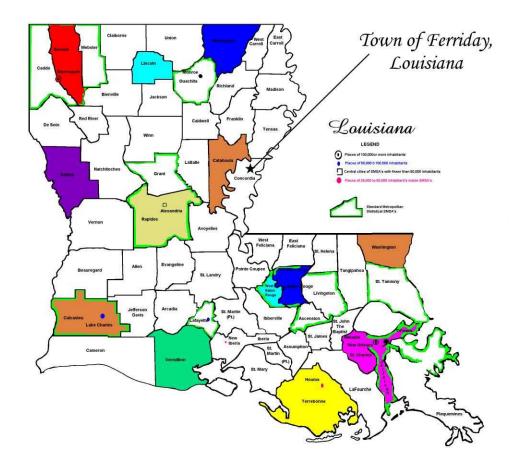
Annual Financial Statements

June 30, 2020



The Town of Ferriday was incorporated under the provisions of the Lawrason Act in 1923. The Town operates under the Mayor-Board of Alderman form of government. The Town provides the following significant services to its residents as provided by its charter: public safety (police and fire), streets, sanitation, utility services, and general administrative functions, including coordination of related services with parish, state, and federal governing bodies.

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MEMBERS

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Society of Louisiana Certified Public Accountants

Association of Certified Fraud Examiners

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Rydell Turner, Mayor & Members of the Town Council Ferriday, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the business-type activities of the Town of Ferriday, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the business-type activities of the Town of Ferriday, Louisiana, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As disclosed in the schedules and statements, the total net pension liability for the Town of Ferriday's Retirement Plan was \$572,584 as of June 30, 2020. The actuarial valuation was based on various assumptions made by the actuaries. Because actual experience may differ from the assumptions used in the actuarial valuations, there is a risk that the net pension liability at June 30, 2020, could be under or overstated.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, the schedules of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability and the schedules of the Town's contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Ferriday's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Compensation Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Compensation of Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion the Schedule of Compensation Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 10, 2020, on our consideration of the Town of Ferriday, State of Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Town of Ferriday, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

The Vercher Group

Jena, Louisiana December 10, 2020

TOWN OF FERRIDAY

5228 Hwy 126 E. Ferriday, Louisiana 71435 Tel: (318) 649-7148 Fax: (318) 649-9992

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Town, we offer readers of the Town of Ferriday's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the Town's financial statements.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the new reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34 Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments issued June 1999. Certain comparative information between the current year and the prior year is required to be presented in the MD&A.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Governmental Funds

- The assets of the Town exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$3,708,709 (*net position*). This is a \$69,211 decrease from last year.
- The Town had total revenue of \$2,562,855 in which \$1,512,044 came from taxes, \$263,792 came from fines, and \$187,704 came from fees and charges. This is a \$91,544 increase from last year's revenues, mainly due to an increase in reimbursements in the amount of \$278,117.
- The Town had total expenditures of \$2,583,265, which is a \$24,543 increase from last year. The main cause for this increase is due to an increase in general and administrative expense in the amount of \$99,865.

Enterprise Fund

- The assets of the Town exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$8,558,372 (*net position*). This is a \$164,692 decrease from last year.
- The Town had total revenue of \$1,599,717, including operating revenues of \$1,486,900, non-operating revenues of \$1,610 and capital contributions in the amount of \$111,207. This is a \$255,915 increase from last year, mainly due to an increase in capital contributions in the amount of \$111,207.
- The Town had total expenses of \$1,510,175, in which \$1,448,884 was operating expenses and \$61,291 was non-operating expenses. This is a \$20,532 decrease from last year mainly due to a decrease in sewer operating expense in the amount of \$103,048.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of two components: 1) fund financial statements and 2) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves. The Town is a special-purpose entity engaged only in governmental activities. Accordingly, only fund financial statements are presented as the basic financial statements.

Effective, January 1, 2004, the Town adopted Governmental Accounting Standards (GASB) Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The Town's annual report consists of financial statements that show information about the Town's funds, enterprise funds and governmental funds.

Our auditor has provided assurance in his independent auditor's report, located immediately preceding this Management's Discussion and Analysis, that the basic financial statements are fairly stated. Varying degrees of assurance are being provided by the auditor regarding the other information included in this report. A user of this report should read the independent auditor's report carefully to ascertain the level of assurance being provided for each of the other parts of this report.

Reporting the Town's Most Significant Funds

The Town's financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds. The Town may establish other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using grants and other money. The Town's enterprise fund uses the following accounting approach:

All of the Town's services are reported in an enterprise fund. They are reported using the full accrual method of accounting in which all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. The focus of proprietary funds is on income measurement, which, together with the maintenance of equity, is an important financial indication.

MD&A

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Comparative Statement of Net Position

Assets	2019	2020	% Change
			% Change
Cash & Investments	\$ 192,079 \$	261,968	36.4
Receivables	127,530	180,867	41.8
Restricted Assets	121,942	117,679	-3.5
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	4,836,586	4,644,590	-4.0
Total Assets	5,278,137	5,205,104	-1.4
Deferred Outflows of Resources	321,284	239,923	-25.3
Liabilities & Net Position			
Accounts, Salaries, & Other Payables	40,050	48,914	22.1
Accrued Compensated Absences	14,880	16,064	8.0
Bonds & Notes Payable	1,140,000	1,060,000	-7.0
Net Pension Liability	557,913	572,584	2.6
Total Liabilities	1,752,843	1,697,562	-3.2
Deferred Inflows of Resources	68,658	38,756	-43.6
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,696,586	3,584,590	-3.0
Restricted	234,406	242,880	3.6
Unrestricted	(153,072)	(118,761)	-22.4
Total Net Position	\$\$	3,708,709	-1.8
Comparative Changes in Fund Balances			
Revenues	2019	2020	% Change
Fees & Charges	\$ 176,086 \$	187,704	6.6
Taxes	1,561,124	1,512,044	-3.2
Licenses & Permits	101,615	144,457	42.8
Fines	335,971	263,792	-21.5
Interest Income	462	580	25.6
Reimbursements	-0-	278,117	100.0
Capital Grants	108,503	109,839	1.2
Other General Revenue	187,550	66,322	64.6
Total Revenues	2,471,311	2,562,855	3.7
France ditance			
Expenditures	604 676	704 541	165
General & Administrative	604,676	704,541	16.5
Public Safety: Fire	258 270	246 792	15
	258,370	246,783	-4.5
Police	1,004,993	865,800	-13.9
Street	340,702	303,223	-11.0
Sanitation	156,252	160,286	2.6
Recreation	45,242	35,115	-22.4
Debt Service	100,734	108,956	8.2
Capital Outlay	47,753	158,561	232.2
Total Expenditures	2,558,722	2,583,265	1.0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over		genes contact	100000 200
(Under) Expenditures	(87,411)	(20,410)	-76.7
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers In/(Out)	(77,869)	120,368	254.6
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(77,869)	120,368	254.6
Net Change in Fund Balance	(165,280)	99,958	160.4
Prior Period Adjustment	-0-	10,141	100.0
Fund Balances – Beginning	566,781	401,501	-29.2
Fund Balances – Ending	\$ 401,501 \$	511,600	27.4
r unu balantus – Enung	Ψ <u>401,301</u> \$	511,000	27.4

MD&A

ENTERPRISE FUND Comparative Statement of Net Position

f		2019	2020	% Change
Assets Cash & Investments Receivables Restricted Assets Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation Total Assets	\$	212,004 \$ 159,283 318,708 10,462,609 11,152,604	129,638 224,834 374,259 10,051,103 10,779,834	-38.9 41.2 17.4 -3.9 -3.4
Liabilities and Net Position Accounts, Salaries, & Other Payables Accrued Interest Payable Customer Deposits Bonds Payable Total Liabilities		281,630 9,112 86,054 2,052,744 2,429,540	176,677 2,278 95,075 1,947,432 2,221,462	-37.3 -75.0 10.5 -5.1 -8.6
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted For Debt Service Unrestricted Total Net Position	\$	8,409,865 318,708 (5,509) 8,723,064	8,103,671 374,259 80,442 8,558,372	-3.6 17.4 1,560.2 -1.9
Comparative Changes in Net Position		2019	2020	% Change
Operating Revenues Water Sales Sewer Charges Other	\$	981,583 \$ 342,099 19,012	5 1,002,966 483,302 632	2.2 41.3 -96.7
Total Operating Revenues		1,342,694	1,486,900	10.7
Operating Expenses Operating/Administrative Water Operating/Administrative Sewer Depreciation Total Operating Expenses Operating Income (Loss)	-	681,386 300,698 485,878 1,467,962 (125,268)	765,848 197,650 <u>485,386</u> 1,448,884 <u>38,016</u>	12.4 -34.3 -0.1 -1.3 130.4
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) Interest Earnings Interest Expense Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	-	1,108 (62,745) (61,637)	1,610 (61,291) (59,681)	45.3 -2.3 -3.2
Income (Loss) Before Contributions & Transfer	s	(186,905)	(21,665)	-88.4
Transfers In/(Out) Capital Contributions	12	77,869 0	(120,368) 111,207	-254.6 100.0
Change in Net Position		(109,036)	(30,826)	-71.7
Prior Period Adjustment		(298,000)	(133,866)	-55.1
Total Net Position - Beginning Total Net Position - Ending	\$_	8,832,100 8,723,064 \$	8,723,064 8,558,372	-1.2 -1.9

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Assets – Governmental Fund

At June 30, 2020, the Town had \$4,644,590 invested in capital assets, including land, buildings, improvement, and equipment. This amount is an \$190,746 decrease from last year.

Capital Assets at Year-End									
		2019	2020						
General	\$	5,288,514 \$	4,760,644						
Fire		338,271	343,303						
Police		746,185	271,971						
Street		2,356,564	2,330,509						
Land*		193,954	193,954						
Accumulated Depreciation		(4,088,152)	(3,255,791)						
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$_	4,835,336 \$	4,644,590						

*Land in the amount of \$193,954 is not being depreciated.

Capital Assets – Enterprise Fund

At June 30, 2020, the Town had \$10,116,658 invested in capital assets, including the buildings, sewer system, machinery, and equipment. This amount is a \$292,321 decrease from last year.

Capital Assets at Year-End

	2019	2020
Water & Sewer Systems	\$ 21,156,362	5 19,122,905
Accumulated Depreciation	(10,747,383)	(9,006,247)
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ <u>10,408,979</u>	5 10,116,658

CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of bond and installment notes payable transactions of the Town of Ferriday for the year ended June 30, 2020.

