Town of Cottonport

Annual Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended

June 30, 2020

DUCOTE & COMPANY Certified Public Accountants 219 North Washington Street P. O. Box 309 Marksville, LA 71351

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Aloysia C. Ducote, CPA, PC Joan S. Ducote, CPA, PC Hope J. Gagnard, CPA, PC



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable William F. Scott, III, Mayor And Members of the Council Town of Cottonport, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, of the Town of Cottonport, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises the Town's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that our audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our audit opinions.

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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Cottonport, Louisiana, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 8; the budgetary comparison information on pages 40 through 42; and the schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability and schedule of contributions related to the Municipal Employees' Retirement System and Municipal Police Employees Retirement System on pages 44 and 45 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Cottonport, Louisiana's financial statements as a whole. The Schedule of Compensation Paid to Elected Officials and Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Heads and the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and schedules described in the accompanying table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

These schedules and combining and individual non-major fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, these schedules and the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 22, 2020, on our consideration of the Town of Cottonport's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grand agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Cottonport's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

DUCOTE & COMPANY

Marksville, Louisiana December 22, 2020

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION (PART I) Management's Discussion and Analysis

Town of Cottonport, Louisiana Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2020

This discussion and analysis is intended to be an easily readable analysis of the Town of Cottonport's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions or conditions. This analysis focuses on current year activities and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements that follow:

Report Layout

With the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments," a government's presentation of financial statements has been greatly changed. Besides the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), the report consists of government-wide statements, fund financial statements, notes to the financial statements, combining schedules of non-major funds and supplementary information. The first several statements are highly condensed and present a government-wide view of the Town's finances. Within this view, all Town operations are categorized and reported as either governmental or business-type activities. Governmental activities include basic services such as police, fire, public works, parks and recreation, community development and general government administration. The sales tax fund is also included in the governmental activities. The Town's component unit, the Cottonport Volunteer Fire Department has their general fund reported within the governmental activities. These government-wide statements are reported within the business-type activities. These government-wide statements are designed to be more corporate-like in that all activities are consolidated into a total for the Town.

Basic Financial Statements

- The Statement of Net Position focuses on resources available for future operations. In simple terms, this statement presents a snap-shot view of the assets the community owns, the liabilities it owes and the net difference. The net difference is further separated into amounts restricted for specific purposes and unrestricted amounts. Under the reporting requirements of GASB 34, governmental activities reflect capital assets including infrastructure and long-term liabilities. Business-type activities have long reported capital assets and long-term liabilities. Also, under the new reporting requirements, governmental activities are reported on the accrual basis of accounting.
- The Statement of Activities focuses gross and net costs of town programs and the extent to which such
 programs rely upon general tax and other revenues. This statement summarizes and simplifies the user's
 analysis to determine the extent to which programs are self-supporting and/or subsidized by general revenues.
- Fund financial statements focus separately on major governmental funds and proprietary funds. The Town's major governmental funds are presented in their own column and the remaining funds are combined into a column titled "Other Governmental Funds." A budgetary comparison is presented for the general fund, sales tax fund and the volunteer fire department fund. Statements for the Town's proprietary funds follow the governmental funds and include net assets, revenue, expenses and changes in net position, and cash flow.
- The notes to the financial statements provide additional disclosures required by governmental accounting standards and provide information to assist the reader in understanding the Town's financial condition.

Readers desiring additional information on non-major funds can find it in the Combining Statements of Nonmajor Funds section of this report. Completing the financial section of the report are schedules on capital assets and other financial schedules. The MD&A is intended to explain the significant changes in financial position and differences in operation between the current and prior years. Significant changes from the prior year are explained in the following paragraphs.

Government-wide Financial Statements

A condensed version of the Statement of Net Assets at June 30, 2020 follows:

Net Position at Year-end

		Governmental <u>Activities</u>	E	Business-type <u>Activities</u>	Total <u>Government</u>
Cash and Investments Other assets Capital assets	\$	209,761 162,849 1,281,902	\$	344,008 112,435 2,561,800	\$ 553,769 275,284 3,843,702
Total assets Deferred Outflow of Resources -	\$	1,654,512	\$	3,018,243	\$ 4,672,755
Pensions	\$	50,519	\$	-	\$ 50,519
Other liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities	\$	111,692 556,436 668,127	\$	86,152 205,000 291,151	\$ 197,845 761,436 959,280
Deferred Inflow of Resources - Pensions	_	103,928			 103,928
Net assets Investment in capital assets, Net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted Total net position	\$	941,437 217,103 (225,564) 932,976	\$	2,356,800 - 370,291 2,727,091	\$ 3,298,237 217,103 144,728 3,660,066

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the following changes affected the balance of net position: cash and investments increased by \$113,118 from the prior year. Total liabilities, including net pension liability decreased by a net amount of \$91,150. There were capital expenditures in the governmental activities funds in the amount of \$303,193 and \$13,713 in the enterprise fund.

A condensed version of the Statement Activities follows:

<u>Revenues</u> Program Revenues:	Governmental <u>Activities</u>			iess-type <u>tivities</u>	Total <u>Government</u>	
Charges for services	\$	40,787	\$	788,622	\$	829,409
General Revenues:	*		· •		•	
Taxes		498,764		-		498,764
Franchise fees		92,105		-		92,105
Licenses and permits		67,438		-		67,438
Intergovernmental		275,485		9,900		285,385
Unrestricted Investment earnings				2,089		2,089
Miscellaneous		66,500		-		66,500
Transfers		117,947		(117,947)		-
Total revenues and transfers		1,159,026		682,664		1,841,690
Expenses						
General government		230,846		-		230,846
Public safety		446,746		-		446,746
Streets and bridges		166,846		-		166,846
Health and sanitation		72		-		72
Utility services-Water and Sewer		-		667,696		667,696
Interest and fiscal charges		14,205		-		14,205
Total Expenses		858,715		667,696		1,526,411
	_					
Increase (Decrease) in net position	\$	300,312	\$	14,968	\$	315,281

Governmental and Proprietary Activities For the year ended June 30, 2020

Governmental activities

Governmental program expenses were lower than prior year by roughly \$15,794. Revenues were higher by \$197,815. The net result is an overall \$213,792 increase in net position over the prior year resulting in a \$300,312 increase in net position for the current year.

Business-type activities

The water and sewer fund had an operating income of \$14,968 for the year after transfers out to other funds totaling \$117,947. Charges for services were down by \$72,141 and operating transfers out were down by \$132,948.

Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year the Town Council revised the budget only once resulting in an overall decrease in general fund revenues over expenditures of \$41,894. In total, the general fund's expenditures were \$36,281 more than budgeted and revenues were \$56,558 more than budgeted for a total net favorable budget variance of \$20,176. After net operating transfers in of \$332,927, the general fund finished the year with an overall favorable budget variance of \$142,150.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2020 the Town had \$3,843,702 invested in capital assets, including police and fire equipment, park and recreation facilities, buildings, and water and sewer lines. There were current year acquisitions or purchases of capital assets net of dispositions in the general fund totaling \$279,344. In the enterprise fund there were current year acquisitions of capital assets in the amount of \$13,713. Depreciation however, totaled a net of \$262,374 resulting in a net decrease in capital assets of \$30,683 (additions net of deletions and accumulated depreciation).

Capital Assets at Year-end

		Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities			Totals			2	
	_	2019		2020	_	2019		2020		2019		2020
Land and improvements	\$	136,031	\$	136,031					\$	136,031	\$	136,031
Construction in progress				225,640								225,640
Buildings and improvements		1,181,345		1,181,345						1,181,345		1,181,345
Furniture, fixtures and												
equipment		594,253		632,878						594,253		632,878
Vehicles and tractors		1,053,955		1,019,502						1,053,955		1,019,502
Water lines, wells, extensions and equipment						3,013,876		3,027,589		3,013,876		3,027,589
Treatment facility, lines												
and equipment						2,970,662		2,970,662		2,970,662		2,970,662
Subtotal	\$	2,965,584	\$	3,195,396	\$	5,984,538	5	5,998,252	\$	8,950,122	\$	9,193,647
Accumulated depreciation		1,826,801		1,913,494		3,310,302		3,436,452		5,137,103		5,349,945
Capital assets, net	\$	1,138,782	\$	1,281,902	\$	2,674,236	\$	2,561,800	\$	3,813,019	\$	3,843,702
		and the second se		a second and a second	-		-					1000.0

Debt Outstanding

At year-end, the Town had \$545,465 of outstanding long-term debt. This debt represents the balance owed on the Capital Lease purchase of a Police Car in the amount of \$8,50, the balance owed on the purchase of a new Fire Truck in the amount of \$37,596, the balance owed on the purchase of a mini excavator in the amount of \$29,368 and Street Improvement Bonds totaling \$265,000. In addition, a total of \$205,000 was owed on Revenue Bonds issued to fund the construction of a new water well. More detailed information on the Town's long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

In accordance with GASB Statement No.68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, the Town is reporting a net pension liability of \$215,971 on the statement of net position for governmental activities as of June 30, 2020. Additional information about the Town's net pension liability is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Town is projecting excess expenditures in the General Fund of \$333,934 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, before transfers in/out from/to other funds. After transfers totaling a net of \$170,953, the General Fund is projecting an excess of expenditures of \$162,981. The enterprise fund is projecting a net operating income of \$220,260, before any transfers in/out to the General Fund and debt payments on revenue bonds. After transfers the enterprise fund is projecting a shortage of \$33,819.

Financial Contact

The Town's financial statements are designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to demonstrate the Town's accountability for the revenues it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact Theresa Anderson, the Town Clerk, at 931 Bryan Street, Cottonport, LA 71327.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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TOWN OF COTTONPORT, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$209,761	\$270,866	\$480,627
Receivables:			
Accounts	0	106,938	106,938
Taxes	30,373	0	30,373
Accrued Interest	0	1,219	1,219
Other Restricted assets:	132,476	4,278	136,754
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	0	73,142	72 140
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	1,281,902	2,561,800	73,142 3,843,702
		2,001,000	0,040,702
TOTAL ASSETS	\$1,654,512	\$3,018,243	\$4,672,755
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Resources related to pension	50,519	0	50,519
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	\$99,199	\$49	\$99,248
Due to other funds	12,493	12,961	25,454
Payable from restricted assets -			
Customers' deposits	0	73,142	73,142
Capital lease payable	75,465	0	75,465
Bonds payable	265,000	205,000	470,000
Net pension liability	215,971	0	215,971
Total Liabilities	668,127	291,152	959,279
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Resources related to pension	103,928	0	103,928
NET POSITION			
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	941,437	2,356,800	3,298,237
Restricted	217,103	0	217,103
Unrestricted	(225,564)	370,291	144,728
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$932,976	\$2,727,091	\$3,660,065

TOWN OF COTTONPORT, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Expenses	Charges for Services	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total
ACTIVITIES					
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$230,846	\$0	\$(230,846)	\$0	\$(230,846)
Public safety:				0	+()
Police	307,798	40,787	(267,010)	0	(267,010)
Fire	135,121	0	(135,121)	0	(135,121)
City Court	3,827	0	(3,827)	0	(3,827)
Streets and bridges	166,846	0	(166,846)	0	(166,846)
Health and sanitation	72	0	(72)	0	(72)
Interest and fiscal charges	14,205	0	(14,205)	0	(14,205)
Total Governmental Activities	858,715	40,787	(817,927)	0	(817,927)
Business-type activities:					
Water and Sewer	667,696	788,622	0	120,926	120,926
Total Business-type Activities	667,696	788,622	0	120,926	120,926
Total Town of Cottonport	1,526,410	829,409	(817,927)	120,926	(697,001)
	GENERAL REVENUE	S			
	Taxes	—	498,764	0	498,764
	Franchise Fees		92,105	0	92,105
	Licenses and perm	nits	67,438	0	67,438
	Intergovernmental		275,485	9,900	285,385
	Unrestricted inves	tment earnings	0	2,089	2,089
	Miscellaneous		66,500	0	66,500
	Transfers, net		117,947	(117,947)	0
	Total general revenue	es, special			
	items and transfe	ers	1,118,239	(105,958)	1,012,281
	Change in net positio	on	300,312	14,968	315,281
	Net position beginni	ng of year	632,664	2,712,122	3,344,786
	Net position end of y	ear	\$932,976	\$2,727,091	\$3,660,065

