest LLC)		3,362,520	3	3.76		3,624,240	2	4.94
Garan		3,038,980	4	3.40		2,367,720	7	3.23
Entergy Louisiana, Inc		2,935,020	5	3.28		2,873,880	5	3.92
XTO Energy (Previously owned by Hunt								
Petroleum)		2,739,410	6	3.06		3,087,690	4	4.21
ENERGY Transfer Crude Oil		2,738,730	7	3.06				
Lasalle Lumber Co.		13,243,080	8	14.82				
Taxas Gas Transmission Co.		2,422,500	9	2.71		1,461,930	10	1.99
Gulf South Pipeline Co.		2,027,130	10	2.27		2,673,340	6	3.65
Centurytel of Central LA						1,654,320	9	2.26
Justiss Oil						2,027,940	8	2.77
Totals	\$	48,334,210		54.07 %	\$	32,118,320		43.81 %

Source: LaSalle Parish Tax Assessor Agency

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended		Total Tax Levy for	_		ted within the ear of the Levy		Collections In		Total Collections to Date			
June 30	_	Fiscal Year	_	Amount	Percentage of Levy	-	Subsequent Years		Amount	Percentage of Levy		
2012	\$	3,362,157	\$	3,228,548	96.03%	\$	446	\$	3,228,994	96.04%		
2013		3,406,291		3,112,338	91.37%		1,748		3,114,086	91.42%		
2014		3,287,456		3,239,965	98.56%		1,971		3,241,936	98.62%		
2015		3,352,379		3,317,991	98.97%		1,107		3,319,098	99.01%		
2016		3,419,526		3,275,704	95.79%		34385		3,310,089	96.80%		
2017		3,405,972		3,399,333	99.81%		363		3,399,696	99.82%		
2018		3,486,851		3,441,577	98.70%		36,102		3,477,679	99.74%		
2019		3,633,225		3,594,591	98.94%		35,464		3,630,055	99.91%		
2020		3,833,439		3,777,802	98.55%		50,900		3,828,702	99.88%		
2021		3,950,999		3,891,734	98.50%		N/A		3,891,734	98.50%		

Source: LaSalle Parish Sheriff (ex-officio tax collector)

N/A - Information is not yet available.

Sales and Use Tax Rates and Collections - All Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Sales and Us	e Tax Rates				Tax Collections										
	Parishwide Municipalities				alities				Parishwide		Munic	ipalities						
Fiscal																		
Year	School	Police	Law				Total	School	Police	Law				Total				
June 30	Board	Jury	Enforcement	Jena	Olla	Tullos	Rate	Board	Jury	Enforcement	Jena	Olla	Tullos	Collections				
2012	3.00%	-	0.50%	1.00%	1.00%		4.00%	6,727,554	-	1,029,349	1,085,460	176,133	-	9,018,496				
2013	3.00%	-	0.50%	1.00%	1.00%		4.00%	6,445,438	-	1,073,701	990,230	158,517	-	8,667,886				
2014	3.00%	-	0.50%	1.00%	1.00%		4.00%	6,757,710	=	1,125,708	979,716	181,949	-	9,045,083				
2015	3.00%	-	0.50%	1.00%	1.00%		4.50%	7,274,690	-	1,222,166	992,953	193,236	-	9,683,045				
2016	3.00%	-	0.50%	1.00%	1.00%		4.50%	6,189,122	-	1,027,635	970,020	201,972	-	8,388,749				
2017	3.00%	-	0.50%	1.00%	1.00%		4.50%	6,542,589	-	1,089,822	962,203	199,908	-	8,794,522				
2018	3.00%	-	0.50%	1.00%	1.00%		4.50%	7,594,065	-	1,265,691	1,049,063	234,760	-	10,143,579				
2019	3.00%	-	0.50%	1.00%	1.00%		4.50%	9,086,084	-	1,513,774	1,039,794	293,382	-	11,933,034				
2020	3.00%	-	0.50%	1.00%	1.00%	1.50%	5.00%	7,791,970	-	1,298,023	1,118,567	252,998	24,655	10,486,213				
2021	3.00%	0.50%	0.50%	1.00%	1.00%	1.50%	5.50%	7,902,842	490,660	1,316,982	1,223,380	288,817	79,493	11,302,174				

Source: Information provided by Concordia Parish Sales and Use Tax Agency.

