VERMILION PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

Abbeville, Louisiana

Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Independent Auditor's Report	1-3
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (RSI)	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	6-18
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)	
Statement of net position	22-23
Statement of activities	24-25
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)	
Balance sheet - governmental funds	28
Reconciliation of the governmental funds balance sheet	
to the statement of net position	29
Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances-	
governmental funds	30-31
Reconciliation of the statement of revenues, expenditures, and	
changes in fund balances of governmental funds to the statement of activities	33
Statement of net position - proprietary fund	34
Statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net	
position - proprietary fund	35
Statement of cash flows - proprietary fund	36
Statement of fiduciary net position	37
Statement of changes in fiduciary net position	38
Notes to basic financial statements	39-82
OTHER REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Budgetary comparison schedules:	
Budgetary comparison schedule - General Fund	85
Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule	86
Schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios	87
Schedule of employer's share of net pension liability - Teachers' Retirement	
System of Louisiana	88
Schedule of employer contributions - Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana	89
Schedule of employer's share of net pension liability - School Employees'	
Retirement System of Louisiana	90
Schedule of employer contributions - School Employees' Retirement System	
of Louisiana	91

(continued)

TABLE OF CONTENTS (continued)

	Page
Schedule of employer's share of net pension liability - Louisiana State	
Employees' Retirement System	92
Schedule of employer contributions - Louisiana State Employees' Retirement	72
System	93
Notes to Retirement System and OPEB Schedules	94-95
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds -	
Combining balance sheet	98
Combining statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances	99
Nonmajor special revenue funds -	
Combining balance sheet	104-107
Combining statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in	
fund balances	108-111
Nonmajor debt service fund -	
Balance sheet	113
Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance	114
Schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head	115
Schedule of compensation paid to board members	116
INTERNAL CONTROL, COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and	
on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	118-119
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for each Major Program and on	
Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	120-121
Schedule of expenditures of federal awards	122-123
Notes to schedule of expenditure of federal awards	124
Schedule of findings and questioned costs	125-126
Schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's	
corrective action plan	127

KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

C. Burton Kolder, CPA*
Brad E. Kolder, CPA, JD*
Gerald A. Thibodeaux, Jr., CPA*
Robert S. Carter, CPA*
Arthur R. Mixon, CPA*
Stephen J. Anderson, CPA*
Christine C. Doucet, CPA
Wanda F. Arcement, CPA, CVA
Bryan K. Joubert, CPA
Matthew E. Margaglio, CPA
Casey L. Ardoin, CPA, CFE

Victor R. Slaven, CPA* - retired 2020

* A Professional Accounting Corporation

183 S. Beadle Rd. Lafayette, LA 70508 Phone (337) 232-4141 11929 Bricksome Ave. Baton Rouge, LA 70816 Phone (225) 293-8300

1428 Metro Dr. Alexandria, LA 71301 Phone (318) 442-4421 450 E. Main St. New Iberia, LA 70560 Phone (337) 367-9204

200 S. Main St. Abbeville, LA 70510 Phone (337) 893-7944 1201 David Dr. Morgan City, LA 70380 Phone (985) 384-2020

434 E. Main St. Ville Platte, LA 70586 Phone (337) 363-2792 332 W. Sixth Ave. Oberlin, LA 70655 Phone (337) 639-4737

WWW.KCSRCPAS.COM

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Mr. Thomas Byler, Superintendent, and Members of the Vermilion Parish School Board Abbeville, Louisiana

Report on the financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Vermilion Parish School Board (the School Board), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School Board, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 20 to the financial statements, in 2021, the School Board adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis and the other required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historic context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for the consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School Board's financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head, and the schedule of compensation paid to board members are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head, the schedule of compensation paid to board members, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of compensation, benefits, and other

payments to agency head, the schedule of compensation paid to board members, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 17, 2021, on our consideration of the School Board's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the School Board's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Abbeville, Louisiana December 17, 2021

PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

 ${\bf REQUIRED\ SUPPLEMENTARY\ INFORMATION\ (RSI)}$

Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the Vermilion Parish School Board's financial performance provides an overall review of the School Board's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School Board's financial performance as a whole. The reader should read this discussion in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements, which are all included in this report, to enhance their understanding of the Vermilion Parish School Board's financial performance.

The MD&A is an element of Required Supplementary Information specified in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34 (Statement). Certain comparative information between the current year (2020-21) and the prior year (2019-20) is required to be presented in the MD&A.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the School Board was required to implement Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. This Statement makes it compulsory for all governmental agencies to record on their government wide statements, their share of retirement systems' financial data. At June 30, 2021, the School Board is required to report a liability of \$114.5 million for its proportionate share of the retirement systems' net pension liability, as reflected in the Statement of Net Position on page 23.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the board adopted the requirements of GASB Statement No. 75. This Statement requires the cost of post-employment healthcare to be recognized in the year when the employee services are received and recognized a liability for Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) obligations. At June 30, 2021, the School Board reported a liability of \$169.8 million for this OPEB liability.

The requirement to record these liabilities has an extraordinarily adverse impact on the School Board's government wide statements and has created a negative net position. In spite of the requirement to record this "book" entry, the School System continues to be in a strong financial position.

The School Board's overall net position decreased by \$8.9 million from July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021 as reported in the Statement of Activities on pages 24 and 25.

An analysis of the major revenue components is as follows:

Operating Grants – Operating and capital grants and contributions for the Vermilion Parish School Board were \$23.7 million for 2020-21. This is an increase of \$10.7 million from 2019-20, which is mostly due to one-time grants received.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Minimum Foundation Program (MFP) – MFP is the funding formula from the state for school systems in Louisiana. The funding is based on a formula with many variables and two (2) primary levels of funding. Level one (1) funding is based on the number of students enrolled in the school system. Level two (2) funding is based on the dollar amount of local funding. The more local tax support received by a District, the more state support (MFP) we receive through level two funding. The School Board receives a percentage match in level two funding from the state for local contributions exceeding an established minimum amount. The unrestricted portion of the MFP funding was \$59.0 million during 2020-21 as compared to \$57.8 million for 2019-20.

Ad Valorem Taxes – Ad valorem taxes collected for general and specific purposes was \$13.2 million for 2020-21, compared to the \$12.1 million for the previous 2019-20 fiscal year.

Sales Taxes – Total sales tax collections for the Board's 1% General Fund levy and the ½% salaries and benefits levy were \$13.1 million during the 2020-21 fiscal year, compared to \$11.6 million the previous fiscal year.

Rentals, Leases and Royalties -16^{th} section revenues, which include oil and gas leases and royalties, as well as surface rentals, totaled \$1.2 million for the 2020-21 fiscal year compared to \$1.8 million for the 2019-20 fiscal year.

General – The other revenues of the School Board remained relatively stable when compared to prior years.

The expenses of the School Board, as reported in the Statement of Activities, were \$139.8 million in 2020-21. The major expense components are as follows:

Salaries and related benefits - Salaries and related benefits are the School Board's largest expense items. Salaries and related benefits account for \$78.8 million of total expenditures. Salaries and related benefits for the prior fiscal year were \$78.3 million of total expenditures.

Self Insurance Fund – On April 25, 2002, the Board established a partially self-funded health insurance program. Blue Cross Blue Shield has been the board's third party administrator since May 1, 2016. The School Board's contribution to the health insurance program increased from \$10.4 million in 2019-20 to \$10.9 million in 2020-21.

Operation & Maintenance of Plant Services – The cost of maintaining parish facilities increased from \$9.2 million for 2019-20 to \$30.5 million for 2020-21.

Facilities Acquisition and Construction – The amount spent for facilities acquisition and construction decreased slightly from \$1.3 million in 2019-2020 to \$1.2 million in 2020-21.

Debt Service Payments – The debt service activity remained relatively consistent with the previous year.

Capital Projects – The Capital Projects Fund is being used to account for the parish wide restoration from the damages caused by the 2020 hurricanes.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The impact of implementing GASB 68 is as follows:

Net Pension Liability – Effective with the 2014-15 fiscal year, the Board implemented Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 68, which requires that the School Board's proportionate share of retirement systems' net pension liability be reported on the government wide statements. As reflected on Statement of Net Position on page 23, the board reported a net pension liability of \$114.5 million as of June 30, 2021.

The impact of implementing GASB 75 is as follows:

OPEB Obligation – Effective with the 2016-17 fiscal year, the Board implemented Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 75, which requires that the cost of post employment healthcare to be recognized in the year when the employee services are received and recognized a liability for Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) obligations. At June 30, 2021, the School Board reported a liability of \$169.8 million for this OPEB liability.

USING THIS FINANCIAL REPORT

This financial report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Vermilion Parish School Board as a whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the School Board as a whole and present a longer-term view of the School Board's financial picture.

Also included in the financial statements are the Fund Financial Statements, which report on governmental activities of the School Board. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide financial statements about the services that were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending in the School Board's more significant funds as well as all other non-major funds. The General Fund is Vermilion Parish School Board's most significant fund.

REPORTING THE SCHOOL BOARD AS A WHOLE

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the School Board as a whole and its activities in a way to try to inform the reader as to how the School Board did financially during the 2020-21 fiscal year.

In short, is the School Board better off financially or is it worse off financially than it was this time last year? These statements report all assets and liabilities of the School Board on the accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting considers all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

These two statements report the School Board's net position and the change in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School Board as a whole, the financial position of the School Board improved or declined. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors affecting the School Board include the state of the oil and gas industry, the parish's sales and property tax bases and the state and federal government's continued funding.

The Board must include the net pension liability in the Statement of Net Position as required by GASB Statement No 68. These requirements are described in note 10 on page 59. The net effect of this reporting requirement is to include \$114.5 million in long-term liabilities on the Statement of Net Position.

The Board also included Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) liabilities in the Statement of Net Position as required by GASB Statement No. 75. These requirements are described in note 14 on page 76. The net effect of this reporting requirement is to include \$169.8 million in long-term liabilities on the Statement of Net Position.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report the governmental activities of the School Board. Most of the School Board's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operating and maintenance of plant, student transportation, and child nutrition programs.

REPORTING THE SCHOOL BOARD'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School Board's major funds begins on page 28. Fund Financial Statements provide detailed information about the School Board's major funds. The School Board uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School Board's most significant funds. The School Board's major governmental funds for the 2020-21 fiscal year are the General Fund, Capital Projects Fund, and the Permanent Fund.

The Vermilion Parish School Board's non-major governmental funds for the 2020-21 fiscal year are the 1998 and 1996 Ad Valorem Tax Funds, the Titles I, II III and IV Funds, the Education Excellence Fund, the IDEA Fund, the Pre-School Flow-Through Fund, the School Lunch/Breakfast Fund, the TASC Fund, the Preschool LA-4 Fund, the 2009 Sales Tax Fund, the School Wide Positive Behavior Fund, the Child Care & Development Fund, the Carl Perkins Fund, the Striving Readers Fund, the Education Stabilization Fund, the School Activity Fund, and the Debt Service Fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the School Board's activities are reported as governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental funds' statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School Board's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or difference) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Proprietary Funds

On April 25, 2002, the School Board established a partially self-insured group health insurance program. A separate internal service fund was created to accumulate funds designated for the payment of health care claims, insurance and associated costs of school system employees, retirees and their covered dependents. The School Board has procured insurance with both a specific and aggregate stop loss. Transactions related to meeting the claims incurred in these areas are accounted for in the Internal Service Proprietary Fund. Expenses in the Group Insurance Fund are recognized as claims are incurred. Liabilities are recognized for incurred but unpaid claims. The Internal Service Proprietary Fund transactions are reported on pages 34 through 36 in a separate section consisting of a Statement of Net Position; a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position; and a Statement of Cash Flows.

THE SCHOOL BOARD AS TRUSTEE

Reporting the School Board's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The School Board is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its Sales Tax Collection Fund. All of the School Board's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and Statement of Changes of Fiduciary Net Position pages 37-38. These activities have been excluded from the School Board's other financial statements because the School Board cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The School Board is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Non-Expendable Trust Fund

As explained in note 17 on page 81, the Vermilion Parish School Board established the Daniel R. Dartez Education Public Trust on June 11, 1996. The Trust was established using excess oil and gas revenues and was set-up to help meet the capital outlay needs of the School System. The Trust is administered by a board of trustees which consists of individuals charged with the responsibility of maintaining a high quality investment portfolio which maximizes income within acceptable levels of risk. The trustees operate independent of the School Board, but the trust earnings are dedicated to the School Board. The activities of the Trust Fund are reported in the Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance on pages 28 through 31.

The School Board as a Whole

The School Board's net position at June 30, 2021 was \$(167.3) million, this included \$31.7 million of restricted net position. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from trust and debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the School Board's ability to use it for day-to-day operations. The following analysis focuses on the net position (Table 1) and change in net position (Table 2) of the School Board's governmental activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Table 1 Governmental Activities Net Position June 30, 2021 (In Millions)

(With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2020)

	Year Ended		
	June 30		
	2021	2020	
Assets			
Current and other assets	\$ 72.5	\$ 52.8	
Capital assets	54.7	58.0	
Total assets	\$ 127.2	\$ 110.0	
Deferred Outflows-Pensions	\$ 38.5	\$ 41.6	
Liabilities			
Current and other liabilities	\$ 18.1	\$ 12.8	
Long-term liabilities	300.6	274.8	
Total liabilities	\$ 318.7	\$ 287.6	
Deferred Inflows-Pensions	\$ 14.3	\$ 25.5	
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 53.1	\$ 56.0	
Restricted	31.7	21.8	
Unrestricted	(252.1)	(238.4)	
Total net position	\$ (167.3)	\$ (160.6)	

The balance of \$(167.3) million in unrestricted net position, represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations. The negative position was created by the implementation of GASB Statements 68 and 75 as explained earlier in the MD&A.

