OUR HOUSE, INC. dba CHRISTOPHER YOUTH CENTER

Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023



OUR HOUSE, INC. dba CHRISTOPHER YOUTH CENTER FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>P</u>
Independent Auditors' Report	
Statement of Financial Position	
Statement of Activities	
Statement of Functional Expenses	
Statement of Cash Flows	
Notes to Financial Statements	
Other Information	
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards	· 1:
Schedule of Findings and Responses	17
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	
Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head	

CAMERON, HINES & COMPANY

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Trustees of Our House, Inc. dba Christopher Youth Center

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Our House, Inc. dba Christopher Youth Center (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2023, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the year then ended and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Our House, Inc. dba Christopher Youth Center as of December 31, 2023, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Our House, Inc. dba Christopher Youth Center and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Our House, Inc. dba Christopher Youth Center's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Board of Trustees of Our House, Inc. dba Christopher Youth Center Page 2

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Our House, Inc. dba Christopher Youth Center's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Our House, Inc. dba Christopher Youth Center's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head on page 20 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to

Board of Trustees of Our House, Inc. dba Christopher Youth Center Page 3

the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 25,2024, on our consideration of Our House Inc. dba Christopher Youth Center's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters on pages 15-16. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Our House Inc. dba Christopher Youth Center's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cameron, Hines & Company (APAC)

West Monroe, Louisiana June 25, 2024

3

OUR HOUSE, INC. dba CHRISTOPHER YOUTH CENTER STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents Certificates of Deposit Investments Grants Receivable Promises to Give - United Way Prepaid Insurance Total Current Assets	\$ 202,301 213,421 213,843 58,734 20,268 708,567	\$ - - 17,699 - 17,699	\$ 202,301 213,421 213,843 58,734 17,699 20,268 726,266
Property and Equipment: Depreciable Fixed Assets Accumulated Depreciation Net Depreciable Property and Equipment Land Net Property and Equipment	784,067 (476,548) 307,519 25,395 332,914	- - - -	784,067 (476,548) 307,519 25,395 332,914
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,041,481	\$ 17,699	\$ 1,059,180
LIABILITIES AND N	ET ASSETS		
Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable	\$ 7,805	\$ -	\$ 7,805
NET ASSETS Without Donor Restrictions Undesignated Invested in property and equipment, net of related debt With Donor Restrictions Time restricted for future periods Total Net Assets	700,762 332,914 - 1,033,676	17,699 17,699	700,762 332,914 17,699 1,051,375
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 1,041,481	\$ 17,699	\$ 1,059,180

OUR HOUSE, INC. dba CHRISTOPHER YOUTH CENTER STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Without Donor Restrictions				Total	
PUBLIC SUPPORT AND GRANT REVENUE						
Public Support:						
Contributions	\$	7,727	\$	-	\$	7,727
Grants		490,048		-		490,048
United Way Funding		-		34,691		34,691
Net Assets Released from Restrictions		34,691		(34,691)		-
Total Public Support and Grant Revenue		532,466		-		532,466
Other Support:						
Interest Income		11,865		-		11,865
Other		8,396		-		8,396
Realized Gain (Loss) on Investments		2,632		-		2,632
Total Other Support		22,893		-		22,893
TOTAL PUBLIC SUPPORT, GRANT REVENUE						
AND OTHER SUPPORT		555,359		-		555,359
<u>EXPENSES</u>						
Program Services:						
DHHS Transitional Living		27,675		-		27,675
Youth Transition		68,841		-		68,841
DHHS Teen Shelter		129,935		-		129,935
Outreach		39,074		-		39,074
Homeless Prevention		34,385		-		34,385
Rapid Rehousing		85,074				85,074
Total Program Services		384,984		-		384,984
Supporting Services:						
Management and General		367,152				367,152
TOTAL PROGRAM SERVICES, SUPPORTING						
SERVICES AND OTHER EXPENSES		752,136				752,136
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS	((196,777)		-		(196,777)
NET ASSETS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	1	,230,453		17,699		1,248,152
NET ASSETS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 1.	,033,676	\$	17,699	\$	1,051,375

