

CADDO CORRECTIONAL CENTER
Shreveport, Louisiana

Financial Statements
Year Ended June 30, 2017



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CADDO CORRECTIONAL CENTER
Shreveport, Louisiana

Financial Statements
Year Ended June 30, 2017

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Required Supplementary Information

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

CADDO CORRECTIONAL CENTER
Shreveport, Louisiana

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
June 30, 2017

Within this section of the Caddo Correctional Center's ("Center") annual financial report, the Center's management is to provide this narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the Center for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The Center's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosures following this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The Center's liabilities exceeded its assets, resulting in net position (deficit) of (\$21,572,230), for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

The net position (deficit) is composed of the following:

- Capital assets of \$3,052,328, which includes all property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$2,494,160, related to the purchase of capital assets.
- Unrestricted deficit of (\$24,624,558) represents the portion needed to maintain the Center's continuing obligation to the citizens of Caddo Parish.

The Center's governmental funds reported total ending fund balance of \$2,265,607 this year. This compares to the prior year ending fund balance of \$2,709,387, resulting in a decrease of \$443,780 during the current year.

At the end the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the Caddo Correctional Center's general fund was \$2,061,715 or 6.11% of the total Caddo Correctional Center's general fund expenditures and 6.19% of total Caddo Correctional Center's general fund revenues including transfers.

The above financial highlights are explained in more detail in the "financial analysis" section of this document.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the Center's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. The Center also includes in this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

Exhibit 1, below, summarizes the major features of the Center's financial statements, including the portion of the Center's government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of Management's Discussion and Analysis explains the structure of contents of each of the statements.

Exhibit 1			
Major Features of Center's Government and Fund Financial Statements			
	Government-Wide Statements	Fund Statements - Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	The entire Center's governmental unit (excluding fiduciary funds).	The activities of the Center that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as public safety.	Instances in which the Center is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources.
Required financial statements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Statement of net position • Statement of activities 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Balance sheet • Statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balances 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Statements of fiduciary net position

Exhibit 1 (cont'd)			
Major Features of Center's Government and Fund Financial Statements			
	Government-Wide Statements	Fund Statements - Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Accounting basis and measurements focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus.	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus.	Accrual accounting and economic resource focus.
Type of asset/liability	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term.	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets are included.	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; the Center's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can.
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is paid or received.	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payments are due during the year or soon thereafter.	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Center's report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provided both long-term and short-term information about the Center's overall financial status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to the private sector using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The first of these government-wide statements is the Statement of Net Position. This government-wide statement of financial position presents information that includes all of the Center's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Center, as a whole, is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall health of the Center would extend to other non-financial factors such as diversification of the taxpayer base, in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the Statement of Activities, which reports how the Center's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when funds are received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the Statement of Activities is to show the financial reliance of the Center's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by taxpayers.

The government-wide financial statements present the governmental activities of the Center that are principally supported by sales taxes and fees charged. The sole purpose of these government activities is public safety. The government-wide financial statements are presented on pages 8 and 9.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Center uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the Center's most significant funds rather than the Center as a whole.

The Center has two kinds of funds, governmental funds and fiduciary funds:

In fund financial statements, governmental funds encompass the same functions reported as governmental activities in government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is very different, with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the Center's governmental funds, including object classifications. The funds statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of expendable resources and balances of expendable resources available at the end of the year. The funds statements are utilized in evaluating annual financial requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of expendable resources of the near-term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the government fund balance sheet and the government fund statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

Fiduciary funds are reported in the fund financial statements and report individual prison inmate accounts.

The basic government fund and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on pages 10 through 14 of this report.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 15 of this report.

OTHER INFORMATION

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Center's budget presentation, the Center's proportionate share of net pension liability and contributions, and the funding progress of our post retirement liabilities. A budgetary comparison schedule is included as "required supplementary information" for the Center's general fund. That schedule demonstrates compliance with the Center's adopted and final revised budget. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 31 through 34 in this report.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CENTER AS A WHOLE

The Center's net position (deficit) at fiscal year end is (\$21,572,230). The following table provides a summary of the Center's government-wide assets, liabilities and net position:

	2017		2016	
Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources				
Cash, cash equivalents, receivables, prepaid expenses and inventory	\$ 3,292,939	23.18%	\$ 3,688,534	36.10%
Capital assets, net of accumulated	3,052,328	21.49%	3,279,796	32.10%
Deferred outflow of resources	7,860,353	55.33%	3,249,840	31.80%
Total assets and deferred outflow of resources	<u>14,205,620</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>10,218,170</u>	<u>100.00%</u>
Liabilities and Deferred Inflow of Resources				
Current liabilities	1,027,332	2.87%	979,147	3.23%
Long-term liabilities	32,610,477	91.15%	26,264,289	86.65%
Deferred inflow of resources	2,140,041	5.98%	3,066,198	10.12%
Total liabilities and deferred inflow of resources	<u>35,777,850</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>30,309,634</u>	<u>100.00%</u>
Net position				
Investment in capital assets	3,052,328	(14.15%)	3,279,796	(16.32%)
Unrestricted	<u>(24,624,558)</u>	<u>114.15%</u>	<u>(23,371,260)</u>	<u>116.32%</u>
Net position (deficit)	<u>\$ (21,572,230)</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>\$ (20,091,464)</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

The current ratio compares current assets to current liabilities and is an indication of the ability to pay current obligations. The current ratio for the government activities is 3.21:1.

The Center's ending balance in net position (deficit) of the government-wide activities is (\$21,572,230). During 2017, net position decreased a total of (\$1,480,766) for government-wide activities from 2016 net deficit of (\$20,091,464). The decrease was caused mostly from an increase in long-term liabilities related to pension and other post-employment benefits.

The following table provides a summary of the Center's changes in net position for 2017 and 2016:

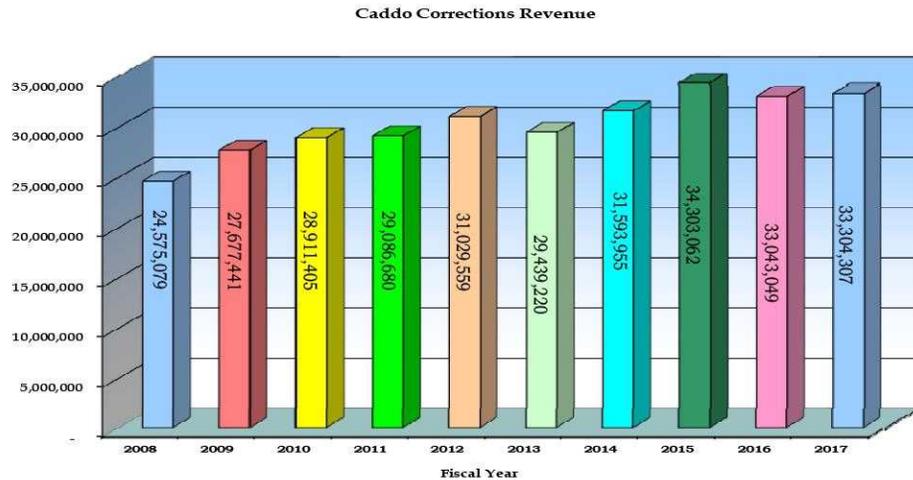
	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Revenues		
Program revenues		
Fees, fines and charges for services	\$ 16,543,278	\$ 16,053,661
General revenues		
Taxes		
Sales and use taxes	14,500,279	14,760,322
Interest and investment earnings	6,271	3,086
Inmate work release revenue	1,325,592	1,226,074
Miscellaneous	1,923,973	1,972,258
Total revenues	<u>34,299,393</u>	<u>34,015,401</u>
Program expenses		
Public safety	<u>35,780,159</u>	<u>34,960,858</u>
Total expenses	<u>35,780,159</u>	<u>34,960,858</u>
Change in net position (deficit)	(1,480,766)	(945,457)
Beginning net position (deficit)	<u>(20,091,464)</u>	<u>(19,146,007)</u>
Ending net position (deficit)	<u>\$ (21,572,230)</u>	<u>\$ (20,091,464)</u>

FUND LEVEL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES

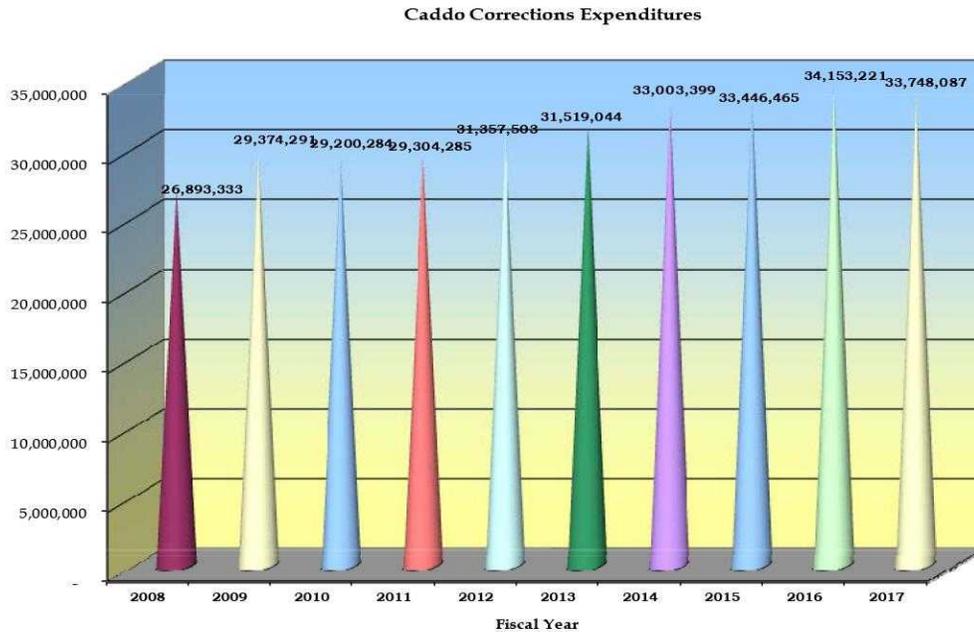
The Center's operations are dependent on revenue from sales tax collections, fees and charges for the support of state and parish prisoners and other support from the Caddo Parish Commission. Sales tax collections represent 42.28% of the Center's total revenues which covers 40.53% of the governmental operating expenses. Housing revenue represents 13.31% of the Center's total revenues and covers 12.76% of the governmental operating expenses.

