Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2022

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# **KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC**

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Beryl Holmes, Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Village of Moreauville, Louisiana

### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

**Opinions** 

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, and each major fund of the Village of Moreauville, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village of Moreauville, Louisiana's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business- type activities, and each major fund information of the Village of Moreauville as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Village of Moreauville, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Change in Accounting Principle**

As discussed in Note 15 to the financial statements, in 2022 the Village adopted new accounting guidance, GASB No. 87, Leases. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

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### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village of Moreauville's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government* Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Moreauville's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village of Moreauville's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that budgetary comparison information on pages 34 and 35 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries with management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Village of Moreauville has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Government Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Moreauville, Louisiana's basic financial statements. The accompanying judicial system funding schedule on page 42 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Unites States of America. In our opinion, the judicial system funding schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### **Other Information**

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the budgetary comparison schedules on pages 39 through 41, the schedule of number of utility customers, schedule of insurance in force, comparative schedule of revenues and expenses, utility rate schedule and the accounts receivable aging schedule on pages 43 through 47 but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 4, 2022, on our consideration of the Village of Moreauville, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Moreauville, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village of Moreauville, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

*Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC* Certified Public Accountants

Alexandria, Louisiana November 4, 2022

## **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

## Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 305,738	\$ 235,845	\$ 541,583
Due from other governmental units	42,536	6,600	49,136
Receivables, net	36,477	78,702	115,179
Accrued interest	410	1,581	1,991
Inventory	-	6,516	6,516
Prepaid items	28,410	14,705	43,115
Restricted assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	-	130,836	130,836
Capital assets:			
Nondepreciable	19,053	23,655	42,708
Depreciable capital assets, net	862,177	2,208,011	3,070,188
Total assets	1,294,801	2,706,451	4,001,252
LIABILITIES			
Accounts and other payables	16,867	28,638	45,505
Customers deposits		130,836	130,836
Long-term liabilities:			
Lease payable, due within one year	-	38,612	38,612
Lease payable, due in more than one year	-	123,857	123,857
Total liabilities	16,867	321,943	338,810
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows of grant revenues	158,482		158,482
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	881,230	2,069,197	2,950,427
Restricted for:	001,200	2,007,177	2,20,727
Public safety and public works	35,463	_	35,463
Unrestricted net position	202,759	315,311	518,070
-		·	
Total net position	<u>\$1,119,452</u>	\$2,384,508	\$3,503,960

### Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Program Revenues Fees, Fines Operating Capital			Expense) Revenues anges in Net Position		
		and Charges	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	1
Activities	Expenses	for Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental activities:							
General government -							
Finance and administrative	\$ 219,340	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (219,340)	\$ -	\$ (219,340)
Public safety -							
Police	316,814	35,250	13,550	-	(268,014)	-	(268,014)
Fire	31,793	-	-	-	(31,793)	-	(31,793)
Recreation	55,999	12,150	-	-	(43,849)	-	(43,849)
Public works	31,861				(31,861)	-	(31,861)
Total governmental activities	655,807	47,400	13,550		(594,857)	_	(594,857)
Business-type activities:							
Gas and water	709,766	741,897	-	-	-	32,131	32,131
Sewer	168,906	121,788	-	13,892	-	(33,226)	(33,226)
Total business-type activities	878,672	863,685		13,892		(1,095)	(1,095)
Total	<u>\$ 1,534,479</u>	<u>\$911,085</u>	<u>\$13,550</u>	\$13,892	(594,857)	(1,095)	(595,952)
	General revenue	es:					
	Taxes -						
	Property tax	es, levied for gene	ral purposes		23,237	-	23,237
	Sales and us	e taxes, levied for	general purposes		231,750	-	231,750
	Franchise taxe	es			55,354	-	55,354
	Licenses and	permits			49,217	-	49,217
	Interest and in	vestment earnings			14	1,283	1,297
	Miscellaneous	5			68,045	-	68,045
	Transfers				170,379	(170,379)	
	Total ge	neral revenues			597,996	(169,096)	428,900
	Change	in net position			3,139	(170,191)	(167,052)
	Net position-beg	ginning			1,116,313	2,554,699	3,671,012
	Net position - en	nding			<u>\$ 1,119,452</u>	\$ 2,384,508	\$ 3,503,960

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

## Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

		Sales Tax	
	General	Fund	Totals
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 287,428	\$ 3,659	\$ 291,087
Interest-bearing deposits	3,234	15,076	18,310
Receivables:			
Taxes	15,707	20,375	36,082
Due from other governmental agencies	42,536	-	42,536
Accrued interest	222	188	410
Other	395	-	395
Prepaid items	28,410	-	28,410
Total assets	\$ 377,932	\$ 39,298	\$417,230
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	<u>\$ 16,691</u>	\$ 3,835	<u>\$ 20,526</u>
Deferred Inflows Of Resources			
Unearned grant revenues	158,482		158,482
Fund balances:			
Nonspendable- prepaid	28,410	-	28,410
Restricted for public safety and public works	-	35,463	35,463
Unassigned	174,349	-	174,349
Total fund balances	202,759	35,463	238,222
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of			
resources and fund balances	\$ 377,932	\$ 39,298	\$417,230

## Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$ 238,222
Capital assets, net	 881,230
Net position at June 30, 2022	\$ 1,119,452

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Revenues:	General	Sales Tax Fund	Totals
Taxes	\$ 78,591	\$ 231,750	\$ 310,341
Licenses and permits	47,414	-	47,414
Intergovernmental	20,553	-	20,553
Fines and forfeits	35,250	_	35,250
Rental income	12,150	-	12,150
Miscellaneous	62,845	14	62,859
Total revenues	256,803	231,764	488,567
Expenditures:			
Current -	214 104	2 777	216 071
General government Public safety:	214,194	2,777	216,971
Police	297,427	276	297,703
Fire	5,680	26,113	31,793
Recreation	37,540	-	37,540
Capital outlay	9,545	_	9,545
Total expenditures	564,386	29,166	593,552
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over expenditures	(307,583)	202,598	(104,985)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in	368,983	-	368,983
Transfers out		(198,604)	(198,604)
Total other financing sources (uses)	368,983	(198,604)	170,379
Net changes in fund balances	61,400	3,994	65,394
Fund balances, beginning	141,359	31,469	172,828
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$ 202,759</u>	\$ 35,463	\$ 238,222

## Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Total net changes in fund balance per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	\$	65,394
Capital assets: Capital outlay Depreciation expense	9,545 (71,800)	(62,255)
Total changes in net position per Statement of Activities	<u>\$</u>	3,139

## Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

	Gas and Water Sewer Utility Utility		Totals	
ASSETS				
Current asset:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 206,988	\$ 28,857	\$ 235,845	
Receivables:				
Accounts, net	61,707	16,995	78,702	
Accrued interest	1,581	-	1,581	
Due from other governmental agencies	6,600	-	6,600	
Inventory	6,516	- 072	6,516 14,705	
Prepaid items	13,733	972	14,705	
Total current assets	297,125	46,824	343,949	
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted assets -				
Cash and cash equivalents	130,836	-	130,836	
Capital assets:				
Nondepreciable	23,655	-	23,655	
Depreciable capital assets, net	742,153	1,465,858	2,208,011	
Total noncurrent assets	896,644	1,465,858	2,362,502	
Total assets	1,193,769	1,512,682	2,706,451	
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities, payable from current assets:	25 (22	2.000	20 (20	
Accounts payable	25,632	3,006	28,638	
Lease payable	<u> </u>	3,006	<u>38,612</u> 67,250	
Total current liabilities, payable from current assets	04,244		07,250	
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Customers' deposits	130,836	-	130,836	
Lease payable	123,857	-	123,857	
Total noncurrent liabilities	254,693		254,693	
Total liabilities	318,937	3,006	321,943	
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	603,339	1,465,858	2,069,197	
Unrestricted net position	271,493	43,818	315,311	
Total net position	\$ 874,832	\$1,509,676	\$ 2,384,508	

## Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position -Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Gas and	C	
	Water Utility	Sewer Utility	Totals
Operating revenues:		Othry	
Charges for services -			
Gas charges	\$ 454,681	<b>\$</b> -	\$ 454,681
Water service charges	229,445	-	229,445
Sewer service charges	-	121,759	121,759
Installation and other charges	57,771	29	57,800
Total operating revenues	741,897	121,788	863,685
Operating expenses:			
Salaries and related benefits	179,033	20,894	199,927
Gas purchased	167,973	-	167,973
Water purchased	137,361	-	137,361
Supplies	57,270	9,805	67,075
Maintenance and repairs	8,590	21,595	30,185
Gas and oil	20,482	1,087	21,569
Utilities and telephone	6,082	32,275	38,357
Depreciation expense	67,923	82,369	150,292
Other operating expenses	58,957	410	59,367
Total operating expenses	703,671	168,435	872,106
Operating income (loss)	38,226	(46,647)	(8,421)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):			
Grant revenues	13,892	-	13,892
Interest income	1,283	-	1,283
Interest expense	(6,095)	(471)	(6,566)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	9,080	(471)	8,609
Income (loss) before transfers	47,306	(47,118)	188
Transfers in (out):			
Transfers in	-	8,450	8,450
Transfers out	(178,829)		(178,829)
Total Transfers in (out)	(178,829)	8,450	(170,379)
Change in net position	(131,523)	(38,668)	(170,191)
Net position, beginning	1,006,355	1,548,344	2,554,699
Net position, ending	<u>\$ 874,832</u>	<u>\$ 1,509,676</u>	<u>\$ 2,384,508</u>

## Statement of Cash Flows **Proprietary Funds** For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Gas and Water Utility	Sewer Utility	Totals
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Receipts from customers	\$ 740,875	\$ 120,303	\$ 861,178
Payments to suppliers	(474,372)	(67,527)	(541,899)
Payments to employees	(179,033)	(20,894)	(199,927)
Net cash provided by operating activities	87,470	31,882	119,352
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:			
Cash transferred to other funds	(178,829)	-	(178,829)
Cash received from other funds		8,450	8,450
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital			
financing activities	(178,829)	8,450	(170,379)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Proceeds from grants	61,434	-	61,434
Interest and fiscal charges paid on revenue bonds and lease	(6,095)	(471)	(6,566)
Principal paid on bonds and lease	(37,347)	(22,181)	(59,528)
Capital purchases	(4,710)	(11,678)	(16,388)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and			
related financing activities	13,282	(34,330)	(21,048)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Interest received on interest-bearing deposits	1,283		1,283
Net increase (decrease) in cash			
and cash equivalents	(76,794)	6,002	(70,792)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	166,962	22,855	189,817
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	<u>\$ 90,168</u>	<u>\$ 28,857</u>	\$ 119,025

## (continued)

## Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	(	Gas and Water Utility	Sewer Utility	Totals
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$	38,226	\$ (46,647)	\$ (8,421)
Depreciation Increase in assets:		67,923	82,369	150,292
Accounts receivable Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		(2,082)	(1,485)	(3,567)
Accounts payable Customer deposits		(17,657) 1,060	(2,355)	(20,012) <u>1,060</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	87,470	<u>\$ 31,882</u>	<u>\$ 119,352</u>
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents per statement of cash flows to statement of net position:				
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period - Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted Cash and cash equivalents- restricted Less: Interest-bearing deposits with maturity	\$	284,842 129,776	\$ 22,855	\$ 307,697 129,776
in excess of 90 days		(247,656)		(247,656)
Total cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		166,962	22,855	189,817
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period - Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted Cash and cash equivalents - restricted Less: Interest-bearing deposits with maturity		206,988 130,836	28,857 -	235,845 130,836
in excess of 90 days		(247,656)		(247,656)
Total cash and cash equivalents, end of period		90,168	28,857	119,025
Net increase (decrease)	<u>\$</u>	(76,794)	<u>\$ 6,002</u>	<u>\$ (70,792)</u>

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

#### (1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The accompanying financial statements of the Village of Moreauville (hereinafter, "the Village") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this note.

#### A. <u>Financial Reporting Entity</u>

The Village of Moreauville was incorporated in 1904 under the provisions of the Lawrason Act. The Village operates under a Mayor-Board of Aldermen form of government and provides the following services: public safety (police and fire), highway and streets, sanitation, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

This report includes all funds which are controlled by or dependent on the Village executive and legislative branches (the Mayor and Board of Aldermen). Control by or dependence on the Village is determined based on budget adoption, taxing authority, authority to issue debt, election or appointment of governing body, and other general oversight responsibility.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the volunteer fire department, as a governmental organization, is not part of the Village and is thus excluded from the accompanying financial statements. This organization is staffed by volunteers and although the Village does provide some of its financing, no control is exercised over its operations. These financial statements include only expenditures incurred directly by the Village for fire protection and does not include operating expenditures paid with self-generated funds of the volunteer fire department.

#### B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The government-wide financial statements provide operational accountability information for the Village as an economic unit. The government-wide financial statements report the Village's ability to maintain service levels and continue to meet its obligations as they come due. The statements include all governmental activities and all business-type activities of the primary government.

### Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the Village are organized and operated on the basis of funds, each of which is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of selfbalancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with financerelated legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The various funds of the Village are classified into two categories: governmental and proprietary. The emphasis on the fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Village or meets the following criteria:

- A. Total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- B. Total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The major funds of the Village are described below:

Governmental Funds -

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Village. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### Special Revenue Fund

The Sales Tax Fund accounts for the proceeds of a  $1 \frac{1}{2}$  sales and use tax that is legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

#### Proprietary Funds -

Proprietary funds are used to account for ongoing organizations and activities that are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is based upon the determination of net income, financial position, and cash flows.

#### Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability,

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

or other purposes. The Gas and Water Utility Fund and the Sewer Utility Fund comprise the Village's Enterprise Funds.

### C. <u>Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting</u>

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues, expenditures, expenses, and transfers – and assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources – are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recover), and financial position. All assets and liabilities (whether current of noncurrent) associated with its activities are reported. Government-wide fund equity is classified as net position.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- 1. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- 2. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

### Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statements of net position and statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures (including capital outlay) generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

The proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, or economic asset used.

### Program revenues

Program revenues included in the statement of activities are derived directly from the program itself or from parties outside the Village's taxpayers of citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the Village's general revenues.

#### Allocation of indirect expenses

The Village reports all direct expenses by function in the statement of activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Indirect expenses of other functions are not allocated to those functions but are reported separately in the statement of activities. Depreciation expense is specifically identifiable by function and is included in the direct expense of each function. Interest on long-term debt related to business activities, is reported in the statement of activities as direct expenses in the functions of Gas and Water and Sewer in the amount of \$6,095 and \$471, respectively.

#### D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Equity

Cash, cash equivalents and interest-bearing deposits

For purposes of the statement of net position, cash and cash equivalents include all demand accounts, savings accounts, certificates of deposits, and interest-bearing deposits of the Village.

For the purposes of the proprietary fund statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include all demand deposits, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

#### Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include sales and use taxes and franchise fees. Business-type activities report customers' utility service receivables as their major receivables. Uncollectible amounts due from customers' utility receivables are recognized as bad debts through the establishment of an allowance account at the time information becomes available which would indicate the receivable is uncollectible. Unbilled utility service receivables resulting from utility services rendered between the date of meter reading billing and the end of the month, are recorded at year-end. No allowance for doubtful accounts is reported at June 30, 2022.

#### Interfund receivables and payables

During operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivables and payables."

Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position.

#### Inventory

Purchases of various operating supplies are recorded as expenditures at the time purchased and are valued at cost. Inventory is adjusted at year-end. The first-in first-out method of inventory valuation is used.

#### **Prepaid Items**

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2022, are recorded as prepaid items.

#### **Restricted Assets**

Restricted assets include cash and interest-bearing deposits of the proprietary funds that are legally restricted as to their use. The restricted assets are related to the utility customer deposits.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at acquisition cost or estimated cost if acquisition is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The Village maintains a threshold level of \$1,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Prior to July 1, 2003, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets have been valued at estimated historical cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Lines and other system installations	10 - 50 years
Vehicles and movable equipment	5 - 25 years
Buildings	10 - 60 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

#### Long-term debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The Village's long-term debt consists of revenue bonds payable and capital lease payable.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

#### **Compensated Absences**

Employees of the Village may accumulate up to a total of 20 days of vacation and sick time each year. Upon resignation or termination employees are not paid for any accumulated time.

### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

#### Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In some instances, the GASB requires a government to delay recognition of decreases in net position as expenditures until a future period. In other instances, governments are required to delay recognition of increases in net position as revenue until a future period. In these circumstances, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources result from the delayed recognition of expenditures or revenues, respectively.

#### Equity Classifications

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of net capital assets, reduced by the outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.
- Restricted net position consists of net position with constrains placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance reports aggregate amounts for five classifications based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. As such, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

- 1. Non-spendable amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in non-spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The Village's non-spendable fund balance includes prepaid items.
- 2. Restricted amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

- 3. Committed amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal decision of the Village's Mayor and Board of Aldermen, which is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Village. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by board members.
- 4. Assigned amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes determined by a formal decision of the Mayor and Board of Aldermen.
- 5. Unassigned all other spendable amounts.

When an expenditure is incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Village considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balance are available, the Village considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Village has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

### E. <u>Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses</u>

**Operating Revenues and Expenses** 

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services.

It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

### Ad Valorem Revenues

Ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied by the Village in October and are billed to taxpayers in November. Billed taxes become delinquent on March 1 of the following year. The Village bills and collects its own property taxes using the assessed values determined by the tax assessor of Avoyelles Parish. Property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables.

#### Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds - By Character Proprietary Funds - By Operating and Nonoperating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

### Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

### F. <u>Revenue Restrictions</u>

The Village has various restrictions placed over certain revenue sources from state or local requirements. The primary restricted revenue sources include:

Revenue SourceLegal Restrictions of UseSales taxSee Note 2Gas, water and sewer revenueDebt service, utility operations, other<br/>lawful corporate purposes

### G. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and revenues and expenses during the reporting period. These estimates include assessing the collectability of accounts receivable and the useful lives and impairment of tangible and intangible assets, among others. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically, and the effects of revisions are reflected in the financial statements in the period they are determined to be necessary. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### (2) <u>Dedication of Proceeds and Flow of Funds – Sales and Use Taxes</u>

Proceeds of the 1% sales and use tax are dedicated to the following purposes:

1. Specifically, for the purpose of paying the cost of constructing sewers and sewerage disposal works and maintaining and operating the same; title to which shall be in the public.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

2. Generally, for the constructing, re-surfacing, lighting and improving of public streets, sidewalks and bridges; constructing, purchasing, improving, maintaining and operating recreational facilities and equipment; and constructing, acquiring or improving lands, buildings, any work of permanent public improvement, including equipment and furnishing, therefore, title to which shall be in the public.

Proceeds of the 1/2% sales tax are dedicated to operating, maintaining, and purchasing of supplies for the police, fire, and street departments. The 1/2% sales tax is allocated 1/8% to police, 1/8% to fire, and 1/4% to streets.

#### (3) Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits

Under state law, the Village may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The Village may invest in direct obligations of the United States government, bonds, debentures, notes or other evidence of indebtedness issues or guaranteed by federal agencies and/or the United States government, and time certificates of deposit of the state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Village's deposits may not be recovered, or the Village will not be able to recover the collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. The Village does not have a policy for custodial credit risk; however, under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or similar federal security, or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank by a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Deposit balances of \$526,252 (bank balances) were fully secured by federal deposit insurance at June 30, 2022.