OUR HOUSE, INC. dba CHRISTOPHER YOUTH CENTER STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Salaries and Related Expenses	DHHS - Transitional Living	Youth Transition	DHHS - Teen Shelter	Outreach
-				
Salaries	14,998	37,307	70,415	21,175
Payroll Taxes and Benefits	1,123	2,794	5,274	1,586
Other Expenses				
Audit	-	-	-	-
Advertising	-			1,961
Contract Labor	-	772	941	668
Dues/Subscriptions	-	1,851	400	1,110
Food/Shelter	210	391	6,735	612
Insurance	-	798	1,125	620
Office Expenses	295	1,085	1,654	807
Copy Machine Lease	525	-	1,055	373
Supplies	6	2,499	2,188	103
Telephone	-	2,504	5,440	3,066
Training	-	-	2,790	25
Utilities	640	7,402	13,149	2,913
Client Services	-	1,358	1,615	-
Educational	180	-	-	-
Medical	-	13	81	-
Travel	-	-	4,677	2,996
Rent	1,448	10,026	-	-
Depreciation	-	-	-	-
Repairs & Maintenance	6,523	-	11,676	1,041
Auto Expense	1,727	-	715	18
Other Expenses		41	5	
	\$ 27,675	\$ 68,841	\$ 129,935	\$ 39,074

Homeless Prevention	Rapid Rehousing	Management and General	Total I	Expenses
18,634	46,104	198,970	\$	407,603
1,396	3,453	14,902	Ψ	30,528
		12.700		12.700
-	-	13,700		13,700
-	-	3,303		5,264
-	-	3,443		5,824
-	-	1,881		5,242
-	-	232		8,180
-	-	85,531		88,074
-	-	2,886		6,727
-	-	828		2,781
-	-	-		4,796
-	-	-		11,010
-	-	1,029		3,844
-	1,379	64		25,547
-	-	841		3,814
-	-	-		180
-	-	-		94
-	-	7,131		14,804
14,355	34,138	-		59,967
-	<u>-</u>	20,259		20,259
-	_	1,753		20,993
-	-	1,116		3,576
<u>-</u> _		9,283		9,329
\$ 34,385	\$ 85,074	\$ 367,152	\$	752,136

OUR HOUSE, INC. dba CHRISTOPHER YOUTH CENTER STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Decrease in Net Assets Depreciation Adjustments to Reconcile Increase in Net Assets to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	\$ (196,777) 20,259
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	
CDs Investments Grants Receivable Prepaid Insurance Accounts Payable Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	171,610 (11,037) (45,485) 1,015 103 (60,312)
Purchase of Fixed Assets	(2,850)
Net Cash Used by Investing Activities	(2,850)
Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(63,162)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	265,463
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 202,301

Note 1 - <u>Nature of Activities and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

Nature of Activity

Effective from August 22, 2015, the name of the Organization was changed from Our House, Inc. to Our House, Inc. dba Christopher Youth Center. Our House, Inc. dba Christopher Youth Center is a nonprofit organization that is based in Monroe, Louisiana. The Organization provides "hotline" services for runaway and troubled teens. The Organization's services also include providing shelter and transportation for troubled teens.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of Our House, Inc. dba Christopher Youth Center have been prepared on the accrual basis and, accordingly, reflect all significant receivables and payables.

Basis of Presentation

ASC section 958-605 *Not-for-Profit Entities, Revenue Recognition* requires that unconditional promises to give (pledges) be recorded as receivables and revenues and requires the organization to distinguish between contributions received for each net asset category in accordance with donor-imposed restrictions.

Net assets, revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets are classified based on the existence or absence of donor imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions – Net assets available for use in general operations and are not subject to donor-imposed stipulations.

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions – Net assets subject to donor-imposed restrictions. Some donor – imposed restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other donor – imposed restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity. Donor – imposed restrictions are released when a restriction expires, that is, when the stipulated time has elapsed, when the stipulated purpose for which the resource has been fulfilled, or both. As of the year ended December 31, 2023 Our House, Inc. dba Christopher Youth Center does not have any donor – imposed restrictions that are perpetual in nature.