The following chart illustrates the General Fund's revenue for the past ten fiscal years:



GOVERNMENTAL EXPENSES

The total function of the Center is public safety activities. The following chart illustrates the General Fund's expenditures for the past ten fiscal years:



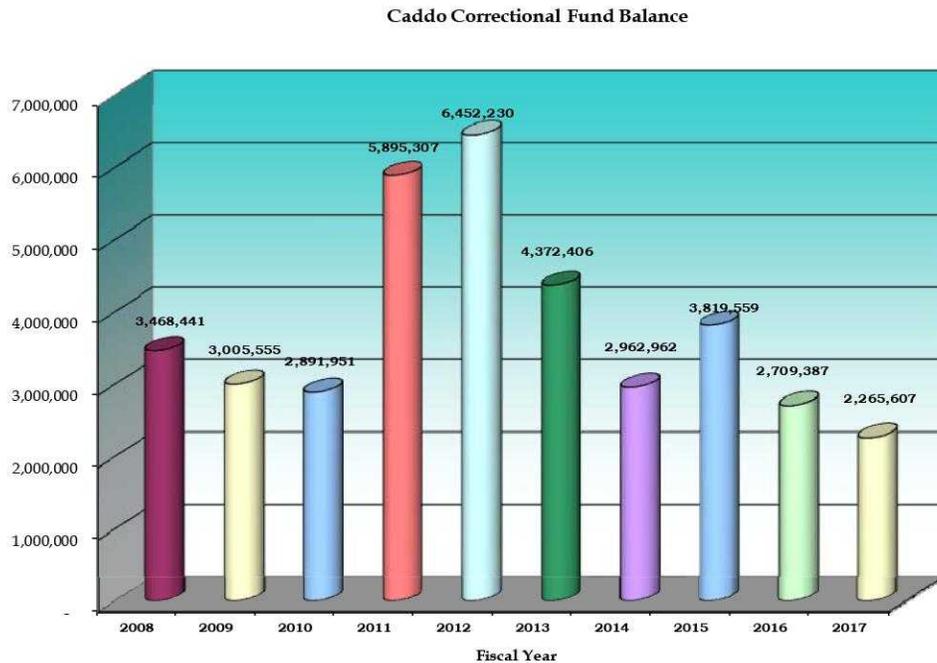
Operating expenditures were \$33,748,087 or 1.19% less than fiscal year 2016 operating expenses of \$34,153,221

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CENTER'S FUNDS

As discussed above, governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a short-term inflow and outflow of expendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financing requirements. Government funds reported ending fund balances of \$2,265,607.

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The Caddo Correctional Center General Fund is the Center’s primary operating fund and the largest source of day-to-day service delivery. The Caddo Correctional Center General Fund’s total fund balance as of June 30, 2017, was \$2,265,607, which was a decrease of (\$443,780) from the prior year fund balance of \$2,709,387. The following chart illustrates the General Fund’s ending fund balance for the past ten fiscal years:



BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The original expenditure budget was an increase of 2.71% over the actual amounts expended in fiscal year 2016. The final amended budget reported an increase in budgeted revenue from the original budget by \$514,000 an increase of 1.58% over the original budget. The amended expenditure budget decreased \$702,000 or (2.00%) from the expenditures in the original budget.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The Center’s investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2017, was \$3,052,328. See Note 3 for additional information about changes in capital assets during the fiscal year and outstanding at the end of the year. The following table provides a summary of capital asset activity.

	2017	2016
Capital assets		
Buildings	\$ 3,725,238	\$ 3,725,238
Law enforcement weapons and equipment	104,174	104,174
Computer equipment and office furniture	254,081	262,737
Equipment	332,796	324,164
Vehicles	1,130,199	1,143,254
Total capital assets	<u>5,546,488</u>	<u>5,559,567</u>
Less accumulated depreciation	2,494,160	2,279,771
Book value – capital assets	<u>\$ 3,052,328</u>	<u>\$ 3,279,796</u>
Percentage depreciated	<u>44.97%</u>	<u>41.01%</u>

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Effective with the Year ending June 30, 2009, the Caddo Correctional Center implemented Government Accounting Standards Board Codification Section P50, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-employment Benefits Other than Pensions* (GASB Codification Section P50). The Center's Annual Required Contribution (ARC) is an amount actuarially determined in accordance with GASB Codification Section P50. The total ARC for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017, is \$2,554,052 for medical and life combined. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017, the Caddo Correctional Center recorded a liability for Other Post-employment Benefits (OPEB) of \$14,382,689.

NET PENSION LIABILITY and DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

With the adoption of the pension standards, net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources were added to the Center's Statement of Net Position. Deferred outflows is a classification balance, although similar to "assets," is set apart because these items do not meet the technical definition of being an asset of the Center on the date of these financial statements. In other words, these amounts are not available to pay liabilities in the way assets are available. When all the recognition criteria are met, the deferred outflow of resources will become an expense/expenditure. The deferred outflow of resources reported relate to contributions made during the fiscal year to the retirement system. Consequently, the majority of the deferred outflows of resources reported are comprised of current year contributions to the retirement system. However, there may be some deferred outflows of resources attributable to the various components that impact pension changes, and can include investment changes amortization, changes due to actuarial assumptions, and differences between expected or actual experience.

Deferred inflows of resources are the counterpart to deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position and are not liabilities of the Center as of the date of the financial statements. When all the recognition criteria are met, the deferred inflow of resources will become revenue or an increase to net position. Deferred inflows of resources reported represent a net amount attributable to the various components that impact pension changes, and can include investment changes amortization, changes due to actuarial assumptions, and differences between expected or actual experience.

The Center's pension related items included in the Statement of Net Position and discussed in Note 5 are:

	2017	2016	Change
Net pension liability	\$ 16,263,835	\$ 11,598,644	\$ 4,665,191
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions	\$ 7,860,353	\$ 3,249,840	\$ 4,610,513
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions	\$ 2,140,041	\$ 3,066,198	\$ (926,157)

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Center's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate the Center's commitment to public accountability. If you have questions about this report contact Gwet Folsom, Caddo Parish Sheriff's Office, 505 Travis Street, Room 700, Shreveport, LA 71101.

Government – Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

CADDO CORRECTIONAL CENTER
Shreveport, Louisiana

Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2017

Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 403,045
Receivables	
Sales taxes	16,010
Intergovernmental	2,541,135
Fees	50,227
Other	78,630
Total receivables	<u>2,686,002</u>
Prepaid expenses	56,603
Food inventory	147,289
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	3,052,328
Total assets	<u>6,345,267</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions	7,860,353
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>7,860,353</u>
Liabilities	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	178,215
Accrued expenses	849,117
Total current liabilities	<u>1,027,332</u>
Long-term liabilities	
Portion due within one year	
Accrued compensated absences	1,169,400
Portion due after one year	
Net pension liability	16,263,835
OPEB liability	14,382,689
Accrued compensated absences	794,553
Total long-term liabilities	<u>32,610,477</u>
Total liabilities	<u>33,637,809</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions	2,140,041
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>2,140,041</u>
Net Position	
Invested in capital assets	3,052,328
Unrestricted	<u>(24,624,558)</u>
Total net position (deficit)	<u>\$ (21,572,230)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

CADDO CORRECTIONAL CENTER
Shreveport, Louisiana

Statement of Activities
for the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Program Revenues		
Expenses	Fees, fines and charges for services	Operating grants and contributions	Net (expense) revenue and changes in net position	
Functions/programs				
Governmental activities				
Public safety	\$ 35,780,159	\$ 16,543,278	\$ -	\$ (19,236,881)
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 35,780,159</u>	<u>\$ 16,543,278</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (19,236,881)</u>
General revenues				
Taxes -				
Sales and use taxes				14,500,279
Interest and investment earnings				6,271
Inmate work release revenue				1,325,592
Miscellaneous				<u>1,923,973</u>
Total general revenues				<u>17,756,115</u>
Change in net position				(1,480,766)
Net position (deficit), beginning				<u>(20,091,464)</u>
Net position (deficit), ending				<u>\$ (21,572,230)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

CADDO CORRECTIONAL CENTER
Shreveport, Louisiana

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds
June 30, 2017

		General Fund
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	403,045
Receivables		
Sales taxes		16,010
Intergovernmental		2,541,135
Fees		50,227
Other		78,630
Total receivables		2,686,002
Prepaid expenses		56,603
Food inventory		147,289
Total assets	\$	3,292,939
Liabilities and Fund Balances		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	178,215
Accrued expenses		849,117
Total liabilities		1,027,332
Fund balance		
Nonspendable		
Prepaid insurance		56,603
Inventory		147,289
Unassigned		2,061,715
Total fund balance		2,265,607
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,292,939

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

CADDO CORRECTIONAL CENTER
Shreveport, Louisiana

**Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds
to the Statement of Net Position**

June 30, 2017

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 2,265,607
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds		
Cost of capital assets	\$ 5,546,488	
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(2,494,160)</u>	3,052,328
Deferred outflows of resources reported in the Statement of Net Position		7,860,353
Long-term liabilities		
Compensated absences	\$ (1,963,953)	
OPEB liability	(14,382,689)	
Net pension liability	<u>(16,263,835)</u>	(32,610,477)
Deferred inflows of resources reported in the Statement of Net Position		<u>(2,140,041)</u>
Total net position of governmental activities		<u>\$ (21,572,230)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

CADDO CORRECTIONAL CENTER
Shreveport, Louisiana

**Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances –
Governmental Funds
for the Year Ended June 30, 2017**

Revenues	
Sales tax	\$ 14,500,279
Intergovernmental revenues	
Housing federal prisoners	580,690
State sources	
Housing state prisoners	4,566,797
State supplemental pay	1,190,792
State grants and contracts	500,348
Caddo Parish Sheriff	5,000,000
Caddo Parish Commission	4,296,290
Commissions for services - commissary sales	529,918
Telephone revenue	458,521
Interest	6,271
Inmate work release revenue - housing, transportation, and incidentals	1,325,592
Miscellaneous	348,809
Total revenues	33,304,307
Expenditures	
Current - public safety	
Personnel services and related benefits	28,522,370
Materials and supplies	874,352
Statutory charges	2,783,413
Contractual charges	1,313,466
Other charges	232,654
Capital outlay	21,832
Total expenditures	33,748,087
Net change in fund balance	(443,780)
Fund balances at beginning of year	2,709,387
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 2,265,607

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

CADDO CORRECTIONAL CENTER
Shreveport, Louisiana

**Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities
for the Year Ended June 30, 2017**

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (443,780)
<p>Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives and reported as depreciation expense</p>		
Capital outlay	\$ 21,832	
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(324)	
Less depreciation expense recorded for the year	(248,976)	(227,468)
<p>The net OPEB liability is not susceptible to accrual and therefore is not reported in the funds. This amount represents the change in the net OPEB liability.</p>		
		(1,628,284)
<p>The net pension liability is not susceptible to accrual and therefore is not reported in the funds. This amount represents the change in the net pension liability.</p>		
		871,479
<p>Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available.</p>		
Compensated absences increase in current year		(52,713)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ (1,480,766)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

CADDO CORRECTIONAL CENTER
Shreveport, Louisiana

**Statement of Fiduciary Net Position –
Agency Funds
June 30, 2017**

	Inmate Personal Fund	Inmate Work Release Program	Total
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 213,553	\$ 226,978	\$ 440,531
Total assets	\$ 213,553	\$ 226,978	\$ 440,531
 Liabilities			
Due to others	\$ 213,553	\$ 226,978	\$ 440,531
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 213,553	\$ 226,978	\$ 440,531

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

**CADDO CORRECTIONAL CENTER
Shreveport, Louisiana**

**Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2017**

Introduction

The Caddo Correctional Center ("Center") was created by the Caddo Parish Commission ("Commission") under the provisions of Louisiana Revised Statute 33:1236 providing for the maintenance and operation of a parish prison. The Center is a modern correctional facility that has a maximum capacity of 1,500 male and female inmates and a separate work release facility that has a maximum capacity of 240 male inmates.