### (4) <u>Restricted Assets - Proprietary Fund Type</u>

Restricted assets in the amount of \$130,836 consisted of customer deposit funds.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements

## (5) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	<u>\$ 19,053</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$ 19,053</u>
Other capital assets:				
Infrastructure	576,845	-	-	576,845
Buildings	711,875	-	-	711,875
Equipment, furniture and fixtures	256,335	9,545	5,190	260,690
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated	1,545,055	9,545	5,190	1,549,410
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Infrastructure	166,904	34,130	-	201,034
Buildings	260,019	16,053	-	276,072
Equipment, furniture and fixtures	193,700	21,617	5,190	210,127
Total accumulated depreciation	620,623	71,800	5,190	687,233
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated, net	924,432	(62,255)		862,177
Governmental activities,				
capital assets, net	<u>\$ 943,485</u>	<u>\$ (62,255</u> )	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 881,230

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General government				\$ 2,369
Police				19,111
Recreation				18,459
Streets				31,861
Total depreciation expense				\$71,800
	Daginning			Endina
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance

Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 22,614	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 22,614
Right of ways	 1,041	 -	 -	 1,041
Total capital assets, not being				
depreciated	 23,655	 -	 -	 23,655

### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Other capital assets:				
Gas and water system	2,292,122	-	-	2,292,122
Sewer system	4,022,915	11,678	-	4,034,593
Machinery and equipment	303,509	4,710	-	308,219
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated	6,618,546	16,388		6,634,934
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Gas and water system	1,602,001	45,768	-	1,647,769
Sewer system	2,431,551	70,886	-	2,502,437
Machinery and equipment	243,079	33,638	-	276,717
Total accumulated depreciation	4,276,631	150,292		4,426,923
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated, net	2,341,915	(133,904)		2,208,011
Business-type activities,				
capital assets, net	\$ 2,365,570	<u>\$(133,904)</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 2,231,666

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type activities as follows:

Gas and water	\$ 67,923
Sewer	82,369
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$150,292</u>

## (6) <u>Unearned Grant Revenues</u>

Unearned grant revenues of \$158,842 were related to federal funds received from the Coronavirus State and Local Recovery Fund.

## (7) <u>Changes in Long-Term Liabilities</u>

The following is a summary of debt transactions of the Village:

	Beginning	Additions	Deletions	Ending	Due in One Year
Business-Type Activities					
Direct borrowings/placements					
Revenue bonds	\$ 22,181	\$ -	\$ 22,181	\$ -	\$ -
Lease payable	199,816		37,347	162,469	38,612
Total	\$221,997	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 59,528</u>	<u>\$162,469</u>	\$38,612

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

#### Debts outstanding at June 30, 2022 were comprised of the following:

The Village entered into a \$366,948 Financed Purchase Agreement on April 11, 2016 for the purchase and installation of radio read gas and water utility meters. Monthly installments of \$3,620 are due through June 2026 at an annual interest rate of 3.334%. In the event of a default the Village may elect to cancel the agreement and surrender possession of the property under lease. However, under no circumstances is the Village liable for any amount in excess of the sum appropriated for the previous and current fiscal years, less all amounts previously due and paid during the previous and current fiscal years from amounts so appropriated.

\$ 162,469

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Capital lease is due as follows:

	Direct Borrowing Debt				
Year ending	Principal	Interest			
June 30,	payments	payments	Total		
2023	\$ 38,612	\$ 4,730	\$ 43,342		
2024	39,919	3,523	43,442		
2025	41,271	2,172	43,443		
2026	42,667	774	43,441		
Total	<u>\$ 162,469</u>	<u>\$ 11,199</u>	<u>\$ 173,668</u>		

#### (8) <u>Pension Plan</u>

The Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System (MPERS) is the administrator of a cost-sharing multiple-employer pension plan. Membership in the MPERS is mandatory for any fulltime police officer employed by a municipality of the State of Louisiana and engaged in law enforcement, empowered to make arrests, provided he or she does not have to pay social security and provided he or she meets certain statutory criteria. During the current fiscal year, several eligible employees of the Village elected to begin participating in MPERS. For the year ended June 30, 2022, contribution rates due for employers and employees under the plan were 29.75% and 10.00%, respectively. The Village reported total pension expense of \$17,747 for the year ending June 30, 2022. The Village's proportionate share of the plan's net pension liability, pension expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are undeterminable at June 30, 2022.

### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

### (9) <u>Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Mayor</u>

The detail of compensation, benefits, and other payments paid to Mayor, Beryl Holmes, for the year ended June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Purpose	Amount
Salary	\$ 9,450
Reimbursements	454
Travel	348
Total	<u>\$10,252</u>

### (10) <u>Compensation of Village Officials</u>

A detail of compensation paid to the Alderman is as follows:

Elected Official	Office	Term	Salary	Term Expiration
Shannon Sampson	Alderman	4 years	\$ 4,050	December 31, 2022
Felix Benjamin	Alderman	4 years	4,050	December 31, 2022
Oscar Goody, Jr.	Alderman	4 years	4,050	December 31, 2022
			\$12,150	

### (11) <u>On-Behalf Payments</u>

The State of Louisiana paid the Village's policemen \$13,550 of supplemental pay during the year ended June 30, 2022. Such payments are recorded as intergovernmental revenues and public safety expenditures in the government-wide and General Fund financial statements.

### (12) Interfund Transactions

Transfers consisted of the following:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out	
Governmental Funds:			
General fund	\$ 368,983	\$ -	
Sales tax fund		198,604	
Total governmental funds	368,983	198,604	

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Enterprise funds:		
Gas and water utility fund	-	178,829
Sewer utility fund	8,450	
Total enterprise funds	8,450	178,829
Total	<u>\$ 377,433</u>	<u>\$ 377,433</u>

Transfers are used to (a) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to (b) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

#### (13) Litigation and Claims

At June 30, 2022, the Village is a defendant in pending litigation. While damages are alleged, the outcome of this litigation cannot be predicted with certainty. An uninsured judgement has been awarded against the Village; however, appropriations to pay this judgement have not been authorized by the Board of Aldermen.

### (14) Risk Management

The Village is exposed to risks of loss in the areas of health care, general and auto liability, property hazards and workers' compensation. All of these risks are handled by purchasing commercial insurance coverage. There have been no significant reductions in the insurance coverage during the year, nor have settlements exceeded insurance coverage for the past three years.

### (15) Implementation of New Accounting Pronouncement

For 2022, the Village implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases* which enhances the relevance and consistency of information related to the government's leasing activities. GASB Statement No. 87 establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financing the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The result of the implementation did not result in the restatement of prior period financials, as the overall effect to beginning Net Position of the Government Wide Financial Statements was immaterial.