The results of this year's operations for the School Board as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities on pages 24 and 25. Table 2 below reports the information from the Statement of Activities in a different format so that total revenues and expenses for the year can be more easily identifiable.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

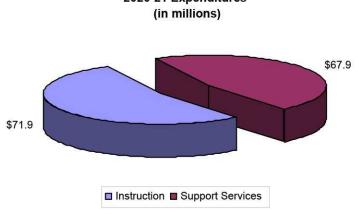
Table 2 Governmental Activities Changes in Net Position Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (In Millions) (With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2020)

		Year Ended June 30	
	2021	2020	
Revenues:			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 0.1	\$ 0.2	
Operating grants and contributions	23.7	13.0	
General revenues:			
Ad valorem taxes	13.2	12.1	
Sales taxes	13.1	11.6	
State equalization	59.0	57.8	
Rentals, leases and royalties	1.2	1.8	
Other general revenues	20.6	1.6	
Total revenues	<u>\$ 130.9</u>	\$ 98.1	
Functions/Program Expenses:			
Instruction:			
Regular programs	\$ 41.8	\$ 40.0	
Special education programs	11.3	11.4	
Vocational programs	2.7	2.5	
Other instructional programs	16.2	7.1	
Support services:			
Pupil support services	6.4	6.7	
Instructional staff support services	5.2	5.3	
General administration	3.8	3.5	
School administration	6.1	6.1	
Business services	0.9	1.0	
Plant services	30.5	9.2	
Student transportation services	4.9	5.0	
Central services	1.1	1.2	
Food services	7.6	5.3	
Facilities acquisition & construction	1.2	1.3	
Community services programs	0.1	0.1	
Total expenses	<u>\$ 139.8</u>	<u>\$ 105.7</u>	
Change in net position	<u>\$ (8.9)</u>	<u>\$ (7.6)</u>	

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

A summary of Vermilion Parish School Board's 2020-21 revenues and expenditures is presented below:





Governmental Activities

As reported in the Statement of Activities on pages 24 and 25, the net cost of governmental activities this year was \$116.0 million. The taxpayers in the parish provided \$26.3 million in ad valorem and sales tax revenues to help meet the total cost of governmental activities. The state contributed \$59.0 million through the Minimum Foundation Program (MFP), which is the main funding source for the School Board. The balance of the cost of governmental activities for the year was provided through state and Federal grants and from revenues from Board owned property.

The cost of governmental activities exceeding restricted state and Federal grants and charges for services must be paid by the citizens of Vermilion Parish and unrestricted state grants. The following presentation shows the portion of governmental activities that must be paid by the citizens of Vermilion Parish and unrestricted state grants.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Funding of Governmental Activities 2020-21 (in millions)

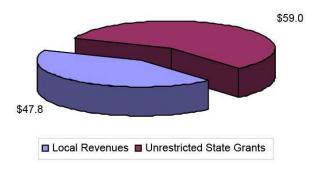


Table 3 presents the total cost of each of the School Board's five largest functions – regular programs, special education programs, plant services, pupil support services and school administration, as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). Net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the School Board's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

Table 3
Governmental Activities
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021
(In Millions)

(With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2020)

	Total Cost		Net Cost	
	of Servi	ces	of Services	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Regular programs	\$41.8	\$40.0	\$(41.4)	\$(39.4)
Special education programs	11.3	11.4	(9.8)	(9.9)
Plant services	30.5	9.2	(30.5)	(9.2)
Pupil support services	6.4	6.7	(5.4)	(5.6)
School administration	6.1	6.1	(6.1)	(6.1)
Subtotal	\$96.1	\$73.4	\$(93.2)	\$(70.2)
All others	43.7	32.3	(46.6)	(22.4)
Total	\$139.8	\$105.7	\$(139.8)	\$(92.6)

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The School Board Funds

The School Board uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. Accounting for money for particular purposes in different funds helps the reader to determine whether the School Board is being accountable for the resources taxpayers and others provide to it and it may also give the reader more insight into the School Board's overall financial health.

Major Funds - The General Fund, Capital Projects Fund, and the Dr. Dan Dartez Trust Fund are the only major funds for the 2020-21 fiscal year. The General Fund's total fund balance at June 30, 2021 was \$16.5 million. The Board assigned \$1.0 million of the end of year General Fund balance. The Capital Projects Fund's total fund balance at June 30, 2021 was \$2.7 million. The Dr. Dan Dartez Trust Fund's total nonspendable fund balance at June 30, 2021 was \$15.8 million.

The standard recommendation is to have at least 10% of the General Fund's budgeted expenditures in unassigned fund balance. However, because of the Board's reliance on oil and gas, a contingent source of revenue, the goal of Vermilion Parish School Board's management has been set at 15%.

Non-major Governmental Funds – The non-major funds' fund balances were generally stable with a consistent balance with the previous year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The School Board, in accordance with state law, must adopt a budget on the General Fund and all Special Revenue Funds prior to September 15 of each year. In accordance with state law the School Board may have variances of 5 percent of total revenues or expenditures in a fund before it is legally required to amend the budget. The School Board adopted its 2020-21 budget on August 15, 2020, and revised the budget on August 20, 2021. In the revision, the total original General Fund budgeted revenues and other financing sources increased from \$80.7 million to \$83.7 million. The total budgeted General Fund expenditures and other financing uses increased from \$80.9 million to \$82.0 million.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

Capital Assets of the School Board used in performance of general School Board functions are recorded in the Fund Financial Statements as expenditures when purchased. The amount represents the original cost of the assets. Depreciation of capital assets is not recognized in the Fund Financial Statements as explained in the notes to the basic financial statements. In the Government-wide Financial Statements the capital assets are recorded as assets at their original cost at the time of purchase or fair market value, if donated. Depreciation of capital assets has been recognized in the Government-wide Financial Statements.

At June 30, 2021 the School Board had \$54.7 million invested in land, buildings and improvements and furniture and equipment, net of depreciation. Net capital assets decreased \$3.3 million from the prior year. In accordance with State guidelines, beginning July 1, 2008, items costing less than \$5,000 are considered supplies. Table 4 presents capital assets net of depreciation at June 30, 2021.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Table 4 Governmental Activities Capital Assets at Year-end Net of Depreciation June 30, 2021

(With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2020)

	2021	2020
Land	\$ 1,755,833	\$ 1,755,833
Construction in Progress	112,336	2,231,898
Buildings and improvements	49,020,881	50,051,988
Furniture and equipment	3,824,560	3,979,466
Total	<u>\$54,713,610</u>	\$58,019,18 <u>5</u>

Debt

At June 30, 2021, the school board had \$11,622,000 in certificates of indebtedness outstanding. Of this amount outstanding, \$376,000 is due within one year. Table 5 summarizes bonds and certificates of indebtedness outstanding at June 30, 2021.

Table 5 Governmental Activities Outstanding Debt June 30, 2021

(With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2020)

	2021	2020
Certificates of Indebtedness:		
Series 2011 – Refinance/Consolidate Debt	\$400,000	\$590,000
Series 2016 – Mitigation Project	447,000	530,000
Series 2018 – Dozier Multi-Purpose Building	775,000	864,000
Series 2021 – VPSB Recovery Project	10,000,000	0
Total	<u>\$11,622,000</u>	\$ 1,984,000

The proceeds of the Series 2011 certificates of indebtedness were used to refinance the outstanding obligation for the Series 2008 certificates of indebtedness and to add funding for a portion of the construction costs of the North Vermilion Middle School complex. The certificates will be paid out in 2023.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The proceeds of the Series 2016 certificates of indebtedness were used to finance the board's share of the cost of a mitigation project at Erath High School and Erath Middle School. The certificates will be paid out in 2026.

The proceeds of the Series 2018 certificates of indebtedness were used to construct a multi-purpose building at Dozier Elementary School. The certificates will be paid out in 2029.

The proceeds of the Series 2021 certificates of indebtedness were used to finance the board's share of the cost of the hurricane recovery project at schools that were affected by hurricane damage. The certificates will be paid out in 2026.

The state limits the amount of general obligation debt that school boards can issue to 25 percent of the assessed value of all taxable property within the School Board's corporate limits. At June 30, 2021, Vermilion Parish School Board's maximum legal debt limit was \$106,443,774. The District's outstanding general obligation bonded debt of \$11,622,000 is well below the maximum debt limit.

Other long-term obligations of the School Board include accrued vacation pay and sick leave. More detailed information about long-term obligations is presented on page 57 in note 8 to the basic financial statements. In addition to these liabilities, the Board has also accrued other post-employment benefits (OPEB) payable and the net pension liability in accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75 requirements.

FOR THE FUTURE

As we begin the 2021-22 fiscal year, we once again realize that district and school performance in Vermilion are the result of many years of investing and hiring high quality employees who are always doing what is best for students. Administrators and supervisors have tirelessly supported teachers to achieve high levels of success with our students. Our support employees take care of all of the other needs of the students so that teachers can focus their efforts on curriculum and instruction. Without this coordinated effort from all Vermilion School System employees, our students would not be experiencing such high levels of success in the classroom.

We will continue to make every effort to stabilize our financial future. Extraordinary increases in required contributions to employee retirement systems, increases in contributions to the employee group health insurance program, recovery from the hurricanes of 2020, and the implications of COVID-19 have created concerns for the upcoming fiscal years.

As the Educational System moves into the ensuing budget year, management will continue to monitor all expenditures and wherever possible, propose departmental restructuring, reconsider the necessity of vacant positions and monitor individual budget line items searching for possible additional adjustments.

The General Fund unassigned fund balance of \$15.2 million as of June 30, 2021 was 18.6% of the 2020-21 budgeted expenditures. In addition to this unassigned fund balance, the Board has assigned \$1.0 million to cover FEMA contingencies. An additional \$0.3 million is classified as non-spendable because of inventories on hand and prepaid expenditures.

As the System moves along this course, we will continue to exercise financial caution. It is important that we continue conducting the financial operations of the School System in a conservative and responsible manner.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Although the administration has concerns about the future, if we continue to operate in a fiscally conservative manner, we will be able to address all of those concerns. Management is committed to keeping the Vermilion Parish School System in a strong financial position.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School Board's finances and to show the School Board's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Eric Johnson, Chief Financial Officer, Vermilion Parish School Board, P.O. Drawer 520, Abbeville, LA 70511-0520 or call at (337) 898-5705 or e-mail to eric.johnson@vpsb.net.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

Statement of Net Position Governmental Activities June 30, 2021

ASSETS

Cash and interest-bearing deposits Investments Receivables Inventory	\$ 40,293,104 15,715,327 15,886,618 607,141
Prepaid expense Capital assets:	1,459
Non-depreciable	1,868,169
Depreciable, net	 52,845,441
Total assets	 127,217,259
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions	30,008,938
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB	 8,487,565
Total Deferred outflows of resources	 38,496,503

(Continued)

Statement of Net Position (Continued) Governmental Activities June 30, 2021

LIABILITIES

Accounts, salaries and other payables	17,883,134
Unearned revenue	128,911
Interest payable	57,128
Long-term liabilities:	
Due within one year	376,000
Due in more than one year:	
Bonds payable	11,246,000
Compensated absences	4,728,152
Other postemployment benefits payable	169,790,868
Net pension liability	114,503,214
Total liabilities	318,713,407
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions	4,592,480
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	9,687,768
Total Deferred inflows of resources	14,280,248
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	53,091,610
Restricted for:	
Tax dedications	3,282,559
Capital projects	2,650,161
Trust principal	15,826,426
Debt service	66,576
Other	9,898,833
Unrestricted	_(252,096,058)
Total net position	\$ (167,279,893)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

VERMILION PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

Abbeville, Louisiana

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	P	Program Revenues Operating Charges for Grants and		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Governmental	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Activities	
Governmental activities:					
Instruction:					
Regular programs	\$ 41,826,086	S -	\$ 377,785	\$ (41,448,301)	
Special education programs	11,250,404	117,710	1,347,881	(9,784,813)	
Vocational education programs	2,681,956	-	120,481	(2,561,475)	
Other instructional programs	4,818,953	-	898,587	(3,920,366)	
Special programs	11,337,349	-	10,313,356	(1,023,993)	
Support services:					
Pupil support services	6,441,780	-	1,026,333	(5,415,447)	
Instructional staff support services	5,152,484	-	1,075,020	(4,077,464)	
General administration	3,818,667	-	142,007	(3,676,660)	
School administration	6,098,219	-	-	(6,098,219)	
Business services	911,385	-	13,337	(898,048)	
Operation and maintenance of plant services	30,506,097	-	27,276	(30,478,821)	
Student transportation services	4,935,875	-	39,771	(4,896,104)	
Central services	1,102,437	-	14,603	(1,087,834)	
Non-instructional services:					
Food services	7,618,039	18,776	8,311,164	711,901	
Community service programs	72,545	-	-	(72,545)	
Facilities acquisition and construction	1,175,025	-	-	(1,175,025)	
Interest on long-term debt	85,566			(85,566)	
Total governmental activities	\$ 139,832,867	\$ 136,486	\$ 23,707,601	(115,988,780)	

24

(continued)

VERMILION PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

Abbeville, Louisiana

Statement of Activities (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Taxes:	
Ad valorem taxes, levied for general purposes	1,865,341
Ad valorem taxes, levied for special purposes	11,354,857
Sales and use taxes, levied for general purposes	13,087,990
State revenue sharing	150,079
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs:	
State source - Minimum Foundation Program	58,953,875
State source - PIPS	22,973
Interest and investment earnings	2,184,270
Rentals, leases and royalties	1,160,444
Nonemployer pension contribution	399,299
Miscellaneous	17,889,271
Total general revenues	107,068,399
Change in net position	(8,920,381)
Net position, beginning, as restated	(158,359,512)
Net position, ending	\$ (167,279,893)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