Note 1 - Reporting entity and summary of significant accounting policies

Reporting entity - The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity.

By intergovernmental agreement between the Caddo Parish Sheriff ("Sheriff") and the Commission, the Sheriff manages and operates the Center. The Sheriff also maintains accounting records, prepares annual budgets, and prepares financial information. The operation of the Center is funded by a one-quarter cent sales tax. The Sheriff receives directly all funds generated from any source as a result of operations at the Center, including concessions, telephones, and grants, all of which are dedicated to the operation of the Center. Ultimate responsibility for the Center is vested in the Commission. The financial operations of the Center are reflected in the financial statements of the Commission and are not reflected in the financial statements of the Sheriff.

The accompanying financial statements present the financial position and results of operations of the Center relating only to the Sheriff's responsibility to operate the Center. These statements do not report the expenditures relating to the maintenance of the Center because it is the Commission's responsibility to maintain the Center, nor do these financial statements present the financial position or results of operations of the Sheriff.

Basis of presentation - The accompanying basic financial statements of the Center have been prepared in conformity with governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity with GASB Statement 34, *Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments*, issued in June 1999.

Government-wide financial statements ("GWFS") - The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the Center as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities and funds of the reporting entity, which are considered to be governmental activities. Fiduciary funds are reported only in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Agency Funds at the fund financial statement level.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each of the functions of the Center's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular program or function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of services offered by the Center, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or

capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund financial statements - The Center uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain Center functions and activities. A fund is defined as a separate fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the Center are classified into two categories: governmental and fiduciary. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Center or its total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures of the individual governmental fund is at least ten (10%) percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds.

The Center reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 33:1422, the General Fund is the principal fund of the Center and accounts for the operations of the Center. The Center's primary source of revenue is a one-quarter cent sales tax and appropriations from the Commission and the Sheriff. Other sources of revenue include per diem for housing state prisoners, state supplemental pay for deputies, telephone revenue, fees collected for court attendance and commissary sales. General operating expenditures are paid from this fund.

The Center also reports the following fund types:

Fiduciary funds - Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the Center in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governmental units. The only funds accounted for in this category by the Center are agency funds.

Agency funds - Agency funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity. The Center's agency funds are used for the receipt and disbursement of funds for inmates of the Caddo Correctional Center. The agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus.

Measurement focus/basis of accounting

The governmental financial statements were prepared using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e. revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e. expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach is then reconciled, through adjustment, to a government-wide view of the Center's operations.

The amounts reflected in the governmental fund financial statements use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e. when they become both measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The Center considers all revenues available if they are collected within sixty (60) days after the fiscal year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for interest and principal payments on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

The government-wide financial statements are accounted for using an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. The government-wide financial statements are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized

when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or an economic asset used.

The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

Revenues

Intergovernmental revenues and commissions for services are recorded when the Center is entitled to the funds.

Sales taxes held by the intermediary collecting agency are recognized as revenue.

Interest income on time deposits is recorded as earned.

Substantially all other revenues are recorded when received.

Expenditures

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred.

Other financing sources (uses)

Transfers between funds that are not expected to be repaid (and any other financing source/use) are accounted for as other financing sources (uses).

The Fiduciary Funds (Agency Funds) use the following practices in recording additions and reductions:

Additions - The majority of additions are not susceptible to accrual because they are not measurable until received in cash.

Reductions - Reductions are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred.

Budgetary accounting - The Center utilizes the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data for the General Fund:

- 1) During May, the Sheriff prepares the Center's proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2) A public hearing is held on the proposed budget.
- 3) The adopted budget is published in the official journal prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- 4) A public hearing is held for proposed amendments to the budget.
- 5) Amended budget is published in an official journal.
- 6) All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 7) The budget is prepared on the same basis as these financial statements are prepared, specifically the modified accrual basis, as described in the preceding pages. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations on a fund basis.

The proposed budget for the year ended June 30, 2017, was made available for public inspection and was published in the official journal of Caddo Parish, ten days before the public hearing, which was held on June 27, 2016, at the Caddo Parish Sheriff's Office for comments from taxpayers. The budget was amended and published ten days before the public hearing, which was held on June 28, 2017, at the Caddo Parish Sheriff's Office for comments from taxpayers.

Encumbrances and budget - Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed. However, formal integration of the budget into the accounting records is employed as a management control device. Budget amounts included in the accompanying financial statements include the original adopted budget and all subsequent amendments.

Cash and interest-bearing deposits - Cash and interest-bearing deposits include amounts in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits and time deposits. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market.

Investments - Investments are reported at fair value based on quoted market prices. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

State statutes generally authorize the Center to invest in direct United States Treasury obligations; indebtedness issued or guaranteed by federal governmental agencies (provided such obligations are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government); indebtedness issued or guaranteed by federally sponsored U.S. government agencies; time certificates of deposit of state banks organized under the laws of Louisiana and national banks having their principal office in the State of Louisiana; or mutual or trust fund institutions which are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. In addition, local governmental entities in Louisiana are authorized to invest in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool, Inc. ("LAMP"), a nonprofit corporation formed by an initiative of the State Treasurer and organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, which operates a local government investment pool.

Inventory - Inventory consists of dietary items. Inventory is valued at cost and is recorded as expenditures under the consumption method using the first-in, first-out cost method. Reported inventory is equally offset by a fund balance reserve that indicates that this portion of fund balance does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

Capital assets - Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The threshold level to capitalize assets is \$5,000.

Capital assets are recorded in the Statement of Net Position. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for public purposes, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. All capital assets, other than land, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the useful lives of 30 years for buildings, 5-10 years for furniture, fixtures and equipment, and 5 years for vehicles.

Compensated absences - Employees of the Center earn from 10 to 20 days of vacation leave and sick leave each year, depending upon their length of service. Employees resigning or the heirs of deceased employees may be paid for unused vacation leave at the employee's current rate of pay. Payment of accumulated sick leave is granted at the discretion of the Center, but employees are not paid for accumulated sick leave upon retirement or resignation. The Center accrues the current portion of the liability for compensated absences in the fund financial statements. The long term portion of the accrual for compensated absences, along with the current portion, is included in the government-wide financial statements.

Claims and judgments - Claims and judgments are recorded as expenditures in governmental funds for the amount that will be liquidated with current available financial resources. The remainder of any liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

Net position classifications - In the government-wide statements, fund balances are classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- Invested in capital assets – Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.
- Restricted net position – Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position – Net position that does not meet the definition of “restricted” or “invested in capital assets”.

Fund balance classification – The fund balance is classified into categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government’s fund balances more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending restraints:

- **Nonspendable:** This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The Center had \$147,289 in inventory and \$56,603 in prepaid expenses which are nonspendable resources as of June 30, 2017.
- **Restricted:** This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Center did not have any restricted resources as of June 30, 2017.
- **Committed:** This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Center. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Center removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The Center did not have any committed resources as of June 30, 2017.
- **Assigned:** This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the Center’s intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Center or by an official or body to which the Center delegates the authority. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund. The Center did not have any assigned resources as of June 30, 2017.
- **Unassigned:** This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund and also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of assigned fund balance amounts. The General Fund had \$2,061,715, at June 30, 2017, classified as unassigned.

The Center would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

On-Behalf payments for fringe benefits and salaries - The Center receives on-behalf payments from the State of Louisiana to be used for supplemental pay to qualified law enforcement officers. On-behalf payments to the Center totaled \$1,190,792 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Such payments are recorded as intergovernmental revenue (state supplemental pay) and public safety expense (personnel services and related benefits) in the GAAP basis government-wide and general fund financial statements.

Use of estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U. S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, expenses, and other financing sources and uses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Outflows of Resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Center has one item that meets this criterion, contributions made to the pension plan in the 2017 fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Inflows of Resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Sheriff has one item that meets the criterion for this category, a deferral of pension expense.

Pensions - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Sheriffs' Pension and Relief Fund ("the Fund") and additions to/deductions from the Fund's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Budgets and budget basis of accounting - The budget is adopted on a modified accrual basis which means that for budgetary purposes revenues and expenditures are recorded in the year earned (incurred) rather than in the year received (paid). Revisions made to the original general fund expenditures budget was as follows:

	Original Budget	Total Revision	Revised Budget
General Fund	\$ <u>35,078,000</u>	\$ <u>(702,000)</u>	\$ <u>34,376,000</u>

Future accounting pronouncements - The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued several pronouncements that have effective dates that may impact future presentations. The Sheriff is currently evaluating the potential impacts of the following GASB statements on its accounting practices and financial statements.

- Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." The requirements of this Statement will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends June 30, 2018.
- Statement No. 81, "Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements." The requirements of this Statement will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends June 30, 2018.
- Statement No. 82, "Pension Issues-an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No.73." The requirements of this Statement will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends June 30, 2018.

- Statement No. 84, "Fiduciary Activities". The requirements of this Statement will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends June 30, 2018.

