Marksville, Louisiana

Financial Report
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Heath Pastor Avoyelles Parish Assessor Marksville, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund information of the Avoyelles Parish Assessor, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Assessor's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Avoyelles Parish Assessor, as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of

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### Other Matters

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Budgetary Comparison Schedule, the Schedules of Changes in total OPEB Liability & Related Ratios, the Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of Employer's Pension Contributions on pages 32 through 37 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Assessor has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 28, 2021, on our consideration of the Assessor's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provision of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Avoyelles Parish Assessor's internal control over financial reporting.

This report is intended for the information of the Avoyelles Parish Assessor and the Legislative Auditor of the State of Louisiana and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

DUCOTE & COMPANY Marksville, Louisiana September 28, 2021 BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Statement of Net Position December 31, 2020

### **ASSETS**

ASSETS	
Cash and interest-brearing deposits	\$958,981
Investments	1,100,088
Receivables	
Ad valorem tax. net	751,879
State revenue sharing	18,512
Other	1,398
Prepaid Items	50,000
Capital assets, net	67,421
Total Assets	2,948,277
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related	274,431
OPEB related	1,430,664
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,705,095
Total strained dulinovis of resources	
LIABILITIES	
Accounts and other payables	5,445
Long-term liabilities -	
Net OPEB obligation Payable	3,994,018
Net pension liability	120,034
Total liabilities	4,119,497
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related	197,792
Total deferred inflows of resources	197,792
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	67,421
Unrestricted	268,663
Total net position	\$336,084

# Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	<u> </u>	Program Revenue	es
Activities	Expenses	Charges for Services	Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Position
Governmental activities: General government	1,130,132	8,034	(\$1,122,099)
	General revenues		
	Ad valorem tax		855,959
	State revenue sharing		37,026
	Federal revenues shari	ng	3,413
	Non-employer pension	contribution	114,689
	Miscellaneous		
	Interest and investmen	t earnings	22,476
	Total general reven	ues	1,033,563
	Change in net posit	ion	(88,535)
	Net position, beginning		424,619
	Net position, ending		\$336,084

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Balance Sheet Governmental Fund - General Fund December 31, 2020

### ASSETS

ASSETS	
Cash and interest-brearing deposits	\$958,981
Investments	1,100,088
Receivables	
Ad valorem tax, net	751,879
State revenue sharing	18,512
Other	1,398
Prepaid Items	50,000
Total Assets	2,880,856
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	Ε
Accounts Payable	5,445
	3,443
Fund balance:	
Nonspendable-prepaid items	50,000
Unassigned	2,825,412
Total fund balance	2,875,412
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$2,880,856

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2020

Total fund balance for the governmental fund		\$2,875,412
Capital assets, net		67,421
Pension:		
Net position liability	(120,034)	
Deferred outflows of resources	274,431	
Deferred inflows of resources	(197,792)	(43,395)
Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB):		
Net OPEB obligation payable	(3,994,018)	
Deferred outflows of resources	1,430,664	(2,563,354)
Net position at December 31, 2020	_	\$336,084

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance -Governmental Fund - General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Revenues:		
Ad valorem tax		\$855,959
Intergovernmental Revenues		
State revenue sharing		37,026
Federal revenue sharing		3,413
Tax roll Fees		6,509
Miscellaneous Income		1,525
Interest on deposits		22,476
Total revenues		926,908
Expenditures: Current -		
Peronnel services and related benefits		591,863
Operating services		47,876.22
Materials and supplies		18,063
Travel and other charges		17,723
Capital outlay		13,926
Total expenditures		689,451
Change in fund balance		237,456
Fund balance, beginning	A.	2,637,955
Fund balance, ending		\$2,875,412

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance of Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Total net change in fund balance per the statement of revenues, expenditures and change in fund balance		\$237,456
Capital assets, net		
Capital outlay	13,926	
Depreciation Expense	(25,460)	(11,534)
Effect of change in net pension liability, and total OPEB liability and trelated deferred outflows/inflows of resources:	he	
Change in net OPEB expense	(372,186)	
Change in pension expense	(56,961)	
Nonemployer pension contribution revenues recognized	114,689	(314,458)
Total changes in net position per statement of activities	_	(\$88,535)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

### INTRODUCTION

As provided by Article VII, Section 24 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, the Assessor is elected by the voters of the parish and serves a term of four years. The Assessor assesses property, prepares tax rolls and submits the rolls to the Louisiana Tax Commission as prescribed by law.