Notes:

- (1) Total rate represents the maximum amount that may be assessed by local taxing authorities. These rates do not include the state sales and use tax rate.
- (2) Sales tax collections reported by the sales tax agency are on the cash basis.
- (3) Law Enforcement effective April 1, 2008
- (4) Tullos effective January 1, 2020
- (5) Police Jury effective January 1, 2021

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

									Qualified School				
F	iscal Year		Sales Tax		Sales Tax	Limited T	ax	Co	onstruction	Total	Percentage		
	Ended		Revenue		Refunding	Revenue			Bonds	Debt	of Personal		Per
	June 30	_	Bonds	_	Bonds	Bonds			(QSCB)	Outstanding	Income	_	Capita
	2012	\$	8,305,000	\$	0 5	\$ 1,580,0	00 9	\$	4,330,000	\$ 14,215,000	3.33%	\$	949
	2013		7,770,000		0	1,429,0	00		4,000,000	13,199,000	2.94%		884
	2014		7,210,000		0	1,273,0	00		3,665,000	12,148,000	2.59%		822
	2015		6,620,000		0	1,111,0	00		3,320,000	11,051,000	2.19%		745
	2016		6,005,000		0	943,0	00		2,970,000	9,918,000	1.79%		662
	2017		5,365,000		0	768,0	00		2,615,000	8,748,000	1.63%		581
	2018		4,695,000		0	587,0	00		2,255,000	7,537,000	1.50%		505
	2019		0		3,165,000	399,0	00		1,890,000	5,454,000	1.19%		366
	2020		0		2,570,000	203,0	00		1,525,000	4,298,000	0.89%		289
	2021		0		1,955,000		0		1,155,000	3,110,000	0.61%		207

Source: Details regarding the School Board's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Notes:

(1) See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics (Table 14) for personal income and population data.

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2021

Governmental Unit	_(Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	_	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Other debt					
LaSalle Parish Police Jury	\$	848,000	100.00%	\$	848,000
Town of Olla		910,449	100.00%		910,449
Subtotal, overlapping debt				_	1,758,449
LaSalle Parish School Board Direct Debt				_	3,110,000
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$_	4,868,449

Sources: Debt outstanding data extracted from annual financial report of respective governments.

Notes:

- (1) Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the School Board. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the School Board.
- (2) Various tax districts exist within LaSalle Parish that involve a small percentage of parish taxpayers. These districts' debt is not included as the amounts and impact on this schedule is not significant.
- (3) The overlapping debt is determined by dividing the amount of the revenue base from which the debt is repaid that is contained within the overlapping area by the total revenue base of the overlapping government.

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	_	2012	-	2013	_	2014	2014 2015 2016		2016	_	2017		2018		2019	2020	2021	
Debt Limit	\$	30,524,335	\$	33,168,401	\$	32,247,856	\$	32,692,625	\$	33,271,735	\$	34,706,504	\$	35,316,390	\$	36,463,084 \$	38,040,559 \$	39,304,650
Total net debt applicable to limit	_	-	-	-	_	-					-		_	-	-	<u>-</u> -	<u> </u>	
Legal debt margin	\$_	30,524,335	\$ _	33,168,401	\$ _	32,247,856	\$	32,692,625	\$	33,271,735	\$	34,706,504	\$ _	35,316,390	\$ _	36,463,084 \$	38,040,559 \$	39,304,650
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2020

Assessed value	\$ 89,389,090
Add back: exempt real property	22,909,910
Total assessed value	112,299,000
Debt limit (35% of total assessed value) Debt applicable to limit: General Obligation bonds Less: Amount set aside for repayment of general obligation debt	39,304,650
Total net debt applicable to limit	
Legal debt margin	\$ 39,304,650

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ The debt limit is 35% of total assessed value. This percentage is in accordance with Act 103 or 1980 Regular Session of the Louisiana Legislature R.S. 39:562 (C).