	Balance 06-30-2019	Additions		Reductions		Balance 06-30-2020
USDA Sewer Revenue Bond (Business-Type Activities)	\$ 529,976	\$ -0-	\$	(76,931)	\$	453,045
USDA Water Revenue Bonds (Business-Type Activities)	1,287,507	-0-		(24,163)		1,263,344
USDA Water Revenue Bonds (Business-Type Activities)	235,261	-0-		(4,219)		231,042
General Obligation Bonds (Governmental Activities)	1,140,000	 -0-		(80,000)		1,060,000
Total	\$ 3,192,744	\$ -0-	\$_	(185,313)	\$_	3,007,431

CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show that the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact Mayor Rydell Turner at the Town Hall, phone number (318) 757-3411.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TOWN OF FERRIDAY, LOUISIANA Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

		Pr	IMAI	RY GOVERNMEN	T	
	0.000	vernmental Activities	В	ısiness-Type Activities		Total
CURRENT ASSETS	0		^	100 (00	•	201 606
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$	261,968	\$		\$	391,606
Investments		-0-		-0-		-0-
Receivables, Net of Allowances		180,867		224,834		405,701
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		442,835		354,472		797,307
NON-CURRENT ASSETS						
Restricted Assets		117,679		374,259		491,938
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		4,644,590		10,051,103		14,695,693
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		4,762,269		10,425,362		15,187,631
TOTAL ASSETS	-	5,205,104	_	10,779,834	_	15,984,938
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Outflows – Municipal Employees' Pension		150,614		-0-		150,614
Deferred Outflows – Municipal Police Pension		89,309		-0-		89,309
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		239,923		-0-	13	239,923
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Accounts, Salaries, & Other Payables		48,914		176,677		225,591
Accrued Interest Payable		-0-		2,278		2,278
Current Bonds & Notes Payable		80,000		108,724	11000	188,724
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		128,914		287,679	10000	416,593
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Accrued Compensated Absences		16,064		-0-		16,064
Customer Deposits		-0-		95,075		95,075
Bonds & Notes Payable		980,000		1,838,708		2,818,708
Net Pension Liabilities		572,584		-0-		572,584
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,568,648	· ····	1,933,783	2 333	3,502,431
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,697,562		2,221,462		3,919,024
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Inflows – Municipal Employees' Pension		34,702		-0-		34,702
Deferred Inflows – Municipal Police Pension		4,054		-0-		4,054
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		38,756		-0-	a second	38,756
N== D	1/236/107 F	nan yang kang basa kang kang kang kang kang kang kang kan			-635578	un der eine der Seiner der Gröffelstere Geschlander.
NET POSITION		0 50 4 50 5		0.100.075		11 (00 2(1
Net Investment in Capital Assets		3,584,590		8,103,671		11,688,261
Restricted		242,880		374,259		617,139
Unrestricted	·····	(118,761)	~ ·	80,442		(38,319)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	3,708,709	\$	8,558,372	\$_	12,267,081

TOWN OF FERRIDAY, LOUISIANA Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

					I	PROGRAM REVENUES				NET (EXPENS CHA	SE) R			
		Expenses	-	Charges For Services		Capital Grants & Contributions	Operating Grants & Contributions		Net (Expense) Revenue	Governmental Activities		Business- Type Activities		Total
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	-		-					2.5			-			
General Government	\$	(947,335)	\$	4,853	\$	65,555 \$	-0-	\$	(876,927)	\$ (876,927)			\$	(876,927)
Public Safety:														
Fire		(252,374)		-0-		8,640	-0-		(243,734)	(243,734)				(243,734)
Police		(917,003)		-0-		-0-	-0-		(917,003)	(917,003)				(917,003)
Street		(422,155)		-0-		-0-	-0-		(422,155)	(422,155)				(422,155)
Sanitation		(160,286)		182,851		-0-	-0-		22,565	22,565				22,565
Recreation		(35,115)		-0-		-0-	-0-		(35,115)	(35,115)				(35,115)
Interest on Long-Term Debt		(28,956)		-0-		-0-	-0-		(28,956)	(28,956)				(28,956)
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	-	(2,763,224)	-	187,704		74,195	-0-		(2,501,325)	(2,501,325)				(2,501,325)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES														
Sewer		(395,585)		483,302		-0-	-0-		87,717		\$	87,717		87,717
Water		(1,053,299)		1,002,966		111,207	-0-		60,874			60,874		60,874
Interest on Long-Term Debt		(61,291)		-0-		-0-	-0-		(61,291)			(61,291)		(61,291)
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		(1,510,175)		1,486,268		111,207	-0-		87,300		-	87,300	-	87,300
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$	(4,273,399)	\$ =	1,673,972	\$	185,402 \$	-0-	\$	(2,414,025)				-	(2,414,025)
						GENERAL REVENUE	::							
						Taxes:								
						Ad Valorem Tax				292,435		-0-		292,435
						Franchise Tax				57,986		-0-		57,986
						Sales Tax				1,154,462		-0-		1,154,462
						Other Tax				7,161		-0-		7,161
						Fines & Penalties				263,792		-0-		263,792
						Licenses & Permits				144,457		-0-		144,457
						Intergovernmental				35,250		-0-		35,250
						Investment Earnings				580		1,610		2,190
						Other General Reven	ues			361,104		632		361,736
						TRANSFERS IN/(OUT)				120,368	-	(120,368)		-0-
						TOTAL GENERAL R	EVENUES & TRANS	FER	S	2,437,595	-	(118,126)	-	2,319,469
						CHANGE IN NET PO	SITION			(63,730)		(30,826)		(94,556)
						PRIOR PERIOD ADJ	USTMENT			(5,481)		(133,866)		(139,347)
						NET POSITION-BEG	INNING			3,777,920		8,723,064		12,500,984
						NET POSITION-END	ING			\$ 3,708,709	\$	8,558,372	\$	12,267,081
										, ,	270 E	, , _	=	

TOWN OF FERRIDAY, LOUISIANA Balance Sheet, Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

		ERAL IND		ET BOND	-	STREET Construction Fund		LCDBG Capital Projects Fund	12 <u></u>	TOTAL
ASSETS										
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$ 2	261,968 \$	S	-0-	\$	-0-	\$	-0-	\$	261,968
Cash – Restricted		-0-		114,320		281		3,078		117,679
Investments		-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-
Receivables (Net of Allowances for Uncollectible)	1	163,629		-0-		-0-		17,238		180,867
TOTAL ASSETS		425,597		114,320		281		20,316		560,514
I UTAL ASSETS		123,377		114,520	-	201	-	20,510		500,514
LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCES										
LIABILITIES										
Accounts, Salaries, & Other Payables		31,676		-0-		-0-		17,238		48,914
TOTAL LIABILITIES		31,676		-0-		-0-		17,238		48,914
FUND BALANCES										
Restricted		-0-		114,320		281		3,078		117,679
Unassigned	3	393,921		-0-		-0-		-0-		393,921
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		393,921		114,320		281		3,078		511,600
TOTAL LIABILITIES & FUND	•						•		*	
BALANCES	\$	\$125,597	S	114,320	\$_	281	- \$_	20,316	\$	560,514

TOWN OF FERRIDAY, LOUISIANA Reconciliation of the Government Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Financial Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Fund Balance, Total Governmenta	al Funds (Statement C)	\$	511,600
Capital assets used in governme resources and, therefore, are no funds.			
	Capital Assets	7,900,381	
	Accumulated Depreciation	(3,255,791)	4,644,590
Deferred outflows and inflows currently payable.	are not financial resources or		
	Outflows	239,923	
	Inflows	(38,756)	201,167
Long-term liabilities that are not period and, therefore, are not rep	1.5	(1,060,000)	
	Accrued Compensated Absences	(16,064)	(1,076,064)
Long-term net pension liabilities current period and therefore, are funds.	1 2	(572,584)	
			(572,584)
Net Position of Governmental Act	tivities (Statement A)	\$_	3,708,709

TOWN OF FERRIDAY, LOUISIANA Statement of Revenues, Expenditures & Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	_	General Fund	_	STREET Bond Fund	-5	STREET Construction Fund	-	LCDBG Capital Projects fund		Total
Revenues	0	107 704	0	0		^	0	0	•	107 704
Fees & Charges	\$	187,704	\$			\$ -0-	\$		\$	187,704
Taxes		1,508,324		3,720		-0-		-0-		1,512,044
Licenses & Permits		144,457		-0- -0-		-0-		-0-		144,457
Fines		263,792		0		-0- -0-		-0-		263,792
Interest Income Reimbursements		39		541 -0-		•		-0-		580
		278,117		-0- -0-		-0- -0-		-0-		278,117
Capital Grants		44,284				670		65,555		109,839
Other General Revenue		66,321	-	-0-		1	2	-0-		66,322
TOTAL REVENUES		2,493,038	-	4,261	÷	1	2	65,555		2,562,855
Expenditures										
General & Administrative		704,541		-0-		-0-		-0-		704,541
Public Safety:		1								
Fire		246,783		-0-		-0-		-0-		246,783
Police		865,800		-0-		-0-		-0-		865,800
Street		291,188		-0-		12,035		-0-		303,223
Sanitation		160,286		-0-		-0-		-0-		160,286
Recreation		35,115		-0-		-0-		-0-		35,115
Debt Service		-0-		108,956		-0-		-0-		108,956
Capital Outlay		93,006		-0-		-0-		65,555		158,561
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		2,396,719	-	108,956		12,035		65,555		2,583,265
		2,000,110	-	100,720	25				2 122	2,000,200
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES		06.210		(104 (05)		(12.02.4)		0		(20, 110)
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	130	96,319		(104,695)	-	(12,034)		-0-		(20,410)
OTHER EDIANODIC SOURCES (USES).										
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers In/(Out)		120,366		1		0		1		120,368
		120,300	-	<u>1</u>	-	-0-	5	1		120,508
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		100.200		1		0		1		120.200
(USES)		120,366	_	1	•	-0-	2	1		120,368
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		216,685		(104,694)		(12,034)		1		99,958
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT		10,141		-0-		-0-		-0-		10,141
Fund BalancesBeginning	100	167,095		219,014		12,315		3,077		401,501
FUND BALANCESENDING	\$	393,921	\$	114,320	5	\$ 281	\$	3,078	\$	511,600
	-		=		8	5	•			

TOWN OF FERRIDAY, LOUISIANA Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, & Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: Net Change in Fund Balances, Total governmental Funds, Statement E S 99,958 Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditure. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current **Capital Purchases** 93.006 period. Depreciation Exp (271, 747)(178,741)The issuance of long-term debt (bonds, leases, etc.) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of Loan Proceeds -0long-term debt and related items. Principal Paid 80,000 80.000 Net pension is reported in governmental funds as expenditure as they are paid; however, in the statement of activities the net pension expense is reported according to estimates required by GASB 68. This the amount that the pension estimate defers from pension expenses paid in the Net Pension Expense (82, 403)Pension Revenue current year. 16,272 (66, 131)Increase in Accrued Compensated Absences 1.184 1,184 Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities, Statement B S (63.730)

TOWN OF FERRIDAY, LOUISIANA Statement of Net Position, Proprietary Fund June 30, 2020

	_	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES ENTERPRISE FUND					
		(MA	JOR	ENTERPRISE	FU	ND)	
		SEWER		WATER		TOTAL	
CURRENT ASSETS							
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$	45,144	\$	84,494	\$	129,638	
Receivables (Net of Allowances for Uncollectible)		74,612		150,222	or 1242	224,834	
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		119,756		234,716		354,472	
NON-CURRENT ASSETS							
Restricted Assets		113,162		261,097		374,259	
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)		2,076,595		7,974,508		10,051,103	
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		2,189,757		8,235,605	·	10,425,362	
TOTAL ASSETS	_	2,309,513	_	8,470,321		10,779,834	
CURRENT LIABILITIES							
Accounts, Salaries, & Other Payables		2,079		174,598		176,677	
Accrued Interest Payable		993		1,285		2,278	
Revenue Bonds Payable (Current Portion)		80,343		28,381		108,724	
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		83,415	· ····	204,264	·	287,679	
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES							
Customer Deposits		-0-		95,075		95,075	
Revenue Bonds		372,702		1,466,006		1,838,708	
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		372,702	· ····	1,561,081	·	1,933,783	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		456,117		1,765,345		2,221,462	
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in Capital Assets		1,623,550		6,480,121		8,103,671	
Restricted		113,162		261,097		374,259	
Unrestricted		116,684		(36,242)		80,442	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	1,853,396	\$	6,704,976	\$	8,558,372	

TOWN OF FERRIDAY, LOUISIANA Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2020