The accompanying financial statements of the Avoyelles Parish Assessor (Assessor) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this note.

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### A. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include the fund of the reporting entity, which is considered to be a governmental activity. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Assessor's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses of other functions are not allocated to those functions but are reported separately in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines and charges paid by the recipients for goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

# B. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accounts of the Assessor are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The fund of the Assessor is classified as a governmental fund. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the entity or meets the following criteria:

a. Total assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

b. Total assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The major fund of the Assessor is described below:

#### Governmental Fund -

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the Assessor's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those account for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds.

### General Fund -

The General Fund is the principal fund of the Assessor and is used to account for the operations of the Assessor's office. The various fees and charges due to the Assessor's office are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures are paid from this fund.

### C. REPORTING ENTITY

This report includes all funds which are controlled by the Assessor as an independently elected parish official. Control by or dependence on the Assessor was determined on the basis of general oversight responsibility. The Assessor's office is located in the Courthouse and the upkeep and maintenance of the courthouse is paid by the Police Jury and certain operating expenditures of the Assessor's office are paid by the Police Jury.

As an independently elected official, the Assessor is solely responsible for the operations of his office, which includes the hiring or retention of employees, authority over budgeting, responsibility for deficits, and the receipt and disbursement of funds.

# D. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PRESENTATION

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

## a. Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery) and financial position. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with its activities are reported. Government-wide fund equity is classified as net position. In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

focus is used. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on its balance sheet. Their operating statement presents sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. This fund uses fund balance as its measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

### b. Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, the governmental activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues are classified by source and expenditures are classified by function and character. Expenditures (including capital outlay) generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

### c. Program revenues

Program revenues included in the statement of activities are derived directly from the program itself or from parties outside the Assessor's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the Assessor's general revenues.

### d. Revenues

Ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January I of each year. Taxes are levied in June and billed to the taxpayers by the Avoyelles Parish Sheriff in November. Billed taxes are due by December 31, becoming delinquent on January I of the following year. The taxes are based on assessed values determined by the Avoyelles Parish Assessor and are collected by the Sheriff.

### e. Use of Restricted Resources

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Assessor's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

### E. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS & EQUITY

### a. Cash and interest-bearing deposits

For purposes of the statement of net position, cash and interest-bearing deposits include all demand accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the Assessor.

#### b. Investments

The Assessor may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes and bills, government backed securities, or certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law as well as national banks having principal offices in Louisiana.

In accordance with GASB Statement No 31, Accounting And Financial Reporting For Certain Investments and For External Investment Pools, investments are reported at fair value which is the amount an investment can be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidated sale.

U.S. Treasury Notes are valued based on quoted market prices. Corporate bonds are valued based on yields currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings.

### c. Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include ad valorem taxes and state revenue sharing. Ad valorem taxes are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible taxes. At December 31, 2020, an allowance for ad valorem taxes was considered unnecessary due to immateriality.

### d. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2020, are recorded as prepaids. At December 31, 2020, the Assessors prepaid assets of \$50,000 consisted of rent paid in advance on a ten-year rental agreement with the Avoyelles Parish Police Jury for additional office space in their building. The agreement ends in December 2026.

## e. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities' column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Assessor maintains a threshold level of \$750 or more for capitalizing capital assets. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Furniture, fixtures, and equipment 5-20 years
Vehicles 5 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounting for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

### f. Compensated Absences

Employees of the Assessor's office earn from 5 to 10 days of vacation leave each year (depending on length of service) and 12 days of sick leave each year. Vacation leave does not accumulate and is not payable upon termination or retirement. Sick leave may be accumulated, however, at termination or retirement, unused sick leave is forfeited. At December 31, 2020, there are no accumulated or vested benefits relating to vacation or sick leave that are required to be accrued or reported.

### g. Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In some instances, the GASB requires a government to delay recognition of decreases in net position as expenditures until a future period. In other instances, governments are required to delay recognition of increases in net position as revenues until a future period. In these circumstances, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources result from the delayed recognition of expenditures or revenues, respectively.