Note 2 - Cash and cash equivalents

All deposits of the Center are held by area financial institutions. At June 30, 2017, the carrying amount of the Center's cash deposits for the General Fund and the Agency Funds were \$403,045 and \$440,531 respectively. The bank balances for the General Fund and the Agency Funds were \$404,885 and \$433,575, respectively. The bank balances include amounts carried in a cash concentration account jointly used by the Center and Sheriff. Of the bank balances, \$-0- was covered by federal depository insurance (GASB Category 1) because the funds are allocated to the Sheriff and \$838,460 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but in the Sheriff's name (GASB Category 2).

Note 3 - Capital assets

A summary of changes in capital assets used in governmental activities is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2016	Additions	Disposals	Balance June 30, 2017
Assets, at cost				
Buildings	\$ 3,725,238	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,725,238
Law enforcement weapons and equipment	104,174	-	-	104,174
Computer equipment and office furniture	262,737	13,200	21,856	254,081
Equipment	324,164	8,632	-	332,796
Vehicles	1,143,254	-	13,055	1,130,199
Total cost	5,559,567	\$ 21,832	\$ 34,911	5,546,488
Less accumulated depreciation	2,279,771	\$ 248,976	\$ 34,587	2,494,160
Capital assets, net	\$ 3,279,796			\$ 3,052,328

Depreciation expense of \$248,976 was charged to functions/programs of the Caddo Correctional Center public safety expenses.

Note 4 - Accrued compensated absences

Accrued compensated absences are long-term liabilities due to governmental activities. The activity for the year ended June 30, 2017, is as follows:

Balance, July 1, 2016	\$ 1,911,240
Additions for earned compensated absences	978,164
Less use of accrued amounts	(925,451)
Balance, June 30, 2017	1,963,953
Less current portion	(1,169,400)
Long-term portion	\$ 794,553

Note 5 - Defined benefit pension plan

Plan Description

The Sheriffs' Pension and Relief Fund (the "Fund") was established for the purpose of providing retirement benefits for employees of sheriffs' offices throughout the State of Louisiana, employees of the Louisiana Sheriffs' association and the employees of the Fund. The projection of benefit payments in the calculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive employees through the Fund in accordance with the benefit terms and any additional legal agreements to provide

benefits that are in force at the measurement date. The Fund is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined pension plan.

Benefits Provided

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Retirement

For members who become eligible for membership on or before December 31, 2011: Members with twelve years of creditable service may retire at age fifty-five; members with thirty years of service may retire regardless of age. The retirement allowance is equal to three and one third percent of the member's average final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service, not to exceed (after reduction for optional payment form) 100% of average final compensation. Active, contributing members with at least ten years of creditable service may retire at age sixty. The accrued normal retirement benefit is reduced actuarially for each month or fraction thereof that retirement begins prior to the member's earliest normal retirement date assuming continuous service.

For members whose first employment making them eligible for membership in the system began on or after January 1, 2012: Members with twelve years of creditable service may retire at age sixty-two; members with twenty years of service may retire at age sixty; members with thirty years of creditable service may retire at age fifty-five. The benefit accrual rate for such members with less than thirty years of service is three percent; for members with thirty or more years of service; the accrual rate is three and one-third percent. The retirement allowance is equal to the benefit accrual rate times the member's average final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service, not to exceed (after reduction for optional payment form) 100% of average final compensation. Members with twenty or more years of service may retire with a reduced retirement at age fifty.

For a member whose first employment making him eligible for membership in the system began on or before June 30, 2006, final average compensation is based on the average monthly earnings during the highest thirty-six consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted. The earnings to be considered for each twelve-month period within the thirty-six month period shall not exceed 125% of the preceding twelve-month period.

For a member whose first employment making him eligible for membership in the system began on or after July 1, 2013, final average compensation is based on the average monthly earnings during the highest sixty consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted. The earnings to be considered for each twelve-month period within the sixty month period shall not exceed 115% of the preceding twelve-month period.

Disability Benefits

A member is eligible to receive disability benefits if he has at least ten years of creditable service when a non-service related disability is incurred; there are no service requirements for service related disability. Disability benefits shall be the lesser of 1) a sum equal to the greatest of 45% of final average compensation or the members' accrued retirement benefit at the time of termination of employment due to disability, or 2) the retirement benefit which would be payable assuming continued service to the earliest normal retirement age. Members who become partially disabled receive 75% of the amount payable for total disability.

Survivor's Benefits

Survivor benefits for death solely as a result of injuries received in the line of duty are based on the following. For a spouse alone, a sum equal to 50% of the member's final average compensation with a minimum of \$150 per month. If a spouse is entitled to benefits and has a child or children under eighteen

years of age (or over said age if physically or mentally incapacitated and dependent upon the member at the time of his death), an additional sum of 15% of the member's final average compensation is paid to each child with total benefits paid to spouse and children not to exceed 100%. If a member dies with no surviving spouse, surviving children under age eighteen will receive monthly benefits of 15% of the member's final average compensation up to a maximum of 60% of final average compensation if there are more than four children. If a member is eligible for normal retirement at the time of death, the surviving spouse receives an automatic option 2 benefit. The additional benefit payable to children shall be the same as those available for members who die in the line of duty. In lieu of receiving option 2 benefit, the surviving spouse may receive a refund of the member's accumulated contributions. All benefits payable to surviving children shall be extended through age twenty-two, if the child is a full time student in good standing enrolled at a board approved or accredited school, college, or university.

Deferred Benefits

The Fund does provide for deferred benefits for vested members who terminate before being eligible for retirement. Benefits become payable once the member reaches the appropriate age for retirement.

Back Deferred Retirement Option Plan (Back-DROP)

In lieu of receiving a service retirement allowance, any member of the Fund who has more than sufficient service for a regular service retirement may elect to receive a "Back-DROP" benefit. The Back-DROP benefit is based upon the Back-DROP period selected and the final average compensation prior to the period selected. The Back-DROP period is the lesser of three years or the service accrued between the time a member first becomes eligible for retirement and his actual date of retirement. For those individuals with thirty or more years, the Back-DROP period is the lesser of four years or service accrued between the time a member first becomes eligible for retirement and his actual date of retirement. At retirement the member's maximum monthly retirement benefit is based upon his service, final average compensation and plan provisions in effect on the last day of creditable service immediately prior to the commencement of the Back-DROP period. In addition to the monthly benefit at retirement, the member receives a lump-sum payment equal to the maximum monthly benefit as calculated above multiplied by the number of months in the Back-DROP period. In addition, the member's Back-DROP account will be credited with employee contributions received by the retirement fund during the Back-DROP period. Participants have the option to opt out of this program and take a distribution, if eligible, or to rollover the assets to another qualified plan.

Contribution Refunds

Upon withdrawal from service, members are not entitled to a retirement allowance who have remained out of service for a period of thirty days are paid a refund of accumulated contributions upon request. Receipt of such a refund cancels all accrued benefits in the system.

Cost-of-Living Adjustments

Cost of living provisions for the Fund allows the board of trustees to provide an annual cost of living increase of 2.5% of the eligible retiree's original benefit if certain funding criteria are met. Members are eligible to receive a cost of living adjustment once they have attained the age of sixty and have been retired at least one year. Funding criteria for granting cost of living adjustments is dependent on the funded ratio.

Contributions

According to state statute, contribution requirements for all employers are actuarially determined each year. For the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, the actuarially determined employer contribution rates were 13.25% and 13.75%, respectively, with an additional 0% allocated from the Funding Deposit Account. Employer contributions for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 were \$2,303,929 and \$2,406,326, respectively.

In accordance with state statute, the Fund receives ad valorem taxes, insurance premium taxes and state revenue sharing funds. These additional sources of income are used as employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities, but are not considered special funding situations. Non-employer contributions are recognized as revenue and excluded from pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Plan members are required by state statute to contribute 10.25% of their annual covered salary. For the year ended June 30, 2017, in addition to the required employer contribution, the Center elected to contribute the employee's required portion on behalf of its plan members. The total extra contributions paid by the Center on behalf of the plan member were \$1,782,446 for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Contribution Refunds

Upon withdrawal from service, members are not entitled to a retirement allowance who have remained out of service for a period of thirty days are paid a refund of accumulated contributions upon request. Receipt of such a refund cancels all accrued benefits in the system.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the Caddo Parish Sheriff's liability was \$33,191,500 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Center reported a liability of \$16,263,835 which was an allocation of 49% of the total Net Pension Liability. The remaining 51% of the liability is reported by the Caddo Parish Sheriff. This allocation was based on the percentage of total contributions paid by the Center. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Center's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on a projection of the Center's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2016, the Caddo Parish Sheriff's proportion was 5.229565%, which is .070225% less than its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015. Of this amount, 49% was allocated to the Center.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Center recognized total pension expense of \$2,439,206. This is less the Center's amortization of change in proportionate share and difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions of \$460.

At June 30, 2017, the Center reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 1,705,896
Changes in assumptions	4,073,282	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on retirement plan investments	1,328,705	-
Changes in proportion and differences between Sheriff contributions and proportionate share of contributions	154,439	434,145
Sheriff contributions subsequent to measurement date	2,303,929	-
	<u>\$ 7,860,355</u>	<u>\$ 2,140,041</u>

Deferred outflows of resources of \$2,303,929 related to pensions resulting from the Center's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of net pension liability in the year

ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2018	\$ 395,116
2019	\$ 394,413
2020	\$ 1,580,878
2021	\$ 1,031,227
2022	\$ 7,182
2023	\$ 7,569

Actuarial Assumptions – A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2016 (measurement date), are as follows:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	7.6% net of investment expense
Discount rate	7.5%
Projected salary increases	5.5% (2.875% Inflation, 2.625% Merit)
Mortality rates	RP-2000 Combined Healthy with Blue Collar Adjustment Sex Distinct Table for active members, healthy annuitants and beneficiaries. RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Table
Expected remaining service lives	2016 – 7 years, 2015 - 6 years, 2014 - 6 years
Cost of Living adjustments	The present value of future retirement benefits is based on benefits currently being paid by the Fund and includes previously granted cost of living increases. The present values do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees as they were deemed not to be substantively automatic.