Note 1 - Nature of Activities and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Revenue Recognition

Contributions received are recorded under net assets without donor restrictions or net assets with donor restrictions depending on the existence and/or nature of any donor restrictions.

All donor-restricted support is reported as an increase in net assets with donor restrictions. When a restriction expires (that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished), net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the Statement of Activities as net assets released from restrictions.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Our House, Inc. dba Christopher Youth Center considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Investments

In February 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 72 (GASB 72), Fair Value Measurement and Application, designed to enhance the comparability of governmental financial statements by requiring fair value measurement for certain assets and liabilities using a consistent definition and accepted valuation techniques. GASB 72 amended the definitions of fair value and investments, provided guidance for determining a fair value measurement for assets and liabilities required to be reported at fair value, provided guidance for applying fair value to investments required to be reported at fair value, and provided for disclosures in addition to those already required by GASB Statements No. 3, 31, 40, and 53 for all investments measured at fair value.

Grants Receivable

Grants receivable represent amounts that have been expensed for grant purposes and are to be reimbursed in full by the grantor and have been promised over the next twelve months.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are carried at cost or, if donated, at the approximate fair value at the date of donation. Depreciation of buildings and equipment is provided over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets using the straight-line method:

	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	40
Building Improvements	5-40
Residences	40
Vehicles	3-5
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	3-10

Note 1 - <u>Nature of Activities and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

Public Support and Revenue

Annual contributions are recorded as revenue when received and are generally available for unrestricted use unless specifically restricted by the donor.

Grant income is deferred until the revenue is received. Unreimbursed expenses are recorded as income and as grants receivable when requests for reimbursement are submitted to the grants.

Contributions of donated non-cash assets are recorded at their fair value in the period received. Contributions of donated services that create or enhance non-financial assets or that require specialized skills, are provided by individuals possessing those skills, and would typically need to be purchased if not provided by donation, are recorded at their fair values.

Contributions are recognized when the donor makes a promise to give to the Organization that is, in substance, unconditional. Contributions that are restricted by the donor are reported as increases in unrestricted net assets if the restrictions expire in the fiscal year in which the contributions are recognized.

All other donor-restricted contributions are reported as increases in temporarily or permanently restricted net assets depending on the nature of the restrictions. When a restriction expires, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets.

Functional Allocation of Expenses

The cost of providing the various programs and activities has been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of activities. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

ASC section 820 Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures and ASC section 825 Financial Instruments require all entities to disclose the fair value of financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate fair value.

The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, accrued interest receivable, and bequests receivable approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these financial instruments. The carrying value, which is the fair value of investments and funds held in trust by others, is based upon quoted market values. In the limited cases where such values are not available, historical cost is used as an estimate of market value.

Note 2 - Liquidity and Availability

Financial assets available for general expenditure, that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of the balance sheet date, comprise the following:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 202,301
Investments	213,843
Certificates of deposit maturing within one year	213,421
Grants receivable to be collected within one year	58,734
Contributions receivable to be collected within one year	 17,699
Total	\$ 705,998

Note 3 - <u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>

Our House, Inc. dba Christopher Youth Center maintains its cash balances in five local financial institutions. The bank balances of \$203,921 are covered by FDIC Insurance of up to \$250,000 at each bank.

Our House, Inc. dba Christopher Youth Center also has six certificates of deposit. The certificates of deposit have a fair value of \$213,421 and are not considered cash equivalents. \$213,421 of these certificates of deposit are covered by FDIC insurance.

Note 4 - Income Taxes

Our House, Inc. dba Christopher Youth Center is a nonprofit corporation exempted from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made; however, should the Organization engage in activities unrelated to its exempt purpose, taxable income could result. The Organization had no material unrelated business income for the year ended December 31, 2023. The earliest income tax year that is subject to examination is 2020.

Note 5 - Lease Expense

Our House, Inc. dba Christopher Youth Center has several six-month to one-year noncancelable operating leases for several apartments for their residents. Lease expense for the year ended December 31, 2023, was \$59,967.

