FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

23RD JUDICIAL DISTRICT PUBLIC DEFENDER OFFICE

(PARISHES OF ASCENSION, ASSUMPTION, AND ST. JAMES)

> FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Lisa Parker, Interim 23rd Judicial District Public Defender Office (Parishes of Ascension, Assumption, and St. James)

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the 23rd Judicial District Public Defender Office (the "Public Defender") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Public Defender's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of the 23rd Judicial District Public Defender Office as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Public Defender and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Public Defender's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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Auditors' Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements. In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or, error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Public Defender's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Public Defender's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Budgetary Comparison Schedule on pages 4 through 9 and 25, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the 23rd Judicial District Public Defender Office's basic financial statements. The Schedules of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Chief Executive Officer and the Justice System Funding Schedule-Receiving Entity are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statement themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of compensation, benefits and other payments to chief executive officer and justice system funding schedule-receiving entity information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated September 9, 2022, on our consideration of the Public Defender's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Public Defender's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Public Defender's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Diez, Dupuy & Muiz-September 9, 2022

Gonzales, Louisiana

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2022

This section of the 23rd Judicial District Public Defender Office's (Public Defender) financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Public Defender's financial performance during the year ended on June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the Public Defender's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Public Defender's total net position increased by \$178,245 over the course of the year's operations.
- The Public Defender's revenues were \$178,245 more than the \$1,175,882 expenses incurred for the services that were provided.
- Revenues for the Public Defender's governmental activities decreased by 13.3 percent, or approximately \$208,500 to \$1,354,127, while expenses for the year increased by 0.6 percent, or approximately \$7,100 to \$1,175,882.
- The general fund reported a fund balance of \$776,404, an increase from June 30, 2022 of 30 percent.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This report consists of four parts-management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information and other supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Public Defender:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the Public Defender's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the Public Defender's government, reporting the Public Defender's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental fund statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.

Figure A-1 summarizes the major features of the Public Defender's financial statements, including the portion of the Public Defender's government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure of contents of each of the statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2022

Figure A-1 Major Features of Public Defender's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

	Fund Statements			
	Government-wide Statements	Governmental Fund		
Scope	Entire Public Defender government	The activities of the Public Defender		
Required financial statements	Statement of net positionStatement of activities	 Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance 		
Accounting basis and measurements focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus		
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included		
Type of Inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received or have otherwise been incurred		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2022

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the Public Defender as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current period's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the Public Defender's net position and how they have changed. Net Position, the difference between the Public Defender's assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the Public Defender's financial health, or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the Public Defender's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the Public Defender you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as the demand for indigent defense.

The government-wide financial statements of the Public Defender include:

• Governmental activities – most of the Public Defender's basic services are included here such as cost on fines and forfeitures.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Public Defender's most significant funds, not the Public Defender as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the Public Defender uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

The Public Defender has one type of fund:

• Governmental Fund-All of the Public Defender's basic services are included in the governmental fund, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Public Defender's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental fund statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2022

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE PUBLIC DEFENDER AS A WHOLE

Net position. The Public Defender's net position increased between the year ended 2022 and 2021 to \$777,991. (See Table A-1.)

Table A-1Public Defender's Net Position

	Governmental Activities			
	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2022 (Restated)		
Current and other assets	\$ 777,010	\$ 604,053		
Capital assets, net	1,587	2,120		
Total assets	778,597	606,173		
Current liabilities	606	6,427		
Total liabilities	606	6,427		
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets	1,587	2,120		
Unrestricted	776,404	597,626		
Total net position	\$ 777,991	\$ 599,746		

Net position of the Public Defender's governmental activities increased \$178,245 or 29.7 percent during the year. Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by enabling legislation or other legal requirements increased from \$597,626 at June 30, 2021, to \$776,404 at the end of the current fiscal year.

Changes in net position. The Public Defender's total revenues decreased 13.3 percent to \$1,354,127. (See Table A-2). Approximately 50 percent of the Public Defender's revenue comes from state funds, distributed by the Louisiana Public Defender Board (LPB) via the LA Department of Treasury. These funds help the districts stay in good standing and amounts are determined by a formula-based distribution method, which factors in local funding and prior year expenditures.

