LAFAYETTE NEIGHBORHOODS' ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY Lafayette, Louisiana

Combined Financial Report Years Ended April 30, 2023 and 2022

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2000 Kaliste Saloom Road, Suite 300 Lafayette, LA 70508 337-232-3312
337-237-3614

DSECPAS COM

other locations: Eunice Morgan City Abbeville

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Lafayette Neighborhoods' Economic Development Corporation Lafayette, Louisiana

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Lafayette Neighborhoods' Economic Development Corporation (LNEDC) (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the combined statements of financial position as of April 30, 2023 and 2022, and the related combined statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the combined financial statements.

In our opinion, the combined financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Lafayette Neighborhoods' Economic Development Corporation as of April 30, 2023 and 2022, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Lafayette Neighborhoods' Economic Development Corporation and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the combined financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the combined financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Lafayette Neighborhoods' Economic Development Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the combined financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the combined financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the combined financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the combined financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Lafayette Neighborhoods' Economic Development Corporation's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the combined financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Lafayette Neighborhoods' Economic Development Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We did not audit the 2023 and 2022 financial statements of Evangeline Apartments, a wholly owned subsidiary, which statements reflect total assets of \$2,209,537 and \$2,118,761 as of April 30, 2023 and 2022, and total revenues of \$567,695 and \$553,973 for the years then ended. Those statements were audited by other auditors, whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Evangeline Apartments as of April 30, 2023 and 2022, and the years then ended, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Report on Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the combined financial statements as a whole. The combined statements on pages 16-19 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the combined financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the combined financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the combined financial statements or to the combined financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our

opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the combined financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 18, 2023, on our consideration of Lafayette Neighborhoods' Economic Development Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Lafayette Neighborhoods' Economic Development Corporation's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Lafayette Neighborhoods' Economic Development Corporation's internal control over financial component *Auditing Standards* in considering Lafayette Neighborhoods' Economic Development Corporation's internal control over financial component *Auditing Standards* in considering Lafayette Neighborhoods' Economic Development Corporation's internal control over financial component *Auditing Standards* in considering Lafayette Neighborhoods' Economic Development Corporation's internal control over financial component *Auditing Standards* in considering and compliance.

Darnall, Sikes & Frederick

A Corporation of Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana October 18, 2023

April 30, 2023 and 2022		
	2023	2022
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash	\$1,117,325	\$1,185,532
Loans receivable, current (net of reserve)	77,553	49,748
Accrued interest receivable	2,484	1,715
Other receivables	675	675
Prepaid expenses	56,384	38,721
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	1,254,421	1,276,391
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT		
Buildings	1,500,000	1,500,000
Building improvements	476,416	375,954
Furniture and equipment	63,436	46,747
Less: accumulated depreciation	(825,620)	(735,277)
TOTAL PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT	1,214,232	1,187,424
OTHER ASSETS		
Loans receivable (net of reserve)	308,176	241,130
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$2,776,829</u>	<u>\$2,704,945</u>
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$ 21,685	\$ 6,846
Notes payable	46,852	27,313
Tenant deposits	36,696	33,951
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	105,233	68,110
NET ASSETS		
Without donor restrictions	2,104,670	2,051,177
With donor restrictions	566,926	585,658
	· · · · ·	· <u>·····</u>
TOTAL NET ASSETS	2,671,596	2,636,835

Combined Statements of Financial Position April 30, 2023 and 2022

See independent auditor's report and notes to the combined financial statements.

\$2,776,829

\$2,704,945

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS

Combined Statements of Activities Years Ended April 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
NET ASSETS WITHOUT DONOR RESTRICTIONS		
REVENUE		
Rent - Residential	\$ 479,588	\$ 477,413
Rent - Commercial	79,600	69,400
Other	8,507	7,160
Total revenue without donor restrictions	567,695	553,973
Net assets released from restrictions	47,186	38,721
TOTAL SUPPORT, REVENUES AND OTHER SUPPORT		
WITHOUT DONOR RESTRICTIONS	614,881	592,694
EXPENSES		
Support services	561,388	459,095
Change in net assets without donor restrictions	53,493	133,599
NET ASSETS WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS		
REVENUE AND SUPPORT		
Interest - loans	27,231	26,110
Investment interest	-	25
Other	1,223	291
Total revenue and support with donor restrictions	28,454	26,426
Net assets released from donor restrictions	(47,186)	(38,721)
Change in net assets with donor restrictions	(18,732)	(12,295)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	34,761	121,304
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING	2,636,835	2,515,531
NET ASSETS, ENDING	<u>\$2,671,596</u>	<u>\$2,636,835</u>

See independent auditor's report and notes to the combined financial statements.

