ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF JUNE 30, 2015 AND FOR THE YEAR THEN ENDED

WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



·			

Annual Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2015 With Supplementary Information Schedules

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Statement	Page
Independent Auditor's Report		1-3
Required Supplementary Information (Part I)		
Management's Discussion and Analysis		4-9
Basic Financial Statements		
Government-Wide Financial Statements:		
Statement of Net Position	Α	10
Statement of Activities	В	11
Fund Financial Statements:		
Governmental Funds:		
Balance Sheet	C	12
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	D	13
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	E	14
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	F	15
Proprietary Funds:		
Statement of Net Position	G	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	Н	17
Statement of Cash Flows	I	18
Notes to the Financial Statements		19-32

Annual Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2015 With Supplementary Information Schedules

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Statement	Page
Required Supplementary Information (Part II)		
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund		33
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information		34
Other Information		
General Fund		35
Comparative Balance Sheet		36
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance		37
Statement of Expenditures		38-39
Debt Service Fund		40
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance		41
Enterprise Fund		42
Municipal Utilities System:		
Comparative Balance Sheet		43-44
Comparative Statement of Operating Revenues and Expenses – All Departments		45
Comparative Statement of Operating Revenues and Expenses – Electric Department		46
Water Department		47
Natural Gas Department		48
Sewer Department		49

Annual Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2015 With Supplementary Information Schedules

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Statement	Page
Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head		
Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head		50
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards		
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards		51
Reports on Internal Control and Compliance		
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting at Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statemen Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards		52-53
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance With Requirements for Each M Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133	ajor	54-55
Schedules of Findings, Recommendations, and Corrective Action Planned		
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs		56
Current Year Findings, Recommendations, and Corrective Action Planned		57-63
Status of Prior Audit Findings		64



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

209 N. Commerce Street P.O. Box 1027 Natchez, Mississippi 39121-1027 Telephone: 601.442.7411 Fax: 601.442.8551

www.silassimmons.com

The Mayor and the Board of Aldermen Town of Jonesville Ionesville, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Jonesville, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Except for the matter described in the "Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion on the Business-Type Activities and the Proprietary Fund" paragraph, we believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Summary of Opinions

Opinion Unit
Governmental Activities
Business-Type Activities
General Fund
Debt Service Fund
Proprietary Fund
Aggregate Remaining Fund Information

Type of Opinion
Unmodified
Disclaimer
Unmodified
Unmodified
Disclaimer
Unmodified

Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion on the Business-Type Activities and the Proprietary Fund

We were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence from the Town to be able to express opinions on the financial statements and disclosures of the of the Business-Type Activities and the Proprietary Fund. Internal controls were either ineffective or were not operating as designed. Bank accounts and subsidiary ledgers were not being reconciled to the general ledgers. In many cases, the general ledgers were incomplete. As a result, we were unable to satisfy ourselves through our audit procedures as to whether or not the financial statements and disclosures of the Business-Type Activities and the Proprietary Fund were fairly stated.

Disclaimer of Opinion

Because of the significance of the matter described in the "Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion on the Business-Type Activities and the Proprietary Fund" paragraph, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on the financial statements of the Business-Type Activities and the Proprietary Fund. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the financial statements of the Business-Type Activities and the Proprietary Fund.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major governmental funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major governmental funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Jonesville, Louisiana, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4-9 and 33-34 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information and Schedules

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Jonesville, Louisiana's financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements, and the Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head described in the accompanying table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, the Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Due to the limitations described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion paragraph, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence with relation to the Proprietary Fund. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the other information because the limitations of the Proprietary Fund does not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 25, 2016, on our consideration of the Town of Jonesville, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Town of Jonesville, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

This report is intended for the information of the Mayor, Members of the Board of Aldermen, Management of Town of Jonesville, Louisiana, and the Legislative Auditor of the State of Louisiana and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Natchez, Mississippi

Silas Simmons, LLP

March 25, 2016



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2015

The management of the Town of Jonesville, Louisiana offers readers of the Town of Jonesville, Louisiana's (Town) financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. This management discussion and analysis (MD&A) is designed to provide an objective analysis of the Town's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, and conditions. It is intended to provide readers with a broad overview of Town finances. It is also intended to provide readers with an analysis of the Town's short-term and long-term activities based on information presented in the financial report and fiscal policies that have been adopted by the Town. Specifically, this section is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, provide an overview of the Town's financial activity, identify changes in the Town's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges), identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and identify individual fund issues or concerns.

The Town presents its financial statements under the reporting model required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 and the subsequent amendments issued with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 63. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information presented throughout this report.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This section is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information, which is in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements are designed by GASB Statement No. 34 and the subsequent amendments issued with GASB Statement No. 63 to provide the readers with a concise "entity-wide" statement of net position and statement of activities, which seeks to give the user of the financial statements a broad overview of the Town's financial position and results of operations in a manner similar to private sector businesses.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Town's assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private sector companies. The difference between the two is reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or weakening.

The statement of activities presents information which shows how the government's net position changed during this fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods (e.g; uncollected taxes).

Each of these reports is broken down between governmental activities and business-type activities. Governmental activities normally are those activities that are supported by taxes, licenses, permits, fines, and intergovernmental revenues; for example, the police and fire departments. Business-type activities are functions that are intended to support their costs through charges for services or fees; such as the electric, water, gas, and sewer departments.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2015

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may, over time, serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At the close of the most recent fiscal year, the Town's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$18,445,009 (net position); this represents an increase of \$574,103 from last fiscal year. This increase is primarily due to utility improvement capital grants and revenues generated by the utility systems. Of this total net position amount, (\$745,835) represents a deficit in unrestricted net position. The Town's net position is comprised of \$3,232,504 from governmental activities and \$15,212,505 from business-type activities.

The following is a condensed statement of the Town of Jonesville's net position as of June 30, 2015 and 2014:

	Governmental Activities			ctivities		Business-Tyr	oe A	ctivities	Totals				
		2015		2014	Ξ	2015		2014		2015		2014	
Assets: Current and other													
assets	\$	264,864	\$	292,935	\$	2,441,184	\$	2,420,566	\$	2,706,048	\$	2,713,501	
Capital assets, net		3,199,666		3,276,787		22,919,106		22,177,602		26,118,772		25,454,389	
Total assets	\$	3,464,530	\$	3,569,722	\$	25,360,290	\$	24,598,168	\$	28,824,820	\$	28,167,890	
Deferred outflows of resources:													
Total deferred outflows of													
resources	<u>\$</u>	-	\$		<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>		\$	-	<u>\$</u>	_	
Liabilities:													
Other liabilities	\$	97,116	\$	174,445	\$	2,254,544	\$	2,156,395	\$	2,351,660	\$	2,330,840	
Long-term liabilities		134,910	_	137,232	_	7,893,241		7,828,912		8,028,151		7,966,144	
Total liabilities	\$	232,026	<u>\$</u>	311,677	\$	10,147,785	\$	9,985,307	\$	10,379,811	<u>\$</u>	10,296,984	
Deferred inflows of res	sour	ces:											
inflows of	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		
resources	₽		Φ_		₽		₽		<u> 1</u>		<u>.p</u>		
Net position Net investment in													
capital assets	\$	3,062,801	\$	3,052,583	\$	16,110,148	\$	15,353,197	\$	19,172,949	\$	18,405,780	
Restricted for:	•	-,,	•	-,,	7		7	,0,	•		7		
Debt service		7,463		6,877		3,630		139,495		11,093		146,372	
Airport improvement	ts	6,802		8,718		· <u>-</u>				6,802		8,718	
Unrestricted		155,438		189,867		(901,273)		(879,831)		(745,835)		(689,964)	
Total net													
position	\$	3,232,504	<u>\$</u>	3,258,045	\$	<u> 15,212,505</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>14,612,861</u>	<u>\$</u>	18,445,009	<u>\$</u>	<u> 17,870,906</u>	

By far the largest portion of the Town's net position (\$19,172,949 or 100%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment, Town infrastructure, etc.) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's capital assets are reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2015

Government-Wide Financial Analysis (continued)

The Town has total outstanding debt of \$8,267,853. Of this total outstanding debt, \$6,945,823 was used to finance capital assets. The remaining debt of \$1,322,030 was not used to finance capital assets. Total liabilities of \$10,379,811 are equal to 56% of the total net position.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the Town implemented GASB Statement 65. With the implementation of GASB Statement 65, it requires the Town to recognize debt issue costs in the period incurred. Prior to the issuance of GASB 65, bond issue costs were recorded and amortized over the life of the specific bond issue. A restatement to record the effects of the new reporting guidance decreased beginning net position by \$186,217.

The Town's governmental activities decreased net position by \$25,541. Business-type activities increased net position by \$599,644. Transfers from the business-type activities to the governmental activities amounted to \$848,788.

