ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT RELAY ADMINISTRATION BOARD AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Relay Administration Board Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of the Relay Administration Board as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Relay Administration Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of Relay Administration Board, as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the *Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide*, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Relay Administration Board and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



To the Board of Directors Relay Administration Board June 24, 2024

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Relay Administration Board's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of Relay Administration Board's internal control.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.



To the Board of Directors Relay Administration Board June 24, 2024

• Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Relay Administration Board's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 8 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Relay Administration Board's basic financial statements. The schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head on page 20 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



To the Board of Directors Relay Administration Board June 24, 2024

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 24, 2024, on our consideration of Relay Administration Board's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Relay Administration Board's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Relay Administration Board's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

June 24, 2024 New Orleans, Louisiana

Certified Public Accountants

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2023

INTRODUCTION

The Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of the Relay Administration Board's ("RAB") financial performance presents a narrative overview and analysis of RAB's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2023. This document focuses on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts in comparison with the prior year's information. As with other sections of this financial report, the information contained within this MD&A should be considered only a part of a greater whole. The readers of this statement should take time to read and evaluate all sections of this report, including the footnotes and the supplementary information that is provided in addition to the MD&A.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

RAB's assets exceeded its liabilities (net position) at the close of fiscal year 2023 by \$22,521,337 which represents nearly a 3.6% increase in net position from last fiscal year. Total assets consist almost entirely of investments which increased by 3.6% to \$28,501,040 related primarily to increases in market values of securities.

At December 31, 2023, the investment portfolio was comprised of U.S. Government and Agency bonds (31%), corporate bonds (19%), equity securities (43%), money market funds (3%), and mutual funds (4%).

RAB's net position decreased by \$197,103 in 2023 compared to the 2022 decrease of \$7,185,476.

RAB received no operating revenues during 2023 due to the elimination of access charges previously charged to consumers and no grants funding.

RAB's net investment income increased in 2023 by \$7,406,368 or 170.5% due to the overall favorable financial market performance during 2023 compared to 2022.

RAB's operating expenses increased \$176,008 or 36.3% compared to the prior year due to increased charitable contributions during 2023.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements consist of two sections - Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section) and the basic financial statements (including the notes to the financial statements).

Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements present information for the RAB, in a format designed to make the statements easier for the reader to understand. The statements in this section include the statement of net position; the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position; and the statement of cash flows.

Statement of Net Position

The statement of net position on page 9 presents a summary of assets and liabilities with totals of each. The difference between total assets and total liabilities is net position and may provide a useful indicator of whether the financial position of RAB is improving or deteriorating.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) <u>DECEMBER 31, 2023</u>

Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position on page 10 presents information which shows how RAB's net position changed as a result of current year operations. Regardless of when cash is affected, all changes in net position are reported when the underlying transactions occur. As a result, there are transactions included that will not affect cash until future fiscal periods.

Statement of Cash Flows

The statement of cash flows on page 11 presents information showing how RAB's cash changed as a result of current year operations. The statement of cash flows is prepared using the direct method and includes the reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by or used in operating activities (indirect method) as required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 34.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 12-19 of this report.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY

The condensed statements of net position consist of the following at December 31:

	2023	2022
Current assets Noncurrent assets	\$ 16,412,882 12,088,158	\$ 16,337,328 11,172,663
Total assets	\$ 28,501,040	\$ 27,509,991
Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	\$ 5,979,703	\$ 4,791,551
Total liabilities	5,979,703	4,791,551
Unrestricted net position	22,521,337	22,718,440
Total net liabilities and net position	\$ 28,501,040	\$ 27,509,991

Current assets consist primarily of cash and investments in debt and equity securities. Noncurrent assets consist of investments in debt securities with a maturity date greater than one year. The decrease in assets resulted primarily from a decrease in the fair value of investments and a change in the composition of the investment portfolio, including changes in market valuation.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) <u>DECEMBER 31, 2023</u>

Current liabilities consist of accounts payable, federal excise tax payable and deferred federal excise taxes. The increase in liabilities is due primarily to an increase in federal excise tax payable.

All of the RAB's resources can be used for any lawful purpose consistent with the articles of incorporation which requires that funds be used for providing telecommunication relay services to the citizens of the State of Louisiana. RAB has no long-term debt obligations. Investment securities are available for liquidity as needed but are intended to also provide a return on assets that can be used to provide relay services to the hearing and speech impaired.