-----Net (Expenses) Revenue and Change in Net Assets----

TOWN OF COTTONPORT, LOUISIANA BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	General	Sales Tax	Volunteer Fire Department	Capital Projects	Non Major	Total Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
ASSETS Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$23.070	\$117,852	\$68,617	\$223	\$0	\$209,761
Receivables:	\$20,070	WITT, OOL	400,017	\$220	40	¢203,701
Taxes	0	30,373	0	0	0	30,373
Accrued interest	õ	00,070	0	0	o	0,375
Other	33,239	õ	38	99,199	õ	132,476
Due from other funds	0	0	0	0	0	0
						0
TOTAL ASSETS	\$56,309	\$148,225	\$68,655	\$99,422	\$0	\$372,610
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$99,199	\$0	\$99,199
Due to other funds	12,493	0	0	0	0	12,493
Total liabilities	12,493	0	0	99,199	0	111,691
FUND BALANCES						
Assigned	0	148,225	68,655	223	0	217,103
Unassigned	43,816	0	0	0	0	43,816
Total fund balances	43,816	148,225	68,655	223	0	260,919
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$56,309	£140 005	CO CEE	P00 400	\$0	
TOTAL LIADILITIES AND FUND DALANCES	\$30,309	\$148,225	\$68,655	\$99,422	<u> </u>	

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are differrent

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and therefore are not reported in the funds.	3,195,396	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(1,913,494)	1,281,902
Some liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable		
in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds		(340,465)
Net pension liability does not require the use of current financial		
and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(215,971)
The net effect of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of		
resources related to pensions do not require the use of current		
financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		(53,409)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$932,976

TOWN OF COTTONPORT, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	General Fund	Sales Tax Fund	Volunteer Fire Department Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Non Major Funds	Totals Govt'l Funds
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$37,190	\$367,074	\$94,499	0	\$0	\$498,764
Franchise Fees	92,105	0	0	0	0	92,105
Licenses and permits	67,438	0	0	0	0	67,438
Intergovernmental	33,586	0	16,259	0	0	49,846
Fines and forfeits	40,787	0	0	0	0	40,787
Grants	0	0	0	225,640	0	225,640
Miscellaneous	90,240	109	0	0	0	90,349
TOTAL REVENUES	361,347	367,184	110,759	225,640	0	1,064,929
EXPENDITURES Current -						
General government Public Safety:	224,298	4,399	0	0	0	228,698
Police	285,057	0	0	0	0	285,057
Fire	19,377	0	52,757	0	0	72,133
City Court	3,827	0	0	0	0	3,827
Streets and bridges	132,171	0	0	0	0	132,171
Health and sanitation	72	0	0	0	0	72
Capital outlay	38,625	0	38,929	225,640	0	303,193
Debt Service -	0	•	0	2	100.007	100.007
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	0	0	0	0	163,927 14,205	163,927 14,205
Interest and liscal charges				0	14,205	14,205
TOTAL EXPENDITURES Excess (deficiency) of	703,427	4,399	91,685	225,640	178,132	1,203,283
revenues over expenditures	(342,080)	362,784	19,074	0	(178,132)	(138,354)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Loan proceeds	34,625	0	0	0	0	34,625
Operating transfers in	344,000	0	0	0	178,132	522,132
Operating transfers out	(45,698)	(320,000)	(38,487)	0	0	(404,185)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	332,927	(320,000)	(38,487)	0	178,132	152,572
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures						
and other sources (uses)	(9,153)	42,784	(19,414)	0	0	14,217
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	52,969	105,441	88,069	223	0	246,702
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$43,816	\$148,225	\$68,655	\$223	\$0	\$260,919

TOWN OF COTTONPORT, LOUISIANA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Net change in fund balances - Governmental Funds	\$14,217
The change in net position reported for governmental activities is in the Statement of Activities is different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital expenditures net of dispositions Depreciation expense	279,344 (136,225)
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Principal paid Proceeds from long-term debt	163,927 (34,625)
Governmental funds report current year pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the contributions of the Town's proportionate share of the plan's pension expense is reported in the Statement of Revenues and Expenditures as a reduction in the pension liability.	13,673
The Town's proportionate share of non-employer contributions to the pension plans do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.	
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$300,312

TOWN OF COTTONPORT, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2020

	Business-type Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and interest-bearing bonds	\$270,866
Receivables:	
Accounts	106,938
Other receivables	4,278
Accrued interest	1,219
Restricted assets:	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	73,142
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	2,561,800
TOTAL ASSETS	\$3,018,243
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$49
Due to other funds	12,961
Payable from restricted assets -	Contraction and Contraction
Customers' deposits	73,142
Revenue bonds payable	205,000
Total Liabilities	291,152
NET POSITION	
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	2,356,800
Unrestricted	370,291
onostrotod	070,201
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$2,727,091

TOWN OF COTTONPORT, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Enterprise Fund
OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for services - Water services	\$585,133
Sewer services	193,947
LAWCO water line	9,542
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	788,622
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Water department	281,280
Sewer department	185,217
General and administrative Depreciation	63,857 126,150
Depreciation	120,150
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	656,503
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	132,119
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):	
Interest income	2,089
Interest expense	(11,193)
Grant revenues	9,900
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	796
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OPERATING TRANSFERS	132,915
OPERATING TRANSFERS IN (OUT):	
Operating transfers out	(117,947)
TOTAL OPERATING TRANSFERS	(117,947)
NET INCOME (LOSS)	14,969
NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,712,121
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	\$2,727,091

TOWN OF COTTONPORT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Enterprise Fund
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees for salaries and benefits	\$792,480 (427,183) (104,154)
Net cash provided by operating activities	261,143
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Due (from) to other funds Net increase (decrease) in bonds payable Operating transfers to other funds	8,385 (35,000) (117,947)
Net cash provided by/(used) for noncapital financing activities	(144,563)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Purchase of Capital Assets Non-recurring grant revenues	(13,713) 9,900
Net cash provided by/(used) for capital and related financing activities	(3,813)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received from interest bearing deposits Interest paid	2,089 (11, <u>193)</u>
Net cash provided by/(used) for investing activities	(9,104)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	103,663
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	240,343
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	\$344,008
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustment to reconcile net income to net	\$132,119
cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation	126,150
Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in other receivables Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	(311) (2,227) (983) <u>6,396</u>
Net cash provided by/(used) for operating activities	\$261,143

TOWN OF COTTONPORT, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

ASSETS	Agency Funds
Cash and interest-bearing deposits Due from other funds	\$7,383 25,454
TOTAL ASSETS	\$32,837
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$32,837
TOTAL LIABILITIES	32,837
NET POSITION	\$0

TOWN OF COTTONPORT, LOUISIANA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

INTRODUCTION

The Town of Cottonport (Town) was incorporated on March 28, 1896. On October 21, 1924, under the provisions of the Lawrason Act, the Town began operating under a Mayor-Council form of government.

The accounting and reporting policies of the Town of Cottonport conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. Such accounting and reporting procedures also conform to the requirements of Louisiana Revised Statutes 24:517 and to the industry audit guide, <u>Audits of State and Local Governmental Units.</u>

Financial Reporting Entity.

Government Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) 14 established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the Town of Cottonport, Louisiana for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include:

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and;
 - a. The ability of the Town to impose its will on that organization and/or
 - b. The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Town.
- Organizations, to which the Town does not appoint a voting majority, but are fiscally dependent on the Town.
- 3. Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature of significance of the relationship.

Based upon the application of the foregoing criteria, the volunteer fire department as a governmental organization is considered a part of the Town and is thus included in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICES

A. Implementation of New Accounting Standards.

The Town of Cottonport, Louisiana implemented GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments* (GASB 34). This statement affects the manner in which the Town records transactions and presents financial information.

State and local governments have traditionally used a financial reporting model substantially different from the one used to prepare private-sector financial reports. GASB 34 establishes new requirements and a new reporting model, much like private-sector financial reports, for the annual financial reports of state and local governments. The new format was developed to make annual reports of state and local governments easier to understand and more useful to users of governmental financial information.

Management's Discussion and Analysis-GASB 34 requires the financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the Town's financial activities in the form of management's discussion and analysis (MD&A). This analysis is similar to the analysis provided in the annual reports of private-sector organizations.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements-The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all the Town's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities, but also capital and other long-term assets as well as long-term liabilities. Accrual accounting also reports all of the revenues and costs of providing services each year, not just those received or paid in the current year or soon thereafter. Government-wide financial statements including the following:

Statement of Net Assets-The statement of net assets is designed to display the financial position of the Primary Government (governmental and business-type activities). The Town reports capital assets in the government-wide statement of net assets and reports depreciation expense-the cost of "using up" capital assets-in the statement of activities. The net assets of the Town are broken down into three categories-1) Invested in capital assets, net of related debt; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

Statement of Activities-The statement of activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the Town's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenue generated directly by the function. Accordingly, the Town had recorded capital assets and certain other long-term assets and liabilities in the statement of net assets and has reported all revenues and the cost of providing services under the accrual basis of accounting in the statement of activities.

B. Basic Financial Statements.

Basic financial statements consist of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements,
- Fund financial statements, and
- Notes to the basic financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements consist of the statement of net assets and the statement of activities and report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Primary Government and its component units. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. All internal balances in the statement of net assets have been eliminated, with the exception of those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total government column. In the statement of activities, transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Town include general government, public safety (police, fire and city court), streets and bridges, health and sanitation and public improvements. The business-type activities of the Town include water and wastewater operations.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity, and 2) grants and contributions, including special assessments that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds and fiduciary funds financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned or, for property tax revenues, in the period for which levied. Expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental funds financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified-accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The Town in general considers revenues available if they are collected within 180 days after year-end, except for property taxes, which the Town considers available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when payment is due.

For the governmental funds financial statements, the Town consider all revenues susceptible to accrual and recognizes revenue if the accrual criteria are met. Specifically sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, interest, special assessments, charges for services, and other miscellaneous revenue are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met and are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier, if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met.

The accounts of the Town are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstration compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the municipality's primary fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources retained and used for the payment of principal, interest, and related costs on those long-term obligations recorded in the general long-term obligations account group.

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed in the proprietary funds and trust funds).

The Town reports the following major proprietary fund:

Utility funds are used to account for operations (a) where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through users charges: or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The Town of Cottonport's enterprise fund is the Water and Wastewater Utility Fund.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

Fiduciary funds, which consist solely of Agency funds, account for assets held by the Town as a trustee or as an agent for individuals or other governmental units. The only fiduciary fund type used by the Town is the Agency Fund type. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Such funds have no equity accounts since all assets are due to individuals or entities at some future time. The funds account for assets held by the Town in an agency capacity for individuals or other governmental units.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Enterprise Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for Enterprise Fund includes the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting.