### h. Equity Classifications

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

 Net investment in capital assets consists of net capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

- Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by
  external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other
  governments; or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted
  net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the
  restricted assets.
- Unrestricted net position consists of all other assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balances of the governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily upon the extent to which the Assessor is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. The categories and their purposes are:

- Non-spendable includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are
  in not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints requiring they
  remain intact.
- Restricted includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which
  are externally imposed by providers, such as grantors, donors, creditors, or amounts
  constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that
  are internally imposed by the government through formal decision of the Assessor, which
  is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Avoyelles Parish Assessor.
- 4. Assigned includes fund balance amounts that are constrained by the Assessor's intent to be used for specific purposes, that are neither restricted nor committed. Under the Assessor's adopted policy, only the Assessor may assign amounts for specified purposes.
- 5. Unassigned includes fund balance amounts which have not been classified within the above-mentioned categories.

When an expenditure is incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Assessor considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Assessor considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Assessor has provided otherwise in his commitment or assignment actions.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

### F. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the Unites States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### G. PENSIONS

The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, (described in more detail in Note 5), has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. Non-employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. In the governmental fund financial statements contributions are recognized as expenditures when due.

### H. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

The total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, (described in more detail in Note 7), has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. In the governmental fund financial statements contributions are recognized as expenditures when due.

### **NOTE 2. CASH AND INTEREST-BEARING DEPOSITS**

Under state law, the Assessor may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The Assessor may invest in certificates and time deposits of the state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana.

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Assessor's deposits may not be recovered or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Assessor does not have a policy for custodial credit risk; however, under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance, or the pledge of securities owned by the pledging financial institution. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the financial institution. These securities are held in the name of the pledging financial institution in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Deposit balances (bank balances) are as follows:

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Bank Balances	\$_	958,981
Insured	\$	958,981
Uninsured and collateral held by pledging the pledging bank not in the Assessor's Name	22	0
	\$	958,981

### NOTE 3. LOUISIANA ASSET MANAGEMENT POOL

The Assessor participates in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP). LAMP is administered by LAMP, Inc., a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana. Only local government entities having contracted to participate in LAMP have an investment interest in its pool of assets. The primary objective of LAMP is to provide a safe environment for the placement of public funds in short-term, high quality investments. The LAMP portfolio includes only securities and other obligations in which local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in accordance with LA – R.S. 33:2955.

GASB Statement No. 40 Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosure, requires disclosure of credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk for all public entity investments.

LAMP is an investment pool that, to the extent practical, invest in a manner consistent with GASB Statement No. 79. The following facts are relevant for investment pools:

- Credit risk: LAMP is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.
- Custodial credit risk: LAMP participants' investments in the pool are evidenced by shares of the
  pool. Investments in pools should be disclosed, but not categorized because they are not evidenced
  by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form. The public entity's investment is with the
  pool, not the securities that make up the pool; therefore, no disclosure is required.
- Concentration of credit risk: Pooled investments are excluded from the 5 percent disclosure requirement.
- Interest rate risk: LAMP is designed to be highly liquid to give its participants immediate access to their account balances. LAMP prepares its own interest rate risk disclosure using the weighted average maturity (WAM) method. The WAM of LAMP assets is restricted to not more than 90 days and consists of no securities with a maturity in excess of 397 days or 762 days for U.S. Government floating/variable rate investments. The WAM for LAMP's total investments is (NUMBER-days) (from LAMP's monthly Portfolio Holdings) as of (DATE month-end).
- Foreign currency risk: Not applicable.

The investments in LAMP are stated at fair value. The fair value is determined on a weekly basis by LAMP and the value of the position in the external investment pool is the same as the net asset value of the pool shares. At December 31, 2020, the Assessor had \$1,100,088 invested in LAMP. These monies are presented in the financial statements as cash and interest-bearing deposits.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

LAMP, Inc. is subject to the regulatory oversight of the state treasurer and the board of directors. LAMP is not registered with the SEC as an investment company.

#### NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset balances and activity were as follows:

	Balance 12/31/2019	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/2020
Furniture, Fixtures				
and Equipment	271,359	13,926	0	285,285
Vehicles	37,578	0	0	37,578
Total Capital Assets	308,937	13,926	0	322,863
Less Accum Depr	(229,982)	(\$25,460)	\$0	(255,442)
Net Capital Assets	\$78,955		=	\$67,421

Depreciation expense of \$25,460 was charged to the general government function.

### **NOTE 5. PENSION PLAN**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Louisiana Assessors' Retirement and Relief Fund, and additions to/deductions from the system's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the systems. The system's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Plan Description: Substantially all employees of the Assessor, except part-time and temporary employees, are members of the Louisiana Assessors' Retirement and Relief Fund (System), a cost sharing, multiple employers defined benefit pension plan administered by a separate board of trustees. The Plan provides pension, death, and disability benefits.