## **REQUIRED** SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## VILLAGE OF MOREAUVILLE, LOUISIANA General Fund

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Buc	lget		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 81,204	\$ 77,118	\$ 78,591	\$ 1,473	
Licenses and permits	47,941	36,236	47,414	11,178	
Intergovernmental	8,472	55,361	20,553	(34,808)	
Fines and forfeits	45,000	36,000	35,250	(750)	
Rental income	10,000	12,800	12,150	(650)	
Miscellaneous	35,565	62,409	62,845	436	
Total revenues	228,182	279,924	256,803	(23,121)	
Expenditures:					
General government -					
Finance and administrative	202,513	227,261	214,194	13,067	
Public safety -					
Police	208,894	292,261	297,427	(5,166)	
Fire	16,800	5,680	5,680	-	
Public works -					
Streets and sidewalks	1,098	-	-	-	
Recreation	16,885	28,011	37,540	(9,529)	
Capital outlay		9,542	9,545	(3)	
Total expenditures	446,190	562,755	564,386	(1,631)	
Deficiency of revenues					
over expenditures	(218,008)	(282,831)	(307,583)	(24,752)	
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in (out) -					
Gas and Water Utility Fund	155,000	132,698	166,649	33,951	
Sewer Fund	-	3,730	3,730	-	
Sales Tax Fund	194,038	198,604	198,604	-	
Total Transfers in (out)	349,038	335,032	368,983	33,951	
Net change in fund balance	131,030	52,201	61,400	9,199	
Fund balance, beginning	141,359	141,359	141,359		
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ 272,389</u>	<u>\$ 193,560</u>	<u>\$ 202,759</u>	\$ 9,199	

# VILLAGE OF MOREAUVILLE, LOUISIANA Sales Tax Fund

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Buc	lget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues: Taxes -				
Sales	\$ 249,392	\$ 207,149	\$ 231,750	\$ 24,601
Other	47		14	14
Total revenues	249,439	207,149	231,764	24,615
Expenditures: General government Public safety -	-	-	2,777	(2,777)
Police	-	-	276	(276)
Fire	7,000	6,881	26,113	(19,232)
Total expenditures	7,000	6,881	29,166	(22,285)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	242,439	200,268	202,598	2,330
Other financing uses: Transfers out - General Fund	(215,890)	(198,604)	(198,604)	
Net change in fund balance	26,549	1,664	3,994	2,330
Fund balance, beginning	31,469	31,469	31,469	
Fund balance, ending	\$ 58,018	\$ 33,133	\$ 35,463	<u>\$ 2,330</u>

#### Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### (1) Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The Village follows the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Mayor meets with the Board of Aldermen and Village Clerk to review the prior year revenue and expenditures as a basis for projecting the current fiscal year budget.
- 2. Anticipated changes from the prior year are considered and reflected in the projections.
- 3. Once adopted, the budget is made available for public inspection and a budget summary is published in the Village's designated official journal.
- 4. The Village does not formally integrate its budget as a management tool.
- 5. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 6. Budgets for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Mayor and Board of Alderman. Such amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriation.

#### (2) Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

The Village incurred expenditures in excess of appropriations in the General and Sales Tax Fund, respectively.

**OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

**OTHER INFORMATION** 

# VILLAGE OF MOREAUVILLE, LOUISIANA General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Revenues

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Buc	lget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Taxes:				
Ad valorem	\$ 24,100	\$ 23,500	\$ 23,237	\$ (263)
Franchise -				
Electric	47,561	45,500	47,499	1,999
Telephone	4,001	1,618	1,418	(200)
Cable TV	5,542	6,500	6,437	(63)
Total taxes	81,204	77,118	78,591	1,473
Licenses and permits:				
Insurance licenses	33,089	18,678	29,700	11,022
Occupational licenses	13,652	16,960	16,760	(200)
Building permits	1,200	598	954	356
Total licenses and permits	47,941	36,236	47,414	11,178
Intergovernmental:				
Federal grants	-	48,351	-	(48,351)
State of Louisiana -		·		
Beer taxes	3,272	1,810	1,803	(7)
Supplemental pay	-	-	13,550	13,550
Department of Transportation -				
Grass cutting	5,200	5,200	5,200	
Total intergovernmental	8,472	55,361	20,553	(34,808)
Fines and forfeits:				
Fines and court costs	45,000	36,000	35,250	(750)
Recreation:				
Rental income	10,000	12,800	12,150	(650)
Miscellaneous:				
Interest	300	-	-	-
Casino funds	3,000	40,155	40,713	558
Other sources	32,265	22,254	22,132	(122)
Total miscellaneous	35,565	62,409	62,845	436
Total revenues	\$ 228,182	<u>\$ 279,924</u>	\$ 256,803	<u>\$ (23,121)</u>

# VILLAGE OF MOREAUVILLE, LOUISIANA General Fund

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

				Variance with Final Budget
	Bu	dget		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
General government:				
Administration:				
Salaries	\$ 86,600	\$ 86,662	\$ 86,662	\$ -
Payroll taxes	23,208	-	7,592	(7,592)
Insurance	42,290	34,940	34,940	-
Legal and professional fees	25,565	46,000	42,625	3,375
Benefits	-	34,709	18,153	16,556
Other	24,850	24,950	24,222	728
Total general government	202,513	_227,261	214,194	13,067
Public safety -				
Police:				
Salaries	180,827	182,963	197,353	(14,390)
Payroll taxes	-	20,930	14,543	6,387
Automobile expense	12,526	20,119	20,046	73
Insurance	-	5,172	5,172	-
Benefits	-	29,107	29,243	(136)
Supplies and equipment	6,234	7,300	4,280	3,020
Other	9,307	26,670	26,790	(120)
Total police	208,894	292,261	297,427	(5,166)
Fire:				
Insurance	16,800	5,680	5,680	
Total fire	16,800	5,680	5,680	
Recreation -				
Tennis courts and park:				
Materials and supplies	2,265		4,049	(4,049)
Total tennis courts and park	2,265		4,049	(4,049)
Community center:				
Insurance		1,099	1,099	-
Other	14,620	26,912	32,392	(5,480)
Total community center	14,620	28,011	33,491	(5,480)
Total recreation	16,885	28,011	37,540	(9,529)

(continued)

# VILLAGE OF MOREAUVILLE, LOUISIANA General Fund

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Bu	ıdget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Streets and sidewalks -				
Maintenance	1,098			-
Total streets and sidewalks	1,098			
Capital outlay:				
Police department	-	6,500	9,545	(3,045)
Recreation department		3,042		3,042
Total capital outlay		9,542	9,545	(3)
Total expenditures	\$ 446,190	<u>\$ 562,755</u>	<u>\$ 564,386</u>	<u>\$ (1,631)</u>

# VILLAGE OF MOREAUVILLE Moreauville, Louisiana

# Justice System Funding Schedule - Collecting/Disbursing Entity As Required by ACT 87 of the 2020 Regular Legislative Session General Fund Cash Basis Presentation Year Ended June 30, 2022

	First Six Month Period Ended 12/31/2021	Second Six Month Period Ended 06/30/2022	
Beginning balance of amounts collected	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	
Add: Collections			
Criminal Court Costs/Fees	22,764	12,486	
Total collections	22,764	12,486	
Less: Disbursements to Governments and Nonprofits			
Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement -			
Crime Victims Reparation Fund/POST LE Training Louisiana Supreme Court -	993	464	
Case Management Information System Louisiana Dept. of Health -	165	184	
Traumatic Head and Spinal Cord Injury Trust Fund	330	145	
Central Louisiana Juvenile Detention Center	825	1,193	
Less: Amounts retained by collecting agency			
Criminal Court Costs/Fees	20,451	10,500	
Total disbursements	22,764	12,486	
Total ending balance of amounts collected			
but not disbursed/retained	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	