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these financial statements:

- 1. The Town Clerk prepares a proposed budget and submits it to the Mayor and Council not later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year.
- 2. A notice is published and the public is notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for the hearing.
- 4. After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is adopted through passage of a resolution prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- 5. Budgetary amendments involving the transfer of funds from one department, program of function to another or involving increases in expenditures resulting from revenues exceeding amounts estimated require the approval of the Town Council.
- 6. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and are used as a management control device. Annual budgets are adopted for the General Fund, Sales Tax, Volunteer Fire Department, Debt Service, Capital Projects Funds (if any) and the Enterprise Fund. The Town maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the appropriated budget approved by the Town Council. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) for the operating budget is within a fund. Budgeted amounts presented are as originally adopted and as further amended by the Town Council.

E. Deposits and Investments.

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and shortterm investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. State law and the Town's investment policy allow the Town to invest in collateralized certificates of deposits, government backed securities, commercial paper, the state sponsored investment pool, and mutual funds consisting solely of government backed securities. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits and those investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. Under state law, the Town may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having their principal officers in Louisiana. These are classified as investments if their original maturities exceed 90 days; however, if the original maturities are 90 days or less, they are classified as cash equivalents. Investments are stated at cost, which approximates market.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. Cash Flow Presentation.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the Enterprise Fund (Water & Sewer System Fund) consider all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

G. Bad Debts.

Uncollectible amounts due for ad valorem taxes and customers' utility receivables are recognized as bad debts at the time information becomes available which would indicate the uncollectibility of the particular receivable. No allowance for uncollectible amounts was made due to the immateriality at June 30, 2020.

H. Due to and Due from Other funds

Interfund receivables and payables arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed.

I. Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Long-Term obligations of the Town consisted of Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2010, payable from proprietary fund revenues, an unsecured note payable from general revenues of the town, and a financing arrangement on a new fire truck payable from revenues generated by the Fire Department.

J. Accumulated Unpaid Vacation and Other Employee Benefits.

Town employees are entitled to certain compensated absences based upon their length of service.

Vacation and sick leave are accounted for on a fiscal year basis beginning January 1st through December 31st.

Vacation leave is earned at the rate of five days to fifteen days per year depending on the employee's length of service with the Town. Vacation leave earned does not accumulate from year to year and expires on January 31st of the succeeding year in which it was earned.

Sick leave is earned at the rate of five days per year for employees who have reached full-time status and have been employed up to five years. Employees who have been employed greater than five years are granted an additional day for each year of employment over five years. Accumulated sick leave is not payable at the time of separation.

At June 30, 2020, vested leave benefits have not been accrued as required by GASB Codification Section C60, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", due to immateriality.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

K. Capital Assets

Under GASB Statement No. 34, all capital assets, whether owned by governmental activities or businesstype activities are recorded and depreciated in the government-wide financial statements. No long-term capital assets or depreciation are shown in the governmental funds financial statements.

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Town maintains a threshold level of \$500 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed

All capital assets, other than land, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	rears
Land Improvements (Infrastructure)	10 - 50
Building and building improvements	20 - 50
Service vehicles and moveable equipment	7 - 15
Heavy equipment	10 - 20
Office furniture and fixtures	5 - 10

The proprietary fund is accounted for on a cost of service or "capital maintenance" measurement focus, and all assets and all liabilities (whether current or non-current) associated with its activity are included on its balance sheet.

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets used by proprietary funds is charged as an expense against operations. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Years
Water wells and waste collection system	40 - 50
Water and sewer lines and meters	10 - 50
Pumps, motors and compressors	10 - 40
Service vehicles and moveable equipment	7 - 15

L. Fund Equity of Fund Financial Statements

The town adopted the provisions of GASB 54 *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions* which requires the fund balance amounts to be reported within the fund balance categories as follows:

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Non-spendable – Fund balance that is not in spendable form or is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. This category includes items that are not easily converted to cash such as inventories or prepaid items.

Restricted – Fund balance that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

Committed - Fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes determined by the Town's highest level of decision making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit the funds. Committed fund balance is the result of either a policy of the Town or motions passed at a Town meeting committing the funds.

Assigned - Fund balance that is constrained by the Town's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent should be expressed by the Town.

Unassigned – Fund balance that is the residual classification for the general fund.

NOTE 2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Under state law, the Town may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The Town may invest in certificates and time deposits of the state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana.

At June 30, 2020, the Town had cash and cash equivalents (book balance) totaling \$561,152 as follows:

Demand deposits	\$469,648
Time deposits	91,504
Total	\$561.152

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Town's deposits may not be recovered or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balance) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or similar federal securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

At June 30, 2020, the Town's deposit balance (bank balances) of \$470,455 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Depository Account	Bai	Bank Balance				
Insured	\$	453,281				
Collateralized:						
Collateral held by pledging bank's trust department		17,174				
not in the Town's name						
Uninsured and uncollateralized						
Total Deposits	\$	470,455				

NOTE 3. INVESTMENTS

At June 30, 2020, the Town held investments totaling \$91,504 in 180 day certificates of deposit. These investments are stated at cost, which approximate market and are secured from risk by federal deposit insurance (see note 2).

NOTE 4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables totaling \$128,310 consist of the following at June 30, 2020:

			Wat	er and		
	Ger	neral	Sew	er	To	tal
Accounts	\$ - \$ 106,938		106,938	\$	106,938	
Franchise Taxes:						-
Electric		13,195				13,195
Telephone		912		-		912
Cable		2,696		-		2,696
Other		4,567		-		4,567
	\$	21,371	\$	106,938	\$	128,310

Due from other governmental agencies totaling \$42,241 consisted of the following at June 30, 2020:

	G	General Special Revenue			Ente	rprise	Total		
Beer Tax	\$	1,162	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,162	
Sales Tax				30,373		-		30,373	
DOTD		-		-		-		-	
Volunteer Fire		-		-		-		-	
Housing Authority		10,706		-		-		10,706	
	\$	11,868	\$	30,373	\$	-	\$	42,241	

NOTE 5. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES

The following is a summary of interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2020:

	Interfun <u>Receivab</u>		Interfund Payables
General Fund Enterprise Fund Agency Funds	\$ 25,4	- - 54	\$12,493 12,961
Totals	<u>\$ 25,4</u>	54	<u>\$ 25,454</u>

NOTE 6. RESTRICTED ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE

Restricted assets were applicable to the following at June 30, 2020:

Customer Meter Deposits \$73,142

. .

NOTE 7. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets and depreciation activity as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020 are as follows:

	_	Balance					_	Balance
	_	06/30/19	-	dditions	0	eletions		06/30/20
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land and Improvements	\$	136,031	\$	-	\$	-	\$	136,031
Construction in progress		12		225,640		-		225,640
Total capital assets not								
being depreciated	\$	136,031	\$	225,640	\$	•	\$	361,671
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings and Improvements	\$	1,181,345	\$	- C2	\$	-	\$	1,181,345
Furniture, Fixtures, and								
Equipment		594,253		38,625		-		632,878
Vehicles and Tractors		1,053,955		38,929		(73,382)		1,019,502
Total capital assets								
being depreciated	\$	2,829,553	\$	77,554	\$	(73,382)	\$	2,833,725
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and Improvements	\$	658,908	\$	28,877	\$	•	\$	687,785
Furniture, Fixtures, and								
Equipment		488,946		41,916		-		530,862
Vehicles and Tractors	-	678,947		65,432		(49,533)	_	694,846
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	1,826,801	\$	136,225	\$	(49,533)	\$	1,913,494
Total Capital assets	2							
being depreciated, net	\$	1,002,752					\$	920,231
For the year ended June 30, 2020, depred	ciation	expense was \$3	136,23	25.				
Business-type activities:								
Water department:								
Water lines, well and extensions								
and equipment	\$	3.013.876	Ś	13,713,18	\$		\$	3 027 589

andequipment	\$ 3,013,876	\$	13,713.18	Ş	-	Ş	3,027,589
Sewerdepartment							-
Treatment facility, lines and equipment	 2,970,663	-	1		-		2,970,663
Total Capital assets	5,984,539	\$	-				5,998,252
Less accumulated depreciation	 3,310,302	\$	126,150	\$	-	_	3,436,452
Total business-type assets	\$ 2,674,237					\$	2,561,800

For the year ended June 30, 2020, depreciation expense was \$126,150.

NOTE 8. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of long-term debt transaction for the Town for the year ended June 30, 2020:			
×	General Revenue		
	Obligation	Bonds	
Payable at June 30, 2019	\$ 469,767	\$ 240,000	
Add: New Debt Issued	34,625	-	
Less: Payments Made	(163,927)	(35,000)	
Payable at June 30, 2020	\$ 340,465	\$ 205,000	

NOTE 8. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT continued

Debt issues are comprised of the following:

General Obligations

Leases:

The Town of Cottonport entered into a lease agreement on March 21, 2016, as lessee for the financing of two police vehicles in the amount of \$73,382. The lease was paid off using insurance proceeds as a result of a casualty.

The Town of Cottonport entered into a lease agreement on December 20, 2016, as lessee for the financing of a police vehicle in the amount of \$26,178. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes (lease contains an option to purchase the leased property) and therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum payments as of the date of its inception. The carrying value of these assets under the capital lease is \$6,108. The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under this capital lease and the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2020:

Year Ending June 30	
2021	5,888
2022	2,943
	8,831
Less: amount representing interest	(330)
Present value of future lease payments	<u>\$ 8,501</u>

The Town of Cottonport entered into a lease agreement on February 2, 2017, as lessee for the financing of a 2017 Rosenbauer Pumper Fire Truck in the amount of \$224,985. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes (lease contains an option to purchase the leased property) and therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum payments as of the date of its inception. The carrying value of these assets under the capital lease is \$173,738. The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under this capital lease and the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2020:

Year Ending June 30	
2021	38,487
	38,487
Less: amount representing interest	(891)
Present value of future lease payments	\$ 37,596

The Town of Cottonport entered into a lease agreement on August 28, 2019, as lessee for the financing of a 2019 Caterpillar Mini Excavator. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes (lease contains an option to purchase the leased property) and therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum payments as of the date of its inception. The carrying value of these assets under the capital lease is \$33,567. The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under this capital lease and the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2020:

Year Ending June 30	
2021	7,723
2022	7,723
2023	7,723
2024	7,723
2025	1,287
	32,179
Less: amount representing interest	(2,811)
Present value of future lease payments	<u>\$ 29,368</u>

General Obligation (Continued)-

Certificates of Indebtedness-

The Town of Cottonport executed \$800,000 of Certificates of Indebtedness for \$800,000, Series 2013, to fund the Street Improvement Project. The Certificates bear an interest rate of 2.85%. The annual requirements to amortize the debt including interest payments of \$15,247 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	
2021	93,552
2022	93,101
2023	93,594
	\$280.247

Revenue Bonds-

The Town of Cottonport issued Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2010 on May 12, 2010, to fund the construction of a new water well. The bonds bear interest rates ranging from 2.25% to 4.8% on \$425,000 and no interest on \$75,000 of the bonds. The annual requirements to amortize the revenue bonds including interest payments of \$30,005 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30

2021	\$46,588
2022	46,924
2023	47,130
2024	47,203
2025	47,160
	\$235,005

NOTE 9. CHANGES IN AGENCY FUND

The following is a summary of changes in assets and liabilities of the Agency Fund for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Balance			Balance
Assets	7/1/2019	Additions	Deletions	6/30/2020
Cash	\$ 6,376	\$ 898,233	\$ 897,226	\$ 7,383
Due from other funds	19,437	822,649	816,632	25,454
	\$25,813	\$1,720,882	\$1,713,858	\$32,837
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$25,813	\$ 644,305	\$ 637,281	\$ 32,837
Retirement payable	0	0	0	0
	\$25,813	\$ 644,305	\$ 637,281	\$ 32,837

NOTE 10. AD VALOREM TAXES

Ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied by the Town in September or October and are actually billed to taxpayers in December. Billed taxes become delinquent on January 1 of the following year. The Town bills and collects its own property taxes using the assessed values determined by the tax assessor of Avoyelles Parish. Ad valorem tax revenues are budgeted in the year billed. For the year ended June 30, 2020, taxes of 5.68 mills were levied on property with assessed valuations totaling \$6,599,990 and were dedicated as follows:

General corporate purposes

5.68 mills

Total taxes levied were \$37,488. Taxes receivable at June 30, 2020, were \$2,724.