The following brief description of the Louisiana Assessors' Retirement Fund and Subsidiary (collectively referred to as the "Fund") is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the Plan Agreement for more complete information.

Pension Benefits: Employees who were hired before October I, 2013, will be eligible for pension benefits once they have either reached the age of fifty-five and have at least twelve years of service or have at least thirty years of service, regardless of age. Employees who were hired on or after October I, 2013, will be eligible for pension benefits once they have either reached the age of sixty and have at least twelve years of service or have reached the age of fifty-five and have at least thirty years of service.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Employees who became members prior to October I, 2006 are entitled to annual pension benefits equal to three and one-third percent of their average final compensation based on the 36 consecutive months of highest pay, multiplied by their total years of service, not to exceed 100% of final compensation. Employees who become members on or after October I, 2006 will have their benefit based on the highest 60 months of consecutive service. Employees may elect to receive their pension benefits in the form of a joint/survivor annuity.

If employees terminate before rendering 12 years of service, they forfeit the right to receive the portion of their accumulated plan benefits attributable to the employer's contributions. Benefits are payable over the employees' lives in the form of a monthly annuity. Employees may elect a reduced benefit or any of four options at retirement:

- If the member dies before he has received in annuity payments the present value of the member's annuity, as it was at the time of retirement, the balance is paid to his beneficiary.
- Upon retirement, the member receives a reduced benefit. Upon the member's death, the surviving spouse will continue to receive the same reduced benefit.
- Upon retirement, the member receives a reduced benefit. Upon member's death, the surviving spouse will receive one-half of the member's reduced benefit.
- Upon retirement, the member may elect to receive a board-approved benefit that is actuarially equivalent to the maximum benefit.

Death Benefits: As set forth 11:1441, benefits for members who die in service are as follows:

- If a member of the Fund dies in service with less than 12 years of creditable service and leaves a surviving spouse, their accumulated contributions shall be paid to the surviving spouse.
- If a member dies and has 12 or more years of creditable service and is not eligible for retirement, the surviving spouse shall receive an automatic optional benefit which is equal to the joint and survivorship amounts provided in Option 2 as provided for in R.S. 11:1423, which shall cease upon a subsequent remarriage, or a refund of the member's accumulated contributions, whichever the spouse elects to receive.
- If a member dies and is eligible for retirement, the surviving spouse shall receive an automatic optional benefit which is equal to the Option 2 benefits provided for in R.S. 11:1423, which shall not terminate upon a subsequent remarriage.
- Benefits set forth in item number 2 above, shall cease upon remarriage and shall resume upon
  a subsequent divorce or death of a new spouse. The spouse shall be entitled to receive a monthly
  benefit equal to the amount being received prior to remarriage.

Disability Benefits: The Board of Trustees shall award disability benefits to eligible members who have been officially certified as disabled by the State Medical Disability Board. The disability benefit shall be the lesser of (I) or (2) as set forth below:

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

- A sum equal to the greater of forty-five percent (45%) of final average compensation, or the member's accrued retirement benefit at the time of termination of employment due to disability;
- The retirement benefit which would be payable assuming accrued creditable service plus
  additional accrued service, if any, to the earliest normal retirement age based on final average
  compensation at the time of termination of employment due to disability.

Upon approval for disability benefits, the member shall exercise an optional retirement allowance as provided in R.S. 11:1423 and no change in the option selected shall be permitted after it has been filed with the board. The retirement option factors shall be the same as those utilized for regular retirement based on the age of the retiree and that of the spouse, had the retiree continued inactive service until the earliest normal retirement date.

Back-deferred Retirement Option Plan (Back-DROP): In lieu of receiving a normal retirement benefit pursuant to R.S. 11:1421 through 1423, an eligible member of the Fund may elect to retire and have their benefits structured, calculated, and paid as provided in this section.

An active, contributing member of the Fund shall be eligible for Back-DROP only if all the following apply:

- The member has accrued more service credit than the minimum required for eligibility for a normal retirement benefit.
- The member has attained an age that is greater than the minimum requires for eligibility for a normal retirement benefit, if applicable.
- The member has revoked their participation, if any, in the Deferred Retirement Option Plan pursuant to R.S. II: 1456.2.