# VILLAGE OF MOREAUVILLE, LOUISIANA Enterprise Fund Utility Fund

# Schedule of Number of Utility Customers Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Records maintained by the Village indicated the following number of customers were being serviced during the month of June, 2022 and 2021:

Department	2022	2021
Water and Gas:		
Commercial	28	28
Residential	1,478	1,478
Total	1,506	1,506
Sewerage:		
Commercial	10	10
Residential	470	470
Total	480	480

# Schedule of Insurance In Force June 30, 2022

Description of Coverage	Asset Covered	Amount of Coverage	Insurance Company	Policy Number	Expiration Date
Workers' Compensation	Employees	\$100,000 each accident, \$100,000 each employee \$500,000 policy limit	1st Insurance	155500-S	4/1/2023
Property Policy	Community Center City Hall 125,000 G Water Tower 50,000 G Water Tower Building at Towers Building at Sewer Plant	\$350,000/\$50,000 \$350,000/\$50,000 \$350,000 \$150,000 \$50,000 \$100,000	1st Insurance	PEN0005129-00	4/1/2023 4/1/2023
General Liability	N/A	\$500,000 occurrence \$1,000,000 General Aggregate	1st Insurance	PEN0005129-00	4/1/2023
Physical Damage	Vehicles	\$500,000	1st Insurance	PEN0005129-00	4/1/2023
Inland Marine	Contractor's Equipment Water & Gas Meters	\$164,572 \$366,949	1st Insurance	PEN0005129-00	4/1/2023
Bond Insurance	Various Employees	\$50,000	CNA Surety	601-18198437	3/31/2023

# VILLAGE OF MOREAUVILLE, LOUISIANA Enterprise Fund - Utility Fund

# Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenses Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
Operating revenues:		
Gas sales	\$454,681	\$484,609
Water sales	229,445	245,143
Sewerage sales	121,759	131,777
Installation and other charges	57,800	28,282
Total operating revenues	863,685	889,811
Operating expenses:		
Gas purchased	167,973	121,358
Water purchased	137,361	116,861
Salaries and related benefits	199,927	197,377
Depreciation	150,292	142,756
Maintenance and repairs	30,185	27,723
Supplies	67,075	45,868
Insurance	-	28,053
Truck and tractor expenses	7,050	4,161
Office expense	8,659	5,857
Legal and professional	3,125	17,460
Utilities and telephone	38,357	26,940
Testing and sludge removal	4,896	8,608
Gas and oil	21,569	12,070
Miscellaneous	35,637	4,616
Total operating expenses	872,106	759,708
Net operating income (loss)	<u>\$ (8,421)</u>	<u>\$130,103</u>

# VILLAGE OF MOREAUVILLE, LOUISIANA Enterprise Fund Utility Fund

# Utility Rate Schedule June 30, 2022

Records maintained by the Village indicated utility rates as follows:

Water, Sewerage, and Gas Department	Rate per Unit	Flat Rate	Minimum Charge
Water rates	\$4.50 per thousand gallons after 2,000 gallons	-	\$15.50 up to 2,000 gallons
Sewer rates	\$3.00 per thousand gallons	-	\$5.00 base fees
Gas rates - in town	.01316 per unit of mcf after 1,000 mcf	\$ 7.00	\$.00716 per 1,000 mcf
Gas rates - out of town	.01336 per unit of mcf after 1,000 mcf	\$ 8.00	\$.00716 per 1,000 mcf

# VILLAGE OF MOREAUVILLE, LOUISIANA Enterprise Fund Utility Fund

# Accounts Receivable Aging Schedule June 30, 2022

Records maintained by the Village indicated accounts receivables aging as follows:

Department		2022
Water, Sewerage and Gas:		
Current	\$	55,878
30 to 60 days		22,824
61 to 90 days		-
Over 90 days		-
Total	\$	78,702

# INTERNAL CONTROL, COMPLIANCE

AND

**OTHER MATTERS** 

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# **KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC**

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Beryl Holmes, Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Village of Moreauville, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the Village of Moreauville, Louisiana as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village of Moreauville, Louisiana's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 4, 2022.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village of Moreauville, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Moreauville, Louisiana's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Moreauville, Louisiana's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant *deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist

that were not identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of current findings and prior year findings and management's corrective action plan as items 2022-001, 2022-002 and 2022-003, that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed two instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan as items 2022-004 and 2022-005.

#### Village of Moreauville, Louisiana's Response to Findings

*Government Auditing Standards* requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Village of Moreauville's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of current findings and prior year findings and management's corrective action plan. The Village's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### **Purpose of this report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

*Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC* Certified Public Accountants

Alexandria, Louisiana November 4, 2022

#### Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### Part I: Current Year Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan

#### A. Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

2022-001 Inadequate Segregation of Accounting Functions

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: Unknown

CONDITION: The Village of Moreauville did not have adequate segregation of functions within the accounting system.

CRITERIA: AU-C §315.04, Understanding the Entity and its Environment and Assessing the Risks of Material Misstatement, defines internal control as follows:

"Internal control is a process, affected by those charged with governance, management, and other personnel, designed to provide reasonable assurance about the achievement of objectives with regard to reliability of financial reporting, effectiveness and efficiency of operations, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations."

CAUSE: The cause of the condition is the fact that the Village does not have a sufficient number of staff performing administrative and financial duties so as to provide adequate segregation of accounting and financial duties.

EFFECT: Failure to adequately segregate accounting and financial functions increases the risk that errors and/or irregularities including fraud and/or defalcations may occur and not be prevented and/or detected.

RECOMMENDATION: Management should reassign incompatible duties among different employees to ensure that a single employee does not have control of more than one of the following responsibilities: (1) authorization; (2) custody; (3) recordkeeping; and (4) reconciliation.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: The Village concurs with the audit finding. Due to the size of staffing, the achievement of adequate segregation of duties is desirable, but cost prohibitive. All efforts are made to segregate duties where feasible. In an effort to establish more sound controls the Board of Aldermen monitors activity and account balances in all funds.

#### Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### 2022-002 Application of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP)

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2007

CONDITION: Management and staff lack the expertise and/or experience in the selection and application of generally accepted accounting principle, as applicable to governmental entities in the financial statement preparation process.

CRITERIA: The Village's internal control over financial reporting includes policies and procedures that pertain to its ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions embodied in the financial statements, including the ability of management and staff to detect potential misstatements that may exist in the financial statements and related disclosures.

CAUSE: The cause of the condition results from a reliance on the external auditor as part of the internal control process.

EFFECT: Financial statements and related supporting transactions may reflect a departure from generally accepted accounting principles.

RECOMMENDATION: Management should evaluate the additional costs required to achieve the desired benefit and determine if it is economically feasible in relation to the benefit received.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: We evaluated the cost vs. benefit of establishing enhanced controls over financial reporting and determined that it would not be cost effective to enhance these controls. Currently, our financial staff receives annual training related to their job duties and we carefully review the financial statements, related notes, and all proposed adjustments. All questions are adequately addressed by our auditors which allows us to appropriately supervise these functions. We feel that we have taken appropriate steps to reduce the financial statement risk caused by this finding.