Pledged Revenue Coverage For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2012 through June 30, 2021

Sales Tax Revenue Bond

Fiscal Year							
Ended	Sales Tax	Less: Operating	Net Available		Debt Service		
June 30	Collections	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2012	\$ 2,077,749	\$ 24,396	\$ 2,053,353	\$ 680,000	\$ 380,445	\$ 1,060,445	1.94
2013	2,142,798	30,675	2,112,123	865,000	361,182	1,226,182	1.72
2014	2,275,301	28,732	2,246,569	895,000	335,119	1,230,119	1.83
2015	2,427,639	32,943	2,394,696	935,000	329,229	1,264,229	1.89
2016	2,074,046	26,675	2,047,371	965,000	282,175	1,247,175	1.64
2017	2,145,622	34,948	2,110,674	995,000	254,079	1,249,079	1.69
2018	2,354,224	63,654	2,290,570	1,030,000	224,841	1,254,841	1.83
2019	3,010,273	34,350	2,975,923	1,065,000	155,675	1,220,675	2.44
2020	2,609,968	29,559	2,580,409	960,000	94,415	1,054,415	2.45
2021	2,627,869	39,150	2,588,719	985,000	78,423	1,063,423	2.43

Source: LaSalle Parish School System

Notes:

- (1) The LaSalle Parish voters passed a one-percent sales and use tax for 15 years. The net revenues derived are available for the principal and interest payments for the sales tax bond along with acquiring, constructing, improving and maintaining public schools.
- (2) No principal payments were scheduled in the period the debt was issued.
- (3) The 2008 Sinking Sales Tax fund, 2011 QSCB Sinking fund, 2011 Limited Tax Bond Series Sinking fund and 2008 Sales Tax Collection fund are related to the Sales Tax Revenue; however the School Board did not pledge revenue for the 2011 Limited Tax Bond Series Sinking fund.
- (4) In 2011, the School Board also pledged the 2008 sales tax for servicing the 2011 QSCB sinking fund.

Table 14

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Per		Percentage	
Fiscal Year			Capita		on Free &	
Ended		Personal	Personal	School	Reduced	Unemployment
June 30	Population	Income	Income	Enrollment	Meals	Rate
2012	14,985	\$ 426,503,070	\$ 28,462	2,654	54.40	5.4
2013	14,927	448,795,182	30,066	2,612	54.50	4.6
2014	14,777	468,430,900	31,700	2,661	57.50	4.6
2015	14,839	503,576,304	33,936	2,648	57.29	5.1
2016	14,974	553,124,586	36,939	2,654	58.96	6.7
2017	15,052	535,896,356	35,603	2,604	63.90	6.6
2018	14,933	501,644,269	33,593	2,645	64.05	4.7
2019	14,917	456,818,208	30,624	2,641	58.47	5.6
2020	14,892	482,694,396	32,413	2,664	58.85	4.3
2021	15,021	510,593,832	33,992	2,560	66.45	4.7

Sources:

- (1) Population & Personal Income data obtained from www.stats.indiana.edu.
- (2) School enrollment & Free and reduced meals data obtained from Louisiana Department of Education.
- (3) Unemployment rate obtained from U. S. Department of Labor.

Principal Employers For Calendar Years 2021 and 2012

		2021			2012 (2)	
	Number of		% of Total	Number of		% of Total
	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Lasalle Parish School Board	400	1	5.79%	374	1	5.15%
Hardtner Medical Center	335	2	4.85%	291	2	4.00%
LaSalle General Hospital	251	3	3.63%	283	4	3.89%
LaSalle Detention Center	239	4	3.46%	275	5	3.78%
UPS Midstream/Pipeline	207	5	2.99%			
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	176	6	2.55%	208	6	2.86%
Lasalle Lumber	140	7	2.03%			
Lasalle Nursing & Rehab Center	93	8	1.35%	124	8	1.71%
Garan, Inc.	81	9	1.17%	81	10	1.11%
Jena Nursing & Rehab Center	79	10	1.14%	96	9	1.32%
LaSalle Parish Sheriff's Dept.				127	7	1.75%
Justiss Oil Co., Inc.				287	3	3.95%

