FINANCIAL REPORT

SENATE STATE OF LOUISIANA

JUNE 30, 2021

SENATE STATE OF LOUISIANA

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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5047 Highway 1 P.O. Box 830 Napoleonville, LA 70390 Phone: (985) 369-6003 Fax: (985) 369-9941 Honorable Patrick Page Cortez President of the Senate, State of Louisiana Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Senate, State of Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Senate's basic financial statements as listed in the index to report.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

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Members American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Society of LA CPAs An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Senate, State of Louisiana, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Senate, State of Louisiana's basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United

States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 14, 2021, on our consideration of the Senate, State of Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Senate, State of Louisiana's internal control over financial report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Senate, State of Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Duplanties, Hapmann, Hugan & Noter ILP

New Orleans, Louisiana

Management's discussion and analysis of the Senate, State of Louisiana's (Senate) financial performance presents a narrative overview and analysis of the Senate's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2021. This document focuses on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts in comparison with the prior year's information. This analysis should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Senate's decrease in net position of \$2,209,676 was mainly due to a decrease in appropriations and transfers in.
- The general revenues of the Senate were \$21,191,902, which is a decrease of \$437,524, or 2.0%.
- The other financing sources and uses of the Senate were \$2,157,901, which is a decrease of \$260,827 or 10.8%, due to a decrease in transfers in from LBCC during the year.
- The total expenses of the Senate were \$25,559,479, which is a decrease of \$535,060, or 2.1%.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This report consists of three sections: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. Management's discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Senate's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements comprise three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains additional information to supplement the basic financial statements, such as required supplementary information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Senate's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on the Senate's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. This statement is designed to display the financial position of the Senate. Over time, increases or decreases in net position help determine whether the Senate's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Senate's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. Regardless of when cash is affected, all changes in net

Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)

position are reported when the underlying transactions occur. As a result, transactions may be included that will not affect cash until future fiscal periods.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Senate uses a single fund to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the Senate's only fund, the general fund.

The Senate uses only one fund type, the governmental fund. The governmental fund is used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Senate's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the governmental fund financial statements is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Both the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the governmental fund and the governmental activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Senate's budgetary comparison, proportionate share of the total collective other postemployment benefits liability, proportionate share of the net pension liability, and pension contributions.

Following the required supplementary information is other supplementary information concerning the Senate's payments to Senators for per diem and other compensation that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE ACTIVITIES

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Senate, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$52,463,537 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. Included in the Senate's net position is its net investment in capital assets. These assets are not available for future spending.

The following presents the condensed comparative statements of net position of the Senate:

	<u>2021</u> <u>2020</u>		Change	Change
Assots:	2021	2020	Change	Change
<u>Assets</u> :	• • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • •	6 40 /
Current assets	\$ 14,610,343	\$ 13,729,996	\$ 880,347	6.4%
Capital assets, net	94,925	107,675	(12,750)	(11.8%)
Total assets	14,705,268	13,837,671	867,597	6.3%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	22,253,913	19,368,403	2,885,510	14.9%
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities	961,545	1,250,729	(289,184)	(23.1%)
Long-term liabilities	84,523,151	79,296,849	5,226,302	6.6%
Total liabilities	85,484,696	80,547,578	4,937,118	6.1%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,938,022	2,912,357	1,025,665	35.2%
Net Position:				
Net investment in capital assets	94,925	107,675	(12,750)	(11.8%)
Unrestricted	(52,558,462)	(50,361,536)	(2,196,926)	(4.4%)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (52,463,537)	\$ (50,253,861)	\$ (2,209,676)	(4.4%)

CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020

Percentage

Total assets of the Senate increased by \$867,597, or 6.3%. The increase in total assets is attributable to a larger amount of cash being held. The Senate has \$14,531,955 in cash at year end of 2021, while there was \$13,000,210 in cash at year end of 2020.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE ACTIVITIES (Continued)

The following presents the condensed comparative statements of activities of the Senate:

CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020

			Percentage
<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	Change	Change
\$ 21,191,902	\$ 21,629,426	\$ (437,524)	(2.0%)
25,559,479	26,094,539	(535,060)	(2.1%)
2,157,901	2,418,728	(260,827)	(10.8%)
\$ (2,209,676)	\$ (2,046,385)	\$ (163,291)	8.0%
	\$ 21,191,902 25,559,479 2,157,901	\$ 21,191,902 \$ 21,629,426 25,559,479 26,094,539 2,157,901 2,418,728	\$ 21,191,902 \$ 21,629,426 \$ (437,524) 25,559,479 26,094,539 (535,060) 2,157,901 2,418,728 (260,827)

The statement of activities reflects a negative change for the year. Net position decreased by \$2,209,676 in 2021, compared to a decrease of \$2,046,385 in 2020.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The Senate's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, as of June 30, 2021, is \$94,925. The investment in capital assets includes office furniture and equipment, computer equipment, and vehicles. The total decrease in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 11.8%. The decrease was due primarily to disposals during the year and an increase in depreciation expense.

The Senate has no long-term debt outstanding at year-end. However, there are long-term liabilities related to other postemployment benefits, net pension liability, and compensated absences.

BUDGET ANALYSIS

A comparison of budget to actual operations is presented in the accompanying required supplementary information. Although the Senate was over budget for personnel services, professional services, printing, and capital outlay, total expenditures were under budget by \$494,029. Act 8 of the 2020 First Extraordinary Session of the Louisiana Legislature, which made appropriations for the expenses of the legislature for fiscal year 2020-2021, mandated that the appropriations from the State General Fund be reduced by a total of \$12,851,010, pursuant to a plan adopted by the Legislative Budgetary Control Council. The Senate's portion of the reduction was \$635,483.

ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

The Senate's fiscal year 2022 budget was approved with an approximate 3% increase in State General Fund Appropriation from the prior fiscal year.

CONTACTING THE SENATE'S MANAGEMENT

This audit report is designed to provide a general overview of the Senate and to demonstrate the Senate's accountability for its finances. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, please contact the Senate, State of Louisiana, P. O. Box 44305, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804.

SENATE STATE OF LOUISIANA GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET / STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

ASSETS:	_	General Fund	-	Adjustments*	-	Statement of Net Position
Cash in bank	\$	14,531,955	\$	-	5	\$ 14,531,955
Cash, restricted agency accounts		8,598		-		8,598
Due from other legislative agencies		57,242		-		57,242
Other receivables		12,548		-		12,548
Capital assets (net of allowance for depreciation)	_	-	_	94,925	(1)	94,925
Total Assets	_	14,610,343	-	94,925	-	14,705,268
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Deferred outflows related to pensions		-		9,593,208	(2)	9,593,208
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	_	-	_	12,660,705	(2)	12,660,705
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		-	-	22,253,913	_	22,253,913
Total Assets	\$	14,610,343				
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts payable	\$	98,378		-		98,378
Accrued salaries and related benefits		722,900		-		722,900
Due to restricted agency accounts		8,598		-		8,598
Compensated absences:						
Current portion		-		131,669	(2)	131,669
Noncurrent portion		-		1,486,534	· /	1,486,534
OPEB payable		-		45,839,294	(2)	45,839,294
Net pension liability	_	_	-	37,197,323	(2)	37,197,323
Total Liabilities	_	829,876	-	84,654,820	-	85,484,696
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Deferred inflows related to pensions		-		1,055,783	(2)	1,055,783
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	_	-	-	2,882,239	(2)	2,882,239
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	-	-	3,938,022	-	3,938,022
FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION:						
Assigned		1,618,203		(1,618,203)		-
Unassigned	_	12,162,264	-	(12,162,264)		-
Total Fund Balance	_	13,780,467	-			
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ _	14,610,343	:			
NET POSITION:						
Net investment in capital assets				94,925		94,925
Unrestricted				(52,558,462)	-	(52,558,462)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)			\$	(52,463,537)	-	\$ (52,463,537)

*Explanations:

(1) Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the General Fund.

(2) Long-term liabilities, such as compensated absences, net pension liability, and other postemployment benefits, and the deferred inflows and deferred outflows related to those long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the General Fund.

See accompanying notes.

SENATE STATE OF LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN THE FUND BALANCE / STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	-	General Fund	_	Adjustments*	Statement of Activities
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES:					
Personnel services	\$	19,954,253	\$	3,368,380 (1) \$	23,322,633
Travel		155,387		-	155,387
Operating services		1,547,094		-	1,547,094
Supplies		99,860		-	99,860
Professional services		127,294		-	127,294
Telephone		110,534		-	110,534
Printing		78,963		-	78,963
Capital outlay		104,964		(28,852) (2)	76,112
Depreciation	_	-	_	41,602 (2)	41,602
Total Expenditures/Expenses	-	22,178,349	-	3,381,130	25,559,479
GENERAL REVENUES:					
State appropriations		21,129,014		-	21,129,014
Interest		8,646		-	8,646
Other income	_	53,984	_	258 (1)	54,242
Total General Revenues		21,191,644	-	258	21,191,902
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenditures	-	(986,705)	_	986,705	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Interagency transfers in		2,174,430		-	2,174,430
Interagency transfers out		(16,529)	_	-	(16,529)
Total Other Financing Sources	-	2,157,901	_		2,157,901
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures/expenses and other					
financing uses		1,171,196		(1,171,196)	-
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		-		(2,209,676)	(2,209,676)
FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION (DEFICIT):					
Beginning of year		12,609,271		(62,863,132)	(50,253,861)
End of year	\$	13,780,467	\$_	(66,244,004) \$	(52,463,537)

*Explanations:

(1) Expenses and revenues of long-term obligations for compensated absences, pension plans, and other postemployment benefits reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the General Fund.