	8	BUSINES	S-TYPE ACTIVIT	IES
			TERPRISE FUND	
			ENTERPRISE FUN	
	8	SEWER	WATER	TOTAL
OPERATING REVENUES				
Sales of Services	\$	483,302 \$	1,002,966 \$	1,486,268
Other Operating Revenues		-0-	632	632
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		483,302	1,003,598	1,486,900
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Management Fees		48,191	-0-	48,191
Operating Expenses		149,459	765,848	915,307
Depreciation	0000	197,935	287,451	485,386
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		395,585	1,053,299	1,448,884
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		87,717	(49,701)	38,016
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Interest Earnings		887	723	1,610
Interest Expense		(24,849)	(36,442)	(61,291)
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		(23,962)	(35,719)	(59,681)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS & TRANSFERS		63,755	(85,420)	(21,665)
CONTRIBUTIONS & TRANSFERS				
Transfers In/(Out)		(94,841)	(25,527)	(120,368)
Capital Contributions		-0-	111,207	111,207
TOTAL CONTRIBUTIONS & TRANSFERS		(94,841)	85,680	(9,161)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(31,086)	260	(30,826)
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT		369	(134,235)	(133,866)
TOTAL NET POSITION – BEGINNING		1,884,113	6,838,951	8,723,064
TOTAL NET POSITION – ENDING	\$	1,853,396 \$	6,704,976 \$	8,558,372

TOWN OF FERRIDAY, LOUISIANA Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund June 30, 2020

		En (Majoi	TE	Type Activ rprise Fun nterprise 1	D	ND)
		SEWER	-	WATER		TOTAL
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts from Customers & Users	\$	433,649	\$	996,721	\$	1,430,370
Payments to Suppliers		(212,522)		(862, 763)		(1,075,285)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		221,127		133,958		355,085
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Transfers from (to) Other Funds		(94,841)		(25,527)		(120,368)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	-	(94,841)	6 777	(25,527)		(120,368)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL & RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts from Capital Grants		-0-		111,207		111,207
Interest Paid on Capital Debt		(24,849)		(36,442)		(61,291)
Principal Paid on Revenue Bonds		(76,930)		(28,382)		(105,312)
Acquisition & Construction/Deletion of Capital Assets		11,510		(219,256)		(207,746)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL & RELATED FINANCING		11,510		(21),200)		(207,710)
ACTIVITIES		(90,269)		(172,873)		(263,142)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities						
Interest & Dividends Received		887		723		1,610
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		887		723		1,610
ALT CASHTROVIDED (USED) DT INVESTING ACTIVITIES	1007-000		2000	125	and a	1,010
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS		36,904		(63,719)		(26,815)
CASH - BEGINNING OF YEAR		121,402		409,310		530,712
CASH - END OF YEAR		158,306	_	345,591		503,897
RECONCILIATION TO BALANCE SHEET			-		_	
Cash and Cash Equivalents		45,144		84,494		129,638
Other Restricted Cash		113,162		261,097		374,259
TOTAL CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	158,306	\$		\$	503,897
-	-		-		-	

TOWN OF FERRIDAY, LOUISIANA Statement of Cash Flows Reconciliation Proprietary Fund June 30, 2020

	_	EN	ss-Type Activi terprise Fund Enterprise Fi	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES) .	SEWER	WATER	TOTAL
OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS)	\$	87,717 \$	(49,701) \$	38,016
Depreciation Expense	545	197,935	287,451	485,386
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		(49,653)	(15,898)	(65,551)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payables		(14, 319)	(90,634)	(104,953)
Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits		-0-	9,021	9,021
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Interest		(553)	(6,281)	(6,834)
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS		133,410	183,659	317,069
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	221,127 \$	133,958 \$	355,085

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Town of Ferriday was incorporated under the provisions of the Lawrason Act in 1923. The Town operates under the Mayor-Board of Alderman form of government. The Town provides the following significant services to its residents as provided by its charter: public safety (police and fire), streets, sanitation, utility services, and general administrative functions, including coordination of related services with parish, state, and federal governing bodies.

The accounting and reporting policies of the Town of Ferriday conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. Such accounting and reporting procedures also conform to the requirements of Louisiana Revised Statutes 24:517 and to the guides set forth in the Louisiana Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide, and to the industry audit guide, Audits of State and Local Governmental Units.

The following is a summary of certain significant accounting policies:

A. GOVERNMENT-WIDE & FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Changes in Net Position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

B. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, & FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The municipality reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the municipality's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Street Bond Fund accounts for transactions relating to resources retained and used for the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations created by the issuing of \$1,280,000 general obligation bonds.

The Street Construction Fund accounts for transactions relating to proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

The LCDBG Capital Projects Fund accounts for emergency construction of repairs to the water intake facility connected to the water treatment plant. This construction is funded by a grant under LCDBG contract No. 698535. This Fund also accounts for LCDBG for waste water collection system improvements for Concordia and Fudickar Street lift stations, contract No. 2000449751, FY 2019.

The municipality reports the following major proprietary funds:

- Water Activities
- Sewer Activities

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's enterprise operations. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues are charges for services and sales taxes. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

C. EQUITY CLASSIFICATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as Net Position and displayed in three components as applicable. The components are as follows:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets including restricted capital assets, when applicable, net of accumulated depreciation.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> - Net position with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> - All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

When an expense is incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, management applies restricted resources first. The policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use and legal requirements. The decision is typically made by management at the incurrence of the expense.

In the Fund Financial Statements, governmental fund equity is classified as a fund balance. The District has implemented GASB Statement 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- a. Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as prepaid expenses) or are required to be maintained intact;
- b. Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- c. Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint;
- d. Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

e. Unassigned fund balance – amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

D. CASH & INVESTMENTS

For purposes of the Statement of Net Position, cash and interest-bearing deposits all demand accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposit of the Town. For the purpose of the proprietary fund Statement of Cash Flows, "Cash and Cash Equivalents" include all demand and savings accounts, and certificates of deposit under 90 days.

All cash and investments (CD's over 90 days) are reported at cost and are on deposit at federally insured banks.

It is the Town's policy for deposits to be 100% secured by collateral at market or par, whichever is lower, less the amount of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance. The Town's deposits are categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the Town at fiscal year-end. All deposits were secured at the year-end. The categories are described as follows:

- *Category 1* Insured or collateralized with securities held by the Town or by its agent in the Town's name.
- *Category 2* Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the Town's name.
- Category 3 Uncollateralized.

	Delta Bank	Concordia Bank	Tensas State Bank	Total
Bank Balances	\$ 418,270	\$ 403,429	\$ 119,330	\$ 941,029
Secured As Follows				
FDIC (Category 1)	500,000	500,000	119,330	1,119,330
Securities (Category 2)	235,073	748,063	-0-	983,136
Uncollateralized (Category 3)	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
Total	\$ 735,073	\$ 1,248,063	\$ 119,330	\$ 2,102,466

Deposits were fully secured as of June 30, 2020.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the government will not be able to recover its deposits. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent.

These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the Entity that the fiscal agent bank has failed to pay deposit funds upon demand. Further, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1224 states that securities held by a third party shall be deemed to be held in the Entity's name.

E. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE & BAD DEBTS – GENERAL FUND & ALLOWANCE FOR BAD DEBTS – ENTERPRISE FUND

	Enterprise	e Fu	ind	Governme	nta	l Fund
						LCDBG
	Sewer		Water	General		Capital
	 Activities		Activities	 Fund		Projects Fund
Tax & License	\$ -0-	\$	-0-	\$ 121,075	\$	-0-
Fees	-0-		-0-	96,381		-0-
Fines	-0-		-0-	9,139		-0-
Grants	-0-		7,510	-0-		17,238
Customer	174,765		333,676	-0-		-0-
Allowance for Bad Debts	(100,153)		(190,964)	(62,966)		-0-
Total	\$ 74,612	\$_	150,222	\$ 163,629	\$	17,238

At June 30, 2020 the receivables were as follows:

F. INVENTORIES

Immaterial amounts of inventory are maintained for general fund and enterprise fund operations and, accordingly, these supplies are expensed as purchased.

G. CAPITAL ASSETS

For the year ended June 30, 2020, no interest costs were capitalized for construction of fixed assets.

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets is charged as an expense against its operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the proprietary fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of activities. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

	Life In Years
Water System	40
Sewer System	40
Buildings	40
Equipment	3-10
Other	5-20

The Town has a capitalization policy of \$2,500.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

H. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The municipality has the following policy relating to vacation and sick leave:

Annual Leave- For the first five years of full-time employment, each employee shall be credited with 80 hours of annual leave on his or her employment anniversary date. Each employee with more than five and less than ten years of service as a full -time employee shall be credited with 96 hours of annual leave on his or her anniversary date. Each employee with ten or more years of service as a full-time employee shall be credited with 120 hours of annual leave on his or her employment anniversary. The maximum hours accumulated can be no more than 240 hours.

Sick Leave- Each full-time employee shall earn sick leave at the rate of eight hours for each month work. However, no employee may accumulate more than 80 hours of sick leave per year, nor accumulate more than 240 hours of sick leave overall.

GASB Statement 16 provides that vacation leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics should be accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned by the employees if both of the following conditions are met:

- 1. The employees' rights to receive compensation attributable to services already rendered.
- 2. It is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement.

GASB Statement 16 provides that a liability for sick leave should be accrued using one of the following termination approaches:

- 1. An accrual for earned sick leave should be made only to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments, rather than be taken as absences due to illness or other contingencies, such as medical appointments and funerals.
- 2. Alternatively, a governmental entity should estimate its accrued sick leave liability based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments, as well as other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount that is normally expected to be paid using expendable available financial resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

I. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements, and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

J. **RESTRICTED NET POSITION**

The Town records restricted assets to indicate that a portion of its net position balances are legally restricted for a specific future use. The following is a list of such restrictions and a description of each:

Restricted for System Maintenance

This amount represents monies restricted for repairs and replacement of the water system.

Restricted - Revenue Bonds

This amount represents monies restricted as required by the revenue bond indentures.

Restricted for Debt Service

Certain assets have been restricted in the Debt Service Fund for future payment of long-term liabilities of the governmental funds.

2. AD VALOREM TAXES

The Town levies taxes on real and business personal property located within its boundaries. Property taxes are levied on a calendar year basis and become due on January 1 of each year.

Property Ta	ax Calendar
Assessment Date	January 1
Levy Date	No Later Than June 1
Tax Bills Mailed	On or About October 15
Total Taxes Are Due	December 31
Penalties and Interest are Added	January 1
Lien Date	January 1

The following is a summary of authorized and levied ad valorem taxes for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Mills
General Fund	14.66
General Obligation Bond Fund	12

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The Town has levied a 2% sales tax on sales within the legal limits of the Town. The proceeds of the sales tax are dedicated to:

- 1. Payment of general operating expenses of the Town,
- 2. Payment of all or part of capital improvements,
- 3. Maintenance or operation of capital improvements, and
- 4. Any one or all of the aforementioned purposes.