Source:

- (1) LaSalle Parish School Systems
- (2) Employment data obtained from U. S. Department of Labor & USA Counties in Profile

School Personnel

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Teachers										
Bachelor	132	134	135	128	133	130	128	128	132	139
Master	34	28	32	34	32	44	45	45	49	43
Master +30	12	8	9	8	7	7	8	8	8	5
Specialist in Education	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Ph.D or Ed.D	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	178	170	176	170	173	181	181	181	189	187
Principals & Assistants										
Master	7	8	7	9	9	9	11	12	12	12
Master +30	4	3	3	3	6	5	3	2	2	2
Specialist in Education	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1
Ph.D or Ed.D	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	11	11	11	13	15	15	15	15	15	15

Source: Agreed upon procedures report on performance and statistical data accompanying the annual financial statements.

2,641

2,664

2,560

2,645

LASALLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Jena, Louisiana

School Building Information June 30, 2021 and Nine Years Ago

Enrollment Grades Date Constructed Taught Instructional Sites High Schools: Jena High 9-12 LaSalle High 9-12 Middle Schools: Goodpine 3-5 Jena Junior High 6-8 LaSalle Junior High 6-8 Elementary Schools: Fellowship Pre K-8 Pre K-2 Jena Elementary Nebo Pre K-8 Olla-Standard Pre K-5

Source: LaSalle Parish School Board.

2,654

2,612

2,661

Total Enrollment

2,648

2,654

2,604

Table 18

LASALLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Jena, Louisiana

Operating Statistics For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2012 through June 30, 2021

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	_	Expenses	Enrollment	_	Cost Per Pupil	Percentage Change	Teaching Staff	Pupil/ Teacher Ratio
2012	\$	31,235,264	2,654	\$	11,769	4.92%	178	14.91
2013		30,503,193	2,612		11,678	-0.77%	170	15.36
2014		31,536,261	2,661		11,851	1.48%	176	15.12
2015		32,026,599	2,648		12,095	2.05%	170	15.58
2016		31,246,236	2,654		11,773	-2.66%	173	15.34
2017		32,664,301	2,604		12,544	6.55%	181	14.39
2018		30,396,106	2,645		11,492	-8.39%	181	14.61
2019		31,546,926	2,641		11,945	3.94%	181	14.59
2020		34,773,383	2,664		13,053	9.28%	189	14.10
2021		35,342,124	2,560		13,806	5.76%	187	13.69

Source:

- (1) Teaching staff information is extracted from the agreed upon procedures report on performance and statistical data.
- (2) Expenses are on full accrual and is extracted from Table 2, Changes in Net Position.
- (3) Enrollment is extracted from Table 14, Demographic and Economic Statistics.
- (4) Teaching staff is extracted from Table 16, School Personnel.

LaSalle Parish School Board Jena, Louisiana

Single Audit Report And Other Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

LaSalle Parish School Board Table of Contents

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LaSalle Parish School Board

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> Ernest L. Allen, CPA (Retired) 1963 - 2000

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

Board Members LaSalle Parish School Board Jena, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of LaSalle Parish School Board as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 31, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School Board's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School Board's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statue 24:513, this report is distributed by the Office of the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP

allen, Dreen + Williamson, LLP

Monroe, Louisiana January 31, 2022



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Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditor's Report