(2) Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.

See accompanying notes.

NATURE OF OPERATIONS:

The Louisiana State Senate (the Senate) is a part of the legislative branch of government created under Article III of the 1974 Louisiana Constitution.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:</u>

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) promulgates accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and reporting standards for state and local governments. These principles are found in the *Codification of the Governmental Accounting and Reporting Guidelines*. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with such principles.

Financial Reporting Entity:

The application of Section 2100 of the GASB Codification defines the governmental reporting entity (in relation to the Senate, State of Louisiana) to be the State of Louisiana. The accompanying financial statements of the Senate, State of Louisiana, contain sub-account information of the General Fund of the State of Louisiana. Annually, the State of Louisiana issues general purpose financial statements, which include the activity contained in the accompanying financial statements. However, the activity may be presented or classified differently due to perspective differences. The Senate, State of Louisiana, has no fiduciary funds or component units.

Fund Accounting:

The Senate, State of Louisiana, uses fund accounting (separate set of self-balancing accounts) to reflect the sources and uses of available resources and the budgetary restrictions placed on those funds by the Louisiana Legislature. The Senate, State of Louisiana, has only a General Fund supported by an appropriation from the State of Louisiana used to account for all of the Senate, State of Louisiana's activities, including the acquisition of capital assets and the servicing of long-term liabilities.

Basis of Accounting:

Within the accompanying statements, the General Fund column of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities reports all activities of the Senate, using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Management considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 45 days of the end of the current fiscal period. However, as management considers it available regardless of when received, the legislative appropriation is recorded during the year, and for the year, the appropriation is made, and interest and other revenues are

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>: (Continued)

Basis of Accounting: (Continued)

recorded when earned. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred, as in accrual accounting. However, compensated absences, pension costs, and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) costs are recorded when payment is due.

The General Fund column is adjusted to create a Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. Within this column, amounts are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Cash in Banks:

The Senate defines cash as interest-bearing demand deposits. Under state law, the Senate may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana and designated by the presiding officer of the Senate. These deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or similar federal security or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The fair market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent.

Capital Assets:

The accompanying Statement of Net Position reflects furniture, fixtures, and equipment used by the Senate, State of Louisiana, and funded by legislative appropriation, in daily operations. Those assets are recorded at cost.

The accompanying statements do not include the value of land and buildings provided without cost to the Senate. Those assets are recorded with the annual financial statements of the State of Louisiana.

Capital assets with acquisition costs of \$5,000 or greater are capitalized, recorded at cost, and are depreciated using the straight-line method of allocating costs over the following useful lives:

Computer equipment	5 - 7 years
Office furniture and equipment	5 - 7 years
Vehicles	5 years

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add value to an asset or materially extend the life of an asset are not capitalized.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>: (Continued)

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources:

A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expense) until that future time.

A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

Budgetary Practices:

The Senate is required to submit to the members of the Legislative Budgetary Control Council an estimate of the financial requirements of the ensuing fiscal year. The General Fund appropriation is enacted into law by the legislature and sent to the Governor for his signature. The Senate is authorized to transfer budget amounts between accounts in the General Fund. Revisions that alter total appropriations must be approved by the legislature. The level of budgetary responsibility is by total appropriation. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end and require that any amounts not expended or encumbered at the close of the fiscal year be returned to the state General Fund unless otherwise reappropriation of prior year funds.

The budget of the General Fund is prepared on the budgetary (legal) basis of accounting. In compliance with budgetary authorization, the Senate includes the prior year's fund balance represented by appropriate liquid assets remaining in the fund as a budgeted revenue in the succeeding year. The result of operations on a GAAP basis does not recognize the fund balance allocation as revenue as it represents prior period's excess of revenues over expenditures.

Encumbrance accounting is used during the year to reserve portions of the annual appropriation for unfilled purchase orders. Year-end encumbrances are not charged against the current year appropriation and are carried forward into the next budget year.

Compensated Absences:

Accumulated unpaid annual and compensatory leave is reported in the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities within the accompanying financial statements. The Senate, State of Louisiana's employees accrue unlimited amounts of annual and sick leave at varying rates as established by the Senate's personnel practices. Upon resignation or retirement, unused annual leave of up to 300 hours is paid to employees at the employee's current rate of pay. Upon retirement, annual leave in excess of 300 hours and unused sick leave are credited as earned service in computing retirement benefits.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>: (Continued)

Compensated Absences: (Continued)

Furthermore, employees earn unlimited compensatory leave for hours worked in excess of 40 hours per week. The compensatory leave may be used similarly to annual or sick leave, and any unused compensatory leave of up to 300 hours is paid to the employee upon resignation or retirement at the employee's current rate of pay.

Postemployment Benefits:

The Senate, State of Louisiana, provides certain health care and life insurance benefits for retired employees. Substantially all of the Senate's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the Senate. These benefits for retirees and similar benefits for active employees are provided through the State's Office of Group Benefits Plan and the LSU System Health Plan. Monthly premiums are paid jointly by the employee and the Senate. The Senate recognizes the cost of providing these benefits as expenditures in the year paid in the General Fund. For the year ended June 30, 2021, those costs totaled \$721,974, which covered 127 retired employees, funded through the legislative appropriation.

Agency Accounts:

Agency accounts are custodial in nature and are used to account for assets held by the Senate in an agency capacity and are reflected in the accompanying financial statements as an asset "Cash, restricted agency accounts" and a corresponding liability "Due to restricted agency accounts." Management has included the accounts in the financial statements to more accurately reflect the Senate's responsibilities. These funds are managed by Senate personnel, but are restricted to the use by the following commission:

Louisiana Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations:

This account was formed by an initial investment from the Louisiana Municipal Association of \$1,000 in February 1990.

The activity in the restricted agency account for the year ended June 30, 2021, can be summarized as follows:

	Ba	lance					B	alance
	<u>July</u>	1,2020	Addi	tions	Reduc	ctions	June	30, 2021
Louisiana Advisory Commission								
of Intergovernmental								
Relations	\$	8,598	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,598

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>: (Continued)

Fund Balance:

Fund balance is classified in the following components:

- (a) <u>Nonspendable</u> includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is in nonspendable form (such as inventory) or because of legal or contractual constraints.
- (b) <u>*Restricted*</u> includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government) or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- (c) <u>Committed</u> includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are imposed by the Senate itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority. To be reported as *committed*, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Senate takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.
- (d) <u>Assigned</u> includes fund balance amounts the Senate intends to use for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted nor committed. Intent can be expressed by the Senate or by an official or body to which the Senate delegates the authority.
- (e) <u>Unassigned</u> fund balance amounts include the residual amounts of fund balance which do not fall into one of the other components. Positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Senate considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Senate considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Senate has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions. The Senate does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

Noncurrent Liabilities:

Noncurrent liabilities include estimated amounts for accrued compensated absences, other postemployment benefits, and net pension liability that will not be paid within the next fiscal year.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>: (Continued)

Noncurrent Liabilities: (Continued)

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS) and Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL) and additions to/deductions from LASERS's and TRSL's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LASERS and TRSL. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Net Position:

Net position comprises the various net earnings from revenues and expenses. Net position is classified in the following components:

- (a) <u>Net investment in capital assets</u> consists of the Senate's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.
- (b) <u>*Restricted*</u> consists of resources restricted by external sources such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or by law.
- (c) <u>Unrestricted</u> consists of resources derived from state appropriations, interest earnings, and other miscellaneous sources. These resources are used for transactions relating to general operations of the Senate and may be used at its discretion to meet current expenses and for any purpose.

Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Adoption of New Accounting Principles:

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the following statements were effective, but did not impact the financial statements of the Senate, State of Louisiana: GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*; GASB Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests*; and GASB Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*.

2. <u>CASH IN BANK</u>:

At June 30, 2021, the carrying amounts of the Senate's cash accounts were \$14,531,955 in the operating account and \$8,598 in the restricted agency account. The bank balances were \$14,662,731 and \$8,598, respectively. These balances are entirely secured from risk by federal depository insurance or by pledged securities held by the Senate's custodial bank in the name of the Senate.

3. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>:

Below is a summary of the Senate, State of Louisiana's capital asset accounts during the year ended June 30, 2021:

		Balance						Balance
	Ju	ly 1, 2020	A	dditions	D	eletions	Jur	ne 30, 2021
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	\$	579,374	\$	28,852	\$	(9,775)	\$	598,451
Less: accumulated depreciation		(471,699)		(41,602)		9,775		(503,526)
Capital assets, net	\$	107,675	\$	(12,750)	\$	-	\$	94,925

4. <u>PENSION PLANS</u>:

Plan Descriptions:

Substantially all employees of the Senate are members of two statewide, public employee retirement systems, Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS) and Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL). Both plans are administered by separate boards of trustees and are cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans. The State of Louisiana guarantees benefits granted by the retirement systems by provisions of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974. Article 10, Section 29 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the state legislature. The systems issue annual, publicly-available financial reports that include financial statements and required supplementary information for the systems. The reports for TRSL and LASERS may be obtained at <u>www.trsl.org</u> and <u>www.lasersonline.org</u>, respectively.