The mortality rate assumptions were set after reviewing an experience study performed over the period July 1, 2009, through June 30, 2014. The data was then assigned credibility weighting and combined with a standard table to produce current levels of mortality. This mortality was then projected forward to a period equivalent to the estimated duration of the Fund's liabilities. Annuity values calculated based on this mortality were compared to those produced by using a setback of standard tables. The result of the procedure indicated that these tables would produce liability values approximating the appropriate generational mortality tables used.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The rate of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2016, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Equity Securities	60%	3.9%
Bonds	25%	0.5%
Alternative Investments	15%	0.6%
Totals	100%	5.0%
Inflation		2.7%
Expected Arithmetic Nominal Return		7.7%

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the Fund's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Sheriff's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the Sheriff's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Sheriff's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.5%) or one percentage-point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	1.0% Decrease (6.5%)	Current Discount Rate (7.5%)	1.0% Increase (8.5%)
Sheriff's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 56,312,763	\$ 33,191,500	\$ 14,107,640

Support of Non-employer Contributing Entities - Contributions received by a pension plan from non-employer contributing entities that are not in a special funding situation are recorded as revenue by the respective pension plan. The Sheriff recognizes revenue in an amount equal to their proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension plan from these non-employer contributing entities. During the year ended June 30, 2017, the Sheriff recognized revenue as a result of support received from non-employer contributing entities of \$2,031,450 for its participation in the Sheriff's Pension and Relief Fund.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Sheriffs' Pension and Relief Fund Audit Report at www.la.la.gov. The Sheriffs' Pension and Relief Fund issues a publicly available audit report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information.

Payables to the Pension Plan - At June 30, 2016, the Center had payables due to the pension plan totaling \$127,801.

Note 6 - Other post-employment benefits

Plan Description - The Caddo Correctional Center's medical benefits are provided through a comprehensive medical plan and are made available to employees upon actual retirement.

The employees are covered by a retirement system whose retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions are as follows: 15 years of service and attainment of age 55.

Dental insurance coverage is provided to retirees and the employer pays for the retiree portion of the premium only, not dependents. The results for dental insurance have been included with the medical valuation and all of the assumptions used for the valuation of the medical benefits have been used for dental except for the trend assumption; zero trend was used for dental insurance.

Life insurance coverage is available to retirees in the same amount of insurance coverage while active, but retiree insurance coverage amounts are reduced at age 65 to 75% of the original amount and to 50% of the original amount at age 70. The retiree pays 100% of the "cost" of the retiree life insurance in excess of \$10,000, but based on the blended rates. There is therefore an implicit employer subsidy to the extent that the higher retiree rates are diluted by the lower active rates. Since GASB 45 requires the use of "unblended" rates, we have used the 94GAR mortality table described below to "unblend" the rates so as to reproduce the composite blended rate overall as the rate structure to calculate the actuarial valuation results for life insurance and thus estimate and value this employer subsidy. All of the assumptions used for the valuation of the medical benefits have been used except for the trend assumption; zero trend was used for life insurance.

Contribution Rates - Employees do not contribute to their post-employment benefits costs until they become retirees and begin receiving those benefits. The plan provisions and contribution rates are contained in the official plan documents.

Fund Policy - Until 2008, the Center recognized the cost of providing post-employment medical and life benefits (Center's portion of the retiree medical, dental, and life benefit premiums) as an expense when the benefit premiums were due and thus financed the cost of the post-employment benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. In 2017 and 2016, the Caddo Correctional Center's portion of health care and life insurance funding cost for retired employees totaled \$698,356 and \$632,591 respectively.

Effective July 1, 2008, the Caddo Correctional Center implemented Government Accounting Standards Board Codification Section P50, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-employment Benefits Other than Pensions* (GASB Codification Section P50). This amount was applied toward the Net OPEB Benefit Obligation as shown in the following table.

Annual Required Contribution - The Caddo Correctional Center's Annual Required Contribution (ARC) is an amount actuarially determined in accordance with GASB Codification Section P50. The ARC is the sum of the Normal Cost plus the contribution to amortize the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL). A level dollar, open amortization period of 30 years (the maximum amortization period allowed by GASB Codification Section P50) has been used for the post-employment benefits. The actuarially computed ARC is as follows:

The actuarially computed ARC is as follows:

Normal Cost	\$	967,546
30-year UAL amortization amount		1,586,506
Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$	<u>2,554,052</u>

Net Post-Employment Benefit Obligation - The table below shows Caddo Correctional Center's portion of the Net Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) Obligation for fiscal year ending June 30, 2017:

Beginning Net OPEB Obligation 7/1/2016	\$ 12,754,405
Annual required contribution	2,554,052
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation	510,176
Less: ARC Adjustment	<u>(737,588)</u>
OPEB cost	2,326,640
Contribution to Irrevocable Trust	-
Less: current year retiree premium	<u>(698,356)</u>
Change in Net OPEB Obligation	<u>1,628,284</u>
Ending Net OPEB Obligation 6/30/2017	<u>\$ 14,382,689</u>

The following table shows the three-year trend of the Caddo Correctional Center's annual post-employment benefits (PEB) cost, percentage of the cost contributed, and the net unfunded post-employment benefits (PEB) liability:

<u>Post-Employment benefit</u>	<u>Fiscal Year Ended</u>	<u>Annual OPEB Cost</u>	<u>Percentage of Annual Cost Contributed</u>	<u>Net OPEB Obligation</u>
Medical, dental & life insurance	June 30, 2017	\$ 2,326,640	30.02%	\$ 14,382,689
Medical, dental & life insurance	June 30, 2016	\$ 2,046,266	30.91%	\$ 12,754,405
Medical, dental & life insurance	June 30, 2015	\$ 1,984,731	29.51%	\$ 11,340,730

Funded Status and Funding Progress - In the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017, Caddo Correctional Center made no contributions to its post-employment benefits plan. The plan is not funded, has no assets, and hence has a funded ratio of zero. Based on the July 1, 2016 actuarial valuation, the most recent valuation, the Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) at the end of the year June 30, 2017, was \$28,531,244 which is defined as that portion, as determined by a particular actuarial cost method (the Caddo Correctional Center uses the Projected Unit Credit Cost Method), of the actuarial present value of post-employment plan benefits and expenses which is not provided by normal cost.

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 28,531,244
Actuarial value of plan assets	<u>-</u>
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	<u>28,531,244</u>
Funded ratio (actuarial accrued liability/AAL)	0.00%
Covered payroll	17,645,049
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	161.70%

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. The actuarial valuation for post-employment benefits includes estimates and assumptions regarding (1) turnover rate; (2) retirement rate; (3) health care cost trend rate; (4) mortality rate; (5) discount rate (investment return assumption); and (6) the period to which the costs apply (past, current, or future years of service by employees). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The actuarial calculations are based on the types of benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan (the plan as understood by Caddo Correctional Center and its employee plan members) at the time

of the valuation and on the pattern of sharing costs between Caddo Correctional Center and its plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between Caddo Correctional Center and plan members in the future. Consistent with the long-term perspective of actuarial calculations, the actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

Actuarial Cost Method - The ARC is determined using the Projected Unit Credit Cost Method. The employer portion of the cost for retiree medical care in each future year is determined by projecting the current cost levels using the healthcare cost trend rate and discounting this projected amount to the valuation date using the other described pertinent actuarial assumptions, including the investment return assumption (discount rate), mortality and turnover.

Actuarial Value of Plan Assets - There are no plan assets. It is anticipated that in future valuations, should funding take place, a smoothed market value consistent with Actuarial Standards Board ASOP 6, as provided in paragraph number 125 of GASB Codification Section P50.

Turnover Rate - An age-related turnover scale based on actual experience as described by administrative staff has been used. The rates, when applied to the active employee census, produce an annual turnover of approximately 12%.

Post-Employment Benefit Plan Eligibility Requirements - Based on past experience, it has been assumed that entitlement to benefits will commence five years after eligibility to enter the D.R.O.P. (three years of BACK DROP plus two additional years), as described above under "Plan Description". Medical benefits are provided to employees upon actual retirement.

Investment Return Assumption (Discount Rate) - GASB Codification Section P50 states that the investment return assumption should be the estimated long-term investment yield on the investments that are expected to be used to finance the payment of benefits (that is, for a plan which is funded). Based on the assumption that the ARC will not be funded, a 4% annual investment return has been used in this valuation.

Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The expected rate of increase in medical cost is based on a graded schedule beginning with 8% annually, down to an ultimate annual rate of 5% for ten years out and later.

Mortality Rate - The 1994 Group Annuity Reserving (94GAR) table, projected to 2002, based on a fixed blend of 50% of the unloaded male mortality rates and 50% of the unloaded female mortality rates, is used. This is a recently published mortality table which has been used in determining the value of accrued benefits in defined benefit pension plans. Projected future mortality improvement has not been used since it is our opinion that this table contains sufficiently conservative margin for the population involved in this valuation.

Method of Determining Value of Benefits - The "value of benefits" has been assumed to be the portion of the premium after retirement date expected to be paid by the employer for each retiree and has been used as the basis for calculating the actuarial present value of OPEB benefits to be paid. The employer pays the cost of the medical for the retirees only and not for dependents, but it is based on the blended rate for active and retired before Medicare eligibility. The medical rates provided applicable before age 65 are "blended" rates. Since GASB Codification Section P50 mandates that "unblended" rates be used, we have estimated the "unblended" medical rates for retired before Medicare eligibility. It has been assumed that the retiree rate before Medicare eligibility is 130% of the blended rate. The retiree pays 100% of the blended rate for life insurance in excess of \$10,000, but there is an implicit employer subsidy.

Inflation Rate - Included in both the Investment Return Assumption and the Healthcare Cost Trend rates above is an implicit inflation assumption of 2.5% annually.

Projected Salary Increases - This assumption is not applicable since neither the benefit structure nor the valuation methodology involves salary.

Post-retirement Benefit Increases - The plan benefit provisions in effect for retirees as of the valuation date have been used and it has been assumed for valuation purposes that there will not be any changes in the future.

Below is a summary of OPEB cost and contributions for the last three fiscal calendar years.