ASSETS	General	Capital Projects	Permanent Fund	Other Governmental	Total
Cash and interest-bearing deposits Investments	\$20,059,870	S 906,292	S 75,308 15,715,327	\$ 9,442,875 -	\$30,484,345 15,715,327
Receivables	839,059	5,313,566	-	9,612,245	15,764,870
Due from other funds	5,861,003	-	-	-	5,861,003
Inventory	308,744	-	-	298,397	607,141
Accrued interest receivable	25,236	-	48,256	48,256	121,748
Prepaid expenses	1,459				1,459
Total assets	\$27,095,371	\$6,219,858	S 15,838,891	\$ 19,401,773	\$68,555,893
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$ 691,052	\$3,569,697	S 12,465	\$ 769,294	\$ 5,042,508
Accrued salaries payable	9,751,908	33,309,091 -	3 12,403	1,879,736	11,631,644
Due to other funds	-	-	-	5,861,003	5,861,003
Unearned revenue	128,911	-	-	-,,	128,911
Total liabilities	10,571,871	3,569,697	12,465	8,510,033	22,664,066
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable	310,203	-	15,826,426	298,397	16,435,026
Restricted	-	2,650,161	-	10,593,343	13,243,504
Assigned	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000
Unassigned	<u>15,213,297</u>	-	-	-	<u>15,213,297</u>
Total fund balances	16,523,500	2,650,161	15,826,426	10,891,740	45,891,827
Total liabilities and					
fund balances	\$27,095,371	<u>86,219,858</u>	<u>S 15,838,891</u>	<u>\$ 19,401,773</u>	\$68,555,893

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$	45,891,827
Capital assets, net			54,713,610
Long-term liabilities:			
Bonds payable	\$ (11,622,000)		
Compensated absences payable	(4,728,152)		
Accrued interest payable	(57,128)		(16,407,280)
Pension:			
Net pension liability	(114,503,214)		
Deferred inflows of resources related to net pension liability	(4,592,480)		
Deferred outflows of resources related to net pension liability	30,008,938		(89,086,756)
Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB):			
Net OPEB obligation payable	(169,790,868)		
Deferred outflows of resources related to total OPEB liability	8,487,565		
Deferred inflows of resources related to total OPEB liability	(9,687,768)	((170,991,071)
Net position of the internal service fund			8,599,777
Total net position of governmental activities		<u>\$ (</u>	167,279,893)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General	Capital Projects	Permanent Fund	Other Governmental	Total
Revenues	General	Tinjects	E GERG	Governmental	Total
Local sources:					
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,865,341	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,354,857	\$13,220,198
Sales taxes	8,725,308	-	-	4,362,682	13,087,990
Food services		_	-	18,776	18,776
Other	2,339,348	13,334,108	1,943,611	3,734,630	21,351,697
Total local sources	12,929,997	13,334,108	1,943,611	19,470,945	47,678,661
State sources	59,276,866	,,	-,,	1,717,130	60,993,996
Federal sources	-	_	_	21,428,942	21,428,942
Other commodities	-	-	-	411,590	411,590
Total revenues	72,206,863	13,334,108	1,943,611	43,028,607	130,513,189
Expenditures					
Current:					
Instruction -					
Regular programs	35,238,211	-	-	1,983,800	37,222,011
Special education programs	8,589,196	-	-	1,371,730	9,960,926
Vocational education programs	2,289,403	-	-	120,481	2,409,884
Other instructional programs	1,612,532	-	-	2,849,742	4,462,274
Special programs	618,890	-	-	9,991,555	10,610,445
Support services -					
Pupil support services	4,677,818	-	-	1,026,332	5,704,150
Instructional staff support services	3,497,393	-	-	1,082,235	4,579,628
General administration	2,412,336	587,964	45,244	516,772	3,562,316
School administration	5,219,492	-	-	169,500	5,388,992
Business services	802,695	-	-	13,338	816,033
Operation and maintenance					
of plant services	9,198,879	19,789,831	-	164,455	29,153,165
Student transportation services	4,391,767	-	-	582,461	4,974,228
Central services	908,973	-	-	86,867	995,840
Non-instructional services -					
Food services	-	-	-	7,097,671	7,097,671
Community service programs	69,993	-	-	-	69,993
Facilities acquisition and construction	572,017	306,152	-	914,590	1,792,759
					(continued)

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General	Capital Projects	Permanent Fund	Other Governmental	Total
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	-	=	-	362,000	362,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	43,653	43,653
Legal and technical fees				400	400
Total expenditures	80,099,595	20,683,947	45,244	28,377,582	129,206,368
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(7,892,732)	(7,349,839)	1,898,367	14,651,025	1,306,821
Other financing sources (uses):					
Proceeds from issuance of debt	-	10,000,000	-	-	10,000,000
Transfers in	12,631,289	-	-	934,519	13,565,808
Transfers out	(170,945)		(379,117)	(13,015,746)	(13,565,808)
Total other financing					
sources (uses)	12,460,344	10,000,000	(379,117)	(12,081,227)	10,000,000
Net change in fund balances	4,567,612	2,650,161	1,519,250	2,569,798	11,306,821
Fund balances, beginning, as restated	11,955,888		14,307,176	8,321,942	34,585,006
Fund balances, ending	\$16,523,500	\$2,650,161	\$ 15,826,426	\$ 10,891,740	\$45,891,827

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances of governmental funds		\$ 11,306,821
Capital assets:		
Capital outlay	\$ 1,255,085	
Depreciation expense	(4,560,660)	(3,305,575)
Long-term debt:		
Principal payments on long term debt	362,000	
Bond proceeds	(10,000,000)	
Increase in accrued interest payable	(41,513)	
Compensated absences accumulated	(531,959)	(10,211,472)
Net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund		849,133
Effect of the change in net pension liability and total OPEB liability		
and the related deferred outflows/inflows of resources:		
Decrease in pension expense	2,304,267	
Nonemployer pension contribution revenue recognized	399,299	
Increase in expense - OPEB	(10,262,854)	(7,559,288)
Changes in net position for the year per Statement of Activities		\$ (8,920,381)

Proprietary Fund Governmental Activities - Group Insurance Fund Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

ASSETS

Current assets:
Cash and interest-bearing deposits

\$9,808,759

LIABILITIES

Current liabilities:

Accounts payable 7,310
Claims payable 1,201,672
Total current liabilities 1,208,982

NET POSITION

Net position:

Unrestricted \$8,599,777

Proprietary Fund Governmental Activities - Group Insurance Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2021

Operating revenue:	
Premiums	\$ 18,087,099
Other	331,993
Total operating revenue	18,419,092
Operating expenses:	
Administration	850,897
Insurance	1,160,226
Claims	15,616,306
Central services	28,637
Total operating expenses	17,656,066
Operating income	763,026
Nonoperating revenue:	
Interest earned on interest-bearing deposits	86,107
Change in net position	849,133
Net position, beginning	7,750,644
Net position, ending	\$ 8,599,777

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Proprietary Fund Governmental Activities - Group Self Insurance Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2021

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Receipts from participants	\$18,087,099
Payments to suppliers	(17,019,954)
Other receipts	331,993
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,399,138
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Interest income	86,107
Net increase in cash and interest	
bearing deposits	1,485,245
Cash and interest bearing deposits, beginning of period	8,323,514
Cash and interest bearing deposits, end of period	\$ 9,808,759
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by	\$ 763,026
operating activities:	
Increase (decrease) in current liabilities: Accounts payable	1,158
- ·	634,954
Claims payable	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1,399,138

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2021

	Sales Tax Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and interest bearing deposits	\$3,776,861
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	2,709,958
NET POSITION	
Net position held for others	\$1,066,903

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2021

	Sales Tax Fund
Additions:	
Tax collections	\$45,655,418
Interest income	36,796
Total additions	45,692,214
Deducitons:	
Tax disbursements	45,703,094
Change in net position	(10,880)
Net position, beginning, as restated	1,077,783
Net position, ending	\$ 1,066,903

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the Vermilion Parish School Board (School Board) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this note.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The School Board was created by Louisiana Revised Statute (LRS-R.S.) 17:51 to provide public education for the children within Vermilion Parish. The School Board is authorized by LRS-R.S. 17:81 to establish policies and regulations for its own government consistent with the laws of the State of Louisiana and the regulations of the Louisiana Board of Elementary and Secondary Education. The School Board is comprised of eight members who are elected from eight districts for terms of four years.

The School Board operates 20 schools within the parish with a total enrollment of 9,564 pupils. In conjunction with the regular educational programs, some of these schools offer special education and/or adult education programs. In addition, the School Board provides transportation and school food services for the students.

For financial reporting purposes, the School Board includes all funds and activities for which the School Board exercises financial accountability. Because the School Board members are independently elected and are solely accountable for fiscal matters, which include (1) budget authority, (2) responsibility for funding deficits and operating deficiencies, and (3) fiscal management for controlling the collection and disbursement of funds, the School Board is a separate governmental reporting entity, primary government.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School Board, the primary government, as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. The School Board's internal service fund is a governmental activity. Internal service fund activity is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School Board's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the School Board are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements. Fund financial statements report detailed information about the School Board.

The various funds of the School Board are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the School Board or meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows
 of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual
 governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding
 total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The School Board reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School Board. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

Capital Projects Fund accounts for the resources and expenditures of the School Board that are used for specific capital construction projects.

Permanent Fund – Dr. Daniel R. Dartez Educational Public Trust Fund

Permanent funds are used to account for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the School Board's programs. On June 11, 1996, pursuant to Louisiana Revised Statute LSR-R.S. 17:81(m), the School Board established a nonexpendable trust fund. Trust principal is derived from surplus revenues and may not be used for expenditures. Income from the investment of fund principal is restricted to meeting the capital outlay needs of the Vermilion Parish School System.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

In addition, the School Board reports the following:

Internal Service Fund

The Internal Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of benefits by the School Board's group self-insurance program. The Government's internal service fund is presented in the proprietary fund's financial statements. Because the principal users of the internal services are the Government's governmental activities, the financial statements of the internal service fund are consolidated into the governmental column when presented in the government-wide financial statements. To the extent possible, the cost of these services is reported in the appropriate functional activity.

Fiduciary funds

The School Board's fiduciary fund is considered a custodial fund and is presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the Government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

C. Measurement Focus/ Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities, the governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item 2 below. In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement
 focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on
 their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of
 available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use
 fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the
 end of the period.
- 2. The proprietary (internal service) fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, the governmental activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB.

Program revenues

Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities are derived directly from the program itself or from parties outside the School Board's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the School Board's general revenues.

Allocation of indirect expenses

The School Board reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Indirect expenses of other functions are not allocated to those functions but are reported separately in the Statement of Activities. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function. Interest on general long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means being collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures (including facilities acquisition and construction) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported when due. The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

Revenues

Federal and state entitlements (unrestricted grants-in-aid, which include state equalization and state revenue sharing) are recorded when available and measurable. Expenditure-driven federal and state grants, which are restricted as to the purpose of the expenditures, are recorded when the reimbursable expenditures have been incurred.

Ad valorem taxes are recorded in the year the taxes are due and payable. Ad valorem taxes are assessed in November, by the Parish Assessor, based on the assessed value and become due on December 31 of each year. The taxes become delinquent on January 1. An enforceable lien attaches to the property as of January 1. The taxes are generally collected in December, January, and February of the fiscal year. Property tax revenues are accrued at fiscal year-end to the extent that they have been collected but not received by the Vermilion Parish Tax Collector's Office. Such amounts are measurable and available to finance current operations.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Interest income on time deposits and revenues from rentals, leases, and royalties are recorded when earned.

Sales and use tax revenues are recorded in the month collected by the School Board.

Substantially all other revenues are recorded when received.

Expenditures

Salaries are recorded as expenditures when incurred. Nine-month employee salaries are incurred over a nine-month period but paid over a twelve-month period.

Compensated absences are recognized as expenditures when leave is actually taken or when employees (or heirs) are paid for accrued leave upon retirement or death.

Commitments under construction contracts are recognized as expenditures when earned by the contractor.

Principal and interest on general long-term obligations are not recognized until due.

All other expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred.

The proprietary fund utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Other Financing Sources (Uses)

Transfers between funds that are not expected to be repaid (or any other types, such as capital lease transactions, sales of capital assets, debt extinguishments, long-term debt proceeds, et cetera) are accounted for as other financing sources (uses). These other financing sources (uses) are recognized at the time the underlying events occur.

Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenues arise when resources are received before the School Board has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures or when tuition is received in advance of the commencement of classes.

In subsequent periods, when the School Board has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and the revenue is recognized. Recognition of revenue from ad valorem tax collections has been delayed in instances where the School Board has been advised by the tax collecting authority that certain amounts have been paid in protest. Recognition of revenue from minor federal and state grant advances has been delayed to the next fiscal year to allow proper matching of revenues and expenditures.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Equity

Cash and interest-bearing deposits

For purposes of the Statement of Net Position, cash and interest-bearing deposits include all demand accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the School Board. For the purpose of the proprietary fund statement of cash flows, "cash and interest-bearing deposits" include all demand and savings accounts, and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Investments

Trust fund investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is defined as the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current asset transaction between willing parties. Fair value was determined based on quoted market prices.

Interfund receivables and payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivables and payables." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include ad valorem taxes, sales and use taxes, and federal and state grants.

Inventories

The cost of inventories is recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Reserves are established for an amount equal to the carrying value of inventories.

Inventory of the General Fund consists of instructional supplies maintained in the central warehouse for use of all schools and janitorial and electrical supplies maintained in the central warehouse for the use of all departments and schools. All inventory purchased are valued at cost (first-in, first-out).

Inventory of the School Lunch/Breakfast Special Revenue Fund consists of food purchased by the School Board and commodities granted by the United States Department of Agriculture through the Louisiana Department of Agriculture and Forestry. The commodities are recorded as revenues and expenditures when consumed. All inventory items purchased are valued at cost (firstin, first-out), and donated commodities are assigned values based on information provided by the United States Department of Agriculture.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Capital Assets

The accounting treatment over property, plant and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are capitalized at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated assets, which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The School Board maintains a threshold level of \$5,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful life using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment 10 - 40 years

5 - 15 years

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as facilities acquisition and construction expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

Compensated Absences

All 12-month employees earn from 12 to 18 days of vacation leave each year, depending on their length of service with the School Board. Annual leave earned after June 30, 2002, will be accrued to a maximum of forty (40) days. Annual leave earned prior to June 30, 2002 is not subject to this limitation and will be available in full for use by employees. Leave accrued prior to June 30, 2002, may not be used until leave accrued subsequent to that date has been fully exhausted. Employees may only use 18 consecutive days if approved by the superintendent. Upon retirement or termination of employment, the employee may choose to be paid for any unused accumulated annual leave at the employee's daily rate of pay or may convert such unused accumulated annual leave to service credit for retirement purposes if allowed by the retirement system.