At the time of retirement, a member who elects to receive a Back-DROP benefit shall select Back-DROP period to be specified in whole months. The duration of the Back-DROP period shall not exceed the lesser of thirty-six months or the number of months of creditable service accrued after the member first attained eligibility for normal retirement. The Back-DROP period shall be compromised of the most recent calendar days corresponding to the member's employment for which service credit in the Fund accrued.

The Back-DROP benefit shall have two portions: a lump-sum portion and a monthly benefit portion. The member's Back-DROP monthly benefit shall be calculated pursuant to the provisions applicable for service retirement set forth in R.S. 11:1421 through 1423, subject to the following conditions:

- Creditable service shall not include service credit reciprocally recognized pursuant to R.S. 11:142.
- Accrued service at retirement shall be reduced by the Back-DROP.
- Final average compensation shall be calculated by excluding all earnings during the Back-DROP period.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

- Contributions received by the Fund during the Back-DROP period and any interest that has
  accrued on employer and employee contributions receive during the period shall remain
  with the Fund and shall not be refunded to the employee or to the employer.
- The member's Back-DROP monthly benefit shall be calculated based upon the member's age and service and the Fund provisions in effect on the last day of creditable service before the Back-DROP period.
- At retirement, the member's maximum monthly retirement benefit payable as a life annuity shall be equal to the Back-DROP monthly benefit.
- The member may elect to receive a reduced monthly benefit in accordance with the options
  provided in R.S. 11:1423 based upon the member's age and the age of the member's beneficiary
  as of the actual effective date of retirement. No change in the option selected of beneficiary
  shall be permitted after the option is filed with the Board of Trustees.

In addition to the monthly benefit received, the member shall be paid a lump-sum benefit equal to the Back-DROP maximum monthly retirement benefit multiplied by the number of months selected as the Back-DROP period. Cost-of-living adjustments shall not be payable on the member's Back-DROP lump sum.

Upon death of a member who selected the maximum option pursuant to R.S. 11:1423, the member's named beneficiary or, if none, the member's estate shall receive the deceased member's remaining contributions, less the Back-DROP benefit amount. Upon the death of a member who selected Option I pursuant to R.S. 11:1423, the member's named beneficiary or, if none, the member's estate, shall receive the member's annuity savings fund balance as of the member's date of retirement reduced by the portion of the Back-DROP account balance and previously paid retirement benefits that are attributable to the member's annuity payments as provided by the annuity savings fund.

Excess Benefit Plan: Under the provisions of this excess benefit plan, a member may receive a benefit equal to the amount by which the member's monthly benefit from the Fund has been reduced because of the limitations of Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Contributions for all members are established by statute at 8.0% of earned compensation. The contributions are deducted from the member's salary and remitted by the participating agency.

Administrative costs of the Fund are financed through employer contributions. According to state statue, contributions for all employers are actuarially determined each year. The actuarially determined employer rate was 3.01% for the year ended September 30, 2020. The actual employer contribution rate was 8.00% of members' earnings for the year ended September 30, 2020. Contributions to the pension plan from the Assessor was \$29,174 for the year ended December 31, 20120.

The Fund also receives one-fourth of one percent of the property taxes assessed in each parish of the state, except for Orleans Parish, which is one percent, as well as a state revenue sharing appropriation.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

According to state statute, in the event that contributions for ad valorem taxes and revenue sharing funds are insufficient to provide for the gross employer actuarially required contribution, the employer is required to make direct contributions as determined by the Public Retirement System's Actuarial Committee. Contributions from non-employer contributing entities was \$114,689.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: At September 30, 2020, the Assessor reported a liability of \$120,034 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Assessor's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Assessor's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employer's, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2020, the Assessor's proportion was .79%, which was a decrease of .015512% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2019.

Changes in the net pension liability may either be reported in pension expense in the year the change occurred or recognized as a deferred outflow of resources or a deferred inflow of resources in the year the change occurred and amortized into pension expense over a number of years. For the year ended September 30, 2020, the Assessor recognized \$80,116 in pension expense.

