Financial Report

Year Ended July 31, 2024

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# **KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC**

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brad E. Kolder, CPA, JD\* Robert S. Carter, CPA\* Arthur R. Mixon, CPA\* Stephen J. Anderson, CPA\* Matthew E. Margaglio, CPA\* Casey L. Ardoin, CPA, CFE\* Wanda F. Arcement, CPA Bryan K. Joubert, CPA Nicholas Fowlkes, CPA Deidre L. Stock, CPA

Of Counsel
C. Burton Kolder, CPA\*

Victor R. Slaven, CPA\* - retired 2020 Christine C. Doucet, CPA - retired 2022 Gerald A. Thibodeaux, Jr., CPA\* - retired 2024

\* A Professional Accounting Corporation

183 S. Beadle Rd. Lafayette, LA 70508 Phone (337) 232-4141

1428 Metro Dr. Alexandria, LA 71301 Phone (318) 442-4421

450 E. Main St. New Iberia, LA 70560 Phone (337) 367-9204

200 S. Main St. Abbeville, LA 70510 Phone (337) 893-7944

1201 David Dr. Morgan City, LA 70380 Phone (985) 384-2020

434 E. Main St. Ville Platte, LA 70586 Phone (337) 363-2792 11929 Bricksome Ave. Baton Rouge, LA 70816 Phone (225) 293-8300

WWW.KCSRCPAS.COM

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Joseph Irving, Jr., Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Village of Palmetto, Louisiana

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Palmetto, Louisiana (Village), as of and for the year ended July 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village as of July 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Village and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion
  is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on pages 38-39 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Village has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The accompanying comparative water utility fund financial statements and justice system funding schedule included in other supplementary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the comparative water utility fund financial statements and justice system funding schedule are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The prior year comparative information reported on the comparative water utility fund financial statements has been derived from the Village's 2023 financial statements, which was subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, was fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements from which they were derived.

## Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the various schedules included in other supplementary information but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 27, 2025, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Ville Platte, Louisiana January 27, 2025 BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

# Statement of Net Position July 31, 2024

ACCETTO	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS	ф. 12.522	0 57.700	0 (0.240
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 12,532	\$ 56,708	\$ 69,240
Investments	110	180,527	180,637
Receivables	1,816	24,977	26,793
Due from other governmental agencies	5,603	209	5,812
Restricted assets:		77.107	77. 407
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	-	76,426	76,426
Investments Capital assets:	-	41,945	41,945
-	5.250	22.060	27.210
Land	5,250	32,069	37,319
Capital assets, net	308,394	1,515,889	1,824,283
Total assets	333,705	1,928,750	2,262,455
LIABILITIES			
Accounts and other payables	853	4,683	5,536
Interest payable	-	2,396	2,396
Internal balances	(68,499)	68,499	-
Customer deposits	-	71,002	71,002
Long-term liabilities:			
Bonds, notes, and leases due within one year	-	12,262	12,262
Bonds, notes, and leases due after one year	<u> </u>	306,606	306,606
Total liabilities	(67,646)	465,448	397,802
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	313,644	1,229,090	1,542,734
Restricted for debt service	-	44,973	44,973
Unrestricted	87,707	189,239	276,946
Total net position	\$ 401,351	\$1,463,302	\$1,864,653

## Statement of Activities For the Year Ended July 31, 2024

		Pro	gram Revenues		Net (Expense	e) Revenue and	
Activities	Expenses	Fees, Fines, and Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		Net Position Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental activities:					-		
General government	\$ 58,310	\$ 19,700	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (38,610)	\$ -	\$ (38,610)
Public safety	38,141	2,270	-	-	(35,871)	-	(35,871)
Highways and streets	74,577	21,285	-	8,728	(44,564)	-	(44,564)
Interest on long-term debt	86				(86)		(86)
Total governmental activities	<u> 171,114</u>	43,255	-	8,728	_(119,131)	-	_(119,131)
Business-type activities:							
Gas	282,253	195,156	-	-	-	(87,097)	(87,097)
Water	303,921	283,420		62,663		42,162	42,162
Total business-type activities	_586,174	478,576	<del></del>	_62,663		(44,935)	(44,935)
Total	\$757,288	\$ 521,831	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 71,391</u>	<u>\$(119,131)</u>	\$ (44,935)	\$ (164,066)
	General reve	nues:					
	Taxes				17,011	-	17,011
	Licenses ar	nd permits			19,944	-	19,944
	Grants and	contributions not restrict	ed to specific prog	rams	21,505	-	21,505
	Interest and	d investment earnings			5	10,506	10,511
	Miscellane	ous			43,696		43,696
	Total	general revenues and tra-	nsfers		102,161	10,506	112,667
	Chan	ge in net position			(16,970)	(34,429)	(51,399)
	Net position	- beginning			418,321	1,497,731	1,916,052
	Net position	- ending			\$ 401,351	\$ 1,463,302	\$1,864,653

**FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)** 

## **FUND DESCRIPTIONS**

## **General Fund**

The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with governments which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

# **Enterprise Funds**

#### **Gas Utility Fund**

To account for the provision of gas service to the residents of the Village and some residents of the Parish. All activities necessary to provide such service are accounted for in this fund, including but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, billing and collection.

## **Water Utility Fund**

To account for the provision of water service to the residents of the Village and some residents of the Parish. All activities necessary to provide such service are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, billing and collection.

# Balance Sheet Governmental Fund - General Fund July 31, 2024

# **ASSETS**

Cash and interest-bearing deposits Investments Due from other governmental agencies Due from other funds Other receivables	\$ 12,532 110 5,603 81,601 1,816
Total assets	\$ 101,662
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALA	NCE
Liabilities: Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$ 853 13,102 13,955
Fund balance: Unassigned  Total liabilities and fund balance	87,707 \$ 101,662

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position July 31, 2024

Total fund balance for the governmental fund at July 31, 2024		\$ 87,707
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:		
Land	\$ 5,250	
Land improvements, net of \$213,483 accumulated depreciation	19,477	
Buildings and improvements, net of \$335,358 accumulated depreciation	76,995	
Equipment, net of \$288,915 accumulated depreciation	78,204	
Infrastructure, net of \$295,321 accumulated depreciation	133,718	313,644
Total net position of governmental activities at July 31, 2024		<u>\$ 401,351</u>

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Governmental Fund - General Fund For the Year Ended July 31, 2024

Revenues:	
Taxes	\$ 17,011
Licenses and permits	19,944
Intergovernmental	9,087
Charges for services	42,565
Fines and forfeits	2,270
Interest	5
Miscellaneous	63,262
Total revenues	_154,144
Expenditures:	
Current -	
General government	47,131
Public safety	34,904
Highways and streets	27,024
Debt service	4,768
Capital outlay	29,557
Total expenditures	143,384
Net change in fund balance	10,760
Fund balance, beginning	76,947
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ 87,707</u>

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended July 31, 2024

Total net change in fund balance for the year ended July 31, 2024 per the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance	\$ 10,760
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Depreciation expense for the year ended July 31, 2024	(32,412)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts, are amortized in the statement of activities over multiple periods.	
Repayment of long-term debt	4,682

\$(16,970)

Total change in net position for the year ended July 31, 2024 per the

statement of activities

# Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds July 31, 2024

	Gas Utility	Water Utility	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 11,558	\$ 45,150	\$ 56,708
Investments	32,431	148,096	180,527
Receivables -	11.525	13.440	24055
Accounts, net	11,537	13.440	24,977
Due from other governmental agencies	209 16,157	22,661	209
Due from other funds			38,818
Total current assets	<u>71.892</u>	229,347	301,239
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted assets -			
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	11,995	64,431	76,426
Investments Land	20.228	41,945	41.945
Capital assets, net	29,238 81,185	2,831 1,434,704	32,069 1,515,889
-	122,418	1,543,911	1,666,329
Total noncurrent assets	***************************************		
Total assets	194,310	1,773,258	1,967,568
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities (payable from current assets):			
Accounts payable and other payables	3,458	1,225	4,683
Due to other funds	89,885	17,432	107,317
Total	93,343	18,657	112,000
Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets):			
Customer deposits	11,995	59,007	71,002
Revenue bonds payable	-	12,262	12,262
Accrued interest payable	-	2,396	2,396
Total	11,995	73,665	85,660
Total current liabilities	105,338	92,322	197,660
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Revenue bonds payable		306,606	306,606
Total liabilities	105,338	398,928	504,266
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	110,423	1,118,667	1,229,090
Restricted for debt service	-	44,973	44,973
Unrestricted (deficit)	(21,451)	210,690	189,239
Total net position	\$ 88,972	\$ 1,374,330	\$ 1,463,302
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 194,310	\$ 1,773.258	\$ 1,967,568