3. RESTRICTED ASSETS

At June 30, 2020, certain assets of the Town have been restricted for debt service and customers' deposits as follows:

	_	Enterp	rise	Fund		(Governmental F	une	d
					Street		Street		LCDBG
		Water	_	Sewer	Bond		Construction		Capital Projects
Bond Sinking/Reserve	\$	135,820	\$	109,338	\$ -0-	\$	-0-	\$	-0-
Meter Deposit		79,591		-0-	-0-		-0-		-0-
Depreciation & Contingencies		45,686		3,824	-0-		-0-		-0-
Other		-0-		-0-	 114,320		281		3,078
Total	\$	261,097	\$	113,162	\$ 114,320	\$	281	\$	3,078

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental Fund:

A summary of governmental fund assets at June 30, 2020, is as follows:

		Balance 06-30-2019		Additions		Deletions		Balance 06-30-2020
General	\$	5,288,514	\$	84,366	\$	(612,236)	\$	4,760,644
Fire		338,271		8,640		(3,608)		343,303
Police		746,185		-0-		(474,214)		271,971
Street		2,356,564		-0-		(26,055)		2,330,509
Land*		193,954		-0-		-0-		193,954
Total Capital Assets		8,923,488		93,006		(1,116,113)		7,900,381
Accumulated Depreciation		(4,088,152)		(271,747)		1,104,108		(3,255,791)
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$_	4,835,336	\$_	(178,741)	\$_	(12,005)	\$_	4,644,590

* Land in the amount of \$193,954 is not being depreciated.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General	\$ 130,599
Fire	5,591
Police	16,625
Street	118,932
Total Depreciation	\$ 271,747

Property Enterprise Fund:

A summary of enterprise fund property, plant and equipment at June 30, 2020, is as follows:

		Balance 06-30-2019		Additions		Deletions		Balance 06-30-2020
Sewer System	\$	7,862,750	\$	-0-	\$	(956,652)	\$	6,906,098
Accumulated Depreciation	110	(5,574,078)	4553	(197,935)	273	942,510	5000	(4,829,503)
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	2,288,672	\$	(197,935)	\$	(14,142)	\$	2,076,595
	_	Balance 06-30-2019		Additions	_	Deletions	-	Balance 06-30-2020
Water System	\$		\$	Additions -0-	\$	Deletions (1,295,053)	\$	
Water System Construction in Progress*	\$	06-30-2019	\$	8000	\$		\$	06-30-2020
	\$	06-30-2019 13,293,612	\$	-0-	\$	(1,295,053)	\$	06-30-2020 11,998,559

*Construction in Progress in the amount of \$152,693 is not being depreciated.

5. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of bond and installment notes payable transactions of the Town of Ferriday for the year ended June 30, 2020.

		Balance					Balance
		06-30-2019	Additions		Reductions		06-30-2020
USDA Sewer Revenue Bond (Business-Type Activities)	\$	529,976	\$ -0-	\$	(76,931)	\$	453,045
USDA Water Revenue Bonds (Business-Type Activities)		1,287,507	-0-		(24,163)		1,263,344
USDA Water Revenue Bonds (Business-Type Activities)		235,261	-0-		(4,219)		231,042
General Obligation Bonds (Governmental Activities)		1,140,000	 -0-		(80,000)		1,060,000
Total	\$_	3,192,744	\$ -0-	\$_	(185,313)	\$_	3,007,431

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Bonds and installment notes payable at June 30, 2020, are comprised of the following individual issues:

Revenue Bonds and Notes Payable (Enterprise Fund)

\$1,800,000 Sewer Revenue Bonds Dated 1993, due in monthly installments totaling \$105,192 annually due 1993 – June 14, 2033; interest rate at 5%.	\$ 453,045
\$1,384,000 Water Revenue Bonds dated 04/17/2017 through 04/17/2054 due in annual installments of \$4,540; interest rate at 2.365%.	1,263,344
\$252,000 Water Revenue Bonds dated 04/17/2017 through 04/17/2054 due in monthly installments of \$862; interest rate at 2.625%.	231,042

Notes & Lease Payable (Governmental Activities)

General Obligation Bonds - \$1,280,000 due in annual installments of \$70,000 to	
\$115,000 through March 1, 2031 bearing interest at 2.54%.	 1,060,000
Total	\$ 3,007,431

Year Ending	j	\$1,800,000 USDA Sewer Revenue	\$252,000 USDA Water Revenue	\$1,384,000 USDA Water Revenue	\$1,280,000 Patterson State Bank
June 30,		Bonds	Bonds	Bonds	GO Bonds
2021	\$	105,192	\$ 10,344	\$ 54,480	\$ 106,924
2022		105,192	10,344	54,480	109,892
2023		105,192	10,344	54,480	107,733
2024		105,192	10,344	54,480	110,574
2025		86,691	10,344	54,480	108,288
2026-2030		-0-	51,720	272,400	569,737
2031-2035		-0-	51,720	272,400	117,921
2036-2040		-0-	51,720	272,400	-0-
2041-2045		-0-	51,720	272,400	-0-
2046-2050		-0-	51,720	272,400	-0-
2051-2055		-0-	37,912	 203,294	-0-
	\$	507,459	\$ 348,232	\$ 1,837,694	\$ 1,231,069

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The Town of Ferriday's proprietary fund bonds are governed by the terms of an indenture agreement, under the following terms:

Water Activity Bonds

- 1. The Town shall maintain an "Operation and Maintenance Reserve Fund" equal to 25% of the annual operation and maintenance cost estimated to be \$709,440, which equals \$177,360. This \$177,360 balance must be created over a 60-month period by depositing \$2,935 per month. The Town should revisit this account annually to adjust their deposits accordingly to maintain three months of the current operations and maintenance expense in an O & M reserve account. At June 30, 2020, the Town was <u>not</u> in compliance with this covenant.
- 2. The Town shall maintain a "Depreciation Reserve Fund" by depositing \$3,434 monthly in addition to the debt service reserve. At June 30, 2020, the Town was in compliance with this covenant.
- 3. The Town shall maintain an "Emergency Fund" by depositing 10% of the proposed loan installment which would equal \$88 per month or as assigned by rural development for maintenance and repairs and debt repayment should the need arise. Reserve deposits will commence once the system becomes revenue producing. At June 30, 2020, the Town was in compliance with this covenant.

Sewer Activity Bonds

- 1. The Town shall maintain a "Reserve Fund" into which monthly payments of \$439 to \$475 shall be deposited until a balance of \$105,192 has been accumulated. The reserve fund balance was \$7,899 as of June 30, 2020. At June 30, 2020, the Town was in compliance with this covenant.
- 2. The Town shall maintain a "Contingency Fund" into which monthly payments of \$441 shall be deposited. The contingency fund balance was \$44,753 as of June 30, 2020. At June 30, 2020, the Town was in compliance with this covenant.
- 3. The Town had a requirement to maintain a "Sinking Fund" into which \$8,766 shall be deposited monthly. The Town now pays the note on a monthly basis; therefore, no sinking fund is required.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

6. **PENSION PLAN**

Substantially all employees of the Town of Ferriday are members of the following statewide retirement system: Municipal Employees Retirement System of Louisiana. These systems are cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by separate boards of trustee. Pertinent information relative to each plan follows:

A. Municipal Employees Retirement System of Louisiana (System)

The Municipal Employees' Retirement System prepares its employer schedules in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Statement No. 68 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. GASB Statement No. 68 established standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and expenses/expenditures. It identifies the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. It also provides methods to calculate participating employer's proportionate share of net pension liability, deferred outflows, deferred outflows, pension expense and amortization periods for deferred inflows and deferred outflows.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basis of Accounting

The Municipal Employees' Retirement System's employer schedules are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions, for which the employer allocations are based, are recognized in the period in which the employee is compensated for services performed.

B. Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Plan fiduciary net position is a significant component of the System's collective net pension liability. The System's plan fiduciary net position was determined using the accrual basis of accounting. The System's assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses, were recorded with the use of estimates and assumptions in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Such estimated and assumptions primarily related to actuarial valuations or unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements and estimates in the determination of the fair market value of the System's investments. Accordingly, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

C. System Employees

The System is not allocated a proportionate share of the net liability related to its employees. The net pension liability attributed to the System's employees is allocated to the remaining employers based on their respective employer allocation percentage.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

D. Use of Estimates

The preparation of schedules of employer allocations and pension amounts by employer in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

NOTE 2 – PLAN DESCRIPTION

The System is administered by a Board of Trustees composed of eleven members, three of whom shall be active and contributing members of the System with at least ten years credible service and who are elected to office in accordance with the Louisiana Election Code, three of whom shall be active and contributing members of the System with at least ten years credible service and who are not elected officials; one of whom shall be president of the Louisiana Municipal Association who shall serve as an ex-officio member during his tenure; one of whom shall be the Chairman of the Senate Retirement Committee; and one of whom shall be the Chairman of the House Retirement Committee of the Legislature of Louisiana; the commissioner of administration, who shall be a nonvoting member; and the State Treasurer, who shall be a nonvoting member.

The System is the administrator of a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The System was established and provided for by R.S. 11:1731 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes (LRS).

Plan Membership

For the year ended June 30, 2019, there were 87 contributing municipalities in Plan A and 67 in Plan B. At June 30, 2019, statewide retirement membership consists of the following:

	Plan A	Plan B	Total
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries receiving benefit	3,552	1,076	4,628
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	3,390	1,653	5,043
Active plan members	4,795	2,063	6,858
Total participants as of the valuation date	11,737	4,792	16,529

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Plan eligibility and benefits are as follows:

A. Eligibility Requirements

Membership is mandatory as a condition of employment beginning on the date employed if the employee is on a permanent basis working at least thirty-five hours per week. Those individuals paid jointly by a participating employer and the parish are not eligible for membership in the System with exceptions as outlined in the statutes.

Any person eligible for membership whose first employment making him eligible for membership in the System occurred on or after January 1, 2013, shall become a member of the MERS Plan A Tier 2 or MERS Plan B Tier 2 of the System as a condition of employment.

B. <u>Retirement Benefits</u>

Benefit provisions are authorized within Act 356 of the 1954 regular session and amended by LRS 11:1756 - 11:1785. The following brief description of the plan and its benefits is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Any member of Plan A who commenced participation in the System prior to January 1, 2013 can retire providing he meets one of the following criteria:

1. Any age with twenty-five or more years of creditable service.

2. Age 60 with a minimum of ten years of creditable service.

3. Any age with 20 years of creditable service, exclusive of military service and unused annual and sick leave, with an actuarial reduces early benefit.

Generally, the monthly amount of the retirement allowance for any member of Plan A shall consist of an amount equal to three percent of the member's monthly average final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service. Final average compensation is the average monthly earnings during the highest sixty consecutive months, or joined months if service was interrupted. However, under certain conditions as outlined in the statutes, the benefits are limited to specified amounts. An additional regular retirement benefit can be received for any city marshal or deputy city marshal.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Any member of Plan A Tier 2 can retire providing he meets one of the following requirements:

- 1. Age 67 with seven years of creditable service.
- 2. Age 62 with ten years of creditable service.
- 3. Age 55 with thirty years of creditable service.

4. Any age with twenty-five years of creditable service, exclusive of military service and unused annual and sick leave, with an actuarially reduced early benefit.

Generally, the monthly amount of retirement allowance for any member of Plan A Tier 2 shall consist of an amount equal to three percent of the member's final average compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service. Final average compensation is the average monthly earnings during the highest sixty consecutive months, or joined months if service was interrupted. However, under certain conditions as outlined in the statutes, the benefits are limited to specified amounts. Any city marshal or deputy city marshal shall receive an additional regular benefit computed on supplemental marshal's earnings. See Plan booklet for further details.

Any member of Plan B who commenced participation in the System prior to January 1, 2013 can retire providing he meets one of the following criteria:

- 1. Any age with thirty years of creditable service.
- 2. Age 60 with minimum of ten or more years of creditable service.

Generally, the monthly amount of the retirement allowance for any member of Plan B shall consist of an amount equal to two percent of the member's monthly average final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service. Final average compensation is the average monthly earnings during the highest sixty consecutive months, or joined months if service was interrupted. However, under certain conditions as outlined in the statutes, the benefits are limited to specified amounts.

Any member of Plan B Tier 2 shall be eligible for retirement if he meets one of the following requirements:

- 1. Age 67 with seven years of creditable service.
- 2. Age 62 with ten years of creditable service.
- 3. Age 55 with thirty years of creditable service.

4. Any age with twenty-five years of creditable service, exclusive of military service and unused annual and sick leave, with an actuarially reduced early benefit.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The monthly amount of the retirement allowance for any member of Plan B Tier 2 shall consist of an amount equal to two percent of the member's final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service. Final average compensation is the average monthly earnings during the highest sixty consecutive months, or joined months if service was interrupted. However, under certain conditions as outlined in the statutes, the benefits are limited to specified amounts.

C. Survivor Benefits

Upon death of any member of Plan A with five or more years of creditable service, not eligible for retirement, the plan provides for benefits for the surviving spouse and minor children as outlined in the statutes.