Benefits Provided:

Retirement Benefits - LASERS:

LASERS administers a plan to provide retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to eligible state employees and their beneficiaries as defined in R.S. 11:411-414. The age and years of creditable service required in order for a member to retire with full benefits are established by statute and vary depending on the member's hire date, employer, and job classification. The rank and file members hired prior to July 1, 2006, may either retire with full benefits at any age upon completing 30 years of creditable service, at age 55 upon completing 25 years of creditable service, and at age 60 upon completing 10 years of creditable service depending on their plan.

4. <u>PENSION PLANS</u>:

Benefits Provided: (Continued)

Retirement Benefits - LASERS: (Continued)

Those members hired between July 1, 2006 and June 30, 2015, may retire at age 60 upon completing five years of creditable service and those hired on or after July 1, 2015 may retire at age 62 upon completing five years of creditable service. The basic annual retirement benefit for members is equal to 2.5% to 3.5% of average compensation multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Additionally, members may choose to retire with 20 years of service at any age, with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Average compensation is defined as the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 36 consecutive months of employment for members employed prior to July 1, 2006. For members hired July 1, 2006 or later, average compensation is based on the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment. The maximum annual retirement benefit cannot exceed the lesser of 100% of average compensation or a certain specified dollar amount of actuarially determined monetary limits, which vary depending upon the member's age at retirement. Judges, court officers, and certain elected officials receive an additional annual retirement benefit equal to 1.0% of average compensation multiplied by the number of years of creditable service in their respective capacity.

As an alternative to the basic retirement benefits, a member may elect to receive their retirement throughout their life, with certain benefits being paid to their designated beneficiary after their death.

Act 992 of the 2010 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session changed the benefit structure for LASERS members hired on or after January 1, 2011. This resulted in three new plans: regular, hazardous duty, and judges. The new regular plan includes regular members and those members who were formerly eligible to participate in specialty plans, excluding hazardous duty and judges. Regular members and judges are eligible to retire at age 60 after five years of creditable service and, may also retire at any age, with a reduced benefit, after 20 years of creditable service. Hazardous duty members are eligible to retire with 12 years of creditable service at age 55, 25 years of creditable service at any age, or with a reduced benefit after 20 years of creditable service. Average compensation will be based on the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment for all three new plans. Members in the regular plan will receive a 2.5% accrual rate, hazardous duty plan a 3.33% accrual rate, and judges a 3.5% accrual rate. The extra 1.0% accrual rate for each year of service for court officers, the governor, lieutenant governor, legislators, House clerk, sergeants at arms, or Senate secretary, employed after January 1, 2011, was eliminated by Act 992. Specialty plan and regular members, hired prior to January 1, 2011, who are hazardous duty employees have the option to transition to the new hazardous duty plan.

4. <u>PENSION PLANS</u>:

Benefits Provided: (Continued)

Retirement Benefits - LASERS: (Continued)

Act 226 of the 2014 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session established new retirement eligibility for members of LASERS hired on or after July 1, 2015, excluding hazardous duty plan members. Regular members and judges under the new plan are eligible to retire at age 62 after five years of creditable service and may also retire at any age, with a reduced benefit, after 20 years of creditable service. Average compensation will be based on the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment. Members in the regular plan will receive a 2.5% accrual rate and judges a 3.5% accrual rate, with the extra 1.0% accrual rate based on all years of service as a judge.

A member leaving employment before attaining minimum retirement age, but after completing certain minimum service requirements, becomes eligible for a benefit provided the member lives to the minimum service retirement age, and does not withdraw their accumulated contributions. The minimum service requirement for benefits varies depending upon the member's employer and service classification.

Retirement Benefits - TRSL:

TRSL administers a plan to provide retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to employees who meet the legal definition of a "teacher" as provided for in R.S. 11:701.

Members of the Regular Plan whose first employment makes them eligible for membership in a Louisiana state retirement system on or after July 1, 2015, may retire with a 2.5% accrual rate after attaining age 62 with at least five years of service credit and are eligible for an actuarially reduced benefit with 20 years of service at any age. Members of the Regular Plan whose first employment makes them eligible for membership in a Louisiana state retirement system on or after January 1, 2011, may retire with a 2.5% accrual rate after attaining age 60 with at least five years of service credit and are eligible for an actuarially reduced benefit with 20 years of service at any age. All other members, if initially hired on or after July 1, 1999, are eligible for a 2.5% accrual rate at the earliest of age 60 with five years of service, age 55 with 25 years of service, or at any age with 30 years of service at any age. If hired before July 1, 1999, members are eligible for a 2.0% accrual rate at the earliest of age 60 with five years of service, or at any age with 20 years of service at any age. If hired before July 1, 1999, members are eligible for a 2.0% accrual rate at the earliest of age 60 with five years of service, or at any age with 20 years of service, or at any age with 30 years of service, or at any age with 30 years of service.

4. <u>PENSION PLANS</u>:

Benefits Provided: (Continued)

Retirement Benefits - TRSL: (Continued)

Retirement benefits are based on a formula which multiplies the final average compensation by the applicable accrual rate, and by the years of creditable service. For Regular Plan and Lunch Plan B members whose first employment makes them eligible for membership in a Louisiana state retirement system on or after January 1, 2011, final average compensation is defined as the highest average 60-month period. For all other members, final average compensation is defined as the highest average 36-month period.

A retiring TRSL member is entitled to receive the maximum benefit payable until the member's death. In lieu of the maximum benefit, the member may elect to receive a reduced benefit payable in the form of a Joint and Survivor Option, or as a lump sum that can't exceed 36 months of the member's maximum monthly benefit amount.

Effective July 1, 2009, members may make an irrevocable election at retirement to receive an actuarially reduced benefit which increases 2.5% annually, beginning on the first retirement anniversary date, but not before age 55 or before the retiree would have attained age 55 in the case of a surviving spouse. This option can be chosen in combination with the above options.

Deferred Benefits - LASERS:

The State Legislature authorized LASERS to establish a Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP). When a member enters DROP, their status changes from active member to retiree even though they continue to work and draw their salary for a period of up to three years. The election is irrevocable once participation begins. During DROP participation, accumulated retirement benefits that would have been paid to each retiree are separately tracked. For members who entered DROP prior to January 1, 2004, interest at a rate of one-half percent less than the System's realized return on its portfolio (not to be less than zero) will be credited to the retiree after participation ends. At that time, the member must choose among available alternatives for the distribution of benefits that have accumulated in the DROP account. Members who enter DROP on or after January 1, 2004, are required to participate in LASERS Self-Directed Plan (SDP) which is administered by a third-party provider. The SDP allows DROP participants to choose from a menu of investment options for the allocation of their DROP balances. Participants may diversify their investments by choosing from an approved list of mutual funds with different holdings, management styles, and risk factors.

Members eligible to retire and who do not choose to participate in DROP may elect to receive at the time of retirement an initial benefit option (IBO) in an amount up to 36 months of

4. <u>PENSION PLANS</u>:

Benefits Provided: (Continued)

Deferred Benefits - LASERS: (Continued)

benefits, with an actuarial reduction of their future benefits. For members who selected the IBO option prior to January 1, 2004, such amount may be withdrawn or remain in the IBO account earning interest at a rate of one-half less than the System's realized return on its portfolio (not to be less than zero). Those members who select the IBO on or after January 1, 2004, are required to enter the SDP as described above.

Deferred Benefits - TRSL:

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement, an eligible TRSL member can begin participation in the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) on the first retirement eligibility date for a period not to exceed three years. A member has a 60-day window from his first eligible date to participate in the program in order to participate for the maximum number of years. Delayed participation reduces the three-year participation period. During participation, benefits otherwise payable are fixed, and deposited in an individual DROP account. Upon termination of DROP, the member can continue employment and earn additional accruals to be added to the fixed pre-DROP benefit. Upon termination of employment, the member is entitled to the fixed benefit, an additional benefit based on post-DROP service (if any), and the individual DROP account balance which can be paid in a lump sum or an additional annuity based upon the account balance.

Disability Benefits - LASERS:

Generally, active members with 10 or more years of credited service who become disabled may receive a maximum disability retirement benefit equivalent to the regular retirement formula without reduction by reason of age.

Upon reaching retirement age, the disability retiree may receive a regular retirement benefit by applying to the Board of Trustees.

Disability Benefits - TRSL:

Active members of TRSL whose first employment makes them eligible for membership in a Louisiana state retirement system before January 1, 2011, and who have five or more years of service credit, are eligible for disability retirement benefits if certified by the State Medical Disability Board (SMDB) to be disabled from performing their job. All other members must have at least 10 years of service to be eligible for a disability benefit. Calculation of the disability benefit as well as the availability of a minor child benefit is determined by the plan to which the member belongs and the date on which the member's first employment made them eligible for membership in a Louisiana state retirement system.