Minimum future rental payments under non-cancelable operating leases as of December 31, 2023, for each of the next five years and in aggregate are as follows:

December 31, 2024 \$ 264

Note 6 - <u>Property and Equipment</u>

A summary of land, buildings, equipment and accumulated depreciation at December 31, 2023, is as follows:

Land	\$ 25,395
Buildings	525,842
Autos & Trucks	105,896
Furniture & Equipment	152,329
Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(476,548</u>)
Net Property and Equipment	<u>\$ 332,914</u>

Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2023, was \$20,259.

Note 7 - <u>Investments</u>

Investments are presented in the financial statements at fair market value based on quoted prices in active markets (level 1) of the securities on a recurring basis at December 31, 2023.

Quoted Prices	Other	Significant
in Active Markets	Observable	Unobservable
for Identical Assets	Inputs	Inputs
(Level 1 Inputs)	(Level 2 Inputs)	(Level 3 Inputs)

Mutual Funds <u>\$ 213,843</u> <u>\$ -</u> <u>\$ -</u>

Investment return at December 31, 2023, consisted of interest earnings and net realized and unrealized gains of \$7,832.

Note 8 - Grants Receivable

Grants receivable consisted of the following at December 31, 2023:

HUD Connections	\$	4,361
State of LA OCS		1,188
LCTF Safe Place Helper		2,472
Youth Transitions		8,187
ESGP I Grant		29,438
LCLE Victims of Crimes		13,088
Total Grants Receivable	5	58,734

Note 9 - <u>Promises to Give</u>

Unconditional promises to give consisted of the following:

United Way \$ 17,699

Note 10 - Net Assets With Donor Restrictions

Net assets were released from donor restrictions by time restrictions specified by donors as follows:

Time Restrictions Expired:
United Way of Northeast Louisiana

\$ 34,691

Contributions that are restricted by the donor are reported as increases in unrestricted net assets if the restrictions expire in the fiscal year in which the contributions are recognized.

Note 11 - <u>In-Kind Contributions</u>

In-kind contributions for funds receiving government grants consist of time donated by volunteer workers established by state and federal regulatory agencies providing the grant funds; also, donated food, clothing, medical facilities, advertising and other items valued at estimated fair market value. The volunteer hours and donated food and clothing are not recorded in the financial statements.

Note 12 - <u>Economic Dependence</u>

The Organization receives a substantial amount of its support from federal and state government grants and from the United Way. A significant reduction in the level of this support, if this were to occur, may have an effect on the Organization's programs and activities.

Note 13 - <u>Subsequent Events</u>

Subsequent events have been evaluated through June 25, 2024, the date that the financial statements were available to be issued. All subsequent events determined to be relevant and material to the financial statements have been appropriately recorded or disclosed.

CAMERON, HINES & COMPANY

(A Professional Accounting Corporation)

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees of Our House, Inc. dba Christopher Youth Center

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Our House, Inc. dba Christopher Youth Center (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2023, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 25, 2024.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Our House, Inc. dba Christopher Youth Center's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Our House dba Christopher Youth Center's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Our House, Inc. dba Christopher Youth Center's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of Our House, Inc. dba Christopher Youth Center's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Board of Trustees of Our House, Inc. dba Christopher Youth Center Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Our House, Inc. dba Christopher Youth Center's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under the *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, the communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cameron, Hines & Company (APAC)

West Monroe, Louisiana June 25, 2024

OUR HOUSE, INC. dba CHRISTOPHER YOUTH CENTER SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

To The Board of Trustees Our House, Inc. Monroe, Louisiana

We have audited the financial statements of Our House, Inc. dba Christopher Youth Center as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated June 25, 2024. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our audit of the financial statements as of December 31, 2023, resulted in an unmodified opinion.