Combined Statements of Functional Expenses Years Ended April 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023		2022	
Support Services:				
Management & General				
Accounting	\$	11,750	\$ 12,350	
Advertising		-	175	
Bank Fees		390	402	
Bad debts		9,722	3,445	
Consulting		103,636	83,915	
Depreciation expense		90,343	82,099	
Insurance		79,308	60,847	
Interest expense		2,250	1,350	
Legal and professional		13,577	12,834	
Marketing		4,510	-	
Meals		4,011	3,788	
Meeting expense		982	2,372	
Miscellaneous		15	1,535	
Office expense		4,438	4,049	
Payroll taxes		2,453	2,368	
Property taxes		1,121	1,125	
Refund		60	-	
Repairs and maintanence		102,066	75,745	
Resident services		5,278	5,644	
Salaries		32,136	32,424	
Security		26,120	21,480	
Supplies		3,117	3,278	
Telephone		6,450	6,564	
Utilities		57,655	41,306	
Total	<u>\$</u>	<u>561,388</u>	<u>\$ 459,095</u>	

See independent auditor's report and notes to the combined financial statements.

Combined Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended April 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Increase in net assets	\$ 34,761	\$ 121,304
Adjustments to reconcile increase in net assets		
to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	90,343	82,099
(Increase) decrease in assets:		
Rent receivable	-	8,000
Loans receivable	(94,851)	20,241
Accrued interest receivable	(769)	(1,092)
Prepaids	(17,663)	(7,427)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		
Accounts payable	14,839	1,706
Deposits	2,745	266
Net cash provided by operating activities	29,405	225,097
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Cash payments for the purchase of fixed assets	(117,151)	(40,965)
Net cash used by investing activities	(117,151)	(40,965)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Net change in notes payable	19,539	4,031
Net cash provided by financing activities	19,539	4,031
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(68,207)	188,163
CASH, beginning of year	1,185,532	997,369
CASH, end of year	<u>\$1,117,325</u>	<u>\$1,185,532</u>

See independent auditor's report and notes to the combined financial statements.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Lafayette Neighborhoods' Economic Development Corporation (the Corporation) is a non-profit corporation organized under the provisions of the Cooperative Economic Development Law of the State of Louisiana.

The Corporation operates a revolving loan fund and owns and operates a piece of residential real-estate (Evangeline Apartments). The operations of the Evangeline Apartments are separately reflected in the attached combining financial statements. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

Nature of Activities

The Corporation was organized to help alleviate conditions of economic distress in the City of Lafayette's low and moderate-income neighborhoods by stimulating greater private capital investment in these target areas. To accomplish this goal, the corporation provides financing to new and expanding small businesses in Lafayette.

Evangeline Apartments is a rental building located in the downtown area of Lafayette, Louisiana. The building is used to lease ground level space to various retail businesses, while upper levels are rented to individuals as residential space. The individuals renting the residential space must meet various low income housing requirements.

Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) in its Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 958-205, Presentation of Financial Statements for Not-for-Profit Entities. Net assets and revenues, expenses, gains and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of restrictions. Accordingly, net assets of the Corporation and changes therein are classified as follows:

<u>Net Assets without Donor Restrictions</u> – Net assets that are not subject to donorimposed stipulations or grantor-imposed restrictions.

<u>Net Assets with Donor Restrictions</u> – Net assets with donor restrictions are resources that are subject to donor-imposed or grantor-imposed restrictions. Some restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that are restricted by a donor for use for a particular purpose or in a particular future period. Other restrictions may be perpetual in nature; such as those that are restricted by a donor that the resources be maintained in perpetuity.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenue and Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized when earned. Program service fees and payments under cost reimbursable contracts received in advance are deferred to the applicable period in which the related services are performed, or expenditures are incurred, respectively. Contributions are recognized when cash, or other assets, an unconditional promise to give, or notification of a beneficial interest is received. Conditional promises to give are not recognized until the conditions on which they depend have been substantially met or the donor has explicitly released the restriction.