4. <u>PENSION PLANS</u>:

Benefits Provided: (Continued)

Survivor's Benefits - LASERS:

Certain eligible surviving dependents receive benefits based on the deceased member's compensation and their relationship to the deceased. The deceased regular member hired before January 1, 2011 who was in state service at the time of death must have a minimum of five years of service credit, at least two of which were earned immediately prior to death, or who had a minimum of 20 years of service credit, regardless of when earned, in order for a benefit to be paid to a minor or handicapped child. Benefits are payable to an unmarried child until age 18, or age 23 if the child remains a full-time student. The aforementioned minimum service credit requirement is 10 years for a surviving spouse with no minor children, and benefits are to be paid for life to the spouse or qualified handicapped child.

The deceased regular member hired on or after January 1, 2011, must have a minimum of five years of service credit regardless of when earned in order for a benefit to be paid to a minor child. The aforementioned minimum service credit requirements for a surviving spouse are 10 years, two years being earned immediately prior to death, and in active state service at the time of death, or a minimum of 20 years of service credit regardless of when earned. A deceased member's spouse must have been married for at least one year before death.

Survivor's Benefits - TRSL:

A surviving spouse with minor children of an active member with five years of creditable service (2 years immediately prior to death) or 20 years of creditable service is entitled to a benefit equal to the greater of (a) \$600 per month, or (b) 50% of the member's benefit calculated at the 2.5% accrual rate for all creditable service. When a minor child(ren) is no longer eligible to receive survivor benefits, the spouse's benefit reverts to a survivor benefit in accordance with the provisions for a surviving spouse with no minor child(ren). Benefits for the minor child(ren) cease when he/she is no longer eligible.

Each minor child (maximum of 2) shall receive an amount equal to the greater of (a) 50% of the spouse's benefit, or (b) \$300 (up to 2 eligible children). Benefits to minors cease at attainment of age 21, marriage, or age 23 if enrolled in an approved institution of higher education.

A surviving spouse without minor children of an active member with 10 years of creditable service (2 years immediately prior to death) or 20 years of creditable service is entitled to a benefit equal to the greater of (a) \$600 per month, or (b) the option 2 equivalent of the benefit calculated at the 2.5% benefit factor for all creditable service.

4. <u>PENSION PLANS</u>:

Benefits Provided: (Continued)

Permanent Benefit Increases/Cost-of-Living Adjustments:

As fully described in Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes, LASERS and TRSL allow for the payment of permanent benefit increases, also known as cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs), that are funded through investment earnings when recommended by the Board of Trustees and approved by the State Legislature.

Contributions:

Employee contribution rates are established by La. R.S. 11:62. The employer contribution rates are established annually under La. R.S. 11:101-11:104 by the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee (PRSAC), taking into consideration the recommendation of the Systems' actuaries. Each plan pays a separate actuarially-determined employer contribution rate. However, all assets of each plan are used for the payment of benefits for all classes of members within each system, regardless of their plan membership. The employee contribution rate for LASERS and TRSL was 8% of covered payroll, except for LASERS members hired before July 1, 2006, who contribute 7.5% of covered payroll. For fiscal year 2021, the employer contribution rate for LASERS and TRSL was 40.1% and 25.8%, respectively. Employer contributions to LASERS and TRSL were \$4,028,000 and \$9,496 respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

At June 30, 2021, the Senate reported a liability for LASERS and TRSL of \$37,130,915 and \$66,408, respectively, for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liability were determined by actuarial valuations as of that date. The Senate's proportion of the net pension liability for each retirement system was based on a projection of the Senate's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the most recent measurement date, the Senate's proportion for LASERS and TRSL was 0.44895% and 0.00060%, respectively. This reflects a decrease for LASERS of 0.02029% and no change for TRSL, from its proportions measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Senate recognized pension expense, for which there were no forfeitures, as follows:

4. <u>PENSION PLANS</u>: (Continued)

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Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: (Continued)

		Pension						
	Expense (Benefit)							
LASERS	\$	3,763,003						
TRSL		(59,550)						
Total	\$	3,703,453						

At June 30, 2021, the Senate reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferre	d Outflows of l	Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
	LASERS	TRSL	Total	LASERS	TRSL	Total	
Differences between expected							
and actual experience	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 356,592	\$ 1,066	\$ 357,658	
Net difference between							
projected and actual earnings							
on pension plan investments	5,427,828	5,126	5,432,954	-	-	-	
Changes of assumptions	118,807	3,951	122,758	-	-	-	
Changes in proportion and							
differences between employer							
contributions and proportionate							
share of contributions	-	-	-	528,149	169,976	698,125	
Employer contributions							
subsequent to the							
measurement date	4,028,000	9,495	4,037,495	-	-	-	
Total	\$ 9,574,635	\$ 18,572	\$ 9,593,207	\$ 884,741	\$ 171,042	\$ 1,055,783	

During the year ended June 30, 2021, employer contributions totaling \$4,028,000 and \$9,496 were made subsequent to the measurement date for LASERS and TRSL, respectively. These contributions are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension expense will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	 LASERS	 TRSL
2022	\$ 163,154	\$ (68,753)
2023	1,565,282	(47,954)
2024	1,677,337	(47,688)
2025	 1,256,121	 2,430
Total	\$ 4,661,894	\$ (161,965)

4. <u>PENSION PLANS</u>: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liabilities for LASERS and TRSL in the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurements:

	LASERS	TRSL				
Valuation Date	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2020				
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal				
Actuarial assumptions:						
Amortization approach	Closed	Closed				
Expected Remaining Service Lives	2 years	5 years				
Investment rate of return	7.55% per annum, net of investment expenses	7.45% per annum, net of investment expenses				
Inflation rate	2.30% per annum	2.30% per annum				
Projected salary increases	Salary increases were projected based on a 2014-2018 experience study of the System's members. The salary increases for specific types of members range from 2.6% - 13.8%.	3.1% - 4.6%, varies depending on				
Cost-of-living adjustments	None, since they are not deemed to be substantively automatic.	None, since they are not deemed to be substantively automatic.				
Mortality	Non-disabled members - Mortality rates based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar (males/females) and White Collar (females) Healthy Annuitant Tables projected on a fully generational basis by Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2018. Disabled members - Mortality rates based on the RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, with no projection for mortality improvement.	Active members - RP-2014 White Collar Employee tables, adjusted by 1.010 for males and 0.997 for females. Non-Disabled retiree/inactive members - RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant tables, adjusted by 1.366 for males and 1.189 for females. Disability Retirees - RP-2014 Disability tables, adjusted by 1.111 for males and 1.134 for females. These tables are adjusted from 2014 to 2018 using the MP-2017 generational improvement table, with continued future mortality improvement projected using the MP-2017 generational mortality improvement tables.				
Termination and disability	Termination, disability, and retirement assumptions were projected based on a five year (2014-2018) experience study of the System's members.	Termination, disability, and retirement assumptions were projected based on a five-year (2013-2017) experience study of the System's members.				

4. <u>PENSION PLANS</u>: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation (LASERS 2.30%; TRSL 2.30%) and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The resulting expected long-term rates of return for LASERS and TRSL are 8.25% and 8.17%, respectively. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric (LASERS) and arithmetic (TRSL) real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020, are summarized in the following table:

	Target A	llocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return			
Asset Class	LASERS	TRSL	LASERS	TRSL		
Cash			-0.59%			
Domestic equity	23.00%	27.00%	4.79%	4.60%		
International equity	32.00%	19.00%	5.83%	5.54%		
Domestic fixed income	6.00%	13.00%	1.76%	0.69%		
International fixed income	10.00%	5.50%	3.98%	1.50%		
Alternative investments:	22.00%		6.69%			
Private equity		25.50%		8.62%		
Other private assets		10.00%		4.45%		
Risk Parity	7.00%		4.20%			
Total Fund	100.00%	100.00%	5.81%			

Discount Rates:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for LASERS and TRSL was 7.55% and 7.45%, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that employer contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the Systems' actuaries. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

4. <u>PENSION PLANS</u>: (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rates:

The following presents the Senate's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate, as well as what the Senate's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Current Discount							
	1.(0% Decrease		Rate	1.0% Increase			
LASERS	\$	45,628,118	\$	37,130,915	\$	29,920,102		
TRSL		86,690		66,408		49,334		
Total	\$	45,714,808	\$	37,197,323	\$	29,969,436		

Support of Non-employer Contributing Entities:

Contributions received by a pension plan from non-employer contributing entities that are not in a special funding situation are recorded as revenue by the respective pension plan. The Senate recognizes revenue in an amount equal to its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension plan from these non-employer contributing entities. During the year ended June 30, 2021, the Senate recognized revenue as a result of support received from non-employer contributing entities of \$258 for its participation in TRSL. LASERS does not receive support from non-employer contributing entities and, as a result, no revenue was recorded for the participation in LASERS for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued LASERS and TRSL 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports at <u>www.lasersonline.org</u> and <u>www.trsl.org</u>, respectively.