NOTE 11. DEDICATION OF PROCEEDS AND FLOW OF FUNDS - SALES AND USE TAX LEVY

On October 21, 1995, the voters of the Town of Cottonport approved a one (1%) sales and use tax for a period of twenty-five years from April 1, 1996. The revenues derived from said sales and use tax are to be used for the purpose of constructing, acquiring, extending, improving, operating and maintaining sewers and sewerage disposal works, waterworks, facilities, public streets and drainage facilities. On April 28, 2018, the voters approved and additional one (1%) sales and use tax effective July 1, 2018 for a period of ten (10) years. A special election was held on November 03, 2020 in which the 1% sales tax was renewed for a period of twenty-five years from April 1, 2021.

NOTE 12. WATER PURCHASE CONTRACTS

The Town of Cottonport has various contract agreements in effect for the sales of water with details and terms as follows:

- Louisiana Water Company (LAWCO) Contract effective July 1, 2014, requiring the Town of Cottonport to supply water for resale in Mansura, Louisiana for a period of five (5) years at a rate of \$1.84 per 1,000 gallons with a minimum of \$500 per month. This contract was not renewed at expiration on July 1, 2020.
- Louisiana Correctional Facilities Corporation Verbal agreement requiring the Town of Cottonport to supply water for resale to the Medium Security Prison in Cottonport at a rate of \$1.42 per 1,000 gallons. The rate was increased to 1.70 per 1,000 gallons effective August 1, 2015.

NOTE 13. ROAD MAINTENANCE AGREEMENT

On July 1, 1998 the Town of Cottonport entered into a maintenance agreement with the Department of Transportation and Development for one-year period whereby the Town will maintain its municipal streets and roads, including mowing and litter pickup, and the Department of Transportation and Development will reimburse the Town with semi-annual payments totaling \$5,000, which was determined at a rate of \$1,000 per mile for five miles of undivided streets per year. This contract is renewed on an annual basis.

NOTE 14. SALES TAX COLLECTION AGREEMENT

On June 5, 1992, the Town of Cottonport entered into an intergovernmental agreement with the Avoyelles Parish School Board for a one year period commencing on July 1, 1992, whereby the School Board will collect the sales and use taxes, including interest, penalties, fees and cost, levied by the Town of Cottonport under the Town's ordinances for a monthly fee of 1.5 percent of the gross tax revenues collected by the School Board. The School Board will remit collections to the Town on a monthly basis no later than the 10th day of each month after reasonable and necessary cost and expenses of collection in administration of the taxes have been deducted, including the collection fee. This agreement is renewed annually.

NOTE 15. FRANCHISE AGREEMENTS

The Town of Cottonport has entered into franchise agreements with various public utility companies that provide services within the corporate limits of the Town. A summary of each such agreement follows:

- <u>Central Louisiana Electric Company, Inc. (CLECO)</u> effective July 2013, for a period of thirty (30) years. Franchise fee is based on four percent (4%) of the gross receipts from the sale and delivery of electric energy for residential and commercial purposes billed on commercial and residential rates within the Town. Fees payable quarterly within thirty (30) days of the end of the quarter. Other franchise provisions are as follows:
 - A. Franchise payments will be reduced in an amount equal to the sum of any new or increased taxes of any nature whatsoever levied by the municipality and payable to CLECO (except uniform ad valorem taxes, based on property values).
 - B. CLECO will provide electric services to the Town and reduce street light rates.
- <u>Suddenlink Cable</u> effective June 10, 2009 for a period of fifteen (15) years. The franchise fee is based on five percent (5%) of gross subscription receipts, less sales taxes, federal excise tax and copyright fees, received by the company within the Town limits. Fees are payable to the Town quarterly, by the 10th of the following month.
- <u>Reliant Energy Entex (formerly Entex)</u> effective July 22, 2010, for a period of fifteen (15) years. Franchise fee is based on four percent (4%) of the gross receipts from the sale of gas for residential and commercial purposes billed on residential and commercial rates within the limits of the Town. Fees are payable on or before the 10th of each February.
- 4. <u>CenturyTel (formerly Central Louisiana Telephone Company)</u> effective January 1, 1994, for a period of twenty-five (25) years. The franchise fee is based on five percent (5%) of the approved tariff rate for local access line telephone service provided by the Company within the corporate limits of the Town, and the Company shall provide free to the Town three (3) local access lines. Fees are payable no later than sixty (60) days after the end of each calendar quarter. This agreement expired on January 1, 2020, and was renewed on April 20, 2020 with renewal franchise fee of 4%.

NOTE 16. PENSION PLANS

The following note disclosures about the Town's pension plans are required by *GASB Statement No.* 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. Plan Descriptions:

Municipal Employees' Retirement System

Eligible employees of the Town of Cottonport are provided with pensions through Plan B of the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana.

Municipal Police Employees Retirement System

Eligible police officers of the Town of Cottonport are provided with pensions through the Municipal Police Employees Retirement System of Louisiana. This system is a multiple-employer (cost sharing), public employee retirement systems (MPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Municipal Police Employees Retirement System of Louisiana. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, no officers participated in the retirement plan.

Benefits Provided:

Municipal Employees Retirement System

MERS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. The monthly allowance for any member of Plan B consists of an amount equal to two percent of the member's monthly average final compensation multiplied by his (her) years of creditable service. Employees who were hired prior to January 1, 2013, are eligible to retire at any age with 30 years of creditable service and at age 60 with 10 or more years of creditable service. Employees who were hired after January 1, 2013, are eligible to retire at age 67 with 7 or more years of creditable service; at age 62 with 10 or more years of creditable service; at age 55 with 30 or more years of creditable service; or at any age with 25 years of creditable service, exclusive of military service and unused side leave. In lieu of termination employment and accepting a service retirement allowance, any member of Plan B who is eligible to retire may elect to participate in the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) for up to three years and defer the receipt of benefits.

Under Plan B, a member is eligible to retire and receive a disability benefit if he (she) has at least 10 years of creditable service, is not eligible for normal retirement, and has been officially certified as disabled by the State Medical Disability Board. Upon retirement caused by disability, a member of Plan B shall be paid a disability benefit equal to the lesser of thirty percent of his (her) final average compensation or two percent of his (her) final average compensation multiplied by his (her) years of creditable service, whichever is greater; or an amount equal to two percent of the member's final average compensation multiplied by his (her) years of creditable service, whichever is greater; or an amount equal to two percent of the member's final average compensation multiplied by his (her) years of creditable service, projected to his earliest normal retirement age. Upon the death of any member of Plan B with 5 or more years of creditable service, not eligible for normal retirement, the plan provides for benefits for the surviving spouse as outlined in the statutes. The System is authorized under state law to grant a cost of living increase to members who have been retired for at least one year.

Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System

MPERS provides regular retirement, early retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Employees who were hired prior to January 1, 2013, are eligible to retire at any age with 25 years of creditable service; at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service; and at age 55 with 12 years of creditable service. An employee is eligible for early retirement with a reduced benefit at any age after 20 years of creditable service. Benefit rates are three and one-third percent of average final compensation multiplied by years of creditable service not to exceed 100% of final salary. Upon the death of an active contributing member, or disability retiree, the plan provides for benefits for the surviving spouse and minor children. The benefits range from forty to sixty percent of average final compensation to the surviving spouse and ten percent of average final compensation to minor children. Employees who were hired after January 1, 2013, are eligible for regular retirement, early retirement, disability, and survivor benefits based on Hazardous Duty and Non Hazardous Duty sub plans. Under the Hazardous Duty sub plan, employees are eligible for regular retirement at any age with 25 years of creditable service and at age 55 with 12 years of creditable service. Under the Non Hazardous Duty sub plan, employees are eligible for regular retirement at any age with 30 years of creditable service; at age 55 with 25 years of creditable service; and at age 60 with 10 years of creditable service. Under both sub plans, an employee is eligible for early retirement with a reduced benefit at any age after 20 years of creditable service.

Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Under the Hazardous and Non Hazardous Duty sub plans, the benefit rates are there percent and two and a half percent, respectively, of average final compensation multiplied by years of creditable service not to exceed 100% of final salary. A member is eligible to elect to enter the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) when he is eligible for regular retirement based on the members' sub plan participation. An Initial Benefit Option Plan is available to members who are eligible for regular retirement and have not participated in DROP. The Initial Benefit Option program provides both a one-time single sum payment of up to 36 month of regular monthly retirement benefit, plus a reduced monthly retirement benefit for life. Upon the death of an active contributing member, or disability retiree, the plan provides for benefits for the surviving spouse and minor children. The benefits range from twenty-five to fifty-five percent of average final compensation for the surviving spouse and ten percent of average final compensation to minor children. If the deceased member had less than 10 years of service, the beneficiary will receive a refund of employee contributions only. The Board of Trustees is authorized to provide annual cost of living adjustments computed on the amount of the current regular retirement, disability, beneficiary or survivor's benefit, not to exceed 3% in any given year.

Contributions:

Municipal Employees Retirement System

According to state statute, contribution requirements for all employers are actuarially determined each year. The Town of Cottonport's required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020, was 14% of covered payroll. Contributions to the pension plan were \$28,667 for the year ended June 30, 2020. The system also receives ad valorem taxes and state revenue sharing funds that are recognized as employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributions recognized as revenue in the government-wide governmental activities statement of activities was \$0 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System

Employer contributions are actuarially determined each year as required by state law but cannot be less than 9% of the employees' earnable compensation excluding overtime but including state supplemental pay. The Town of Cottonport's required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020, was 31.75% of covered payroll. There were no contributions since no one participated for the year ended June 30, 2020. The system also receives insurance premium taxes that are recognized as employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities, bur are not considered special funding situations. The amount of non-employer contributions recognized as revenue in the government-wide activities statement of activities was \$0 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

At June 30, 2020, the Town reported a total of \$215,971 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of MERS and MPERS combined. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, for both plans and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by actuarial valuations as of that date. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on projections of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued):

At June 30, 2019, the Town's proportion was .246877% for MERS which was a decrease of .052768% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018. At June 30, 2019, the Town's proportion was 0% for MPERS, which was a decrease of .0% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized pension expense of \$28,667 for MERS and \$0 for MPERS. At June 30, 2020, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		MERS	MPERS		Total	
Deferred Outlows of Resources:						
Net difference between projected and actual earnings						
on pension plan investments	\$	22,746	\$	-	\$	22,746
Difference between expected and Actual Experience		-	\$	-		-
Changes in assumptions		13,166		-		13,166
Changes in proportion		-		14,607		14,607
Employer contributions subsequent to						
measurement date				-		-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	35,912	\$	14,607	\$	50,519
	N	IERS	MPERS		Total	
Deferred Intflows of Resources:						
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Changes in assumptions		-		-		-
Net difference between projected and actual		0 570				0.570
earnings on pension plan investments		9,579		-		9,579
Changes in proportion		38,484		55,865		94,349
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	48,063	\$	55,865	\$	103,928

\$28,667 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	MERS		IPERS	Total		
2020	\$ (11,866)	\$	(13,323)	\$ (25,189)		
2021	(5,289)		(27,935)	(33,224)		
2022	3,029		-	3,029		
2023	1,976		-	1,976		
	\$ (12,150)	\$	(41,258)	\$ (53,408)		

Actuarial Assumptions:

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

	MERS	MPERS
Inflation	2.500%	2.500%
Salary increases, including	1-4 Years - 6.4%	1-2 Years of Service - 12.3%
inflation and merit increases	Above 4 - 4.5%	3 & over - 4.7%
Investment rate of return	7.00%	7.125%
		investment expense

For MERS, mortality rates were based on RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Tables for employees; RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Sex Distinct Mortality Tables for annuitants and beneficiaries; and RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Tables for disabled annuitants. Form MPERS, the mortality rates were based on PR-2000 Combined Healthy with Blue Collar Adjustment Sex Distinct Tables for healthy annuitants and beneficiaries; RP-2000 Employee Table for active members; and RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Tables for disabled annuitants.