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

# Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended July 31, 2024

	Gas Utility	Water Utility	Total
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 188,105	\$ 261,872	\$ 449,977
Miscellaneous	7,051	21,548	28,599
Total operating revenues	195,156	283,420	478,576
Operating expenses:			
Gas purchases	49,910	-	49,910
Salaries and related benefits	97,736	89,283	187,019
Operating and maintenance	38,568	49,383	87,951
Auto expenses	11,998	11,740	23,738
Travel	-	286	286
Office supplies and expenses	2,898	8,009	10,907
Computer costs	222	222	444
Telephone and utilities	29,687	25,105	54,792
Insurance	36,182	24,196	60,378
Professional fees	7,240	7,240	14,480
Depreciation	7,538	67,854	75,392
Bad debt (recovery)	(1,808)	(2,713)	(4,521)
Other	2,082	8,915	10,997
Total operating expenses	282,253	289,520	571,773
Operating loss	(87,097)	(6,100)	(93,197)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):			
Interest income	1,686	8,820	10,506
Interest expense		(14,401)	(14,401)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	1,686	(5,581)	(3,895)
Loss before contributions	(85,411)	(11,681)	(97,092)
Capital contributions	-	62,663	62,663
Change in net position	(85,411)	50,982	(34,429)
Net position, beginning	174,383	1,323,348	1,497,731
Net position, ending	\$ 88,972	\$1,374,330	\$1,463,302

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

# Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended July 31, 2024

	Gas Utility	Water Utility	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Receipts from customers	\$ 185,660	\$ 270,639	\$ 456,299
Payments to suppliers	(182,821)	(182,214)	(365,035)
Payments to employees	(97,736)	(89,283)	(187,019)
Other receipts	7,051	21,548	28,599
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(87,846)	20,690	(67,156)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:			
Operating transfers from other funds	36,227	3,502	39,729
Net increase (decrease) in customer deposits	(22)	3,092	3,070
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	36,205	6,594	42,799
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Principal paid on bonds and leases payable	-	(11,707)	(11,707)
Interest and fiscal charges paid on bonds and leases payable	-	(14,526)	(14,526)
Purchase and construction of capital assets	-	(24,061)	(24,061)
Proceeds from grants		62,663	62,663
Net cash provided by capital and related			
financing activities		12,369	12,369
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Net purchases of investments	(1,686)	(42,022)	(43,708)
Interest earned	1,686	8,820	10,506
Net cash used by investing activities		(33,202)	(33,202)
Net increase (decrease) in cash			
and cash equivalents	(51,641)	6,451	(45,190)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	44,876	33,073	77,949
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	<u>\$ (6,765)</u>	\$ 39,524	\$ 32,759
			(continued)

## Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds (Continued) Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended July 31, 2024

	Gas Utility	Water Utility	Total
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash			
provided (used) by operating activities			
Operating loss	\$ (87,097)	\$ (6,100)	\$ (93,197)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net			
cash provided (used) by operating activities:			
Depreciation	7,538	67,854	75,392
Changes in current assets and liabilities:			
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(646)	11,480	10,834
Decrease in provision for uncollectible accounts	(1,808)	(2,713)	(4,521)
Decrease in accounts and other payables			
for accounts and other payables	(5,833)	(49,831)	(55,664)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>\$ (87,846)</u>	\$ 20,690	\$ (67,156)
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents per statement of cash flows to the balance sheet:			
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period -			
Cash and interest-bearing deposits - unrestricted	\$ 63,177	\$ 42,206	\$ 105,383
Cash and interest-bearing deposits - restricted	12,017	60,923	72,940
Less: Interest-bearing deposits with maturity			
in excess of 90 days	(30,318)	(70,056)	_(100,374)
Total cash and cash equivalents	44,876	33,073	77,949
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period -			
Cash and interest-bearing deposits - unrestricted	11,558	45,150	56,708
Cash and interest-bearing deposits - restricted	11,995	64,431	76,426
Less: Interest-bearing deposits with maturity	,	,	
in excess of 90 days	(30,318)	(70,057)	(100,375)
Total cash and cash equivalents	(6,765)	39,524	32,759
Net increase (decrease)	<u>\$ (51,641)</u>	<u>\$ 6,451</u>	\$ (45,190)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

#### (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the Village of Palmetto, Louisiana (hereinafter, "the Village") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in the subsequent subsections of this note.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Village of Palmetto, Louisiana was incorporated in 1888 under the provisions of the Lawrason Act. The Village operates under a Mayor-Board of Aldermen form of government and provides the following services: police protection, streets and drainage, and general administrative services. The Village owns and operates gas and water utilities systems.

As the municipal governing authority, for reporting purposes, the Village is considered a separate financial reporting entity. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government (municipality), (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Section 2100 of the 2011 Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, "Defining the Financial Reporting Entity" establishes criteria for determining which entities should be considered a component unit and, as such, part of the reporting entity for financial reporting purposes. The basic criteria are as follows:

- 1. Legal status of the potential component unit including the right to incur its own debt, levy its own taxes and charges, expropriate property in its own name, sue and be sued, and the right to buy, sell and lease property in its own name.
- 2. Whether the primary government's governing authority (Mayor and Board of Aldermen) appoints a majority of board members of the potential component unit and is able to impose its will on the potential component unit or whether the potential component unit is fiscally dependent on the primary government.
- 3. Financial benefit/burden relationship between the primary government and the potential component unit.
- 4. The nature and significance of the relationship between the potential component units with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The Village of Palmetto is a primary government and has no component units. The accompanying financial statements present information only on the funds maintained by the Village and do not present information on any other governmental unit.

#### B. Basis of Presentation

## Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The government-wide financial statements provide operational accountability information for the Village as an economic unit. The government-wide financial statements report the Village's ability to maintain service levels and continue to meet its obligations as they come due. The statements include all governmental activities and all business-type activities of the primary government. The Village has no fiduciary funds.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The accounts of the Village are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be an independent fiscal and accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for within separate sets of self-balancing accounts, which comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balance/net position, revenues, and expenditures/expenses, and transfers. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements. Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Village. The various funds of the Village are classified into two categories: governmental and proprietary. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major funds, each displayed in a separate column.

Major funds are determined as funds whose revenues, expenditures/expenses, assets and deferred outflows of resources or liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are at least ten percent of the totals for all governmental or enterprise funds and at least five percent of the aggregate amount for all governmental and enterprise funds for the same item or funds designated as major at the discretion of the Village. Funds not classified as a major fund are aggregated and presented in a single column in the fund financial statements. The Village uses the following funds, grouped by fund type.

#### Governmental Funds –

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions of the Village are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the Village's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds.

#### General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Village. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements include a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for all major governmental funds and nonmajor funds aggregated. A reconciliation is presented to summarize the differences in fund balances of the governmental fund financial statements and the net position of the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

#### Proprietary Funds -

Proprietary funds are used to account for the Village's ongoing operations and activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector where the intent is that the costs of providing goods and services be recovered through user charges. The proprietary funds maintained by the Village are enterprise funds.

#### Enterprise Fund

Enterprise funds are proprietary funds that are used to report activities for which a fee is charged to external users. These funds account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The Village's enterprise funds are the Gas and Water Utility Funds.

Enterprise fund financial statements include a statement of net position, a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and a statement of cash flows. The enterprise fund financial information is presented under the business-type activities column.

### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The measurement focus determines the accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund. The governmental and business-type activities within the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The economic resources measurement focus meets the accounting objectives of determining net income, net position, and cash flows.

The fund financial statements use either the current financial resources measurement focus, or the economic resources measurement focus as appropriate. Governmental funds use the current financial resources measurement focus. The measurement focus is based upon the receipt and disbursement of current available financial resources rather than upon net income. The measurement focus of the proprietary fund types, the flow of economic resources, is based upon determination of net income, net position and cash flows.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The accrual basis of accounting is used throughout the government-wide statements; conversely, the financial statements of the governmental funds have been prepared in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues are recognized when considered both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. For this purpose, the Village considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. An exception to this is grants collected on a reimbursement basis. Those reimbursable grants are recognized as revenue when reimbursable expenditures are made. The Village considers reimbursement amounts received within one year as available. The Village accrues intergovernmental revenue, ad valorem tax revenue, franchise fees, charges for services, and investment income based upon this concept. Expenditures generally are recognized when the related fund liabilities are incurred and become payable in the current period. Proceeds of debt are reported as other financing sources, and principal and interest on long-term debt, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded as expenditures when paid.