The following is a summary of the statement of activities:

		Governmen	nental Activities			Business-Typ	ctivities	Totals					
		2015		2014		2015		2014		2015		2014	
Revenue:													
Program revenue	\$	334,934	\$	483,194	\$	4,144,021	\$	9,050,688	\$	4,478,955	\$	9,533,882	
General revenue													
and transfers		1,369,727		1,258,218		(847,290)	_	(753,093)		522,437	_	505,125	
Total revenue													
and transfers	\$	1,704,661	\$	1,741,412	\$	3,296,731	\$	8,297,595	\$	5,001,392	\$	10,039,007	
Expenses:													
General and													
administrative	\$	380,549	\$	343,617	\$	-	\$	-	\$	380,549	\$	343,617	
Public safety - police		622,150	•	593,604	•	-	·	-	•	622,150	·	593,604	
Public safety – fire		9,901		9,901		_		_		9,901		9,901	
Public works - streets		354,670		285,640		_		_		354,670		285,640	
Public works -													
sanitation		241,003		254,581		-		_		241,003		254,581	
Recreation		17,336		13,564		-		-		17,336		13,564	
Airport		100,639		95,653		-		-		100,639		95,653	
Combined utility		-		-		2,658,414		3,597,877		2,658,414		3,597,877	
Interest on long-term													
debt		3,95 <u>4</u>		5,982		38,673		134,240		42,627		140,222	
Total expenses	\$	1,730,202	\$	1,602,542	<u>\$</u>	2,697,087	\$	3,732,117	<u>\$</u>	4,427,289	<u>\$</u>	5,334,659	
Increase (decrease)													
in net position	\$	(25,541)	\$	138,870	\$	599,644	\$	4,565,478	\$	574,103	\$	4,704,348	
													
Net position,		0.050.045		0.440.455		44 (40 0 (4		10 000 600		45.050.004		40 050 FFF	
beginning		3,258,045		3,119,175		14,612,861		10,233,600		17,870,906		13,352 <i>,7</i> 75	
Prior period								(10/ 017)				/10/ 01 ⁽⁷⁾	
Adjustments	_	2 222 504	<u> </u>	2 250 045	<u>-</u>	15 212 505	-	(186,217)	<u> </u>	10 445 000	<u> </u>	(186,217)	
Net position, ending	Ð	3,232,504	<u> D</u>	<u>3,258,045</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>15,212,505</u>	Ð	<u>14,612,861</u>	Þ	18,445,009	<u> </u>	<u>17,870,906</u>	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2015

Government-Wide Financial Analysis (continued)

Governmental Activities

The governmental activities of the Town include General Government, Public Safety, Public Works, Recreation, Airport, and Industrial Development. In that revenues normally associated with municipal operations (e.g., sales tax, property tax, franchise fees, license fees, sanitation fees, permits, fines, and operating grants) are insufficient for the funding of these activities, the Town relies on transfers of excess revenue from its enterprise funds to cover the cost of all activities.

Business-Type Activities

The business-type activities of the Town are those that charge a fee to customers for the services provided. The Town has one business-type activity, which is accounted for in the enterprise fund. The Town uses the enterprise fund to account for the revenue and expenses related to the provision of electric, water, gas, sewer services and payment of interest on long-term debt.

The following is a summary of the business-type activities of the Town:

		Operating Revenues Net of Purchases													
	Electric	Water	Gas	Sewer	Total										
Fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 Fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 Increase (decrease) from prior year	\$ 1,145,337 1,013,505 \$ (131,832)	\$ 354,859 15,309 \$ (339,550)	\$ 183,019 <u>81,427</u> <u>\$ (101.592)</u>	\$ 403,193 10,206 \$ (392,987)	\$ 2,086,408 1,120,447 \$ (965,961)										
		Operating Expenses													
	Electric	Water	Gas	Sewer	Total										
Fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 Fiscal year ended	\$ 416,951	\$ 293,402	\$ 152,507	\$ 377,413	\$ 1,240,273										
June 30, 2015	400,885	10,187	137,395	8,046	556,513										
Increase (decrease) from prior year	\$ (16,066)	\$ (283,21 <u>5</u>)	\$ (15,112)	\$ (369,367)	<u>\$ (683,760)</u>										
		Net Income (Loss) From Operations													
	Electric	Water	Gas	Sewer	Total										
Fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 Fiscal year ended	\$ 728,386	\$ 61,457	\$ 30,512	\$ 25,780	\$ 846,135										
June 30, 2015	612,620	5,122	(55,968)	2,160	563,934										
Increase (decrease) from prior year	<u>\$ (115,766</u>)	<u>\$ (56,335)</u>	\$ (86,480)	<u>\$ (23,620)</u>	<u>\$ (282,201)</u>										

Water and Sewer revenues and expenses decreased significantly due to these utility services being outsourced to a third party management company. The Town has not recorded these transactions into their financial reporting system as of June 30, 2015.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2015

Government-Wide Financial Analysis (continued)

Business-Type Activities (continued)

Electric, water, and sewer operating revenues remained level as did operating expenses during the year. Electric, water, and sewer systems had operating income in 2015. The gas system had an operating loss.

Fund Financial Statements - Governmental Funds

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Town's most significant funds – not the Town as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the Town uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for a particular purpose.

The Town currently maintains two individual governmental fund types. These fund types are the general fund and the debt service fund. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (Statement C) and in the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Statement E) for the General Fund and the Debt Service Fund, which are both considered to be major funds.

The Town adopts an annual budget for the general fund. A statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the general fund is presented in the required Supplementary information (Part II), which compares actual revenues and expenditures to the original budget and amended budget figures.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Governmental Funds

The Town's governmental funds (general fund and debt service fund) reported an ending fund balance of \$169,703, which is an increase of \$49,317. This increase is due to an increase in transfers of approximately \$139,543 in the current year when compared to the prior year. \$14,265 of the ending fund balance is restricted.

Fund Financial Statements - Proprietary Funds

The Town maintains one proprietary fund. Proprietary funds are used to report the same functions as business-type activities. The Town uses an enterprise fund (the first type of proprietary fund) to account for its combined electric, water, gas, and sewer operations. This enterprise fund reports the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Proprietary Fund

The Town's proprietary fund shows an increase in ending fund balance of \$599,644 from the prior fiscal year. The electric, water, and sewer departments increased fund balance by the following amounts: \$612,620, \$5,122, and \$2,160, respectively. The gas department decreased fund balance by \$55,968. The increase in the overall fund balance is primarily due to the receipt of federal grants in the amount of \$883,000 for utility improvements.

In that financial statements of enterprise funds are presented on the same basis of accounting as in both the government-wide financial statements and the individual fund statements, all comments and analysis made under business-type activities apply to these funds.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The original general fund budget was properly approved, heard, and amended during the fiscal year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2015

Fund Financial Statements - Proprietary Funds (continued)

General Fund Budgetary Highlights (continued)

Revenues were less than budgeted amounts by \$234,928. Expenditures were \$237,711 less than provided for in the budget due to less expenditures required in the recreation and sanitation departments. The negative budget variance on revenues was due to less grant revenues being received than expected. Actual transfers from the utility fund were \$318,178 less than projected in the budget.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

The total investment in net capital assets as of June 30, 2015, is \$26,118,772.

New major capital assets purchased or constructed in fiscal 2015 are:

Governmental activities:

- 1. The Town purchased Bush Hog equipment costing \$3,937.
- Airport improvements including the Obstruction Removal Project costing \$39,890, purchased with state and federal funds.

Business-type activities:

- 3. Sewer system improvements in the amount of \$418,009, funded by a combination of federal loan and grant proceeds.
- 4. Water system improvements in the amount of 323,495, funded by a federal loan.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Jonesville, Louisiana's finances for all with an interest in the government's operations. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Cindy Sanders, Municipal Clerk, Post Office Box 428, Jonesville, Louisiana 71343.





STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2015

ASSETS		vernmental Activities		Business- Type Activities	<u></u>	Total
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Receivables from third party management	\$	15,505 56,291 -	\$	169,820 1,036,034 205,337	\$	185,325 1,092,325 205,337
Restricted assets Capital assets (net)	•	193,068 3,199,666		1,029,993 22,919,106		1,223,061 26,118,772
Total assets	\$	3,464,530	\$	25,360,290	\$	28,824,820
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Total deferred outflows of resources	_\$	-	_\$_		_\$	-
LIABILITIES						
Accounts, salaries, and other payables Payable from restricted assets	\$	42,892	\$	1,812,434 204,363	\$	1,855,326 204,363
Other liabilities		52,269		100 545		52,269
Notes payable, due within one year Notes payable, due beyond one year		1,955 134,910		122,747 68,211		124,702 203,121
Bonds payable, due within one year				115,000		115,000
Bonds payable, beyond one year				7,825,030		7,825,030
Total liabilities		232,026	_\$_	10,147,785	\$	10,379,811
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Total deferred inflows of resources	_\$	<u>-</u>	\$	_	\$	
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	\$	3,062,801	\$	16,110,148	\$	19,172,949
Debt service		7,463		3,630		11,093
Airport improvements		6,802		, -		6,802
Unrestricted		155,438		(901,273)		(745,835)
Total net position	\$	3,232,504	\$	15,212,505	\$	18,445,009

