WEST BATON ROUGE PARISH CLERK OF COURT PORT ALLEN, LOUISIANA

FINANCIAL REPORT

June 30, 2021



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mark Graffeo West Baton Rouge Parish Clerk of Court Port Allen, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental—type activities and each fiduciary fund of the West Baton Rouge Parish Clerk of Court as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the West Baton Rouge Parish Clerk of Court's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The West Baton Rouge Parish Clerk of Court's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the

entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our (1) unmodified audit opinion on the governmental activities, General Fund, and fiduciary Registry of the Court Fund, and (2) qualified audit opinion on the fiduciary Advance Deposit Fund.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Custodial Fund

Due to the Clerk of Court's inability to reconcile individual suit balances in its Advanced Deposit Fund with the corresponding net position restricted for litigants and others recorded on its statements of fiduciary assets and liabilities, custodial funds, at June 30, 2021, we were unable to satisfy ourselves, by any auditing procedures, as to the reasonableness of the accounts receivable and net position restricted for litigants and others recorded in this fund at June 30, 2021. The effect on the financial statements of not reconciling these individual suit balances cannot be reasonably determined.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the effects, if any, of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph on the Advance Deposit Fund, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective position of the Advance Deposit Fund of the Clerk of Court, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental-type activities and the fiduciary Registry of the Court fund for West Baton Rouge Parish Clerk of Court as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in its financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 9 and budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in net OPEB liability and related ratios, employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and employer's pension contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the West Baton Rouge Parish Clerk of Court's basic financial statements. The schedule of compensation, benefits and other payments to agency head, the justice system funding schedule – receiving entity, and the justice system funding schedule – collecting/disbursing entity are presented to comply with the requirements issued by the State of Louisiana, and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of compensation, benefits and other payments to agency head, the justice system funding schedule – receiving entity, and the justice system funding schedule – collecting/disbursing entity are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, except for the effect on the justice system funding schedule – collecting/disbursing entity of the inability to reconcile suit balances in its Advance Deposit Fund with the corresponding net position restricted for litigants and others recorded on its statements of fiduciary assets and liabilities, custodial funds, as described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph on the Advance Deposit

Fund, the schedule of compensation, benefits and other payments to agency head, justice system funding schedule – receiving entity, and justice system funding schedule – collecting/disbursing entity are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2021 on our consideration of the West Baton Rouge Parish Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the West Baton Rouge Parish Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

PROVOST, SALTER, HARPER & ALFORD, LLC

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December 15, 2021

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The Management's Discussion and Analysis of the West Baton Rouge Parish Clerk of Court's (the Clerk of Court) financial performance presents a narrative overview and analysis of the Clerk of Court's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2021. This document focuses on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts in comparison with prior year's information. Please read this document in conjunction with the additional information contained in the Clerk of Court's financial statements, which begins on page 10.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The Clerk of Court's total net position increased by \$65,241 while fund balance increased by \$180,853.

The operating revenues of the Clerk of Court increased \$147,736 or 11.55%.

The operating expenses of the Clerk of Court increased \$121,574 or 9.25%.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This Management Discussion and Analysis document introduces the reader to the Clerk of Court's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) government-wide financial statements, and fund financial statements, and (2) notes to the basic financial statements. The Clerk of Court also includes in this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements, such as required supplementary information. Comparative data is presented when available.

Government -wide Financial Statements

The Clerk of Court's s annual report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the Clerk of Court's overall financial status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of activities between funds.

The first of these government-wide statements is the Statement of Net Position. This is the government-wide statement of position presenting information that includes all of the Clerk of Court's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Clerk of Court as a whole is improving or deteriorating.

The second government-wide statement is the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position which reports how the Clerk of Court's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when the Clerk of Court receives or pays cash. The format for the Statement of Activities presents the expenses reduced by the Program Revenues directly related to each respective function, to determine net costs of each function. The net costs of each function

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

are normally covered by general revenues. For the Clerk of Court, the only program (function) is "Judicial." Additionally, the Clerk does not receive any operating or capital grants or contributions. All revenues are generated from fees, charges and commissions for services.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources which have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The West Baton Rouge Clerk of Court, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related and legal requirements. The Clerk of Court uses two categories of funds to account for financial transactions: governmental funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for most of the basic services and projects reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances available for spending at year-end. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Clerk of Court's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Clerk of Court's programs. The West Baton Rouge Clerk of Court has only one governmental fund – the General Fund – which is used to account for the Clerk of Court's basic services.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The West Baton Rouge Parish Clerk of Court adopts an annual appropriated budget for the general fund. A budgetary comparison statement is provided to demonstrate budgetary compliance.

The only type of *Fiduciary fund* maintained by the clerk is an "custodial" fund. Custodial funds are custodial in nature and represent assets held by the clerk as an agent for litigants pending court action. Under applicable standards, custodial funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. These activities are excluded from the Clerk of Court's other financial statements because the Clerk of Court cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The Clerk of Court is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes to financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found immediately following the financial statements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CLERK OF COURT AS A WHOLE

The Clerk of Court's net position (deficit) at fiscal year-end is \$(1,217,804). The following table provides a summary of the Clerk of Court's net position (deficit):

		2021		2020		Change	Percentage Change
Current assets	\$	1,612,589	\$	1,431,885	\$	180,704	12.62%
Capital assets		1,333		2,136		(803)	-37.59%
Total assets		1,613,922		1,434,021		179,901	12.55%
Deferred Outflows of Resources		873,393		602,664	~~~	270,729	44.92%
Current liabilities		46,430		31,668		14,762	46.61%
Noncurrent liabilities		3,172,629		2,745,165		427,464	15.57%
Total liabilities		3,219,059	······································	2,776,833		442,226	15.93%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	***************************************	486,060		542,897		(56,837)	-10.47%
Net investment in capital assets		1,333		2,136		(803)	-37.59%
Unrestricted		(1,219,137)		(1,285,181)		66,044	5.14%
Total net position (deficit)	_\$	(1,217,804)	\$	(1,283,045)	\$	65,241	5.08%

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

The following table provided a summary of the Clerk of Court's changes in net position:

		2021	2020	Change	Percentage Change
Operating revenues	\$	1,426,493	\$ 1,278,757	\$ 147,736	11.55%
Operating expenses		1,435,507	1,313,933	121,574	9.25%
Operating income (loss)		(9,014)	(35,176)	26,162	
Non-operating revenues (expenses)	*****************	74,255	93,210	 (18,955)	-20.34%
Change in net position	\$	65,241	\$ 58,034	\$ 7,207	

Financial Analysis of the Clerk of Court's Governmental Funds

The General Fund is the Clerk of Court's operating fund are the sources of day-to-day service delivery. As discussed, the General Fund is reported in the fund statements with a short-term, inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financial requirements. Remember the data presented in the fund financial statements is presented on the modified accrual basis. This means that capital assets purchased during the year are reported as expenditures and no depreciation on these capital assets is reported as an expenditure in the same year.