Any member of Plan A who is eligible for normal retirement at time of death and who leaves a surviving spouse will be deemed to have retired and selected Option 2 benefits on behalf of the surviving spouse on the date of death. Such benefits will begin only upon proper application and are paid in lieu of any other survivor benefits.

Upon death of any member of Plan B with five or more years of creditable service, not eligible for normal retirement, the plan provides for benefits for the surviving spouse as outlined in the statutes.

Any member of Plan B who is eligible for normal retirement at time of death and who leaves a surviving spouse will be deemed to have retired and selected Option 2 benefits on behalf of the surviving spouse on the date of death. Such benefits will begin only upon proper application and are paid in lieu of any other survivor benefits.

D. Drop Benefits

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement allowance, any member of Plan A or Plan B who is eligible to retire may elect to participate in the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) for up to three years and defer the receipt of benefits. During participation in the plan, employer contributions are payable but employee contributions cease. The monthly retirement benefits that would be payable, had the person elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance, are paid into the DROP Fund. Interest is earned when the member has completed DROP participation. Interest earnings are based upon the actual rate of return on the investments identified as DROP funds for the period. In addition, no cost-of-living increases are payable to participants until employment which made them eligible to become members of the System has been terminated for at least one full year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Upon termination of employment prior to or at the end of the specified period of participation, a participant in the DROP may receive, at his option, a lump sum from the account equal to the payments into the account, a true annuity based upon his account balance in that fund, or any other method of payment if approved by the board of trustees. If a participant dies during the participation in the DROP, a lump sum equal to the balance in his account shall be paid to his named beneficiary or, if none, to his estate. If employment is not terminated at the end of the three years, payments into the DROP fund cease and the person resumes active service contributing membership in the System.

E. Disability Benefits

For Plan A, a member shall be eligible to retire and receive a disability benefit if he has at least five years of creditable service, is not eligible for normal retirement, and has been officially certified as disabled by the State of Medical Disability Board. Upon retirement caused by disability, a member of Plan A shall be paid a disability benefit equal to the lesser of forty-five percent of his final average compensation or three percent of his final average compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service, whichever is greater, or an amount equal to three percent of the member's final average compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service projected to his earliest normal retirement age.

For Plan B, a member shall be eligible to retire and receive a disability benefit if he has at least ten years of creditable service, in which he would receive a regular retirement benefit under retirement provisions. A member shall be eligible to retire and receive a disability benefit if he has at least ten years of creditable service, is not eligible for normal retirement, and has been officially certified as disabled by the State Medical Disability Board. Upon retirement caused by disability, a member of Plan B shall be paid a disability benefit equal to the lesser of thirty percent of his final average compensation or two percent of his final average compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service, whichever is greater, or an amount equal to two percent of the member's final average compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service, whichever is greater, or an amount equal to two percent of the member's final average compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service, whichever is greater, or an amount equal to two percent of the member's final average compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service, whichever are service, projected to his earliest normal retirement age.

F. Cost of Living Increases

The System is authorized under state law to grant a cost-of-living increase to members who have been retired for at least one year. The adjustment cannot exceed 2% of the retiree's original benefit for each full calendar year since retirement and may only be granted if sufficient funds are available from investment income in excess of normal requirements. State law allows the System to grant additional cost of living increases to all retirees and beneficiaries who are age sixty-five and above equal to 2% of the benefit being received on October 1, 1977, or the original benefit, if retirement commenced after that date.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

G. Deferred Benefits

Both Plans provide for deferred benefits for members who terminate before being eligible for retirement. Once the member reaches the appropriate age for retirement, benefits become payable. Benefits are based on statutes in effect at time of withdrawal.

NOTE 3 – CONTRIBUTIONS

Contributions for all members are established by statute. Member contributions are at 9.50% of earnable compensation for Plan A and 5.00% of earnable compensation for Plan B. The contributions are deducted from the member's salary and remitted by the participating municipality.

According to state statute, contributions for all employers are actuarially determined each year. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the employer contribution rate was 26.00% of member's earnings for Plan A. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the employer contribution rate was 14.00% of member's earnings for Plan B.

According to state statute, the System also receives one-fourth of 1% of ad valorem taxes collected within the respective parishes except for Orleans. Tax monies are apportioned between Plan A and Plan B in proportion to salaries of plan participants. Tax monies received from East Baton Rouge Parish are appointed between the Municipal Employee's Retirement System and the Employee's Retirement System of the City of Baton Rouge. The System also receives revenue sharing funds each year as appropriated by the Legislature. These additional sources of income are used as additional employer contributions and considered support from non-employer contribution entities.

Administrative costs of the System are financed through employer contributions.

NOTE 4 – SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER ALLOCATIONS

The schedule of employer allocations reports the employer contributions in addition to the employer allocation percentage. The employer contributions are used to determine the proportionate relationship of each employer to all employers of Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana. The allocation percentages were used in calculating each employer's proportionate share of the pension amounts.

The allocation method used in determining each employer's proportion was based on the employer's contribution effort to the plan for the current fiscal year as compared to the total of all employers' contribution effort was based on actual employer contributions made to the Retirement System for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 5 - SCHEDULE OF PENSION AMOUNTS BY EMPLOYER

The schedule of pension amounts by employer displays each employer's allocation of the net pension liability, the various categories of deferred outflows of resources, the various categories of deferred inflows of resources, and the various categories of pension expenses. The schedule of pension amounts by employer was prepared using the allocations included in the schedule of employer allocations.

NOTE 6 – DISAGGREGATED PENSION AMOUNTS

<u>Changes in Deferred Inflows and Outflows</u> Net Pension Liability	\$ Amounts from the 2019 Employer Pension Report 440,818	\$ 2020 Employer Specific Amounts -0-	\$ <u>2020 Total</u> <u>Pension</u> <u>Amounts</u> 440,818
Deferred Outflows	53,766	365	54,131
Deferred Outflows – Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date	-0-	43,664	43.664
Deferred Inflows – Differences b/w Expected & Actual Experience	34,702	-0-	34,702
Pension Expense	91,854	(365)	91,489
Revenue	\$ 13,286	\$ -0-	\$ 13,286

NOTE 7 – ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan to current and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position.

The components of the net pension liability of the System's employers for Plan A as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

		Plan A June 30, 2019
Total pension liability	\$	1,182,925,835
Plan fiduciary net position		(765,059,686)
Employer's net pension liability	\$	417,866,149
Plan fiduciary net position as a % of the total pension liability	_	64.68%

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The components of the net pension liability of the System's employers for Plan B as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

		Plan B June 30, 2019
Total pension liability	\$	258,352,439
Plan fiduciary net position	10	(170,871,104)
Employer's net pension liability	\$ _	87,481,335
Plan fiduciary net position as a % of the total pension liability		66.14%

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality and future salary increases. Actuarially determined amounts regarding the net pension liability are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations, and new estimates are made about the future.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation was based on the results of an actuarial experience study, for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2019.

Information on the actuarial valuation and assumptions is as follows:

	<u>June 30, 2019</u>
Valuation Date	June 30, 2019
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal cost
Expected remaining service lives	3 years 7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense,
Investment rate of return	including inflation
Inflation rate	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation and merit increases: -1 to 4 years of service -More than 4 years of service	6.4%-Plan A and 7.4%-Plan B 4.5%-Plan A and 4.9%-Plan B
Annuitant and beneficiary mortality	PubG-2010(B) Heathy Retiree Table set equal to 120% for males and females, each adjusted using their respective male and female MP2018 scales.
Employee mortality	PubG-2010(b) Employee Table set equal to 120% for males and females, each adjusted using their respective male and female MP2018 scales.
Disabled lives mortality	PubNS-2010(B) Disabled Retiree Table set equal to 120% for males and females with the full generational MP2018 scale.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Asset <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term Expected Portfolio <u>Real Rate of Return</u>
Public equity	50%	2.15%
Public fixed income	35%	1.51%
Alternatives	<u>15%</u>	<u>0.64%</u>
Totals	<u>100%</u>	<u>4.30%</u>
Inflation		2.7%
Expected Arithmetic Nominal Return		7.0%

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% for the years ended June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount assumed that contributions from plan members will be at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates, which are calculated in accordance with relevant statues and approved by the Board of Trustees and the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 8 – SENSITIVITY TO CHANGES IN DISCOUNT RATE

The following presents the net pension liability of the System calculated using the discount rate of 7.0%, as well as what the System's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.0%) or one percentage point higher (8.0%) than the current discount rate (assuming all other assumptions remain unchanged):

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Changes in net pension liability from changes in the discount for years ending June 30, 2019 for Plan A are as follows:

		Plan A	
	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(6.0%)	(7.0%)	(8.0%)
Net Pension Liability	\$ 544,822,719	\$ 417,866,149	\$ 310,528,354

Changes in net pension liability from changes in the discount for years ending June 30, 2019 for Plan B are as follows:

		Plan B	
	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease (6.0%)	Discount Rate (7.0%)	Increase (8.0%)
Net Pension Liability	\$ 116,590,094	\$ 87,481,335	\$ 62,863,172

NOTE 9 – CHANGE IN NET PENSION LIABILITY

The effects of certain other changes in the net pension liability are required to be included in pension expense over the current and future periods. The effects on the total pension liability of (1) changes of economic and demographic assumptions or of other inputs and (2) differences between expected and actual experience are required to be included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees), determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. The effect on net pension liability of differences between the projected earnings on pension plan investments and actual experience with regard to those earnings is required to be included in pension expense in a with the current period.

The changes in the net pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2019 were recognized in the current reporting period as pension expense except as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Differences between Expected and Actual Experience

The differences between expected and actual experience for Plan A and Plan B resulted in deferred inflows of resources and pension expense (benefit) as of June 30, 2019 as follows:

			Plan A			
				 June	e 30,	2019
	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	Pension Expense (Benefit)	 Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows
2019 2018	\$ -0- -0-	\$ 7,352,601 10,587,580	\$	\$ -0- -0-	\$	4,901,737 5,293,790
2017	\$ -0-	\$ 4,134,368	\$ (4,134,368)	-0-		-0-
				\$ -0-	\$	10,195,527
			Plan B	Iun	<u>- 30</u>	,2019
	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	Pension Expense (Benefit)	Deferred Outflows	<u></u>	Deferred Inflows
2019	\$ -0-	\$ 2,963,047	\$ (987,682)	\$ -0-	\$	1,975,365
2018	-0-	2,861,773	(1,430,894)	-0-		1,430,879
2017	-0-	947,848	(473,925)	-0-		473,923
2016	\$ 226,615	\$ -0-	\$ 226,615	-0-	_	
				\$ -0-	\$	3,880,167

Differences between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings

The differences between projected and actual investment earnings for Plan A and Plan B resulted in deferred outflows of resources and pension expense as of June 30, 2019 as follows;

			Plan A			
				 June 30), 20	19
	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	Pension Expense (Benefit)	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows
2019	\$ 17,395,262	\$ -0-	\$ 3,479,052	\$ 13,916,210	\$	-0-
2018	7,253,726	-0-	1,813,435	5,440,291		-0-
2017	11,349,545	-0-	3,783,181	7,566,364		-0-
2016	29,040,960	-0-	14,520,480	14,520,480		-0-
2015	\$ 15,809,046	\$ -0-	\$ 15,809,046	-0-		-0-
				\$ 41,443,345	\$	-0-

Plar	ı B
1 1611	

						June 30), 20	19
		Deferred	Deferred	Pension Expense		Deferred		Deferred
	_	Outflows	Inflows	(Benefit)	_	Outflows	_	Inflows
2019	\$	4,002,113	\$ -0-	\$ 800,423	\$	3,201,690	\$	-0-
2018		1,705,880	-0-	426,473		1,279,407		-0-
2017		2,460,228	-0-	820,076		1,640,152		-0-
2016		6,185,380	-0-	3,092,693		3,092,687		-0-
2015	\$	3,396,124	\$ -0-	\$ 3,396,124		-0-		-0-
					\$	9,213,936	\$	-0-

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs

The changes in assumptions for Plan A and Plan B resulted in deferred outflows of resources and pension expense as of June 30, 2019 as follows:

			Plan A				
				_	June 3	0, 20	19
	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	Pension Expense (Benefit)	_	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows
2019 2018	\$ 9,114,476 8,967,203	\$ -0- -0-	\$ 3,038,169 4,483,602	\$	6,076,307 4,483,601	\$	-0- -0-
2017	\$ 3,497,550	\$ -0-	\$ 3,497,550	\$	-0- 10,559,908	\$	-0- -0-
			Plan B				
				_	June 3	0,20	19
	Deferred	Deferred	Pension Expense		Deferred		Deferred
	Outflows	Inflows	(Benefit)		Outflows		Inflows
2019	\$ 5,625,363	\$ -0-	\$ 1,875,124	\$	3,750,239	\$	-0-
2018	2,002,239	-0-	1,001,120		1,001,119		-0-
2017	\$ 1,162,950	\$ -0-	\$ 581,475		581,475		-0-
				\$	5,332,833	\$	-0-

Changes in Proportion

Changes in the employer's proportionate shares of the collective net pension liability and collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources since the prior measurement date were recognized in employer's pension expense (benefit) using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided pensions through the pension plan. The unamortized amounts arising from changes in the employers' proportionate shares are presented in the schedule of pension amounts by employer as deferred outflows or deferred inflows as of June 30, 2019.