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

			Program Revenues						Net (Expenses), Revenues, and Changes						
]	Expenses	ar	ees, Fines, nd Charges or Services	Gra	erating nts and ributions	Gı	Capital rants and ntributions	Net Expenses)/ Revenue	Governmental Activities		Bu	siness-Type Activities		Total
Governmental Activities													7.441.441.65		10141
General government	\$	380,549	\$	17,163	\$	-	\$	_	\$ (363,386)	\$	(363,386)	\$	-	\$	(363,386)
Public safety									` ,		, ,				, , ,
Police		622,150		123,940		•		_	(498,210)		(498,210)		-		(498,210)
Fire		9,901		_		-		_	(9,901)		(9,901)		_		(9,901)
Public works									` ,		` ,				,
Streets		354,670		_		_		-	(354,670)		(354,670)		_		(354,670)
Sanitation		241,003		157,930		_		_	(83,073)		(83,073)		_		(83,073)
Recreation		17,336		_		-		_	(17,336)		(17,336)		_		(17,336)
Airport		100,639		_		_		35,901	(64,738)		(64,738)		-		(64,738)
Interest on long-term debt		3,954		-		-		_	(3,954)		(3,954)		_		(3,954)
Total governmental activities	\$	1,730,202	\$	299,033	\$		\$	35,901	\$ (1,395,268)	\$	(1,395,268)	\$	_	\$	(1,395,268)
-									 			-	 		
Business-Type Activities															
Electric	\$	2,204,163	\$	2,816,783	\$	-	\$	33,572	\$ 646,192	\$	_	\$	646,192	\$	646,192
Water		10,187		15,309		-		439,728	444,850		-		444,850		444,850
Gas		474,691		418,723		_		_	(55,968)		_		(55,968)		(55,968)
Sewer		8,046		10,206		-		409,700	411,860		_		411,860		411,860
Total business-type activities	\$	2,697,087	\$	3,261,021	\$	-	\$	883,000	\$ 1,446,934	\$	_	\$	1,446,934	\$	1,446,934
Total	<u>\$</u>	4,427,289	\$	3,560,054	\$		\$	918,901	 51,666		(1,395,268)	\$	1,446,934	\$	51,666
	Ge	neral revenu	e:												
	\mathbf{P}_{i}	roperty taxes								\$	81,376	\$	_	\$	81,376
	S	ales taxes									244,981		-		244,981
	F	ranchise taxe:	S								-		-		_
	В	eer taxes									5,866		-		5,866
	0	ecupational I	icens	es							153,245		-		153,245
	Ir	rvestment ear	ning	s							-		-		_
	О	ther general :	rever	nues							35,471		1,498		36,969
	Tra	ansfers									848,788		(848,788)		-
				enues and tr	ansfers					\$	1,369,727	. \$	(847,290)	\$	522,437
		ange in net p								\$	(25,541)	\$	599,644	\$	574,103
		et position - b								\$	3,258,045	\$	14,799,078	\$	18,057,123
		or period adj									<u>-</u>		(186,217)		(186,217)
	Ne	t position - b	egini	ung (as resta	ted)					\$	3,258,045	-\$	14,612,861	\$	17,870,906
	Ne	et position - er	nding	3						\$	3,232,504	\$	15,212,505	\$	18,445,009





BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2015

		General Fund	Debt Service Fund			Total ernmental Funds
ASSETS Cash Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Due from other governments Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	15,505 37,066 19,225 193,068	\$	- - -	\$	15,505 37,066 19,225 193,068
Total assets	<u> \$ </u>	264,864	\$		\$	264,864
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other governments Other liabilities Total liabilities	\$ 	42,892 10,446 20,530 21,293	\$ \$	- - - -	\$ 	42,892 10,446 20,530 21,293 95,161
Fund balances: Restricted for: Debt service Airport improvements Unassigned	\$	7,463 6,802 155,438	\$	-	\$	7,463 6,802 155,438
Total fund balances		169,703	\$		_\$	169,703
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	264,864	\$		\$	264,864

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Fund Balances, Total Governmental Funds (Statement C)	\$ 169,703
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	3,199,666
Long-term debt used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	 (136,865)
Net Position of Governmental Activities (Statement A)	\$ 3,232,504

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

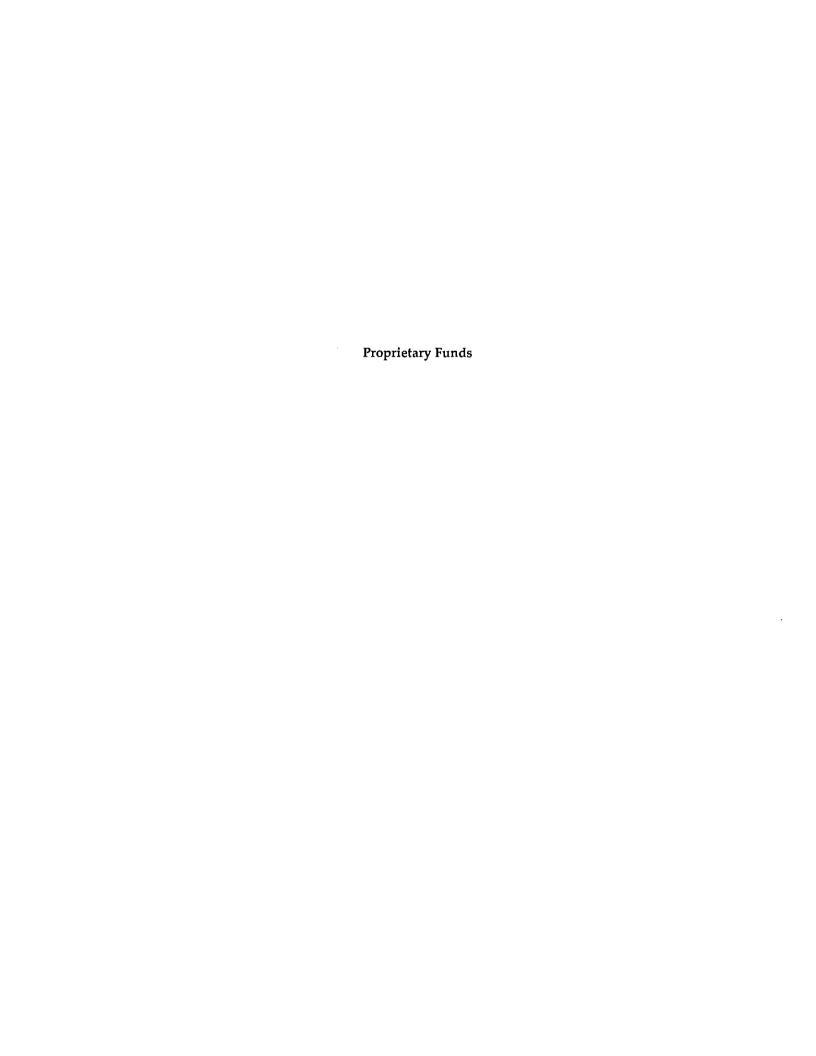
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		Major Fu	ınds			
		General Fund		ot Service Fund	Go	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES Taxes Licenses and permits Rentals Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines and forfeitures	\$	81,376 153,245 17,163 286,748 157,930 123,940	\$	- - - -	\$	81,376 153,245 17,163 286,748 157,930 123,940
Other Total revenues	\$	35,471 855,873	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	35,471 855,873
EXPENDITURES General government Public safety:	\$	376,854	\$	-	\$	376,854
Police Public works: Streets		613,216 345,399		-		613,216 345,399
Sanitation Recreation Airport Debt service:		241,003 12,019 60,637		- - -		241,003 12,019 60,637
Principal Interest		<u>-</u>		2,263 3,953	******	2,263 3,953
Total expenditures	\$	1,649,128	_\$_	6,216	\$	1,655,344
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	_\$	(793,255)	_\$	(6,216)	_\$	(799,471)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	_		_			
Transfers in	\$	842,572		6,216		848,788
Total other financing sources	\$	842,572	\$	6,216	\$	848,788
Net change in fund balance Fund balances - beginning	\$	49,317 120,386	\$	- · -	\$	49,317 120,386
Fund balances - ending	\$	169,703	\$	-	\$	169,703

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because	ause:	-
Net Change in Fund Balances, Total Governmental Funds (Statement E)	\$	49,317
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.		(77,121)
The proceeds of long-term debt provide current financial resources to government funds, however issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of the principal of long-term debt is an expenditure in the government funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.		
Payment of debt principal		2,263
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Statement B)	\$	(25,541)



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2015

	Enterprise Fund Utility Fund	
		ility Fund
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	169,820
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		1,036,034
Receivable from third party management		205,337
Total current assets	\$	1,411,191
Noncurrent assets:		
Restricted assets		4 000 000
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,029,993
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		22,919,106
Total noncurrent assets	\$	23,949,099
Total assets	\$	25,360,290
I I A DII ITTEC		
<u>LIABILITIES</u> Current liabilities		
	\$	1 004 005
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	Ф	1,804,895 7,530
Current portion of notes payable		7,539 122,747
Current portion of notes payable		122,747
Total current liabilities payable from current assets	\$	1,935,181
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets		
Due to other governments	\$	22,894
Consumer deposits		181,469
Current portion of bonds payable		115,000
Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets	\$	319,363
*		
Long-term liabilities	4	(0.011
Note payable	\$	68,211
Bond payable (net of discount)		7,825,030
Total long-term liabilities	\$	7,893,241
Total liabilities	\$	10,147,785
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	16,110,148
Restricted for debt service	Ψ	3,630
Unrestricted		(901,273)
		(701,270)
Total net position	\$	15,212,505

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Enterprise Funds	
OPER A FINAL OPERATION	Utility Fund	
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for services:	ø.	2 525 400
Electricity sales	\$	2,727,480
Water sales		405.045
Gas sales		405,965
Sewer charges		105.554
Other services		127,576
Total operating revenues	_\$	3,261,021
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Personal services	\$	288,105
Purchase of utilities provided		2,140,574
Materials and supplies		42,119
Repairs and maintenance		80,191
Depreciation		, <u>-</u>
Utilities and telephone		13,517
Interest expense		38,673
Other operating expenses	h	93,908
Total operating expenses	\$	2,697,087
Operating income	_\$	563,934
Nonoperating revenue		
Interest earnings	\$	1,498
meres curings		1,170
Total nonoperating income	\$	1,498
Income before grant proceeds and transfers	\$	565,432
Grant proceeds		883,000
Transfers out		(848,788)
Change in net position	\$	599,644
Total net position - beginning	\$	14,799,078
Prior period adjustment of deferred charge, net		(186,217)
Total net position - beginning (as restated)	\$	14,612,861
Total net position - ending	\$	15,212,505