Revenue with and without Donor Restrictions

Contributions that are restricted by the donor are reported as increases in net assets without donor restrictions if the restrictions expire (that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished) in the reporting period in which the revenue is recognized. Contributions of property and equipment are reported as net assets with donor restrictions if the donor restricted the use of the property or equipment to a particular program, as are contributions of cash restricted to the purchase of property and equipment. Otherwise, donor restrictions on contributions of property and equipment or assets restricted for purchase of property and equipment are considered to expire when the assets are placed in service.

All other donor-restricted contributions are reported as increases in net assets with donor restrictions. When a restriction expires, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the Statement of Activities as net assets released from donor restrictions.

Income Taxes

In accordance with Rev. Proc. 95-48, 1995-2 C.B. 418, the Corporation is exempt from federal income tax under section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. As such, the Corporation is not required to file annual information return Form 990. The Revenue Procedure specifically exempts from filings "affiliates of governmental units that are exempt from federal income tax under section 501(a)".

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Corporation considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The Corporation has no cash equivalents as of April 30, 2023 and 2022.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Loans Receivable and Allowance for Loan Losses

Loans receivable are carried at unpaid principal balances, less an allowance for loan losses. The allowance for loan losses is increased by charges to the change in net assets and decreased by charge-offs (net of recoveries). Management's periodic evaluation of the adequacy of the allowance is based on the Corporation's past loan loss experience, specific impaired loans, adverse situations that may affect the borrower's ability to repay, estimated value of any underlying collateral, and current economic conditions. Past due status is determined based on contractual terms. Loans are considered impaired if full principal or interest payments are not anticipated in accordance with the contractual terms. The Corporation's practice is to charge off any loan or portion of a loan when the loan is determined by management to be uncollectible due to the borrower's failure to meet repayment terms, the borrower's deteriorating or deteriorated financial condition, the depreciation of the underlying collateral, or for other reasons.

Loans are placed on nonaccrual when management believes, after considering economic conditions, business conditions, and collection efforts that the loans are impaired or collection of interest is doubtful. Uncollected interest previously accrued is charged off or an allowance is established by a charge to interest income. Interest income on nonaccrual loans is recognized only to the extent cash payments are received.

Interest on loans is recognized over the term of the loan and is calculated using the simpleinterest method on principal amounts outstanding.

Depreciation

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Depreciation expense is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets.

Assets	Years
Building	27
Building improvements	15-27
Furniture and equipment	10

Depreciation expense for the years ended April 30, 2023 and 2022 was \$90,343 and \$82,099, respectively.

Uses of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of providing the various programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of activities. The Statement of Functional Expenses presents the natural classification of expenses by function. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among supporting services benefited.

Adoption of FASB ASC 842

Effective May 1, 2022, LNEDC adopted FASB ASC 842, Leases. The Corporation determines if an arrangement contains a lease at inception based on whether the Corporation has the right to control the asset during the contract period and other facts and circumstances. The Corporation elected the package of practical expedients permitted under the transition guidance within the new standard, which among other things, allowed it to carry forward the historical lease classification.

The adoption of FASB ASC 842 did not result in the recognition of a right-of-use asset or operating lease liabilities due to the lease terms considered to be short-term.

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated events subsequent to the balance sheet date through October 18, 2023, the date the combined financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 2 AVAILABILITY AND LIQUIDITY

The following represents the Corporation's financial assets available for general expenditures that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use as of April 30, 2023:

Financial assets at year end:	
Cash	\$ 1,117,325
Loans receivable	77,553
Accrued interest receivable	2,484
Other receivables	675
Prepaid expenses	56,384
Total financial assets	1,254,421
Less: those unavailable for general expenditures	
within one year, due to:	
Restricted for debt repayment	(46,852)
Total financial assets available to meet general	
expenditures over the next twelve months	<u>\$1,207,569</u>

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

NOTE 3 FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The fair value of the loans receivable calculated using current rates for loans with similar maturities approximates their carrying amount.

Based on current borrowing rates, the fair value of notes payable approximates their carrying value.

NOTE 4 LOANS RECEIVABLE

Loans receivable are comprised of loans to local business owners in a specific geographical area who are unable to obtain loan approval through conventional methods. These loans were made for working capital, debt refinancing, and fixed asset acquisition. Collateral is comprised of chattel mortgages on business equipment and collateral mortgages on real estate. Interest is accrued on outstanding loans from the date of the last principal payment. The loan portfolio at April 30, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	2023		 2022
Loans receivable outstanding Less: Allowance for loan losses	\$	453,799 (68,070)	\$ 349,226 (58,348)
Loans receivable, net	\$	385,729	\$ 290,878

For the years ended April 30, 2023 and 2022, management has classified the net loans receivable into current and noncurrent maturities. Current maturities are those maturing within one year.