NOTE 10 - CONTRIBUTIONS - PROPORTIONATE SHARE

Differences between contributions remitted to the System and the employer's proportionate share are recognized in pension expense (benefit) using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with a pension through the pension plan. The resulting deferred inflow/outflow and amortization is not reflected in the schedule of pension amounts by employer due to differences that could arise between contributions reported by the System and contributions reported by the participating employer.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 11 – RETIRMENT FUND AUDIT REPORT

The Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana has issued a stand-alone audit report on their financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019. Access to the report can be found on the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's website, <u>www.lla.gov</u>.

NOTE 12 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The System evaluated all subsequent events through January 29, 2020, the date the employer schedules were available to be issued. As a result, management noted no subsequent events that required adjustment to, or disclosure in, these employer pension schedules.

NOTE 13 – ESTIMATES

The process of preparing the schedule of employer allocations and schedule of pension amounts in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumption regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. According, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

B. Municipal Police Employees Retirement System of Louisiana

The Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System (System) is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by Act 189 of 1973 to provide retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to municipal police officers in Louisiana.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System prepares its employer schedules in accordance with Governmental Accounting Statement No. 68 - Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. GASB Statement No. 68 established standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses/expenditures. It provides methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. It also provides methods to calculate participating employer's proportionate share of net pension liability, deferred inflows, deferred outflows, pension expense, and amortization periods for deferred inflows and deferred outflows.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

A. Basis of Accounting

The System's employer schedules were prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions, for which the employer allocations are based, are recognized in the period in which the employee is compensated for services performed.

B. System Employees

The System is not allowed a proportionate share of the net pension liability related to its employees. The net pension liability attributed to the System's employees is allocated to the remaining employers based on their respective employer allocation percentage.

C. Pension Amount Netting

The deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources resulting from differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments that were recorded in different years were netted to report only a deferred outflow or a deferred inflow on the schedule of pension amounts. The remaining categories of deferred outflows and deferred inflows were presented on a net basis.

D. Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Plan fiduciary net pension is a significant component of the System's collective net pension liability. The System's plan fiduciary net position was determined using the accrual basis of accounting. The System's assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses were recorded with the use of estimates and assumptions in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Such estimates primarily related to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements and estimates over the determination of the fair market value of the System's investments. Accordingly, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

NOTE 2 – PLAN DESCRIPTION

The Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System is the administrator of a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan. Membership in the System is mandatory for any full-time police officer employed by a municipality of the State of Louisiana and engaged in law enforcement, empowered to make arrests, provided he or she does not have to pay social security and providing he or she meets the statutory criteria. The System provides retirement benefits for municipal police officers. The projections of benefit payments in the calculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive employees through the System in accordance with benefits terms and any additional legal agreements to provide benefits that are in force at the measurement date.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Benefit provisions are authorized within Act 189 of 1973 and amended by LRS 11:2211 - 11:2233. The following is a brief description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

A. Membership Prior to January 1, 2013

A member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of the System and has 25 years of creditable service at any age or has 20 years of creditable service and is age 50 or has 12 years creditable service and is age 55. A member is eligible for early retirement after he has been a member of the System for 20 years of creditable service at any age with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Benefit rates are 3.33% of average final compensation (average monthly earnings during the highest 36 consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted) per number of years of creditable service not to exceed 100% of final salary.

Upon the death of an active contributing member, or disability retiree, the plan provides for surviving spouses and minor children. Under certain conditions outlined in the statutes, the benefits range from 40% to 60% of the member's average final compensation for the surviving spouse. In addition, each child under age 18 receives benefits equal to 10% of the member's average final compensation or \$200 per month, whichever is greater.

B. Membership Commencing January 1, 2013

Member eligibility for regular retirement, early retirement, disability and survivor benefits are based on Hazardous Duty and Non-Hazardous Duty sub plans. Under the Hazardous Duty sub plan, a member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of the System and has 25 years of creditable service at any age or has 12 years of creditable service at age 55. Under the Non-Hazardous Duty sub plan, a member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of the System and has 30 years of creditable service at any age, 25 years of creditable service at age 55, or 10 years of creditable service at age 60. Under both sub plans, a member is eligible for early retirement after he has been a member of the System for 20 years of creditable service at any age, with an actuarially reduced benefit from age 55.

Under the Hazardous and Non-Hazardous Duty sub plans, the benefit rates are 3% (generally) and 2.5%, respectively, of average final compensation (average monthly earnings during the highest 60 consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted) per number of years of creditable service not to exceed 100% of final salary.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Upon death of an active contributing member, or disability retiree, the plan provides for surviving spouses and minor children. Under certain conditions outlined in the statues, the benefits range from 25% to 55% of the member's average final compensation for the surviving spouse. In addition, each child under age 18 receives 10% of average final compensation or \$200 per month whichever is greater. If deceased member had less than 10 years of service, beneficiary will receive a refund of employee contributions only.

C. Cost-of-Living Adjustments

The Board of Trustees is authorized to provide annual cost-of-living adjustments computed on the amount of the current regular retirement, disability, beneficiary or survivor's benefit, not to exceed 3% in any given year. The Board is authorized to provide an additional 2% COLA, computed on the member's original benefit, to all regular retirees, disability, survivors and beneficiaries who are 65 years of age or older on the cut-off date which determines eligibility.

No regular retiree, survivor or beneficiary shall be eligible to receive a cost-of-living adjustment until benefits have been received at least one full fiscal year and the payment of such COLA, when authorized, shall not be effective until the lapse of at least one-half of the fiscal year. Members who elect early retirement are not eligible for a cost-of-living adjustment until they reach regular retirement age. A COLA may only be granted if funds are available from interest earnings in excess of normal requirements, as determined by the actuary.

D. Deferred Retirement Option Plan

A member is eligible to elect to enter the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) when he is eligible for regular retirement based on the members' sub plan participation. Upon filing the application for the program, the employee's active membership in the System is terminated. At the entry date into the DROP, the employee and employer contributions cease. The amount to be deposited into the DROP account is equal to the benefit computed under the retirement plan elected by the participant at the date of application. The duration of participation in the DROP is 36 months or less. If employment is terminated after the three-year period the participant may receive his benefits by lump sum payment or a true annuity. If employment is not terminated, active contributing membership into the System shall resume and upon later termination, he shall receive additional retirement benefit based on the additional service. For those eligible to enter DROP prior to January 1, 2004, DROP accounts shall earn interest subsequent to the termination of DROP participation at a rate of half of one percentage point below the percentage rate of return of the System's investment portfolio as certified by the actuary on an annual basis but will never lose money. For those eligible to enter DROP subsequent to January 1, 2004, an irrevocable election is made to earn interest based on the System's investment portfolio return or a money market investment return. This could result in a negative earnings rate being applied to the account.

If a member elects a money market investment return, the funds are transferred to a government money market account and earn interest at the money market rate.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

E. Initial Benefit Option Plan

In 1999, the State Legislature authorized the System to establish an Initial Benefit Option program. Initial Benefit Option is available to members who are eligible for regular retirement and have not participated in DROP. The Initial Benefit Option program provides both a one-time single sum payment of up to 36 months of regular monthly retirement benefit, plus a reduced monthly retirement benefit for life. Interest is computed on the balance based on same criteria as DROP.

NOTE 3 – EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Contributions for all members are actuarially determined as required by state law but cannot be less than 9% of the employees' earnable compensation excluding overtime but including state supplemental pay.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, total contributions due from employers and employees were as follows:

	Co	ntribution Rates	
	Employee	<u>Employer</u>	Total
Members hired prior to 1/1/2013	10.00%	32.25%	42.25%
Hazardous Duty Members hired after 1/1/2013	10.00%	32.25%	42.25%
Non-Hazardous Duty Members hired after 1/1/2013	8.00%	32.25%	40.25%
Members whose earnable compensation is less than			
the poverty guidelines	7.50%	34.75%	42.25%

Non-Employer Contributions

The System also receives insurance premium tax monies as additional employer contributions. The tax is considered support from a non-contributing entity and appropriated by the legislature each year based on an actuarial duty. Non-employer contributions were recognized as revenue during the year ended June 30, 2019 and excluded from pension expense.

NOTE 4 – SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER ALLOCATIONS

The schedule of employer allocations reports the historical employer contributions in addition to the employer allocation percentages for each participating employer. The historical employer contributions are used to determine the proportionate relationship of each employer to all employers of the Municipal Police Employee's Retirement System. The employer's proportion was determined on a basis that is consistent with the manner in which contributions to the pension plan are determined. The allocation percentages were used in calculating each employer's proportionate share of pension amounts.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The allocation method used in determining each employer's proportion was based on each employer's contributions to the System during the year ended June 30, 2019, as compared to the total of all employer's contributions to the System for during the year ended June 30, 2019.

NOTE 5 – SCHEDULE OF PENSION AMOUNTS BY EMPLOYER

The schedule of pension amounts by employer displays each employer's allocation of the net pension liability, the various categories of deferred outflows of resources, the various categories of deferred inflows of resources, and the various categories of pension expense. The schedule of pension amounts by employer was prepared using the allocations included in the schedule of employer allocation.

NOTE 6 – DISAGGREGATED PENSION AMOUNTS

<u>Changes in Deferred Inflows and Outflows</u> Net Pension Liability	\$	Amounts from the 2019 Employer Pension Report 161,845	\$ 2020 Employer Specific Amounts -0-	\$ <u>2020 Total</u> <u>Pension</u> <u>Amounts</u> 161,845
Deferred Outflows		54,684	(2,145)	52,539
Deferred Outflows – Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date		-0-	35,559	35,559
Deferred Inflows – Differences b/w Expected & Actual Experience		28,426	-0-	28,426
Pension Expense		33,468	2,145	35,613
Revenue	\$	3,669	\$ -0-	\$ 3,669

NOTE 7 – ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

The net pension liability was measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position.

The components of the net pension liability of the System's employers as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Total Pension Liability	\$ 3,132,449,454
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(2,224,281,981)
Total Collective Net Pension Liability	\$ 908,167,473

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 actuarial funding valuation and were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2014. In cases where the benefit structures were changed after the study period, assumptions were based on estimates of future experiences.