	<u>OPEB Costs and Contributions</u>		
	<u>FY 2015</u>	<u>FY 2016</u>	<u>FY 2017</u>
OPEB Cost	\$ 1,984,731	\$ 2,046,266	\$ 2,326,640
Contribution	-	-	-
Less: Retiree premium	585,732	632,591	698,356
Change in net OPEB obligation	<u>\$ 1,398,999</u>	<u>\$ 1,413,675</u>	<u>\$ 1,628,284</u>
% of contribution to cost	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
% of contribution plus premium to cost	29.51%	30.91%	30.02%

Note 7 - Changes in agency fund balances

A summary of changes in agency fund balances due to others follows:

	<u>Balance</u>			<u>Balance</u>
	<u>July 1, 2016</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>June 30, 2017</u>
Inmate personal fund	\$ 53,256	\$ 2,179,306	\$ 2,019,009	\$ 213,553
Inmate work release program	238,165	1,809,182	1,820,369	226,978
Total	<u>\$ 291,421</u>	<u>\$ 3,988,488</u>	<u>\$ 3,839,378</u>	<u>\$ 440,531</u>

Note 8 - Related party transactions

The Caddo Parish Sheriff (Sheriff) manages and operates the Center. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Center received \$5,000,000 from the Sheriff for operating expenses. This is reflected in intergovernmental revenues on the financial statements. Also, the Center has \$121,756 recorded in intergovernmental receivables from the Sheriff. This balance consists mostly of Center revenue that was deposited into the Sheriff's bank accounts and will be transferred to the Center. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Center reimbursed the Sheriff \$2,205,810 for administrative services.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, \$4,296,290 was received from the Caddo Parish Commission, which is also reflected as intergovernmental revenues. These were payments to the Center for inmate costs such as feeding, housing, and medical costs. As of June 30, 2017, \$901,967 was recorded in intergovernmental receivables from the Caddo Parish Commission.

Note 9 - Contingencies and litigation

Litigation - At June 30, 2017, the Center is named as defendant in several lawsuits. In the opinion of the Center's legal counsel, no claims or suits exist for which there is insufficient insurance coverage and resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Center.

Risk Management - The Center is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; and errors and omission. These risks are handled by the Center through the purchase of various commercial insurance policies with varying coverage limits, deductibles, and premiums based on the type of policy. No significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year occurred and no claims exceeded the Center's insurance coverage for each of the past three years.

Required Supplementary Information

CADDO CORRECTIONAL CENTER
Shreveport, Louisiana

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule
June 30, 2017

	Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Sales tax	\$ 15,170,000	\$ 14,600,000	\$ 14,500,279	\$ (99,721)
Intergovernmental revenues				
Housing federal prisoners	510,000	580,000	580,690	690
State sources				
Housing state prisoners	3,720,000	4,500,000	4,566,797	66,797
State supplemental pay	1,260,000	1,230,000	1,190,792	(39,208)
State grants and contracts	-	450,000	500,348	50,348
Caddo Parish Sheriff	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	-
Caddo Parish Commission	4,180,000	4,015,000	4,296,290	281,290
Commissions - commissary sales	450,000	500,000	529,918	29,918
Telephone revenue	430,000	430,000	458,521	28,521
Interest	4,000	8,000	6,271	(1,729)
Inmate work release revenue	1,260,000	1,200,000	1,325,592	125,592
Miscellaneous	457,000	442,000	348,809	(93,191)
Total revenue	32,441,000	32,955,000	33,304,307	349,307
Expenditures				
Current - public safety				
Personnel services and related benefit	29,670,000	28,948,000	28,522,370	425,630
Materials and supplies	1,150,000	1,177,000	874,352	302,648
Statutory charges	3,015,000	3,050,000	2,783,413	266,587
Contractual charges	931,000	935,000	1,313,466	(378,466)
Other charges	221,000	240,000	232,654	7,346
Capital outlay	91,000	26,000	21,832	4,168
Total expenditures	35,078,000	34,376,000	33,748,087	627,913
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures	(2,637,000)	(1,421,000)	(443,780)	977,220
Fund balance at beginning of year	3,057,559	2,709,389	2,709,387	-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 420,559	\$ 1,288,389	\$ 2,265,607	\$ 977,220

See Independent Auditors' Report.

CADDO CORRECTIONAL CENTER
Shreveport, Louisiana

Schedule of the Center's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
June 30, 2017

Fiscal Year*	Agency's proportion of the net pension liability *	Center's allocated proportion of the net pension liability (49%)**	Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability (49%)**	Center's covered - employee payroll***	Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability*
Sheriff's Pension and Relief Fund						
2016	5.229570%	2.562489%	\$ 16,263,835	\$ 17,500,554	92.9%	82.1%
2015	5.299788%	2.596896%	\$ 11,575,710	\$ 16,373,389	70.7%	86.6%
2014	5.442640%	2.666894%	\$ 10,560,913	\$ 16,378,342	64.5%	87.3%

*Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date (the prior fiscal year end).

**Note that 49% of the proportionate share is allocated to the Caddo Correctional Center (Center) and 51% is allocated to the Caddo Parish Sheriff's Office (Sheriff).

***Since the amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year, the covered-employee payroll presented is for the prior fiscal year end.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CADDO CORRECTIONAL CENTER
Shreveport, Louisiana

Schedule of Contributions to the Sheriffs' Pension and Relief Fund
June 30, 2017

Fiscal Year*	(a) Statutorily Required Contribution for Agency	(b) Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	(a-b) Agency's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	(c) Allocation to Center of contractually required contribution (49%)**	(d) Center's contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(c-d) Center's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	(e) Center's covered employee payroll	(d/e) Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll
Sheriffs Pension and Relief Fund								
2017	\$ 4,701,897	\$ 4,701,897	\$ -	\$ 2,303,930	\$ 2,303,930	\$ -	\$ 17,388,146	13.3%
2016	\$ 4,910,869	\$ 4,910,869	\$ -	\$ 2,406,326	\$ 2,406,326	\$ -	\$ 17,500,554	13.7%
2015	\$ 5,007,228	\$ 5,007,228	\$ -	\$ 2,453,542	\$ 2,453,542	\$ -	\$ 16,373,389	15.0%

*The amounts presented are for the fiscal year ended June 30.

**Note that 49% of the required contribution is allocated to the Caddo Correctional Center (Center) and 51% is allocated to the Caddo Parish Sheriffs Office (Sheriff).

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information
June 30, 2017

Changes of Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms for the measurement year ended June 30, 2016.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the Fund granted a 2.5% Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to retired members and beneficiaries. The actuarial cost of the COLA was included as a change of benefit in the Schedules of Changes in Net Pension Liability for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Changes of Assumptions

For the Sheriffs' Pension and Relief Fund, the discount rate was reduced from 7.6% to 7.5%. During the year ended June 30, 2015, the discount rate was reduced from 7.7% to 7.6%, the salary increase assumption was reduced from 6% to 5.5%, and the inflation assumption was reduced from 3% to 2.875%.

CADDO CORRECTIONAL CENTER
Shreveport, Louisiana

Schedule of Funding Progress for Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan
June 30, 2017

Fiscal Year End	Actuarial Valuation Date	(a) Actuarial Value of Assets	(b) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	(b-a) Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	(a/b) Funded Ratio	(c) Covered Payroll	(b-a/c) UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
6/30/2012	7/1/2010	\$ -	\$ 18,836,629	\$ 18,836,629	-	\$ 18,154,888	103.76%
6/30/2013	7/1/2012	\$ -	\$ 21,921,427	\$ 21,921,427	-	\$ 17,176,297	127.63%
6/30/2014	7/1/2012	\$ -	\$ 22,798,284	\$ 22,798,284	-	\$ 17,007,935	134.04%
6/30/2015	7/1/2014	\$ -	\$ 23,160,321	\$ 23,160,321	-	\$ 16,518,531	140.21%
6/30/2016	7/1/2014	\$ -	\$ 24,086,733	\$ 24,086,733	-	\$ 16,693,103	144.29%
6/30/2017	7/1/2016	\$ -	\$ 28,531,244	\$ 28,531,244	-	\$ 17,645,049	161.70%

See Independent Auditors' Report.

Supplementary Information

CADDO CORRECTIONAL CENTER
Shreveport, Louisiana

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
June 30, 2017

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

A. Financial Statement Audit

Type of auditor's report issued on the basic financial statements: **Unmodified**

Internal control over financial reporting:

- Material weaknesses identified? **No**
- Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? **No**

Noncompliance material to the basic financial statements noted? **No**

Was a management letter issued? **No**

B. Federal Awards

At June 30, 2017, the Caddo Correctional Center did not meet the requirements to have a single audit in accordance with the *Uniform Guidance*; therefore this section is not applicable.

Section II – Financial Statement Findings Reported in Accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards*

Current Year Findings and Responses

None

Prior Year Findings and Responses

None

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Responses

Current Year Findings and Responses

Not Applicable

Prior Year Findings and Responses

Not Applicable

CADDO CORRECTIONAL CENTER
Shreveport, Louisiana

State of Louisiana, Parish of Caddo

Schedule of Compensation, Benefits,
and Other Payments to Agency Head
for the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Agency Head Name: Steve Prator, Sheriff of Caddo Parish

<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Salary	*
Benefits-insurance	*
Benefits-retirement	*
Deferred compensation	*
Conference travel	*
Travel (hotel, registration, and per diem)	*

* The Caddo Parish Sheriff's compensation, benefits, and other payments are paid by the Caddo Parish Sheriff's Office.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Steve Prator, Caddo Parish Sheriff
Caddo Correctional Center
Shreveport, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Caddo Correctional Center, a component unit of the Caddo Parish Commission, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Caddo Correctional Center's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information which includes each fiduciary fund type of the Caddo Correctional Center, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedule, the schedule of the Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability, the schedule of contributions to the Sheriffs' pension and relief fund, and the schedule of funding progress for other post-employment benefit plan, on pages 1 through 7 and 31 through 34 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the *Governmental Accounting Standards Board*, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Caddo Correctional Center's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head is presented in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statutes (LRS) 24:513(A)(3), is on page 36. This schedule is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 21, 2017, on our consideration of the Center's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Center's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Carr, Riggs & Ingram, L.L.C.

CARR, RIGGS & INGRAM, LLC

Shreveport, Louisiana
December 21, 2017



**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL
CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON
COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT
OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE
WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

The Honorable Steve Prator, Caddo Parish Sheriff
Caddo Correctional Center
Shreveport, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Caddo Correctional Center, a component unit of the Caddo Parish Commission, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Caddo Correctional Center's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 21, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Caddo Correctional Center's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Caddo Correctional Center's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Caddo Correctional Center's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Caddo Correctional Center's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Carr, Riggs & Ingram, L.L.C.