All employees earn from 10 to 13 days of sick leave each year, depending on the number of months of the school year they are employed by the School Board. Sick leave may be accumulated. Upon death or retirement, unused accumulated sick leave of up to 25 days is paid to employees (or heirs) at the employee's current rate of pay. Under the Louisiana Teachers' Retirement System, the total unused accumulated sick leave, including the 25 days paid, is used in the retirement benefit computation as earned service for leave earned prior to July 1, 1988. For sick leave earned after July 1, 1988, under the Louisiana Teachers' Retirement system and for sick leave earned under the Louisiana School Employees Retirement System all unpaid sick leave, which excludes the 25 days paid, is used in the retirement benefit computation as earned service. Employees are not compensated for unused sick leave upon resignation. However, employees who

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

resign from Vermilion Parish School Board and begin employment in another district may transfer unused sick leave to the new district. In cases of layoffs and callbacks, employees are credited with unused sick leave balances at the time they are reinstated to service.

Act 1341 of 1999 changed the extended sick leave (gayle pay) regulations for public school employees. The Act provides that if teachers and school bus operators have no remaining sick leave, they are allowed up to 90 days extended sick leave in a six-year period. During these 90 days, the employee is paid 65% of their pay at the time that the leave begins. The School Board has adopted portions of Act 788 effective July 1, 2012, which redefines how school employees can qualify for extended sick leave.

Act 1342 of 1999 changed the sabbatical leave regulation. The Act allows both sabbatical medical leave and professional and cultural development sabbatical for teachers. It provides for two sabbatical semesters immediately following twelve or more consecutive semesters of consecutive service or one semester immediately following six semesters of consecutive service. Sabbatical medical leave may be granted if the teacher's regular sick leave balance is twenty-five days or less at the beginning of the sabbatical. No more than 5% of the work force can be on sabbatical at the same time. During sabbatical, the employee is paid 65% of their pay at the time the leave begins.

The cost of current leave privileges is recognized as a current-year expenditure in the governmental funds when leave is actually taken. The cost of leave privileges not requiring current resources is recorded the general fund.

Long-term debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of general obligation bonds and certificates of indebtedness.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources net of the applicable premium or discount and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. For fund financial reporting, issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period and thus, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Equity Classifications

In the government-wide statements, net position is displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowing and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Constraints may be placed on the use, either by (1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The School Board reported \$15,893,000 of restricted net position, which is restricted by enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net assets Net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in either of the other two categories of net position.

In the fund statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Committed – amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School Board members. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the School Board office. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by Board members.

Assigned – amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the School Board's adopted policy, only Board members or the Board's finance committee may assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned – all other spendable amounts.

As of June 30, 2021, fund balances are composed of the following:

		General		Capital Permanent Projects Fund		Nonmajor Funds		
Nonspendable:								
Prepaid items	\$	1,459	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Inventory		308,744		-		-		298,397
Nonexpendable trust		-		-	_15,	826,426		=
Total nonspendable		310,203		_	15,	826,426		298,397
Restricted:								
Debt service		-		-		-		2,835,457
Special revenue funds		-				-		7,757,886
Capital projects		-	2,6	550,161		_		-
Total restricted		-	2,6	550,161		-	_1	0,593,343
Assigned:								
FEMA contingencies	·	1,000,000		_	***************************************	_		_
Total	\$	1,310,203	\$2,6	550,161	<u>\$ 15,</u>	826,426	<u>\$ 1</u>	0,891,740

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the School Board considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the School Board considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless Board members or the finance committee has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

E. Revenue Restrictions

The School Board has various restrictions placed over certain revenue sources from state or local requirements. The primary restricted revenue sources include:

Revenue Source	Legal Restrictions on Use
-	-
Ad valorem taxes	See Note 3
Sales taxes	See Note 9

The School Board uses unrestricted resources only when restricted resources are fully depleted.

F. Capitalization of Interest Expense

It is the policy of the School Board to capitalize material amounts of interest resulting from borrowings in the course of the construction of capital assets. At June 30, 2021, there were no borrowings for assets under construction and no capitalized interest expense was recorded on the books.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statement and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

H. Interfund Transfers

In the governmental funds, transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions are reported as transfers.

I. Pensions

The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pension, and pension expense, has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. Non-employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the government-wide financial statements. In the governmental fund financial statements contributions are recognized as expenditures when due.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

J. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. In the governmental fund financial statements contributions are recognized as expenditures when due.

(2) Cash and Investments

A. <u>Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits</u>

Under state law, the School Board may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The School Board may invest in direct obligations of the United States government, bonds, debentures, notes or other evidence of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by federal agencies and/or the United States government, and time certificates of deposit of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the School Board's deposits may not be recovered or will not be able to recover the collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. The School Board does not have a policy for custodial credit risk; however, under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the pledging financial institution. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the financial institution. These securities are held in the name of the pledging financial institution in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Deposit balances (bank balances), are secured as follows:

Bank balances	\$ 43,063,489
Insured deposits	\$ 500,000
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank	
not in the School Board's name	42,563,489
Total	\$ 43,063,489

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

B. Investments

The carrying amounts and approximate market values of investments are summarized as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Cost	Unrealized Gain/ (Loss)	Reported Amount/ Market Value
U.S. Treasury note	2.25%-2.75%	\$ 1,166,202	\$ 68,420	\$ 1,234,622
FNMA	2.00% -			
obligations	4.00%	1,138,788	30,152	1,168,940
GNMA	6.50% -			
obligations	8.00%	8,718	1,316	10,034
Other government	2.50% -			
debt obligations	4.00%	1,146,524	20,892	1,167,416
Other non-government	2.35% -			
debt obligations	4.45%	5,240,411	116,693	5,357,104
Equity securities	N/A	5,427,735	1,349,476	6,777,211
Total investments		\$14,128,378	\$1,586,949	\$15,715,327

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The School Board's investment policy limits the average effective maturity of the bond portfolio to 10 years and the average duration of the portfolio to 8 years as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Information about the exposure of the School Board's debt type investments to this risk, using the segmented time distribution model is as follows:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

	Investment Maturities (in Years)				
	Fair	Less than			Over
Description	Value	1	1-5	6-10	10
U.S. Treasury note	\$ 1,234,622	\$ -	\$ 877,987	\$ 356,635	\$ -
FNMA					
obligations	1,168,940	-	146,766	59,504	962,670
GNMA					
obligations	10,034	-	1,297	2,771	5,966
Other government					
debt obligations	1,167,416	=	-	-	1,167,416
Other non- government					
debt obligations	5,357,104	647,088	3,980,702	729,314	-
Equity securities	6,777,211	6,777,211			
Total investments	<u>\$15,715,327</u>	\$7,424,299	\$5,006,752	\$1,148,224	\$2,136,052

Credit risk is managed by restricting investments to those authorized by R.S. 33:2955. Credit risk ratings for the School Board's investments from issuers totaling five percent or more of a portfolio are as follows:

	Rating	Amount
Federal National Mortgage Association	AA	\$1,168,940
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	AA	\$1,167,416

Concentration of credit risk: The School Board's investment policy limits its holdings to no more than 5 percent of the market value of the portfolio to be invested in any one issuer. There is no limit on U.S. Government and Agency holdings, with the exception of the non-insured Agency securities, such as the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA), which is governed by the 5 percent guideline. At June 30, 2021, no more than 5 percent of the investments were investments in any single issue.

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, the School Board will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. At June 30, 2021, the School Board held investments of \$15,715,327 of which the underlying securities are held by the counterparty's trust department, not in the School Board's name.

The School Board categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The School Board has the following recurring fair value measurements:

	Total			
Asset Class	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
U.S. Treasury note	\$ 1,234,622	\$ 1,234,622	\$ -	\$ -
FNMA				
obligations	1,168,940	1,168,940	-	-
GNMA				
obligations	10,034	10,034	-	-
Other government				
debt obligations	1,167,416	1,167,416	-	-
Other non-				
government				
debt obligations	5,357,104	-	5,357,104	-
Equity securities	6,777,211	6,777,211		
	\$15,715,327	\$10,358,223	\$5,357,104	\$ -

(3) Ad Valorem Taxes

For the year ended June 30, 2021, taxes of 39.76 mills were levied on property with assessed valuations and were dedicated as follows:

Parishwide Taxes	
------------------	--

School employee salary and benefit tax (1998)	25.00	mills
Special school maintenance and operational tax (1996)	2.00	mills
Special school improvement tax (1996)	5.00	mills
School operations tax (1996)	3.00	mills
Total Special Revenue Funds	35.00	mills
School maintenance and operational tax (General Fund)	4.76	mills
Total assessment	39.76	mills

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(4) Tax Abatements

Louisiana's State Constitution Chapter VII Section 21 authorizes the State Board of Commerce and Industry to create a ten (10) year ad valorem tax abatement program for new manufacturing establishments in the State. Under the terms of this program, qualified businesses may apply for an exemption of local ad valorem taxes on capital improvements and equipment related to manufacturing for the first ten year of its operation; after which the property will be added to the local tax roll and taxed at the value and millage in force at the time. The future value of this exempt property could be subject to significant fluctuations from today's value; however, the School Board could receive a substantial increase in ad valorem tax revenues once the exemption on this property expires. Because these taxes are not assessed due, no adjustments have been made to the School Board's financial statements to record a receivable. The School Board's ad valorem tax revenues were reduced by \$183,606 as a result of the tax abatement.

(5) Receivables

Receivables consisted of the following:

	Gra	nts				
	Federal	State	Accounts	interest	Totals	
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 514,034	\$ 325,025	\$ 25,236	\$ 864,295	
Special Revenue Funds	9,653,371	-	7,130	-	9,660,501	
Capital Projects Fund	-	-	5,313,566	-	5,313,566	
Permanent Fund				48,256	48,256	
Total receivables	\$9,653,371	\$514,034	\$5,645,721	\$ 73,492	\$15,886,618	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(6) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 is as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	Beginning	Additions	Deletions	Ending
Capital assets not				
being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,755,833	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,755,833
Construction in progress	2,231,898	194,618	2,314,180	112,336
Other capital assets:				
Buildings	84,200,077	50,390	-	84,250,467
Improvements	58,497,252	2,698,682	-	61,195,934
Vehicles	10,500,795	542,690	-	11,043,485
Equipment	3,297,515	82,885	-	3,380,400
Total	160,483,370	3,569,265	2,314,180	161,738,455
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	53,665,286	1,426,115	-	55,091,401
Improvements	38,980,055	2,354,064	-	41,334,119
Vehicles	7,121,792	685,064	-	7,806,856
Equipment	2,697,052	95,417	-	2,792,469
Total	102,464,185	4,560,660	_	107,024,845
Net capital assets	\$58,019,185	<u>\$ (991,395)</u>	\$ 2,314,180	\$ 54,713,610

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Regular programs	\$ 1,318,196
Special education programs	363,238
Vocational education programs	87,879
Other instructional programs	78,976
Special programs	386,923
Pupil support services	208,009
Instructional staff support services	167,002
General administration	129,175
School administration	190,335
Business services	29,758
Operation and maintenance of plant services	1,056,708
Student transportation services	181,392
Central services	36,315
Food services	258,826
Facility acquisition and construction	65,376
Community service programs	2,552
Total depreciation expense	\$ 4,560,660

(7) Accounts, Salaries, and Other Payables

Accounts, salaries, and other payables consisted of the following:

Salaries and related benefits payable	\$ 11,631,644
Accounts payable	5,049,818
Health claims payable	1,201,672
Total payables	\$ 17,883,134

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(8) <u>Long-Term Liabilities</u>

\$2,025,000 Revenue Bonds, Series 2011, due in annual installments of \$140,000 to \$200,000 through February 1, 2023; at an interest rate of 2.57% (to be retired from income derived from trust fund investments).	\$	400,000
\$840,000 Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2016, due in annual installments of \$72,000 to \$94,000 through March 1, 2026; at an interest rate of 2.14% (to be retired from income derived from ad valorem taxes).		447,000
\$950,000 Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2018, due in annual installments of \$84,000 to \$107,000 through March 2029; at an interest rate of 2.50% (to be retired from income derived from trust fund investments).		775,000
\$10,000,000 Revenue Bonds, Series 2021, due in one installment of \$10,000,000 on April 1, 2026; with interest due at an interest rate of 2.05% semi-annually on October 1 and April 1 through April 1, 2026 (to be retired from income derived from insurance proceeds and grant/reimbursements process through U.S. Federal Emergency		
Management Agency).		0,000,000
Total	<u>\$1</u>	1,622,000

The bonds and certificates are due as follows:

	Government		
Year Ending	Principal	Interest	
June 30,	payments	payments payments	
2022	\$ 376,000	\$ 314,191	\$ 690,191
2023	380,000	232,204	612,204
2024	184,000	223,596	407,596
2025	190,000	220,042	410,042
2026	10,196,000	215,950	10,411,950
2026-2029	296,000	13,264	309,264
Totals	\$11,622,000	\$1,219,247	<u>\$ 12,841,247</u>

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Changes in General Long-Term Liabilities

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities transactions and balances:

	F	Balance]	Balance	Dι	ae Within
	Beginning Additions		Additions		Re	ductions		Ending		ne Year
Revenue Bonds,										
Series 2011	\$	590,000	\$	-	\$	190,000	\$	400,000	\$	200,000
Limited Tax Bonds,										
Series 2016		530,000		-		83,000		447,000		85,000
Limited Tax Bonds,										
Series 2018		864,000		-		89,000		775,000		91,000
Revenue Bonds,										
Series 2021		-	10,	000,000		-	1	0,000,000		-
Compensated absences	4	4,196,193		531,959		_		4,728,152		-
	\$ 6	5,180,193	<u>\$ 10,</u>	531,959	\$	362,000	<u>\$ 1</u>	6,350,152	\$	376,000

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences payable consists of the portion of accumulated sick and annual leave of the governmental funds that is not expected to require current resources. The liability for compensated absences is computed only at the end of each fiscal year; therefore, the increase of \$531,959 for fiscal year 2021, is the net of leave benefits accrued and paid during those years.