For MERS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation of 2.5% and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class are summarized in the following tables:

Long-Term

MERS:

Target	Expected Real
Allocation	Rate of Return
50%	2.15%
35%	1.51%
15%	0.64%
100%	4.30%
<u> </u>	2.70%
	7.00%
	Allocation 50% 35% 15%

Long Torm

Actuarial Assumptions continued):

MPERS:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return
Equity	49%	3.28%
Public Fixed Income	34%	0.80%
Alternatives	18%	1.06%
Other	0%	0.00%
Total	100%	5.14%
Inflation		2.75%
Expected Arithmetic Nomial Return		7.89%

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% for MERS and 7.125% for MPERS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee, taking into consideration the recommendation of the system's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all project future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:

MERS: The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability using the discount rate of 7.0%, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.0%) or one percentage-point higher (8.0%) than the current rate as of June 30, 2020:

	Changes in Discount Rate Plan B					
	1.0% Decrease (6.0%)	Current Discount Rate (7.0%)	1.0% Increase (8.0%)			
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$287,834	\$215,971	\$155,195			

Actuarial Assumptions continued):

MPERS: The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability using the discount rate of 7.125%, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.125%) or one percentage-point higher (8.125%) than the current rate as of June 30, 2020:

	Changes in Discount Rate				
	1.0% Decrease (6.125%)	Current Discount Rate (7.125%)	1.0% Increase (8.125%)		
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension					
liability	\$0	\$0	\$0		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about MERS and MPERS' fiduciary net positions are available in the standalone audit reports on their financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018. Access to these reports can be found on the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's website, <u>www.lla.la.gov</u>.

NOTE 17. FUND BALANCES

The following are details of fund balance classifications:

	1	<u>General</u>	<u>S</u>	<u>ales Tax</u>	Vc	<u>olunteer</u>	<u>o</u>	ther		
		Fund		Fund	Fi	re Dept	<u>F</u>	unds		<u>Total</u>
Assigned	\$	•	\$	148,225	\$	68,655	\$	223	\$	217,103
Unassigned	2	43,816		-		-		•	6	43,816
Total fund balances	\$	43,816	\$	148,225	\$	68,655	\$	223	\$	260,919

NOTE 18. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Town of Cottonport has evaluated subsequent events through December 22, 2020, the date which the financial statements were made available.

NOTE 19. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

There are currently several pending matters against the Town that are being handled by the Town's insurance carrier or Attorney. The outcome of these matters is uncertain at this time. However, in legal counsel's opinion they should be adequately covered by insurance, subject to any applicable deductibles, with the exception of one EEOC claim that is not covered by insurance. The outcome of this claim is also uncertain as of the date of this report. There are also no known unasserted claims that the Town is aware of as of the date of this report.

(Concluded)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION (PART II)

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TOWN OF COTTONPORT, LOUISIANA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$36,500	\$36,500	\$37,190	\$690
Franchise fees	101,300	95,386	92,105	(3,281)
Licenses and permits	73,698	68,656	67,438	(1,218)
Intergovernmental	36,400	36,400	33,586	(2,814)
Fines and forfeits	50,050	40,454	40,787	333
Miscellaneous	18,945	27,393	90,240	62,847
TOTAL REVENUES	316,893	304,789	361,347	56,558
EXPENDITURES				
General government	207,697	226,555	224,298	2,257
Public safety:	201,001			_,
Police	280,445	275,639	285,057	(9,418)
Fire	14,464	14,464	19,377	(4,913)
City Court	7,200	7,200	3,827	3,373
Streets and bridges	104,900	120,638	132,171	(11,533)
Health and sanitation	350	350	72	278
Capital outlay	22,200	59,912	38,625	21,287
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	637,256	704,758	703,427	1,331_
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(320,363)	(399,969)	(342,080)	57,888
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from long-term debt	0	28,000	34,625	6,625
Operating transfers in	425,000	335,000	344,000	9,000
Operating transfers out	(124,047)	(152,047)	(45,698)	106,349
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	300,953	210,953	332,927	121,974
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$(19,410)	\$(189,016)	(9,153)	\$179,862
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR			52,969	
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR			\$43,816	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement. $$40\end{temp}$

TOWN OF COTTONPORT, LOUISIANA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SALES TAX FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Taxes Miscellaneous	\$250,000 30	\$250,000 30	\$367,074 109	\$117,074 79	
TOTAL REVENUES	250,030	250,030	367,184	117,154	
EXPENDITURES General government: Collection Fee Miscellaneous	2,300	2,300	4,399	(2,099)	
Total general government expenditure	2,300	2,300	4,399	(2,099)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	247,730	247,730	362,784	115,054	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers out	(160,000)	(160,000)	(320,000)	(160,000)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(160,000)	(160,000)	(320,000)	(160,000)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures and other sources (uses)	\$87,730	\$87,730	42,784	\$(44,946)	
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR			105,441		
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR			\$148,225		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement. 41

TOWN OF COTTONPORT, LOUISIANA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE VOLUNTEER FIRE DEPARTMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES		a a 55550		
Taxes	\$89,000	\$89,000	\$94,499	\$5,499
Intergovernmental	15,000	15,000	16,259	1,259
Miscellaneous	1,200	1,200	0	(1,200)
TOTAL REVENUES	105,200	105,200	110,759	5,559
EXPENDITURES Public safety:				
Fire	40,000	43,477	52,757	(9,280)
Capital outlay	12,000	50,929	38,929	12,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	52,000	94,406	91,685	2,721
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	53,200	10,794	19,074	8,280
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Operating transfers in	0	0	0	0
Operating transfers out	(38,487)	(78,487)	(38,487)	40,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(38,487)	(78,487)	(38,487)	40,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources				
over expenditures and other uses	\$14,713	\$(67,693)	(19,414)	\$48,280
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR			88,069	
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR			\$68,655	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement. 42

TOWN OF COTTONPORT, LOUISIANA NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and are used as a management control device. Annual budgets are adopted for the General Fund, Sales Tax Fund, Volunteer Fire Department Fund, Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects Funds (if any) and the Enterprise Fund. The Town maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the appropriated budget approved by the Town Council. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) for the operating budget is within a fund. Budgeted amounts presented are as originally adopted and as further amended by the Town Council. Budgetary appropriation lapse and the end of each fiscal year and must be re-appropriated for the following year in order to be expended.

TOWN OF COTTONPORT, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY June 30, 2020

Municipal Employees Retirement System

June 30,	Proportion of the net pension liability	Proportionate share of the net pension liability		Covered- employee payroll	Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2020	0.2469%	\$	215,971	\$ 172,096	125%	66.14%
2019	0.2996%	\$	253,449	\$ 188,727	134%	65.60%
2018	0.3485%	\$	301,541	\$ 219,552	137%	63.49%
2017	0.3667%	\$	303,965	\$ 258,679	118%	63.34%

Municipal Police Employees Retirement System

June 30,	Proportion of the net pension liability	Proportionate share of the net pension liability		nare of the net employee		Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2020	0.0000%	\$	-	\$	-	N/A	71.01%
2019	0.0000%	\$	-	\$	2	N/A	71.89%
2018	0.0144%	\$	126,076	\$	-	N/A	70.08%
2017	0.0068%	\$	63,520	\$	43,112	147%	66.04%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the end of the prior fiscal year except for covered employee payroll.

TOWN OF COTTONPORT, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS June 30, 2020

	Municipal Employees Retirement System June 30,							
		2020		2019	-	2018		2017
Contractually required contibution Contributions in relation to the	\$	28,667	\$	26,422	\$	29,090	\$	24,178
contractually required contribution	\$	28,667	\$	26,422	\$	29,090	\$	24,178
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	_	-		-		-
Covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$	172,096	\$	188,727	\$	219,552	\$	258,679
covered-employee payroll		16.66%		14.00%		13.25%		9.35%

Contractually required contibution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess) Covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll

Municipal Police Employees Retirement System June 30, 2020 2019 2018 2017 \$ \$ \$ \$ 13,688 \$ \$ \$ \$ 13,688 ---. Ś Ś \$ \$ 43,112 .

0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 31.75%

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

TOWN OF COTTONPORT, LOUISIANA GENERAL FUND DETAILED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COMPARED TO BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