CARR, RIGGS & INGRAM, LLC

Shreveport, Louisiana
December 21, 2017

**Caddo Correctional Center
Shreveport, Louisiana**

AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES REPORT

June 30, 2017



CRI CARR
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INGRAM

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

To Caddo Parish Correctional Center and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor:

We have performed the procedures enumerated below, which were agreed to by Caddo Correctional Center ("CCC") and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor (LLA) on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the LLA's Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2017. The Entity's management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the specified users of this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

Written Policies and Procedures

1. We obtained the entity's written policies and procedures and reported whether those written policies and procedures address each of the following financial/business functions (or reported that the entity does not have any written policies and procedures), as applicable:
 - a) **Budgeting**, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.
 - b) **Purchasing**, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the public bid law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.
 - c) **Disbursements**, including processing, reviewing, and approving.
 - d) **Receipts**, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits.
 - e) **Payroll/Personnel**, including (1) payroll processing, and (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked.
 - f) **Contracting**, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.

- g) **Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable)**, including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers, and (5) monitoring card usage.
- h) **Travel and expense reimbursement**, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.
- i) **Ethics**, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) requirement that all employees, including elected officials, annually attest through signature verification that they have read the entity's ethics policy.
- j) **Debt Service**, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.

Comment: Note that the CCC follows all Caddo Parish Sheriff's policies. Therefore, these comments are duplicated from the Caddo Parish Sheriff's report.

No exceptions were noted in the Travel and expense reimbursements policy. For the other policies, we noted the following:

The Budgeting policy does not address the monitoring of the budget.

The Purchasing policy does not address how vendors are added to the vendor list. Also, the policy does not address controls to ensure compliance with public bid law.

There is no separately written internal policy for Disbursements; however, the processing, reviewing and approving of disbursements are included in the entity's "Accounting System policy".

There is no separately written internal policy for Receipts; however, the receiving and recording of receipts and the preparing of deposits are included in the entity's "Accounting System policy".

There is no separately written internal policy for Payroll; however, the processing of payroll is included in the entity's "Accounting System policy". The Accounting system policy did not address reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked.

There is no separately written internal policy for Credit Cards. The entity's Code of Conduct policy addresses fuel cards and how they are to be controlled and used. However, credit cards are used in addition to fuel cards and there is no policy addressing the appropriate items.

The Ethics/Code of Conduct policy does not include (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) requirement that all employees, including elected officials, annually attest through signature verification that they have read the entity's ethics policy..

There is no separately written internal policy for Debt Service.

Board (or Finance Committee, if applicable)

2. We obtained and reviewed the board/committee minutes for the fiscal period, and:
 - a) We reported whether the managing board met (with a quorum) at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, or other equivalent document.
 - b) We reported whether the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the General Fund and any additional funds identified as major funds in the entity's prior audit (GAAP-basis).
 - If the budget-to-actual comparisons show that management was deficit spending during the fiscal period, we reported whether there is a formal/written plan to eliminate the deficit spending for those entities with a fund balance deficit. If there is a formal/written plan, we reported whether the meeting minutes for at least one board meeting during the fiscal period reflect that the board is monitoring the plan.
 - c) We reported whether the minutes referenced or included non-budgetary financial information (e.g. approval of contracts and disbursements) for at least one meeting during the fiscal period.

Comment: *No monthly meetings are held. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, there was one public meeting held and documented with minutes. This meeting was held to amend the 2016-2017 original budget.*

Bank Reconciliations

3. We obtained a listing of client bank accounts from management and management's representation that the listing is complete.

Comment: *No exceptions noted in the procedures performed.*
4. Using the listing provided by management, we selected all of the entity's bank accounts (if five accounts or less) or one-third of the bank accounts on a three year rotating basis (if more than 5 accounts). For each of the bank accounts selected, we obtained bank statements and reconciliations for all months in the fiscal period and reported whether:
 - a) Bank reconciliations have been prepared;
 - b) Bank reconciliations included evidence that a member of management or a board member (with no involvement in the transactions associated with the bank account) has reviewed each bank reconciliation; and
 - c) If applicable, management has documentation reflecting that it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 6 months as of the end of the fiscal period.

Comment: *See comments below regarding bank reconciliations.*

Inmate Personal account – From July 2016 through January 2017, there was no evidence that anyone reviewed the bank reconciliations. From February 2017 through June 2017, there was evidence that the bank reconciliations were reviewed but they were not reviewed by a member of management. Bank reconciliations were prepared by a member of management and then reviewed an employee in the accounting department.

Inmate Work Release account – No exceptions were noted.

Collections

5. We obtained a listing of cash/check/money order (cash) collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete.

Comment: *No exceptions noted in the procedures performed.*

6. Using the listing provided by management, we selected all of the entity's cash collection locations (if five locations or less) or one-third of the collection locations on a three year rotating basis (if more than 5 locations). For each cash collection location selected:

- a) We obtained existing written documentation (e.g. insurance policy, policy manual, job description) and reported whether each person responsible for collecting cash is (1) bonded, (2) not responsible for depositing the cash in the bank, recording the related transaction, or reconciling the related bank account (report if there are compensating controls performed by an outside party), and (3) not required to share the same cash register or drawer with another employee.

Comment: *See the following comments:*

Inmate Personal – All employees responsible for collecting cash are also responsible for recording transactions.

Inmate Work Release – Five employees responsible for collecting cash are also responsible for depositing cash. One employee responsible for collecting cash is also responsible for recording transactions.

- b) We obtained existing written documentation (e.g. sequentially numbered receipts, system report, reconciliation worksheets, policy manual) and reported whether the entity has a formal process to reconcile cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions, by a person who is not responsible for cash collections in the cash collection location selected.

Comment: *No exceptions noted in the procedures performed.*

- c) We selected the highest (dollar) week of cash collections from the general ledger or other accounting records during the fiscal period and:

- Using entity collection documentation, deposit slips, and bank statements, we traced daily collections to the deposit date on the corresponding bank statement and reported whether the deposits were made within one day of collection. If deposits were not made within one day of collection, we reported the number of days from receipt to deposit for each day at each collection location.
- Using sequentially numbered receipts, system reports, or other related collection documentation, we verified that daily cash collections are completely supported by documentation and reported any exceptions.

Comment: *No exceptions were noted in the procedures performed.*

7. We obtained existing written documentation (e.g. policy manual, written procedure) and reported whether the entity has a process specifically defined (identified as such by the entity) to determine completeness of all collections, including electronic transfers, for each revenue source and agency fund additions (e.g. periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation) by a person who is not responsible for collections.

Comment: No exceptions noted in the procedures performed.

Disbursements – General (excluding credit card/debit card/fuel card/P-Card purchases or payments)

8. We obtained a listing of entity disbursements from management or, alternately, obtained the general ledger and sorted/filtered for entity disbursements. We obtained management's representation that the listing or general ledger population is complete.

Comment: No exceptions noted in the procedures performed.

9. Using the disbursement population from #8 above, we randomly selected 25 disbursements (or randomly selected disbursements constituting at least one-third of the dollar disbursement population if the entity had less than 25 transactions during the fiscal period), excluding credit card/debit card/fuel card/P-card purchases or payments. We obtained supporting documentation (e.g. purchase requisitions, system screens/logs) for each transaction and reported whether the supporting documentation for each transaction demonstrated that:

- a) Purchases were initiated using a requisition/purchase order system or an equivalent electronic system that separates initiation from approval functions in the same manner as a requisition/purchase order system.
- b) Purchase orders, or an electronic equivalent, were approved by a person who did not initiate the purchase.
- c) Payments for purchases were not processed without (1) an approved requisition and/or purchase order, or electronic equivalent; a receiving report showing receipt of goods purchased, or electronic equivalent; and an approved invoice.

Comment: *There were two disbursements selected with no purchase requisition or equivalent system that separates initiation from approval functions in the same manner as a requisition/purchase order system. The entity's purchasing policy does not require purchase requisitions for routine or recurring transactions. Requisitions are required for ordering materials and supplies, services, and equipment.*

10. Using entity documentation (e.g. electronic system control documentation, policy manual, written procedure), we reported whether the person responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding vendors to the entity's purchasing/disbursement system.

Comment: *We noted that the person responsible for processing twenty-four of the twenty-five disbursements was not prohibited from adding vendors to the entity's purchasing/disbursement system.*

11. Using entity documentation (e.g. electronic system control documentation, policy manual, written procedure), we reported whether the persons with signatory authority or who makes the final authorization for disbursements have no responsibility for initiating or recording purchases.

Comment: No exceptions noted in the procedures performed.

12. We inquired of management and observed whether the supply of unused checks is maintained in a locked location, with access restricted to those persons that do not have signatory authority, and reported any exceptions. Alternately, if the checks were electronically printed on blank check stock, we reviewed entity documentation (electronic system control documentation) and reported whether the persons with signatory authority have system access to print checks.

Comment: *Unused check stock is locked in a secure room. The employees in the accounting department have keys to the room; however, two of the employees in the accounting department are capable of printing checks with the Sheriff's electronic signature.*

13. If a signature stamp or signature machine is used, we inquired of the signer whether his or her signature was maintained under his or her control or was used only with the knowledge and consent of the signer. We inquired of the signer whether signed checks were likewise maintained under the control of the signer or authorized user until mailed. We reported any exceptions.

Comment: *The electronic signature of the Sheriff is maintained under the control of the accounting department. Checks are controlled by the accounting department until mailed.*

Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

14. We obtained from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards (cards), including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. We obtained management's representation that the listing is complete.

Comment: *No exceptions noted in the procedures performed.*

15. Using the listing prepared by management, we randomly selected 10 cards (or at least one-third of the cards if the entity has less than 10 cards) that were used during the fiscal period, rotating cards each year.

We obtained the monthly statements, or combined statements if multiple cards are on one statement, for the selected cards. We selected the monthly statement or combined statement with the largest dollar activity for each card (for a debit card, selected the monthly bank statement with the largest dollar amount of debit card purchases) and:

- a) We reported whether there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the authorized card holder. [Note: Requiring such approval may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality); these instances should not be reported.]
- b) We reported whether finance charges and/or late fees were assessed on the selected statements.

Comment: *No exceptions noted in the procedures performed.*

16. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #15 above, we obtained supporting documentation for all transactions for each of the 10 cards selected (i.e. each of the 10 cards should have one month of transactions subject to testing).

- a) For each transaction, we reported whether the transaction is supported by:
 - An original itemized receipt (i.e., identifies precisely what was purchased)

- Documentation of the business/public purpose. For meal charges, there should also be documentation of the individuals participating.
- Other documentation that may be required by written policy (e.g., purchase order, written authorization.)