The total cost of operations increased by \$7,122 or 0.6 percent. The Public Defender expenses cover all of the services performed by its office.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2022

Governmental Activities

Revenues for the Public Defender's governmental activities decreased 13.3 percent, while total expenses increased by \$7,122 or 0.6 percent.

Table A-2Changes in Public Defender's Net Position

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021 (Restated)
Revenues Program revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 688,164	\$ 741,297
Interest	833	641
Miscellaneous	352	6,456
Intergovernmental	664,778	814,260
Total revenues	1,354,127	1,562,654
Expenses		
Personnel	1,091,207	1,033,817
Other Operating	84,675	134,943
Total expenses	1,175,882	1,168,760
Increase in net position	\$ 178,245	\$ 393,894

Governmental Activities

• The cost of all governmental activities for the year increased less than 1.0 percent to \$1,175,882 primarily due to the increase in compensation to contract attorneys.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE FUND

As the Public Defender completed the year, its governmental fund reported a fund balance of \$776,404, an increase from last year of \$178,778 or 30 percent.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Original budgeted revenues were \$1,219,611 and expenditures were \$1,425,000. Over the course of the year, there were amendments made to the general fund budget to reflect an increase in intergovernmental revenues. Budgeted expenses remained the same. Final budgeted revenues were \$1,295,697 and expenditures were \$1,425,000.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2022

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2022, the Public Defender had invested \$1,587 in capital assets. (See Table A-3.)

Table A-3Public Defender's Capital Assets
(net of depreciation)

	Government	Governmental Activities		
	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021		
Furniture and equipment	9,818	9,818		
Accumulated Depreciation	(8,231)	(7,698)		
Net Capital Assets	\$ 1,587	\$ 2,120		

There were not any additions or disposals in the current fiscal year.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The Public Defender is dependent on providing criminal legal services for indigent individuals in Ascension, Assumption, and St. James Parishes for approximately 49 percent of its revenues in the current fiscal year. The economy is not expected to generate any significant growth. The Public Defender's future revenues and expenditures are expected to increase over the next year. Revenues are expected to remain relatively consistent with current years.

CONTACTING THE PUBLIC DEFENDER'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the Public Defender's finances and to demonstrate the Public Defender's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Mrs. Lisa Parker, P.O. Box 1119, S. Irma Blvd. #102, Gonzales, LA 70737.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 729,280
Receivables	47,730
Capital assets, net of depreciation	1,587
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 778,597
10111111001110	\$ 178,557

LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION

LIABILITIES

Payroll liabilities		\$	606
TOTAL LIABILITIES			606
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted			1,587 776,404
TOTAL NET POSITION			777,991
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND	D NET POSITION	\$	778,597

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Progra	Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net	
	Expenses	Charge	s for Services		Position	
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS						
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$ 1,175,882	\$	688,164	\$	(487,718)	
Total governmental activities:	\$ 1,175,882	\$	688,164		(487,718)	
	Intergovernm Interest Miscellaneou				664,778 833 <u>352</u>	
	Total gener	al revenues			665,963	
	Change in net posi	tion			178,245	
	Net position - July	1, 2021, as	restated		599,746	
	Net position - June	30, 2022		\$	777,991	

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUND JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents Receivables		\$ 729,280 47,730
TOTAL ASSETS		\$ 777,010
	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
Liabilities		

Payroll liabilities	\$ 606
TOTAL LIABILITIES	606
Fund Balance	
Unassigned	776,404
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	776,404
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 777,010

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Total fund balance - Governmental Fund			\$ 776,404
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Posi are different because:	tion		
Capital assets used in the governmental activities are not financial resources, therefore, are not reported in the fund. Cost of capital assets Less: accumulated depreciation	\$	9,818 (8,231)	 1,587
Total net position - Governmental Activities			\$ 777,991

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

REVENUES	
Costs on fines and forfeitures	\$ 672,440
Intergovernmental	664,778
Application fees	15,724
Interest	833
Miscellaneous	 352
Total Revenues	 1,354,127
EXPENDITURES	
General government	
Personnel	1,091,207
Conflict	3,725
Expert witness	2,295
Office	7,979
Investigations	1,700
Travel and training	5,246
Utilities	4,306
Rent & in-kind rent	0
Professional fees	17,125
Insurance	36,888
Repairs	3,317
Miscellaneous	50
Dues & subscriptions	 1,511
Total Expenditures	 1,175,349
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	178,778
Fund balance, beginning of year, as restated	 597,626
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 776,404