	2023		2022	
Current loans receivable, net	\$	77,553	\$	49,748
Noncurrent loans receivable, net		308,176		241,130
	<u>\$</u>	385,729	<u>\$</u>	290,878

Allowance for Loan Losses

Management has an established methodology to determine the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses that assesses the risks and losses inherent in the loan portfolio. The allowance requires significant judgment to determine the estimation method that fits the credit risk characteristics of its portfolio. Management uses internally developed models in this process. Management must use judgment in establishing additional input metrics for the modeling processes.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

NOTE 4 LOANS RECEIVABLE (Continued)

An analysis of the allowance for loan losses for the years ended April 30, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

		2023		2022
Balance, beginning	\$	58,348	\$	54,903
Loans written off		-		-
Increase in provision for loan losses		9,722	_	3,445
Balance, ending	<u>\$</u>	68,070	<u>\$</u>	58,348

Age Analysis of Past Due Financing Receivables

Following is a table that includes an aging analysis of the recorded investment of past due financial receivables as of April 30, 2023 and 2022. Also included are loans that are 90 days or more past due, as to interest and principal, and still accruing, because they are well-secured and in the process of collection.

		Credit	Quality Inform	nation		
	1	Age Analysis of I	Past Due Finar	ncing Receivat	oles	
			April 30, 2023			
		Greater Than			Total	Recorded Investment
30-60 Days	61-90 Days	90 Days Past	Total Past		Financing	90 Days and
Past Due	Past Due	Due	Due	Current	Receivables	Accruing
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 453,799	\$ 453,799	\$ -
	Good \$ 453,799	Sub-standard	Doubtful	Loss 	Total \$ 453,799	
		Credit	Quality Inform	nation		
	1	Age Analysis of I	Past Due Finar	ncing Receivat	oles	
			April 30, 2022			

						Recorded
		Greater Than			Total	Investment
30-60 Days	61-90 Days	90 Days Past	Total Past		Financing	90 Days and
Past Due	Past Due	Due	Due	Current	Receivables	Accruing
\$ 1,829	\$ 700	\$ -	\$ 2,529	\$ 346,697	\$ 349,226	\$ -
	Good	Sub-standard	Doubtful	Loss	Total	
	\$ 289,586	59,640	-	-	\$ 349,226	

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

NOTE 4 LOANS RECEIVABLE (Continued)

Nonaccrual Loans

Management generally places loans on nonaccrual status when the full and timely collection of interest or principal becomes uncertain, part of the principal balance has been charged off and no restructuring has occurred, or the loans reach a certain number of days past due. All loans are placed on nonaccrual status once they are 360 days past due.

When management places a loan on nonaccrual status, management reverses the accrued unpaid interest receivable against interest income and accounts for the loan on the cash or cost recovery method until it qualifies for return to accrual status. Generally, management returns a loan to accrual status when either: (a) all delinquent interest and principal become current under the terms of the loan agreement or (b) the loan is both well-secured and in the process of collection, and collectability is no longer doubtful.

Management has determined that the entire balance of a loan is contractually delinquent if the minimum payment is not received by the specified due date. Interest and fees continue to accrue on past due loans until the date the loan goes into nonaccrual status, if applicable.

As of April 30, 2023 and 2022, no loans were on nonaccrual status. For the years ended April 30, 2023 and 2022, \$769 and \$1,092 of accrued unpaid interest was reversed against interest income, respectively. The total recorded investment in impaired loans amounted to approximately \$0 and \$0, as of April 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

NOTE 5 NOTES PAYABLE

	2023		2022	
Note payable to insurance financier, payable in 10 monthly payments of \$4,644 including interest at a rate of 6.878%, collateralized by the assignment of insurance policies.	\$	-	\$	27,313
Note payable to insurance financier, payable in 10 monthly payments of \$7,986 including interest at a rate of 7.750%, collateralized by the assignment of insurance policies.		46,852		
Total	\$	46,852	\$	27,313

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

NOTE 6 COMPENSATION OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Members of the Board of Directors were not paid per diem or other compensation during the years ended April 30, 2023 and 2022.