TAKES Ad Valorem taxes \$36,500 \$37,190 \$690, \$600, TOTAL TAXES 36,500 37,190 690, FRANCHISE FEES: 36,500 37,190 690, Cleco Franchise Galaxy Cable Franchise Fee 12,000 11,452, (566) Total FRANCHISE FEES 95,386 92,105 (3,28) Total FRANCHISE FEES 95,386 92,105 (3,28) Uccursticational Licenses 65,458 65,133 (3225) Duilding Permits 31,449 2,235 (9)3) Moving Permits 20 40, 20 Total LICENSES AND PERMITS 68,656 67,438 (1,218) INTERGOVERNMENTAL 3,400 4,341 941 Housing Julhovity 13,000 10,706 (2,294) DOTD Road Maintenance 5,000 13,540 (1,460) Video Poker Revenue 15,000 13,540 (1,460) Court Cost 34,800 3,720 240 Court Cost 36,824 40,454 40,787 333		Final Budget	Actual	Variance - Favorable (Unfavorable)
TOTAL TAXES 36,500 37,190 690 FRANCHISE FEES:				
FRANCHISE FEES: Image: Constraint of the second secon				
Cleco Franchise 68,396 66,373 (2,03) Entex Franchise Fanchise Fee 12,000 11,432 (589) Galaxy Cable Franchise Fee 10,000 3,721 (229) TOTAL FRANCHISE FEES 95,386 92,105 (3,281) LICENSES AND PERMITS 0 30 30 0 Dilidior Permits 31,48 2,225 (913) Moving Permits 20 40 20 TOTAL LICENSES AND PERMITS 68,656 67,438 (1,218) INTERGOVERNMENTAL 3448 2,225 (913) Ber taxes 3,400 4,341 941 HOUSING Authority 13,000 10,706 (2,244) D'OT Read Maintenance 5,000 5,000 0 Video Poker Revenue 15,000 13,540 (1,460) TOTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL 36,602 33,586 (2,814) Pines 36,602 33,585 (2,814) City Court Revenue 50 1,033 1,033 TOTAL INTERGO	TOTAL TAXES	36,500	37,190	690
Entex Franchise 12.000 11.432 (568) Galaxy Cable Franchise Fee 11.000 10.579 (421) Telephone Franchise Fee 4.000 3.721 (279) TOTAL FRANCHISE FEES 95.386 92.105 (3.281) LICENSES AND PERMITS 30 30 0 Occupational Licenses 65.458 65.133 (325) Building Permits 31.48 2.235 (913) Moving Permits 20 40 20 TOTAL LICENSES AND PERMITS 68.656 67.438 (1.218) INTEGOVERNMENTAL 34.000 4.341 941 Bert taxes 3.400 4.341 941 Housing Authority 13.000 10.706 (2.244) DOTD Read Maintenance 5.000 5.000 0 Video Poker Revenue 15.000 13.540 (1.460) TOTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL 36.924 35.985 (939) Court Cost 3.4460 3.720 240 City Court Revenue <	FRANCHISE FEES:			
Entex Franchise 12.000 11.432 (568) Galaxy Cable Franchise Fee 11.000 10.579 (421) Telephone Franchise Fee 4.000 3.721 (279) TOTAL FRANCHISE FEES 95.386 92.105 (3.281) LICENSES AND PERMITS 30 30 0 Occupational Licenses 65.458 65.133 (325) Building Permits 31.48 2.235 (913) Moving Permits 20 40 20 TOTAL LICENSES AND PERMITS 68.656 67.438 (1.218) INTEGOVERNMENTAL 34.000 4.341 941 Bert taxes 3.400 4.341 941 Housing Authority 13.000 10.706 (2.244) DOTD Read Maintenance 5.000 5.000 0 Video Poker Revenue 15.000 13.540 (1.460) TOTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL 36.924 35.985 (939) Court Cost 3.4460 3.720 240 City Court Revenue <	Cleco Franchise	68.386	66.373	(2,013)
Telephone Franchise Fee 4,000 3,721 (279) TOTAL FRANCHISE FEES 95,386 92,105 (3,281) LICENSES AND PERMITS 95,386 92,105 (3,281) Docupational Licenses 65,458 65,133 (325) Building Permits 3,148 2,235 (913) Moving Permits 2,0 40 20 TOTAL LICENSES AND PERMITS 68,656 67,438 (1,218) INTERGOVERNMENTAL 86,656 67,438 (1,218) Beer taxes 3,400 4,341 941 Housing Authority 13,000 10,706 (2,24) DOTD Road Maintenance 5,000 13,540 (1,460) Video Poker Revenue 15,000 13,540 (1,460) Court Cost 3,480 3,720 240 City Court Revenue 50 1,083 1,033 TOTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL 36,924 35,985 (939) Court Cost 3,480 3,720 240 City Court Revenue	Entex Franchise	12,000	11,432	(568)
TOTAL FRANCHISE FEES 95,386 92,105 (3,281) LICENSES AND PERMITS 0				
LICENSES AND PERMITS Occupational Licenses 65,458 65,133 (325) Building Permits 30 30 0 Liquor Permits 31,48 2,235 (913) Moving Permits 20 40 20 TOTAL LICENSES AND PERMITS 68,656 67,438 (1,218) INTERGOVERNMENTAL 8 3,400 4,341 941 Beer taxes 3,400 4,341 941 HOUSING Authority 13,000 10,706 (2,294) DOTD Road Maintenance 5,000 5,000 0 Video Poker Revenue 15,000 13,540 (1,460) TOTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL 36,400 33,586 (2,814) Fines 36,924 35,985 (939) Court Cost 3,480 3,720 240 City Court Revenue 50 1,083 1,033 TOTAL FINES AND FORFEITS 40,454 40,787 333 MISCELLANEOUS: 120 20 (100) <td< td=""><td>Telephone Franchise Fee</td><td>4,000</td><td>3,721</td><td>(279)</td></td<>	Telephone Franchise Fee	4,000	3,721	(279)
Occupational Licenses 65,458 65,133 (325) Builiding Permits 30 30 0 Liquor Permits 3,148 2,225 (913) Moving Permits 20 40 20 TOTAL LICENSES AND PERMITS 68,656 67,438 (1,218) INTERGOVERNMENTAL 88,656 67,438 (1,218) DOTD Road Maintenance 5,000 5,000 0 Video Poker Revenue 15,000 13,540 (1,460) TOTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL 36,400 33,586 (2,814) FINES AND FORFEITS: 36,924 35,985 (939) Court Cost 3,480 3,720 240 City Court Revenue 50 1.083 1.033 TOTAL FINES AND FORFEITS 40,454 40,787 333 Misc Income 0 58,208 58,209 Grass cutting 1,600 4,15 (1,185) Rental Income - Community Cen 5,900 6,300 400 Miscellaneous Income 13,4	TOTAL FRANCHISE FEES	95,386	92,105	(3,281)
Occupational Licenses 65,458 65,133 (325) Builiding Permits 30 30 0 Liquor Permits 3,148 2,225 (913) Moving Permits 20 40 20 TOTAL LICENSES AND PERMITS 68,656 67,438 (1,218) INTERGOVERNMENTAL 88,656 67,438 (1,218) DOTD Road Maintenance 5,000 5,000 0 Video Poker Revenue 15,000 13,540 (1,460) TOTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL 36,400 33,586 (2,814) FINES AND FORFEITS: 36,924 35,985 (939) Court Cost 3,480 3,720 240 City Court Revenue 50 1.083 1.033 TOTAL FINES AND FORFEITS 40,454 40,787 333 Misc Income 0 58,208 58,209 Grass cutting 1,600 4,15 (1,185) Rental Income - Community Cen 5,900 6,300 400 Miscellaneous Income 13,4	LICENSES AND PERMITS			
Builting Permits 30 30 0 Liquor Permits 3,148 2,235 (913) Moving Permits 20 40 20 TOTAL LICENSES AND PERMITS 68,656 67,438 (1,218) INTERGOVERNMENTAL 868,656 67,438 (1,218) INTERGOVERNMENTAL 13,000 10,706 (2,294) DOTD Road Maintenance 5,000 5,000 0 Video Poker Revenue 15,000 13,540 (1,460) TOTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL 36,400 33,586 (2,814) FINES 34,600 33,586 (2,814) FINES AND FORFEITS: 34,600 33,586 (2,814) FINES AND FORFEITS 40,454 40,787 333 MISCELLANEOUS: 10,83 10,83 10,83 10,83 Late Charges 120 20 (100) Excise Tax Relund 1,700 1,729 29 Miscellaneous Income 5,900 6,300 400 Grass cutting 1,600		65,458	65,133	(325)
Moving Permits 20 40 20 TOTAL LICENSES AND PERMITS 68,656 67,438 (1,218) INTERGOVERNMENTAL Beer taxes 3,400 4,341 941 Housing Authority 13,000 10,706 (2,294) DOTD Road Maintenance 5,000 0 0 Video Poker Revenue 15,000 13,540 (1,460) TOTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL 36,400 33,586 (2,814) FINES State 34,860 3,720 240 Court Cost 3,480 3,720 240 10,083 1,033 TOTAL FINES AND FORFEITS 40,454 40,787 333 1,033 TOTAL FINES AND FORFEITS 40,454 40,787 333 MISCELLANEOUS: 1,200 20 (100) Excise Tax Refund 1,700 1,729 29 Miscellaneous Income 5,900 6,300 400 Miscellaneous Income 13,448 19,835 6,337 Accident Report 300 270				
TOTAL LICENSES AND PERMITS 68,656 67,438 (1,218) INTERGOVERNMENTAL Beer taxes 3,400 4,341 941 Housing Authority 13,000 10,706 (2,294) DOTD Road Maintenance 5,000 5,000 0 Video Poker Revenue 15,000 13,540 (1,460) TOTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL 36,400 33,586 (2,814) FINES 36,924 35,985 (939) Court Cost 3,480 3,720 240 City Court Revenue 50 1,083 1,033 TOTAL FINES AND FORFEITS 40,454 40,787 333 MISCELLANEOUS: 20 (100) 1,729 29 Misc Income 0 58,208 58,208 58,208 Grass cuting 1,600 415 (1,185) Rental Income - Community Cen 5,900 6,300 400 Miscellaneous Income 13,448 19,835 6,387 Inter-Club Christmas Revenue 2,000 1,595 (305) <td></td> <td>3,148</td> <td>2,235</td> <td>(913)</td>		3,148	2,235	(913)
INTERGOVERNMENTAL Beer taxes 3,400 4,341 941 Housing Authority DOTD Road Maintenance 3,000 10,706 (2,294) DOTD Road Maintenance 5,000 5,000 0 Video Poker Revenue 15,000 13,540 (1,460) TOTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL 36,400 33,586 (2,814) FINES AND FORFEITS: Fines 36,924 35,985 (939) Court Cost 3480 3,720 240 City Court Revenue 50 1.083 1.033 TOTAL FINES AND FORFEITS 40,454 40,787 333 MISCELLANEOUS: 1 20 (100) Excise Tax Refund 1,700 1,729 29 Misc Income 0 58,208 58,208 Grass cutting 1600 415 (1,185) Rental Income - Community Cen 5,900 6,300 400 Miscellaneous Income 200 1,695 (305) Accident Report 300 270 (30) Rental Income - AAWS </td <td>Moving Permits</td> <td>20</td> <td>40</td> <td>20</td>	Moving Permits	20	40	20
Beer taxes 3,400 4,341 941 Housing Authority 13,000 10,706 (2,294) DOTD Road Maintenance 5,000 5,000 0 Video Poker Revenue 15,000 13,540 (1,460) TOTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL 36,400 33,586 (2,814) FINES AND FORFEITS: 3,480 3,720 240 City Court Revenue 50 1,083 1,033 TOTAL FINES AND FORFEITS 40,454 40,787 333 MISCELLANEOUS: 120 20 (100) Excise Tax Refund 1,700 1,729 29 Misc Income 0 58,208 58,208 Grass cutling 1,600 415 (1,185) Rental Income - Community Cen 5,900 6,300 400 Miscellaneous Income 13,448 19,835 6,387 Inter-Club Christmas Revenue 2,000 1,695 (305) Accident Report 300 270 (30) Rental Income - AAWS 900 </td <td>TOTAL LICENSES AND PERMITS</td> <td>68,656</td> <td>67,438</td> <td>(1,218)</td>	TOTAL LICENSES AND PERMITS	68,656	67,438	(1,218)
Housing Authority 13,000 10,706 (2,294) DOTD Road Maintenance 5,000 5,000 0 Video Poker Revenue 15,000 13,540 (1,460) TOTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL 36,400 33,586 (2,814) FINES AND FORFEITS:	INTERGOVERNMENTAL			
DOTD Road Maintenance 5,000 5,000 0 Video Poker Revenue 15,000 13,540 (1,460) TOTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL 36,400 33,586 (2,814) FINES AND FORFEITS: 36,924 35,985 (939) Court Cost 3,480 3,720 240 City Court Revenue 50 1.083 1.033 TOTAL FINES AND FORFEITS 40,454 40,787 333 MISCELLANEOUS: 1,700 1,729 29 Miscellaneous Income 0 58,208 58,208 Grass cutiting 1,600 415 (1,185) Rental Income - Community Cen 5,900 6,300 400 Miscellaneous Income 13,448 19,895 6,387 Inter-Club Christmas Revenue 2,000 1,695 (305) Accident Report 300 270 (30) Rental Income - AAWS 900 915 15 Miscellaneous Income 1,000 20 (980) Park Family Fun <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>				
Video Poker Revenue 15,000 13,540 (1,460) TOTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL 36,400 33,586 (2,814) FINES 36,924 35,985 (939) Court Cost 3,480 3,720 240 City Court Revenue 50 1.083 1.033 TOTAL FINES AND FORFEITS 40,454 40,787 333 MISCELLANEOUS: 20 (100) 22 (100) Excise Tax Refund 1,700 1,729 29 Misc Income 0 58,208 58,208 Grass cutiting 1,600 415 (1,185) Rental Income - Community Cen 5,900 6,300 400 Miscellaneous Income 13,448 19,835 6,387 Inter-Club Christmas Revenue 2,000 1,695 (305) Accident Report 300 270 (30) Rental Income - AAWS 900 915 15 Miscellaneous Income 1,000 20 (980) Park Family Fun 400 </td <td>o ,</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	o ,			
TOTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL 36,400 33,586 (2,814) FINES AND FORFEITS: Fines 36,924 35,985 (939) Court Cost 3,480 3,720 240 City Court Revenue 50 1,083 1,033 TOTAL FINES AND FORFEITS 40,454 40,787 333 MISCELLANEOUS: 120 20 (100) Excise Tax Refund 1,700 1,729 29 Misc Income 0 58,208 58,208 Grass cutiting 1,600 415 (1,185) Rental Income - Community Cen 5,900 6,300 400 Miscellaneous Income 13,448 19,835 6,387 Inter-Club Christmas Revenue 2,000 1,695 (305) Accident Report 300 270 (30) Rental Income - AAWS 900 915 15 Miscellaneous Income 1,000 20 (980) Park Family Fun 400 800 400 Interest Income 25 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td>				-
Fines 36,924 35,985 (939) Court Cost 3,480 3,720 240 City Court Revenue 50 1.083 1.033 TOTAL FINES AND FORFEITS 40,454 40,787 333 MISCELLANEOUS: 1,700 1,729 29 Misc Income 0 58,208 58,208 Grass cuting 1,600 415 (1,185) Rental Income - Community Cen 5,900 6,300 400 Miscellaneous Income 13,448 19,835 6,387 Inter-Club Christmas Revenue 2,000 1,695 (305) Accident Report 300 270 (30) Rental Income - AAWS 900 915 15 Miscellaneous Income 1,000 20 (980) Park Family Fun 400 800 400 Interest Income 25 32 7 TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS 27,393 90,240 62,847				
Fines 36,924 35,985 (939) Court Cost 3,480 3,720 240 City Court Revenue 50 1.083 1.033 TOTAL FINES AND FORFEITS 40,454 40,787 333 MISCELLANEOUS: 40,454 40,787 333 Misc Income 1,700 1,729 29 Misc Income 0 58,208 58,208 Grass cuting 1,600 415 (1,185) Rental Income - Community Cen 5,900 6,300 400 Miscellaneous Income 13,448 19,835 6,387 Inter-Club Christmas Revenue 2,000 1,695 (305) Accident Report 300 270 (30) Rental Income - AAWS 900 915 15 Miscellaneous Income 1,000 20 (980) Park Family Fun 400 800 400 Interest Income 25 32 7 TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS 27,393 90,240 62,847	TOTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL	36,400	33,586	(2,814)
Court Cost 3,480 3,720 240 City Court Revenue 50 1.083 1,033 TOTAL FINES AND FORFEITS 40,454 40,787 333 MISCELLANEOUS: 120 20 (100) Excise Tax Refund 1,700 1,729 29 Misc Income 0 58,208 58,208 Grass cuting 1,600 415 (1,185) Rental Income - Community Cen 5,900 6,300 400 Miscellaneous Income 13,448 19,835 6,387 Inter-Club Christmas Revenue 2,000 1,695 (305) Accident Report 300 270 (30) Rental Income - AAWS 900 915 15 Miscellaneous Income 1,000 20 (980) Park Family Fun 400 800 400 Interest Income 25 32 7 TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS 27,393 90,240 62,847				
City Court Revenue 50 1.083 1.033 TOTAL FINES AND FORFEITS 40,454 40,787 333 MISCELLANEOUS: 120 20 (100) Excise Tax Refund 1,700 1,729 29 Misc Income 0 58,208 58,208 Grass cuting 1,600 415 (1,185) Rental Income - Community Cen 5,900 6,300 400 Miscellaneous Income 13,448 19,835 6,387 Inter-Club Christmas Revenue 2,000 1,695 (305) Accident Report 300 270 (30) Rental Income - AAWS 900 915 15 Miscellaneous Income 1,000 20 (980) Park Family Fun 400 800 400 Interest Income 25 32 7 TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS 27,393 90,240 62,847				
TOTAL FINES AND FORFEITS 40,454 40,787 333 MISCELLANEOUS: 120 20 (100) Excise Tax Refund 1,700 1,729 29 Misc Income 0 58,208 58,208 Grass cutitng 1,600 415 (1,185) Rental Income - Community Cen 5,900 6,300 400 Miscellaneous Income 13,448 19,835 6,387 Inter-Club Christmas Revenue 2,000 1,695 (305) Accident Report 300 270 (30) Rental Income - AAWS 900 915 15 Miscellaneous Income 1,000 20 (980) Park Family Fun 400 800 400 Interest Income 25 32 7 TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS 27,393 90,240 62,847				
Late Charges 120 20 (100) Excise Tax Refund 1,700 1,729 29 Misc Income 0 58,208 58,208 Grass cuting 1,600 415 (1,185) Rental Income - Community Cen 5,900 6,300 400 Miscellaneous Income 13,448 19,835 6,387 Inter-Club Christmas Revenue 2,000 1,695 (305) Accident Report 300 270 (30) Rental Income - AAWS 900 915 15 Miscellaneous Income 1,000 20 (980) Park Family Fun 400 800 400 Interest Income 25 32 7 TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS 27,393 90,240 62,847		-	a contraction of the second se	
Late Charges 120 20 (100) Excise Tax Refund 1,700 1,729 29 Misc Income 0 58,208 58,208 Grass cuting 1,600 415 (1,185) Rental Income - Community Cen 5,900 6,300 400 Miscellaneous Income 13,448 19,835 6,387 Inter-Club Christmas Revenue 2,000 1,695 (305) Accident Report 300 270 (30) Rental Income - AAWS 900 915 15 Miscellaneous Income 1,000 20 (980) Park Family Fun 400 800 400 Interest Income 25 32 7 TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS 27,393 90,240 62,847	MISCELLANEOUS.			
Excise Tax Refund 1,700 1,729 29 Misc Income 0 58,208 58,208 Grass cutitng 1,600 415 (1,185) Rental Income - Community Cen 5,900 6,300 400 Miscellaneous Income 13,448 19,835 6,387 Inter-Club Christmas Revenue 2,000 1,695 (305) Accident Report 300 270 (30) Rental Income - AAWS 900 915 15 Miscellaneous Income 1,000 20 (980) Park Family Fun 400 800 400 Interest Income 25 32 7		120	20	(100)
Misc Income 0 58,208 58,208 Grass cutitng 1,600 415 (1,185) Rental Income - Community Cen 5,900 6,300 400 Miscellaneous Income 13,448 19,835 6,387 Inter-Club Christmas Revenue 2,000 1,695 (305) Accident Report 300 270 (30) Rental Income - AAWS 900 915 15 Miscellaneous Income 1,000 20 (980) Park Family Fun 400 800 400 Interest Income 25 32 7 TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS 27,393 90,240 62,847				
Rental Income - Community Cen 5,900 6,300 400 Miscellaneous Income 13,448 19,835 6,387 Inter-Club Christmas Revenue 2,000 1,695 (305) Accident Report 300 270 (30) Rental Income - AAWS 900 915 15 Miscellaneous Income 1,000 20 (980) Park Family Fun 400 800 400 Interest Income 25 32 7 TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS 27,393 90,240 62,847				
Miscellaneous Income 13,448 19,835 6,387 Inter-Club Christmas Revenue 2,000 1,695 (305) Accident Report 300 270 (30) Rental Income - AAWS 900 915 15 Miscellaneous Income 1,000 20 (980) Park Family Fun 400 800 400 Interest Income 25 32 7 TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS 27,393 90,240 62,847	Grass cutitng	1,600	415	(1,185)
Inter-Club Christmas Revenue 2,000 1,695 (305) Accident Report 300 270 (30) Rental Income - AAWS 900 915 15 Miscellaneous Income 1,000 20 (980) Park Family Fun 400 800 400 Interest Income 25 32 7 TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS 27,393 90,240 62,847				
Accident Report 300 270 (30) Rental Income - AAWS 900 915 15 Miscellaneous Income 1,000 20 (980) Park Family Fun 400 800 400 Interest Income 25 32 7 TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS 27,393 90,240 62,847				
Rental Income - AAWS 900 915 15 Miscellaneous Income 1,000 20 (980) Park Family Fun 400 800 400 Interest Income 25 32 7 TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS 27,393 90,240 62,847				
Miscellaneous Income 1,000 20 (980) Park Family Fun 400 800 400 Interest Income 25 32 7 TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS 27,393 90,240 62,847				
Park Family Fun Interest Income 400 800 400 TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS 27,393 90,240 62,847				
Interest Income 25 32 7 TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS 27,393 90,240 62,847				
TOTAL REVENUES \$304,789 \$361,347 \$56,557	TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS	27,393	90,240	62,847
	TOTAL REVENUES	\$304,789	\$361,347	\$56,557