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Enterprise Funds Utility Fund	
Cash flows from operating activities		unty I una
Receipts from customers and users	\$	3,236,224
Payments to suppliers		(2,027,620)
Payments to employees		(291,620)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	916,984
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities		
Transfers to other funds	\$	(848,788)
Net cash used for noncapital financing activities	\$	(848,788)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities		
Proceeds from capital grants	\$	983,422
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(741,504)
Principal paid on capital debt		(220,448)
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities	\$	21,470
Cash flows from investing activities		
Interest on temporary investments	\$	1,498
Net cash provided by investing activities	\$	1,498
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$	91,164
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		1,108,649
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	1,199,813
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities		
Operating income	\$	563,934
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash used for operating activities Change in assets and liabilities (Increase) decrease in:		
Accounts receivables Increase (decrease) in:	\$	(29,875)
Accounts payable		381,362
Accrued liabilities		(3,515)
Customer deposits		5,078
Total adjustments	\$	353,050
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	916,984



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

INTRODUCTION

The Town of Jonesville, Louisiana was incorporated December 16, 1903, under the provisions of the Lawrason Act. The Town operates under the Mayor-Town Council form of government and provides the following services as authorized by the Act: public safety (police and fire); streets; sanitation; recreation; public improvements; planning and zoning; provision of gas, electric, and water utilities; sewer services; airport facilities; and general services.

The accounting and reporting policies of the Town of Jonesville, Louisiana conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments.

GASB Statement No. 14, *The Reporting Entity*, established criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Under provisions of this Statement, the municipality is considered a primary government, since it is a special purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. As used in GASB Statement No. 14, fiscally independent means that the municipality may, without the approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes or set rates or charges, and issue bonded debt.

The Town of Jonesville, Louisiana follows the provisions of Statement No. 63 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position. Statement No. 63 provides financial reporting guidance for deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources as a consumption of net position applicable to a future reporting period and an acquisition of net position applicable to a future reporting period, respectively.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The municipality reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund is the municipality's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of monies and payment of general long-term debt. Financing is to be provided by unrestricted general fund and proprietary revenues.

The municipality reports the following major proprietary fund:

The utility fund is used to account for the provision of gas, electric, and water utilities, as well as sewer services to residents of the Town and some residents of the Parish. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing, and related debt service and billing and collection.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's enterprise operations. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal on-going operations. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the municipality's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

C. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The municipality's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of six months or less from the date of acquisition. State law and the municipality's investment policy allow the municipality to invest in collateralized certificates of deposit, government-backed securities, commercial paper, the state sponsored investment pool, and mutual funds consisting solely of government-backed securities.

D. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Uncollectible amounts due for ad valorem taxes and customer's utility receivables are recognized through the establishment of an allowance account at the time information becomes available which would indicate the uncollectibility of the particular receivable.

The Town annually levies ad valorem taxes in accordance with state statute for the fiscal year ended June 30. Tax bills are prepared and delivered in October with payment due from the date of receipt to the last day of February. Because of the due dates noted previously, ad valorem taxes are not considered to be available resources of the fiscal year to which they apply and are, therefore, not accrued at the end of the fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Receivables and Payables (continued)

The Town bills and collects its own property taxes using the assessed values determined by the Tax Assessor of Catahoula Parish. The Tax Assessor uses a normal calendar year-end for its property tax calendar. Assessments are made as of January 1 of the calendar year and property tax bills are issued in November with due dates of December 31.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, taxes of 8.72 mills were levied on property with assessed valuations totaling \$9,332,154, after abatements and exemptions, and were dedicated as follows:

General corporate purposes		8.72 mills
Total taxes levied were	\$	81.376

E. Inventories

For both governmental and proprietary funds, purchase of various operating supplies are regarded as expenditures or expenses at the time purchased, and inventories of such supplies (if any) are not recorded as assets at the close of the fiscal year. For the year ending June 30, 2015, these amounts were considered to be immaterial.

F. Restricted Assets - Utility Fund

Restricted assets were applicable to the following at June 30, 2015:	
Designated grant and loan deposits	\$ 829,773
Consumer deposits	196,590
Debt service	 3,630
Total restricted assets	\$ 1,029,993

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The municipality maintains a threshold level of \$2,500 or more for capitalizing capital assets used in the governmental funds.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

G. Capital Assets (continued)

All capital assets, other than land, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Governmental activities:	
Land improvements	30 years
Buildings	40 years
Vehicles	5 – 15 years
Machinery and equipment	5 – 15 years
Business-type activities/enterprise fund:	
Buildings	25 years
Infrastructure	20 - 50 years
Machinery and equipment	10 - 20 years
Vehicles	5 years

H. Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences has not been accrued because the amount is considered to be immaterial.

I. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, bond premiums and discounts for proprietary funds types are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issue costs, except any portion related to prepaid insurance costs, is recognized as an expense in the period incurred. Prior to the issuance of GASB 65, bond issue costs were recorded and amortized over the life of the specific bond issue. The implementation of this standard resulted in a cumulative change in accounting principal and also a restatement of net position detailed in Note 17.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

J. Equity Classification

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components: (1) net investment in capital assets – consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets, (2) restricted net position – consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributions or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation, and (3) unrestricted net position – all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The government-wide statement of net position reports \$14,265 of restricted net position, all of which is restricted by enabling legislation.

Fund financial statements -

The Town follows fund balance guidance established with GASB Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact;
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its
 highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for
 any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the
 constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be
 expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the
 authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The Board of Aldermen establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the Board of Aldermen through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

J. Equity Classification (continued)

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

K. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Town follows procedures established by Louisiana Revised Statute in the preparation and adoption of its annual operating budgets as follows:

- 1. The Town Clerk prepares a proposed budget and submits same to the Mayor and Town Council no later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year.
- 2. A summary of the proposed budget is published and the public notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- 3. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for the hearing.
- 4. After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is adopted through passage of an ordinance prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- 5. Budgetary amendments involving the transfer of funds from one department, program, or function to another or involving increases in expenditures resulting from revenues exceeding amounts estimated require the approval of the Town Council.
- 6. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 7. The budget for the General Fund is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budget amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended from time to time by the Town Council.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At June 30, 2015, the municipality has cash and cash equivalents (book balances) totaling \$1,408,386 as follows:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>		siness-Type Activities	Totals		
Demand deposits	\$ 47,398	\$	1,104,677	\$	1,152,075	
Interest-bearing savings	160,600		20,136		180,736	
Time deposits	_		7 5,000		<i>7</i> 5,000	
Cash on hand	 575		<u>-</u>		<u>575</u>	
Total	\$ 208.573	\$	1,199,813	\$	1,408,386	

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

At June 30, 2015, the municipality had \$1,554,756 in deposits (collected bank balances). These deposits are secured from risk by \$500,000 of federal deposit insurance and \$2,218,272 of pledged securities held by the custodial banks in the name of the fiscal agent bank (GASB Category 3). Therefore, the Town had no custodial credit risk related to its bank deposits at June 30, 2015.

Even though the pledged securities are considered uncollateralized (Category 3) under the provisions of GASB Statement 3, R.S. 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within ten days of being notified by the municipality that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES

Class of Receivable	(General Fund	Enterprise Fund		Total	
Taxes:				•		•
Property tax	\$	3,557	\$	-	\$	3,557
Intergovernmental:						
State		1,587		_		1,587
Parish		17,638		_		17,638
Accounts		96,741		1,474,604		1,571,345
Other		3,086		20,411		23,497
Due from other governments		-		49,694		49,694
Allowance for uncollectibles		(66,318)		(508,675)		(574,993)
Total	<u>\$</u>	56,291	\$	1.036.034	\$	1,092,325

Uncollectible amounts due for customers' utility receivables are recognized as bad debts through the establishment of an allowance account at the time information becomes available which would indicate the uncollectibility of the receivable.

During the year, the Town outsourced its water and sewer utility billing system. Receivables due from third party represents the cash balance owed to the Town. The balance owed to the Town at June 30, 2015, is \$205,337.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

There were no interfund receivables or payables at June 30, 2015.