SECTION I - Summary of Auditors' Results

A.	1		
	Statements		
	Internal Control		
	Material Weaknessyes X_no		
	Significant Deficiencies not considered to be		
	Material Weaknesses yes X_no		
	Compliance		
	Compliance Material to Financial Statementsyes X_no		
B.	Federal Awards: N/A		
	Material Weakness Identified yesno		
	Significant Deficiencies not considered to be		
	Material Weaknesses yesno		
	Type of Opinion on Compliance for Major Programs Unmodified Modified Disclaimer Adverse		
	Are their findings required to be reported in accordance with Title 2 CFR Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), subpart F?		
C.	Identification of Major Programs: N/A		
	Name of Federal Program (or cluster):		
	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B Programs.		
	Is the auditee a "low-risk" auditee, as defined by Title 2 CFR Part 200. Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), subpart F?		

OUR HOUSE, INC. dba CHRISTOPHER YOUTH CENTER SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

There were no findings in this section.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Responses

N/A

OUR HOUSE, INC. dba CHRISTOPHER YOUTH CENTER SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Internal Control and Compliance Material to the Financial Statements

This section is not applicable.

Internal Control and Compliance Material to Federal Awards

This section is not applicable.

Management Letter

This section is not applicable

OUR HOUSE, INC. dba CHRISTOPHER YOUTH CENTER SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO AGENCY HEAD DECEMBER 31, 2023

Agency Head

Ella Nimmers
Executive Director

Purpose

Salary	\$ 88,765
Benefits - Payroll Taxes and Insurance	26,520
Travel	845
Expense Reimbursement	1,383
Total Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments	\$ 117,513

OUR HOUSE, INC. dba CHRISTOPHER YOUTH CENTER

Independent Accountants' Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023



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<u>INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT</u> ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

To Our House, Inc. dba Christopher Youth Center and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor:

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period January 1, 2023, through December 31, 2023. Our House, Inc. dba Christopher Youth Center's (CYC) management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

CYC has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period January 1, 2023, through December 31, 2023. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

1) Written Policies and Procedures

Mailing Address:

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A. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe whether they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations:¹

- i. **Budgeting**, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.
- ii. **Purchasing**, including (1) how purchases are initiated, (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list, (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders, (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law, and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.
- iii. **Disbursements**, including processing, reviewing, and approving.
- iv. **Receipts/Collections**, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g., periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff

¹ For governmental organizations, the practitioner may eliminate those categories and subcategories not applicable to the organization's operations. For quasi-public organizations, including nonprofits, the practitioner may eliminate those categories and subcategories not applicable to public funds administered by the quasi-public.

- procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).
- v. **Payroll/Personnel**, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee rates of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.
- vi. *Contracting*, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.
- vii. *Travel and Expense Reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.
- viii. *Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, purchase cards, if applicable)*, including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).
- ix. **Ethics**², including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.
- x. **Debt Service**, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.
- xi. *Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity*, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.
- xii. **Prevention of Sexual Harassment**, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

Findings: Six exceptions noted where policies and procedures did not address required categories and subcategories listed above.

2) Board or Finance Committee³

A. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and

² The Louisiana Code of Governmental Ethics (Ethics Code) is generally not applicable to nonprofit entities but may be applicable in certain situations, such as councils on aging. If the Ethics Code is applicable to a nonprofit, the nonprofit should have written policies and procedures relating to ethics.

³ These procedures are not applicable to entities managed by a single elected official, such as a sheriff or assessor.

- i. Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
- ii. For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe whether the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds⁴, and semi-annual budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds. Alternatively, for those entities reporting on the not-for-profit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds⁵ if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.
- iii. For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.
- iv. Observe whether the board/finance committee received written updates of the progress of resolving audit finding(s), according to management's corrective action plan at each meeting until the findings are considered fully resolved.⁶

3) Bank Reconciliations

- A. Obtain a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts⁷ (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:
 - i. Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged);
 - ii. Bank reconciliations include written evidence that a member of management or a board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation within 1 month of the date the reconciliation was prepared (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and
 - iii. Management has documentation reflecting it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

⁴Proprietary fund types are defined under GASB standards and include enterprise and internal service funds. The related procedure addresses these funds as a way to verify that boards are provided with financial information necessary to make informed decisions about entity operations, including proprietary operations that are not required to be budgeted under the Local Government Budget Act.