Economic Factors

Clerk of Court revenue is dependent upon user generated fees in payment for provided services. Historically, these service fees account for over ninety percent of total revenue. The economy of West Baton Rouge Parish has remained stable in recent years and this trend is expected to continue. As such, the Clerk of Court will continue to provide the services its citizens have come to expect.

Budgetary Highlight

At year-end, the Clerk of Court realized 114.8% of our final budgeted revenue and 100.3% of our final budgeted expenditures.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBTS

Capital Assets

The Clerk of Court's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, for governmental activities as of June 30, 2021 was \$1,333 compared to \$2,136 at June 30, 2020. In 2021 depreciation expense was \$803.

See Note 5 for additional information about changes in capital assets during the calendar year and outstanding at the end of the year. The following table provides a summary of capital asset activity.

	Governmental Activities								
		2020							
Depreciable assets	\$	488,662	\$	488,662					
Less accumulated Depreciation		(487,329)		(486,526)					
Book value-depreciable assets	\$	1,333	\$	2,136					

Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2021, the Clerk reported \$1,455,284 for its proportionate share of net pension liability, \$611,982 for deferred outflows of resources and \$18,001 for deferred inflows of resources. See Note 7 to the basic financial statements for further discussion of the pension liabilities, pension expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.

Other Postemployment Benefits Liability

At June 30, 2020, the Clerk reported other postemployment benefits liability in the amount of \$1,652,966. At June 30, 2021, the Clerk reported other postemployment benefits liability in the amount of \$1,717,345. This was an increase of \$64,379 as compared to the prior year. See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for further discussion of other postemployment benefits.

CONTACTING THE CLERK OF COURT'S MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Clerk of Court's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and to demonstrate the Clerk of Court's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, please contact the West Baton Rouge Parish Clerk of Court, P.O. Box 170, Port Allen, LA 70767; phone number (225) 383-0378.

WEST BATON ROUGE PARISH CLERK OF CO	Statement A
Statement of Net Position (Deficit)	June 30, 2021
	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 601,857
Accounts receivable	59,656
Investments - LAMP	951,076
Total Current Assets	1,612,589
Noncurrent Assets	
Capital assets, net	1,333
Total Assets	1,613,922
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	873,393
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	46,430
Long-Term Liabilities	
Net OPEB liability	1,717,345
Net pension liability	1,455,284
Total Long-term Liabilities	3,172,629
Total Liabilities	3,219,059
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	486,060
NET POSITION (Deficit)	
Net investment in capital Assets	1,333
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(1,219,137)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (1,217,804)

Statement B

WEST BATON ROUGE PARISH CLERK OF COURT

Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Expenses	Sei	Program Charges for rvices, Fines, d Forfeitures	 enues Operating Grants and ontributions	Ne ar	Activities et Revenues and Changes Net Position
Functions/programs							<u> </u>
Governmental Activities General government Intergovernmental	s	1,404,375 31,132	\$	1,384,251 42,242	\$ -	\$	(20,124) 11,110
Total Governmental Activities	\$	1,435,507	<u>s</u>	1,426,493	\$ 	1	(9,014)
General revenues:							
Investment income							4,248
Non-employer contributions to pension plan							70,007
Change in net position							65,241
Net position (Deficit) - beginning							(1,283,045)
Net position (Deficit) - ending						\$	(1,217,804)

Statement	C
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Balance Sheet-Governmental Fund

June 30, 2021

ASSETS	General Fund			
Current Assets	 ·			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 601,857			
Due from other funds	52,094			
Accounts receivable	7,562			
Investments	 951,076			
Total Assets	\$ 1,612,589			
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities				
Accrued expenses	\$ 16,108			
Fund Balance				
Unassigned	 1,596,481			
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 1,612,589			

Statement D

WEST BATON ROUGE PARISH CLERK OF COURT

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position (Deficit)

June 30, 2021

Fund	halances	- total a	overnmenta!	funde
runu	Dalances	- water y	Over milienta:	i iniius

\$ 1,596,481

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial statement of resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds

Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation \$ 488,662 (487,329)

1,333

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds

Pension related changes reported as deferred outflows

873,393

Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds

(486,060)

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds

Net OPEB liability Net pension liability \$(1,717,345)

(1,455,284)

Compensated Absences

(30,322)

(3,202,951)

Net position (deficit) of governmental activities

\$ (1,217,804)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Fund Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General Fund
Revenues	
Intergovernmental	\$ 42,242
Charges for services:	
Court cost and fees	704,204
Certified copies and data processing	78,618
Licenses	4,480
Recording fees	595,528
Investment income	4,248
Total revenues	1,429,320
Expenditures	
Current	
General government	
Personal services and related benefits	1,052,805
Operating services	196,120
Capital outlay	963
Total expenditures	1,249,888
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	179,432
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	
Transfers In	1,421
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,421
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing	
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing	
Uses	180,853
Fund balance, beginning	1,415,628
Fund balance, ending	\$ 1,596,481

Statement F

WEST BATON ROUGE PARISH CLERK OF COURT

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Year Ended June 30, 2021 Expenditures, Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 180,853

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated overtheir estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Depreciation expense

\$ (803)

(803)

Nonemployer's contributions to the clerk employees pension plan

70,007

Some expense reported in the statement of activities do not required the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

OPEB Expenses Pension Expenses Compensated absenses \$ 18,858 (188,763)

(14,911)

(184,816)

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 65,241

Statement G

WEST BATON ROUGE PARISH CLERK OF COURT

Statements of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities -Custodial Funds

June 30, 2021

	Advance Deposits Registry of the Fund Court Fund		•	Total	
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	46,673	\$	457,354 \$	504,027
Investments	MARKET TO THE TOTAL THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TOTAL TO THE T	684,922		23,098	708,020
Total assets		731,595		480,452	1,212,047
Liabilities					
Due to the other funds		52,094			52,094
Net Position					
Restricted for litigants and others	\$	679,501	\$	480,452 \$	1,159,953

Statement H

WEST BATON ROUGE PARISH CLERK OF COURT

Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position -Custodial Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Advance Deposits Fund		Registry of the Court Fund		Total	
Additions						
Suits and successions	\$	981,798	\$	216,094	\$ 1,197,892	
Investment earnings		1,087		1,414	2,501	
Miscellaneous		385		-	 385	
Total Additions		983,270		217,508	 1,200,778	
Deductions						
Clerk of court's cost		532,000		-	532,000	
Settlement to/on behalf of litigants		-		776,021	776,021	
Attorney, curator and notary fees		279,836		-	279,836	
Sheriff's fees		139,682		~	139,682	
Judges/Parish		41,865		-	41,865	
Other deductions		26,228		-	26,228	
Transfer to General Fund		1,421		*	 1,421	
Total Deductions		1,021,032		776,021	1,797,053	
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position		(37,762)		(558,513)	(596,275)	
Net position - beginning	**************************************	717,263		1,038,965	 1,756,228	
Net position - ending	\$	679,501	\$	480,452	\$ 1,159,953	

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

Note 1 - Organization, Nature of Operations, and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Organization and Nature of Operations

As provided by Article V, Section 28 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, the Clerk of Court serves as the ex-officio notary public; the recorder of conveyances, mortgages, and other acts; and has other duties and powers provided by law. The Clerk of Court is elected for a four-year term.