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets and depreciation activity as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, are as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Increases		ecreases		Ending Balance
Governmental activities:			-					
Capital assets, not being depreciated								
Land	\$	422,850	\$	-	\$	_	\$	422,850
Construction in progress		20,970		39,890		<u></u>		60,860
Total capital assets, not being								
depreciated	<u>\$</u>	443,820	\$	39,890	<u>\$</u>		\$	483,710
Capital assets being depreciated								
Buildings	\$	1,079,801	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,079,801
Land improvements		2,447,756		_		-		2,447,756
Machinery and equipment		338,221		3,937		-		342,158
Vehicles		705,122						705,122
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	4,570,900	\$	3,937	\$		\$	4,574,837
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings	\$	(483,216)	\$	(22,674)	\$		\$	(505,890)
Land improvements		(341,237)		(66,908)		-		(408,145)
Machinery and equipment		(275,215)		(16,270)		-		(291,485)
Vehicles		(638,265)		(15,096)		-		(653,361)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(1,737,933)	\$	(120,948)	\$		\$	(1,858,881)
Total capital assets being								
depreciated, net	<u>\$</u>	2,832,967	\$	(117,011)	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	2,715,956
Governmental-type activities capital								
assets, net	<u>\$</u>	<u>3,276,787</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>(77,121</u>)	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	<u>3,199,666</u>
Business-type activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated								
Land	\$	21,612	\$	_	\$	-	\$	21,612
Construction in progress		18,755,191		741,504		<u> </u>		19,496,695
Total capital assets, not being					•			
depreciated	\$	18,776,803	\$	741,504	\$		\$	19,518,307
Capital assets being depreciated								
Buildings	\$	11,579	\$	_	\$	-	\$	11,579
Infrastructure		8,036,803		-		-		8,036,803
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles		345,218		<u>-</u>				345,218
Total capital assets being						<u> </u>		
depreciated	\$	8,393,600	<u>\$</u>	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	8,393,600

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	\$ (11,579)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (11,579)
Infrastructure	(4,699,606)	-		(4,699,606)
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	(281,616)			(281,616)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ (4,992,801)	\$ <u>-</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ (4,992,801)
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	\$ 3,400,799	\$ <u>-</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 3,400,799
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 22,177,602	<u>\$ 741,504</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 22,919,106

No depreciation has been recorded for the business-type activities for the year ending June 30, 2015. Depreciation expense of \$120,948 for the year ended June 30, 2015, was charged to the following governmental functions:

General government	\$ 3,696
Public safety:	
Police	8,934
Fire	9,901
Public works:	
Streets	13,208
Sanitation	-
Recreation	5,317
Airport	79,892
Total	\$ 120,948

NOTE 7 - CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

The municipality has active construction projects as of June 30, 2015. At year end, the commitments with contractors are as follows:

Project	Spent to	Date	Remaining <u>Commitment</u>		
CDBG MIP Disaster Generator Project USDA Sewer Project USDA Water Project		191,287 2,051,391 5,712,805	\$	119,011 54,432 82,821	
Total	<u>\$ 18</u>	3,955,483	\$	256,264	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 8 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2015, were as follows:

\$848,788 was transferred from the utility fund to the general fund.

Transfers are primarily used to move funds from:

The Proprietary Funds to the general fund to cover expenses of general operations.

NOTE 9 - ACCOUNTS, SALARIES, AND OTHER PAYABLES

The payables of \$2,111,958 at June 30, 2015, were as follows:

	General <u> </u>		Enterprise Fund		Total
Accounts	\$	42,892	\$	1,804,895	\$ 1,847,787
Accrued liabilities		10,446		7,539	17,985
Due to other governments		20,530		22,894	43,424
Other liabilities		21,293		181,469	 202,762
Total	<u>\$</u>	95,161	\$	2,016,797	\$ <u>2,111,958</u>

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions for the year ended June 30, 2015:

	Bonds Payable		Notes Payable		Total
Long-term obligations at beginning of year Repayment of principal	\$	8,145,030 (205,000)	\$	345,533 (17,710)	\$ 8,490,563 (222,710)
Long-term obligations at end of year Less current portion	\$	7,940,030 (115,000)	\$ ——	327,823 (124,702)	\$ 8,267,853 (239,702)
Long-term portion	<u>\$</u>	7,825,030	\$	203,121	\$ 8,028,151

Long-term debt as of June 30, 2015, is comprised of the following:

Revenue refunding bonds to refinance debt and pay electricity purchases in the amount of \$1,607,030, net of discount commencing on July 16, 2013, and payable in annual installments beginning at \$80,000 and changing from year to year until maturity on December 1, 2027, with an annual interest rate beginning at 1.5% and increasing annually.

\$ 1,322,030

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Forty year note payable to provide financing in the amount of \$205,000, to United States Department of Agriculture, dated December 1, 2010, with principal due annually and interest due semi-annually, with an annual interest rate of 3.00%.

136,848

Bond payable to United States Department of Agriculture, in the amount of \$3,326,000, with interest payments due semi-annually beginning December 1, 2012, and principal payments due annually commencing December 1, 2014, until maturity on December 1, 2051, with an annual interest rate of 2%.

3,326,000

Bond payable to United States Department of Agriculture, in the amount of \$3,292,000, with interest payments due semi-annually beginning December 1, 2012, and principal payments due annually commencing December 1, 2014, until maturity on December 1, 2051, with an annual interest rate of 2%.

3,292,000

United States Department of Agriculture – Rural Development certificate of indebtedness to purchase a bucket truck in the amount of \$120,000, commencing on June 15, 2009, and payable in monthly installments of \$1,245 until maturity on June 15, 2018, with an annual interest rate of 4.5%.

54,110

United States Department of Agriculture – Public Improvement Bond, Series 2012 indebtedness to construct a new Town Hall in the amount of \$139,900, commencing on January 24, 2014, and payable in monthly installments of \$518 until maturity on January 24, 2053, with an annual interest rate of 3.125%.

136,865

Total long-term debt

8,267,853

The annual requirements to amortize all outstanding debt as of June 30, 2015, including interest payments, are as follows:

	Principal		Interest		Total
2016	\$ 239,7	702 \$	200,474	\$	440,176
2017	211,6	540	194,391		406,031
2018	234,7	775	188,788		423,563
2019	209,5	574	182,592		392,166
2020	214,7	712	17 6,685		391,397
2021-2025	1,168,3	300	763,136		1,931,436
2026-2030	1,224,5	531	561,1 <i>7</i> 9		1,785,710
2031-2035	832,9	946	441,625		1,274,571
2036-2040	935,8	346	352,225		1,288,071
2041-2045	1,052,2	215	251,866		1,304,081
2046-2050	1,186,1	129	138,772		1,324,901
2051-2053	757,4	<u> </u>	23,319		780,802
Totals	<u>\$ 8,267,8</u>	<u>\$53</u> \$	3,475,052	<u>\$</u>	11,742,905

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 11 - RETIREMENT COMMITMENTS

The Town of Jonesville employees are all members of the social security system and are members of no other retirement plan. The expense of the social security is reflected in personal services in the various fund statements.

NOTE 12 - SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR UTILITY FUND

The enterprise fund operated by the Town provides electric, water, gas, and sewer utility services. The following is a summary of segment information for enterprise funds:

	Electric	Water	Gas	Sewer	Total
	<u>Utility</u>	<u>Utility</u>	<u>Utility</u>	<u>Service</u>	Total
Operating revenue	\$ 2,727,480	\$ -	\$ 405 <i>,</i> 965	\$ -	\$ 3,133,445
Purchase of utility	(1,803,278)	-	(337,296)	-	(2,140,574)
Operating expenses	(400,885)	(10,187)	(137,395)	(8,046)	(556,513)
Depreciation		-	_	-	-
Other operating revenue	89,303	<u>15,309</u>	12,758	10,206	127,576
Operating income (loss)	<u>\$ 612,620</u>	<u>\$ 5.122</u>	<u>\$ (55,968</u>)	<u>\$ 2,160</u>	<u>\$ 563,934</u>

NOTE 13 - COMPENSATION OF THE GOVERNING BOARD

The Governing Board of the Town of Jonesville, Louisiana consists of a Mayor and five Council Members. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the following compensations were paid:

Hiram Evans, Mayor	\$ 20,114
Stephen R. Mophett, Council Member	7,400
Josie Bullitts, Council Member	7,500
Catina Branch, Council Member (term expired)	4,500
Toinmy Branch, Council Member	<i>7,</i> 500
Benny Vault, Council Member	7,500
Loria Hollins, Council Member	 3,600
Totals	\$ 58,114

NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Town expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 16 - SALES AND USE TAX REVENUES

The Town of Jonesville, Louisiana receives hard surface road tax and sanitation tax from Catahoula Parish. The Town received \$75,831 in hard surface road tax and \$163,314 in sanitation tax for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

NOTE 17 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

A summary of net position adjustments related to GASB 65 implementation is as follows:

	As Previously					Effect of	
	Stated			As Restated	correction		
Statement of Net Position							
Deferred asset, net	\$	186,217	\$	_	\$	(186,217)	
Total net position	\$	14,799,078	\$	14,612,861	\$	(186,217)	



STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		Budgeted	Amour	nts			Fin	iance With, al Budget Positive
		riginal		Final		Actual	(1)	Vegative)
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	81,966	\$	81,966	\$	81,376	\$	(590)
Licenses and permits		67,923		67,923		153,245		85,322
Rentals		17,336		17,336		17,163		(173)
Intergovernmental		210,209		287,781		286,748		(1,033)
Charges for services		157,500		157,500		157,930		430
Other		478,294		478,295		159,411		(318,884)
Total revenues	\$	1,013,228	\$	1,090,801	\$	<u>855,873</u>	\$	(234,928)
Expenditures								
General government	\$	273,047	\$	273,047	\$	376,854	\$	(103,807)
Public safety:								
Police		618,613		618,613		613,216		5,397
Public works:								
Streets		304,100		304,100		345,399		(41,299)
Sanitation		31 2, 000		300,000		241,003		58,997
Recreation		320,053		320,054		12,019		308,035
Airport		74,525		71,025		60,637		10,388
Total expenditures	\$	1,902,338	\$	1,886,839	<u>\$</u>	1,649,128	\$	237,711
Deficiency of revenues over								
expenditures	\$	(889,110)	<u>\$</u>	(796,038)	<u>\$</u>	(793,255)	\$	2,783
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Operating transfers - in Total other financing	\$	1,160,750	\$	1,160,750	<u>\$</u>	842,572	\$	(318,178)
sources (uses)	\$	1,160,750	\$	1,160,750	\$	842,572	\$	(318,178)
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other								
financing uses	\$	271,640	\$	364,712	\$	49,317	\$	(315,395)
Fund balances, beginning of year		120,386		120,386		120,386		
Fund balances, end of year	<u>\$</u>	392,026	\$	485,098	\$	169,703	<u>\$</u>	(315,395)

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

1. Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

2. Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the Town Council. Amendments can be made on the approval of the Town Council. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. There were no major special revenue funds.