The condensed statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position consists of the following for the years ended December 31:

	 2023	 2022
Operating revenues	\$ -	\$ -
Operating expenses	 661,192	 485,184
Operating loss	(661,192)	(485,184)
Nonoperating revenues	3,062,341	(4,343,923)
Nonoperating expenses	 (2,598,252)	 (2,356,369)
Total nonoperating income (loss)	464,089	(6,700,292)
Change in net position	 (197,103)	 (7,185,476)
Net position, end of year	\$ 22,521,337	\$ 22,718,440

RAB recognized no operating revenues during 2023. The Louisiana Public Service Commission indefinitely suspended the 11¢ per line access fee charged to consumers effective in April 2002. Non-operating revenues increased in 2023 by \$7,406,264 due to increases in the values of invested assets compared to unrealized appreciation of security holdings arising in 2023.

Historically, The majority of RAB's operating expenses represent the provisioning of telephone relay service by a contracted relay service provider as well as charitable contributions. Total 2023 operating expenses increased from 2022 due to the increase in charitable contributions. Non-operating expenses consist of excise taxes which vary based on investment income. RAB's investment income is subject to an excise tax at a rate expected to be 2% of net investment income.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

<u>DECEMBER 31, 2023</u>

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S OPERATIONS AND RATES

As portrayed on page 9 of the financial statements, RAB has accumulated net position since its inception in 1992 which has been accumulated for the purpose of provisioning of telephone access services for an extended period. In April 2002, the Louisiana Public Service Commission eliminated the telephone access fee that has been charged to all connections throughout Louisiana and used to fund RAB's operations and net position. Thus, for 2023, RAB has no telephone access fee revenue. RAB has received no state grants or funding since 2002 and does not expect to receive state funding anytime in the near future.

RAB continues to monitor its investment portfolio and associated credit and investment risk associated with the types of securities. Since year end, overall financial markets have continued to be volatile and subject to government influences. If overall economic conditions and financial markets remain disrupted for an extended period of time, RAB's ability to meet these objectives may become doubtful.

CONTACTING THE RELAY ADMINISTRATION BOARD'S MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the Relay Administration Board's finances and to show RAB's accountability for the moneyit receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact:

Louisiana Public Service Commission P.O. Box 91154 Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70821-9154

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2023

ASSETS:	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 827,208
Investments	15,478,238
Accrued investment income	107,436
Total current assets	16,412,882
Noncurrent assets:	
Investments	12,088,158
Total noncurrent assets	12,088,158
Total assets	28,501,040
<u>LIABILITIES:</u> Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	84,599
Federal excise tax payable	5,819,000
Deferred federal excise taxes	76,104
Total current liabilities	5,979,703
Total liabilities	5,979,703
NET POSITION:	
Unrestricted	22,521,337
Total net position	\$ 22,521,337

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

OPERATING REVENUES	\$ -
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
Relay service costs	186,826
Legal and professional	14,430
Grants	441,500
Other operating costs	18,436
Total operating expenses	661,192
Net operating (loss)	(661,192)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):	
Investment income	3,062,341
Federal excise tax expense	(2,598,252)
Total non-operating income	464,089
Change in net position	(197,103)
Net position, beginning of year	22,718,440
Net position, end of year	\$ 22,521,337

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

CASH FLOWS FROM (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Cash payments to suppliers of goods and services:	Φ.	(4.67.025)
Relay service costs	\$	(165,825)
Legal and professional fees Grants		(7,980)
Other operating costs		(587,500) (5,091)
o more operating costs		(0,001)
Net cash (used in) operating activities		(766,396)
CASH FLOWS FROM (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Purchases of investments	((15,422,761)
Sales and maturities of investments		17,003,797
Investment income received		574,725
Federal excise taxes paid		(1,305,000)
Net cash from investing activities		850,761
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		84,365
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		742,843
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	827,208
Reconciliation of operating (loss) to net cash (used in) operating activities:	¢	(((1 102)
Operating (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net cash (used in) operating activities: Increase (decrease) in liabilities:	\$	(661,192)
Accounts payable		(105,204)
Net cash (used in) operating activities	\$	(766,396)
Supplemental disclosure of noncash investing activities:		
Net increase in investment unrealized appreciation	\$	2,212,604
Net amortization/accretion of investments in fixed securities		62,017
Increase in deferred federal excise taxes		(44,252)
	\$	2,230,369

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Operations

The Relay Administration Board ("RAB") was created as a nonprofit corporation by the Louisiana Public Service Commission, a body created by the Louisiana Constitution, as provided by Order Number U-17656-A pursuant to the telecommunications sections of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 and other applicable regulations adopted by the Federal Communications Commission.