At December 31, 2020, the Assessor reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		red Outflows Resources		red Inflows Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	3,840	\$	95,902
Change of assumptions		266,483		-
Change in proportion and differences between the				
employer's contributions and the employer's				
proportionate share of contributions		4,108		7,499
Net differences between projected and actual				
earnings on plan investments		-		94,391
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	v <u>—</u> v— via		2	-
Total		274,431		197,792

Deferred outflows of resources of \$14,586 related to pensions resulting from the Assessor's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2020.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Year Ended	
30-Sep	
2021	\$7,633
2022	29,239
2023	28,933
2024	-4,664
2025	15,501
	\$76,642

Detailed information about the pension plan's assets, deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and fiduciary net position that were used in the measurement of the Assessor's net pension liability is available in the separately issued plan financial reports at http://www.louisianaassessors.org.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: The current year actuarial assumptions utilized for this report are based on the assumptions used in the September 30, 2020, actuarial funding valuation, which (with the exception of mortality) were based on results of an actuarial experience study for the period October 1, 2014 – September 30, 2019, unless otherwise specified in this report. In cases where benefit structures were changed after the study period, assumptions were based on estimates of future experience. All assumptions selected were determined to be reasonable and represent expectations of future experience for the Fund.

Annuitant and beneficiary mortality	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for General Healthy Retirees multiplied by 120% with full generational projection using the approppriate MP-2019 improvement scale.
Active member mortality	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for General Emplyees multiplied by 120% with full generational projection using the appropriate MP-2019 improvement scale.
Disabled Lives Mortality	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for General Disabled Retirees multiplied by 120% with full generational projection using the appropriate MP-2019 improvement scale.

### Discount Rate:

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation, of 2.5% and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The resulting long-term expected arithmetic nominal return was 8.37% as of September 30, 2020.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2020, are summarized in the following table:

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	7.50%
International equity	8.50%
Domestic bonds	2.50%
International bonds	3.50%
Real estate	4.50%
Alternative assets	5.87%

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from the participating employers will be made at the made at actuarially determined contribution rates, which are calculated in accordance with relevant statutes and approved by the Board of Trustees and the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. Based on these assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

### Sensitivity to Changes in Discount Rate:

The following presents the net pension liability of the participating employers calculated using the discount rate of 5.75%, as well as what the net pension liability of the participating employers would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount	Increase
	4.75%	5.75%	6.75%
Net Pension Liability / (Asset)	544,880	120,034	(241,150)

### NOTE 6. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The Avoyelles Parish Assessor offers its employees participation in the State of Louisiana Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan adopted by the Louisiana Deferred Compensation Commission and established in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Complete disclosures relating to the plan are included in the separately issued audit report for the plan, available from the Louisiana Legislative Auditor, Post Office Box 94397, Baton Rouge, Louisiana, 70804-9397.

### NOTE 7. POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

Effective with the fiscal year beginning January I, 2019, the Assessor implemented Government Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (GASB 75).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

## Plan Description

The Assessor provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for its retired employees. The Assessor's OPEB Plan is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Assessor. The authority to establish and/or amend the obligation of the employer, employees and retirees, rests with the Assessor. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided

Medical, dental and life benefits are provided through comprehensive plans and are made available to employee upon actual retirement. Employees are covered by the Louisiana Assessors' Retirement Fund, whose retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions are as follows: Attainment of age 55 and 12 years of service; or any age and 30 years of service.

### Employees covered by benefit terms.

At January I, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefit payments	6
Active Employees	5
Spouses of Retirees	1_
Total	12

The Assessor's total OPEB liability of \$3,994,018 was measured as of December 31, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January I, 2020.

### Actuarial assumptions and other inputs.

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation:	2.20%
Salary Increases, including inflation:	3.00%
Discount Rate:	2.12%
Health Care Cost Trond Dates	

Health Care Cost Trend Rates:

Trend was calculated assuming implied inflation rate of 2.2% per year, and actual premiums. The short-term trend rate for Non-Medicare retirees starts off at 6.4%, and at 5.47% for Medicare retirees and reflects the ACA Excise Tax effective 2022.

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Index.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Morality rates were based on the following:

- Healthy retirement: Sex-distinct RP-2010 General Mortality with separate employee and healthy annuitant rates, projected generationally using scale MP-2019
- Disability retirement: Sex-distinct RP-2010 General Disabled Retirees Mortality, projected generationally using scale MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020, valuation were based on the results of ongoing evaluations of the assumptions from January 1, 2020 to December 31, 2020.

Changes in the total OPEB liability:

Balance as of December 31, 2019	\$ 3,281,773
Changes for the year	
Service Cost	97,953
Interest on net OPEB oblication/(asset)	91,816
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	200,763
Effect of assumptions, changes, or inputs	379,715
Benefits payments	 (58,002)
Balance as of December 31, 2020	\$ 3,994,018

### Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Assessor, calculated using a discount rate of 2.12%, as well as the Assessor's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using the discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.12%) or 1 percentage point higher (3.12%) than the current discount rate.