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2022

Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures			\$178,778
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the State are different because:	ement of Activities		
The governmental fund reports capital outlays as expend Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets are alloca useful lives as a depreciation expense. This is the amoun exceeded depreciation expense.	ated over their estimated		
Capital outlay capitalized Depreciation expense	\$	(533)	(533)
Change in Net Position			\$178,245

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

INTRODUCTION

The 23rd Judicial District Public Defender Office, (the Public Defender) was established by the provision of Louisiana Revised Statute 15:141, to provide counsel to represent indigent, needy individuals, in criminal and quasi-criminal cases at the District Court level. This statute was passed in 2007 by the Louisiana Public Defender Act (Act 307) which dissolved local indigent boards and transferred all supervisory responsibilities to the Louisiana Public Defender Board (LPDB). The purpose of the Public Defender is to provide adequate legal representation of indigent persons charged with committing criminal offenses. The 23rd Judicial District Public Defender Office, encompasses the parishes of Ascension, Assumption, and St. James, Louisiana.

A. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying basic financial statements of the 23rd Judicial District Public Defender Office have been prepared in conformity with governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

B. REPORTING ENTITY

For the financial reporting purposes, in conformance with GASB Codification Section 2100, the 23rd Judicial District Public Defender Office is a subdivision of the State, under the direction of the LPDB. The LPDB, pursuant to the LA R.S. 15:161 (H), establishes the District Defender's salary and various other oversight duties. However, hiring, firing, and salaries for employees and contract workers within each district is the responsibility of the District Defender. The Louisiana Public Defender Board is financially independent and operates autonomously from the State of Louisiana and is independent from the district court system. Therefore, the Public Defender Office reports as a reporting entity, not as a component unit and these special purpose financial statements include only the transactions of the Public Defender Office.

C. FUND ACCOUNTING

The Public Defender Office uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain Public Defender functions and activities. A fund is designed as a separate fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. FUND ACCOUNTING (continued)

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds account for all or most of the Public Defender's general activities. These funds focus on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the funds which they will be paid. The difference between a governmental fund's assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. In general, fund balance represents the accumulated expendable resources which may be used to finance future period programs or operations of the Public Defender. The following are the Public Defender's governmental funds:

General Fund- the primary operating fund of the Public Defender and it accounts for all financial resources; except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The General Fund is available for any purpose it is expended or transferred in accordance with state and federal laws and according to Public Defender policy.

D. MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Financial Statements (FFS)

The amounts reflected in the General Fund are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach is then reconciled, through adjustment, to a government-wide view of Public Defender operations.

The amounts reflected in the General Fund use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined, and available means collectible within the current period of soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The Public Defender considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after the fiscal year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred except for interest and principal payments on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the Public Defender as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the Public Defender. Information contained in these columns reflects the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange or exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange occurs (regardless of when cash is received or disbursed). Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-Exchange Transactions.

Program Revenues- Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities are derived directly from Public Defender users as a fee for services; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed directly from the Public Defender's general revenues.

E. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The Public Defender's office follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. In accordance with the Budget Act of the State of Louisiana, the Public Defender prepares an operating budget for the general fund at least fifteen days prior to the commencement of the budgetary year end. The operating budgets include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for the upcoming year.
- 2. The budget is made available for public inspection for a fifteen-day period prior to a public hearing held to obtain taxpayer comment.
- 3. The budget for the General Fund is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 4. The budget is adopted at the public hearing and is authorized for implementation on the first day of the calendar year.
- 5. All annual appropriations lapse at year end.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

F. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The entity's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, time deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Under state law, the Public Defender may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law or any other state of the United State, or under the laws of the United States.

G. RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables consist of all revenues earned at year end and not yet received. Payables consist of all liabilities incurred at year end and not yet paid.

H. DONATED SERVICES

Donated services, in the form of monthly rent of office space, is reflected as contributions in-kind (miscellaneous revenue) and general government expenditures (rent) on the accompanying financial Statement of Activities and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance – Governmental Fund. The in-kind monthly rent value is based on the fair market value of equivalent building space. See Note 3 for more details.

I. ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

J. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Public Defender maintains a threshold level of \$250 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

Capital assets and depreciation expense are recorded in the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for public purposes, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. All capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Useful lives vary from 5 to 7 years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

K. RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified for consistency with the current period presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on the previously reported net income for the year ended June 30, 2022.

L. NET POSITION IN THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the government-wide statement of net position, the net position amount is classified and displayed in three components:

- Net investment in capital assets This component consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those capital assets. At year end, the Public Defender did not have any borrowings that were related to capital assets.
- Restricted net position -This component consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position This component consists of all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

M. FUND BALANCE OF FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Nonspendable- represents amounts that are not expected to be converted to cash because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted- represents balances where constraints have been established by parties outside the Public Defender's office or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed- represents balances that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Public Defender.

Assigned- represents balances that are constrained by the Public Defender's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned- represents balances for which there are no constraints.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

M. FUND BALANCE OF FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

When expenditures are incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available, the Public Defender restricted amounts first, followed by unrestricted amounts. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned and unassigned amounts are available, the Public Defender reduces committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

N. RECENTLY ADOPTED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCMENT

GASB Statement 87, Leases. This standard requires all leases to be reported on the statement of net position under a single accounting model for both lessors and lessees. The statement requires the recognition of lease assets or liabilities for leases previously reported as operating leases. Both operating and capital leases are to be reported under this single accounting method and reported by lessees as an intangible right to use an asset and by lessors as a receivable with both reporting a deferred inflow of resources. The provision of this Statement need not be applied to immaterial items as such, the adoption of this standard has no effect on the financial statements.

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At June 30, 2022, the Public Defender had a demand cash account (book balances) totaling \$729,280. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value for the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Public Defender does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2022, the bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

3. RECEIVABLES

The Public Defender's has receivables of \$47,730 at June 30, 2022. These receivables consist of court fees and forfeitures and application fees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2022

4. EXPENDITURES OF THE PUBLIC DEFENDER PAID BY THE PARISH COUNCIL

The Public Defender has office space housed in the Ascension Parish Courthouse, located in Gonzales, Louisiana. The monthly rent and utilities are paid for by the Parish of Ascension. These expenses are not included in the accompanying financial statements.

5. LITIGATIONS AND CLAIMS

The Public Defender is not aware of any pending or threatened litigation against the 23rd Judicial District Public Defender as of June 30, 2022. No claims were paid out or litigation costs incurred during the year ended June 30, 2022.

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets and depreciation activity as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 for governmental activities are as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				u
Furniture and Equipment	\$ 9,818	\$-	\$ -	\$ 9,818
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	9,818	-		9,818
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:	·			
Furniture and fixtures	(7,698)	(533)	-	(8,231)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(7,698)	(533)		(8,231)
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 2,120	\$ (533)	<u> </u>	\$ 1,587

For the year ended June 30, 2022, depreciation expense was \$533.

7. CORRECTION OF AN ERROR

In the 2021 financial statements, changes were made to reflect a correction of an error. Receivables were understated in the amount of \$17,300 and payroll liabilities were overstated by \$7,887. To reflect the adjusted balances in these accounts, an increase was made to fund balance in the amount of \$25,187.

	As Originally Reported	Effect of Change	As Adjusted
Receivables	\$64,366	\$17,300	\$81,666
Payroll liabilities	10,319	(7,887)	2,432
Fund balance	572,439	25,187	597,626
Net position	574,559	25,187	777,991

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2022

8. GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the major sources of governmental fund revenues and expenditures were as follows:

Revenues: State Government		
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Appropriations – general Appropriations – special	\$ 607,139 47 630	
Revenue sharing	47,639	
Grants	- 10,000	
On-behalf payments	10,000	
On-oenant payments Other	-	
Total		661 770
Totat		664,778
Local Government		
Appropriations - general	-	
Appropriations - special	-	
Grants	-	
Statutory fines, forfeitures, fees, court costs, and other	672,440	
Taxes – millages, sales, special and other	-	
Criminal court fund	-	
On-behalf payments	-	
Other	-	
Total		672,440
Charges for Services		15,724
Investment earnings		833
Miscellaneous		352
Total Revenues		\$ 1,354,127
Expenditures:		
Personnel Services and Benefits		
Salaries	\$1,030,149	
On-behalf payments – salaries	-	
Retirement contributions	-	
On-behalf payments – retirement	-	
Insurance	-	
On-behalf payments – insurance	-	
Payroll Taxes	13,058	
Other	48,000	
Total		1,091,207
2 V 1112		1,021,207