(9) Sales and Use Taxes

The School Board is authorized to collect within the parish a one percent sales and use tax. The proceeds of the tax are dedicated to supplement salaries of teachers and/or the expenditures of operating the schools, including salaries of other personnel. On May 2, 2009, the voters of Vermilion Parish authorized the levy of a one-half percent sales and use tax dedicated to the salaries and benefits of school employees. The collection of the tax began July 1, 2009.

Effective March 1, 1992, the School Board was appointed the central sales tax collecting agency for all taxing bodies within Vermilion Parish. The following is a summary of taxes that the School Board has the responsibility of collecting:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

			Interest and				
		Total	Collection	Other	Net		
Taxing Bodies	Rate	Collections	Cost	Adjustments	Distribution		
Vermilion Parish Police Jury	1.50%	\$13,088,043	\$ (160,883)	\$ 9,657	\$12,936,817		
Vermilion Parish Sheriff	0.75%	6,544,017	(80,455)	4,805	6,468,367		
Town of Gueydan	1.00%	205,613	(1,335)	(368)	203,910		
City of Kaplan	1.00%	742,682	(4,489)	51	738,244		
City of Abbeville	1.25%	5,635,190	(28,844)	10,815	5,617,161		
Town of Erath	1.00%	303,606	(1,900)	132	301,838		
Town of Delcambre	1.00%	215,613	(1,318)	999	215,294		
Village of Maurice	1.50%	865,571	(6,334)	6,503	865,740		
Vermilion Parish Tourist Commission	2.00%	70,983	(305)	(4)	70,674		
Vermilion Parish School Board	1.50%	13,087,991	344,349	122,028	13,554,368		
Hospital Service District #1	1.00%	1,398,947	(15,778)	5,802	1,388,971		
Abbeville Hospital District #2	0.50%	3,383,870	(42,708)	548	3,341,710		
Totals		\$45,542,126	\$ -	\$ 160,968	\$45,703,094		

(10) Retirement Plans

The Vermilion Parish School Board is a participating employer in several cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans. These plans are administered by three public employee retirement systems (PERS): the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL), the Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS), and the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS). Each system is controlled and administered by a separate board of trustees. These retirement systems provide retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries.

Each of the Systems issue an annually publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the system. These reports may be obtained by downloading the reports as follows:

Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL) – www.trsl.org
Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS) – www.lsers.net
Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS) – www.lasersonline.org
Louisiana Legislative Auditor – www.lla.la.gov

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of each public employee retirement system and additions to/deductions from the systems' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by each system. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Plan Descriptions A.

Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL) -

TRSL was established for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits as stated under the provisions of La. R.S. 11:700-999, as amended, for eligible teachers, employees, and their beneficiaries. The projection of benefit payments in the calculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive employees through the System in accordance with the benefit terms and any additional legal agreements to provide benefits that are in force at the measurement date.

Benefits Provided: TRSL provides retirement, deferred retirement option (DROP), disability, and survivor's benefits.

Normal retirement: Regular Plan - Eligibility for retirement is determined by the date the member joined TRSL.

Members first eligible to join and hired on or after July 1, 2015

2.5% benefit At least age 62 with at least 5 years of service credit, or

Any age with at least 20 years of service credit (actuarially reduced) factor

Members first eligible and hired between January 1, 2011 and June 30, 2015

2.5% benefit At least age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit, or

Any age with at least 20 years of service credit (actuarially reduced) factor

Members joining the system between July 1, 1999 and December 21, 2010

At least age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit, or 2.5% benefit

At least age 55 with at least 25 years of service credit, or factor

Any age with at least 20 years of service credit (actuarially reduced), or

Any age with at least 30 years of service credit

Members hired prior to July 1, 1999

At least age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit, or 2.0% benefit

Any age with at least 20 years of service credit factor

At least age 65 with at least 20 years of service credit, or 2.5% benefit

At least age 55 with at least 25 years of service credit, or factor

Any age with at least 30 years of service credit

Normal retirement: Plan A - closed to new entrants

At least age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit, or 3.0% benefit factor

At least age 55 with at least 25 years of service credit, or

Any age with at least 30 years of service credit

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Benefits Formula: For all plans, retirement benefits are based on a formula which multiplies the final average compensation by the applicable benefit factor, and by the years of credible service. For Regular Plan and Lunch Plan B members whose first employment makes them eligible for membership in a Louisiana state retirement system on or after January 1, 2011, final average compensation is defined as the highest average 60-month period. For all other members, final average compensation is defined as the highest average 36-month period.

Payment options: A retiring member is entitled to receive the maximum benefit payable until the member's death. In lieu of the maximum benefit, the member may elect to receive a reduced benefit payable in the form of a Joint and Survivor Option, or a lump sum that can't exceed 36 months of the member's maximum monthly benefit amount.

Effective July 1, 2009, members may make an irrevocable election at retirement to receive an actuarially reduced benefit which increases 2.5% annually, beginning on the first retirement anniversary date, but not before age 55 or before the retiree would have attained age 55 in the case of a surviving spouse. This option can be chosen in combination with the above options.

Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP): In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement, an eligible member can begin participation in the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) on the first retirement eligibility date for a period not to exceed 3 years. A member has a 60-day window from his first eligible date to participate in the program in order to participate for the maximum number of years. Delayed participation reduces the three-year maximum participation period. During participation, benefits otherwise payable are fixed, and deposited in an individual DROP account.

Upon termination of DROP, the member can continue employment and earn additional accruals to be added to the fixed pre-DROP benefit. Upon termination of employment, the member is entitled to the fixed benefit, an additional benefit based on post-DROP service (if any), and the individual DROP account balance which can be paid in a lump sum or an additional annuity based upon the account balance.

Disability Benefits: Active members whose first employment makes them eligible for membership in a Louisiana state retirement system before January 1, 2011, and who have five or more years of service credit are eligible for disability retirement benefits if certified by the State Medical Disability Board (SMDB) to be disabled from performing their job. All other members must have at least 10 years of service to be eligible for a disability benefit. Calculation of the disability benefit as well as the availability of a minor child benefit is determined by the plan to which the member belongs and the date on which the member's first employment made them eligible for membership in a Louisiana state retirement system.

Survivor Benefits: A surviving spouse with minor children of an active member with five years of creditable service (2 years immediately prior to death) or 20 years of creditable service is entitled to a benefit equal to the greater of (a) \$600 per month, or (b) 50% of the member's benefit calculated at the 2.5% accrual rate for all creditable service. When a minor child(ren) is no longer eligible to receive survivor benefits, the spouse's benefit reverts to a survivor benefit in accordance with the provisions for a surviving spouse with no minor child(ren). Benefits for the minor child(ren) cease when he/she is no longer eligible.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Each minor child (maximum of 2) shall receive an amount equal to the greater of (a) 50% of the spouse's benefit, or (b) \$300 (up to 2 eligible children). Benefits to minors cease at attainment of age 21, marriage, or age 23 if enrolled in an approved institution of higher education.

A surviving spouse without minor children of an active member with at least 10 years of creditable service (2 years immediately prior to death) or 20 years of creditable service is entitled to a benefit equal to the greater of (a) \$600 per month, or (b) the option 2 equivalent of the benefit calculated at the 2.5% benefit factor for all creditable service.

Permanent Benefit Increases/Cost-of-Living Adjustments: As fully described in Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes, TRSL allows for the payment of ad hoc permanent benefit increases, also known as cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) that are funded through investment earnings when recommended by the Board of Trustees and approved by the State Legislature.

Optional Retirement Plan (ORP): The ORP is a defined contribution pension plan which provides for portability of assets and full and immediate vesting of all contributions submitted on behalf of the affected employees to the approved providers. These providers are selected by the TRSL Board of Trustees. Monthly employer and employee contributions are invested as directed by the employee to provide the employee with future retirement benefits. The amount of these benefits is entirely dependent upon the total contributions and investment returns accumulated during the employee's working lifetime. Employees in eligible positions of higher education can make an irrevocable election to participate in the ORP rather than TRSL and purchase annuity contracts—fixed, variable, or both—for benefits payable at retirement.

Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS) –

The System was established and provided for by LA R.S. 11:1001 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes. Membership is mandatory for all persons employed by a Louisiana parish or city school board who work more than twenty hours per week or for part-time employees who have ten years of creditable service in the System as a school bus driver, school janitor, school custodian, school maintenance employee, school bus aide, monitor or attendant, or any other regular school employee who actually works on a school bus helping with the transportation of school children. If a person is employed by and is eligible to be a member of more than one public agency within the state, he must be a member of each such retirement system. Members are vested after 10 years of service or 5 years if enrolled after June 30, 2010.

All temporary, seasonal and part-time employees as defined in Federal Regulations 26 CFR 31:3121(b)(7)-2 who have less than 10 years of creditable service are not eligible for membership in the System. Any employee whose employment falls below 4.1 hours per day or 20.1 hours per week and who is not vested will be eligible to receive a refund of their contributions.

Benefits Provided: Benefit provisions are authorized under Louisiana Revised Statues 11:1141 – 11:1153.

Retirement: A member who joined the System on or before June 30, 2010 is eligible for normal retirement if he has at least 30 years of credible service regardless of age, 25 years of creditable service and is at least age 55, 20 years of creditable service regardless of age with an actuarially reduced benefit, or 10 years of creditable service and is at least age 60. A member who

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

joined the system on or after July 1, 2010 is eligible for normal retirement if he has at least 5 years of creditable service and is at least age 60, or 20 years of creditable service regardless of age with an actuarially reduced benefit. A member who joined the System on or after July 1, 2015, is eligible for normal retirement if he has at least five years of creditable service and is at least age 62, or 20 years of creditable service regardless of age with an actuarially reduced benefit.

For members who joined the System prior to July 1, 2006, the maximum retirement benefit is an amount equal to 3 1/3% of the average compensation for the three highest consecutive years of membership service, subject to the 10% salary limitation, multiplied by the number of years of service limited to 100% of final average compensation plus a supplementary allowance of \$2.00 per month for each year of service. For members who joined the System on or after July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2010, 3 1/3% of the average compensation is used to calculate benefits; however, the calculation consists of the five highest consecutive years of membership service, subject to the 10% salary limitation.

For members who join the System on or after July 1, 2010, 2 1/2% of the average compensation is used to calculate benefits and consists of the five highest consecutive years' average salary, subject to the 15% salary limitation. The supplemental allowance was eliminated for members entering the System on or after July 1, 1986. Effective January 1, 1992, the supplemental allowance was reinstated to all members whose service retirement became effective after July 1, 1971.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan: Members of the System may elect to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) and defer the receipt of benefits. The election may be made only one time and the duration is limited to three years. Once an option has been selected, no change is permitted. Upon the effective date of the commencement of participation in the DROP Plan, active membership in the regular retirement plan of the System terminates. Average compensation and creditable service remain as they existed on the effective date of commencement of participation in the System. The monthly retirement benefits, that would have been payable had the person elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance, are paid into the Deferred Retirement Option Plan Fund Account.

The System maintains subaccounts within this account reflecting the credits attributed to each participant in the DROP program. Interest credited and payments from the DROP account are made in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statutes 11:1152(F)(3). Upon termination of participation in both the DROP program and employment, a participant may receive his DROP monies either in a lump sum payment from the account or systematic disbursements in a manner approved by the board.

The System also provides for deferred benefits for vested members who terminate before being eligible for retirement. Once the member reaches the appropriate age for retirement, benefits become payable.

Disability Benefits: A member is eligible to retire and receive disability benefits if he has at least five years of creditable service, is not eligible for normal retirement and has become totally and permanently disabled and is certified as disabled by the Medical Board. A vested person with twenty or more years of creditable service, who has withdrawn from active service prior to the age at which he is eligible for retirement benefits, is eligible for a disability benefit until normal

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

retirement age. A member who joins the System on or after July 1, 2006, must have at least ten years of service to qualify for disability benefits.

Survivor Benefits: Upon the death of a member with five or more years of creditable service, the System provides benefits for surviving spouses and minor children. Under certain conditions outlined in the status, a spouse is entitled to 75% of the members' benefits.

Initial Benefit Retirement Plan: Effective January 1, 1996, the state legislature authorized the System to establish an Initial Benefits Retirement Plan (IBRP) program. IBRP is available to members who have not participated in DROP and who select certain benefit options. Thereafter, these members are ineligible to participate in the DROP. The IBRP program provides both a one-time single sum payment of up to 36 months of a regular monthly retirement benefit, plus a reduced monthly retirement benefit for life. Interest credited and payments from IBRP account are made in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statutes 11:1152(F)(3).

Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS) -

The System was established for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits as stated under the provisions of LA R.S. 11:401, as amended, for eligible state officers, employees and their beneficiaries. The projection of benefit payments in the calculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive employees through the System in accordance with the benefit terms and any additional legal agreements to provide benefits that are in force at the measurement date.