The board of directors is comprised of five members who serve indefinite terms at the discretion of the Louisiana Public Service Commission. The board of directors is charged with the responsibility of oversight of telephone relay services for the State of Louisiana, ensuring equal access to telecommunications services for all hearing and speech impaired citizens, and acting as a liaison between the relay service provider and the Louisiana Public Service Commission.

Basis of Presentation and Financial Reporting Framework

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and reporting principles.

Reporting Entity

Using the criteria in GASB Codification Section 2100, the Division of Administration, Office of Statewide Reporting and Accounting Policy has defined the governmental reporting entity to be the State of Louisiana. The Office of Statewide Reporting and Accounting Policy considers RAB to be a discrete component unit of the State of Louisiana because the state has financial accountability for fiscal matters as follows: (1) a majority of the board of directors is appointed by the State of Louisiana; (2) upon dissolution of RAB, title to all property owned by RAB shall vest in the State of Louisiana; (3) the Louisiana Public Service Commission, a commission within a department of the State of Louisiana, has the ability to modify and approve changes to the telephone access fee; and (4) the Louisiana Public Service Commission has the ability to veto, overrule, and modify decisions made by RAB.

Since RAB is a discretely presented component unit of the State of Louisiana, these financial statements follow the financial reporting framework of the primary government. The accompanying financial statements present information only as to the transactions of the programs of RAB. Annually, the State of Louisiana issues basic financial statements, which include the activity contained in the accompanying financial statements as a business-type activity. The State of Louisiana's basic financial statements are audited by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>DECEMBER 31, 2023</u>

(1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)</u>

Fund Accounting

For financial reporting purposes, RAB is treated as a special-purpose government engaged only in business-type activities. All activities of RAB are accounted for within a single proprietary (enterprise) fund to report on its financial position, results of operation, and cash flows. Proprietary funds are used to account for operations that are (a) financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the cost of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/ornet income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Net Position

RAB has implemented GASB No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position". This standard provides guidance for reporting the financial statement elements of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows represent the consumption of the government's net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred inflow represents the acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. Because deferred outflows and deferred inflows are, by definition, neither assets nor liabilities, the statement of net assets title is now referred to as the statement of net position. The statement of net position reports net position as the difference between all other elements in a statement of net position and should be displayed in three components—net investment in capital assets, restricted net position (distinguishing between major categories of restrictions), and unrestricted net position.

As of December 31, 2023, all of RAB's net position was unrestricted. Unrestricted net position is the balance (deficit) of all other elements in a statement of net position remaining after net investment in capital assets and restricted net position. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the RAB's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the timing of recognition of revenues and expenses in the accounts and reporting in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus applied. The transactions of RAB are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting and on a flow of economic resources measurement focus where the aim is to report all inflows, outflows, and balances affecting or reflecting an entity's net position. Accordingly, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they are earned and expenses are recognized when the related liability is incurred. Operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions, such as charges for services. Transactions for which cash flows are reported as investing activities are reported as non-operating revenue. All expenses related to operating RAB are reported as operating expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>DECEMBER 31, 2023</u>

(1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)</u>

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of reporting cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes money market accounts and all highly liquid debt instruments with original maturities of three months or less when purchased.

Investments

The deposits and investments of RAB's monies are governed by an investment policy adopted by the board of directors. Under the policy, monies not needed for immediate expenditure may be invested in (1) U. S. Government and Agency obligations, (2) certificates of deposit issued by financial institutions within the U. S. and its territories up to the maximum FDIC limit, (3) certain collateralized mortgage obligations, and (4) equity securities subject to limitations.

RAB reports its investments in marketable securities with readily determinable fair values and all investments in debt securities at their fair values as determined by published trade prices in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31 and are included in the statement of net position. Investment return includes interest, dividends, realized and unrealized gains and losses, investment fees, and net amortization/accretion of investments in fixed securities and is included in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position.

Investments in equity securities, mutual funds, and debt securities with a maturity date of less than one year are classified as current assets. Noncurrent assets consist of investments in debt securities with a maturity date greater than one year.