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2022

8. GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES (continued)

Professional Development		
Dues, Licenses, and registrations	100	
Travel	5,246	
Other	-	
Total		5,346
Operating Costs		
Library and research	1,411	
Contract services – attorney/legal	17,125	
Contract services – other	7,720	
Lease – office	-	
Lease – autos and other	-	
Travel- transportation	-	
Travel – other (conferences/seminars)	-	
Insurance	36,888	
Supplies	7,979	
Repairs and maintenance	3,317	
Utilities and telephone	4,306	
Other	50	
Total		78,796
Debt Service		-
Capital Outlay		
Total Expenditures		\$1,175,349

9. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date the financial statements were available to be issued, September 9, 2022, and determined that there were no events that require disclosure. No subsequent events occurring after this date have been evaluated for inclusion in these financial statements.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
<u>REVENUES</u>				
Costs on fines and forfeitures	\$ 625,000	\$ 625,000	\$ 672,440	\$ 47,440
Intergovernmental	574,011	650,097	664,778	14,681
Application fees	20,000	20,000	15,724	(4,276)
Interest	600	600	833	233
Miscellaneous	-	-	352	352
Total Revenues	1,219,611	1,295,697	1,354,127	58,430
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel	1,244,500	1,244,500	1,091,207	153,293
Conflict	20,000	20,000	3,725	16,275
Expert witness	20,000	20,000	2,295	17,705
Office	12,000	12,000	7,979	4,021
Investigations	60,000	60,000	1,700	58,300
Travel and training	15,000	15,000	5,246	9,754
Utilities	6,000	6,000	4,306	1,694
Rent and in-kind rent	-	-	-	-
Professional fees	20,000	20,000	17,125	2,875
Insurance	17,500	17,500	36,888	(19,388)
Repairs	3,000	3,000	3,317	(317)
Miscellaneous	-	-	50	(50)
Dues and subscriptions	7,000	7,000	1,511	5,489
Total Expenditures	1,425,000	1,425,000	1,175,349	191,294
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(205,389)	(129,303)	178,778	249,724
Fund balance, July 1, 2021, as restated	425,000	425,000	597,626	172,626
Fund balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 219,611	\$ 295,697	\$ 776,404	\$ 480,707

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SCHEDULES OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Alan Robert, 7/1/2021-11/30/2021

	Totals
Salary	\$ 45,833
Benefits- insurance	3,606
Cell phone reimbursements	1,209
Continuing professional education fees	125
Dues	535
Travel	2,783
	\$ 54,091

SCHEDULES OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Andrea Stentz, 12/1/2021-6/30/2022

	Totals
Compensation	\$ 18,000
Benefits- insurance	φ 10,000 -
Cell phone reimbursements	-
Continuing professional education fees	-
Dues	-
Travel	99
	\$ 18,099

<u>JUSTICE SYSTEM FUNDING SCHEDULE - RECEIVING ENTITY</u> <u>AS REQUIRED BY ACT 87 OF THE 2020 REGULAR SESSION</u> <u>CASH BASIS PRESENTATION</u> <u>FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022</u>

	First Six Month Period Ended 12/31/2021	Second Six Month Period Ended 6/30/2022
Receipts From:		
Ascension Parish Sheriff, Court Costs	112,167	110,084
Ascension Parish Sheriff, Bonding Fees	89,328	78,408
Assumption Parish Sheriff, Court Fees	37,800	29,620
Assumption Parish Sheriff, Bonding Fees	37,989	26,810
St. James Parish Sheriff, Court Costs	63,490	19,873
St. James Parish Sheriff, Bonding Fees	20,427	17,377
Ascension Parish Sheriff (Donaldsonville), Court Costs	14,715	13,950
Ascension Parish Sheriff (Donaldsonville), Bonding Fees	331	468
Town of Gramercy, Court Costs	940	560
City of Gonzales, Court Costs	14,490	14,085
Town of Sorrento, Court Costs	540	765
Other- Application fees	9,324	8,560
Subtotal Receipts	\$ 401,541	\$ 320,560
Ending Balance of Amounts Assessed but Not Received	<u>\$</u>	<u>s</u> -