B. Reporting of Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the Clerk's basic financial statements include all funds that are controlled by the Clerk as an independently elected Parish official. As an independently elected official, the Clerk is solely responsible for the operations of his office. Other than certain operating expenditures for the Clerk that are paid or provided by the West Baton Rouge Parish Council as required by Louisiana Law, the Clerk is financially independent. Accordingly, the Clerk is a primary government for reporting purposes.

The criteria for including organizations as component units within the Clerk's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, include items such as whether the organization is legally separate, whether the Clerk appoints a voting majority of the organization's board, whether the Clerk is able to impose his will on the organization, etc. The Clerk does not have any component units.

C. Basis of Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements of the West Baton Rouge Parish Clerk of Court have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units and promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. These statements established standards for external financial reporting for all state and local governmental entities. The more significant of these accounting policies are described below and, where appropriate, subsequent pronouncements will be referenced.

D. Fund Accounting

The Clerk of Court uses fund accounting to maintain its financial records and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions relating to certain governmental functions or activities. A fund is defined as a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds of the Clerk of Court are classified into two categories: governmental fund (General Fund) and fiduciary (Custodial Funds).

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2021

General Fund

The General Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statue 13:781, is the principal fund of the Clerk of Court and accounts for the operations of the Clerk's office. The various fees and charges due to the Clerk's office are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures are paid from this fund.

Fiduciary Funds

The fiduciary fund accounts for two custodial funds, the advance deposit fund and the registry of court fund. Custodial funds account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the government. These custodial funds are custodial in nature (assets and liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The Advance Deposit Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:842, is used to account for advance deposits in suits filed by litigants. The advances are refunded to the litigants after all costs are paid. The Registry of Court Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:475, is used to account for funds held by order of the court until judgment is rendered by the judiciary. Withdrawals of funds can be made only upon order of the court.

E. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Basic Financial Statements – Government – Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the West Baton Rouge Parish Clerk of Court.

The GWFS were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange or exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange occurs (regardless of when cash is received or disbursed). Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues are derived directly from users as a fee for services; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from general revenues.

The Clerk of Court does not allocate indirect expenses.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2021

Basic Financial Statements - Governmental Funds

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Governmental Funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of Governmental Funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by Governmental Funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter (generally 60 days) to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. The Governmental Funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

Revenues

Revenues from recordings, copies, and other services are recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets (i.e. when the service is performed). Substantially all other revenues are recorded when received.

Expenditures

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred.

F. Budgetary Policy and Accounting

The proposed budget for the 2021 fiscal year was made available for public inspection at the Clerk's office on June 11, 2020. The proposed budget, prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting was published in the official journal prior to the public hearing. The budget hearing was held at the Clerk's office on June 22, 2020, and the budget was legally adopted by the Clerk. All appropriations lapse at year-end.

Formal budget integration (within the accounting records) is employed as a management control device. Budget amounts included in the accompanying financial statements include the original adopted budget and all subsequent amendments; if applicable.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2021

G. Encumbrances

The Clerk of Court does not use an encumbrance accounting system.

H. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, and time deposits. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits and those investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. Under state law, the Clerk of Court may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law or any other state of the United States, or under the laws of the United States.

I. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for general insurance that will benefit periods beyond June 30th are recorded as prepaid expenditures. These amounts are equally offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates that they do not constitute available spendable resources even though they are a component of net current assets.

J. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Clerk of Court maintains a threshold level of \$1,000 or more for capitalization purposes.

Capital assets are recorded in the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for public purposes, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. All capital assets, other than land, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives.

	Estimated
<u>Assets</u>	Lives
Furniture and Equipment	5 to 7 Years

K. Compensated Absences

Employees receive 126 – 196 hours of paid time off per calendar year, depending on length of service. The Clerk will allow up to 35 hours to be carried over if an employee is unable to schedule leave due to their work schedule. Employees are paid for any unused paid time off accrued upon termination of employment.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2021

As of June 30, 2021 the Clerk had recorded in accrued expenses, \$30,322 representing unused leave as of the calendar year ending 2021.

L. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The statement of financial position will often report a separate section for deferred outflows and (or) inflows of financial resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of a new position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until that time.

M. Pensions

The Court is a participating employer in a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan as described in Note 7. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plan, and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

N. Interfund Activities

The Clerk of Court transfers interest earned on deposits of the Advance Deposit Fund to the General Fund to be utilized by the General Fund in its operations. In those cases where the physical transfer of assets has not taken place as of year-end, or where repayment is expected, these amounts are accounted for through the various due to and due from accounts.

O. Clerk's Fees Transferred from Advance Deposit Custodial Fund

These fees represent revenue to the Clerk of Court earned from everyday operations such as copying and faxing for litigants and standard fees charged on suits. These fees are collected by a transfer of litigant's money deposited in the Advance Deposit Fund to the General Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2021

P. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciating, reduced by the outstanding balance of any debt proceeds used for the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets. At June 30, 2021, the Clerk had no outstanding debt.

Q. Fund Equity

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of the state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

Committed – Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Clerk of Court. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Clerk of Court removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed.

Assigned - Amounts that are designated as committed by the Clerk of Court but are not spendable until a budget ordinance is passed.

Unassigned – All amounts not included in other spendable classifications. The Clerk has not adopted a policy to maintain the general fund's unassigned fund balance above a certain minimum level.

The details of the fund balances are included in the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds (Statement C). As noted above, restricted funds are used first as appropriate. Assigned Funds are reduced to the extent that expenditure authority has been budgeted by the Court or the Assignment has been changed by the Court. Decreases to fund balance first reduce Unassigned Fund balance; in the event that Unassigned becomes zero, then Assigned and Committed Fund Balances are used in that order.

R.S. 13:785 requires that every four years (at the close of the term of office) the clerk of court shall pay into the parish treasury the portion of the General Fund's fund balance that exceeds one-half of the revenues of the clerk's last year of his term of office, limited to no more than which was received by the clerk in accordance with R.S. 13:784(A) during said term of office. The amount owed to the parish treasurer under R.S. 13:785 is limited to the funds provided by the parish treasurer under provisions of R.S. 13:784(A) to help defray the costs of office furniture, equipment,

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2021

and record books during the clerk of court's four year term. The Clerk's term expired on June 30, 2020, and there are no amounts due to the parish treasurer under the provisions of R.S. 13:785. The Clerk was re-elected and the current term will not expire until June 30, 2024.

R. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

S. Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2017, GASB approved Statement No. 84, "Fiduciary Activities." GASB Statement No. 84 establishes general criteria for determining when a governmental unit has a fiduciary role for managing certain types of assets. GASB No. 84 replaces agency funds with custodial funds, which generally are used to report fiduciary activities that are not held in a trust or equivalent arrangement that meets specific criteria. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 84 must be implemented by the Clerk for periods beginning after December 15, 2019, with earlier application encouraged. The standard did not have a material impact on our net position or change in net position.

T. Subsequent Events

In preparing these financial statements, the Clerk of Court has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through December 15, 2021, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2 - Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and Cash Equivalents:

At June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of the Clerk of Court's Cash and Cash Equivalents totaled \$1,105,884, and the confirmed bank balances totaled \$1,334,986. Cash and Cash Equivalents are stated at cost, which approximates market.

	vernmental Activities	iduciary Activities	Total	Bank Balance
Demand deposits Money market savings	\$ 419,095 182,762	\$ 504,027	\$ 923,122 182,762	\$ 1,152,224 182,762
	\$ 601,857	\$ 504,027	\$ 1,105,884	\$ 1,334,986

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2021

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Clerk's deposits may not be returned to it.

Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must always equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. The pledged securities are deemed by Louisiana State Law to be under the control and possession and in the name of the Clerk regardless of its designation by the financial institution in which it is deposited. As of June 30, 2021, none of the Clerk's bank balance of \$1,334,986 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

LAMP

At June 30, 2021, the Clerk had an investment of \$951,076 with the Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP). LAMP is administered by LAMP, Inc., a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana. Only local government entities having contracted to participate in LAMP have an investment interest in its pool of assets. The primary objective of LAMP is to provide a safe environment for the placement of public funds in short-term, high quality investments. The LAMP portfolio includes only securities and other obligations in which local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in accordance with LA - R.S. 33:2955.

GASB Statement No. 40 Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosure, requires disclosure of credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk for all public entity investments.

LAMP is an investment pool that, to the extent practical, invest in a manner consistent with GASB Statement No. 79. The following facts are relevant for 2a7 like investment pools:

- Credit risk: LAMP is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.
- <u>Custodial credit risk:</u> LAMP participants' investments in the pool are evidenced by shares
 of the pool. Investments in pools should be disclosed, but not categorized because they are
 not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form. The public entity's
 investment is with the pool, not the securities that make up the pool; therefore, no
 disclosure is required.
- <u>Concentration of credit risk:</u> Pooled investments are excluded from the 5 percent disclosure requirement.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2021

- Interest rate risk: LAMP is designed to be highly liquid to give its participants immediate access to their account balances. LAMP prepares its own interest rate risk disclosure using the weighted average maturity (WAM) method. The WAM of LAMP assets is restricted to not more than 90 days, and consists of no securities with a maturity in excess of 397 days or 762 days for U.S. Government floating/variable rate investments. The WAM for LAMP's total investments is 82 days as of June 30, 2021.
- Foreign currency risk: Not applicable.

The investments in LAMP are stated at fair value based on quoted market rates. The fair value is determined on a weekly basis by LAMP and the value of the position in the external investment pool is the same as the net asset value of the pool shares.

LAMP, Inc. is subject to the regulatory oversight of the state treasurer and the board of directors. LAMP is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The LAMP administrative office can be reached at 800-249-5267 for any questions.

Note 3 - Receivables

The net receivables, with the exception of inter-fund transactions, at June 30, 2021, are as follows:

 32,001
\$ 7,562 52,094

No allowances have been recorded as all receivables due at year-end are expected to be collected. The Clerk utilizes the direct write-off method for any receivables considered as bad debts.

Note 4 – Interfund Receivables/Payables

Summary of balances due from (to) other funds reported in the financial statements:

June 30,	 2021
General Fund	
Due from Advance Deposit Fund	\$ 52,094
Advanced Deposit Fund	
Due to General Fund	(52,094)

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2021

Note 5 – Changes in General Fixed Assets

A summary of changes in general fixed assets for the year ended June 30, 2021 is as follows:

	Be	ginning					End of
	0	f Year	Ad	ditions	Redu	ctions	Year
Office furniture and equipment Less accumulated		488,662	\$	- (002)	\$	**	\$ 488,662
depreciation		(486,526)		(803)			(487,329)
	\$	2,136	\$	(803)	\$		\$ 1,333

Note 6 - Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of the Clerk's long-term debt transactions for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Type of Debt	Balance at ne 30, 2020	Δ	.dditions	Redu	ctions	_	Balance at ne 30, 2021
Governmental Activities: Other Post Employment Benefits Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,652,965 1,092,199	\$	64,380 363,085	\$	-	\$	1,717,345 1,455,284
Total governmental long-term debt	\$ 2,745,164	\$	427,465	\$	_	\$	3,172,629

Note 7 - Pension Plans

The Clerk follows the requirements of GASB Statement 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and GASB Statement 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date, an amendment to GASB 68 for its pension plan. These standards revise and establish new financial reporting requirements for governments that provide their employees with pension benefits. These standards require the Court to record its proportionate share of each of the pension plans net pension liability and report the following disclosures:

Plan Description:

Substantially all employees of the West Baton Rouge Parish Clerk of Court are members of the Louisiana Clerk of Court Retirement and Relief Fund ("the Fund"), a cost-sharing, multiple-

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2021

employer defined benefit pension plan administered by a separate board of trustees in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 11:1501 to provide regular, disability, and survivor benefits for clerks of court, their deputies and other employees, and the beneficiaries of such clerks of court, their deputies, and other employees.

The Fund was established for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits as stated under the provisions of R.S. Title 11:1501 for eligible employees of the Clerk of the Supreme Court, each of the district courts, each of the courts of appeal, each of the city and traffic courts in cities having a population in excess of four hundred thousand at the time of entrance into the Fund, the Louisiana Clerks' of Court Association, the Louisiana Clerks' of Court Insurance Fund, and the employees of the Fund. The projection of benefit payments in the calculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive employees through the Fund in accordance with the benefit terms and any additional legal agreements to provide benefits that are in force at the measurement date.

Benefits Provided:

Retirement Benefits

A member or former member shall be eligible for regular retirement benefits upon attaining twelve or more years of credited service, attaining the age of fifty-five years (age 60 if hired on or after January 1, 2011). and terminating employment. Regular retirement benefits, payable monthly for life, is equal to 3% of the member's monthly average final compensation multiplied by the number of years of credited service, not to exceed one hundred percent of the monthly average final compensation. The retirement benefit accrual rate is increased to 31/3% for all service credit accrued after June 30, 1999 (for members hired prior to January 1, 2011). For members hired before July 1, 2006 and who retire prior to January 1, 2011, monthly average final compensation is based on the highest 36 consecutive months, with a limit increase of 10% in each of the last three years of measurement. For members hired after July 1, 2006, monthly average final compensation is based on the highest compensated 60 consecutive months, or successive joined months if service was interrupted, with a limit increase of 10% in each of the last five years of measurement. For members who were employed prior to July 1, 2006 and who retire after December 31, 2010, the period of final average compensation is 36 months plus the number of whole months elapsed since January 1, 2011, not to exceed 60 months.