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method	June 30, 2019 Entry Age Normal Cost	
Actuarial Assumptions:	Lina Jigo Roman Cost	
Investment Rate of Return	7.125%, net of investment expense	
Expected Remaining	2019 – 4 years	
Service Lives	2018 – 4 years	
	2017 – 4 years	
	2016 – 4 years	
Inflation Rate	2.50%	
Salary increases,	<u>Years of Service</u>	Salary Growth Rate
including inflation	1-2	9.75%
and merit	3-23	4.75%
	Over 23	4.25%
Mortality	RP-2000 Combined Healthy with I	
	Distinct Tables projected to 2029 b	
	for females) for healthy annuitants	and beneficiaries.
	RP-2000 Disabled Lives Table set	-
	set back 3 years for females for dis	abled annuitants.
	RP-2000 Employee Table set back	4 years for males and 3 years
	for females for active members.	
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	The present value of future retirem	
	benefits currently being paid by the	-
	previously granted cost-of-living in	-
	do not include provisions for poter	-
	authorized by the Board of Trustee	s.

The mortality rate assumption used was set based on an experience study performed by the prior actuary on plan data for the period July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2014, and review of similar law enforcement mortality. The data was assigned credibility weighting and combined with a standard table to produce current levels of mortality. This mortality was then projected forward to a period equivalent to the estimated duration of the System's liabilities. Annuity values calculated based on this mortality were compared to those produced by using a set-back of standard tables. The result of the procedure indicated that the table used would produce liability values approximating the appropriate generational mortality tables.

The best estimates of the arithmetic nominal rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target allocation as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

	June 30, 2019				
		Long-Term			
		Expected			
	Target	Portfolio Real			
<u>Asset Class</u>	Allocation	Rate of Return			
Equity	48.50%	3.28%			
Fixed Income	33.50%	0.80%			
Alternative	18.00%	1.06%			
Other	0.00%	0.00%			
Totals	100.00%	5.14%			
Inflation		2.75%			
Expected Nominal Return		7.89%			

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.125%. The projection of cashflows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 8 - SENSITIVITY TO CHANGES IN DISCOUNT RATE

The following presents the net pension liability of the participating employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.125%, as well as what the employers' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower, 6.125% or one percentage point higher, 8.125%, than the current rate as of June 30, 2019.

		Changes in Discount Rate	
	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	6.125%	7.125%	8.125%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,265,376,513	\$ 908,167,473	\$ 608,504,802

NOTE 9 – CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY

The changes in the net pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2019, were recognized in the current reporting period as pension expense except as follows:

Differences between Expected and Actual Experience:

The differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic or demographic factors in the measurement of the total pension liability were recognized as pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining services lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan. The differences between expected and actual experience resulted in deferred inflows of resources as of June 30, 2019, as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

						June	; 30, 2	2019
		Deferred		Deferred	Pension Expense	Deferred		Deferred
	_	Outflows	_	Inflows	(Benefit)	Outflows	_	Inflows
2019	\$	-0-	\$	788,461	\$ (197,115)	\$ -0-	\$	591,346
2018		-0-		41,023,342	(13,674,447)	-0-		27,348,895
2017		3,811,095		-0-	1,905,547	1,905,548		-0-
2016	\$	-0-	\$	2,178,629	\$ (2,178,629)	-0-		-0-
					Totals	\$ 1,905,548	\$ _	27,940,241

Differences between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings:

The differences between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments were recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed five-year period. The difference between projected and actual investment earnings resulted in a deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2019, as follows:

				June	30, 2	2019	
	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	Pension Expense (Benefit)	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	Net Deferred Outflows
2019	\$ 73,652,124	\$ -0-	\$ 14,730,425	\$ 58,921,699	\$	-0-	\$ 58,921,699
2018	5,889,051	-0-	1,472,263	4,416,788		-0-	4,416,788
2017	-0-	61,454,213	(20,484,738)	-0-		40,969,475	(40,969,475)
2016	73,266,234	-0-	36,633,117	36,633,117		-0-	36,633,117
2015	\$ 22,825,814	\$ -0-	\$ 22,825,814	-0-		-0-	-0-
			Totals	\$ 99,971,604	\$	40,969,475	\$ 59,002,129

Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs:

The changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors were recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan. The changes of assumptions or other inputs resulted in deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources as of June 30, 2019, as follows:

								June 1	30, 20	019
		Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows		Pension Expense (Benefit)		Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows
2019	\$	24,575,373	· s -	-0-		6,143,843		18,431,530	\$ -	-0-
2018	Ψ	29,022,656	Ψ	-0-	Ψ	9,674,219	Ψ	19,348,437	Ψ	-0-
2017		26,224,131		-0-		13,112,066		13,112,065		-0-
2016	\$	-0-	\$	-0-	\$	-0-		-0-	_	-0-
						Totals	\$	50.892.032	s -	-0-

Changes in Proportion:

Changes in the employer's proportionate shares of the collective net pension liability and collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources since the prior measurement date were recognized in employer's pension expense (benefit) using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided pensions through the pension plan. The unamortized amount arising from changes in the employer's proportionate shares are presented in the Schedule of Pension Amounts as deferred outflows or deferred inflows as of June 30, 2019.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 10 – CONTRIBUTIONS – PROPORTIONATE SHARE

Differences between contributions remitted to the System and the employer's proportionate share are recognized in pension expense (benefit) using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provide with a pension through the pension plan. The resulting deferred inflow/outflow and amortization is not reflected in the schedule of employer amounts due to differences that could arise between contributions reported by the System and contributions reported by the participating employer.

NOTE 11 – RETIREMENT SYSTEM AUDIT REPORT

Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System issued a stand-alone audit report on its financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019. Access to the audit report can be found on the System's website: <u>www.lampers.org</u> or on the Office of Louisiana Legislative Auditor's official website: <u>www.lla.state.la.us</u>.

NOTE 12 – ESTIMATES

The process of preparing the schedule of employer allocations and schedule of pension amounts in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumption regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. According, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

7. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

8. ENCUMBRANCES

The Town does not utilize encumbrance accounting.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

9. TRANSFERS

Transfers In/(Out)	11 61	Amount
General	\$	120,366
Street Bond		1
LCDBG Water Intake		1
Sewer		(94,841)
Water		(25,527)
Total	\$	-0-

The transfers were made to pay other fund expenses.

10. ELECTED OFFICIALS SALARIES

Name	Title	Term	Annual Salary
Sherrie McMahon	Mayor	7/1/2016 - 6/30/2020	\$ 44,000
Glen Henderson	Alderman	7/1/2016 - 6/30/2020	6,300
Andre Keys	Alderman	7/1/2016 - 6/30/2020	6,300
Gloria Lloyd	Alderman	7/1/2016 - 6/30/2020	6,300
Sandra Gail Pryor	Alderman	7/1/2016 - 6/30/2020	6,300
Arthur Lewis	Chief of Police	7/1/2016 - 6/30/2020	\$ 45,360

*Council is paid \$500 for regular meetings and \$100 for special meetings.

11. UTILITY RATES

Rate Schedule:

Water	Residential - 35.00 for the 1 st 2,000 gal., 4.50 per 1,000 thereafter Commercial - 80.00 for the 1 st 10,000 gal., 4.50 per 1,000 thereafter Nonresidential - 35.00 for the 1 st 2,000 gal., 4.50 per 1,000 thereafter
Sewer	Residential \$17.50 for the 1 st 2,000 gal., \$2.50 per 1,000 thereafter Commercial \$50.00 for the 1 st 2,000 gal., \$2.50 per 1,000 thereafter Prison \$300.00 for the 1 st 2,000 gal., \$0.3.00 per 1,000 thereafter
Garbage	Residential \$15.00 flat fee Commercials \$22.00 flat fee

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The Town of Ferriday Enterprise Fund has the following rates:

Tap Fee (Water or Sewer)	\$ 750
Residential Water Deposit	100
Commercial Water Deposit	150
Connection Fee	105
Reconnect Fee	105
Tamper Fee	105
Transfer Fee	20
NSF Fee	\$ 30

12. INSURANCE

Туре	Agency	Amount	Date Expired
General Liability	Catahoula Insurance		7/10/2020
General aggregate	Agency Inc.	\$2,000,000	
Each occurrence limit		1,000,000	
Personal injury		1,000,000	
Damages to premises rented		100,000	
Products – comp/op		2,000,000	
Sewage Backup		250,000	
Workmen's Compensation	Catahoula Insurance		12/13/2020
Each accident	Agency Inc.	\$100,000	
Disease – each employee		100,000	
Disease – policy limit		500,000	
Property Insurance	Burns & Wilcox Brokerage	\$68,000	7/1/2021
Auto Liability	Catahoula Insurance		
Liability	Agency Inc.	\$500,000	3/21/2021
Physical Damage		305,306	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

13. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

Governmental Funds: A prior period adjustment of \$10,141 was made to correct accounts receivable and allowance for bad debts.

Enterprise Funds: A prior period adjustment of \$369 was made in the sewer activities account to correct accounts receivable, fixed assets and accumulated depreciation, and revenue bonds payable. A prior period adjustment of \$134,235 was made in the water activities account to correct accounts receivable, fixed assets and accumulated depreciation.

14. CONTINGENCIES

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the coronavirus outbreak a "Public Health Emergency of International Concern" and on March 10, 2020, declared it to be a pandemic. Actions taken around the world to help mitigate the spread of the coronavirus include restrictions on travel, and quarantines in certain areas, and forced closures for certain types of public place and businesses. The coronavirus and actions taken to mitigate it have had and are expected to have an adverse impact on the economies and financial markets of many countries, including the geographical area in which the Entity operates. While the disruption is currently expected to be temporary, there is considerable uncertainty around the duration. Therefore, while the Town anticipates this could negatively affect its operating results, the related financial impact and duration cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated events and transactions subsequent to the Statement of Net Position date through, December 10, 2020, of the independent auditor's report for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Actual

TOWN OF FERRIDAY, LOUISIANA

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, & Changes in Fund Balance Budget & Actual General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	BUDGET AMOUNTS		Amounts			
	-	Original	Final	Budgetary Basis		VARIANCES Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES	-	0	2			
Fees & Charges	\$	189,852 \$	185,767	\$ 187,704	\$	1,937
Taxes		1,467,000	1,486,295	1,508,324		22,029
Licenses & Permits		73,100	139,420	144,457		5,037
Fines		350,000	301,878	263,792		(38,086)
Interest Income		110	44	39		(5)
Reimbursements		-0-	333,740	278,117		(55,623)
Capital Grants		354,761	10,841	44,284		33,443
Other General Revenues		122,300	125,006	66,321		(58,685)
TOTAL REVENUES		2,557,123	2,582,991	2,493,038		(89,953)
Expenditures						
General & Administrative		2,240,921	2,048,025	704,541		1,343,484
Public Safety:		2,240,921	2,040,025	704,541		1,545,464
Fire		-0-	-0-	246,783		(246,783)
Police		145,000	106,690	865,800		(759,110)
Street		3,000	-0-	291,188		(291,188)
Sanitation		156,000	175,184	160,286		14,898
Recreation		-0-	-0-	35,115		(35,115)
Debt Service		-0-	-0-	-0-		-0-
Capital Outlay		-0-	114,120	93,006		21,114
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		2,544,921	2,444,019	2,396,719		47,300
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER		10.000				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		12,202	138,972	96,319		(42,653)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In/(Out)		-0-	-0-	120,366		120,366
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		-0-	-0-	120,366		120,366
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$_	12,202 \$	138,972	216,685	\$_	77,713
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT				10,141		
Fund Balance - Beginning Fund Balance - Ending				<u> </u>		
					-	