2022-003 <u>Utility Accounts Receivable and Customer Deposits Subsidiary Ledger</u>

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2022

CONDITION: The Village is not maintaining an accurate subsidiary ledger for utility accounts receivables and customer deposits. The subsidiary ledgers are not being reconciled to the meter cash account balances and general ledger accounts, respectively.

#### Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan Year Ended June 30, 2022

CRITERIA: Internal controls should be in place to reconcile the subsidiary ledgers for utility accounts receivable and customer deposits to the general ledger to ensure all activity is properly recorded.

CAUSE: The cause of the condition is the fact that the Village is not maintaining and reconciling the accounts receivables and customer deposit subsidiary ledgers to the general ledgers on a regular basis.

EFFECT: Failure to maintain and reconcile these subsidiary ledgers could result in missing cash and customers not receiving proper credit for billings and deposits.

RECOMMENDATION: The accounts receivable and customer deposit subsidiary ledgers should be maintained and reconciled to the cash account and general ledger on a monthly basis.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: The Village is working to develop policies and procedures to ensure the timely reconciliation of utility accounts receivables and utility customer deposits subsidiary ledgers to the general ledger balances.

B. <u>Compliance</u>

2022-004 Budget Noncompliance

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2020

CONDITION: Actual revenues failed to meet budgeted revenues by more than 5% in the General Fund. Actual expenditures exceeded budget expenditures by more than 5% in the Sales Tax Fund.

CRITERIA: Louisiana State Statue RS 39:1311 *Budgetary Authority and Control,* provides for budget amendments when:

"(1) Total revenues and other sources plus projected revenues and other sources for the remainder of the year, within a fund, are failing to meet total budgeted revenues and other sources by 5% or more."

"(2) Total actual expenditures and other uses plus projected expenditures and other uses for the remainder of the year, within a fund, are exceeding the total budgeted expenditures and other uses by 5% or more."

CAUSE: The cause of the condition is the result of a failure to design or implement policies and procedures necessary to monitor revenues in the General Fund and expenditures in the Sales Tax Fund.

#### Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan Year Ended June 30, 2022

EFFECT: The Village may not prevent and/or detect compliance violations as a result of actual revenues failing to meet budgeted revenues in the General Fund and actual expenditures exceeding budgeted expenditures in the Sales Tax Fund in a timely manner.

RECOMMENDATION: Management should periodically compare actual revenues and expenditures to budgeted revenues and expenditures in the General Fund and the Sales Tax Fund to identify the need for budget amendments in a timelier manner.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: Management has agreed to adhere to the provisions of LSA-RS: 39:1911 et seq by monitoring financial statements closely and amending the budget in the event that actual plus projected revenues fail to meet budgeted revenues by 5% or more and actual expenditures plus projected expenditures exceed budgeted expenditures by 5% or more.

2022-005 Record Retention Issues

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2022

CONDITION: During the course of conducting our audit, it was noted that the Village was unable to provide sufficient supporting documentation for selected transactions as requested.

CRITERIA: LA R.S. 44:36 requires agencies to maintain records to support transactions for a minimum of three years from the date the record is created, unless required to be maintained by specific state statue.

CAUSE: The Village did not retain supporting documentation for specific transactions during the year ended June 30, 2022.

EFFECT: Failure to maintain proper supporting documentation for transactions is a violation of state statues. Also, the lack of proper documentation makes it difficult to determine if the transaction was appropriate, necessary for Village's operations and properly reported.

RECOMMEDATION: The Village should develop policies and procedures to ensure that proper support is maintained for all transactions as required under state statues.

MANAGEMENT CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: The Village is working to implement policies and procedures related to record retention of documentation. Additionally, the Village has enhanced its record organization procedures to ensure easy access to complete documentation for all Village transactions.

#### Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### Part II: Prior Year Findings:

#### A. Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

2021-001 Inadequate Segregation of Functions

CONDITION: The Village of Moreauville did not have adequate segregation of functions within the accounting system.

RECOMMENDATION: Management should reassign incompatible duties among different employees to ensure that a single employee does not have control of more than one of the following responsibilities: (1) authorization; (2) custody; (3) recordkeeping; and (4) reconciliation.

CURRENT STATUS: Unresolved. See item 2022-001.

2021-002 Application of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP)

CONDITION: The Village of Moreauville does not have adequate internal controls over recording the entity's financial transactions or preparing its financial statements, including the related notes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

RECOMMENDATION: Management should evaluate the additional costs required to achieve the desired benefit and determine if it is economically feasible in relation to the benefit received.

CURRENT STATUS: Unresolved. See item 2022-002.

B. <u>Compliance</u>

2021-003 Budget noncompliance

CONDITION: Actual expenditures in the Sales Tax fund exceed budgeted expenditures by more than five percent.

RECOMMENDATION: Management should periodically compare actual expenditures to budgeted expenditures in the Sales Tax Fund to identify the need for budget amendments in a timelier manner.

CURRENT STATUS: Unresolved. See item 2022-004.

Village of Moreauville Moreauville, Louisiana

Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures Report

Fiscal Period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022

# KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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# INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

To the Board of the Village of Moreauville, and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. The Village of Moreauville's management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

The Village of Moreauville has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purpose. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

#### Written Policies and Procedures

- 1. Obtained and inspected the entity's written policies and procedures and observed that they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations:
  - a) *Budgeting*, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.
  - b) *Purchasing*, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.

Member of: SOCIETY OF LOUISIANA CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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- c) *Disbursements*, including processing, reviewing, and approving.
- d) *Receipts/Collections*, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g. periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).
- e) *Payroll/Personnel*, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee(s) rate of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.
- f) *Contracting*, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.
- g) *Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable)*, including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).
- h) *Travel and expense reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.
- i) *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that document is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.
- j) *Debt Service*, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.
- k) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.

# We performed the procedures and discussed the results with management.

1) *Sexual Harassment*, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

# **Board or Finance Committee**

- 2. Obtained and inspected the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:
  - a) Observed that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
  - b) For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, we observed that the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds. *Alternately, for those entities reporting on the non-profit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.*
  - c) For governmental entities, we obtained the prior year audit report and observed the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, we observed that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unrestricted fund balance in the general fund.