GENERAL FUND

To account for resources traditionally associated with governments, which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

GENERAL FUND

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

	 2015	2014	
ASSETS			
Cash Resolve blog (not of alloweness for uncellectibles)	\$ 15,505	\$	111,457
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Court fines	30,424		22,013
Property taxes	3,557		5,142
Other	3,085		2,783
Due from other governments	19,225		28,714
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	 193,068		122,826
Total assets	\$ 264,864	\$	292,935
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 42,892	\$	90,367
Accrued liabilities	10,446		36,509
Due to other governments	20,530		20,530
Other liabilities	 21,293		25,143
Total liabilities	\$ 95,161	\$	172,549
Fund balance:			
Restricted for:			
Debt service	\$ 7,463	\$	6,877
Airport improvements	6,802		8,718
Unassigned	155,438		104,791
Total fund balance	\$ 169,703	_\$	120,386
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 264,864	\$	292,935

GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

		2015	2014	
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$	81,376	\$	81,599
Licenses and permits		153,245		144,030
Rentals		17,163		14,748
Intergovernmental		286,748		307,178
Charges for services		157,930		161,434
Fines and forfeitures		123,940		136,098
Other		35,471		13,410
Total revenues	\$	855,873	_\$_	858,497
EXPENDITURES .				
General government	\$	376,854	\$	342,385
Public safety:				
Police		613,216		584,670
Public works:				
Streets		345,399		266,638
Sanitation		241,003		254,581
Recreation		12,019		7,923
Airport		60,637		52,599
Total expenditures	_\$_	1,649,128	\$	1,508,796
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	\$	(793,255)	\$	(650,299)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Operating transfers - in	\$	842,572	\$	709,245
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	842,572	\$	709,245
Excess of revenues and other financing sources				
over expenditures and other financing uses	\$	49,317	\$	58,946
Fund balance - beginning of year		120,386		61,440
Fund balance - end of year	\$	169,703	\$	120,386

GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES

		2015		2014	
GENERAL GOVERNMENT					
Personal services	\$	167,311	\$	197,995	
Materials and supplies	•	8,789	,	9,752	
Professional services		66,159		21,604	
Repairs and maintenance		12,531		14,245	
General insurance		58,423		49,841	
Miscellaneous		40,625		29,290	
Utility/telephone		19,778		19,314	
Travel expenses		3,238		344	
Total general government	_\$	376,854	\$	342,385	
PUBLIC SAFETY - POLICE					
Personal services	\$	462,223	\$	474,994	
Materials and supplies		9,951		3,259	
Professional services		12,706		4,710	
Repairs and maintenance		40,591		32,235	
General insurance		43,506		37,116	
Miscellaneous		18,631		18,121	
Utility/telephone		22,039		13,655	
Travel expenses		3,569		580	
Total public safety - police	\$	613,216	\$	584,670	
PUBLIC WORKS - STREETS					
Personal services	\$	231,056	\$	186,072	
Materials and supplies		42,773		27,164	
Professional services		1,264		225	
Repairs and maintenance		37,770		31,435	
General insurance		7,458		6,363	
Miscellaneous		14,352		11,487	
Utility/telephone		6,789		3,892	
Capital Outlay		3,937			
Total public works - streets	\$	345,399	\$	266,638	

GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES

		2015		2014	
PUBLIC WORKS - SANITATION Garbage contract Miscellaneous	\$	239,909 1,094	\$	252,418 2,163	
Total public works - sanitation	\$	241,003	\$	254,581	
RECREATION Materials and supplies Repairs and maintenance Miscellaneous Utility/telephone Total recreation	\$ \$	308 1,612 5,250 4,849	\$ \$	418 733 2,084 4,688 7,923	
AIRPORT General insurance Miscellaneous Utilities and telephone Capital outlay	\$	19,383 - 1,364 39,890	\$	16,246 658 508 35,187	
Total airport	_\$	60,637	\$	52,599	
Total expenditures - all departments	\$	1,649,128	\$	1,508,796	

. DEBT SERVICE FUND

The debt Service fund is used to account for the accumulation of monies and payment of general long-term debt. Financing is to be provided by unrestricted general fund and proprietary revenues.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

	2015		2014	
EXPENDITURES Principal payments Interest payments	\$	2,262 3,954	\$	772 5,982
Total expenditures	\$	6,216	\$	6,754
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	\$	(6,216)	\$	(6,754)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers - in	\$	6,216	\$	6,754
Total other financing sources	\$	6,216	\$	6,754
Excess (deficit) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$	-	\$	-
Fund balance - beginning of year				
Fund balance - end of year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	

ENTERPRISE FUND

Municipal Utilities Fund – To account for the provision of electric, natural gas, water, and sewer services to residents of the Town and some residents of the Parish. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund including, but not limited to, administrative, operations and maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billings and collections.

ENTERPRISE FUNDS MUNICIPAL UTILITIES SYSTEM

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

	2015			2014	
ASSETS					
Current assets					
Cash	\$	169,820	\$	111 <i>,</i> 751	
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible accounts					
(\$508,675 in 2015 and \$508,675 in 2014)		1,036,034		1,106,580	
Receivables from third party management		205,337		205,337	
Total current assets	\$	1,411,191	\$	1,423,668	
Restricted assets					
Cash - utility relocation	\$	22,885	\$	22,894	
Cash - USDA bucket truck and CCR		1,857		398	
Cash - consumer deposits		103,841		93,936	
Cash - water well and USDA water and sewer reserves		604,459		644,014	
Cash - USDA water and sewer construction		199,931		3,036	
Cash - LGAP water well		641		414	
Temporary investments at cost - consumer deposits		92,749		92,711	
Cash - debt service		3,630		139,495	
Total restricted assets	\$	1,029,993	_\$_	996,898	
Plant and equipment, at cost, net of accumulated depreciation					
(\$4,992,799 in 2015 and \$4,992,799 in 2014)	\$	22,919,106	\$	22,177,602	
Total assets	\$	25,360,290	\$	24,598,168	

ENTERPRISE FUNDS MUNICIPAL UTILITIES SYSTEM

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET

*************	2015			2014	
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION					
Liabilities:					
Current liabilities (payable from current assets)					
Accounts payable	\$	1,804,895	\$	1,423,533	
Accrued liabilities		7,539		11,054	
Current portion of notes payable		122,747		122,747	
Total current liabilities (payable from current assets)	\$	1,935,181	\$	1,557,334	
Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets)					
Due to other governments	\$	22,894	\$	22,894	
Consumer deposits		181,469		176,391	
Current portion of bond payable		115,000		205,000	
Total current liabilities (payable from restricted assets)	\$	319,363	\$	404,285	
Long-term liabilities					
Note payable	\$	68,211	\$	83,658	
Bond payable, net of discount		7,825,030		7,940,030	
Total long-term liabilities	\$	7,893,241	\$	8,023,688	
Total liabilities	\$	10,147,785	\$	9,985,307	
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets	\$	16,110,148	\$	15,353,197	
Restricted for debt service	·	3,630	,	139,495	
Unrestricted		(901,273)		(879,831)	
Total net position	\$	15,212,505	\$	14,612,861	
Total liabilities and net position	\$	25,360,290	\$	24,598,168	

ENTERPRISE FUNDS MUNICIPAL UTILITIES SYSTEM

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF OPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES ALL DEPARTMENTS

	 2015	2014	
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services Utility sales and fees	\$ 3,133,445	\$	4,422,612
Other operating revenues	 127,576		155,640
Total operating revenues	\$ 3,261,021	\$	4,578,252
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Personal services	\$ 288,105	\$	345,609
Purchase of utilities provided	2,140,574		2,491,844
Materials and supplies	42,1 19		70,764
Repairs and maintenance	80,191		103,964
Depreciation	-		187,173
Utilities and telephone	13,517		83,977
Bad debts	-		57,368
Interest expense	38,673		134,240
Other operating expenses	 93,908		257,178
Total operating services	\$ 2,697,087	\$	3,73 2 ,117
Operating income	\$ 563,934	\$	846,135

ENTERPRISE FUNDS MUNICIPAL UTILITIES SYSTEM

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF OPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES ELECTRIC DEPARTMENT

		2015	2014	
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$	2 727 490	\$	2 107 760
Electricity sales and fees Other operating revenues	——	2,727,480 89,303		3,107,760 108,945
Total operating revenues	\$	2,816,783	_\$	3,216,705
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Personal services	\$	201,503	\$	121,380
Purchase of electricity		1,803,278		2,071,368
Materials and supplies		32,451		27,482
Repairs and maintenance		59,350		35,630
Depreciation		-		61,050
Utilities and telephone		<i>7,7</i> 52		10,110
Bad debts		-		40,313
Interest expense		38,673		<i>67,7</i> 20
Other operating expenses		61,156		53,266
Total operating services	\$	2,204,163	_\$	2,488,319
Operating income	\$	612,620	_\$	728,386