Tax Status

RAB is an organization exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code") and is a private foundation as described in Section 509(a) of the Code. RAB is subject to federal excise taxes and it is also subject to federal and state income tax on its unrelated business taxable income. With few exceptions, RAB is no longer subject to federal or state examinations by tax authorities for the year before 2018.

RAB evaluates uncertain tax positions for more-likely-than-not sustainability. Management has concluded that as of December 31, 2023, there are no uncertain tax positions taken or expected to betaken that would require recognition of a liability or disclosure in the financial statements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>DECEMBER 31, 2023</u>

(1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)</u>

Date of Management's Review

Management has evaluated subsequent events through June 24, 2024, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

(2) <u>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</u>

For reporting purposes, money market funds are included as cash equivalents. Deposits in money market funds are stated at cost, which approximates fair value. The balance of RAB's money market account at December 31, 2023 was \$827,208. RAB's deposits in these open-end mutual funds are not exposed to custodial credit risk because its existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

(3) <u>INVESTMENTS</u>

Beginning with the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, the Board is required by GASB 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application", to begin categorizing its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

Level 1 - unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2 - quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets or identical or similar assets or liabilities in active markets that are observable for the asset or liability.

Level 3 - inputs are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The implementation of this new statement did not change the method of measuring the Board's investments at estimated fair value as required by GASB 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, and consisted of the following at December 31, 2023:

Type of Investment	Level 1	rel 1 Level 2 Fair Va	
Equity securities & equity mutual funds U.S. Treasury debt securities U.S. Government Agency debt securities Corporate debt securities	\$ 13,417,756 8,580,623	\$ - 288,189 5,279,828	\$ 13,417,756 8,580,623 288,189 5,279,828
	\$ 21,998,379	\$ 5,568,017	\$ 27,566,396

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
DECEMBER 31, 2023

(3) <u>INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)</u>

Investments in U.S. Government obligations, U.S Government Agency obligations, corporate bonds, equity securities and mutual funds, are valued at the quoted market prices in the active market on which the individual securities are traded.

At December 31, 2023, investment securities of \$27,566,396 and investments reported as cash and cash equivalents of \$827,208, as presented in the Statement of Net Position, consist of the following table:

Description		Cost		Fair Value	% of Total		Service Credit Quality	Weighted Average Maturity
AERCAP IRELAND CAP/GLOBA 3.3% 01/30/2032-2031	\$	156,768	\$	171,652	0.60%	_	BBB	0.26
AMERICAN TOWER CORP 3.375% 10/15/2026-2026	Ψ	186,722	Ψ	190,724	0.67%		BBB-	0.10
AMAZON.COM INC 1% 05/12/2026-2026		178,320		180,209	0.63%		AA	0.08
ANHEUSER-BUSCH 4.7% 02/01/2036		274,620		281,171	0.99%		A-	0.64
APPLE INC 1.2% 02/08/2028-2027		273,790		283,087	1.00%		AA+	0.22
BANK OF AMERICA CORP 3.559% 04/23/2027		364,825		351,418	1.24%		A-	0.22
BERKSHIRE HATHAWAY INC 3.125% 03/15/2026		187,198		174,996	0.62%		AA	0.07
CHARLES SCHWAB CORP 2% 03/20/2028-2028		156,070		136,228	0.48%	, D	A-	0.11
CHUBB INA HOLDINGS INC INA HOLDINGS 3.35% 05/03/202		152,481		153,437	0.54%	, 3	A	0.07
COMCAST CORP 4.15% 10/15/2028		289,949		262,521	0.92%	,)	A-	0.24
JOHNSON & JOHNSON 2.45% 03/01/2026		195,547		190,490	0.67%	,)	AAA	0.08
JPMORGAN CHASE & CO 3.96% 01/29/2027		386,108		366,431	1.29%	,)	A-	0.21
MCDONALDS CORP 3.6% 07/01/2030-2030		187,774		194,748	0.69%	,)	BBB+	0.24
PEPSICO INC 3% 10/15/2027		177,205		180,691	0.64%	j	A+	0.13
PROCTER & GAMBLE CO 3% 03/25/2030		152,676		150,863	0.53%	,)	AA-	0.18
STARBUCKS CORP COM 3% 02/14/2032-2031		197,731		213,011	0.75%	,)	BBB+	0.33
T-MOBILE 5.75% 01/15/2034-2033		232,580		253,023	0.89%	,)	BBB	0.48
UNITEDHEALTH 2.95% 10/15/2027		187,835		187,105	0.66%	,)	A+	0.13
US BANCORP 1.45% 05/12/2025-2025		364,229		347,433	1.22%	,)	A	0.09
VERIZON COMMUNICATIONS 4.016% 12/03/2029-2029		260,418		228,455	0.80%	,)	BBB+	0.26
PNC FINANCIAL SERVICES 2.55% 01/22/2030-2029		201,207		174,296	0.61%	,)	A-	0.20
NOVARTIS CAPITAL CORP 2% 02/14/2027-2026		165,353		161,222	0.57%)	AA-	0.10
BANK OF NY MELLON CORP VAR 4.543% 02/01/2029-2028		205,942		205,648	0.72%)	A	0.20
KEY 5.85% 11/15/2027-2027		234,852		240,969	0.85%)	BBB+	0.18
US GOVERNMENT AGENCY		346,038		288,189	1.01%)	*	0.54
US GOVERNMENT		8,854,355	_	8,580,623	30.22%	6	*	2.53
Debt security totals	1	4,570,593	1	14,148,640	49.81%	6		
Equity securities		8,219,464	1	12,293,877	43.30%	6		
Equity mutual funds		971,684		1,123,879	3.96%	,)		
Total investments	_2	3,761,741		27,566,396	97.07%	6		
Money market funds		827,208	_	827,208	<u>2.91</u> %	,)		
Total investments and cash equivalents	\$2	4,588,949	\$2	28,393,604	99.98%	6		