# **Bank Reconciliations**

- 3. Obtained a listing of client bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Asked management to identify the entity's main operating account. Selected the entity's main operating account and randomly selected 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly selected one month from the fiscal period, obtained and inspected the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for selected each account, and observed that:
  - a) Bank reconciliations included evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged);
  - b) Bank reconciliations included evidence that a member of management/board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and
  - c) Management has documentation reflecting that it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

- 4. Obtained a listing of <u>deposit sites</u> for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly selected 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).
- 5. For each deposit site selected, obtained a listing of <u>collection locations</u> and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly selected one collection location for each deposit site (i.e. 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtained and inspected written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observed that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:
  - a) Employees that are responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers.
  - b) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g. pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit.
  - c) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.
  - d) The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.
- 6. Obtained from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observed the bond or insurance policy for theft was enforced during the fiscal period.
- 7. Randomly selected two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for procedure #3 under "Bank Reconciliations" above (selected the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly selected a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). *Alternately, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc.* Obtained supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:
  - a) Observed that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.
  - b) Traced sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.
  - c) Traced the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.
  - d) Observed that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection

location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).

e) Traced the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

# Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

- 8. Obtained a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly selected 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).
- 9. For each location selected under #8 above, obtained a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtained written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, inquired of employees about their job duties), and observed that job duties are properly segregated such that:
  - a) At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase.
  - b) At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.
  - c) The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.
  - d) Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.
- 10. For each location selected under #8 above, obtained the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtained management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly selected 5 disbursements for each location, obtained supporting documentation for each transaction and:
  - a) Observed whether the disbursement matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity.
  - b) Observed that the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #9, as applicable.

# Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

11. Obtained from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtained management's representation that the listing is complete.

- 12. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly selected 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly selected one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement), obtained supporting documentation, and:
  - a) Observed that there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) were reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved), by someone other than the authorized card holder. [Note: Requiring such approval may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality); these instances should not be reported.]
  - b) Observed that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.
- 13. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, excluding fuel cards, randomly selected 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtained supporting documentation for the transactions (i.e. each card should have 10 transactions subject to testing). For each transaction, observed that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and note whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

# Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

- 14. Obtained from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly selected 5 reimbursements, obtained the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:
  - a) If reimbursed using a per diem, observed the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov).
  - b) If reimbursed using actual costs, observed that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.
  - c) Observed that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by written policy (procedure #1h).
  - d) Observed each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

# **Contracts**

- 15. Obtained from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. *Alternately, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list.* Obtained management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly selected 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and:
  - a) Observed that the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.
  - b) Observed whether the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g. Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter).
  - c) If the contract was amended (e.g. change order), observed that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, was approval documented).
  - d) Randomly selected one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agreed the invoice to the contract terms, and observe the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

# Payroll and Personnel

- 16. Obtained a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly selected 5 employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agreed paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.
- 17. Randomly selected one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under #16 above, obtained attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:
  - a) Observed all selected employees/officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory). (Note: Generally, an elected official is not eligible to earn leave and do not document their attendance and leave. However, if the official is earning leave according to policy and/or contract, the official should document his/her daily attendance and leave.)
  - b) Observed whether supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials.
  - c) Observed any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records.

- d) Observed the rate paid to the employees or officials agree to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.
- 18. Obtained a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly selected two employees or officials, obtained related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. Agreed the hours to the employee or officials' cumulate leave records, agreed the pay rates to the employee or officials' authorized pay rates in the employee or officials' personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.
- 19. Obtained management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

# **Ethics**

- 20. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above obtained ethics documentation from management, and:
  - a. Observed whether the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the fiscal period.
  - b. Observed whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.

# **Debt Service**

- 21. Obtained a listing of bonds/notes issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Selected all debt instruments on the listing, obtained supporting documentation, and observed State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued.
- 22. Obtained a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly selected one bond/note, inspected debt covenants, obtained supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agreed actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

# Fraud Notice

23. Obtained a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Selected all misappropriations on the listing, obtained supporting documentation, and observed that the entity reported the

misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled.

24. Observed the entity has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

# Information Technology Disaster Recovery/ Business Continuity

- 25. Performed the following procedures, verbally discussed the results with management, and report "We performed the procedures and discussed the results with management."
  - a) Obtained and inspected the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observed that such backup occurred within the past week. If backups are stored on a physical medium (e.g., tapes, CDs), observed evidence that backups are encrypted before being transported.
  - b) Obtained and inspected the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if no written documentation, inquired of personnel responsible for testing/ verifying backup restoration) and observed evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.
  - c) Obtained a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly selected 5 computers and observed while management demonstrated that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.

# We performed the procedures and discussed the results with management.

# Sexual Harassment

- 26. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, obtained sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observed the documentation demonstrated each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year.
- 27. Observed the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and compliant procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).
- 28. Obtained the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observed that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observed it includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
  - a) Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements.

- b) Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency.
- c) Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and
- d) Amount of time it took to resolve each compliant.

### **Findings:**

No exceptions were found as a result of applying procedures listed above except:

# Written Policies and Procedures:

The Village of Moreauville's written sexual harassment policies do not include R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

# Board:

The Village of Moreauville does not reference or include monthly budget to actual comparisons for the General Fund and any major special revenue fund, as well as monthly financial statements for each major proprietary fund in the board meetings minutes.

# **Bank Reconciliations:**

Five out of five bank reconciliations examined did not include evidence that a member of management/board member, who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks, has reviewed each bank reconciliation.

Five out of five bank reconciliations examined, did not include evidence of management researching reconciling items outstanding more than 12 months from the statement closing date.

# Cash Collections:

At the deposit site tested, both the Village Clerk, and the Assistant Clerk collect cash and share the register/drawer.

At the deposit site tested, the person responsible for collecting cash, is also responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, and reconciling cash collections to the general ledger by revenue source and/or agency fund additions.

The Village of Moreauville does not issue sequentially pre-numbered receipts for cash collections.

# **Disbursements:**

For two out of five disbursements tested, no evidence was provided to indicate that at least two employees were involved in 1) initiating, approving, and making the purchase, nor 2) processing and approving the payments to vendors.

The employee responsible for processing payments is not prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files.

For two out of five disbursements tested, the documentation did not include evidence of segregation of duties.

# Credit/Debit/Fuel Cards:

Five out of seven transactions tested on the monthly statement did not contain written evidence of the specific business/public purpose of the purchase.

# **Travel and Expense Reimbursement:**

One out of five expense reimbursements were not supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.

# **Payroll and Personnel:**

One out of five employees selected did not have documentation of their daily attendance.

Three out of five employees had no salary/pay rate information maintained in their personnel file.

# Ethics:

No evidence of completion of one hour of annual ethics training for the fiscal year was provided for three out of five employees tested.

# Fraud Notice:

The Village of Moreauville does not have posted on its premises or website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

# Sexual Harassment:

No evidence of completion of one hour of annual sexual harassment training for the fiscal year was provided for five out of five employees tested.

The Village of Moreauville did not prepare an annual sexual harassment report as provided by the requirements of Louisiana Revised Statute 42:433.

#### Management's Response:

Management of the Village of Moreauville concurs with the exceptions and are working to address the deficiencies as identified.

We were engaged by the Village of Moreauville to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the Village of Moreauville and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Alexandria, Louisiana November 4, 2022