ENTERPRISE FUNDS MUNICIPAL UTILITIES SYSTEM

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF OPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES WATER DEPARTMENT

	2	2015	2014	
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services Water sales and fees Other operating revenues	\$	15,309	\$	336,181 18,678
Total operating revenues	\$	15,309	\$	354,859
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Personal services Materials and supplies Repairs and maintenance Depreciation Utilities and telephone Bad debts Other operating expenses	\$	- 96 - 1,550 - 8,541	\$	43,998 27,252 14,592 64,524 47,416 4,361 91,259
Total operating services	\$	10,187	\$	293,402
Operating income	\$	5,122	\$	61,457

ENTERPRISE FUNDS MUNICIPAL UTILITIES SYSTEM

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF OPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES NATURAL GAS DEPARTMENT

	2015			2014	
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services					
Natural gas sales and fees	\$	405,965	\$	587,930	
Other operating revenues		12,758		15,565	
Total operating revenues	\$	418,723	\$	603,495	
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personal services	\$	86,602	\$	84,284	
Purchase of natural gas		337,296		420,476	
Materials and supplies		9,668		1,237	
Repairs and maintenance		20,471		26,774	
Depreciation		-		14,767	
Utilities and telephone		2,644		3,263	
Bad debts		-		7,626	
Other operating expenses		18,010		14,556	
Total operating services	\$	474,691	_\$	572,983	
Operating income	\$	(55,968)	\$	30,512	

ENTERPRISE FUNDS MUNICIPAL UTILITIES SYSTEM

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF OPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES SEWER DEPARTMENT

	2015		2014	
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services Sewer charges and fees Other operating revenues	\$	10,206	\$	390,741 12,452
Total operating revenues	\$	10,206	\$	403,193
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Personal services Materials and supplies Repairs and maintenance Depreciation Utilities and telephone Bad debts Interest expense Other operating expenses	\$	274 - 1,571 - - 6,201	\$	95,947 14,793 26,968 46,832 23,188 5,068 66,520 98,097
Total operating services	\$	8,046	\$	377,413
Operating income	\$	2,160	\$	25,780



SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS, AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO AGENCY HEAD

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Agency Head: Hiram Evans, Mayor

Purpose	Amount
Salary Benefits - Insurance Cell Phone	\$ 20,114 429 475
Total	\$ 21,018



SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number	Expenditures	
U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) Direct Capitalization Loans/Grants for Water and Waste Disposal Systems - ARRA			
Sewer Project-	10.781	\$ 863,747	
Water Project-	10.781	440,519	
Total ÚSDA		<u>\$ 1,304,266</u>	
Total for all federal awards		\$ 1,304,266	

NOTES TO THIS SCHEDULE

1. This schedule was prepared using the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, used for the general purpose financial statements.





209 N. Commerce Street P.O. Box 1027 Natchez, Mississippi 39121-1027 Telephone: 601.442.7411 Fax: 601.442.8551

www.silassimmons.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Mayor and the Board of Aldermen Town of Jonesville Jonesville, Louisiana

We were engaged to audit, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Jonesville, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Town of Jonesville, Louisiana's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 25, 2016. Our report disclaims an opinion on the business-type activities and the proprietary fund because we were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Town of Jonesville, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Jonesville, Louisiana's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Jonesville, Louisiana's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings as 2015-1 through 2015-9, 2015-11 and 2015-12 to be material weaknesses.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting (continued)

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We did not consider any of the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Town of Jonesville, Louisiana's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2015-10.

Town of Jonesville, Louisiana's Response to Findings

Silas Sinunaus), UP

Town of Jonesville, Louisiana's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings. Town of Jonesville, Louisiana's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

This report is intended for the information of the Mayor, Town Aldermen, Management of the Town of Jonesville, Louisiana, the Legislative Auditor of the State of Louisiana, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Natchez, Mississippi

March 25, 2016



209 N. Commerce Street P.O. Box 1027 Natchez, Mississippi 39121-1027 Telephone: 601.442.7411 Fax: 601.442.8551

www.silassimmons.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Mayor and Board of Aldermen Town of Jonesville, Louisiana

Report on Compliance with Requirements for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Town of Jonesville, Louisiana's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Town of Jonesville, Louisiana's major federal programs identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Town of Jonesville, Louisiana's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Town of Jonesville, Louisiana's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town of Jonesville, Louisiana's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Town of Jonesville, Louisiana, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Town of Jonesville, Louisiana, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Town of Jonesville, Louisiana's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Jonesville, Louisiana's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Town's management, others within the entity, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Natchez, Mississippi March 25, 2016

ilas Sinnas, UP

Schedules of Findings,	Recommendations, a	and Corrective Action	n Planned

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

SECTION 1: SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements:

1. Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements:

> Governmental Activities Unmodified Disclaimer Business-Type Activities General Fund Unmodified Debt Service Fund Unmodified Disclaimer Proprietary Fund Unmodified Aggregate Remaining Fund Information

- 2. Internal control over financial reporting:
 - a. Material weakness(es) identified?

Yes

b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?

None reported

3. Material noncompliance relating to the financial statements? Yes

Federal Awards:

4. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs: Unqualified

- 5. Internal control over major programs:
 - a. Material weakness(es) identified?

None reported

b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be

material weaknesses?

None reported

Any audit finding(s) reported as required by Section ___.510(a) of 6. OMB Circular A-133?

None reported

- 7. Federal program identified as a major program:
 - a. U.S. Department of Agriculture Direct Capitalization Loans/Grants-ARRA for Water and Waste Disposal Systems CFDA #10.781 Sewer Project and Water Project
- The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and 8.

Type B programs:

9. Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee? No

\$300,000

Prior fiscal year audit finding(s) and questioned cost relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings as discussed in Section __.315(b) of OMB

Circular A-133? Not applicable

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS, RECOMMENDATIONS, AND CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

SECTION I: INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2015-1 <u>Utility Account Receivable Reconciliation</u>

Condition: During our audit, we noted the accounts receivable from utility customers are not reconciled to the general ledger. The general ledger balance of

accounts receivable at June 30, 2015, was \$1,530,895 while the balance of accounts receivable according to the month-end subsidiary ledgers was

\$961,605, a difference of \$569,290.

Criteria: Reconciliation of utility accounts receivables are an important function of a utility system and ensure proper billing and collection.

Cause of Condition: Management was not reconciling subsidiary reports, per their software system and a third party management vendor, to the general ledger.

Effect of Condition: Material weakness in internal controls.

Recommendation: We recommend that accounts receivable subsidiary ledgers be reconciled to the utility fund general ledger and reviewed on a monthly basis. We

recommend that management oversees the review of the reconciliations monthly and follow up on any issues that arise.

Response: Management will work to address this issue within the next fiscal year.

2015-2 <u>Un-posted Items in the Utility System Accounting Software</u>

Condition: During our audit, it was noted by the Town Clerk, that during a consultation with the Town's accounting software providers, that some

transactions entered into the utility billing system were not posted to the general ledger. The amount of these transactions was not determined

during our audit.

Criteria: All transactions recorded to the utility system accounting software must be posted to the general ledger to ensure proper billing and collection.

Cause of Condition: Management was unaware these transactions had not posted to the general ledger. As noted previously, utility account receivable subsidiary

ledgers were not being reconciled to the general ledger, therefore there was no indication that all transactions were not posted.

Effect of Condition: Material weakness in internal controls.

Recommendation: We recommend the Town work with their software consultants to identify all un-posted items and have them posted to the proper accounts.

Management should implement controls to monitor and review the existence of un-posted items so that they can be discovered in a timely manner.

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS, RECOMMENDATIONS, AND CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

SECTION I: INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2015-3 Third- Party Services Not Reflected in the Town's Financial Statements

Condition: During our audit, it was noted that the Town was not recording the transactions of water and sewer utility system's activities to the Town's

proprietary fund's financial statements. Due to the limitations of access, the amount of these transactions were not determined during our audit.

Criteria: Activities of the water and sewer system are still a function of the Town and should be included in the financial statements of the proprietary fund.

Cause of Condition: Management was not recording the transactions related to the activities of the water and sewer department that are being managed by their third-

party service vendor.

Effect of Condition: Material weakness in internal controls.

Recommendation: We recommend the Town implement a process and set of internal controls to ensure they are properly recording the transactions being managed

by their third-party service vendor.

Response: Management will work to address this issue within the next fiscal year.

2015-4 Notes and Bonds Payable Transactions Not Recorded on General Ledger

Condition: During our audit, it was noted that the Town had not recorded transactions related to certain USDA notes and bonds payable. It was determined

the repayment of these notes and bonds were being managed by their third-party service vendor but were not being recorded to the Town's general

ledger. Due to the limitations of access, the amount of these transactions were not determined during our audit.

Criteria: The Town must record transactions that are related to notes and bonds that have been issued in the Town's name.

Cause of Condition: Management was not recording the transactions related to the USDA notes and bonds payable that are being managed by their third-party service

vendor.

Effect of Condition: Material weakness in internal controls.