Interest earned on invested funds is recognized when earned. Intergovernmental revenues that are reimbursement for specific purposes or projects are recognized in the period in which the expenditures are recorded. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Village. Transfers between governmental funds are recorded when the related liability is incurred. These transfers do not represent revenues (expenditures) to the Village and are, therefore, reported as other financing sources (uses) in the governmental fund financial statements.

Since the fund level financial statements are presented using a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements, a reconciliation is presented on the page following each fund level statement that summarizes the adjustments necessary to convert the fund level statements into the government-wide presentations. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated for the government-wide financial statements.

The financial statements of the enterprise funds have been prepared in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses and related liabilities are recorded when incurred.

## D. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Equity</u>

Cash, interest-bearing deposits, and investments

For purposes of the statement of net position, cash and interest-bearing deposits include all cash on hand, demand accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposit of the Village. Under state law, the Village may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the state of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the union, or the laws of the United States of America. The Village may invest in certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana laws and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

In addition, local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP), a nonprofit corporation formed by the State Treasurer and organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, which operates a local government investment pool. Investments are stated at fair value.

For purposes of the proprietary funds statement of cash flows, "cash and cash equivalents" include all demand and savings accounts, certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased.

#### Receivables

Receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include ad valorem and franchise taxes. Business-type activities report customer utility service receivables as the major receivable. Uncollectible ad valorem taxes or utility service receivables are recognized as bad debts at the time of information becomes available which would indicate the uncollectibility of the particular receivable. The allowance for customer utility receivables at July 31, 2024 for the Gas and Water Fund was \$14,709 and \$22,063, respectively. Unbilled utility service receivables resulting from utility services rendered between the date of meter reading and billing at the end of the month, are recorded at year-end.

#### Interfund receivables and payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivables and payables." Long-term interfund loans are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position.

#### Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include cash and interest-bearing deposits and investments of the proprietary funds that are legally restricted as to their use. The restricted assets in the gas and water utility funds are related to the utility meter deposits and revenue bond accounts.

## Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide or fund financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at acquisition value at the date of donation. The Village maintains a threshold level of \$500 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Prior to July 1, 2001, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets have been valued at estimated historical cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Utility plant and equipment	5 - 50 years
Buildings and improvements	25- 40 years
Furniture, fixtures, equipment and vehicles	3 - 25 years
Infrastructure	25 years
Land improvements	25 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for in the same manner as in the government-wide statements.

#### Long-term debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of revenue bonds payable and utility meter deposits payable.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

## Compensated Absences

Employees of the Village earn annual leave of five working days per year and may accumulate a maximum of five days of annual leave, which is paid at termination. Any liability the Village may have for accumulated annual leave is considered immaterial; therefore, there is no liability recorded in these financial statements.

Sick leave is earned at the rate of 5/6 day for each month worked. There is no maximum amount of sick leave which may be accumulated; however, no sick leave is paid to employees at termination.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate section represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Village had no deferred outflows of resources at July 31, 2024.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate section represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Village had no deferred inflows of resources at July 31, 2024.

#### **Equity Classifications**

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by external groups, such as creditors, grantors, and contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. It is the Village's policy to use restricted net position prior to the use of unrestricted net position when both restricted and unrestricted net position are available for an expense which has been incurred. At July 31, 2024, the Village reported \$44,973 of restricted net position, none of which was restricted by enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position consists of all other assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balances for governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily upon the extent to which the Village is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. The categories and their purposes are:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

- a. Nonspendable includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints requiring they maintain intact.
- b. Restricted includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors, grantors, contributors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or the laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Committed includes fund balance amounts that can be used only for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the Village through formal legislative action of the Mayor and Board of Aldermen and does not lapse at year end. A committed fund balance constraint can only be established, modified or rescinded by passage of an Ordinance (Law) by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen.
- d. Assigned includes fund balance amounts that are constrained by the Village's intent to be used for specific purposes, that are neither restricted nor committed. The assignment of fund balance is authorized by a directive from the Village Clerk and approval of a Resolution by the Board of Aldermen.
- e. Unassigned includes fund balance amounts which have not been classified within the above-mentioned categories.

It is the Village's policy to use restricted amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless prohibited by legal or contractual provisions. Additionally, the Village uses committed, assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of fund balance in that order when expenditures are made.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

## E. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

#### Revenues

The Village considers revenue to be susceptible to accrual in the governmental funds as it becomes measurable and available, as defined under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The Village generally defines the availability period for revenue recognition as received within sixty (60) days of year end. The Village's major revenue sources that meet this availability criterion are intergovernmental revenues, franchise fees, tax revenue, occupational licenses, and charges for services.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

There are three classifications of programmatic revenues for the Village, program specific grant and contributions revenue (operating and capital) and charges for services. Grant revenues are revenues from federal, state, and private grants. These revenues are recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements are met and are reported as intergovernmental revenues. Charges for services are derived directly from the program itself or from parties outside the Village's taxpayers or citizenry as a whole. Program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the Village's general revenues. The primary sources of program revenue are fees, fines, and charges paid by recipients of goods or services, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and earned income in connection with the operation of the Village's utility system.

Interest income is recorded as earned in the fund holding the interest-bearing asset.

Substantially all other revenues are recorded when received.

## Operating Revenues and Expenses

In the proprietary funds, operating revenues are those revenues produced as a result of providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. Nonoperating revenues are funds primarily provided by investing activities, such as financial institution interest income, gains on disposal of assets, rental income, and insurance recoveries on property loss. Operating expenses are those expenses related to the production of revenue. Nonoperating expenses are those expenses not directly related to the production of revenue and include items such as interest expense and losses on disposal of assets.

#### Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities. In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds - By Character Proprietary Funds - By Operating and Non-operating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

#### F. Revenue Restrictions

The Village has various restrictions placed over certain revenue sources from state or local requirements. The primary restricted revenue source includes:

Revenue Source	Legal Restrictions of Use		
Water revenue	Debt service and utility operations		

#### G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### (2) New Accounting Pronouncements

The following accounting standard adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, schedule to be implemented in the future, may affect the Village's financial statements:

GASB Statement 101, Compensated Absences. This standard updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences by aligning the guidance under a unified model and by amending certain disclosures. This standard is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023. The Village will include the requirements of this standard, as applicable, in its July 31, 2025, financial statements. The effect of this standard or its applicability to the Village is unknown at this time.

#### (3) Ad Valorem Taxes

Ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied by the Village in October and are billed to taxpayers in November or December. Billed taxes become delinquent on January 1 of the following year. The Village bills and collects its own property taxes using the assessed values determined by the tax assessor of St. Landry Parish. Property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables.

For the year ended July 31, 2024, taxes of 5.82 mills were levied on property with assessed valuations totaling \$910,060 with a total taxes being levied of \$5,297. Ad valorem taxes are dedicated to general corporate purposes.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### (4) Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits

Under state law, the Village may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The Village may invest in direct obligations of the United States government, bonds, debentures, notes or other evidence of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by federal agencies and/or the United States government, and time certificates of deposit of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. At July 31, 2024, the Village had cash and interest-bearing deposits (book balances) totaling \$145,666 as follows:

Demand deposits	\$ 45,291
Certificates of deposit	100,375
Total	\$ 145,666

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Village's deposits may not be recovered or the collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party will not be recovered. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates fair value. Under state law, deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposits insurance, or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank by a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Deposit balances (bank balances) of \$174,444 at July 31, 2024 were fully secured by Federal deposit insurance and therefore not exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### (5) <u>Investments</u>

The Village participates in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP). LAMP is administered by LAMP, Inc., a nonprofit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana. Only local governmental entities having contracted to participate in LAMP have an investment interest in its pool of assets. The primary objective of LAMP is to provide a safe environment for the placement of public funds in short-term, high-quality investments. The LAMP portfolio includes only securities and other obligations in which local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in accordance with LA – R.S. 33:2955.

Accounting standards require disclosure of credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk for all public entity investments.