Retirement benefits: The age and years of creditable service required in order for a member to retire with full benefits are established by statute, and vary depending on the member's hire date, employer, and job classification. The rank and file members hired prior to July 1, 2006, may either retire with full benefits at any age upon completing 30 years of credible service or at age 60 upon completing five to ten years of creditable service depending on their plan. Those members hired between July 1, 2006 and June 30, 2015, may retire at age 60 upon completing five years of creditable service and those hired on or after July 1, 2015 may retire at age 62 upon completing five years of creditable service. The basic annual retirement benefit for members is equal to 2.5% to 3.5% of average compensation multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Additionally, members may choose to retire with 20 years of service at any age, with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Average compensation is defined as the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 36 consecutive months of employment for members employed prior to July 1, 2006. For members hired July 1, 2006 or later, average compensation is based on the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment. The maximum annual retirement benefit cannot exceed the lesser of 100% of average compensation or a certain specified dollar amount of actuarially determined monetary limits, which vary depending upon the member's age at retirement. Judges, court officers, and certain elected officials receive an additional annual retirement benefit equal to 1.0% of average compensation multiplied by the number of years of creditable service in their respective capacity. As an alternative to the basic retirement benefits, a member may elect to receive their retirement benefits under any one of six different options providing for reduced retirement benefits payable throughout their life, with certain benefits being paid to their designated beneficiary after their death.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Act 992 of the 2010 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session, changed the benefit structure for LASERS members hired on or after January 1, 2011. This resulted in three new plans: regular, hazardous duty, and judges. The new regular plan includes regular members and those members who were formerly eligible to participate in specialty plans, excluding hazardous duty and judges. Regular members and judges are eligible to retire at age 60 after five years of creditable service and, may also retire at any age, with a reduced benefit, after 20 years of creditable service. Hazardous duty members are eligible to retire with twelve years of creditable service at age 55, 25 years of creditable service at any age or with a reduced benefit after 20 years of creditable service. Average compensation will be based on the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment for all three new plans. Members in the regular plan will receive a 2.5% accrual rate, hazardous duty plan a 3.33% accrual rate, and judges a 3.5% accrual rate. The extra 1.0% accrual rate for each year of service for court officers, the governor, lieutenant governor, legislators, House clerk, sergeants at arms, or Senate secretary, employed after January 1, 2011, was eliminated by Act 992. Specialty plan and regular members, hired prior to January 1, 2011, who are hazardous duty employees have the option to transition to the new hazardous duty plan.

Act 226 of the 2014 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session established new retirement eligibility for members of LASERS hired on or after July 1, 2015, excluding hazardous duty plan members. Regular members and judges under the new plan are eligible to retire at age 62 after five years of creditable service and, may also retire at any age, with a reduced benefit, after 20 years of creditable service. Average compensation will be based on the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment. Members in the regular plan will receive a 2.5% accrual rate, and judges a 3.5% accrual rate, with the extra 1.0% accrual rate based on all years of service as a judge.

A member leaving employment before attaining minimum retirement age, but after completing certain minimum service requirement, becomes eligible for a benefit provided the member lives to the minimum service retirement age, and does not withdraw their accumulated contributions. The minimum service requirement for benefits varies depending upon the member's employer and service classification.

Deferred Retirement Benefits: The State Legislature authorized LASERS to establish a Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP). When a member enters DROP, their status changes from active member to retiree even though they continue to work and draw their salary for a period of up to three years. The election is irrevocable once participation begins. During DROP participation, accumulated retirement benefits that would have been paid to each retiree are separately tracked. For members who entered DROP prior to January 1, 2004, interest at a rate of one-half percent less than the System's realized return on its portfolio (not to be less than zero) will be credited to the retiree after participation ends. At that time, the member must choose among available alternatives for the distribution of benefits that have accumulated in the DROP account. Members who enter DROP on or after January 1, 2004, are required to participate in LASERS Self-Directed Plan (SDP) which is administered by a third-party provider. The SDP allows DROP participants to choose from a menu of investment options for the allocation of their DROP balances. Participants may diversify their investments by choosing from an approved list of mutual funds with different holdings, management styles, and risk factors.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Members eligible to retire and who do not choose to participate in DROP may elect to receive at the time of retirement an initial benefit option (IBO) in an amount up to 36 months of benefits, with an actuarial reduction of their future benefits. For members who selected the IBO option prior to January 1, 2004, such amount may be withdrawn or remain in the IBO account earning interest at a rate of one-half percent less than the System's realized return on its portfolio (not to be less than zero). Those members who select the IBO on or after January 1, 2004, are required to enter the SDP as described above.

Disability Benefits: Generally, active members with ten or more years of credited service who become disabled may receive a maximum disability retirement benefit equivalent to the regular retirement formula without reduction by reason of age.

Upon reaching age 60, the disability retiree may receive a regular retirement benefit by making application to the Board of Trustees.

For injuries sustained in the line of duty, hazardous duty personnel in the Hazardous Duty Services Plan will receive a disability benefit equal to 75% of final average compensation.

Survivor Benefits: Certain eligible surviving dependents receive benefits based on the deceased member's compensation and their relationship to the deceased. The deceased member who was in state service at the time of death must have a minimum of five years of service credit, at least two of which were earned immediately prior to death, or who had a minimum of twenty years of service credit regardless of when earned in order for a benefit to be paid to a minor or handicapped child. Benefits are payable to an unmarried child until age 18, or age 23 if the child remains a full-time student. The aforementioned minimum service credit requirement is ten years for a surviving spouse with no minor children, and benefits are to be paid for life to the spouse or qualified handicapped child.

The deceased regular member hired on or after January 1, 2011, must have a minimum of five years of service credit regardless of when earned in order for a benefit to be paid to a minor child. The aforementioned minimum service credit requirements for a surviving spouse are 10 years, 2 years being earned immediately prior to death, and active state service at the time of death, or a minimum of 20 years of service credit regardless of when earned. A deceased member's spouse must have been married for at least one year before death.

Permanent Benefit Increases/Cost-of-Living Adjustments: As fully described in Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes, LASERS allows for the payment of permanent benefit increases, also known as cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) that are funded through investment earnings when recommended by the Board of Trustees and approved by; the State Legislature.

B. Contributions

The employer contribution rate for TRSL and LASERS is established annually under LA R.S. 11:101 – 11:104 by the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee (PRSAC), taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Contribution rate for LSERS is actuarially determined as required under Act 81 of 1988 but cannot be less than the rate required by the Constitution. Each plan pays a separate actuarially determined employer contribution rate.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The contribution rates in effect for the year for the School Board were as follows:

	Plan Status	Employee Contribution	Employer Contribution
TRSL Sub Plan:			
K-12 Regular Plan	Open	8.0%	25.80%
Higher Ed Regular Plan	Open	8.0%	25.00%
Plan A	Closed	8.0%	25.80%
Plan B	Open	8.0%	25.80%
ORP (employer UAL)	Closed	8.0%	21.80%
LSERS	Open	8.0%	28.70%
LASERS:			
Regular Employees			
Hired before 7/1/2006	Closed	7.5%	40.10%
Hired after 7/1/2006	Closed	8.0%	40.10%
Hired on or after 1/1/11	Closed	8.0%	40.10%
Hired on or after 7/1/15	Open	8.0%	37.30%
Optional Retirement Plan (ORP)			
Hired before 7/1/2006	Closed	7.5%	37.30%
Hired on or after 7/1/2006	Closed	8.0%	37.30%
Aggregate rate			40.60%

Contributions received by a pension plan form non-employer contributing entities that are not in a special funding situation are recorded as revenue by the respective pension plan. The School Board recognizes revenue in an amount equal to their proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension plan from the non-employer contributing entities. The School Board recognized revenue as a result of support received from non-employer contributing entities as follows:

Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL)	\$ 399,299
Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS)	-
Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS)	 -
	\$ 399,299

C. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

The following schedule lists the School Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability allocated by each of the pension plans based on the measurement date. The School Board uses this measurement to record its net pension liability and associated amounts in accordance with GASB Statement 68. The schedule also includes the proportionate share allocation rate used at the measurement date for each plan, along with the change compared to prior year rates. The School Board's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the School Board's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

participating employers, actuarially determined.

	Net Pension	Measurement Rate		
	Liability (Asset) at Measurement Date	Current	Previous	Increase (Decrease)
TRSL	\$ 102,932,069	0.925350%	0.930420%	-0.005070%
LSERS	11,308,551	1.407487%	1.433463%	-0.025976%
LASERS	262,594	0.003180%	0.003280%	-0.000100%
Total	\$114,503,214			

For the year the School Board recognized pension expense as follows:

Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL)	\$ 9,115,549
Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS)	1,618,136
Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS)	(53,431)
	\$10,680,254

The School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL) -

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experiences	\$ -	\$ 1,652,288	
Changes of assumptions	6,123,438	-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	7,945,742	-	
Change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,056,666	2,543,219	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_11,757,894		
Total	\$26,883,740	\$ 4,195,507	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS) -

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experiences	\$ -	\$ 278,376
Changes of assumptions	67,391	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,721,825	-
Change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	68,936	116,075
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_1,200,837	
Total	\$3,058,989	\$ 394,451
Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LAS	ERS) –	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experiences	\$ -	\$ 2,522
Changes of assumptions	840	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	38,386	-
Change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	26,983	<u> </u>
Total		

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The table below reports deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from School Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent period:

Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL)	\$11,757,894
Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS)	1,200,837
Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS)	26,983
	\$12,985,714

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	TRSL	LSERS	LASERS	Total
2022	\$ 497,307	\$ 135,929	\$ 4,889	\$ 638,125
2023	3,209,800	411,264	11,070	3,632,134
2024	4,157,837	522,779	11,862	4,692,478
2025	3,065,395	393,729	8,883	3,468,007
	\$ 10,930,339	\$ 1,463,701	\$ 36,704	\$12,430,744

D. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The net pension liability was measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability are as follows:

	TRSL	TRSL LSERS	
Valuation Date Measurement Date Actuarial Cost Method	June 30, 2020 June 30, 2020 Entry Age	June 30, 2020 June 30, 2020	June 30, 2020 June 30, 2020 Entry Age
	Normal	Entry Age Normal	Normal
Investment Rate of Return	7.45%, net of investment expenses	7.00% per annum, net of plan investment expense, including inflation	7.55% per annum, net of investment expenses
Projected Salary Increases	Varies from 3.1% - 4.6% depending upon duration of service	Salary increases were projected based on 2013- 2017 experience study, 3.25%	Salary increases were projected based on 2014- 2018 experience study, 2.6% - 13.8%
Expected Remaining Service Lives	5 years, closed period	3 years	2 years

Mortality Rates:

Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana uses RP-2014 White Collar Employee tables, adjusted by 1.010 for males and by 0.997 for females for active members; RP-2014 White collar Healthy Annuitant tables, adjusted by 1.366 for males and by 1.189 for females for non-disabled retiree/inactive members; RP-2014 Disability tables, adjusted by 1.111 for males and by 1.134 for females for disability retiree. These base tables are adjusted from 2014 to 2018 using the MP-2017 generational improvement table, with continued future mortality improvement projected using the MP-2017 generational mortality improvement tables.

Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System uses RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Tables; RP-2014 Sex Distinct Employee Tables; and RP-2014 Sex Distinct Disabled Tables.

Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System uses mortality rates based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar (males/females) and White Collar (females) Healthy Annuitant projected on a fully generational basis by Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2018 for non-disabled members; mortality rates based on the RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, with no projection for mortality improvement.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Termination and disability:

Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana - Termination, disability, and retirement assumptions were projected based on a five-year (2012-2017) experience study of the System's members.

Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System - Termination, disability, and retirement assumptions were projected based on a five-year (2014-2018) experience study of the System's members.

Cost of living adjustments:

Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System – Cost of living raises may be granted from the Experience Account provided there are sufficient funds needed to offset the increase in the actuarial liability and the plan has met the criteria and eligibility requirements outline by ACT 399 of 2014.

Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System - The present value of future retirement benefits is based on benefits currently being paid by the System and includes previously granted cost of living increases. The projected benefit payments do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees as they were deemed not to be substantively automatic.

E. Real rates of return

The long-term expected rate of return on TRSL and LASERS pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The long-term expected rate of return on LSERS plan investments was determined using a triangulation method which integrated the CAPM pricing model (top-down), a treasury yield curve approach (bottom-up) and an equity building-block model (bottom-up). These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in each of the pension plans' target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

	Target Allocation			
Asset Class	TRSL	LSERS		
Domestic equity	27.00%			
International equity	19.00%			
Equity		39.00%		
Domestic fixed income	13.00%			
Fixed income		26.00%		
International fixed income	5.50%			
Private equity	25.50%			
Alternatives		23.00%		
Other	10.00%	12.00%		
Totals	100.00%	100.00%		

Long-term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return

	Tottono Real Rate of Return				
Asset Class	TRSL	LSERS	LASERS		
Domestic equity	4.60%		4.79%		
International equity	5.54%		5.83%		
Equity		2.82%			
Domestic fixed income	0.69%		1.76%		
Fixed income		0.92%			
International fixed income	1.50%		3.98%		
Private equity	8.62%				
Alternatives		1.95%	6.69%		
Other	4.45%	0.69%	5.06%		
Total fund		6.38%	5.81%		
Inflation		2.00%			
Expected Arithmetic Nominal Return		8.38%			

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Discount Rate: The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Based on those assumptions, each of the pension plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rates used for each respective plan is displayed in the Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to changes in the discount rate table.

Sensitivity to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following table presents the School Board's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability (NPL) using the discount rate of each Retirement System as well as what the School Board's proportionate share of the NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current rate:

		Decrease		urrent Rate	1%	6 Increase
TRSL						
Discount Rates		6.45%		7.45%		8.45%
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 13	34,369,122	\$:	102,932,069	\$ 7	6,468,189
Change in rate from prior year				-0.10%		
LSERS						
Discount Rates		6.00%		7.00%		8.00%
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	14,812,528	\$	11,308,551	\$	8,311,743
Change in rate from prior year				0.0000%		
LASERS						
Discount Rates		6.55%		7.55%		8.55%
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	322,687	\$	262,594	\$	211,598
Change in rate from prior year				-0.05%		

(11) Self-insurance Group Health Insurance Program

On April 25, 2002, the School Board began a partially self-insured group health insurance program. A separate internal service fund was created to accumulate funds designated for the payment of health care claims, insurance and associated costs of school system employees, retirees and their covered dependents. The School Board has procured specific-loss insurance with a self-insured retention of \$175,000 per individual and aggregate-loss insurance with an attachment point of approximately \$21,668,335 based on projected enrollment of 1,548 subscribers.

The liability for unpaid claims of \$1,201,672 as of June 30, 2021 was determined based on reports obtained from third party administrator regarding claims incurred prior to June 30, 2021 paid out during the subsequent period ending September 2021.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Changes in the claims liability amount for the group health insurance program are as follows:

	Fi	ginning of scal Year Liability	Claims and Changes in Estimates	;	Benefit Payments and Claims	Balance at Fiscal Year-End
2018 - 2019	\$	846,437	\$ 13,887,783	\$	13,913,304	\$ 820,916
2019 - 2020	\$	820,916	\$ 13,839,589	\$	14,093,787	\$ 566,718
2020 - 2021	\$	566,718	\$ 15,616,306	\$	14,981,352	\$ 1,201,672

(12) <u>Commitments and Contingencies</u>

A. Litigation

There are several lawsuits presently pending against the School Board. The School Board's management and legal counsel is of the opinion that any unfavorable outcome in these cases would not materially affect the financial statements.