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Lisa Parker, Interim 23rd Judicial District Public Defender Office (Parishes of Ascension, Assumption, and St. James)

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the 23rd Judicial District Public Defender Office, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the 23rd Judicial District Public Defender Office's basic financial statements, and we have issued our report thereon dated September 9, 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the 23rd Judicial District Public Defender Office's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the 23rd Judicial District Public Defender Office's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the 23rd Judicial District Public Defender Public Defender Office's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal controls* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the 23rd Judicial District Public Defender Office's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Diez, suprig é Ruiz

September 9, 2022 Gonzales, Louisiana

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The independent auditors' report expresses an unmodified opinion on whether the basic financial statements of the 23rd Judicial District Public Defender Office were prepared in accordance with GAAP.
- 2. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the 23rd Judicial District Public Defender Office, which would be required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, were disclosed during the audit for the year ended June 30, 2022.

B. FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

None

C. FINDINGS - COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

None

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

A. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None

B. FINDINGS -- COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

None

STATEWIDE AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

To the 23rd Judicial District Public Defender Office and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor:

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. The 23^{rd} Judicial District Public Defender Office's management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

The 23rd Judicial District Public Defender Office has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

Written Policies and Procedures

- 1. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe whether they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and entity's operations:
 - a) Budgeting, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.

Written policies and procedures were obtained and address the functions noted above.

b) Purchasing, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.

Written policies and procedures were obtained and address the functions noted above with the exception of how vendors are added to the vendor list.

Management's response: We will consider amending the policy to include the process for adding new vendors to the vendor list.

c) Disbursements, including processing, reviewing, and approving.

Written policies and procedures were obtained and address the functions noted above.

d) Receipts/Collections, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g. periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).

Written policies and procedures were obtained and address the functions noted above.

e) *Payroll/Personnel*, including (1) payroll processing, and (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee(s) rate of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.

Written policies and procedures were obtained and address the functions noted above.

f) Contracting, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions,
 (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.

Written policies and procedures were obtained and address the functions noted above.

g) Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable), including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of the statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).

Not applicable.

h) *Travel and expense reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.

Written policies and procedures were obtained and address the functions noted above.

i) *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.

Written policies and procedures were obtained and address the functions noted above.

j) Debt Service, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements,
 (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.

Not applicable.

k) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.

Written policies and procedures were obtained and do not address the functions noted above.

Management's response: We will consider amending the policy to include all functions listed.

1) *Sexual Harassment*, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

Written policies and procedures were obtained and address the functions noted above.

Board (or Finance Committee, if applicable)

- 2. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:
 - a) Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws or other equivalent document.

The Public Defender does not have a board. The entity operates under the regulation of the State Public Defender Board.

b) For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget- to-actual, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds. Alternately, for those entities reporting on the nonprofit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.

Not applicable.

c) For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.

Not applicable.

Bank Reconciliations

3. Obtain a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:

Obtained listing of bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that listing is complete.

a) Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged);

No exceptions noted.

b) Bank reconciliations include evidence that a member of management/board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and

No exceptions noted.

c) Management has documentation reflecting that it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

No documentation was noted reflecting that reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months have been researched.

Management's response: Documentation will be obtained and research will be performed on the outstanding items greater 12 months old.

Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)

4. Obtain a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).

Obtained a listing of deposit sites and management's representation that listing is complete.

5. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (i.e. 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:

Obtained a listing of collection locations and management's representation that listing is complete.

a) Employees that are responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers.

Employees responsible for cash collections share a cash drawer.

Management's response: Efforts will be made in the segregation of duties of the collection process to the extent possible with the limited number of employees involved.

b) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g. pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit.

No exceptions noted.

c) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.

No exceptions noted.

d) The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee verifies the reconciliation.

No exceptions noted.

6. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe that the bond or insurance policy for theft was enforced during the fiscal period.

No exceptions noted.

- 7. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for procedure #3 under "Bank Reconciliations" above (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Alternately, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc. Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:
 - a) Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.

No exceptions noted.

b) Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.

No exceptions noted,

c) Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.

No exceptions noted.

d) Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100).

Deposits were not made within one business day of receipt at the collection location.