Disability Benefits

Disability benefits are awarded to active members who are totally and permanently disabled as a result of injuries sustained in the line of duty or to active members with 10 or more years of credible service who are totally disabled due to any cause. A member who is officially certified as totally or permanently disabled by the State Medical Disability Board will be paid monthly disability

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2021

retirement benefits equal to the greater of forty percent of their monthly average final compensation or 75% of their monthly regular retirement benefit computed as per R.S. 11:1521 (C).

Survivor Benefits

Upon the death of any active contributing member with less than five years of credited service, his/her accumulated contributions are paid to his/her designated beneficiary. Upon the death of any active contributing member with five or more years of credited service, automatic option 2 benefits are payable to the surviving spouse. These benefits are based on the retirement benefits accrued at the member's date of death with option factors used as if the member had continued in service to earliest normal retirement age. Benefit payments are to commence on the date a member would have first become eligible for normal retirement assuming continued service until that time. In lieu of a deferred survivor benefit, the surviving spouse may elect benefits payable immediately with benefits reduced ¼ of 1% for each month by which payments commence in advance of member's earliest normal retirement age. If a member has no surviving spouse, the surviving minor children under 18 or disabled children shall be paid ½ of the member's accrued retirement benefit in equal shares. Upon the death of any former member with less than 12 years of service, the designated beneficiary may receive his/her accumulated contributions. Upon the death of any former member with 12 or more years of service, automatic option 2 benefits are payable to the surviving spouse with payments to commence on the member's retirement eligibility date. In lieu of periodic payments, the surviving spouse or children may receive a refund of the member's accumulated contributions.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement allowance, any member of the Fund who is eligible for a service retirement allowance may elect to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) for up to 36 months and defer the receipt of benefits. Upon commencement of participation in the plan, active membership in the Fund terminates and the participant's contributions cease; however, employer contributions continue. Compensation and creditable service remain as they existed on the effective date of commencement of participation in the plan. The monthly retirement benefits that would have been payable, had the member elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance, are paid into the DROP account. Upon termination of employment at the end of the specified period of participation, a participant in the program may receive, at his option, a lump sum payment from the DROP account equal to the payments to the account or a true annuity based upon his account (subject to approval by the Board of Trustees). In addition, the member receives the monthly benefits that were paid into the DROP fund during his period of participation.

If employment is not terminated at the end of the participation period, payments into the account cease and the member resumes active contributing membership in the Fund. Interest is paid on DROP account balances for members who complete their DROP participation but do not terminate

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2021

employment. The interest earnings are based on the actual rate of return on funds in such accounts. These interest accruals cease upon termination of employment.

Upon termination, the member receives a lump sum payments from the DROP fund equal to the payments made to that fund on his behalf or a true annuity based in his account (subject to approval by the Board of Trustees). The monthly benefit payments that were being paid into the DROP fund are paid to the retiree and an additional benefit based on his additional service rendered since termination of DROP participation is calculated using the normal method of benefit computation. Prior to January 1, 2011, the average compensation used to calculate the additional benefit is that used to calculate the original benefit unless his period of additional service is at least 36 months. Effective January 1, 2011, the average compensation for members whose additional service is less than 36 months is equal to the lessor amount used to calculate hid original benefit or the compensation earned in the period of additional service divided by the number of months of additional service. For former DROP participants who retire after December 30, 2010, the period used to determine final average compensation for post-DROP service is 36 months plus the number of whole months elapsed from January 1, 2011 to the date of DROP entry. In no event can the entire monthly benefit amount paid to the retiree exceed 100% of the average compensation used to compute the additional benefit. If a participant dies during the period of participation in the program, a lump sum payment equal to his account balance is paid to his named beneficiary or, if none, to his estate.

Cost of Living Adjustments

The Board of Trustees is authorized to grant retired members and widows of members who have been retired for at least one full calendar year an annual cost of 2.5% of their benefit (not to exceed \$40 per month), and all retired members and widows who are 65 years of age or older a 2% increase in their original benefit (or their benefit as of October 1, 1977, if they retired prior to that time). In order to grant the 2.5% COLA, the increase in the consumer price index must have exceeded 3% since the last COLA granted. In order for the Board to grant either of these increases, the Fund must meet certain other criteria as detailed in the Louisiana statute relating to funding status. In lieu of granting the above cost of living increases, Louisiana statutes allow the Board to grant a cost of living increase where the benefits shall be calculated using the number of years of service at retirement or at death plus the number of years since retirement or death multiplied by the cost of living amount which cannot exceed \$1.

Contributions:

According to state statute, contribution requirements for all employers are actuarially determined each year. The Clerk of Court's required contribution rate for the year ending June 30, 2021 was 21.00%. Employees were required to contribute 8.25% of their annual covered salary. In addition, the Louisiana Legislature passed R.S. 11:1562(C) which allows the Clerk of Court to pay out of

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2021

the Clerk's operating funds all or any portion of the employee required contributions which would otherwise be deducted from the employee's salary. Since December 1999 the Clerk has elected to pay 100% of all retirement system contributions to the Louisiana Clerk of court Retirement and Relief Fund. The West Baton Rouge Parish Clerk of Court contributions to the Fund for the year ended June 30, 2021 were \$171,753 (normal employer portion \$132,213 and employee portion paid by Clerk \$39,540).

In accordance with state statute, the Fund receives ad valorem taxes and state revenue sharing funds. These additional sources of income are used as employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributions recognized as revenue in the government-wide governmental activities statement of activities was \$70,007 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the West Baton Rouge Parish Clerk of Court reported a liability of \$1,455,284 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Fund. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Clerk's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Clerk's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the Clerk's proportion was .60489% which was an increase of .00346% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Clerk recognized pension expense of \$360,516.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2021

At June 30, 2021, the Clerk reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outfloor		 eferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	18,183	\$ 18,001	
Changes in assumptions		129,071	_	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate		311,904	-	
share of contributions		20,611	-	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		132,213		
Total	\$	611,982	\$ 18,001	

\$132,213 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Court's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2022	\$ 132,711
2023	153,248
2024	110,363
2025	85,006
	\$ 481,328

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2021

Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2020 is as follows:

Valuation Date

June 30, 2020

Actuarial Cost Method

Entry Age Normal

Investment Rate of Return

6.75%, net of investment expense

Projected Salary Increases

6.2% for 1-5 years of service; 5% for 5 years or more

Inflation

2.50%

Mortality Rates

Pub - 2010 Public Retirement Plans multiplied by 120%. Mortality Table with full generational projection using the

appropriate MP-2019 improvement scale.