LAMP is an investment pool that, to the extent practical, invests in a manner consistent with accounting standards. The following facts are relevant for investment pools:

• Credit risk: LAMP has a fund rating of AAAm issued by Standard & Poor's.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

- Custodial credit risk: LAMP participants' investments in the pool are evidenced by shares of the pool. Investments in pools should be disclosed, but not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form. The public entity's investment is with the pool, not the securities that make up the pool; therefore, no disclosure is required.
- Concentration of credit risk: LAMP's pooled investments are excluded from the 5 percent disclosure requirement.
- Interest rate risk: LAMP is designed to be highly liquid to give its participants immediate access to their account balances. LAMP prepares its own interest rate risk disclosure using the weighted average maturity (WAM) method. The WAM of LAMP assets is restricted to not more than 90 days and consists of no securities with a maturity in excess of 397 days or 762 days for U.S. Government floating/variable rate investments.
- Foreign currency risk: Not applicable.

The investment in LAMP totaling \$222,582 is stated at fair value. The fair value is determined on a weekly basis by LAMP and the value of the position in the external investment pool is the same as the net asset value of the pool shares. LAMP, Inc. is subject to the regulatory oversight of the state treasurer and the board of directors. LAMP is not registered with the SEC as an investment company.

#### (6) Receivables

Receivables consisted of the following at July 31, 2024:

	Governmental	Business type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Accounts	\$ 1,816	\$ 51,121	\$ 52,937
Unbilled utility	-	10,628	10,628
Allowance for uncollectible accounts	-	(36,772)	(36,772)
Totals	\$ 1,816	\$ 24,977	\$ 26,793

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

# (7) <u>Restricted Assets</u>

Restricted assets in the Enterprise Utility Funds consisted of the following at July 31, 2024:

	Gas	Water	
	Utility	Utility	
	Fund	Fund	Total
Customer deposits	\$ 11,995	\$ 59,007	\$ 71,002
Revenue bond reserve fund	-	24,479	24,479
Depreciation and contingencies fund	-	19,299	19,299
Bond and interest amortization fund		3,591	3,591
	\$ 11,995	\$ 106,376	\$ 118,371

# (8) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended July 31, 2024 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 5,250	<u>\$ - </u>	<u>\$ - </u>	\$ 5,250
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	232,960	-	-	232,960
Buildings and improvements	412,353	-	-	412,353
Equipment	359,762	7,357	-	367,119
Infrastructure	417,039	12,000		429,039
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,422,114	19,357		1,441,471
Less accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	203,709	9,774	-	213,483
Buildings and improvements	324,958	10,400	-	335,358
Equipment	275,029	13,886	-	288,915
Infrastructure	277,612	17,709	<u>-</u>	295,321
Total accumulated depreciation	_1,081,308	51,769		_1,133,077
Total net capital assets				
being depreciated	340,806	(32,412)	-	308,394
Governmental activities,				
net capital assets	\$ 346,056	<u>\$ (32,412)</u>	<u>\$ - </u>	\$ 313,644

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General government				\$ 11,179
Public safety				3,237
Highways and streets				37,353
Total depreciation expense				\$ 51,769
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Beginning Balance
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land and construction in progress	\$ 32,069	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 32,069
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Utility plant and equipment	3,910,990	24,061	-	3,935,051
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	60,228	-	-	60,228
Vehicles	55,780	-	-	55,780
Buildings	179,689			179,689
Total capital assets being depreciated	4,206,687	24,061		4,230,748
Less accumulated depreciation				
Utility plant and equipment	2,350,215	74,205	-	2,424,420
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	60,226	-	-	60,226
Vehicles	55,780	-	-	55,780
Buildings	173,246	1,187		174,433
Total accumulated depreciation	2,639,467	75,392		2,714,859
Total net capital assets				
being depreciated	1,567,220	(51,331)	-	1,515,889
Business-type activities,				
net capital assets	\$ 1,599,289	\$ (51,331)	<u>\$ - </u>	<u>\$ 1,547,958</u>
Depreciation expense was charged to	o business-type	activities as fo	ollows:	
Gas				\$ 7,538
Water				67,854
				<u> </u>
Total depreciation expense				<u>\$ 75,392</u>

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

## (9) Accounts and Other Payables

Accounts and other payables consisted of the following at July 31, 2024:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 2,986	\$ 2,986	
Salaries payable	159	1,453	1,612	
Payroll taxes payable	377	-	377	
Other payables	317	244	561	
Totals	\$ 853	\$ 4,683	\$ 5,536	

## (10) Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of long-term liability transactions of the Village for the year ended July 31, 2024:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amount due in one year
Long-term debt:					
Direct placements:					
Revenue bonds	\$ 330,575	\$ -	\$ (11,707)	\$ 318,868	\$ 12,262
Notes payable	4,682		(4,682)		
	\$ 335,257	<u>\$ - </u>	<u>\$ (16,389)</u>	\$ 318,868	\$ 12,262

Revenue bonds are associated with business-type activities and are liquidated by the Water Utility Fund. Notes payable were associated with governmental activities and were liquidated by the General Fund.

Bonds payable at July 31, 2024 are comprised of the following individual issues:

					Amount Due
	Issue	Maturity	Interest	Balance	In One
	Date	Date	Rates	Outstanding	Year
Business-type activities:					
Waterworks Revenue					
Bonds -	2/10/1993	1/1/2033	5.625%	\$ 42,568	\$ 3,762
	4/21/2005	4/1/2045	4.250%	276,300	8,500
Total business-type activities debt				\$ 318,868	<u>\$ 12,262</u>

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements of bonds outstanding are as follows:

	Business-type Activities					
	Revenue Bonds					
Year Ending July 31	Principal	Principal Interest Total				
2025	\$ 12,262	\$ 13,973	\$ 26,235			
2026	12,842	13,393	26,235			
2027	13,450	12,785	26,235			
2028	13,787	12,148	25,935			
2029	14,754	11,480	26,234			
2030 - 2034	78,813	46,204	125,017			
2035 - 2039	70,834	25,356	96,190			
2040 - 2044	87,573	12,817	100,390			
2045	14,553	246	14,799			
	\$ 318,868	\$ 148,402	\$ 467,270			

#### (11) Flow of Funds: Restrictions on Use – Water Revenues

Under the terms of various bond indentures on outstanding Waterworks Revenue Bonds, all income and revenues earned from the operation of the waterworks system are pledged and dedicated to the retirement of said bonds and are to be deposited in funds as follows:

All revenue must be deposited into a System Fund to be first used for the payment of all reasonable and necessary expenses of operating and maintaining the system.

An Amortization Fund (Bond and Interest Sinking Fund) shall be established and maintained by transferring monthly from the System Fund a sum whereby there will accumulate an amount sufficient to pay all interest and principal as it becomes due.

A Reserve Fund shall be established and maintained by transferring each month from the System Fund \$160 until the improvements financed with the 2005 Bonds are accepted and thereafter 5% of the amount paid to the Amortization Fund, until such time as there has been accumulated a sum equal to the highest combined principal and interest falling due in any year on all bonds payable from the sinking fund. These funds shall be retained solely for the purpose of paying the principal and interest on the bonds should the Amortization Fund be in default.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

A Depreciation and Contingencies Fund shall be established and maintained by transferring \$210 each month from the System Fund until the improvements financed with the 2005 Bonds are accepted and thereafter 5% of the monthly sum deposited into the Sinking fund until the amount in the Reserve Fund equals the reserve fund requirement. Thereafter, a sum equal to 5% of the sum deposited into the Sinking Fund for the 1976, 1982 and 1993 Bonds and 10% of the sum deposited in the Sinking Fund for the 2005 Bonds. The money shall be used to care for depreciation, extensions, additions, improvements, and replacements necessary to operate the system properly. Money in this fund shall also be used for the payment of principal and interest on bonds. If there is not sufficient money available, then the funds shall be replaced as soon as possible out of system earnings after all required payments are made.

For the year ended July 31, 2024, all transfers were made as required.

#### (12) Compensation of Village Officials

A detail of compensation paid to individual elected officials for the year ended July 31, 2024 is as follows:

Joseph Irving, Jr.	\$ 8,592
Aldermen:	
Guyton Budden	2,296
Lynn Coulon	2,296
Judy Dupre	2,296
Total	\$ 15,480

#### (13) Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Mayor

A detail of compensation, benefits, and other payments made to Mayor Joseph Irving, Jr. for the year ended July 31, 2024 follows:

Purpose		Amount
Salary	\$	8,592
Reimbursements		99
Total	<u>\$</u>	8,691

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### (14) Related Party Transactions

During the normal course of operations, the Village conducts business with a local general store owned by Guyton Budden, a member of the Board of Aldermen. The amount purchased by the Village for the year ended July 31, 2024 totaled \$3,794. It is the opinion of management that such transactions were on substantially the same terms as those prevailing at the time of comparable transactions with other persons and did not present any unfavorable features to the Village.