Board Members LaSalle Parish School Board Jena, Louisiana

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited LaSalle Parish School Board's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School Board's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The School Board's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School Board's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School Board's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School Board's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the School Board complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the School Board is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School Board's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Office of the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School Board, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated January 31, 2022, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP

allen, Green + Williamson, LLP

Monroe, Louisiana January 31, 2022

LaSalle Parish School Board Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ THROUGH GRANTOR/PROGRAM NAME	PASS-	CFDA Grantor No.	Pass-Through Grantor No.		Expenditures
United States Department of Agriculture					-
Passed Through Louisiana Department of Education:					
Child Nutrition Cluster:					
Non Cash Assistance (Commodities):		40.555	27/4		
Food Distribution National School Lunch		10.555	N/A	\$ 201,632	
Cash Assistance:		10.559	N/A	1 714 900	
Summer Food Service Program Total Child Nutrition Cluster:		10.559	N/A	1,714,899	\$ 1,916,531
Total United States Department of Agriculture					1,916,531
United States Department of Education					1,710,031
Passed Through Louisiana Department of Education:					
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies		84.010A	28-21-T1-30	612,217	
		84.010A	28-21-RD19-30	113,232	725,449
Special Education Cluster:					
Grants to States (IDEA Part B)		84.027A	28-21-B1-30	486,257	
Preschool Grants		84.173A	28-21-P1-30	15,809	
Total Special Education Cluster					502,066
Title II - Supportong Effective Instruction State Grant		84.367A	28-21-50-30		74,840
Title IV - Student Support and Academic Enrichment		84.424A	28-21-71-30		45,823
Career and Technical Education Basic Grant to States		84.048A	28-21-02-30		30,766
Title V - Rural Education		84.358B	28-21-RE-30		48,219
Education for Homeless Children & Youth		84.196A 84.425D	28-21-H1-30	490.025	81,768
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund (ESSERF - Formula COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund (ESSERF - Incentiv		84.425D 84.425D	28-20-ESRF-30 28-20-ESRI-30	489,025 128,158	
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund (ESSERF - Incentive COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund (GEERF)	(6)	84.425C	28-20-GERF-30	245,630	
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund (GEERI)	la)	84.425D	28-21-ES2F-30	649,624	
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER III EB Inte	· ·	84.425U	28-21-ESEB-30	377,585	1,890,022
Total United States Department of Education	i venicino)	01.1200	20 21 2022 30	377,000	3,398,953
United States Department of Health & Human Services					
Passed Through Louisiana Department of Education:					
Child Care & Development Block Grant (CCDF Cluster)		93.575	28-19-CO-30		6,230
Passed Through Louisiana Workforce Commission:					
Temporary Assistance For Needy Families - Jobs for America	a's Graduates (TANF cluster)	93.558	Unknown		73,920
T. 17. 10 T					00.450
Total United States Department of Health & Human Servic	es				80,150
United States Department of Homeland Security					
Passed Through Louisiana Department of Homeland					
Security and Emergency Preparedness:		0=006			
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Severe Storms, Tornad	loes, & Flooding) FEMA	97.036	FEMA-4263-PA-LA	1	5,776
Total United States Department of Homeland Security					5,776
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS					\$ 5,401,410
					(Concluded)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule

LaSalle Parish School Board Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal award activity of the LaSalle Parish School Board (the "School Board") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School Board, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or change in net position of the School Board.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements of the School Board's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3 - RELATIONSHIP TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Federal awards revenues are reported in the School Board's basic financial statements as follows:

	Federal
	Sources
Major Funds:	
Education Stabilization	\$ 1,890,022
Nonmajor Funds:	
School Food Service	1,916,531
Title I	725,449
Special Education	508,296
Adult and Vocational Grants	104,686
Miscellaneous Grants	250,650
Major Construction	5,776
Total	\$ 5,401,410

NOTE 4 - RELATIONSHIP TO FEDERAL FINANCIAL REPORTS Amounts reported in the accompanying schedule agree with the amounts reported in the related federal financial reports except for changes made to reflect amounts in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

NOTE 5 - MATCHING REVENUES For those funds that have matching revenues and state funding, federal expenditures were determined by deducting matching revenues from total expenditures.

NOTE 6 - NONCASH PROGRAMS The commodities received, which are noncash revenues, are valued using prices provided by the United States Department of Agriculture.