Recommendation: We recommend the Town implement a process and set of internal controls to ensure they are properly recording the transactions being managed

by their third-party service vendor.

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS, RECOMMENDATIONS, AND CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

SECTION I: INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2015-5 Capital Assets of the Proprietary Fund Are Not Being Reconciled

Condition: The Town was unable to provide a reconciliation of the transactions of the account balances in construction in progress for the utility fund. The

Town was not recording depreciation on their capital assets. The Town had not recorded accounts payables related to construction in progress.

Criteria: The Town needs to reconcile construction in progress regularly during periods of long-term projects to ensure invoices are recorded and paid and

to track the status of the project. The Town should keep a schedule of capital assets to ensure all assets of the Town have been inventoried. The

Town should keep a depreciation schedule on all capital assets to properly classify depreciation expense over the life of the asset.

Cause of Condition: Management did not have a system for tracking or reconciling capital assets and depreciation.

Effect of Condition: Material weakness in internal controls.

Recommendation: We recommend the Town compile a schedule of capital assets and keep a schedule to track construction in progress for each project and make sure

the respective general ledger accounts are being reconciled to the schedules. We recommend the Town record accounts payable related to

construction in progress as services are received and a liability of payment becomes due.

Response: Management will work to address this issue within the next fiscal year.

2015-6 Reconciliation of Utility Meter Deposits

Condition: The Town was unable to provide a customer meter deposits report that reconciled to the general ledger. It appears additional meter deposits the

Town would be liable for have been recorded on their third-party service vendor's records but not recorded on the Town's general ledger. Due to

the limitation of access, we were unable to determine the amount of variance.

Criteria: The Town must reconcile customer meter deposits reports to their general ledger to ensure they have properly accounted for their deposit liability.

Cause of Condition: Management was not performing procedures to reconcile customer deposits reports from their system to the general ledger.

Effect of Condition: Material weakness in internal controls.

Recommendation: We recommend the Town implement a process and set of internal controls to ensure utility deposits are being reconciled in a timely manner. We

recommend the Town implement a process and set of internal controls to ensure they are properly recording the transactions being managed by

their third-party service vendor.

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS, RECOMMENDATIONS, AND CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

SECTION I: INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2015-7 Transfers Between Funds Are Not Reconciled

Condition: The Town does not monitor or perform reconciliation procedures for transfers between funds. A material audit adjustment of \$113,171 to the

utility fund and \$66,082 to the general fund was proposed during the audit and recorded to properly reconcile transfers.

Criteria: Transfers between funds must be reconciled to ensure proper accounting and classification of transactions.

Cause of Condition: Management was not preparing reconciliations of transfers between the general and utility fund.

Effect of Condition: Material weakness in internal controls.

Recommendation: We recommend the Town implement a process and set of internal controls to ensure transfers are being reconciled in a timely manner.

Response: Management will work to address this issue within the next fiscal year.

2015-8 Reconciliation of Bank Accounts

Condition: During our audit, it was noted that the Town was not reconciling bank statements in a timely manner. During initial fieldwork performed in

November and December 2015, the Town was still performing bank account reconciliations for the fiscal year June 30, 2015. It was also noted that many of the bank account reconciliations did not agree with the Town's general ledger. Additionally, it appears the Town stopped performing bank account reconciliations on bank accounts related to water and sewer utilities around September 2014, which are now being managed by their

third-party service vendor. Transactions of these accounts were not being recorded to the Town's general ledger.

Criteria: Reconciliation of bank accounts is a very important internal control designed to ensure all cash transactions have been properly recorded and

classified in the Town's general ledger.

Cause of Condition: Management was not reconciling bank accounts in a timely manner and did not have an internal control process for reviewing bank reconciliations.

Effect of Condition: Material weakness in internal controls.

Recommendation: We recommend the Town complete a bank reconciliation on all bank accounts as soon as possible at the end of each month. A member of

management, other than the person responsible for completing the bank reconciliations, should review the reconciliation to ensure accuracy and accountability for all cash transactions. We recommend the Town implement a process and set of internal controls to ensure they are properly

recording the transactions being managed by their third-party service vendor.

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS, RECOMMENDATIONS, AND CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

SECTION I: INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2015-9 Internal Controls over Financial Reporting

Condition: We have determined that processes utilized for financial reporting for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 were not effective, which contributed to

the Town's unpreparedness for our audit. We experienced continuing delays throughout the audit process due to the Town's inability to provide

the requested supporting documents in a timely manner and the inadequacy of supporting documents received.

Criteria: The Town needs to have processes in place to ensure reconciliations are being performed regularly and timely, that supporting documents and

records are being maintained in an organized manner and that they have a process to monitor these activities to ensure proper financial reporting.

Cause of Condition: The Town lacks a set of defined internal controls over financial reporting and lacks a proper level of monitoring over financial reporting.

Effect of Condition: Material weakness in internal controls.

Recommendation: We recommend the Town implement a set of defined internal controls over financial reporting that include a proper level of review. We

recommend the Town implement internal controls to ensure their able to close their books in a timely manner after each fiscal year. All accounts should be reconciled and balanced to the general ledger. A detail review of the reconciliations should be performed prior to the start of audit

fieldwork by management. We also recommend that all reconciliations and detailed schedules be reviewed for clerical accuracy.

Response: Management will work to address this issue within the next fiscal year.

2015-10 Financial Statement Submission to State Auditor (compliance finding)

Condition: The Town's audited financial statements were not completed and submitted to the LA Legislative Auditor's office by the statutory date of

December 31, 2015.

Criteria: To be considered in good standing with the State Auditor, the audited financial statements should be competed and submitted to their office by

December 31st.

Cause of Condition: Due to inadequate internal controls for closing their fiscal year June 30, 2015, we were unable to complete the audit in time to prepare and submit

the audited financial statements before the due date.

Effect of Condition: Material noncompliance relating to the financial statements.

Recommendation: We recommend that management discuss this issue with their external auditor prior to signing next year's engagement letter. The discussion

should include the timing and staffing of the engagement as well as the expected availability of books and records, delivery of draft copies of the

audit, and the timely submission of the audit to the Legislative Auditor.

Response: Management will work closely with the external auditors to insure that the audited financial statements are submitted to the Legislative Auditor by

the statutory due date.

2

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS, RECOMMENDATIONS, AND CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

SECTION I: INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2015-11 Utility Payments Not Deposited

Condition: The Louisiana Legislative Auditor issued a report, "Investigative Audit" on January, 20, 2016, on the Town of Jonesville, detailing their findings on

utility payments not being deposited. The summary of the report included records of utility payment transactions either received or recorded in the utility system but not deposited in the Town's bank accounts. The report also concluded that the Town's employees may have violated state

law.

Criteria: The Town should deposit all payments from customers on a daily basis and reconcile payments to bank deposits.

Cause of Condition: The Town was not reconciling utility payments and utility deposits.

Effect of Condition: Material weakness in internal controls.

Recommendation: We recommend the Town follow the recommendations issued in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's report *

Response: Management has responded to the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's report * and will work to address this issue within the next fiscal year.

2015-12 <u>Inadequate Financial Management of the Utility System</u>

Condition: The Louisiana Legislative Auditor issued a report, "Investigative Audit" on January, 20, 2016, on the Town of Jonesville, detailing their findings on

the inadequate financial management of the Town's utility systems. The report also concluded that without an effective system of financial management, management could not effectively exercise their fiduciary responsibilities of managing the Town's utility system and may be

exposing its customers to higher than necessary utility charges.

Criteria: The Town needs an effective system of financial management of the utility system to effectively exercise their fiduciary responsibilities of managing

the Town's utility system.

Cause of Condition: The Town lacks sound internal controls related to the financial management of the utility system.

Effect of Condition: Material weakness in internal controls.

Recommendation: We recommend the Town follow the recommendations issued in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's report *

Response: Management has responded to the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's report * and will work to address this issue within the next fiscal year.

^{*} Under the provisions of state law, the Investigative Audit report issued on January 20, 2016, by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor is a public document. A copy of the report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Louisiana Legislative Auditor, at the office of the parish clerk of court, and on the Legislative Auditor's website at www.lla.la.gov.

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS, RECOMMENDATIONS, AND CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

SECTION II: INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO FEDERAL AWARDS

N/A

SECTION III: MANAGEMENT LETTER

NONE ISSUED

It should be noted that the Town's management concurs with the findings and plans on rectifying them as soon as possible.

STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

			Corrective	
	Finding Initially		Action	Action/Partial
Reference No.	Occurred	Description of Finding	Taken	Corrective Action Taken
Section I – Internal Control and Compliance Material to the Financial Statements:				
2014-1	6-30-2013	The Town of Jonesville's General Department's expenditures exceeded the budgeted amount by 8%. The budgeted amount of expenditures was \$1,394,195, and the actual expenditures were \$1,508,796. Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1311 requires that the expenditures not exceed the budget by more than 5%.	Yes	The Town's actual expenditures did not exceed the budgeted amount for the fiscal year end June 30, 2015.
2014-2	6-30-2014	The Town of Jonesville's record of accounts receivable from utility customers are not reconciled periodically to the computer system or to the general ledger. The general ledger balance of accounts receivable at June 30, 2014, was \$0, while the balance of accounts receivable according to the month-end computer system status report was \$205,337, a difference of \$205,337.	No	This finding is reported in the current year is finding 2015-1.

Section II – Internal Control and Compliance Material to Federal Awards:

N/A

Section III - Management Letter:

None issued.