#### (15) <u>Litigation and Claims</u>

There was no pending litigation against the Village at July 31, 2024.

#### (16) Risk Management

The Village is exposed to risks of loss in the areas of general and auto liability, property hazards and workers' compensation. All of these risks are handled by purchasing commercial insurance coverage. There have been no significant reductions in the insurance coverage during the year, nor have settlements exceeded coverage for the past three years.

#### (17) Interfund Balances

Interfund receivables and payables, by fund, at July 31, 2024 are as follows:

	Interfund	Interfund
	Receivables	_Payables
Governmental fund:		
General Fund	<u>\$ 81,601</u>	\$ 13,102
Proprietary funds:		
Water	22,661	17,432
Gas	16,157	89,885
Total proprietary funds	38,818	107,317
Total	\$120,419	\$120,419

These balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## VILLAGE OF PALMETTO, LOUISIANA General Fund

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended July 31, 2024

				Variance with Final Budget	
	Bud	Budget		Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 17,100	\$ 15,800	\$ 17,011	\$ 1,211	
Licenses and permits	17,002	15,002	19,944	4,942	
Intergovernmental	400	3,700	9,087	5,387	
Charges for services	37,700	37,700	42,565	4,865	
Fines and forfeits	2,500	2,200	2,270	70	
Interest	-	5	5	-	
Miscellaneous	22,000	60,500	63,262	2,762	
Total revenues	96,702	_134,907	154,144	19,237	
Expenditures:					
Current -					
General government:	59,530	62,780	47,131	15,649	
Public safety	39,050	38,750	34,904	3,846	
Highways and streets	29,243	33,893	27,024	6,869	
Debt service	3,507	2,766	4,768	(2,002)	
Capital outlay	10,200	13,658	29,557	_(15,899)	
Total expenditures	_141,530	_151,847	143,384	8,463	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(44,828)	(16,940)	10,760	27,700	
Other financing sources:					
Transfers in	<u>45,000</u>		-	<del></del>	
Net change in fund balance	172	(16,940)	10,760	27,700	
Fund balance, beginning	76,947	76,947	76,947		
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ 77,119</u>	\$ 60,007	<u>\$ 87,707</u>	\$ 27,700	

#### Notes to Required Supplementary Information

### (1) <u>Budget and Budgetary Accounting</u>

The Village follows the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Village Clerk prepares a proposed operating budget for the General Fund for the fiscal year and submits it to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen prior to the beginning of the fiscal year.
- 2. The proposed budget is discussed and adopted at the public meeting when presented.
- 3. The General Fund budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 4. Any amendment to the adopted budget must be approved by the Board of Aldermen.
- 5. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Board of Aldermen. Such amendments were not material to the original appropriations.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### VILLAGE OF PALMETTO, LOUISIANA General Fund

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Revenues For the Year Ended July 31, 2024

				Variance with Final Budget
	Bue	Budget		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Taxes:				
Ad valorem	\$ 5,100	\$ 5,200	\$ 5,303	\$ 103
Franchise	11,000	9,500	10,529	1,029
Other	1,000	1,100	1,179	79
Total taxes	17,100	15,800	17,011	1,211
Licenses and permits	17,002	15,002	19,944	4,942
Intergovernmental:				
State grants	-	3,400	8,728	5,328
Beer tax	400	300	359	59
Total intergovernmental	400	3,700	9,087	5,387
Charges for services:				
Grass cutting	24,000	24,000	21,285	(2,715)
Rental income	13,700	13,700	19,700	6,000
Total charges for services	37,700	37,700	40,985	3,285
Fines and forfeits	2,500	2,200	2,270	70
Interest		5	5	
Miscellaneous:				
Racino revenue	21,000	20,500	21,146	646
Other	1,000	40,000	42,116	2,116
Total miscellaneous	22,000	60,500	63,262	2,762
Total revenues	\$ 96,702	\$ 134,907	\$ 152,564	\$ 17,657

#### VILLAGE OF PALMETTO, LOUISIANA General Fund

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures For the Year Ended July 31, 2024

Variance with

	Buc	Budget		Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Current:				(1100)
General government -				
Administrative:				
Mayor's salary	S 800	\$ 325	\$ 313	\$ 12
Clerk's salary	24,960	22,500	18,406	4,094
Payroll taxes	2,000	2,000	1,659	341
Bank service charges	120	120	120	_
Advertising	500	300	_	300
Travel and meetings	250	300	271	29
Tax roll preparation	1,500	1,000	1,509	(509)
Insurance	10,000	8,000	4,779	3,221
Town hall expense	2,200	1,500	6,293	(4,793)
Municipal dues	200	200	42	158
Professional fees	6,500	5,500	3,955	1,545
Office supplies	2,500	4,250	5,230	(980)
Computer repair and maintenance	1,000	2,600	2,182	418
Repairs and maintenance	4,500	13,000	849	12,151
Miscellaneous	2,500	1,185	1,523	(338)
Total general government	59,530	62,780	47,131	15,649
Public safety -				
Police:				
Salaries	33,600	32,400	29,200	3,200
Payroll taxes	2,400	2,400	2,234	166
Insurance	1,500	2,200	2,056	144
Uniforms	200	100	-	100
Supplies and auto	1,050	400	202	198
Miscellaneous	300	1,250	1,212	38
Total public safety	39,050	38,750	34,904	3,846
Highways and streets -				
Salaries - street	16,900	19,500	17,144	2,356
Payroll taxes - street	1,293	1,293	1,082	211
Street supplies	1,200	1,200	984	216
Insurance	4,000	3,500	2,675	825
Auto and tractor	3,850	4,400	1,362	3,038
Fuel	2,000	4,000	3,777	223
Total highways and streets	29,243	33,893	27,024	6,869
Debt service:				
Retirement of principal	3,175	2,607	4,682	(2,075)
Interest and fiscal charges	332	159	86	73
Total debt service	3,507	2,766	4,768	(2,002)
Capital outlay	10,200	13,658	29,557	(15,899)
Total expenditures	\$ 141,530	\$ 151,847	\$ 143,384	\$ 8,463
1				

### Comparative Balance Sheets Water Utility Fund July 31, 2024 and 2023

203	24 2023
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
	5,150 \$ 42,206
	3,096 120,290
Receivables -	
	3,440 22,207
	2,661 19,854
Total current assets 229	0,347 204,557
Noncurrent assets:	
Restricted assets -	
G ,	4,431 60,923
	1,945 27,730
•	7,535 1,481.328
Total noncurrent assets 1,543	<u>1,569,981</u>
Total assets \$1,773	<u>\$1,774,538</u>
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	
Current liabilities (payable from current assets):	
Accounts payable and other payables \$	1,225 \$ 51,056
Due to other funds	7,432 11,123
Total18	8,657 62,179
Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets):	
	9,007 55,915
Revenue bonds payable 12	2,262 11,708
Accrued interest payable2	2,396 2,521
Total	3,665 70,144
Total current liabilities 92	2,322 132,323
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Revenue bonds payable	<u>318,867</u>
Total liabilities 398	8,928 451,190
Net position:	
	3,667 1,150,753
	4,973 30,217
	),690 142,378
Total net position $1.374$	1,323,348
Total liabilities and net position $\frac{$1,773}{}$	<u>\$1,774,538</u>

## Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Water Utility Fund For the Years Ended July 31, 2024 and 2023

	2024	2023
Operating revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 261,872	\$ 261,516
Miscellaneous	21,548	38,555
Total operating revenues	283,420	300,071
Operating expenses:		
Salaries and reltaed benefits	89,283	91,091
Operations and maintenance	49,383	120,192
Auto expenses	11,740	9,885
Travel	286	1,357
Office supplies and expenses	8,009	8,453
Computer costs	222	202
Telephone and utilities	25,105	33,434
Insurance	24,196	26,940
Professional fees	7,240	8,960
Depreciation	67,854	70,150
Bad debt (recovery)	(2,713)	6,072
Other	8,915	6,843
Total operating expenses	289,520	383,579
Operating loss	(6,100)	(83,508)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Interest income	8,820	5,412
Interest expense	(14,401)	(14,916)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(5,581)	(9,504)
Loss before contributions and transfers	(11,681)	(93,012)
Capital contributions	62,663	
Change in net position	50,982	(93,012)
Net position, beginning	1,323,348	1,416,360
Net position, ending	\$1,374,330	\$1,323,348

#### VILLAGE OF PALMETTO, LOUISIANA Palmetto, Louisiana

# Justice System Funding Schedule - Collecting/Disbursing Entity As Required by Act 87 of the 2020 Regular Legislative Session