Payables to the Pension Plans:

At June 30, 2021, payables to LASERS and TRSL were \$165,918 and \$482, respectively, for June 2021 employee and employer legally required contributions.

5. <u>OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS</u>:

Substantially all Senate employees become eligible for postemployment health care and life insurance benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the Senate. The Senate offers its employees the opportunity to participate in one of two medical coverage plans. One plan is from the state's Office of Group Benefits (OGB) which also offers a life insurance plan, and the other is with the Louisiana State University (LSU) System Health Plan. Information about each of these two plans is presented on the following pages.

5. <u>OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS</u>: (Continued)

Plan Descriptions:

State OGB Plan:

The Senate, State of Louisiana's employees may participate in the State of Louisiana's Other Postemployment Benefit Plan (OPEB Plan), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan, but classified as an agent multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB Plan for financial reporting purposes since the plan is not administered as a formal trust. The Office of Group Benefits administers the plan.

There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75. Effective July 1, 2008, an OPEB trust fund was statutorily established; however, this plan is not administered as a trust and no plan assets have been accumulated as of June 30, 2021.

The Office of Group Benefits does not issue a publicly available financial report of the OPEB Plan; however, it is included in the State of Louisiana's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). You may obtain a copy of the CAFR on the Office of Statewide Reporting and Accounting Policy's website at www.doa.la.gov/Pages/osrap/Index.asp.

LSU System Health Plan:

The LSU System Health Plan originally began as a pilot program within the State Office of Group Benefits (OGB), the office that provides health benefits to state employees pursuant to the provisions of R.S. 42:851. The state agency participation is not material and, as such, the plan is identified as a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan that is not administered as a trust or equivalent arrangement. There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No.75

The LSU System Health Plan selects claim and pharmaceutical administrators to administer its program. Both claim and pharmacy administrators are selected through a formal Request for Proposals process followed by negotiations between the System and qualified vendors.

The Health Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report, but it is included in the LSU System's audited Financial Report. The Financial Report may be obtained from the LSU System's website at <u>http://www.lsu.edu/</u>.

5. <u>OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS</u>: (Continued)

Benefits Provided:

State OGB Plan:

The OPEB Plan provides medical, prescription drug, and life insurance benefits to eligible active employees, retirees, disabled retirees, and their beneficiaries through premium subsidies. Current employees, who participate in an OGB health plan while active, are eligible for plan benefits if they are enrolled in the OGB health plan immediately before the date of retirement and retire under one of the state sponsored retirement systems (Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System, Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana, Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System, or Louisiana State Police Retirement System) or they retire from a participating employer that meets the qualifications in the Louisiana Administrative Code 32:3.303. Benefit provisions are established under R.S. 42:851 for health insurance benefits and R.S. 42:821 for life insurance benefits.

LSU System Health Plan:

The Health Plan offers eligible employees, retirees, and their beneficiaries the opportunity to participate in comprehensive health and preventive care coverage that gives members a unique, consumer-driven health-care approach to pay routine health expenses and provides coverage for major healthcare expenses.

Contributions:

State OGB Plan:

The obligations of the plan members, employer(s), and other contributing entities to contribute to the plan are established or may be amended under the authority of R.S. 42:802. The plan is funded on a "pay-as-you-go basis" under which the contributions to the plan are generally made at about the same time and in about the same amount as benefit payments become due. Employees do not contribute to their postemployment benefits cost until they become retirees and begin receiving benefits. The retirees contribute to the cost of their postemployment benefits based on a service schedule.

Employer contributions are based on plan premiums and the employer contribution percentage. Premium amounts vary depending on the health plan selected and if the retired member has Medicare coverage. Employer contributions to the OPEB plan were \$194,245 during the year ended June 30, 2021. OGB offers retirees four self-insured healthcare plans and one fully insured plan. Retired employees who have Medicare Part A and Part B coverage also have access to six fully insured Medicare Advantage plans.

5. <u>OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS</u>: (Continued)

Contributions: (Continued)

State OGB Plan: (Continued)

The employer contribution percentage is based on the date of participation in an OGB plan and employee years of service at retirement. Employees who begin participation or rejoin the plan before January 1, 2002, pay approximately 25% of the cost of coverage (except single retirees under age 65, who pay approximately 25% of the active employee cost). For those beginning participation or rejoining on or after January 1, 2002, the percentage of premiums contributed by the employer and retiree is based on the following schedule:

	Employer	Employee
	Contribution	Contribution
Years of Participation	Percentage	Percentage
Under 10 years	19%	81%
10 - 14 years	38%	62%
15 - 19 years	56%	44%
20+ years	75%	25%

In addition to healthcare benefits, retirees may elect to receive life insurance benefits. The life insurance benefits offered by the State OGB Plan are also available to retirees who elect to participate in the LSU System Health Plan. Basic and supplemental life insurance is available for the individual retirees and spouses of retirees subject to maximum values. Employers pay approximately 50% of monthly premiums for individual retirees. The retiree is responsible for 100% of the premium for dependents. The total monthly premium for retirees varies according to age group.

While actuarially determined, the plan rates must be approved by OGB under R.S. 42:851(B). Plan rates are in effect for one year, and members have the opportunity to switch providers during the open enrollment period, which usually occurs during October.

LSU System Health Plan:

The plan is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. The pay-as-you-go expense is the net expected cost of providing retiree benefits. This expense includes all expected claims and related expenses and is offset by retiree contributions. The LSU System Health Plan does not use a trust fund to administer the financing of the plan and the payment of benefits. Employees do not contribute to their postemployment benefits cost until they become retirees and begin receiving those benefits. The retirees contribute to the cost of retiree healthcare based on a service schedule.

5. <u>OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS</u>: (Continued)

Contributions: (Continued)

LSU System Health Plan: (Continued)

Employer participation in contributions to the LSU System Health Plan for retirees follows the same schedule that is used for retirees in the state OGB Plan, which is described previously. Prior participation in the state OGB Plan counts toward service time when determining the employer contribution rate. Employer contributions to the LSU Plan were \$527,729 during the year ended June 30, 2021.

<u>OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u>:

At June 30, 2021, the Senate reported a liability of \$4,822,066 and \$41,017,228 for the OGB State Plan and the LSU System Health Plan, respectively, for its proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability. The collective total OPEB liability for the OGB State Plan was measured as of July 1, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The collective total OPEB liability for the LSU System Health Plan was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The collective total OPEB liability for the LSU System Health Plan was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2020. The Senate's proportionate share percentage is based on a projection of the Senate's total OPEB liability in relation to the projected total OPEB liability for all participating entities included in the State of Louisiana reporting entity.

For the State OGB Plan, the Senate's proportion was 0.0582% as of the measurement date of July 1, 2020, a decrease of 0.0083% since the measurement date of July 1, 2019. For the LSU System Health Plan, the Senate's proportion was 2.7882% as of the measurement date of June 30, 2021, an increase of 0.0398% since the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Senate recognized OPEB expense (benefit) of \$4,487,541, or \$(217,013) and \$4,704,554 for the OGB State Plan and LSU System Health Plan, respectively. At June 30, 2021, the Senate reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

5. <u>OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS</u>: (Continued)

<u>OPEB Liabilities</u>, <u>OPEB Expense</u>, and <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u>: (Continued)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources						Deferred Inflows of Resources				
	OGB State LSU System Plan Health Plan		Total		OGB State Plan		LSU System Health Plan		Total		
Changes of assumptions or											
other inputs	\$	126,071	\$	6,938,616	\$	7,064,687	\$	461,434	\$	771,877	\$ 1,233,311
Differences between expected											
and actual experience		110,893		4,893,275		5,004,168		8,902		871,476	880,378
Changes in proportion and											
differences between benefit											
payments and proportionate											
share of benefit payments		-		397,605		397,605		768,550		-	768,550
Amounts paid by the employer											
for OPEB contributions											
subsequent to the											
measurement date		194,245		-		194,245		-		-	-
Total	\$	431,209	\$	12,229,496	\$	12,660,705	\$	1,238,886	\$	1,643,353	\$ 2,882,239

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the Senate's benefit payments subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total collective OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	OGB State		L	SU System
Year ending June 30:	Plan			Iealth Plan
2022	\$	(411,453)	\$	2,261,342
2023		(337,245)		2,261,342
2024	(202,438)			2,312,809
2025		(50,786)		2,352,957
Thereafter		-		1,397,693
Total	\$	(1,001,922)	\$	10,586,143

Actuarial Assumptions:

The collective total OPEB liability in the actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial methods, assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

5. <u>OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS</u>: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