Expected Remaining

2020 - 5 years

Service Lives

2019 - 5 years

2018 - 5 years 2017 - 5 years 2016 - 5 years

Cost-of-Living Adjustments

The present value of future retirement benefits is based on

benefits currently being paid by the Fund and includes previously granted cost-of-living increases. The present values do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees as they were deemed not to be substantively automatic.

The actuarial assumptions used are based on the assumptions used in the 2019 actuarial funding valuation which (with the exception of the mortality) were based on results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2019, unless otherwise specified. In cases where benefit structures were changes after the experience study period, assumptions were based on future experiences.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2021

The mortality rate assumption used was verified by combining data from this plan with two other statewide plans which have similar workforce composition in order to produce a credible experience. The aggregated data was collected over the period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2019. The data was then assigned credibility weighting and combined with a standard table to produce current levels of mortality. This mortality was then projected forward to a period equivalent to the estimated duration of the Fund's liabilities. Annuity values calculated based on this mortality were compared to those produced by using a setback of standard tables. The result of the procedure indicated that these tables would produce liability values approximating the appropriate generational mortality tables used.

The long-term expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The long-term expected rate of return was 6.18% as of June 30, 2020. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

	Target Asset	Long-Term Expected Real Rate		
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return		
Fixed Income:				
Domestic Bonds	20.00/	2.50%		
International Bonds	20.0%	3.50%		
Domestic Equity:	33.0%	7.50%		
International Equity:	22.0%	8.50%		
Real Estate	15.0%	4.50%		
Hedge Funds	10.0%	6.59%		
Total	100.0%			

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2021

recommendation of the Fund's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Clerk's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the Clerk's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current rate as of June 30, 2020:

	Ch	Changes in Discount Rate									
		Current									
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase								
	5.75%	6.75%	7.75%								
Net pension liability	\$ 2,030,827	\$ 1,455,284	\$ 970,172								

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The Fund issued a stand-alone audit report on its financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020. Access to the audit report can be found on the Fund's website: www.laclerksofcourt.org or on the Office of Louisiana Legislative Auditor's official website: www.lla.state.la.us.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2021

Note 8 – Other Post Employment Benefits

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan descriptions: The Clerk's defined benefit postemployment health care plan provides OPEB to eligible retired employees and their beneficiaries. The plan provides OPEB for permanent full-time employees of the Clerk. The Clerk's OPEB plan is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Clerk. Benefits are provided through the Louisiana Clerks of Court Insurance Trust ("LCCIT"), a multiple-employer healthcare plan administered by the Louisiana Clerks of Court Association. Louisiana Revised Statute 13:783 grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75. The premium rates are established and may be amended by the LCCIT board of trustees, with the Clerk determining the contribution requirements of the retirees.

Benefits provided: The Clerk provides medical, dental, vision, and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms provide for payment of 100% of retiree and 0% of dependent pre-Medicare health, Medicare Advantage, and dental insurance premiums. Vision is voluntary and paid 100% by the retiree. The plan also provides for payment of 100% of retiree life insurance premiums.

Employees covered by benefit terms: At January 1, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefits payments	10
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active Employees	12
Total	22

Total OPEB Liability

The Clerk's total OPEB liability of \$1,717,345 was measured as of June 30, 2021 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2020.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2021

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs: The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation: 2.40%

Salary Increases, including inflation: 3.25%

Discount Rate: 1.92%

Health Care Cost Trend Rates

Medical: 4.95% for 2021%, 6.25% for 2022, decreasing

0.25% per year to an ultimate rate of 5.0% for 2027

and later years.

Medicare Advantage: 0% for 2021, 4.75% for 2022, decreasing 0.25%

per year to an ultimate rate of 3.0% for 2029 and later

years. Includes 2% per year for aging.

Dental: 3.0% annual trend

Vision: 3.0% annual trend

Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related

Costs:

Medical: 0% for retirees and 100% for dependents.

Medicare Advantage: 0% for retirees and 100% for dependents.

Dental: 0% for retirees and 100% for dependents.

Vision: 100% for retirees and 100% for dependents.

Basic Life Insurance: 0%

The discount rate was based on the 6/30/2021 Fidelity General Obligation AA 20-Year Yield.

Mortality rates for active employees were based on the PubG.II-2010 Employee Mortality Table, Generational with Projection Scale MP-2020 for males or females, as appropriate.

Mortality rates for retired employees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Healthy Retirec Mortality Table, Generational with Projection Scale MP-2020 for males or females, as appropriate.

The actuarial assumptions used in June 30, 2020 valuation were based on those used in the Louisiana Clerks of Court Retirement and Relief Fund valuation and actuarial experience.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2021

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Т	otal OPEB Liability
Balance at 6/30/2020	\$	1,652,966
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		37,143
Interest		40,452
Differences between expected and actual experience		833
Changes in assumptions/inputs		63,998
Change in benefit terms		_
Benefit payments		(78,047)
Administrative expense		
Net Changes		64,379
Balance at 6/30/2021	\$	1,717,345

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Clerk, as well as what the Clerk's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (0.92 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (2.92 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (0.92%)		 scount Rate (1.92%)	1% Increase (2.92%)		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	1,981,855	\$ 1,717,345	\$	1,475,470	

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates: The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Clerk, as well as what the Clerk's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	19	1% Decrease		rend Rate	1% Increase		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	1,546,685	\$	1,717,345	\$	1,940,315	

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2021

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Clerk recognized an OPEB expense of \$59,188. At June 30, 2021, the Clerk reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual	Φ.	107.014	Φ.	41.001		
experience	\$	105,214	\$	41,851		
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		156,198		426,209		
Total	\$	261,412	\$	468,060		

Amounts we reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	
2022	\$ (18,407)
2023	(18,407)
2024	(18,407)
2025	(37,857)
2026	(37,857)
Thereafter	(75,713)

Note 9 - Intergovernmental Transactions

Intergovernmental revenues of the general fund for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

and the state of t	and the secretary through a secretary and the secretary	4,200
State supplement	\$	26,665
La. Dept. of Elections		15,577
	\$	42,242

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2021

Note 10 – On-Behalf Payments

Certain operating expenditures of the Clerk's office are paid by the West Baton Rouge Council. Additionally, the Council provides office space and certain furniture for the Clerk's use. These expenditures are not reported in the accompanying financial statements.

Note 11 - Leases

Operating Leases. There is a lease for mailing equipment and software as a service. Rental and maintenance paid during the year on this equipment totaled \$38,151.

Capital Leases. The Clerk has no capital leases.