TOWN OF COTTONPORT, LOUISIANA GENERAL FUND DETAILED STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENDITURES COMPARED TO BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance - Favorable (Unfavorable)
GENERAL GOVERNMENT			
G & A Salaries	\$94,000	\$82,850	\$11,150
Miscellaneous expense	0	2,604	(2,604)
G & A Payroli Taxes	6,400	6,317	83
G & A Employee Benefits	18,608	18,847	(239)
Legal & Auditing	19,401	19,986	(585)
Insurance	7,500	13,953	(6,453)
Assessor Fees	1,350	1,200	150
Miscellaneous Exp	3,300	4,832	(1,532)
Museum Expense	5,000	4,357	643
Engineering Fees	150	0	150
Office Supply & Postage	4,216	6,972	(2,756)
Publications & Printing	5,000	3,791	1,209
Dues & Subscriptions	3,000	3,322	(322)
Town Hall Expenses	0	285	(285)
Telephone Expense	9,133	9,451	(318)
Repairs & maintenance	8,800	8,391	409
Utilities	4,600	3,736	864
Community Center Expenses	7,000	7,138	(138)
Travel	6,000	4,745	1,255
Park Expenses	800	1,613	(813)
Xerox Copier Lease Payments	3,000	2,809	191
Xerox Copier Rental Payments	2,600	2,030	570
Christmas Decoration Expense	4,500	2,340	2,160
Christmas Fireworks Expense	3,000	3,000	0
Christmas Festival Misc Expen	2,000	522	1,478
Inter-Club Christmas Expense	2,000	1,588	412
Uniforms	70	30	40
Drug Testing	1,000	510	490
Janitorial expense	2,000	1,761	239
Park Family Fun Expense	600	1,011	(411)
Veteran's Memorial Expenses	27	0	27
Annex Building - Police	1,500	4,306	(2,806)
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	226,555	224,298	2,257_