TOWN OF FERRIDAY, LOUISIANA Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the Town Council. Amendments can be made on the approval of the Town Council. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Statement 3

TOWN OF FERRIDAY, LOUISIANA

Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Louisiana Municipal Employees' Retirement System

				Town's Proportionate Share of	
	Town's Proportion	Town's Proportionate	Town's Covered-	the Net Pension Liability as a	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a
	of the Net Position	Share of the Net Pension	Employee Payroll	Percentage of Its Covered-	Percentage of the Total Pension
Year	Liability	Liability		Employee Payroll	Liability
2015	.5437%	\$255,275	\$358,971	129.23%	76.94%
2016	.5173%	\$351,613	\$237,395	97.95%	68.71%
2017	.3231%	\$267,850	\$412,990	88.63%	63.34%
2018	.5564%	\$481,404	\$386,898	116.57%	63.49%
2019	.5180%	\$438,208	\$377,281	113.26%	65.60%
2020	.5031%	\$440,818	\$374,793	150.10%	66.14%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

Statement 4

TOWN OF FERRIDAY, LOUISIANA

Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Louisiana Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System

	Town's Proportion of the Net Position	Town's Proportionate Share of the Net	Town's Covered-	Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Its	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension
Year	Liability	Pension Liability	Employee Payroll	Covered-Employee Payroll	Liability
2015	0.02%	\$93,873	\$43,517	216.72%	75.10%
2016	0.01%	\$116,359	\$69,064	168.48%	70.73%
2017	0.02%	\$206,605	\$45,268	456.40%	66.04%
2018	0.01%	\$123,003	\$42,060	292.45%	70.08%
2019	0.01%	\$101,001	\$35,260	286.45%	71.89%
2020	0.01%	\$161,845	\$55,712	290.50%	71.01%

*This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

Schedule of the Town's Contributions Louisiana Municipal Employees' Retirement System

	Contractually	Contributions in Relation to			Contribution as a
	Required	Contractually Required	Contribution	Employer's	Percentage of Covered
Year	Contributions	Contributions	Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Employee Payroll
2015	\$33,861	\$(33,861)	-0-	\$358,971	9.43%
2016	\$22,553	\$(22,553)	-0-	\$237,395	9.50%
2017	\$45,428	\$(45,428)	-0-	\$412,990	11.00%
2018	\$51,264	\$(51,264)	-0-	\$386,898	13.25%
2019	\$52,819	\$(52,819)	-0-	\$377,281	14.00%
2020	\$53,930	\$(53,930)	-0-	\$374,793	14.39%

*This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

Schedule of the Town's Contributions Louisiana Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System

	Contractually	Contributions in Relation to			Contribution as a
	Required	Contractually Required	Contribution	Employer's	Percentage of Covered
Year	Contributions	Contributions	Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Employee Payroll
 2019	\$14,640	\$(14,640)	-0-	\$45,312	32.31%
2020	\$14,613	\$(16,237)	\$1,624	\$45,360	32.2%

*This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

OTHER INFORMATION

Town of Ferriday, Louisiana Schedule of Compensation Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Honorable Sherrie McMahon, Mayor

Purpose	Amount
Salary	\$ 44,000
Benefits-Insurance	-0-
Benefits-Retirement	4,738
Benefits (Expense Allowance)	-0-
Car Allowance	-0-
Vehicle Provided by Government	-0-
Per Diem	-0-
Reimbursements	404
Travel	629
Registration Fees	-0-
Conference Travel	-0-
Continuing Professional Education Fees	-0-
Housing	-0-
Un-vouchered Expenses*	-0-
Special Meals	\$ -0-

*An example of an un-vouchered expense would be a travel advance.

OTHER REPORTS

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American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Society of Louisiana Certified Public Accountants

Association of Certified Fraud Examiners

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Rydell Turner, Mayor and Members of the Town Council Ferriday, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards general accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the business-type activities as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Ferriday, Louisiana's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 10, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Ferriday, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Ferriday, Louisiana's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Ferriday, Louisiana's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the antity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material

weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs that we consider to be significant deficiencies: **2020-3 Customer Deposit Cash**.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Ferriday, Louisiana's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items: **2020-1 Safe Drinking Water Fee and 2020-2 Maintain Reserve Accounts Required by Bond Covenants**.

The Town of Ferriday's Response to Findings

The Town of Ferriday's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Cost. The Town of Ferriday's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a public document and its distribution is not limited.

The Vercher Group

Jena, Louisiana December 10, 2020

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Town of Ferriday, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and have issued our report thereon December 10, 2020. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section I Summary of Auditor's Results

Our audit of the financial statements as of June 30, 2020, resulted in an unmodified opinion.

a. Report on Internal Control and Compliance Material to the Financial Statements

	Internal Control Material Weaknesses Yes Significant Deficiencies Yes
	Compliance Compliance Material to Financial Statements XYes
b.	Federal Awards (Not Applicable)
	Internal Control Material Weaknesses Yes No Other Conditions Yes No
	Type of Opinion on ComplianceUnmodifiedQualifiedFor Major ProgramsDisclaimerAdverse
	Are the findings required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance?
c.	Identification of Major Programs:
	CFDA Number (s) Name of Federal Program (or Cluster)
	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B Programs:\$750,000
	Is the auditee a 'low-risk' auditee, as defined by OMB Uniform Guidance?

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST – (CONT.) For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Section II Financial Statement Findings

<u>2020-1 Safe Drinking Water Fee</u> (Compliance)

Condition: The Town did not remit Safe Drinking Water Fee payments from years 2002 to 2012.

Criteria: For this period, the Town should have remitted \$2.88 per service connection annually to the State.

Cause of Condition: The Town was not aware of the fees or the need for them to be remitted to the State.

Effect of Condition: The Town is not in compliance with the Safe Drinking Water Program under OPH.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Town pay the fees owed of approximately \$45,000.

Client Response: Management will work to correct this issue.

<u>2020-2 Maintain Reserve Accounts Required by Bond Covenants</u> (Compliance)

Condition: The Town did not maintain reserve accounts required in bond covenants.

Criteria: The Town is required to maintain a Debt Service Fund, Reserve Fund, and Depreciation and Contingencies Fund and maintain as required in bond covenants.

Cause of Condition: Oversight/lack of knowledge of requirements.

Effect of Condition: Noncompliance with bond covenants.

Recommendation: The Town should maintain its reserve account in accordance with bond covenant requirements.

Client Response: The Town will maintain reserve accounts as required and fund the accounts according to the bond covenants.

<u>2020-3 Customer Deposit Cash</u> (Internal Control)

Condition: The customer deposit liability exceeds the amount of cash available. Customer deposits per the general and subsidiary ledgers are \$95,075. The related available cash for these deposits was \$79,590, which leaves an underfunded amount of \$15,485.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST – (CONT.) For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Section II Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

Criteria: There should be sufficient cash to cover customer deposits.

Cause of Condition: The customer deposits assets and liability accounts are not being reviewed and reconciled appropriately.

Effect of Condition: Significant deficiency in internal controls.

Recommendation: We recommend that all customer deposit-related accounts be reviewed and reconciled appropriately.

Client Response: Management will work to correct this issue.

Section III Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

Not Applicable.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION FOR CURRENT YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

FINDINGS:

2020-1 Safe Drinking Water Fee

Finding: The Town did not remit Safe Drinking Water Fee payments from years 2002 to 2012. For this period, the Town should have remitted \$2.88 per service connection annually to the State.

Corrective Action: The Town will begin paying the fees to the State of approximately \$45,000.

Contact Person: Rydell Turner, Mayor

Anticipated Completion Date: June 30, 2021

2020-2 Maintain Reserve Accounts Required by Bond Covenants

Finding: The Town did not maintain reserve accounts required in bond covenants. The Town is required to maintain a Debt Service Fund, Reserve Fund, and Depreciation and Contingencies Fund and maintain as required in bond covenants.

Corrective Action: The Town will maintain reserve accounts as required and fund the accounts according to the bond covenants.

Contact Person: Rydell Turner, Mayor

Anticipated Completion Date: June 30, 2021

2020-3 Customer Deposit Cash

Findings: The customer deposit liability exceeds the amount of cash available. Customer deposits per the general and subsidiary ledgers are \$95,075. The related available cash for these deposits was \$79,590, which leaves an underfunded amount of \$15,485. There should be sufficient cash to cover customer deposits.

Corrective Action: Management will work to correct this issue.

Contact Person: Rydell Turner, Mayor

Anticipated Completion Date: June 30, 2021

MANAGEMENT LETTER COMMENTS

During the course of our audit, we observed conditions and circumstances that may be improved. Below are situations that may be improved (if any) and recommendations for improvements.

CURRENT YEAR MANAGEMENT LETTER COMMENTS

There are no current year management letter comments.

MANAGEMENT'S SUMMARY OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

Legislative Auditor State of Louisiana Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9397

The management of the Town of Ferriday, Louisiana has provided the following action summaries relating to audit findings brought to their attention as a result of their financial audit for the year ended June 30, 2019.

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

2019-1 Maintenance of Utility Subsidiary Ledgers (Resolved)

Condition: The accounts receivable listing includes many old uncollectible accounts, causing the subsidiary ledgers to reflect a number much larger than the true receivable amount.

Criteria: Maintenance of subsidiary ledgers is a key component of an adequate system of internal control.

Cause of Condition: Several years ago, the Town entered into a contract with a private water company which required the water company to operate all of the water system. Their requirements under this contract include the production of water, delivery of water, reading of meters, billing for water consumption, collection of water fees, and maintenance of customer billings. The Town accounts for the transactions in the general ledger, which is maintained by a private external CPA.

Effect of Condition: Material weakness in internal controls.

Recommendation: We recommend that the town and the private contractor review, on a monthly basis, the subsidiary ledger to determine those accounts that need to be purged from the system. The uncollectible accounts should be removed by the contractors and, at the same time, the Town should make entries on the general ledger.

Client Response: Management will work to correct this issue.

2019-2 Financial Statement (Resolved)

Condition: The Town's audited financial statements were not completed and submitted to the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's office by the statutory date of December 31, 2019.

Criteria: To be in good standing with the Legislative Auditor, the audited financial statements should be completed and submitted to their office by December 31.

MANAGEMENT'S SUMMARY OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS (CONTINUED)

Cause of Condition: Management was unable to have a complete set of books available intime for the external auditor to complete the audit by its due date.

Effect of Condition: Material noncompliance relating to the financial statements.

Recommendation: We recommend that management have all necessary books and records available as soon as possible after year-end.

Client Response: Management will work closely with the external auditors to ensure that the audited financial statements are submitted to the Legislative Auditor by the statutory due date.

2019-3 Customer Deposit Cash (Unresolved)

Condition: The customer deposit liability exceeds the amount of cash available. Customer deposits per the general and subsidiary ledgers are \$86,054. The related available cash for these deposits was \$79,590, which leaves an underfunded amount of \$6,464.

Criteria: There should be sufficient cash to cover customer deposits.

Cause of Condition: The customer deposits assets and liability accounts are not being reviewed and reconciled appropriately.

Effect of Condition: Material weakness in internal controls.

Recommendation: We recommend that all customer deposit-related accounts be reviewed and reconciled appropriately.

Client Response: Management will work to correct this issue.

2019-4 Safe Drinking Water Fees (Unresolved)

Condition: The Town did not remit Sage Drinking Water Fee payments from the years 2002 to 2012.

Criteria: For this period, the Town should have remitted \$2.88 per service connection annually to the state.

Cause of Condition: The Town was not aware of the fees or the need for them to be remitted to the state.

Effect of Condition: The Town is not in compliance with the Safe Drinking Water Program under OPH.

MANAGEMENT'S SUMMARY OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS (CONTINUED)

Recommendation: We recommend that the Town pay the fees owed of approximately \$45,000.

Client Response: Management will work to correct this issue.