	19	1% Decrease 1.12%		Discount Rate 2.12%		1% Increase 3.12%	
Total OPEB liability \$		4,967,208	\$	3,994,018	\$	3,257,333	

### Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates.

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Assessor, calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rates as well as what the Assessor's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using trend rates that are 1-percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current trend rates.

	1% Decrease		1	rend Rate	1% Increase		
Total OPEB liability	\$	3,278,687	\$	3,994,018	\$	4,954,655	

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Assessor recognized an OPEB expense of \$430,188 At December 31, 20120, the Assessor reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		d Outflows sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experiences	\$	<b>⊞</b> //	\$	252,693	
Changes of assumptions	,,	<del>=</del> /		1,177,971	
Total	\$	•	\$	1,430,664	

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended	
December 31,	
2021	\$ 240,419
2022	240,419
2023	240,419
2024	240,419
2025	240,419
Thereafter	228,569
	\$ 1,430,664

# NOTE 8. EXPENDITURES OF THE ASSESSOR PAID BY THE AVOYELLES PARISH POLICY JURY

The Avoyelles Parish Police Jury provided the office space and utilities for the Assessor's office for the year ended December 31, 2020. These expenditures are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

## NOTE 9. COMPENSATION, BENEFITS, AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO ASSESSOR

A detail of compensation, benefits, and other payments paid to the Assessor, Heath Pastor, were as follows:

Purpose	<u> </u>	Amount
Salary	\$	144,976
Benefits- Insurance		12,828
Benefits- Retirement		11,598
Benefits- Deferred Compensation		8,699
Conference Travel Expense		765
	\$	178,866

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

### NOTE 10. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Assessor is exposed to risks of loss in the areas of auto and property liability and surety bonds. All these risks are handled by purchasing commercial insurance coverage. There have been no significant reductions in the insurance coverage during the year, nor have settlements exceeded coverage for the past three years.

### **NOTE 11. LITIGATION**

There is no litigation pending against the Assessor at December 31, 2020.

### **NOTE 12. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS**

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 87, Leases. The statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 87 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. The effect of implementation on the Assessor's financial statements has no impact on the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020.

### NOTE 13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events were evaluated through September 28, 2021, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

As a result of COVID 19 coronavirus, economic uncertainties have arisen which potentially could have a negative impact on operations and funding sources. However, the relative financial impact and duration cannot be reasonably estimated at this time and the Assessor is closely monitoring its financial statements for future impacts.

No other material subsequent events have occurred since December 31, 2020, that required recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. No subsequent events after September 28, 2021, have been evaluated for inclusion in these financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	- XV4	Bu	dget				Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	teles/test	Original	232	Final		Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Ad valorem tax	\$	806,000	\$	828,863	\$	855,959	\$	27,096
Intergovernmental revenues-								
State revenue sharing		55,000		55,791		37,026		(18,765)
Federal revenue sharing		3,600		4,000		3,413		(587)
Tax roll fees		6,500		6,520		6,509		(12)
Informational services		7,500		1,500		1,525		25
Interest on deposits		16,000		25,000		22,476		(2,524)
Total revenues		894,600	-	921,674	*	926,908	-	5,234
Expenditures: Current-								
Peronnel services and related benefits		572,676		582,500		591,863		9,363
Operating services		16,300		140,000		47,876		(92, 124)
Materials and supplies		159,500		20,000		18,063		(1,937)
Travel and other charges		10,000		20,000		17,723		(2,277)
Capital outlay		5,000		1,200		13,926		12,726
Total expenditures		763,476		763,700		689,451		(74,249)
Change in fund balance		131,124		157,974		237,456		79,482
Fund balance, beginning		2,637,955	s:	2,637,955		2,637,955		194
Fund balance, ending		2,769,079	\$	2,795,929		2,875,412	\$	79,482

# Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	2018	2019	2020
Changes for the year:	**		
Service Cost	\$79,661	\$62,473	\$97,953
Interest on total OPEB liability	62601	101,885	91,816
Changes of benefit terms	0	0	0
Effect of economic/demographic gains or (losses)	124376	0	200,763
Effect of assumptions, changes, or inputs	481479	723,688	379,715
Benefit payments	(74,268)	(57,089)	(58,002)
Net change in total OPEB liability	673,849	830,957	712,245
Total OPEB liability, beginning	1,776,967	2,450,816	3,281,773
Total OPEB liability, ending *	\$2,450,816	\$3,281,773	\$3,994,018
Covered payroll	\$390,904	\$350,677	\$365,034
Total OPEB liability as a % of covered payroll	626.96%	935.84%	1094.15%