TOWN OF COTTONPORT, LOUISIANA GENERAL FUND DETAILED STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENDITURES COMPARED TO BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance - Favorable (Unfavorable)
PUBLIC SAFETY			
POLICE			
Salaries	145,194	146,808	(1,614)
Salaries	36,636	36,636	0
Payroll Taxes	16.000	14,735	1,265
Employee Benefits	560	723	(163)
Patrol Car Expenses	5,149	14,025	(8,876)
Uniforms	3,500	1,785	1,715
Insurance	35,500	31,704	3,796
Legal & professional fees	0	3,730	(3,730)
Material & Supplies	3,000	11,026	(8,026)
Telephone Expense	5,300	5,307	(7)
Miscellaneous Expense	6,500	2,414	4.086
Expense	0	12	(12)
Fuel/Oil	17,800	15,361	2,439
Training	500	790	(290)
TOTAL POLICE	275,639	285,057	(9,418)
FIRE			
Salaries	\$3,900	\$3,900	\$0
Payroll Taxes	298	298	0
Employee Benefits	546	546	0
Truck Expense	1,000	1,059	(59)
Telephone Expense	2,240	1,914	326
Repairs & maintenance	0	1,483	(1,483)
Miscellaneous Expense	480	3,934	(3,454)
Utilities - CVFD	6,000	6,243	(243)
TOTAL FIRE	14,464	19,377	(4,913)
CITY COURT			
Coroner's fees	2,000	0	2,000
Magistrate Fees	1,200	1,200	0
Prisoner Rations	300	0	300
Miscellaneous Expense	1,800	835	965
Police Donated	0	174	(174)
Police Travel	1,500	1,418	82
Uniforms	100	0	100
Bailiff's fee		200	100
TOTAL CITY COURT	7,200	3,827	3,373

TOWN OF COTTONPORT, LOUISIANA GENERAL FUND DETAILED STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENDITURES COMPARED TO BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance - Favorable (Unfavorable)
STREETS AND BRIDGES Salaries Payroll Taxes Employee Benefits Truck/Backhoe Expense Tractor Expense Materials & Supplies Repairs & Maintenance Vapor Lights Misc Expense Uniforms Insurance Inmates meals Fuel/Oil - Streets Diesel - Streets	38,500 2,300 2,359 2,000 1,000 2,323 8,056 37,500 1,300 1,200 12,000 200 3,600 2,000	44,407 3,378 2,359 1,900 1,100 6,379 8,704 33,454 666 2,011 19,507 159 2,285 1,810	(5,907) (1,078) 0 100 (100) (4,056) (648) 4,046 634 (811) (7,507) 41 1,315 190
Lawn Mower Misc	6.300	4.054	2.246
TOTAL STREETS AND BRIDGES	120,638	132,171	(11,533)
HEALTH AND SANITATION Pest Control Solid Waste Disposal First Responder's Expense	\$300 0 50	\$360 (288) 0	\$(60) 288 50
TOTAL HEALTH AND SANITATION	350	72	278
CAPITAL OUTLAY Capital Outlay TOTAL CAPITAL OUTLAY	<u>59,912</u>	38,625	21,287
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$704,758	\$703,427	\$1,331

TOWN OF COTTONPORT, LOUISIANA PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF OPERATING EXPENSES BY DEPARTMENT BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance - Favorable (Unfavorable)
WATER DEPARTMENT			
Cylinder rental	\$0	\$5,575	\$(5,575)
Salaries	39,777	24,514	15,263
Payroll Taxes	3,454	1,848	1,606
Employee Benefits	3,859	7,327	(3,468)
Materials & Supplies	28,175	33,593	(5,418)
Chemicals	35,600	24,838	10,762
Trucks/Backhoes Expenses	2,000	365	1,635
Repairs & Maintenance Utility Bill Printing	40,000 0	46,856 14	(6,856) (14)
Telephone Expense	2,733	2,733	(14)
Utilities	76,198	75,783	415
Insurance	25,500	26,576	(1,076)
Miscellaneous	8,000	587	7,413
Legal & Auditing	5,883	1,485	4,398
Fuel/Oil	4,000	2,371	1,629
Uniforms	1,000	812	188
Engineering Fees	2,000	12,791	(10,791)
Analysis Fee	5,310	6,891	(1,581)
Licenses & fees	0	3,797	(3,797)
Test Wells	1,200	1,200	0
2010 Revenue Wa	0	1,186	(1,186)
Diesel - Yellow Bayou Generator	0	466	(466)
Equipment rental	0	(810)	810
LA One Call	360	481	(121)
TOTAL WATER DEPARTMENT	\$285,049	\$281,280	\$3,769
SEWER DEPARTMENT			
Salaries	\$36,000	\$34,133	\$1,867
Payroll Taxes	2,400	2,587	(187)
Employee Benefits	10,600	10,945	(345)
Materials & Supplies	2,200	5,944	(3,744)
Chemicals	23,346	24,102	(756)
Trucks/Backhoes Expense	2,000	923	1,077
Repairs & Maintenance	10,500	13,477	(2,977)
Insurance	19,600	20,647	(1,047)
Miscellaneous	6,200	11,038	(4,838)
Utilities	22,292	22,108	184
Fuel/Oil	5,196	4,223	973 296
Utility Bill Printing	0 500	(296)	
Sludge removal Uniforms	726	3,622 933	(3,122) (207)
Engineering Fees	0	26,900	(26,900)
Analysis Fees	2,459	2,018	441
Wastwater NEW	2,100	1,915	(1,915)
TOTAL SEWER DEPARTMENT	\$144,019	\$185,217	\$(41,198)
	3 <u></u>	Distance of the second second	
GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE	A	A 14 44-	*/= ==-·
G & A Salaries	\$35,700	\$45,507	\$(9,807)
G & A Payroll Taxes	2,704	3,460	(756)
G&A Employee Benefits	2,800	5,338	(2,538)
Legal & Auditing	7,500	5,883	1,617
Office supplies	3,300	3,381	(81)
Uniforms Miscellaneous	100	30 257	70
TOTAL GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE	\$52,104	\$63,857	<u>(257)</u> \$(11,753)
IVIAL GLITENAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE	φ <u></u> σ <u></u>	403,657	φ(11,733)

TOWN OF COTTONPORT, LOUISIANA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Debt Service Fund - Fire Truck	Debt Service Fund - Backhoe Lease	Debt Service Fund - Street Improvements	Debt Service Fund - Police Cars	Totals Non-Major Governmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
TOTAL ASSETS	0	0	0	0	0
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL LIABILITIES	0	0	0	0	0
FUND BALANCES					
Reserved for debt service Unreserved, unrestricted	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

TOWN OF COTTONPORT, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Debt Service Fund - Fire Truck	Debt Service Fund - Backhoe Lease	Debt Service Fund - Street Improvements	Debt Service Fund - Police Cars	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Intergovernmental	0	0	0	0	0
Miscellaneous	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL REVENUES	0	0	0	0	0
EXPENDITURES					
General government	0	0	0	0	0
Capital outlay	0	0	0	0	0
Debt service	38,487	6,436	93,947	39,262	178,132
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	38,487	6,436	93,947	39,262	178,132
Excess (deficiency) of					
revenues over expenditures	(38,487)	(6,436)	(93,947)	(39,262)	(178,132)
Operating transfers in	38,487	6,436	93,947	39,262	178,132
Operating transfers out	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	38,487	6,436	93,947	39,262	178,132
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources					
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	0	0	0	0	0
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

TOWN OF COTTONPORT, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION PAID TO ELECTED OFFICIALS

A detail of compensation paid to individual elected officials for the year ended June 30, 2020, follows:

William F. Scott, III, Mayor	Compensation \$ 9,600	Term Expires/Expired 12/31/20
Council Members:		
Curtis J. Francisco, Mayor Pro-Tem	4,800	12/31/20
Margaret Prater-Jenkins	4,800	12/31/20
Kenneth W. Friels	4,800	12/31/20
Luke L. Welch	4,800	12/31/20
Demple Prater	4,800	12/31/20
Ernest J. Anderson, Chief of Police	36,636	12/31/20

TOWN OF COTTONPORT, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE 1

SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS, AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO AGENCY HEADS

June 30, 2020 (Without Audit)

Agency Head: William Scot III, Mayor Purpose Amount \$9,600 Salary Benefits: Retirement 1,056 **Registration fees** 0 0 Travel \$10,656 Agency Head: Chris Lemoine, Fire Chief Purpose Amount Salary \$2,400 Retirement 120 \$2,520

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OTHER REPORTS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENTAL AUDITING STANDARDS

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Aloysia C. Ducote, CPA, PC Joan S. Ducote, CPA, PC Hope J. Gagnard, CPA, PC



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable William F. Scott, III, Mayor And the Members of the Council Town of Cottonport, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Cottonport, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Cottonport, Louisiana's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 22, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Cottonport, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Cottonport's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Town of Cottonport, Louisiana's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which we described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 20-01.

Town of Cottonport's Response to Findings

The Town of Cottonport's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Town's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

In addition, this report is intended for the information and use of the Mayor and Members of the Council and management of the Town of Cottonport, Louisiana, federal awarding agencies, and for filing with the Legislative Auditor of the State of Louisiana and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

DUCOTE & COMPANY Marksville, Louisiana December 22, 2020

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TOWN OF COTTONPORT, LOUISIANA Summary of Findings, and Responses For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Section I – Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:	Unqualified
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(s) identified? Reportable condition(s) identified not	yes <u>x</u> no
Considered to be material weakness(s)	yesx_no
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	

Federal Awards

Not applicable for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Section II-Financial Statement Findings

There is one finding relative to compliance labeled 20-01 as discussed in detail in Section IV, which is the same comment labeled 19-01 in the prior year report.

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Not applicable for the fiscal year ended June 30,2020.

TOWN OF COTTONPORT, LOUISIANA Summary of Findings and Responses (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Section IV – Summary of Current Year Audit Findings

Internal Control Deficiencies and Compliance Material to the Financial Statements

Finding 20-01: Lack of sufficient accounting expertise to prepare financial statements.

Condition Found: The accounting personnel of the Town, while capable of handling their accounting responsibilities lack sufficient expertise to prepare the annual financial statements with full disclosures as required by Generally Accepted Accounting Procedures (GAAP) and *Governmental Auditing Standards*.

Cause: The job requirements do not include a degree in accounting or a sufficient level of knowledge to prepare GAAP financial statements. The salary and position do not justify this requirement to fill that position and the Town has typically relied on the assistance of the auditor to prepare the financial statements in accordance with required standards.

Recommendation: Adequate involvement and oversight in the preparation of the financial statements whereby accounting personnel fully understand and take responsibility for their fair presentation is mandatory to maintain independence with respect to the auditing firm conducting the audit.

Management's Response and Corrective Action Plan: It is not cost feasible to hire someone with sufficient knowledge and expertise to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the current reporting standards. It is our intention, however, to continue to take responsibility for the preparation of the financial statements by verifying the information contained therein as presented. In addition, the Town will take full responsibility for any audit adjustments proposed by the auditor with full understanding of those adjustments and the disclosures contained in the financial report before its issuance.

TOWN OF COTTONPORT, LOUISIANA Status of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Corrective	Date
	Fiscal Year		Action	Planned
	Finding		Taken	Corrective Action/
	Initially		(Yes, No,	Partial Corrective
Ref No.	Occurred	Description of Finding	Partially)	Action Taken

Section I - Internal Control and Compliance Material to the Financial Statements

19-01	Lack of sufficient accounting expertise to prepare financial statements.	GAAP financial statements were prepared with the assistance of the auditor due to the lack of sufficient accounting expertise by management.	No
19-02	Customer consumption of water on inactive water meters.	An inactive meter was turned on and the customer used water for approximately 42 months without paying a deposit, connection fee or water bill.	Yes

Section II - Internal Control and Compliance Material to Federal Awards

None reported in prior year.

Section III - Management Letter

None reported in prior year.