NOTE 7 - INDIRECT COST RATE The School Board has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

LaSalle Parish School Board Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

PART I - Summary of the Auditor's Results

Financial Statement Audit

- i. The type of audit report issued was unmodified.
- ii. There were no significant deficiencies identified that are required to be disclosed by *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.
- iii. There was no instances of noncompliance as defined by Government Auditing Standards, to the financial statement.

Audit of Federal Awards

- iv. There were no significant deficiencies identified that are required to be disclosed by the Uniform Guidance.
- v. The type of report the auditor issued on compliance for major programs was unmodified.
- vi. The audit disclosed no audit findings which the auditor is required to report under the Uniform Guidance.
- vii. The major federal programs are:

Education Stabilization Fund

CFDA #84.425

- viii. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs as described in the Uniform Guidance was \$750,000.
- ix. The auditee does qualify as a low-risk auditee under the Uniform Guidance.

LaSalle Parish School Board

AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

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Fax: (318) 388-4664 Audit Manager: Margie Williamson, CPA

Partners:

Principal:

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING BESE AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

Board Members LaSalle Parish School Board Jena. Louisiana

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the performance and statistical data accompanying the annual financial statements of the LaSalle Parish School Board, for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. LaSalle Parish School Board's management is responsible for the performance and statistical data.

Management of the LaSalle Parish School Board, Jena, Louisiana and the Louisiana Department of Education, and the Legislative Auditor, State of Louisiana (the specified parties) have agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of assisting users to determine whether the specified schedules are free of obvious errors and omissions as provided by the Board of Elementary and Secondary Education (BESE) in compliance with Louisiana Revised Statute 24:514(I). This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

Our procedures and findings relate to the accompanying schedules of supplemental information and are as follows:

General Fund Instructional and Support Expenditures and Certain Local Revenue Sources (Schedule 1)

- 1. We selected a random sample of 25 transactions and reviewed supporting documentation to determine if the sampled expenditures/revenues are classified correctly and are reported in the proper amounts for each of the following amounts reported on the schedule:
 - Total General Fund Instructional Expenditures,
 - Total General Fund Equipment Expenditures,
 - Total Local Taxation Revenue,
 - Total Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property,
 - Total State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes,
 - Nonpublic Textbook Revenue, and
 - Nonpublic Transportation Revenue.

Comment: There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying agreed upon procedures.

Class Size Characteristics (Schedule 2)

2. We obtained a list of classes by school, school type, and class size as reported on the schedule. We then traced a random sample of ten classes to the October 1st roll books for those classes and observed that the class was properly classified on the schedule.

Comment: There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying agreed upon procedures.

Education Levels/Experience of Public School Staff (No Schedule)

2. We obtained October 1st PEP data submitted to the Department of Education (or equivalent listing prepared by management), including full-time teachers, principals, and assistant principals by classification, as well as their level of education and experience, and obtained management's representation that the data/listing was complete. We then selected a sample of 25 individuals, traced to each individual's personnel file, and observed that each individual's education level and experience was property classified on the PEP data or equivalent listing prepared by management.

Comment: There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying agreed upon procedures.

Public School Staff Data: Average Salaries (No Schedule)

3. We obtained June 30th PEP data submitted to the Department of Education (or equivalent listing provided by management) of all classroom teachers, including base salary, extra compensation, and ROTC or rehired retiree status, as well as full-time equivalents, and obtained management's representation that the data/listing was complete. We then selected a sample of 25 individuals, traced to each individual's personnel file, and observed that each individual's salary, extra compensation, and full-time equivalents were properly included on the PEP data (or equivalent listing prepared by management).

Comment: There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying agreed upon procedures.