^{*} Credit quality ratings are not required for equity securities, mutual funds, U.S. govt. and govt agency securities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>DECEMBER 31, 2023</u>

(3) <u>INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)</u>

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, RAB will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. RAB does not have an investment policy for custodial credit risk. At December 31, 2023, RAB's investments in common stock, mutual funds, and U.S. government and agency securities are uninsured on the performance of the custodian and are exposed to custodial credit risk because they are held by the counterparty's trust department, but not in RAB's name.

Concentration of Credit Risk

RAB has adopted an investment policy which limits the percentage of total investments that can be invested in various categories and types of investments. Investments in equity securities are permitted to represent between 25% and 60% of the investment portfolio while fixed income securities are permitted to represent between 40% and 70% of the investment portfolio. Cash is allowed to represent between 0% and 10% of the total portfolio. RAB has also adopted a policy that limits its investments in equity securities to a maximum of 5% of its total investments in any one company unless said company comprises more than 5% of the Standard & Poor's 500 Stock Index, in which case the market value of the holding shall not exceed 10% of the equity portfolio. There are also limitations on concentrations in categories of equity investment types. In addition, RAB has set a limit of 5% of its investments in fixed income securities that can be held in the fixed income securities of any single issuer, exclusive of the U.S. Government securities and federal agency securities guaranteed by the U.S. Government. At December 31, 2023, RAB was in compliance with its concentration of credit risk policy.

Credit Risk

RAB has adopted a policy that limits its investments of any single fixed income security to a minimum quality rating of "BBB-" by Standard and Poor's (S&P) and "Baa3" by Moody's Investors Service (Moody's) at the time of purchase, with the exception of mortgage-backed securities which be rated AAA or better. Additionally, the average quality rating of the fixed income portfolio shall be "A" for S&P and "A2" for Moody's. Bonds rated "BBB" by S&P and "Baa" by Moody's shall not exceed 10% of the total market value of the fixed income portfolio. If the rating of any fixed income security should fall below either of these credit quality rating levels, the investment manager must notify RAB to seek instructions regarding the remediation of the portfolio. At December 31, 2023, RAB was in compliance with the investment policy.

Interest Rate Risk

For an investment, interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Fixed income investments with longer maturities are generally subject to increased risk of value fluctuations due to interest rate changes. RAB's policy is to measure and monitor the weighted average maturity and duration of the fixed income securities portfolio in order to manage exposure to interest rate risk. This includes the weighted average maturity and duration of the total fixed income portfolio, individual securities, as well as categories of securities held by RAB.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>DECEMBER 31, 2023</u>

(3) <u>INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)</u>

Investment Return

Investment return as presented in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position for the year ended December 31, 2023 is as follows:

Interest and dividend income	\$ 747,264
Net realized gains on sale of investments	187,499
Net unrealized appreciation on investments	 2,212,604
	3,147,367
Less: investment fees	 (85,026)
	\$ 3,062,341

The net realized gain on sale of investments disclosed above is independent of the calculation of the net unrealized depreciation on investments disclosed above. The net realized gain on investments that had been held in more than one fiscal period and sold in the current year were included as a change in the fair value of investments reported in the prior year and the current year.