The minimum future lease payments under operating leases are as follows:

2022	\$	39,076
2023		36,216
2024	изтерничника	14,753
	\$	90,045

Note 12 - New Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 87 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 30, 2021. The effect of implementation on the Clerk's financial statements has not yet been determined.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2021

Schedule 1

		Original Budget	Revised Budget		Actual Basis	•	ment to	(I	Actual Budgetary Basis)	F	ariance - avorable favorable)
REVENUES			 							•	
Intergovernmental	\$	31,600	\$ 31,600	\$	42,242	\$	-	\$	42,242	\$	10,642
Charges for services:											
Court cost and fees		683,250	683,250		704,204		-		704,204		20,954
Certified copies and data processing		67,000	67,000		78,618		-		78,618		11,618
Licenses		4,000	4,000		4,480		-		4,480		480
Recording fees		450,000	450,000		595,528		-		595,528		145,528
Investment income		10,000	10,000		4,248		-		4,248		(5,752)
Other financing sources		_			1,421		-		1,421		1,421
Total revenues		1,245,850	 1,245,850		1,430,741		-		1,430,741		184,891
EXPENDITURES											
Current											
General government											
Personal services and related benefits		1,052,100	1,052,100		1,052,805		-		1,052,805		(705)
Operating services		183,750	183,750		196,120		_		196,120		(12,370)
Capital outlay		10,000	10,000		963				963		9,037
Total expenditures		1,245,850	 1,245,850		1,249,888				1,249,888		(4,038)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$	-	\$ _		180,853	\$		\$	180,853	\$	180,853
Fund Balance Beginning					1,415,628						
Ending				<u>\$</u>	1,596,481						

See Auditor's Report 41

WEST BATON ROUGE PARISH CLERK OF COURT Schedule of Changes in Net OPER Liability and Related Ratios

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB i	Liabiliity and Related Rate	ios				Y.	ear Ended	Ju	ne 30, 202
			2018		2019		2020		2021
Total OPEB Liability									
Service cost		\$	31,827	\$	32,862	\$	14,721	\$	37,143
Interest			66,896		58,131		63,843		40,452
Changes of benefit terms			_		58,369		-		-
Differences between expected and ac	tual experience		(13,451)		(72,174)		134,339		833
Changes of assumptions or other inpu	ts		_		200,399		(547,983)		63,998
Benefit payments			(73,899)		(80,177)		(73,810)		(78,047)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability			11,373		197,410		(408,890)		64,379
Total OPEB Liability - beginning			1,853,073		1,864,446		2,061,856	J	1,652,966
Total OPEB Liability - end		\$	1,864,446	\$:	2,061,856	\$	1,652,966	\$	1,717,345
Covered Employee Payroll		\$	547,719	\$	565,520	\$	599,799	\$	619,272
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage									
of covered employee payroll			340.4%		364.6%		275.6%		277.3%
Notes to Schedule:									
Changes of Benefit Terms:	Effective January 1, C to Plan A.	2019,	life insura	ice	benefits we	ere (changed fro	m P	lan
Changes of Assumptions:	Changes of assumpt the discount rate eac in each period		_						
	2018	3.6	52%						
	2019		3%						
	2020	2.4	15%						
	2021	1.9	2%						
	Mortality Rates								
	2018	RE	H-2014 Er	nole	ovee and He	alt	hy Annuity,	_	
	20		nerational	•	-		,	,	
	2019					ш	ealthy Annu	ijani	+
	2019		nerational			. 114	outury / Millu	ııdıl	٠,
	2020					ш	ealthy Annu	ni a m	÷
	4040				h MP-2019	1/	Saiding Panille	116711	-,
	2021					H.	ealthy Annu	ijar	t
	2021				ipioyee aik			6111	٠,

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Generational with MP-2020

See Auditor's Report 42

Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Year Ended June 30, 2021

Fiscal Year*	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Pr Sha	Employer's oportionate are of the Net sion Liability (Asset)	(E	nployer's Covered- mployee Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the Total Pension Liability	a	
2021	0.6049%	\$	1.455,284	\$	599,779	242.64%	72.09%	
2020	0.6014%	\$	1,092,199	\$	584,793	186.77%	77.93%	
2019	0.6102%	\$	1,014,916	\$	566,536	179.14%	79.07%	
2018	0.5803%	\$	878,027	\$	523,554	167.71%	79.69%	
2017	0.5600%	\$	1,035,934	\$	509,841	203.19%	74.17%	
2016	0.5146%	\$	771,967	\$	503,718	153.25%	78.13%	
2015	0.5339%	\$	720,090	\$	476,060	151.26%	79.37%	
2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) 0.6049% 0.6014% 0.6102% 0.5803% 0.5600% 0.5146%	Pr Sha Pen \$ \$ \$ \$	1,455,284 1,092,199 1,014,916 878,027 1,035,934 771,967	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	599,779 584,793 566,536 523,554 509,841 503,718	186.77% 179.14% 167.71% 203.19% 153.25%	Net Position as % of the Tota Pension Liabili 72.09% 77.93% 79.07% 79.69% 74.17% 78.13%	a

The schedule is intended to report information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year.

^{*}The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

Schedule of Employer's Pension Contributions

Year Ended June 30, 2021

Fiscal Year			Contributions in Relation to Contracually Required Contribution		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Employer's Covered- Employee Payroll		Contributions as a Percentage of Covered' Employee Payroll	
2021	\$	132,213	\$	132,213	\$	_	\$	629,588	21.00%	
2020	\$	113,958	\$	113,958	\$	-	\$	599,779	19.00%	
2019	\$	111,111	\$	111,111	\$	-	\$	584,793	19.00%	
2018	\$	107,642	\$	107,642	\$	-	\$	566,536	19.00%	
2017	\$	99,475	\$	99,475	\$	-	\$	523,554	19.00%	
2016	\$	96,870	\$	96,870	\$	-	\$	509,841	19.00%	
2015	\$	95,706	\$	95,706	\$	-	\$	503,718	19.00%	

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head

Year Ended June 30, 2021

Agency Head Name: Mark Graffeo

Purpose	
Salary	\$ 148,229
Benefits - retirement	31,128
Benefits - insurance	10,467
Deferred compensation	7,411
Car Allowance	16,500
Election expense	2,100
Meals & miscellaneous	38
Lodging	724
	\$ 216,597

Schedule 6

WEST BATON ROUGE PARISH CLERK OF COURT

Justice System Funding Schedule - Receiving Entity

Year Ended June 30, 2021

Justice Dystem 1 unumg Deneaute - Receiving Dutily	First Six Month S Period Ended	naca sunc 50, 2021
		Second Six Month Period Ended
Cash Basis Presentation	12/31/2020	6/30/2021
Receipts From:		
West Baton Rouge Parish Sheriff, Criminal Court Costs/Fees	15,571	25,095