Entity Name: Village of Palmetto, Louisiana LLA Entity ID#: 2422 Date that reporting period ended: 7/31/2024	First Six Month Period Ended	Second Six Month Period Ended
Cash Basis Presentation	January 31, 2024	July 31, 2024
Beginning balance of amounts collected	<u>\$ - </u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Add: Collections		
Criminal fines - other	1,038	1,232
Subtotal Collections	1,038	1,232
Less Disbursements to Governments & Nonprofits		
Less Amounts Retained by Collecting Agency Amount "self-disbursed" to collecting agency Criminal fines/costs - other	1,038	1,232
Less Disbursements to Individuals/3rd party collection or processing agencies: Subtotal Disbursements/Retainage	1,038	1,232
Total: Ending Balance of Amounts Collected but not Disbursed/Retained	<u>\$ -                                   </u>	<u>\$ - </u>
Ending balance of "partial payments" collected but not disbursed	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -                                   </u>

### VILLAGE OF PALMETTO, LOUISIANA Enterprise Fund Water Utility Fund

Schedule of Number of Utility Customers and Water Rates (Unaudited)
July 31, 2024

Records maintained by the Village of Palmetto, Louisiana indicated the following number of customers were being serviced during the month of July 2023:

	Water
Residential	678
Commercial	46
Total	724

The residential and commercial water rates for of the Village are as follows:

#### Water:

\$18.00 per month for the first 2,000 gallons, then \$ 4.50 per 1,000 gallons or part thereof over 2,000 gallons

Penalty for paying water bill after due date: Additional ten percent (10%) of total water charge

Enterprise Fund Water Utility Fund

## Schedule of Aged Accounts Receivable (Unaudited) July 31, 2024

The aging of accounts receivable is as follows:

	<u>Water</u>
Current	\$21,466
31 - 60 days	4,509
Over 60 days	1,664
Total	\$27,639

Enterprise Fund Water Utility Fund

#### Schedule of Insurance in Force (Unaudited) July 31, 2024

		Limits of Coverage		Expiration
Coverage Provided For		in dollars)	Description of Limits	Date
Workmen's Compensation:			- <del></del>	
Employer's liability - Accident	\$	1,000,000	Bodily injury by accident each accident	01/01/25
Employer's hability - Disease		1,000,000	Bodily injury by disease policy limit	01/01/25
Employer's liability - Disease		1,000,000	Bodily injury by disease each employee	01/01/25
Surety Bonds:	*	.,,		
Mayor	\$	50,000	Each occurrence	04/22/25
Mayor Pro Tem	\$	50,000	Each occurrence	04/22/25
Municipal Clerk	\$	50,000	Each occurrence	04/22/25
Assistant Municipal Clerk	\$	50,000	Each occurrence	04/22/25
Assistant Clerk	\$	50,000	Each occurrence	04/22/25
Water & Gas Superintendent	\$	50,000	Each occurrence	04/22/25
Errors and Omissions	\$	500,000		05/01/25
Automobile Liability:	ų,	300,000		W. W. 1. 20
Bodily Injury and Property Damage	\$	500,000	Owned Automobiles	05/01/25
y y y 1 y 2		,	Hired and Non-Owned Automobiles	
Physical Property Damage	\$	15,000	2006 C7500 Dump Truck	03/08/25
Commercial General liability:			•	
Bodily Injury and Property Damage				
Premises Operations	\$	500,000	Per occurrence	05/01/25
Products Completed Operations	\$	500,000	Aggregate	05/01/25
1 1	\$	1,000	Medical payments per person	05/01/25
	\$	10,000	Medical payments per accident	05/01/25
	\$	50,000	Fire Legal Liability per occurrence	05/01/25
Law Enforcement Officer:				
Personal Injury and Property Damage	\$	500,000		05/01/25
Commercial:				
Elevated Water Tank	\$	547,603	Per Occurrence/Per Location/Per Building	06/15/25
Town Hall/Fire Department/Jail	\$	1,169,426	Per Occurrence/Per Location/Per Building	06/15/25
Town Hall/Fire Department/Jail -				
Personal Property	\$	116,965	Per Occurrence/Per Location/Per Building	06/15/25
Post Office Building	\$	490,430	Per Occurrence/Per Location/Per Building	06/15/25
Medical Office Building	\$	844,678	Per Occurrence/Per Location/Per Building	06/15/25
Medical Office Building -				
Personal Property	\$	59,050	Per Occurrence/Per Location/Per Building	06/15/25
Building	\$		Per Occurrence/Per Location/Per Building	06/15/25
15HP Electrical Motor	\$	220,586	Per Occurrence/Per Location/Per Building	06/15/25
2 Chlorinators	\$	14,308	Per Occurrence/Per Location/Per Building	06/15/25
Control Panel	\$	3,577	Per Occurrence/Per Location/Per Building	06/15/25
Miscellaneous	\$	59,618	Per Occurrence/Per Location/Per Building	06/15/25
Water Tank 01	\$	42,591	Per Occurrence/Per Location/Per Building	06/15/25
Water Tank 02	\$	121,690	Per Occurrence/Per Location/Per Building	06/15/25
Water Tank 03	\$	121,690	Per Occurrence/Per Location/Per Building	06/15/25
Well I	\$	60,844	Per Occurrence/Per Location/Per Building	06/15/25
Well 2	\$	60,844	Per Occurrence/Per Location/Per Building	06/15/25
Well 3	\$	60,844	Per Occurrence/Per Location/Per Building	06/15/25

INTERNAL CONTROL,
COMPLIANCE, AND
OTHER MATTERS

## **KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC**

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brad E. Kolder, CPA, JD\* Robert S. Carter, CPA\* Arthur R. Mixon, CPA\* Stephen J. Anderson, CPA\* Matthew E. Margaglio, CPA\* Casey L. Ardoin, CPA, CFE\* Wanda F. Arcement, CPA Bryan K. Joubert, CPA Nicholas Fowlkes, CPA Deidre L. Stock, CPA

Of Counsel
C. Burton Kolder, CPA\*

183 S. Beadle Rd. Lafayette, LA 70508 Phone (337) 232-4141

WWW.KCSRCPAS.COM

1428 Metro Dr. Alexandria, LA 71301 Phone (318) 442-4421

450 E. Main St. New Iberia, LA 70560 Phone (337) 367-9204

200 S. Main St. Abbeville, LA 70510 Phone (337) 893-7944 1201 David Dr. Morgan City, LA 70380 Phone (985) 384-2020

434 E. Main St. Ville Platte, LA 70586 Phone (337) 363-2792 11929 Bricksome Ave. Baton Rouge, LA 70816 Phone (225) 293-8300

Victor R. Slaven, CPA\* - retired 2020 Christine C. Doucet, CPA - retired 2022 Gerald A. Thibodeaux, Jr., CPA\* - retired 2024

\* A Professional Accounting Corporation

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Joseph Irving, Jr., Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Village of Palmetto, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Palmetto, Louisiana (Village), as of and for the year ended July 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village of Palmetto, Louisiana's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 27, 2025.

#### Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Palmetto, Louisiana's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion of the effectiveness of the Village of Palmetto, Louisiana's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan as items 2024-001, 2024-002, and 2024-003 that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, and which is described in the accompanying schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan as item 2024-004.

#### Village of Palmetto, Louisiana's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Village's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan. The Village of Palmetto, Louisiana's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Ville Platte, Louisiana January 27, 2025

#### Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended July 31, 2024

#### Part I. Current Year Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan

#### A. Internal Control over Financial Reporting –

#### 2024-001 Inadequate Segregation of Duties

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: Unknown

CONDITION: The Village did not have adequate segregation of functions within the accounting system.

CRITERIA: AU-C§315.04, Understanding the Entity and its Environment and Assessing the Risks of Material Misstatement, defines internal control as follows:

"Internal control is a process, affected by those charged with governance, management, and other personnel, designed to provide reasonable assurance about the achievement of objectives with regard to reliability of financial reporting, effectiveness and efficiency of operations, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations."

CAUSE: The cause of the condition is the fact that the Village does not have a sufficient number of staff performing administrative and financial duties so as to provide adequate segregation of accounting and financial duties.

EFFECT: Failure to adequately segregate accounting and financial functions increases the risk that errors and/or irregularities including fraud and/or defalcations may occur and not be prevented and/or detected.