Management's response: The Public Defender office intends to determine the cause in the delay for making the deposit to ensure all collections are deposited timely going forward.

e) Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

No exceptions noted.

Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

8. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).

Obtained listing of locations that process payments and management's representation that listing is complete.

- 9. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that:
 - a) At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase.

No exceptions noted.

b) At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.

No exceptions noted.

c) The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.

No exceptions noted.

d) Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.

The employee who processes payments also mails the checks after signatures are obtained.

Management's response: Efforts will be made in the segregation of duties of the disbursement process to the extent possible with the limited number of employees involved.

- 10. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction and:
 - a) Observe that the disbursement matched the related original itemized invoice and that supporting documentation indicates that deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity.

No exceptions noted.

b) Observe that the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #9, as applicable.

The disbursement documentation included evidence of segregation f duties tested under #9 with the exception of 9d as noted above.

Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

11. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards (cards), for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.

The Public Defender does not have any credit cards; therefore, this section is not applicable.

- 12. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement), obtain supporting documentation, and:
 - a) Observe whether there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) were reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved), by someone other than the authorized card holder. [Note: Requiring such approval may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality); these instances should not be reported.)]

Not applicable.

b) Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.

Not applicable.

13. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, <u>excluding fuel cards</u>, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (i.e. each card should have 10 transactions subject to testing). For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and note whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

Not applicable.

Travel and Travel -Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

14. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements, obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:

Obtained listing of travel and related expense reimbursements and management's representation that listing is complete.

a) If reimbursed using a per diem, observe that the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (<u>www.gsa.gov</u>).

Not applicable.

b) If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.

No exceptions noted.

c) Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by written policy (procedure #1h).

No exceptions noted.

d) Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

One out of the five reimbursements selected was not approved by someone other than the person receiving the reimbursement.

Management's response: All reimbursements will be reviewed and approved by someone other than the person receiving the reimbursement.

Contracts

15. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. *Alternately, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list.* Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and:

Obtained listing of contracts initiated or renewed during the fiscal period and management's representation that listing is complete.

a) Observe whether the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.

Not applicable.

b) Observe whether the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g. Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter).

No exceptions noted.

c) If the contract was amended (e.g. change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment.

Not applicable.

d) Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

No exceptions noted.

Payroll and Personnel

16. Obtain a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.

No exceptions noted.

- 17. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under #16 above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:
 - a) Observe that all selected employees or officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory). (Note: Generally, an elected official is not eligible to earn leave and does not document his/her attendance and leave. However, if the elected official is earning leave according to policy and/or contract, the official should document his/her daily attendance and leave.)

No exceptions noted.

b) Observe whether supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials.

No exceptions noted.

c) Observe any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records.

No exceptions noted.

d) Observe the rate paid to the employees or officials agree to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.

No exceptions noted.

18. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials, obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee or officials' cumulate leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee or officials' authorized pay rates in the employee or officials' personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.

No documentation of hours and rate of pay for vacation pay of terminated employees was provided during our time of review.

Management's response: We will maintain the appropriate paperwork in employees' personnel files going forward.

19. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

No exceptions noted.

Ethics

- 20. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above obtain ethics documentation from management, and:
 - a. Observe whether the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the fiscal period.

No exceptions noted.

b. Observe whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.

No exceptions noted.

Debt Service

21. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued.

Not applicable, the entity does not have any debt.

22. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

Not applicable.

Fraud Notice

23. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled.

Management asserted that the entity did not have any misappropriations of public funds or assets.

24. Observe that the entity has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

No exceptions noted.

Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

- 25. Perform the following procedures, verbally discuss the results with management, and report "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management."
 - a. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe that such backup occurred within the past week. If backups are stored on a physical medium (e.g., tapes, CDs), observe evidence that backups are encrypted before being transported.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

b. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

c. Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use, and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

Sexual Harassment

26. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year.

No exceptions noted.

27. Observe that the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).

No exceptions noted.

- 28. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe that it includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
 - a. Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;

No exceptions noted.

b. Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;

No exceptions noted.

c. Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;

No exception noted.

d. Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and

No exceptions noted.

e. Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

No exceptions noted.

We were engaged by the 23rd Judicial District Public Defender Office to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the 23rd Judicial District Public Defender Office and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Dier, Dupuy à feir

Gonzales, Louisiana September 9, 2022