(4) <u>EXCISE TAX REQUIREMENTS</u>

RAB is exempt from federal income taxation under Section 50l(c)(3) of the Code and is considered a private foundation as described in Section 509(a) of the Code. As a private foundation, RAB is subject up to a 1.39% federal excise tax on net investment income (including interest, dividends, and net realized capital gains, less expenses incurred in the production of investment income) as defined in the Code. Private foundations are required to annually distribute a prescribed amounts of earnings for the purposes which it was organized and authorized or to make distributions to other charitable organizations. Failure to meet annual distribution requirements will subject RAB to additional excise taxes on undistributed income over a rolling three-year period. Beginning in 2022, RAB began to make charitable contributions to organizations which serve to satisfy the annual distribution requirements.

Based on RAB's recent operating activities and investment earnings through December 31, 2023, the amount RAB was required to distribute as a private foundation exceeded actual operating expenses for the three-year period. Management does not expect the excess investment earnings through December 31, 2023 to be distributed to qualifying organizations to satisfy the cumulative disbursement requirements as a private foundation within prescribed subsequent periods. Accordingly, RAB recognized federal excise tax for undistributed income of \$1.3 million which was recorded as an accrued liability at December 31, 2023. The accrued excise tax liability reflects management's current expectations and is due in 2024, subject to various tax payment extensions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
DECEMBER 31, 2023

(4) EXCISE TAX REQUIREMENTS (CONTINUED)

In addition to the current excise tax liability recognized at December 31, 2023 as described above, RAB is required to disburse an additional \$3.3 million of undistributed funds as operating expenses or other qualified disbursements. If these disbursement requirements as a private foundation are not satisfied within the prescribed time frames, this amount of undistributed funds will also become subject to additional excise and termination taxes for the portion which is not disbursed. At December 31, 2023, RAB has recognized an additional liability for the amounts which will be required to be paid for qualifying purposes or as additional excise tax and termination taxes for the portion which is not distributed. At December 31, 2023, RAB has not recognized this a contingent liability which may become due based on the future operations of the organization.

RAB has also recognized a deferred tax liability of \$16,337 representing the estimated excise taxes related to the net appreciation of the fair value of investment securities in excess of their income tax basis at December 31, 2023.

RAB's continued operations and future investment returns will continue to be subject to similar excise or termination tax and vary based on RAB's future operating expenses and investment results.

(5) <u>FUNDING SOURCES</u>

The Louisiana Public Service Commission issued Order No. U-17656-B directing local exchange carriers to collect an access fee of eleven cents (\$0.11) per access line and remit those funds to RAB to fund telephone relay services of the State of Louisiana. Effective April 2002, the Louisiana Public Service Commission eliminated the collection of the access line fee. As a result, RAB's operations are now being funded from existing assets and investment earnings.

(6) **BOARD MEMBER COMPENSATION**

Although compensation to board members is authorized by RAB's by-laws, no compensation was paid to board members during 2023.

(7) <u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u>

RAB is exposed to risk of loss related to errors and omissions of the Board of Directors. Commercial insurance has been obtained to cover these risks.

(8) <u>SUBSEQUENT EVENTS</u>

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, June 24, 2024, and determined that no events occurred that would require disclosure. No events occurring after this date have been evaluated for inclusion in these financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS, AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO THE AGENCY HEAD FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

No compensation, benefits, or other payments in 2023	\$
Total compensation, benefits, and other payments	\$



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Relay Administration Board Baton Rouge, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, The Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities of the Relay Administration Board, a component unit of the State of Louisiana, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Relay Administration Board's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 24, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Relay Administration Board's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Relay Administration Board's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Relay Administration Board's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.



To the Board of Directors Relay Administration Board Baton Rouge, Louisiana June 24, 2024

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Relay Administration Board's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

New Orleans, Louisiana June 24, 2024

Certified Public Accountants

Guikson Keenty, LLP

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

I. SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' REPORTS

- 1. The Independent Auditors' Report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of Relay Administration Board.
- 2. No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Relay Administration Board were reported in the Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- 4. A management letter was not issued for the year ended December 31, 2023.

II. FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

NOT APPLICABLE

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

I. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOT APPLICABLE

II. MANAGEMENT LETTER

NOT APPLICABLE