RECOMMENDATION: Management should evaluate the cost vs. benefit of complete segregation and whenever possible, reassign incompatible duties among different employees to ensure that a single employee does not have control of more than one of the following responsibilities: (1) authorization; (2) custody; (3) record keeping; and (4) reconciliation.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: The Village has determined that it is not cost effective to achieve complete segregation of duties within the accounting department.

#### 2024-002 Cutoff Policy

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2017

CONDITION: During a test of utility accounts of the Village's customers, it was noted that some accounts are not being paid in full or timely, and the customers, including employees and village officials, continue to receive service in violation of the Village's cutoff policy.

CRITERIA: The Village's cutoff policy states that a utility customer will be cut off on or after the 20<sup>th</sup> of each month when a delinquent balance remains.

Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan (Continued) For the Year Ended July 31, 2024

CAUSE: The Village has not properly followed its written policies and procedures regarding past due accounts and the proper cut-off procedures to disconnect services relating to nonpayment by customers.

EFFECT: Failure to follow written policies and procedures increases the risk of not having continuity of operations and the risk of long outstanding collections of utilities.

RECOMMENDATION: Management should consistently comply with its written policies and procedures in the future and cut off utility services of customers, including employees and village officials, who do not pay within the time limit stated in the cutoff policy.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: The Village will adhere to the established cutoff policy in the future.

#### 2024-003 Maintenance of Personnel Files

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2018

CONDITION: The Village does not have proper controls over the maintenance of personnel files or the processing of payroll. Documentation of approved pay rates is not maintained in personnel files. In many instances, documentation for approved deductions and W-4 is not maintained in personnel files.

CRITERIA: AU-C§325.05, Communicating Internal Control Related Matters Identified in an Audit, states, in part:

"A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis.

A deficiency in design exists when:

- A control necessary to meet the control objectives is missing, or
- An existing control is not properly designed so that, even if the control operates as designed, the control objective would not be met.

CAUSE: The cause of the condition is the result of a failure to design or implement policies and procedures necessary to achieve adequate internal control.

EFFECT: Errors or irregularities could be made in the recording of payroll transactions without being detected in a timely manner.

Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan (Continued) For the Year Ended July 31, 2024

RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that the Village establish policies and procedures to ensure that personnel files are complete and contain all required documentation.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: The Village will establish policies and procedures to ensure that personnel files are complete and contain all required documentation.

#### B. Compliance –

#### 2024-004 Failure to Publish Minutes

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2019

CONDITION: The Village did not publish the minutes of its public meetings during the year.

CRITERIA: LA R.S. 42:20 states that all public bodies shall keep written minutes of all open meetings. It further states that the minutes shall be public records and shall be available within a reasonable period of time after the meeting and published in the public body's official journal. LA R.S. 43:144 requires the official proceedings to be published within 20 days from the date of the meeting.

CAUSE: The Village did not publish minutes of meeting in the official journal as required.

EFFECT: Members of the public were not provided information regarding the Village's activities in a timely manner.

RECOMMENDATION: The Village should comply with the provisions of LA R.S. 42:20 and 43:144 and publish all minutes in accordance with state law.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: The Village will implement policies to ensure that minutes of all open meetings will be made available as public record and published in the official journal.

#### C. Management Letter –

A management letter was issued related to operating losses in the Water Utility Fund and the gas loss which occurred in the Gas Utility Fund.

#### Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan (Continued) For the Year Ended July 31, 2024

#### Part II. <u>Prior Year Findings</u>:

#### A. <u>Internal Control over Financial Reporting</u>

#### 2023-001 Inadequate Segregation of Duties

CONDITION: The Village did not have adequate segregation of functions within the accounting system.

RECOMMENDATION: Management should reassign incompatible duties among different employees to ensure that a single employee does not have control of more than one of the following responsibilities: (1) authorization; (2) custody; (3) recordkeeping; and (4) reconciliation.

CURRENT STATUS: Unresolved. See item 2024-001.

#### 2023-002 Cut-off Policy

CONDITION: The Village did not adhere to its cutoff policy for delinquent utility customers, including employees and public officials.

RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that the Village implement procedures to ensure that the cutoff policy is followed and that aggressive collection attempts be made to collect all past due accounts.

CURRENT STATUS: Unresolved. See item 2024-002.

#### 2023-003 Personnel Files

CONDITION: The Village did not have proper controls over the maintenance of personnel files or the processing of payroll.

RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that the Village establish policies and procedures to ensure that personnel files are complete and contain all required documentation. Procedures should also be implemented to ensure that timecards are properly approved, and employees are paid for actual time worked.

CURRENT STATUS: Unresolved. See item 2024-003.

#### Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan (Continued) For the Year Ended July 31, 2024

#### B. <u>Compliance –</u>

#### **2023-004** Failure to Publish Minutes

CONDITION: The Village did not publish the minutes of its public meetings during the year.

RECOMMENDATION: The Village should comply with the provisions of LA R.S. 42:20 and 43:144 and publish all minutes in accordance with state law.

CURRENT STATUS: Unresolved. See item 2024-004.

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brad E. Kolder, CPA, JD\* Robert S. Carter, CPA\* Arthur R. Mixon, CPA\* Stephen J. Anderson, CPA\* Matthew E. Margaglio, CPA\* Casey L. Ardoin, CPA, CFE\* Wanda F. Arcement, CPA Bryan K. Joubert, CPA Nicholas Fowlkes, CPA Deidre L. Stock, CPA

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183 S. Beadle Rd. Lafayette, LA 70508 Phone (337) 232-4141

1428 Metro Dr. Alexandria, LA 71301 Phone (318) 442-4421

450 E. Main St. New Iberia, LA 70560 Phone (337) 367-9204

200 S. Main St. Abbeville, LA 70510 Phone (337) 893-7944

1201 David Dr. Morgan City, LA 70380 Phone (985) 384-2020

434 E. Main St. Ville Platte, LA 70586 Phone (337) 363-2792

11929 Bricksome Ave. Baton Rouge, LA 70816 Phone (225) 293-8300

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#### MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Joseph Irving, Jr., Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Village of Palmetto, Louisiana

We have completed our audit of the basic financial statements of the Village of Palmetto, Louisiana for the year ended July 31, 2024, and submit the following recommendations for your consideration:

- (1) A continuing significant gas loss occurred in the Gas Utility Fund. Despite efforts to locate and repair gas leaks, this loss has persisted. The Village should investigate possible reasons for the significant gas loss and continue efforts to reduce the loss.
- (2) The Gas and Water Utility Funds experienced an operating loss of \$87,097 and \$6,100, respectively, during the current year. The Village should evaluate operations to determine methods to increase revenues and/or reduce expenses in order to operate at a surplus.

In conclusion, we express our appreciation to you and your staff, particularly to your office staff, for the courtesies and assistance rendered to us during the performance of our audit. Should you have any questions or need assistance in implementing our recommendations, please feel free to contact us.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Ville Platte, Louisiana January 27, 2025

Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures Report
Year Ended July 31, 2024

## **KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC**

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brad E. Kolder, CPA, JD\* Robert S. Carter, CPA\* Arthur R. Mixon, CPA\* Stephen J. Anderson, CPA\* Matthew E. Margaglio, CPA\* Casey L. Ardoin, CPA, CFE\* Wanda F. Arcement, CPA Bryan K. Joubert, CPA Nicholas Fowlkes, CPA Deidre L. Stock, CPA

Of Counsel
C. Burton Kolder, CPA\*

Victor R. Slaven, CPA\* - retired 2020 Christine C. Doucet, CPA - retired 2022 Gerald A. Thibodeaux, Jr., CPA\* - retired 2024

\* A Professional Accounting Corporation

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#### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

To the Honorable Joseph Irving, Jr., Mayor And the members of the Board of Alderman of the Village of Palmetto, Louisiana and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor:

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period August 1, 2023 through July 31, 2024. The Village of Palmetto, Louisiana's management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

The Village of Palmetto, Louisiana has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period August 1, 2023 through July 31, 2024. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

#### 1) Written Policies and Procedures

- A. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe whether they address each of the following categories and subcategories, if applicable, to public funds and the entity's operations:
  - Budgeting, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.
     Written policies and procedures were obtained and do not address monitoring the budget.
  - ii. **Purchasing**, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.

Written policies and procedures were obtained and do not address the functions noted above.

iii. *Disbursements*, including processing, reviewing, and approving.

Written policies and procedures were obtained and do not address processing disbursements.

iv. *Receipts/Collections*, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g., periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).

Written policies and procedures were obtained and address the functions noted above.

v. **Payroll/Personnel**, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee(s) rate of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.

Written policies and procedures were obtained and do not address payroll processing or approval process for employee(s) rate of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.

vi. *Contracting*, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.