	State OGB Plan	LSU System Health Plan				
Valuation Date	July 1, 2020	January 1, 2020				
Measurement Date	July 1, 2020	June 30, 2021				
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal, level percentage of pay	Entry Age Normal, level percentage of pay				
Actuarial assumptions:						
Expected Remaining Service Lives	4.5 years	6.6 years				
Inflation rate	Consumer Price Index (CPI) 2.80%	2.50%				
Salary increase rate	Consistent with the pension valuation assumptions disclosed in note 4.	2% per annum				
Discount rate	2.66% based on June 30, 2020, Standard & Poor's 20-year municipal bond index	2.16% based on Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index				
Mortality rates	<i>For active lives</i> : the RP-2014 Blue Collar Employee Table, adjusted by 0.978 for males and 1.144 for females, projected from 2014 on a fully generational basis by Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2018. <i>For healthy retiree lives</i> : the RP-2014 Blue Collar Healthy Annuitant Table, adjusted by 1.280 for males and RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant Table, adjusted by 1.417 for females, and then projected on a fully generational basis by Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2018. <i>For disabled retiree lives</i> : the RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, adjusted by 1.009 for males and 1.043 for females, not projected with mortality improvement.	<i>Non-Disabled Lives</i> : Pub-2010 mortality table with generational scale MP-2019. <i>Disabled Lives</i> : Pub-2010 disabled mortality rates with generational MP-2019 scaling.				
Healthcare cost trend rates	6.75% for pre-Medicare eligible employees grading down by .25% each year, beginning in 2021-2022, to an ultimate rate of 4.5% in 2029; 5.25% for post-Medicare eligible employees grading down by .25% each year, beginning in 2021-2022, to an ultimate rate of 4.5% in 2023-2024 and thereafter; the initial trend was developed using the National Health Care Trend Survey; the ultimate trend was developed using a building block approach which considers Consumer Price Index, Gross Domestic Product, and technology growth.	The following annual trend rates are applied on a select and ultimate basis. Select trend is reduced 0.5% each year until reaching the ultimate trend. <i>Pre Medicare Medical/Rx Benefit</i> s - 6.0% (Select) and 4.5% (Ultimate) <i>Post Medicare benefits</i> - 5.0% (Select) and 4.5% (Ultimate) <i>Stop Loss Fees</i> - 6.0% (Select) and 4.5% (Ultimate) <i>Administrative fees</i> - 4.5% (Select) and 4.5% (Ultimate)				

5. <u>OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS</u>: (Continued)

Discount Rate:

The OPEB liability for the State OGB Plan was affected by a change in the discount rate from 2.79% as of July 1, 2019 to 2.66% as of July 1, 2020. The OPEB liability for the LSU System Health Plan was affected by a change in the discount rate from 2.21% as of the measurement date of June 30, 2020 to 2.16% as of the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Collective Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following presents the Senate's proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability using the current discount rate as well as what the Senate's proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Current							
	1% Decrease		1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1	% Increase
State OGB Plan	\$	5,575,411	\$	4,822,066	\$	4,219,298		
LSU System Health Plan		50,812,025		41,017,228		33,666,912		
Total Proportionate Share of								
Collective Total OPEB Liability	\$	56,387,436	\$	45,839,294	\$	37,886,210		

<u>Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Collective Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates</u>:

The following presents the Senate's proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability using the current healthcare cost trend rates as well as what the Senate's proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current rates:

Current							
Healthcare Cost							
1% Decrease Trend Rate					1% Increase		
\$	4,307,047	\$	4,822,066	\$	5,467,230		
	33,282,865		41,017,228	_	51,279,126		
\$	37,589,912	\$	45,839,294	\$	56,746,356		
	1 \$ \$	\$ 4,307,047 33,282,865	1% Decrease \$ 4,307,047 \$ 33,282,865 \$	1% Decrease Trend Rate \$ 4,307,047 \$ 4,822,066 33,282,865 41,017,228	Healthcare Cost 1% Decrease Trend Rate 1 \$ 4,307,047 \$ 4,822,066 \$ 33,282,865 41,017,228 4		

SENATE STATE OF LOUISIANA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

6. <u>LITIGATION, CLAIMS, AND SIMILAR CONTINGENCIES</u>:

Losses arising from litigation, claims, and similar contingencies are considered state liabilities and are paid by special appropriations made by the Louisiana Legislature. Any applicable litigation, claims, and similar contingencies are not recognized in the accompanying financial statements.

At June 30, 2021, the Senate, State of Louisiana, was not involved in any lawsuits or threatened litigation.

7. <u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u>:

The Senate limits its exposure to risk of loss through the Office of Risk Management, a statewide insurance program. Through the payment of premiums to the program, the Senate transfers the risk of loss from theft, torts, damage to and destruction of assets, workers' compensation, errors and omissions, and natural disasters.

8. <u>LEASE AGREEMENT</u>:

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the Senate entered into a lease agreement with De Lage Landen Public Finance, LLC for the lease of several copiers. The term of the lease agreement was for 60 months in the amount of \$4,201.32 per month. Future minimum lease payments under this non-cancelable operating lease as of June 30, 2021, are as follows:

Lease	e Payments
\$	50,416
	50,416
	50,416
	50,416
	18,739
\$	220,403

Expenditures relating to this lease were \$31,677 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

9. <u>CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES</u>:

The following is a summary of the changes in the Senate's long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2021:

		Balance	Due Within		
	July 1, 2020	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2021	One Year
Compensated absences	\$ 1,701,791	\$ 139,840	\$ 223,428	\$ 1,618,203	\$ 131,669
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 1,701,791	\$ 139,840	\$ 223,428	\$ 1,618,203	\$ 131,669

Information about changes in the net pension liability and the OPEB liability are contained in notes 4 and 5, respectively.

SENATE STATE OF LOUISIANA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

10. <u>FUND BALANCE</u>:

As of June 30, 2021, the Senate has an unassigned balance of \$12,162,264. The fund balance also includes amounts classified as assigned for the following purposes:

Assigned:	
Compensated absences obligation	\$ 1,618,203
Total assigned fund balance	\$ 1,618,203

11. <u>INTERAGENCY TRANSFERS</u>:

Transfers In:

Amounts received from other governmental units for the year ended June 30, 2021, consist of the following:

	C	Capital	Op	erating		
	<u>(</u>	Dutlay	Se	ervices	,	Total
Other agencies	\$	-	\$	3,328	\$	3,328
Legislative Budgetary Control Council		25,268	2,	,145,834	2,	,171,102
Total interagency transfers	\$	25,268	\$2,	,149,162	\$ 2,	,174,430

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the Senate received \$522,734 from the Legislative Budgetary Control Council (LBCC) which represents a reimbursement of eligible expenses related to the COVID-19 response effort and was appropriated to the LBCC in Act 120 of the 2021 Regular Session.

The amounts due from other agencies and Legislative Budgetary Control Council totaled \$57,242 at year-end.

Transfers Out:

Amounts paid to other governmental units during the year ended June 30, 2021 consist of the following:

	(Capital	Ope	erating	
	<u>(</u>	<u> Outlay</u>	Ser	rvices	<u>Total</u>
House of Representatives	\$	16,529	\$	-	\$ 16,529
Total interagency transfers	\$	16,529	\$	-	\$ 16,529

SENATE STATE OF LOUISIANA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

12. <u>OTHER COSTS</u>:

The State of Louisiana, through other appropriations, provides office space, utilities, and janitorial services for the operations in the State Capitol, all of which are not included in the accompanying financial statements.

13. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN:

Certain employees of the Senate, State of Louisiana, participate in the Louisiana Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan adopted under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Complete disclosures relating to the plan are included in the separately issued audit report for the plan, available from the Louisiana Legislative Auditor, Post Office Box 94397, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9397.

14. <u>DEFICIT NET POSITION</u>:

The Senate had a deficit net position of \$52,463,537 as of June 30, 2021. This deficit is caused by the long-term liabilities related to pension and other post-employment benefits.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SENATE STATE OF LOUISIANA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Actual Amounts				
		GAAP to				
		Budget	_	Budgeted A	mounts	
	GAAP	Differences	Budgetary			Variance with
	Basis	Over (Under)	Basis	Original	Final	Final Budget
REVENUES:						
State appropriations	\$ 21,129,014 \$	- \$	21,129,014 \$	22,932,214 \$	22,932,214	\$ (1,803,200)
Interest	8,646	-	8,646	-	-	8,646
Other	53,984	-	53,984	-	-	53,984
Reappropriated fund balance (1)	<u> </u>	13,621,843 (1)	13,621,843	13,621,843	13,621,843	-
Total revenues	21,191,644	13,621,843	34,813,487	36,554,057	36,554,057	(1,740,570)
EXPENDITURES:						
Personnel services (2)	19,954,253	289,836 (2)	20,244,089	19,653,031	19,653,031	591,058
Travel	155,387	-	155,387	265,656	265,656	(110,269)
Operating services	1,547,094	-	1,547,094	2,588,214	2,588,214	(1,041,120)
Supplies	99,860	-	99,860	123,630	123,630	(23,770)
Professional services	127,294	-	127,294	111,183	111,183	16,111
Telephone	110,534	-	110,534	135,000	135,000	(24,466)
Printing	78,963	-	78,963	70,000	70,000	8,963
Capital outlay	104,964	-	104,964	15,500	15,500	89,464
Total expenditures	22,178,349	289,836	22,468,185	22,962,214	22,962,214	(494,029)
Excess (deficiency) of						
revenues over expenditures	(986,705)	13,332,007	12,345,302	13,591,843	13,591,843	(1,246,541)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Interagency transfers in	2,174,430	-	2,174,430	-	-	2,174,430
Interagency transfers out	(16,529)	-	(16,529)	-	-	(16,529)
Total other financing sources	2,157,901		2,157,901	-	-	2,157,901
Net change in fund balance	1,171,196	13,332,007	14,503,203	13,591,843	13,591,843	911,360
Fund balances - beginning	12,609,271	1,012,736 (3)	13,739,236	13,739,236	13,739,236	_
Less reappropriated fund balance		(13,621,843) (1)	(13,621,843)	(13,621,843)	(13,621,843)	_
Fund balances - ending	\$ 13,780,467 \$	722,900 \$	14,620,596 \$	13,709,236 \$	13,709,236	\$ 911,360
6						

The budgetary comparison schedule has been prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Explanation of differences:

- (1) Budgets include reappropriated fund balances carried over from prior years to cover expenditures of the current year. The results of operations on a GAAP basis do not recognize these amounts as revenue since they represent prior period's excess of revenues over expenditures.
- (2) Personnel services and related benefits are budgeted only to the extent expected to be paid, rather than on the modified accrual basis.
- (3) The amount reported as "fund balance" on the budgetary basis of accounting derives from the basis of accounting used in preparing the budget. (See Note 1 for a description of the Senate, State of Louisiana's budgetary accounting method.) This amount differs from the fund balance reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance because of the cumulative effect of transactions such as those described above.