⁵ R.S. 24:513 (A)(1)(b)(iv) defines public funds.

⁶ No exception is necessary if management's opinion is that the cost of taking corrective action for findings related to improper segregation of duties or inadequate design of controls over the preparation of the financial statements being audited exceeds the benefits of correcting those findings.

⁷ Accounts selected may exclude savings and investment accounts that are not part of the entity's daily business operations.

4) Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)⁸

A. Obtain a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).

- B. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations¹⁰ and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (e.g., 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if there are no written policies or procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that
 - i. Employees responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers;
 - ii. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g., pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit;
 - iii. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit; and
 - iv. The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions, is (are) not also responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.
- C. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe that the bond or insurance policy for theft was in force during the fiscal period.
- D. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Alternatively, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc. Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:
 - i. Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered. 11
 - ii. Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.

⁸ The Collections category is not required to be performed if the entity has a third-party contractor performing all collection functions (e.g., receiving collections, preparing deposits, and making deposits).

⁹ A deposit site is a physical location where a deposit is prepared and reconciled.

¹⁰ A collection location is a physical location where cash is collected. An entity may have one or more collection locations whose collections are brought to a deposit site for deposit. For example, in a school district a collection location may be a classroom and a deposit site may be the school office. For school boards only, the practitioner should consider the deposit site and collection location to be the same if there is a central person (secretary or bookkeeper) through which collections are deposited.

¹¹ The practitioner is not required to test for completeness of revenues relative to classroom collections by teachers.

- iii. Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.
- iv. Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt¹² at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).
- v. Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

5) Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

- A. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).
- B. For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that
 - i. At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order or making the purchase;
 - ii. At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors;
 - iii. The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files;
 - iv. Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments; and
 - v. Only employees/officials authorized to sign checks approve the electronic disbursement (release) of funds, whether through automated clearinghouse (ACH), electronic funds transfer (EFT), wire transfer, or some other electronic means.

[Note: Findings related to controls that constrain the legal authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality) should not be reported.]

- C. For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction, and
 - i. Observe whether the disbursement, whether by paper or electronic means, matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates that deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity, and

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¹² As required by Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1212.

- ii. Observe whether the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under procedure #5B above, as applicable.
- D. Using the entity's main operating account and the month selected in Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A, randomly select 5 non-payroll-related electronic disbursements (or all electronic disbursements if less than 5) and observe that each electronic disbursement was (a) approved by only those persons authorized to disburse funds (e.g., sign checks) per the entity's policy, and (b) approved by the required number of authorized signers per the entity's policy. Note: If no electronic payments were made from the main operating account during the month selected the practitioner should select an alternative month and/or account for testing that does include electronic disbursements.

6) Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/Purchase Cards (Cards)

- A. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and purchase cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards¹³. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.
- B. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement). Obtain supporting documentation, and
 - i. Observe whether there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) were reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved) by someone other than the authorized card holder (those instances requiring such approval that may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials, such as the mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality, should not be reported); and
 - ii. Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.
- C. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under procedure #7B above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (e.g., each card should have 10 transactions subject to inspection)¹⁴. For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and observe whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

¹³ Including cards used by school staff for either school operations or student activity fund operations.

¹⁴ For example, if 3 of the 5 cards selected were fuel cards, transactions would only be selected for each of the 2 credit cards. Conceivably, if all 5 cards randomly selected under procedure #7B were fuel cards, procedure #7C would not be applicable.

Findings: One exception noted where there was a finance charge on a selected statement.

7) Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements¹⁵ (excluding card transactions)

- A. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements and obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected
 - i. If reimbursed using a per diem, observe that the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov);
 - ii. If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased;
 - iii. Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by Written Policies and Procedures procedure #1A(vii); and
 - iv. Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

Findings: No exceptions noted.

8) Contracts

A. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. *Alternatively, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list.* Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and

- i. Observe whether the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law¹⁶ (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law;
- ii. Observe whether the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g., Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter);
- iii. If the contract was amended (e.g., change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, the documented approval); and

¹⁵ Non-travel reimbursements are not required to be inspected under this category.