Written policies and procedures were obtained and do not address the functions noted above.

vii. *Travel and Expense Reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.

Written policies and procedures were obtained and address the functions noted above.

viii. *Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, purchase cards, if applicable)*, including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).

Written policies and procedures were obtained and address the functions noted above.

ix. *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.

Written policies and procedures were obtained and address the functions noted above.

x. **Debt Service**, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.

Written policies and procedures were obtained and do not address the functions noted above.

xi. Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.

Written policies and procedures were obtained and do not address the functions noted above.

xii. *Prevention of Sexual Harassment*, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

Written policies and procedures were obtained and do not address the functions noted above.

#### 2) Board or Finance Committee

- A. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:
  - i. Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
    - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
  - ii. For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe whether the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual comparisons, at a minimum, on all proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget-to-actual comparisons, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds. Alternatively, for those entities reporting on the not-for-profit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.
    - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
- iii. For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.
  - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
- iv. Observe whether the board/finance committee received written updates of the progress of resolving audit finding(s), according to management's corrective action plan at each meeting until the findings are considered fully resolved.
  - It was noted that the board/finance committee did not receive written updates of the progress of resolving audit findings(s), according to management's corrective action plan at each meeting until the findings were considered fully resolved.

#### 3) Bank Reconciliations

- A. Obtain a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:
  - Obtained a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete.
  - i. Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged);
    - *No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.*

- ii. Bank reconciliations include written evidence that a member of management or a board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation within 1 month of the date the reconciliation was prepared (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged); and
  - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
- iii. Management has documentation reflecting it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.
  - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

#### 4) Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)

- A. Obtain a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).
  - Obtained a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete.
- B. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (i.e., 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:
  - i. Employees responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers;
    - Observed that employees responsible for cash collections do not share the same cash drawers/registers.
  - ii. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g., pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit;
    - Observed that employees responsible for collecting cash are also responsible for preparing/making bank deposits. However, another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation to the deposit.
- iii. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit; and
  - Observed that employees responsible for collecting cash are not responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers.
- iv. The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or custodial fund additions, is (are) not also responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.
  - Observed that employees responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or custodial fund additions, are not responsible for collecting cash.

- C. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe that the bond or insurance policy for theft was in force during the fiscal period.
  - Obtained and reviewed a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash, noting no exceptions.
- D. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Alternatively, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc. Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and
  - i. Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.
    - *No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.*
  - ii. Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.
    - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
- iii. Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.
  - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
- iv. Observe the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).
  - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
- v. Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.
  - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

# 5) Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

- A. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).
  - Obtained a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete.
- B. For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that:
  - i. At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order or making the purchase;
    - Observed that there are at least two employees involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase.
  - ii. At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors;
    - Observed that at least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.

- iii. The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files;
  - Observed that the employee responsible for processing payments is not prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files. However, another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.
- iv. Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments; and
  - Observed that the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payments or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.
- v. Only employees/officials authorized to sign checks approve the electronic disbursement (release) of funds, whether through automated clearinghouse (ACH), electronic funds transfer (EFT), wire transfer, or some other electronic means.
  - Observed that only employees/officials authorized to sign checks approve the electronic disbursement (release) of funds, whether through automated clearinghouse (ACH), electronic funds transfer (EFT), wire transfer, or some other electronic means, noting no exceptions.
- C. For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction, and:
  - i. Observe whether the disbursement, whether by paper or electronic means, matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates that deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity; and
    - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
  - ii. Observe whether the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under procedure #5B above, as applicable.
    - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
- D. Using the entity's main operating account and the month selected in Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A, randomly select 5 non-payroll-related electronic disbursements (or all electronic disbursements if less than 5) and observe that each electronic disbursement was (a) approved by only those persons authorized to disburse funds (e.g., sign checks) per the entity's policy, and (b) approved by the required number of authorized signers per the entity's policy. Note: If no electronic payments were made from the main operating account during the month selected the practitioner should select an alternative month and/or account for testing that does include electronic disbursements.

No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

#### 6) Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/Purchase Cards (Cards)

The Village of Palmetto, Louisiana did not have any active credit cards, debit cards, fuel cards, or p-cards during the fiscal year. Therefore, this section is not applicable to the entity.

- A. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and purchase cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.
  - N/A This procedure is not applicable to the entity.

- B. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement), obtain supporting documentation, and
  - i. Observe whether there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) were reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved), by someone other than the authorized card holder (those instances requiring such approval that may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials, such as the mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality, should not be reported); and
    - N/A This procedure is not applicable to the entity.
  - ii. Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.
    - N/A This procedure is not applicable to the entity.
- B. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under procedure #7B above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (e.g., each card should have 10 transactions subject to inspection). For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and observe whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

N/A – This procedure is not applicable to the entity.

#### 7) Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

A. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements and obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:

Obtained a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete.

i. If reimbursed using a per diem, observe the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov);

*No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.* 

- ii. If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased;
  - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
- iii. Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by Written Policies and Procedures procedure #1A(vii); and

*No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.* 

iv. Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving the reimbursement.

No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

#### 8) Contracts

The Village of Palmetto, Louisiana did not have any agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. Therefore, this section is not applicable to the entity.

- A. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. Alternately, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and:
  - N/A This procedure is not applicable to the entity.
  - i. Observe whether the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law;
    - N/A This procedure is not applicable to the entity.
  - ii. Observe whether the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g., Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter);
    - N/A This procedure is not applicable to the entity.
- iii. If the contract was amended (e.g., change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, the documented approval); and
  - N/A This procedure is not applicable to the entity.
- iv. Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.
  - N/A This procedure is not applicable to the entity.

#### 9) Payroll and Personnel

- A. Obtain a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.
  - Obtained a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Obtained related paid salaries and personnel files and agreed to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files, noting no exceptions.
- B. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under procedure #9A above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and
  - i. Observe that all selected employees or officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory);
    - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

- ii. Observe whether supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials:
  - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
- iii. Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records; and
  - For one of the five employees selected for testing, written documentation did not exist, noting supervisor approval of attendance and leave.
- iv. Observe the rate paid to the employees or officials agrees to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.
  - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
- C. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials and obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee's or official's cumulative leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee's or official's authorized pay rates in the employee's or official's personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.
  - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
- D. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.
  - *No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.*

#### 10) Ethics

- A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A obtain ethics documentation from management, and
  - i. Observe whether the documentation demonstrates that each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:1170; and
    - For five of the five employees selected for testing, management did not have documentation demonstrating that each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:1170.
  - ii. Observe whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates that each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.
    - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
- B. Inquire and/or observe whether the agency has appointed an ethics designee as required by R.S. 42:1170.
  - No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

#### 11) Debt Service

A. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued as required by Article VII, Section 8 of the Louisiana Constitution.

Per discussion with management, it was noted that there were no bonds/notes or other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period.

B. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balance and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

#### 12) Fraud Notice

A. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled as required by R.S. 24:523.

Per discussion with management, there were no misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period.

B. Observe the entity has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure. It is noted that the entity does not maintain a website.

#### 13) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

#### A. Perform the following procedures:

i. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe evidence that such backup (a) occurred within the past week (b) was not stored on the government's local server or network, and (c) was encrypted.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

ii. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

iii. Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

B. Randomly select 5 terminated employees (or all terminated employees if less than 5) using the list of terminated employees obtained in Payroll and Personnel procedures #9C. Observe evidence that the selected terminated employees have been removed or disabled from the network.

*No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.* 

- C. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A, obtain cybersecurity training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates that the following employees/officials with access to the agency's information technology assets have completed cybersecurity training as required by R.S. 42:1267. The requirements are as follows:
  - Hired before June 9, 2020 completed the training; and
  - Hired on or after June 9, 2020 completed the training within 30 days of initial service or employment.

For five of the five employees selected for testing, management did not have documentation demonstrating that the employees completed cybersecurity training as required by R.S. 42:1267.

#### 14) Prevention of Sexual Harassment

A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:343.

No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

B. Observe that the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).

No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

- C. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe that the report includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
  - i. Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;
  - ii. Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;
- iii. Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;
- iv. Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and

v. Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

It was noted that the entity did not follow the above reporting requirements.

#### Management's Response

Management of the Village of Palmetto, Louisiana concurs with the exceptions and are working to address the deficiencies identified.

We were engaged by the Village of Palmetto, Louisiana to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the Village of Palmetto, Louisiana and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Ville Platte, Louisiana January 27, 2025