SENATE STATE OF LOUISIANA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE COLLECTIVE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY FOR THE FIVE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Employer's Proportion of the Collective Total <u>OPEB Liability</u>	Proportion of theShare of theEmployer'sCollective TotalCollective TotalCovered				Employer's Proportionate Share of the Collective Total OPEB Liability as a % of its <u>Covered Payroll</u>
State OGB Plan						
2021	0.05820%	\$	4,822,066	\$	1,632,169	295.4%
2020	0.06647%		5,133,073		1,445,486	355.1%
2019	0.07000%		5,974,126		1,491,906	400.4%
2018	0.07080%		6,157,107		1,520,038	405.1%
2017	0.07080%		6,427,878		1,458,966	440.6%
LSU System Health Plan						
2021	2.78815%	\$	41,017,228	\$	9,534,119	430.2%
2020	2.74838%		38,536,826		9,388,067	410.5%
2019	2.17863%		23,821,149		9,763,207	244.0%
2018	2.15960%		21,070,510		9,798,446	215.0%
2017	2.14449%		21,644,753		9,744,582	222.1%

The schedule is intended to report information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The amounts presented for the State OGB Plan have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year while the amounts for the LSU System Health Plan have a measurement date of the current fiscal year. See accompanying notes.

SENATE STATE OF LOUISIANA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE COLLECTIVE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY JUNE 30, 2021

1. <u>STATE OGB PLAN</u>:

There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the requirements in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay benefits.

Changes in Assumptions:

- The valuation report as of July 1, 2017 increased the discount rate from 2.71% to 3.13%.
- The valuation report as of July 1, 2018 made the following changes:
 - (a) The discount rate decreased from 3.13% to 2.98%.
 - (b) Baseline per capita costs were adjusted to reflect 2018 claims and enrollment, and retiree contributions were updated based on 2019 premiums. The impact of the high cost excise tax was revisited, reflecting updated plan premiums.
 - (c) The percentage of future retirees assumed to elect medical coverage was adjusted based on recent plan experience.
 - (d) Demographic assumptions were revised for the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana, Louisiana School Employees Retirement System, and Louisiana State Police Retirement System to reflect recent experience studies.
 - (e) Mortality assumptions for members in LASERS were updated from using projection scale MP-2017 to using projection scale MP-2018.
- The valuation report as of July 1, 2019 made the following changes:
 - (a) The discount rate decreased from 2.98% to 2.79%.
 - (b) Baseline per capita costs were adjusted to reflect 2019 claims and enrollment, and retiree contributions were updated based on 2020 premiums.
 - (c) Life insurance contributions were updated to reflect 2020 premium schedules.
 - (d) The impact of the High Cost Excise Tax was removed. The High Cost Excise Tax was repealed in December 2019.
 - (e) Demographic assumptions were revised for the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System to reflect recent experience studies.

SENATE STATE OF LOUISIANA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE COLLECTIVE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY JUNE 30, 2021

1. <u>STATE OGB PLAN</u>: (Continued)

Changes in Assumptions: (Continued)

- The valuation report as of July 1, 2020 made the following changes:
 - (a) The discount rate decreased from 2.79% to 2.66%.
 - (b) Baseline per capita costs were adjusted to reflect 2020 claims and enrollment, and retiree contributions were updated based on 2021 premiums. 2020 medical claims and enrollment experience were reviewed but not included in the projection of expected 2021 plan costs. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, this experience was not believed to be reflective of what can be expected in future years.
 - (c) The salary scale assumptions were revised for the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System and the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana.
 - (d) Medical participation rates, life participation rates, the age difference between future retirees and their spouses, Medicare eligibility rates, and medical plan election percentages have all been updated based on a review of OPEB experience from July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2020.

2. <u>LSU SYSTEM HEALTH PLAN</u>:

There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the requirements in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay benefits.

Changes in Assumptions:

- The valuation report as of June 30, 2018 made the following changes:
 - (a) Increased the discount rate from 3.58% to 3.90%.
 - (b) Updated the plan design changes as of January 1, 2018.
 - (c) Updated claim costs for the expected retiree health costs.
 - (d) Census changes since the last evaluation.

SENATE STATE OF LOUISIANA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE COLLECTIVE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY JUNE 30, 2021

2. <u>LSU SYSTEM HEALTH PLAN</u>: (Continued)

Changes in Assumptions: (Continued)

- The valuation report as of June 30, 2019 decreased the discount rate from 3.90% to 3.50%.
- The valuation report as of June 30, 2020 made the following changes:
 - (a) Decreased the discount rate from 3.50% to 2.21%.
 - (b) The retirement rates were updated to the most recent rates from LASERS and TRSL Actuarial Valuations.
 - (c) The mortality assumptions were updated from RP-2014 mortality table with generational scale MP-2018 to the Pub-2010 mortality table with generational scale MP-2019 to reflect the Society of Actuaries' recent mortality study.
- The valuation report as of June 30, 2021 decreased the discount rate from 2.21% to 2.16%

SENATE STATE OF LOUISIANA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE SEVEN YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension <u>Liability</u>	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension <u>Liability</u>	Employer's Covered <u>Payroll</u>	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a % of its Covered <u>Payroll</u>	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the Total Pension <u>Liability</u>
LASERS:					
2021	0.44895%	\$ 37,130,915	\$ 9,991,839	371.6%	58.0%
2020	0.46924%	33,995,814	9,851,421	345.1%	62.9%
2019	0.47829%	32,619,302	10,219,058	319.2%	64.3%
2018	0.49362%	34,744,930	9,860,823	352.4%	62.5%
2017	0.49267%	38,687,324	10,222,982	378.4%	57.7%
2016	0.48757%	33,162,188	9,955,464	333.1%	62.7%
2015	0.48485%	30,317,145	9,817,735	308.8%	65.0%
<u>TRSL</u> :					
2021	0.00060%	\$ 66,408	\$ 33,539	198.0%	65.6%
2020	0.00060%	59,349	81,422	72.9%	68.6%
2019	0.00333%	327,175	155,683	210.2%	68.2%
2018	0.00335%	343,848	163,474	210.3%	65.6%
2017	0.00426%	499,761	181,212	275.8%	59.9%
2016	0.00413%	443,531	180,461	245.8%	62.5%
2015	0.00405%	414,070	174,276	237.6%	63.7%

The schedule is intended to report information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year. See accompanying notes.

SENATE STATE OF LOUISIANA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE SEVEN YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Re Contractually Con Required R		l Required Required Deficiency							Employer's Covered <u>Payroll</u>	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered <u>Payroll</u>
LASERS:											
2021	\$	3,837,560	\$	3,837,560	\$	-	\$	9,805,008	39.1%		
2020		4,311,188		4,311,188		-		9,991,839	43.1%		
2019		3,763,437		3,763,437		-		9,851,421	38.2%		
2018		3,832,806		3,832,806		-		10,219,058	37.5%		
2017		3,541,955		3,541,955		-		9,860,823	35.9%		
2016		3,832,464		3,832,464		-		10,222,982	37.5%		
2015		3,707,658		3,707,658		-		9,955,464	37.2%		
TRSL:											
2021	\$	9,754	\$	9,754	\$	-	\$	33,912	28.8%		
2020		9,914		9,914		-		33,539	29.6%		
2019		30,756		30,756		-		81,422	37.8%		
2018		41,970		41,970		-		155,683	27.0%		
2017		42,274		42,274		-		163,474	25.9%		
2016		50,136		50,136		-		181,212	27.7%		
2015		50,827		50,827		-		180,461	28.2%		
				-							

The schedule is intended to report information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See accompanying notes.

SENATE STATE OF LOUISIANA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS JUNE 30, 2021

1. <u>CHANGES OF BENEFIT TERMS</u>:

LASERS:

- (a) A 1.5% COLA, effective July 1, 2014, provided by Acts 102 of the 2014 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session.
- (b) A 1.5% COLA, effective July 1, 2016, provided by Acts 93 and 512 of the 2016 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session.