<sup>\*</sup> Equal to net OPEB liablity

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

# Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

* Year Ended December 31,	Proportion of the Net Position Liability (Asset)	Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability (Asset)		Employer's Covered Payroll		Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	
2015	0.816735%	\$	427,416	\$	336,200	127.1%	85.57%	
2016	0.849657%	\$	299,818	\$	337,139	88.9%	90.68%	
2017	0.802310%	\$	140,782	\$	383,396	36.7%	95.61%	
2018	0.830650%	\$	161,481	\$	366,201	44.1%	95.46%	
2019	0.805512%	\$	212,480	\$	350,677	60.6%	94.12%	
2020	0.790000%	\$	120,034	\$	365,034	32.9%	96.79%	

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts presented have a measurement date of the fiscal year ending September 30.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Year Ended December 31,	Contractually Required Contribution		Contributions in Relation to Contractual Required Contributions in		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Employer's Covered Payroll		Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll	
2015	\$	45,514	\$	45,514	\$	X <b>e</b> X	\$	337,139	13.50%	
2016	\$	48,266	\$	48,266	\$	(*)	\$	383,396	12.59%	
2017	\$	31,763	\$	31,763	\$	720	\$	333,927	9.51%	
2018	\$	30,401	\$	30,401	\$	•	\$	380,083	8.00%	
2019	\$	28,054	\$	28,054	\$		\$	350,677	8.00%	
2020	\$	29,174	\$	29,174	\$	\$ <del>=</del> 5	\$	365,034	7.99%	

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

# Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

### (I) Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Assessor follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- I. A proposed budget is prepared and submitted to the Assessor for the fiscal year no later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year.
- 2. A summary of the proposed budget is published, and the public is notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- 3. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for a hearing.
- 4. After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is legally adopted prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- 5. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 6. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts included in the accompanying financial statements are as originally adopted or as finally amended by the Assessor.
- (2) Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

The General Fund incurred expenditures in excess of appropriations.

### (3) OPEB

Benefit changes -

There were no changes of benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions -

The discount rate for the Assessor was decreased by 1.7% as of the valuation date of January 1, 2020.

# Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

# (4) Pension Plan

Changes of Benefit Terms -

There were no changes of benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions -

* Year Ended December 31,	Discount Rate	Investment Rate of Return	Inflation Rate	Expected Remaining Service Lives	Projected Salary Increase
2015	7.000/	7.000/	2.500/		E 750/
2015	7.00%	7.00%	2.50%	6	5.75%
2016	7.00%	7.00%	2.50%	6	5.75%
2017	6.75%	6.75%	2.50%	6	5.75%
2018	6.25%	6.25%	2.20%	6	5.75%
2019	6.00%	6.00%	2.20%	6	5.75%
2020	5.75%	5.75%	2.10%	6	5.25%

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts presented have a measurement date of the discal year ending September 30.

REPORTS REQUIED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Heath Pastor Avoyelles Parish Assessor Marksville, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller of the United States, the financial statements of governmental activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Avoyelles Parish Assessor, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Assessor's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 28, 2021.

### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Avoyelles Parish Assessor's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purposes of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Assessor's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Assessor's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and correctly on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charges with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purposes described in the first parage of this section and was not designed to identity all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weakness or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Avoyelles Parish Assessor's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with these provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### Avoyelles Parish Assessor's Response to Findings

The Avoyelles Parish Assessor's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan. The Assessor's response was not subjected to the audit procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purposes. Although the intended use of this report may be limited, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

DUCOTE & COMPANY

Marksville, Louisiana September 28, 2021

# Schedule of Audit Results, Findings, and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

# Section I – Summary of Auditors' Results

Type of auditors' report issues:			
Internal control over financial reporting:			
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	X	nc
Reportable condition(s) identified not			
Considered to be material weakness(es)	yes	<u>X</u>	_nc
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes _	<u>X</u>	nc
Section II – Summary of Current Year Audit Findings			
There are no current year audit findings.			

# Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

# Section I – Internal Control and Compliance Material to the Financial Statements

There are no current year compliance findings.

# Section II - Management Letter Comments

There are no current year management letter comments.