See Auditor's Report 46

Justice System Funding Schedule - Collecting/Disbursing Entity	Year Ended June 30, 2021			
	First Six Month Period Ended 12/31/2020		Second Six Month Period Ended 6/30/2021	
Beginning Balance of Amounts Collected	\$	766,033	\$	692,568
Add: Collections:				
Civil Fees		432,946		549,236
Interest Earnings on Collected Balances		728		358
Subtotal Collections		433,674		549,594
Less: Disbursements to Governments and Non-Profits				
West Baton Rouge Parish Sheriff, Civil Fees		37,918		31,125
Acadia Parish Sheriff, Civil Fees		125		36
Ascnesion Parish Sheriff, Civil Fees		709		1,282
Assumption Parish Sheriff, Civil Fees		310		508
Avoyelles Parish Sheriff, Civil Fees		44 78		140
Caddo Parish Sheriff, Civil Fees Calcasieu Parish Sheriff, Civil Fees		324		196
Concordia Parish Sheriff, Civil Fees		51		26
East Baton Rouge Parish Sheriff, Civil Fees		24,035		21,016
East Feliciana Parish Sheriff, Civil Fees		73		-
Evangeline Parish Sheriff, Civil Fees		_		16
Iberia Parish Sheriff, Civil Fees		70		15
Iberville Parish Sheriff, Civil Fees		1,941		3,426
Jefferson Parish Sheriff, Civil Fees		570		1,020
Lafayette Parish Sheriff, Civil Fees		2,296		2,630
Lafourche Parish Sheriff, Civil Fees		175		33
Lincoln Parish Sheriff, Civil Fees		37		-
Livingston Parish Sheriff, Civil Fees		1,223		697
Orlean Parish Sheriff, Civil Fees		810 36		780
Ouachita Parish Sheriff, Civil Fees Plaquemines Parish Sheriff, Civil Fees		30		-
Pointe Coupee Parish Sheriff, Civil Fees		448		1,890
Rapides Parish Sheriff, Civil Fees		46		71
St. Bernard Parish Sheriff, Civil Fees		-		35
St. James Parish Sheriff, Civil Fees		-		23
St. John Parish Sheriff, Civil Fees				-
St. Landry Parish Sheriff, Civil Fees		41		106
St. Martin Parish Sheriff, Civil Fees		84		158
St. Mary Parish Sheriff, Civil Fees		170		58
St. Tammany Parish Sheriff, Civil Fees		462		566
Tangipahoa Parish Sheriff, Civil Fees		288		447
Terrebone Parish Sheriff, Civil Fees		386		38
Vermilion Parish Sheriff, Civil Fees		42 34		36
Vernon Parish Sheriff, Civil Fees West Feliciana Parish Sheriff, Civil Fees		133		34
Washington Parish Sheriff, Civil Fees		92		34
Winn Parish Sheriff, Civil Fees		-		90
Court of Appeals, Civil Fees		653		-
18th Judicial District Court, Civil Fees		9,490		10,675
Louisiana State Treasurer, Civil Fees		9,273		10,460
Louisiana Supreme Court, Civil Fees		676		638
Louisiana Secretary of State-Other, Civil Fees		5,900		5,450
West Baton Rouge Parish Council, Civil Fees		2,180		12,697
Less: Amounts Retained by Collecting Agency West Baton Rouge Parish Clerk of Court, Civil Fees		252,854		277,244
Less: Disbursements to Individuals/3rd Party Collection or Processing Agencies		,		,
Civil Fee Refunds		153,032		120,689
Other Payments to Attorneys		-		6,216
Subtotal Disbursements/Retainage		507,139		510,567
Ending Balance of Amounts Collected but not Disbursed/Retained	<u> </u>	692,568	\$	731,595
~	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mark Graffeo West Baton Rouge Parish Clerk of Court Port Allen, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each fiduciary fund of the West Baton Rouge Parish Clerk of Court (Clerk of Court) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clerk of Court's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk of Court's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk of Court's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying *schedule of findings and responses*, that we consider to be material weaknesses. (2021-001 and 2021-002).

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the West Baton Rouge Parish Clerk of Court's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

West Baton Rouge Parish Clerk of Court's Response to Findings

The West Baton Rouge Parish Clerk of Court's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying *schedule of findings and responses*. The West Baton Rouge Parish Clerk of Court's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

PROVOST, SALTER, HARPER & ALFORD, LLC

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December 15, 2021

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Schedule of Findings and Responses

June 30, 2021

<u>Section I – Internal Control Findings</u>

Finding 2021-001

Material Weakness in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting-Inadequate Segregation of Duties

Criteria: The segregation of duties and responsibilities between different individuals for custody of assets, recordkeeping for those assets, and reconciliation of those asset accounts is an important control activity needed to adequately protect the entity's assets and ensure accurate financial reporting.

Condition: The entity does not employ enough personnel to achieve an optimum level of segregation of duties.

Context: We observed inadequate segregation of duties by observing that the Clerk handles incoming checks, prepares the deposit slip, post receipts to customer accounts, receives, reconciles the monthly bank statements, prepares journal entries and the financial statements.

Potential Effect: Errors could occur which could affect the entity's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements.

Cause: The size of the entity and its limited accounting staff preclude an adequate segregation of duties and other features of an adequate system of internal control.

This is a repeat finding.

Recommendation: The resolution of this finding is not under the control of the Clerk of Court as it may not be cost effective, however management should monitor the assignment of duties to insure as much segregation of duties as possible.

View of Responsible Official: It is not cost effective to totally correct this weakness, but we do segregate duties as much as possible, and that the Clerk of Court is sufficiently involved with all aspects of the accounting function that errors or fraud perpetrated by other employees would be detected by the Clerk of Court in a timely manner.

Schedule of Findings and Responses, Continued

June 30, 2021

Finding 2021-002

Material Weakness in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting-Preparation of Financial Statements

Criteria: The reporting entity should be able to prepare financial statements in accordance with GAAP without outside assistance.

Condition: The entity does not have controls in place to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Potential Effect: Audit adjustments or disclosures required for the financial statements to be in conformity with GAAP may not be made or included.

Cause: The Clerk of Court does not obtain the necessary continuing education required to be knowledgeable of new standards nor does he subscribe to any service to ensure a current library necessary to prepare financial statements in accordance with GAAP.

Recommendation: The resolution of this finding is not under the control of the Clerk of Court as it may not be cost effective, however the Board and management should periodically evaluate the cost/benefit to obtain the necessary training and resources.

View of Responsible Official: The Clerk of Court's management is aware of this condition and believes the cost would be cost prohibitive. They believe the most cost-effective solution is to have their external auditor assist in preparing year-end financial statements in accordance with GAAP.

Schedule 9

WEST BATON ROUGE PARISH CLERK OF COURT

Schedule of Prior Findings June 30, 2				
Ref No.	Fiscal Year Finding Initially Occurred	Description of Finding	Status of the Finding	Current Year Finding Ref No.
2020-001	2017	Inadequate segregation of duties	Unresolved	2021-001
2020-002	2017	Lack of controls to ensure financial statements are in conformity with GAAP	Unresolved	2021-002