<u>TRSL</u>:

- (a) A 1.5% COLA, effective July 1, 2014, provided by Act 102 of the 2014 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session.
- (b) The 2015 valuation incorporates a change providing that members employed on or after July 1, 2015 may retire at age 62 with a 2.5% benefit factor with at least 5 years of service credit or at any age after 20 years of service credit (actuarially reduced).
- (c) A 1.5% COLA, effective July 1, 2016, provided by Acts 93 and 512 of the 2016 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session.

2. <u>CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS</u>:

LASERS:

- (a) Effective July 1, 2017, the LASERS board adopted a plan to gradually reduce the discount rate from 7.75% to 7.50% in .05% increments. Therefore, the discount rate was reduced from 7.75% to 7.70% for the June 30, 2017 valuation, reduced to 7.65% for the June 30, 2018 valuation, reduced to 7.60% for the June 30, 2019 valuation, and reduced to 7.55% for the June 30, 2020 valuation.
- (b) The inflation rate used to measure the total pension liability changed from 3.00% in the 2016 valuation to 2.75% in the 2017 valuation. The inflation rate was reduced to 2.50% for the June 30, 2019 valuation. The inflation rate was reduced to 2.30% for the June 30, 2020 valuation.
- (c) Effective July 1, 2017, the projected contribution requirement includes direct funding of administrative expenses, rather than a reduction in the assumed rate of return, per Act 94 of 2016.

SENATE STATE OF LOUISIANA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS JUNE 30, 2021

2. <u>CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS</u>: (Continued)

LASERS: (Continued)

- (d) Salary increases used to measure the total pension liability changed from a range of 3.00% to 14.50% in the 2016 valuation to a range of 2.80% to 14.30% in the 2017 valuation. Salary increases used to measure the total pension liability changed to a range of 2.80% to 14.00% in the June 30, 2019 valuation. Salary increases used to measure the total pension liability changed to a range of 2.60% to 13.80% in the June 30, 2020 valuation.
- (e) Retirement, termination, disability, inflation, salary increase, and expected services life assumptions and methods were updated with the June 30, 2019, valuation to reflect the results of the most recent experience study observed for the period of July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018.

<u>TRSL</u>:

- (a) Effective July 1, 2017, the projected contribution requirement includes direct funding of administrative expenses, rather than a reduction in the assumed rate of return, per Act 94 of 2016.
- (b) Effective July 1, 2017, the TRSL board adopted a plan to gradually reduce the discount rate from 7.75% to 7.50% in .05% increments. Therefore, the discount rate was reduced from 7.75% to 7.70% for the June 30, 2017 valuation and reduced to 7.65% for the June 30, 2018 valuation. On November 1, 2018, the TRSL board accelerated the discount rate reduction plan by one year and a 7.55% was used to determine the projected contribution requirements for the June 30, 2019 valuation. On January 9, 2020, the TRSL board accelerated the rate reduction plan and a 7.45% rate was used to determine the projected actuarially required contribution rates for the June 30, 2020 valuation. The TRSL board adopted a reduction in the discount rate to 7.40% for purposes of determining the projected contribution requirements for fiscal year 2022.
- (c) Demographic, mortality, and salary assumptions were updated beginning with the June 30, 2018, valuation to reflect the results of the most recent experience study observed for the period of July 1, 2012, through June 30, 2017.
- (d) Effective June 30, 2020, the inflation assumption was reduced from 2.50% to 2.30% and all salary assumptions were reduced by 0.20%.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SENATE STATE OF LOUISIANA SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF SENATORS' PER DIEM AND OTHER COMPENSATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			-	r Session Diem	-	al Session Diem		erim Diem		avel Diem	Salary and Expense
Senator		<u>Total</u>	<u>Days</u>	Amount	Days	Amount	Days	Amount	Days	Amount	Allowance
Abraham, Mark T	\$	39,287	60 \$	9,600	26 \$	4,163	17 \$	2,724	- \$	- \$	22,800
Allain II, Robert L.		39,126	60	9,600	26	4,163	16	2,563	-	-	22,800
Barrow, Regina A.		40,727	60	9,600	26	4,163	25	4,004	1	160	22,800
Bernard, Louis C		38,647	60	9,600	26	4,163	13	2,084	-	-	22,800
Boudreaux, Gerald R.		39,446	60	9,600	26	4,163	17	2,723	1	160	22,800
Bouie, Jr., Joseph		38,326	60	9,600	26	4,163	10	1,603	1	160	22,800
Carter, Sr., Troy A.		27,803	28	4,480	26	4,163	1	160	-	-	19,000
Carter, Jr., Gary		64	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	64
Cathey, Jr., Stewart		39,127	60	9,600	26	4,163	13	2,084	3	480	22,800
Cloud, Heather M		40,086	60	9,600	26	4,163	20	3,203	2	320	22,800
Connick, John P		37,525	60	9,600	26	4,163	6	962	-	-	22,800
Cortez, Patrick P.		58,333	60	9,600	26	4,163	41	6,570	-	-	38,000
Fesi, Michael A.		39,767	60	9,600	26	4,163	20	3,204	-	-	22,800
Fields, Cleo		39,131	60	9,600	26	4,163	15	2,408	1	160	22,800
Foil, Franklin J.		38,006	60	9,600	26	4,163	9	1,443	-	-	22,800
Harris, III, James C.		40,569	60	9,600	26	4,163	24	3,846	1	160	22,800
Henry, John C.		38,646	60	9,600	26	4,163	13	2,083	-	-	22,800
Hensgens, Craig		38,004	60	9,600	26	4,163	9	1,441	-	-	22,800
Hewitt, Sharon W.		39,607	60	9,600	26	4,163	19	3,044	-	-	22,800
Jackson, Katrina R		37,524	60	9,600	26	4,163	6	961	-	-	22,800
Johns, Ronald S.		38,965	60	9,600	26	4,163	15	2,402	-	-	22,800
Lambert, Eddie J.		37,364	60	9,600	26	4,163	5	801	-	-	22,800
Luneau, Wendell Jay		38,166	60	9,600	26	4,163	10	1,603	-	-	22,800
McMath, Patrick M.		38,485	60	9,600	26	4,163	12	1,922	-	-	22,800
Milligan, Barry S		42,501	60	9,600	26	4,163	37	5,938	-	-	22,800
Mills, Jr., Fred H.		37,847	60	9,600	26	4,163	8	1,284	-	-	22,800
Mills, Robert		37,524	60	9,600	26	4,163	6	961	-	-	22,800
Mizell, Mary Beth S.		47,789	60	9,600	26	4,163	22	3,526	-	-	30,500
Morris, John C.		37,043	60	9,600	26	4,163	3	480	-	-	22,800
Peacock, Russell Barrow		38,645	60	9,600	26	4,163	13	2,082	-	-	22,800
Peterson, Karen Carter		37,363	60	9,600	26	4,163	5	800	-	-	22,800
Pope, James, R.		38,327	60	9,600	26	4,163	11	1,764	-	-	22,800
Price, Edward J.		39,448	60	9,600	26	4,163	17	2,725	1	160	22,800
Reese, Michael D		39,445	60	9,600	26	4,163	18	2,882	-	-	22,800
Smith Jr., Gary L.		38,486	60	9,600	26	4,163	12	1,923	-	-	22,800
(Continued)											

SENATE STATE OF LOUISIANA SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF SENATORS' PER DIEM AND OTHER COMPENSATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(Continued)

		e	Regular Session Per Diem		Special Session Per Diem		1				avel Diem	Salary and Expense
Senator	Total	Days	Amount	<u>Days</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Days</u>	Amount	<u>Days</u>	Amount	Allowance		
Talbot, Michael K.	41,212	60	9,600	26	4,163	26	4,166	3	483	22,800		
Tarver, Gregory W.	37,524	60	9,600	26	4,163	6	961	-	-	22,800		
Ward III, Richard J.	38,968	60	9,600	26	4,163	15	2,405	-	-	22,800		
White Jr., Mack A.	67,127	60	9,600	26	4,163	16	2,564	-	-	50,800		
Womack, Glen D.	39,928	60	9,600	26	4,163	21	3,365	-	-	22,800		
	\$ 1,561,908	\$	369,280	\$	162,357	\$	91,664	\$	2,243	\$ 936,364		



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

December 14, 2021

Honorable Patrick Page Cortez President of the Senate, State of Louisiana Baton Rouge, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Senate, State of Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Senate, State of Louisiana's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 14, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Senate, State of Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing opinions on the effectiveness of the Senate, State of Louisiana's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Senate, State of Louisiana's internal control.

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Members American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Society of LA CPAs A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Senate, State of Louisiana's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Duplanties, Hapmann, Hugan & Noter ILP

New Orleans, Louisiana

SENATE STATE OF LOUISIANA SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS:

- 1. The opinion issued on the financial statements of the Senate, State of Louisiana, for the year ended June 30, 2021 was unmodified.
- 2. Compliance and Other Matters Noncompliance material to financial statements: none noted
- 3. Internal Control Material weaknesses: none noted Significant deficiencies: none noted

FINDINGS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED UNDER GENERALLY ACCEPTED GOVERNMENTAL AUDITING STANDARDS:

None

SUMMARY OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS:

None