NOTE 7 CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

The Corporation provides financing to a diversified group of businesses located primarily in the Lafayette area. This assistance is provided based on an evaluation of each customer's financial condition, business knowledge, sufficiency of collateral, etc. Credit losses, upon occurrence, are provided for within the financial statements.

NOTE 8 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Corporation maintains its cash deposits in high quality financial institutions. Cash balances may, at times, exceed FDIC insurance coverage. The Corporation has not experienced any losses in such accounts and believes that there is not any significant credit risk associated with cash.

NOTE 9 LITIGATION AND CLAIMS

There was no pending litigation against the Corporation at April 30, 2023.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Combining Statement of Financial Position April 30, 2023

	Lafayette Neighborhood's Economic Develeopment Corporation	Evangeline Apartments	Eliminating and Combining	Combined Balance
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash	\$ 179,079	\$ 938,246	\$ -	\$1,117,325
Loans receivable, current (net of reserve)	77,553	-	-	77,553
Accrued interest receivable	2,484	-	-	2,484
Utility Deposits	-	675	-	675
Prepaid expenses		56,384		56,384
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	259,116	995,305	-	1,254,421
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT				
Buildings	-	1,500,000	-	1,500,000
Building improvements	-	476,416	-	476,416
Furniture and equipment	-	63,436	-	63,436
Less: accumulated depreciation		(825,620)		(825,620)
TOTAL PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT		1,214,232		1,214,232
OTHER ASSETS				
Loans receivable (net of reserve)	308,176			308,176
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 567,292</u>	<u>\$2,209,537</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$2,776,829</u>
LIABILITIES AND NET A	ASSETS			
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 366	\$ 21,319	\$ -	\$ 21,685
Notes payable	-	46,852	-	46,852
Tenant deposits		36,696		36,696
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	366	104,867	-	105,233
NET ASSETS				
Without donor restrictions	-	2,104,670	-	2,104,670
With donor restrictions	566,926			566,926
TOTAL NET ASSETS	566,926	2,104,670		2,671,596
TOTAL LIABILITIES				
AND NET ASSETS	<u>\$ 567,292</u>	<u>\$2,209,537</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$2,776,829</u>

See independent auditor's report.

Combining Statement of Activities Year Ended April 30, 2023

	Lafayette Neighborhood's Economic Develeopment Corporation	Evangeline Apartments	Eliminat ing and Combining	Combined Balance
NET ASSETS WITHOUT				
DONOR RESTRICTIONS				
REVENUE				
Rent - Residential	\$-	\$ 479,588	\$-	\$ 479,588
Rent - Commercial	-	79,600	-	79,600
Other		8,507		8,507
Total revenue without				·
donor restrictions	-	567,695	-	567,695
Net assets released from restrictions	47,186			47,186
TOTAL SUPPORT, REVENUES, AND				
OTHER SUPPORT WITHOUT				
DONOR RESTRICTIONS	47,186	567,695		614,881
EXPENSES				
Support services	47,186	514,202	-	561,388
Change in net assets				
without donor restrictions		53,493		53,493
NET ASSETS WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS REVENUE				
Interest - loans	27,231	-	-	27,231
Other	1,223			1,223
Total revenue with				·
donor restrictions	28,454	-	-	28,454
Net assets released from donor restrictions	(47,186)	-	_	(47,186)
Change in net assets				(11,100)
with donor restrictions	(18,732)			(18,732)
	(10,752)			
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(18,732)	53,493	-	34,761
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING	585,658	2,051,177	<u> </u>	2,636,835
NET ASSETS, ENDING	<u>\$ 566,926</u>	<u>\$2,104,670</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$2,671,596</u>

See independent auditor's report.

Combining Schedule of Functional Expenses Year Ended April 30, 2023

	Lafayette Neighborhood's Economic Develeopment Corporation	Evangeline Apartments	Eliminating and Combining	Combined Balance	
Accounting	\$ 11,750	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,750	
Bank Fees	390	-	-	390	
Bad debts	9,722	-	-	9,722	
Consulting	10,907	92,729	-	103,636	
Depreciation expense	-	90,343	-	90,343	
Insurance	-	79,308	-	79,308	
Interest expense		2,250	-	2,250	
Legal and professional	1,235	12,342	-	13,577	
Marketing	4,510		-	4,510	
Meals	2,443	1,568	-	4,011	
Meeting expense	-	982	-	982	
Miscellaneous		15	-	15	
Office expense	3,379	1,059	-	4,438	
Payroll taxes	-	2,453	-	2,453	
Property taxes	-	1,121	-	1,121	
Refund	60	-	-	60	
Repairs and maintanence	-	102,066	-	102,066	
Resident services	-	5,278	-	5,278	
Salaries	-	32,136	-	32,136	
Security	-	26,120	-	26,120	
Supplies	870	2,247	-	3,117	
Telephone	1,920	4,530	-	6,450	
Utilities		57,655		57,655	
Total	<u>\$ 47,186</u>	<u>\$ 514,202</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 561,388</u>	

See independent auditor's report.