¹⁶ If the entity has adopted the state Procurement Code, replace "Louisiana Public Bid Law" with "Louisiana Procurement Code."

iv. Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

Findings: No exceptions noted.

9) Payroll and Personnel

- A. Obtain a listing of employees and officials¹⁷ employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.
- B. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under procedure #9A above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and
 - i. Observe that all selected employees or officials 18 documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory);
 - ii. Observe whether supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials;
 - iii. Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records; and
 - iv. Observe the rate paid to the employees or officials agrees to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.
- C. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials and obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee's or official's cumulative leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee's or official's authorized pay rates in the employee's or official's personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.
- D. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

Findings: No exceptions noted.

¹⁷ "Officials" would include those elected, as well as board members who are appointed.

¹⁸ Generally, officials are not eligible to earn leave and do not document their attendance and leave. However, if the official is earning leave according to a policy and/or contract, the official should document his/her daily attendance and leave.

10) Ethics 19

- A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A obtain ethics documentation from management, and
 - i. Observe whether the documentation demonstrates that each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:1170; and
 - ii. Observe whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates that each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.
- B. Inquire and/or observe whether the agency has appointed an ethics designee as required by R.S. 42:1170.

Findings: This procedure is not applicable to this entity.

11) Debt Service²⁰

- A. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued as required by Article VII, Section 8 of the Louisiana Constitution.
- B. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

Findings: This procedure is not applicable to this entity.

12) Fraud Notice²¹

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A. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled as required by R.S. 24:523.

¹⁹ The Louisiana Code of Governmental Ethics (Ethics Code) is generally not applicable to nonprofit entities but may be applicable in certain situations, such as councils on aging. If the Ethics Code is applicable to a nonprofit, the procedures should be performed.

²⁰ This AUP category is generally not applicable to nonprofit entities. However, if applicable, the procedures should be performed.

²¹ Observation may be limited to those premises that are visited during the performance of other procedures under the AUPs and the notice is available for download at www.lla.la.gov/hotline

B. Observe that the entity has posted, on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

Findings: No exceptions noted.

13) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

- A. Perform the following procedures, verbally discuss the results with management, and report "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management."
 - i. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe evidence that such backup (a) occurred within the past week, (b) was not stored on the government's local server or network, and (c) was encrypted.
 - ii. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.
 - iii. Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.
- B. Randomly select 5 terminated employees (or all terminated employees if less than 5) using the list of terminated employees obtained in procedure #9C. Observe evidence that the selected terminated employees have been removed or disabled from the network.
- C. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A, obtain cybersecurity training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates that the following employees/officials with access to the agency's information technology assets have completed cybersecurity training as required by R.S. 42:1267²². The requirements are as follows:
 - i. Hired before June 9, 2020 completed the training; and
 - ii. Hired on or after June 9, 2020 completed the training within 30 days of initial service or employment.

Findings: We performed the procedures and discussed the results with management.

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²² While it appears to be a good practice for charter schools to ensure its employees are trained to keep their information technology assets safe from cyberattack, charter schools do not appear required to comply with 42:1267. An individual charter school, though, through specific provisions of its charter, may mandate that all employees/officials receive cybersecurity training.

14) Prevention of Sexual Harassment²³

- A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:343.
- B. Observe that the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).
- C. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe that the report includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
 - i. Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;
 - ii. Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;
 - iii. Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;
 - iv. Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and
 - v. Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

Findings: No exceptions noted.

Management's Response

We agree with the results of the procedures and will address the identified exceptions.

We were engaged by CYC to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of CYC and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

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²³ While it appears to be a good practice for charter schools to ensure it has policies and training for sexual harassment, charter schools do not appear required to comply with the Prevention of Sexual Harassment Law (R.S. 42:341 et seq). An individual charter school, through the specific provisions of its charter, may mandate sexual harassment training.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Cameron, Hines & Company (APAC)

West Monroe, Louisiana June 25, 2024