Comment: *Nine of the ten cards tested were Fuelman cards and the original itemized fuel receipts could not be located.*

- b) For each transaction, we compared the transaction's detail (nature of purchase, dollar amount of purchase, supporting documentation) to the entity's written purchasing/disbursement policies and the Louisiana Public Bid Law (i.e. transaction is a large or recurring purchase requiring the solicitation of bids or quotes) and reported any exceptions.

Comment: *No exceptions noted in the procedures performed.*

- c) For each transaction, we compared the entity's documentation of the business/public purpose to the requirements of Article 7, Section 14 of the Louisiana Constitution, which prohibits the loan, pledge, or donation of funds, credit, property, or things of value, and reported any exceptions (e.g. cash advances or non-business purchases, regardless whether they are reimbursed). If the nature of the transaction precludes or obscures a comparison to the requirements of Article 7, Section 14, the practitioner reported the transaction as an exception.

Comment: *No exceptions noted in the procedures performed.*

Travel and Expense Reimbursement

17. We obtained from management a listing of all travel and related expense reimbursements, by person, during the fiscal period or, alternately, obtained the general ledger and sorted/filtered for travel reimbursements. We obtained management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete.

Comment: *No exceptions noted in the procedures performed.*

18. We obtained the entity's written policies related to travel and expense reimbursements. We compared the amounts in the policies to the per diem and mileage rates established by the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov) and reported any amounts that exceed GSA rates.

Comment: *No exceptions noted in the procedures performed.*

19. Using the listing or general ledger from #17 above, we selected the three persons who incurred the most travel costs during the fiscal period. We obtained the expense reimbursement reports or prepaid expense documentation of each selected person, including the supporting documentation, and chose the largest travel expense for each person to review in detail. For each of the three travel expenses selected:

- a) We compared expense documentation to written policies and reported whether each expense was reimbursed or prepaid in accordance with written policy (e.g., rates established for meals, mileage, lodging). If the entity does not have written policies, we compared to the GSA rates (#18 above) and reported each reimbursement that exceeded those rates.

- b) We reported whether each expense is supported by:

- An original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased. [Note: An expense that is reimbursed based on an established per diem amount (e.g., meals) does not require a receipt.]
 - Documentation of the business/public purpose (Note: For meal charges, there should also be documentation of the individuals participating).
 - Other documentation as may be required by written policy (e.g., authorization for travel, conference brochure, certificate of attendance)
- c) We compared the entity's documentation of the business/public purpose to the requirements of Article 7, Section 14 of the Louisiana Constitution, which prohibits the loan, pledge, or donation of funds, credit, property, or things of value, and reported any exceptions (e.g. hotel stays that extend beyond conference periods or payment for the travel expenses of a spouse). If the nature of the transaction precludes or obscures a comparison to the requirements of Article 7, Section 14, the practitioner reported the transaction as an exception.
- d) We reported whether each expense and related documentation was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

Comment: *No exceptions noted in the procedures performed.*

Contracts

20. We obtained a listing of all contracts in effect during the fiscal period or, alternately, obtained the general ledger and sorted/filtered for contract payments. We obtained management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete.

Comment: *All contracts related to CCC were in the Caddo Parish Sheriff's name. Therefore, all contract testing was tested in the agreed-upon procedures for the Caddo Parish Sheriff. No exceptions noted in the procedures performed.*

21. Using the listing above, we selected the five contract "vendors" that were paid the most money during the fiscal period (excluding purchases on state contract and excluding payments to the practitioner). We obtained the related contracts and paid invoices and:

- a) We reported whether there is a formal/written contract that supports the services arrangement and the amount paid.

Comment: *All contracts related to CCC were in the Caddo Parish Sheriff's name. Therefore, all contract testing was tested in the agreed-upon procedures for the Caddo Parish Sheriff. No exceptions noted in the procedures performed.*

- b) We compared each contract's detail to the Louisiana Public Bid Law or Procurement Code. We reported whether each contract is subject to the Louisiana Public Bid Law or Procurement Code and:

- If yes, we obtained/compared supporting contract documentation to legal requirements and reported whether the entity complied with all legal requirements (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertisement, selected lowest bidder)
- If no, we obtained supporting contract documentation and reported whether the entity solicited quotes as a best practice.

Comment: *No exceptions noted in the procedures performed.*

- c) We reported whether the contract was amended. If so, we reported the scope and dollar amount of the amendment and whether the original contract terms contemplated or provided for such an amendment.

Comment: *Not applicable. There were no contracts were amended during the fiscal year.*

- d) We selected the largest payment from each of the five contracts, obtained the supporting invoice, compared the invoice to the contract terms, and reported whether the invoice and related payment complied with the terms and conditions of the contract.

Comment: *No exceptions noted in the procedures performed.*

- e) We obtained/reviewed contract documentation and board minutes and reported whether there is documentation of board approval, if required by policy or law (e.g. Lawrason Act or Home Rule Charter).

Comment: *This not applicable to the Caddo Correctional Center.*

Payroll and Personnel

- 22. We obtained a listing of employees (and elected officials, if applicable) with their related salaries, and obtained management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected five employees/officials, obtained their personnel files, and:

- a) We reviewed compensation paid to each employee during the fiscal period and reported whether payments were made in strict accordance with the terms and conditions of the employment contract or pay rate structure.

Comment: *No exceptions noted in the procedures performed.*

- b) We reviewed changes made to hourly pay rates/salaries during the fiscal period and reported whether those changes were approved in writing and in accordance with written policy.

Comment: *No exceptions noted in the procedures performed.*

- 23. We obtained attendance and leave records and randomly selected one pay period in which leave has been taken by at least one employee. Within that pay period, we randomly selected 25 employees/officials (or randomly selected one-third of employees/officials if the entity had less than 25 employees during the fiscal period), and:

- a) We reported whether all selected employees/officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory). (Note: Generally, an elected official is not eligible to earn leave and does not document his/her attendance and leave. However, if the elected official is earning leave according to policy and/or contract, the official should document his/her daily attendance and leave.)

- b) We reported whether there is written documentation that supervisors approved, electronically or in writing, the attendance and leave of the selected employees/officials.

- c) We reported whether there is written documentation that the entity maintained written leave records (e.g., hours earned, hours used, and balance available) on those selected employees/officials that earn leave.

Comment: *No exceptions noted in the procedures performed.*

24. We obtained from management a list of those employees/officials that terminated during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. If applicable, we selected the two largest termination payments (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory time) made during the fiscal period and obtained the personnel files for the two employees/officials. We reported whether the termination payments were made in strict accordance with policy and/or contract and approved by management.

Comment: No exceptions noted in the procedures performed.

25. We obtained supporting documentation (e.g. cancelled checks, EFT documentation) relating to payroll taxes and retirement contributions during the fiscal period. We reported whether the employee and employer portions of payroll taxes and retirement contributions, as well as the required reporting forms, were submitted to the applicable agencies by the required deadlines.

Comment: No exceptions noted in the procedures performed.

Ethics (excluding nonprofits)

26. Using the five randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #22 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, obtain ethics compliance documentation from management and report whether the entity maintained documentation to demonstrate that required ethics training was completed.

Comment: No exceptions noted in the procedures performed.

27. Inquire of management whether any alleged ethics violations were reported to the entity during the fiscal period. If applicable, review documentation that demonstrates whether management investigated alleged ethics violations, the corrective actions taken, and whether management's actions complied with the entity's ethics policy. Report whether management received allegations, whether management investigated allegations received, and whether the allegations were addressed in accordance with policy.

Comment: No exceptions noted in the procedures performed.

Debt Service (excluding nonprofits)

28. If debt was issued during the fiscal period, obtain supporting documentation from the entity, and report whether State Bond Commission approval was obtained.

Comment: Not applicable. No debt was issued or outstanding during the fiscal period.

29. If the entity had outstanding debt during the fiscal period, obtain supporting documentation from the entity and report whether the entity made scheduled debt service payments and maintained debt reserves, as required by debt covenants.

Comment: Not applicable.

30. If the entity had tax millages relating to debt service, obtain supporting documentation and report whether millage collections exceed debt service payments by more than 10% during the fiscal period. Also, report any millages that continue to be received for debt that has been paid off.

Comment: Not applicable. There were no tax millages relating to debt service.

Other

31. We inquired of management whether the entity had any misappropriations of public funds or assets. If so, obtained/reviewed supporting documentation and reported whether the entity reported the misappropriation to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled.

Comment: Management represented that there had been no misappropriations of public funds or assets during the fiscal year.

32. We observed and reported whether the entity has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1. This notice (available for download or print at www.la.gov/hotline) concerns the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

Comment: No exceptions noted in the procedures performed.

33. If the practitioner observed or otherwise identified any exceptions regarding management's representations in the procedures above, we reported the nature of each exception.

Comment: Not applicable.

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Carr, Riggs & Ingram, L.L.C.

CARR, RIGGS, & INGRAM, LLC
Shreveport, Louisiana
December 21, 2017



SHERIFF STEVE PRATOR

SHERIFFS OF
CADDO PARISH

ALEXANDER BOYD STERRETT
1838-1840
MATTHEW WATSON
1840-1857
THOMAS R. SIMPSON
1857-1858
1865-1868
HENRY JOHN GREY BATTLE
1859-1860
NATHAN HASS
1860-1862
ISRAEL W. PICKENS
1862-1865
JOHN J. HOPE
1868
JOHN J. O'CONNOR
1868-1869
MICHAEL A. WALSH
1869-1875
JAMES W. WILSON
1875-1876
WILLIAM HEFFNER
1876-1877
ALONZO FLOURNOY
1877-1878
J.D. CAWTHONE
1879
JOHN LAKE
1879-1892
JOHN S. YOUNG
1892-1900
SAMUEL J. WARD
1900-1906
J.P. "PAT" FLOURNOY
1906-1916
THOMAS ROLAND HUGHES
1916-1940
J. HOWELL FLOURNOY
1940-1966
JAMES M. GOSLIN
1966-1976
HAROLD TERRY
1976-1980
DONALD E. HATHAWAY
1980-2000
STEVE PRATOR
2000-

December 21, 2017

Louisiana Legislative Auditor
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Baton Rouge, LA 70804-9397

And

Carr, Riggs & Ingram
1000 East Preston Avenue
Suite 200
Shreveport, LA 71105

RE: Management Response to Agreed-upon Procedures
Caddo Correctional Center

Dear Sirs:

The Caddo Parish Sheriff's Office will review policies and procedures in regard to the comments for each financial function and make appropriate changes that will improve operations and internal controls in each area that are cost effective and within our budget constraints.

Sincerely,


Steve Prator
Sheriff