INTERNAL CONTROL, COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS



2000 Kaliste Saloom Road, Suite 300 Lafayette, LA 70508 337-232-3312
337-237-3614

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

The Board of Directors Lafayette Neighborhoods' Economic Development Corporation Lafayette, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Lafayette Neighborhood's Economic Development Corporation (the Corporation) (a nonprofit corporation), as of and for the years ended April 30, 2023 and 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Corporation's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 18, 2023. Our report includes a reference to other Certified Public Accountants who audited the financial statements of Evangeline Apartments, as described in our report on the Corporation's combined financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other Certified Public Accountant's testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those Certified Public Accountants.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2023-001 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Corporation are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. We describe this instance in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2023-001.

The Corporation's Response to Findings

The Corporation's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Corporation's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. This report is intended solely for the information and use of the board of directors, management, others within the organization and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties. However, Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Darnall, Sikes & Frederick

A Corporation of Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana October 18, 2023

Summary Schedule of Prior Year Findings Year Ended April 30, 2023

2022-001	Finding:	Incomplete Loan Files
	Status:	This finding is unresolved. See current year finding 2023-001.
2022-002	Finding:	Inadequate Segregation of Accounting Functions
	Status:	This finding is resolved.
2022-003	Finding:	Internal Control Over Cash Reconciliations and Loans Receivable

Status: This finding is resolved.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended April 30, 2023

Part 1: Summary of Auditor's Results

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Auditor's Report - Financial Statements

An unmodified opinion has been issued on the Lafayette Neighborhoods' Economic Development Corporation's (the Corporation) financial statements as of and for the year ended April 30, 2023.

Material Weaknesses - Financial Reporting

Three material weakness in internal control over financial reporting was disclosed during the audit of the financial statements and are shown as items 2023-001 in Part 2.

Material Noncompliance - Financial Reporting

One material instance of non-compliance was disclosed during the audit of the financial statements, and is shown as item 2023-001 in Part 2.

FEDERAL AWARDS

This section is not applicable for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2023.

- Part 2: Findings Relating to an Audit in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*
- 2023-001 Finding: Incomplete Loan Files and Annual Monitoring

Condition:

The Corporation was noted to have various loans which did not contain required documentation.

Criteria:

The Corporation has a standard checklist for loans which details the documentation required on each loan. There is also a monitoring checklist which needs to be completed annually.

Cause:

The Corporation was noted to have loan files deficient of required documentation despite vigorous request attempts made of their borrowers.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended April 30, 2023

Part 2: Findings Relating to an Audit in Accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> (Continued)

Effect:

Loan files are not in compliance with lending requirements due to required documents not being maintained.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the Corporation perform a thorough examination of the outstanding loan files and determine if the required documentation is on file. For those loans which lack required documentation or annual monitoring, the Corporation should obtain the necessary information; also, the Corporation should review the loan files subsequent to issuance and preferably annually, to ensure that documentation is current for all information required.

Management's Response:

The Corporation's management believes that non-compliance exists in only a small portion of loans outstanding. Various loans, which are currently receiving regular monthly payments, were lent to businesses which are no longer in operation and therefore obtaining required business documentation is not possible.

Management has re-stated that loan reviews utilizing contract services of a consultant are continuing in the current period under audit. Reviews are also being performed on existing loans and will continue with future loans to determine that all required documentation is present in the loan files maintained.

Management has also implemented various protocols and procedures to encourage and assist borrowers in providing needed documentation. The protocols and procedures include but are not limited to personal one-on-one assistance.

Part 3: Findings and Questioned Costs Relating to Federal Programs

At April 30, 2023, the Corporation did not meet the requirements to have a single audit in accordance with OMB *Uniform Guidance*; therefore, this section is not applicable.