We were engaged by LaSalle Parish School Board to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the United States Comptroller General. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on the performance and statistical data. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of LaSalle Parish School Board and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of testing performed on the performance and statistical data accompanying the annual financial statements of the LaSalle Parish School Board, as required by Louisiana Revised Statute 24:514(I) and the results of the testing, and not to provide an opinion on the sufficiency of the procedures. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP

allen, Dreen + Williamson, LIP

Monroe, Louisiana January 31, 2022

LASALLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD JENA, LOUISIANA

General Fund Instructional and Support Expenditures and Certain Local Revenue Sources For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

General Fund Instructional and Equipment Expenditures	Column A	Column B
General Fund Instructional Expenditures:		
Teacher and Student Interaction Activities:		
Classroom Teacher Salaries	\$8,415,260	
Other Instructional Staff Salaries	\$1,128,361	
Instructional Staff Employee Benefits	\$5,557,239	
Purchased Professional and Technical Services	\$68,713	
Instructional Materials and Supplies	\$454,034	
Instructional Equipment	\$0	*** ***
Total Teacher and Student Interaction Activities		\$15,623,607
Other Instructional Activities		\$171,656
Pupil Support Services	\$902,616	
Less: Equipment for Pupil Support Services	\$0	
Net Pupil Support Services		\$902,616
Instructional Staff Services	\$1,221,705	
Less: Equipment for Instructional Staff Services	\$0	
Net Instructional Staff Services		\$1,221,705
School Administration	¢2 004 690	
Less: Equipment for School Administration	\$2,001,680 \$0	
Net School Administration	ΨΟ	\$2,001,680
Not Control / Administration		Ψ2,001,000
Total General Fund Instructional Expenditures (Total of Column B)		\$19,921,264
Total General Fund Equipment Expenditures (Object 730; Function Series 1000-4000)		\$244,089
Certain Local Revenue Sources		
Local Taxation Revenue:		
Advalorem Taxes		
Constitutional Ad Valorem Taxes		\$416,003
Renewable Ad Valorem Tax		\$2,549,280
Debt Service Ad Valorem Tax		\$0
Up to 1% of Collections by the Sheriff on Taxes Other than School Taxes		\$140,131
Result of Court Ordered Settlement (Ad Valorem)		\$0
Penalties/Interest on Ad Valorem Taxes		\$0
Taxes Collected Due to Tax Incremental Financing (TIF)(Ad Valorem)		\$0
Sales Taxes		•
Sales and Use Taxes - Gross		\$5,257,731
Sales/Use Taxes - Court Settlement		\$0
Penalties/Interest on Sales/Use Taxes		
Sales/Use Taxes Collected Due to TIF		\$0
Total Local Taxation Revenue		\$8,363,145
		<u></u>
Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property:		
Earnings from 16th Section Property		\$0
Earnings from Other Real Property		\$20
Total Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property		\$20
State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes:		
Revenue Sharing - Constitutional Tax		\$17,005
Revenue Sharing - Other Taxes		\$41,504
Revenue Sharing - Excess Portion		Ψ+1,30 4 \$0
Other Revenue in Lieu of Taxes		\$0 \$0
Total State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes		\$58,509
. The Calle in the Control of the Co		455,566
Nonpublic Textbook Revenue		\$0
Nonpublic Transportation Revenue		\$0
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Class Size Characteristics As of October 1, 2020

		Class Size Range										
	1 -	20	21 -	- 26	27	- 33	34+					
School Type	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number				
Elementary	71.40%	312	15.79%	69	0.00%	0	0.23%	1				
Elementary Activity Classes	61.54%	32	9.62%	5	0.00%	0	13.46%	7				
Middle/Jr. High	55.85%	105	42.02%	79	0.00%	0	0.00%	0				
Middle/Jr. High Activity Classes	57.14%	16	57.14%	16	0.00%	0	0.00%	0				
High	55.14%	177	23.36%	75	7.17%	23	0.00%	0				
High Activity Classes	72.00%	72	6.00%	6	1.00%	1	0.00%	0				
Combination	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0				
Combination Activity Classes	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0				

Note: The Board of Elementary and Secondary Education has set specific limits on the maximum size of classes at various grade levels. The maximum enrollment in grades K-3 is 26 students and maximum enrollment in grades 4-12 is 33 students. These limits do not apply to activity classes such as physical education, chorus, band, and other classes without maximum enrollment standards. Therefore, these classes are included only as separate line items.