B. Grant Audits

The School Board receives federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by governmental agencies. Such audits could result in a request for reimbursement by the grantor for expenditures disallowed under the terms and conditions of the appropriate agency. In the opinion of the School Board, such disallowances, if any, will not be significant.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(13) Interfund Transactions

A. Due from other funds and due to other funds balances, by fund, at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

	Due from other funds	Due to other funds
Major fund: General Fund	\$ 5,861,003	\$ -
Nonmajor funds		5,861,003
Total	\$ 5,861,003	\$ 5,861,003

The amounts due to the General Fund from various other funds are for reimbursements owed for expenditures paid for those funds.

B. Transfers consisted of the following at June 30, 2021:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out	
Major funds:			
General Fund	\$ 12,631,289	\$	170,945
Dr. Daniel Dartez Educational Trust	-		379,117
Total major funds	12,631,289		550,062
Nonmajor funds	934,519	_1	3,015,746
Total	\$ 13,565,808	\$ 1	3,565,808

Transfers are used to (a) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to (b) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

(14) Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

Plan Description: The Vermilion Parish School Board administers a partially self-insured group health insurance program. The program provides for the payment of health care claims, insurance and associated costs of the school system employees, retirees and their covered dependents.

Vermilion Parish School Board covers up to a \$15,000 of basic life insurance. Premiums are assessed on amounts in excess of \$15,000 and all supplemental life insurance. No trend is assumed for life insurance coverage or contributions.

Postemployment Benefit Plan Eligibility Requirements: An employee is eligible to elect medical coverage upon retiring or disability. Employees are covered by the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL), whose retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions are as follows: 30 years of service at any age; age 55 and 25 years of service; age 60 and 5 years of service; or early retirement with

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

20 years of service at any age. Coverage is also provided to spouses of retirees who are currently receiving benefits. If the retiree pre-deceases the spouse, coverage for the surviving spouse continues.

Monthly retiree contributions: Below are the total monthly retiree premiums as determined by Vermilion Parish School Board.

2019	Retiree only		Retiree + Spouse	
Pre-65	\$	273.08	\$	576.33
Post-65	\$	149.00	\$	394.00

For participants hired or re-hired on or after May 1, 2005, the following schedule applies to the Board subsidy based upon a participant's service at retirement: less than 10 years of participation with 25% of board subsidy paid by retirees; 10-14.99 years of participation with 50% of board subsidy paid by retirees; 15-19.99 years of participation with 75% of board subsidy paid by retirees; or 20 plus years of participation with 100% of board subsidy paid by retirees.

Additionally, employees hired after May 1, 2005 who were previously employed by another Louisiana public school system(s), and are able to provide proof of health insurance coverage of at least ten years with said employer(s) and are then members of Vermilion Parish School System's group health insurance plan for five or more years, will be given credit for the years in the previous school system's health insurance plan, in addition to the years in Vermilion Parish School System's health insurance plan, when calculating participating years for retiree vesting purposes. Any new hired employee wishing to take advantage of the provisions of this paragraph will assume the responsibility of furnishing documented verification of coverage from another public-school district within ninety days of the date of hire.

Employees covered by benefit terms: At June 30, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms: 743 active participants, 949 retirees, and 209 spouses of current retirees.

The School Board's total OPEB liability of \$169,790,868 was measured as of June 30, 2021, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019, calculated based on the following discount rate and actuarial assumptions.

The employer does not pre-fund benefits. The current funding policy is to pay benefits directly from general assets on a pay-as-you-go basis and there is not a trust for accumulating plan assets. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the July 1, 2019 accounting valuation.

Valuation Timing	Actuarial valuations are performed biennially as of July 1 for accounting purposes only. The most recent valuation was performed as of July 1, 2019.
Measurement date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Salary increases 3.00%

Discount Rate 2.16% (based on the Bond Buyer's General Obligation 20-Bond

Municipal index)

Health Care Cost Trend Rates

Pre-65 6.6% for 2019, gradually decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.7%

for 2084 and beyond

Post-65 5.4% for 2019, gradually decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.7%

for 2084 and beyond

Mortality Rates:

Pre-retirement – PUB-2010 General Employees Amount-Weighted Table with Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020 on a generational basis with healthy annuitant rates after benefit commencement.

Post-retirement – PUB-2010 General Retirees Amount-Weighted Table with Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020 on a generational basis.

Disability retirement – PUB-2010 General Retirees Amount-Weighted Table with Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020 on a generational basis.

Survivor – PUB-2010 Contingent Survivors Amount-Weighted Table with Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020 on a generational basis.

The plan has not had a formal actuarial experience study performed.

Actuarial Cost Method: The actuarial cost method determines, in a systematic way, the incidence of plan sponsor contributions required to provide plan benefits. It also determines how actuarial gains and losses are recognized in OPEB costs. These gains and losses result from the difference between the actual experience under the plan and what was anticipated by the actuarial assumptions.

The cost of the Plan is derived by making certain specific assumptions as to rates of interest, mortality, turnover, etc. which are assumed to hold for many years into the future. Since actual experience may differ somewhat from the long-term assumptions, the costs determined by the valuation must be regarded as estimates of the true costs of the Plan.

Under the Entry Age Normal Cost method a projected retirement benefit at assumed retirement age is computed for each participant using anticipated future pay increases. The normal cost for each participant is computed as the level percentage of pay which, if paid from each participant's date of employment by the employer or any predecessor employer (thus, entry age) to his assumed retirement date, would accumulate with interest at the rate assumed in the valuation to an amount sufficient to fund his projected retirement benefit. The normal cost for the plan is the total of the individually computed normal costs for all participants including the costs for any death or disability benefits under the plan.

The accrued liability at any point in time for an active participant is the theoretical fund that would have been accumulated on his behalf from his normal cost payments and the earnings thereon for all prior

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

years if the plan had always been in effect. For persons receiving benefits or entitled to a deferred vested retirement income, the accrued liability cost is equal to the present value of their future benefit payments. The accrued liability for the plan is the total of the individually computed accrued liability for all participants. The unfunded accrued liability for the plan is the excess of the accrued liability over the assets which have been accumulated for the plan.

It should be noted that the accrued liability as of any date is not the actuarially computed present value of accrued or accumulated plan benefits as of that date. The accrued liability is the portion of the ultimate cost assigned to prior years by the cost method being used.

Changes in actuarial methods since prior valuation: The actuarial cost method has not changed since the prior year valuation.

In addition to the actuarial method used, actuarial cost estimates depend to an important degree on the assumptions made relative to various occurrences, such as rate of expected investment earnings by the fund, rates of mortality among active and retired employees, rates of termination from employment, and retirement rates.

The following presents changes in the total OPEB liability:

Balance as of June 30, 2020	\$ 166,005,756
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	4,605,466
Interest on total OPEB liability	3,733,028
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	-
Effect of assumptions, changes, or inputs	(1,142,919)
Benefit payments	(3,410,463)
Balance as of June 30, 2021	\$ 169,790,868

There have been no significant changes between the valuation date and the fiscal year end.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Vermilion Parish School Board, calculated using the discount rate of 2.16%, a decrease of .05% from the prior year, as well as what the School Board's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	1.16%	2.16%	3.16%
Total OPEB liability	\$ 201,373,695	\$ 169,790,868	\$ 145,402,342

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates: The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Vermilion Parish School Board, calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rates as well as what the School Board's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current trend rates.

	Current				
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase		
Total OPEB liability	\$ 142,373,073	\$ 169,790,868	\$ 205,982,916		

The School Board recognized OPEB expense of \$13,673,314. The School Board reported deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experiences	\$ 5,157,170	\$ -
Changes of assumptions	3,330,395	9,687,768
Total	\$ 8,487,565	\$ 9,687,768

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30,	
2022	\$ 475,338
2023	(984,494)
2024	(636,624)
2025	(54,423)
	<u>\$ (1,200,203)</u>

(15) Risk Management

Commercial Insurance Coverage

The School Board purchases commercial insurance for property coverage, general liability, fleet liability, errors and omissions and flood. The deductibles per occurrence for these coverages are \$100,000, \$25,000, \$25,000 and \$25,000, respectively. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, the deductible for property coverage for named storms is 2% of total insured value per building subject to a minimum of \$250,000 per occurrence. There has been no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year. The

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

School Board has had no settled claims resulting from these risks that exceeded its commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

(16) Excess Oil and Gas Revenue Policy

The School Board has adopted a policy on excess oil and gas royalty revenues whereby mineral revenues over \$6,250,000 will be reserved in the following manner:

- A. 50% of the amount over \$6,250,000 is to be placed in the Vermilion Parish Education Public Trust.
- B. 50% of the amount over \$6,250,000 is to be used for employee salary supplements.

For the year ended June 30, 2021 oil and gas royalty revenues did not exceed the \$6,250,000 threshold; therefore, a transfer was not made to the trust and for employee salary supplements.

(17) Non-expendable Trust Fund

On June 11, 1996, pursuant to Louisiana Revised Statute (LSA-RS) 17:81(m), the School Board established the Vermilion Parish Education Trust (a non-expendable trust fund). Trust principal is derived from excess revenues and may not be used for expenditures. Income from the investment of fund principal is restricted to meeting the capital outlay needs of the school system.

The trust is administered by a board of trustees which consists of individuals who occupy the following positions:

- A. Vermilion Parish School Board President
- B. Vermilion Parish School Board Vice-President
- C. Vermilion Parish School System Superintendent
- D. Vermilion Parish School System Chief Financial Officer
- E. Vermilion Association of Educators President
- F. Vermilion Parish School Board legal advisor

The trustees of the Daniel R. Dartez Educational Trust believe that the following asset mixes will produce a pattern of returns over time that will conform to the desired return requirements, risk tolerance and liquidity:

Asset Class	Minimum	Target	Maximum
Intermediate Fixed Income	60%	75%	85%
Equities	15%	25%	35%

Cash equivalents may be held in lieu of equities or intermediate fixed income at the discretion of the investment advisor.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(19) On-Behalf Payments

The accompanying financial statements include on-behalf payments made by the Vermilion Parish Tax Collector in the amount of \$321,698 to the Teacher's Retirement System of Louisiana for employee retirement benefits, as required by GASB Statement No. 24 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Grants and Other Financial Assistance. The amount of \$321,698 is recorded in the accounting system of the Vermilion Parish School Board.

(20) New Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 87, Leases. The statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 87 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. In April of 2020, GASB extended the implementation date of this standard by one year. The effect of implementation on the School Board's financial statements has not yet been determined.

In January 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of local governments. Governments with activities meeting the criteria should present a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. Additionally, this statement resulted in some activities, previously reported as fiduciary activities, to be reclassified as special revenue funds. The School Board adopted this standard during the year which had the following effect on beginning balances:

]	Nonmajor
	Governmental	Custodial	Governmental	
	Activities	Funds		Funds
July 1, 2020 net position, as reported	\$ (160,617,232)	\$ -	\$	6,064,222
Prior period adjustment:				
Change in accounting principle:				
Change in taxes paid under protest	-	1,077,783		
Change in amounts held for schools	2,257,720	-		2,257,720
Change in due to other governments	-	2,426,214		-
Change in accounts payable	-	(2,426,214)		-
July 1, 2020 net position, as restated	\$ (158,359,512)	\$ 1,077,783	\$	8,321,942

OTHER REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Variance
		Budget		Positive
_	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues				
Local sources:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,665,000	\$ 1,835,000	\$ 1,865,341	\$ 30,341
Sales taxes	7,500,000	8,600,000	8,725,308	125,308
Other	1,775,000		2,339,348	519,348
Total local sources	10,940,000	12,255,000	12,929,997	674,997
State sources	59,100,456	58,885,752	59,276,866	391,114
Total revenues	70,040,456	71,140,752	72,206,863	1,066,111
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction -				
Regular programs	35,107,142	35,500,340	35,238,211	262,129
Special education programs	8,799,500	8,934,500	8,589,196	345,304
Vocational education programs	2,248,500	2,373,500	2,289,403	84,097
Other instructional programs	1,766,500	1,817,500	1,612,532	204,968
Special programs	677,500	641,500	618,890	22,610
Support services -				
Pupil support services	4,797,500	4,783,500	4,677,818	105,682
Instructional staff support services	3,758,775	3,662,860	3,497,393	165,467
General administration	2,419,100	2,500,900	2,412,336	88,564
School administration	5,363,000	5,283,000	5,219,492	63,508
Business services	907,300	909,300	802,695	106,605
Operation and maintenance of plant services	8,553,800	9,285,500	9,198,879	86,621
Student transportation services	4,685,000	4,513,250	4,391,767	121,483
Central services	934,500	927,000	908,973	18,027
Non-instructional services -				
Community service programs	82,000	82,000	69,993	12,007
Facilities acquisition and construction	584,652	573,302	572,017	1,285
Total expenditures	80,684,769	81,787,952	80,099,595	1,688,357
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(10,644,313)	(10,647,200)	(7,892,732)	2,754,468
Other financing sources (uses)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	4,000	4,000	-	(4,000)
Transfers in	10,657,520	12,603,766	12,631,289	27,523
Transfers out	(174,931)	(172,015)	(170,945)	1,070
Total other financing sources (uses)	10,486,589	12,435,751	12,460,344	24,593
Net change in fund balance	(157,724)	1,788,551	4,567,612	2,779,061
Fund balances, beginning	11,955,888	11,955,888	11,955,888	_
Fund balances, ending	\$11,798,164	\$13,744,439	\$ 16,523,500	\$ 2,779,061

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Budget Practices

The proposed budget for 2021 was completed and made available for public inspection at the School Board office prior to the required public hearing held for suggestions and comments from taxpayers. In accordance with R.S.17:88(A), parish school boards must adopt the budget no later than September fifteenth of each year. The budget, which included proposed expenditures and the means of financing them, for the General and Special Revenue Funds, was published in the official journal ten days prior to the public hearing.

The budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds were prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

The level of control over the budget is exercised at the function or program level for the General and Special Revenue. The Superintendent and/or assistant superintendents are authorized to transfer budget amounts within each fund; however, any supplemental appropriations that amend the total expenditures of any fund require School Board approval. As required by state law, when actual revenues within a fund are failing to meet estimated annual budgeted revenues by five percent or more, and/or actual expenditures within a fund are exceeding estimated budgeted expenditures by five percent or more, a budget amendment to reflect such changes is adopted by the School Board in an open meeting. Budgeted amounts included in the financial statements include the original adopted budget and all subsequent amendments.

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB Liability*					
Service cost	\$ 4,605,466	\$ 3,757,879	\$ 4,512,802	\$ 5,414,625	\$ 2,505,723
Interest on total OPEB liability	3,733,028	5,930,125	5,928,501	4,139,527	4,133,251
Effect of economic/demographic gains or (losses)	-	6,775,013	-	14,475,189	8,002,694
Effect of assumptions, changes, or inputs	(1,142,919)	(14,429,521)	9,991,185	(11,327,864)	23,735,647
Benefit payments	(3,410,463)	(3,374,975)	(3,494,256)	(4,219,147)	(4,813,427)
Net change in total OPEB liability	3,785,112	(1,341,479)	16,938,232	8,482,330	33,563,888
Total OPEB liability, beginning	166,005,756	167,347,235	150,409,003	141,926,673	108,362,785
Total OPEB liability, ending *	\$ 169,790,868	\$ 166,005,756	<u>\$ 167,347,235</u>	\$ 150,409,003	\$ 141,926,673
Covered payroll	\$ 53,836,857	\$ 51,174,088	\$ 50,603,474	\$ 53,723,470	\$ 52,944,472
Total OPEB liability as a % of covered payroll	<u>315.38</u> %	<u>324.39</u> %	330.70%	<u>279.97</u> %	<u>268.07</u> %

^{*} Equal to net OPEB liability

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	F 1	D 1		Employer's	
	Employer	Employer		Proportionate Share	
	Proportion	Proportionate		of the Net Pension	Plan Fiduciary
*	of the	Share of the		Liability (Asset) as a	Net Position
Year	Net Pension	Net Pension	Employer's	Percentage of its	as a Percentage
ended	Liability	Liability	Covered	Covered	of the Total
June 30,	(Asset)	(Asset)	Payroll	Payroll	Pension Liability
2015	1.04730%	\$107,048,569	\$45,851,508	233.5%	63.70%
2016	1.02119%	\$109,801,073	\$45,770,167	239.9%	62.50%
2017	0.98536%	\$115,651,221	\$45,812,785	252.4%	59.90%
2018	0.97360%	\$ 99,812,481	\$44,398,495	224.8%	65.60%
2019	0.93179%	\$ 91,576,802	\$44,714,948	204.8%	68.20%
2020	0.93042%	\$ 92,340,431	\$44,575,580	207.2%	68.60%
2021	0.92535%	\$102,932,069	\$45,186,053	227.8%	65.60%

^{*} The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

Schedule of Employer Contributions Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Year ended June 30,	Contractually Required Contribution	[(ntributions in Relation to Contractual Required Contribution	Def	tribution iciency xcess)	Employer's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
2015	\$12,208,904	\$	12,208,904	\$	_	\$45,770,167	26.7%
2016	\$12,047,589	\$	12,047,589	\$	-	\$45,812,785	26.3%
2017	\$11,310,713	\$	11,310,713	\$	-	\$44,398,495	25.5%
2018	\$11,896,064	\$	11,896,064	\$	-	\$44,714,948	26.6%
2019	\$11,899,625	\$	11,899,625	\$	-	\$44,575,580	26.7%
2020	\$11,746,834	\$	11,746,834	\$	-	\$45,186,053	26.0%
2021	\$11,529,190	\$	11,529,190	\$	-	\$45,904,885	25.1%

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability School Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Employer's	
	Employer	Employer		Proportionate Share	
	Proportion	Proportionate		of the Net Pension	Plan Fiduciary
*	of the	Share of the		Liability (Asset) as a	Net Position
Year	Net Pension	Net Pension	Employer's	Percentage of its	as a Percentage
ended	Liability	Liability	Covered	Covered	of the Total
_June 30,	(Asset)	(Asset)	Payroll	Payroll	Pension Liability
2015	1.48580%	\$ 8,612,797	\$ 4,160,675	207.0%	76.18%
2016	1.50196%	\$ 9,524,353	\$ 4,132,523	230.5%	74.49%
2017	1.42043%	\$ 10,714,997	\$ 4,035,465	265.5%	70.09%
2018	1.39708%	\$ 8,940,292	\$ 3,999,683	223.5%	75.03%
2019	1.40141%	\$ 9,363,330	\$ 4,044,936	231.5%	74.44%
2020	1.43346%	\$ 10,035,126	\$ 4,166,859	240.8%	73.49%
2021	1.40749%	\$ 11,308,551	\$ 4,221,263	267.9%	69.67%

^{*} The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

Schedule of Employer Contributions School Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Contributions in Relation to Contributions Contractually Contractual Contribution Employer's as a % of Year ended Required Required Deficiency Covered Covered Contribution Contribution June 30, (Excess) Payroll Payroll \$ \$ 2015 1,364,981 \$ 1,364,981 \$ 4,132,523 33.0% 2016 \$ 1,219,398 \$ 1,219,398 \$ \$ 4,035,465 30.2% 2017 \$ 1,094,450 \$ \$ 3,999,683 27.4% 1,094,450 \$ 2018 \$ 1,117,068 \$ 1,117,068 \$ \$ 4,044,936 27.6% 2019 \$ \$ \$ 28.0% 1,168,194 1,168,194 \$ 4,166,859 2020 \$ 1,236,832 \$ 1,236,832 \$ \$ 4,221,263 29.3% \$ 1,200,837 \$ \$ 4,180,790 2021 \$ 1,200,837 28.7%

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

					Employer's	
	Employer	Employer			Proportionate Share	
	Proportion	Proportionate	;		of the Net Pension	Plan Fiduciary
*	of the	Share of the			Liability (Asset) as a	Net Position
Year	Net Pension	Net Pension	Empl	oyer's	Percentage of its	as a Percentage
ended	Liability	Liability	Cov	ered	Covered	of the Total
June 30,	(Asset)	(Asset)	Pay	roll	Payroll	Pension Liability
2015	0.00238%	\$ 148,631	\$ 3	6,653	405.5%	65.00%
2016	0.00607%	\$ 413,056	\$ 9	0,470	456.6%	62.70%
2017	0.00589%	\$ 462,123	\$ 11	9,294	387.4%	57.70%
2018	0.00583%	\$ 410,434	\$ 9	4,726	433.3%	62.50%
2019	0.00565%	\$ 385,530	\$ 10	7,048	360.1%	64.30%
2020	0.00328%	\$ 237,561	\$ 9	7,690	243.2%	62.90%
2021	0.00318%	\$ 262,594	\$ 7	4,333	353.3%	58.00%

^{*} The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

Schedule of Employer Contributions Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

				ributions in						
		Relation to						Contributions		
	Con	ıtractually	Contractual		Con	Contribution		nployer's	as a % of	
Year ended	R	equired	R	equired	d Deficiency		Covered		Covered	
June 30,	Cor	ntribution	Co	ntribution	<u>(E</u>	xcess)		Payroll	Payroll	
2015	\$	39,568	\$	39,568	\$	-	\$	105,797	37.4%	
2016	\$	40,683	\$	40,683	\$	-	\$	109,363	37.2%	
2017	\$	34,844	\$	34,844	\$	-	\$	94,726	36.8%	
2018	\$	38,426	\$	38,426	\$	-	\$	107,048	35.9%	
2019	\$	37,025	\$	37,025	\$	-	\$	97,690	37.9%	
2020	\$	30,253	\$	30,253	\$	-	\$	74,333	40.7%	
2021	\$	26,983	\$	26,983	\$	-	\$	67,289	40.1%	

Notes to Retirement System and OPEB Schedules

(1) Retirement Systems

A. Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana

Changes of benefit terms –

There were no changes of benefit terms.

Changes of Assumptions -

*		Investment		Expected	Projected Sa	alary Increase
Year ended	Discount	Rate	Inflation	Remaining	Lower	Upper
June 31,	Rate	of Return	Rate	Service Lives	Range	Range
2015	7.75%	7.75%	2.50%	5	3.50%	10.00%
2016	7.75%	7.75%	2.50%	5	3.50%	10.00%
2017	7.75%	7.75%	2.50%	5	3.50%	10.00%
2018	7.70%	7.70%	2.50%	5	3.50%	10.00%
2019	7.65%	7.65%	2.50%	5	3.30%	4.80%
2020	7.55%	7.55%	2.50%	5	3.30%	4.80%
2021	7.45%	7.45%	2.30%	5	3.10%	4.60%

^{*} The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

B. Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System

Changes of benefit terms –

There were no changes of benefit terms.

Changes of Assumptions –

*		Investment		Expected	Projected Sa	lary Increase
Year ended	Discount	Rate	Inflation	Remaining	Lower	Upper
June 31,	Rate	of Return	Rate	Service Lives	Range	Range
2015	7.2500%	7.2500%	2.750%	3	2.750%	2.750%
2016	7.0000%	7.0000%	2.750%	3	3.200%	5.500%
2017	7.1250%	7.1250%	2.625%	3	3.075%	5.375%
2018	7.1250%	7.1250%	2.625%	3	3.075%	5.375%
2019	7.0625%	7.0625%	2.500%	3	3.250%	3.250%
2020	7.0000%	7.0000%	2.500%	3	3.250%	3.250%
2021	7.0000%	7.0000%	2.500%	3	3.250%	3.250%

^{*} The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

Notes to Retirement System and OPEB Schedules (Continued)

C. Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System

Changes of benefit terms –

There were no changes of benefit terms.

Changes of Assumptions –

*		Investment		Expected	Projected Sa	alary Increase
Year ended	Discount	Rate	Inflation	Remaining	Lower	Upper
June 30,	Rate	of Return	Rate	Service Lives	Range	Range
2015	7.75%	7.75%	3.00%	3	3.00%	14.50%
2016	7.75%	7.75%	3.00%	3	3.00%	14.50%
2017	7.75%	7.75%	3.00%	3	3.00%	14.50%
2018	7.70%	7.70%	2.75%	3	2.80%	14.30%
2019	7.65%	7.65%	2.75%	3	2.80%	14.30%
2020	7.60%	7.60%	2.50%	2	2.80%	14.00%
2021	7.55%	7.55%	2.30%	2	2.60%	13.80%

^{*} The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

(2) <u>OPEB</u>

Benefit changes -

There were no changes of benefit terms.

Change of assumptions -

				Health (Care Cost	Health (lare Cost
	Valuation			Trend Rat	tes - Pre-65	Trend Rate	s - Post-65
Year ended	Date	Discount	Inflation	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper
June 30,	July 1,	Rate	Rate	Range	Range	Range	Range
2018	2017	3.80%	2.30%	4.00%	5.20%	4.10%	6.50%
2019	2017	3.50%	2.30%	4.00%	5.20%	4.10%	5.90%
2020	2019	2.21%	2.30%	3.70%	6.60%	3.70%	5.40%
2021	2019	2.16%	2.30%	3.70%	6.60%	3.70%	5.40%

PAGEE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

VERMILION PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

Abbeville, Louisiana Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2021

	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 9,319,171	\$123,704	\$ 9,442,875
Receivables	9,660,501	=	9,660,501
Inventory	298,397		298,397
Total assets	\$19,278,069	\$123,704	\$19,401,773
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 769,294	\$ -	\$ 769,294
Accrued salaries and related benefits	1,879,736	-	1,879,736
Due to other funds	5,861,003		5,861,003
Total liabilities	8,510,033	_	8,510,033
Fund balances:			
Nonspendable	298,397	-	298,397
Restricted	10,469,639	123,704	10,593,343
Total fund balances	10,768,036	_123,704	10,891,740
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$19,278,069	\$123,704	\$19,401,773

VERMILION PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

Abbeville, Louisiana Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Special Revenue	Debt	T-4-1
Revenues	Revenue	Service	<u>Total</u>
Local sources -			
Ad valorem taxes	\$11,354,857	s -	© 11254957
Sales tax	4,362,682	3 -	\$ 11,354,857 4,362,682
Investment earnings	71,269	914	72,183
Food services	*	914	
Other	18,776	-	18,776
	3,662,447	-	3,662,447
State sources Federal sources	1,717,130	-	1,717,130
Other commodities	21,428,942 411,590	_	21,428,942
			411,590
Total revenues	43,027,693	914	43,028,607
Expenditures			
Current:			
Instruction -	* ***		
Regular programs	1,983,800	-	1,983,800
Special education programs	1,371,730	-	1,371,730
Vocational education programs	120,481	_	120,481
Other instructional programs	2,849,742	-	2,849,742
Special programs	9,991,555	-	9,991,555
Support services -			
Pupil support services	1,026,332	-	1,026,332
Instructional staff support services	1,082,235	-	1,082,235
General administration	516,772	-	516,772
Business services	13,338	-	13,338
Operation and maintenance of plant services	164,455	-	164,455
Student transportation services	582,461	-	582,461
Central services	86,867	-	86,867
Non-instructional services -			
Food service operations	7,097,671	-	7,097,671
Facilities acquisition and construction	914,590	-	914,590
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	-	362,000	362,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-	43,653	43,653
Legal and technical fees		400	400
Total expenditures	27,971,529	406,053	28,377,582
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over expenditures	15,056,164	(405,139)	14,651,025
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in	555,402	379,117	934,519
Transfers out	(13,015,746)	_	(13,015,746)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(12,460,344)	379,117	(12,081,227)
Net change in fund balances	2,595,820	(26,022)	2,569,798
Fund balances, beginning, as restated	8,172,216	149,726	8,321,942
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$10,768,036</u>	<u>\$123,704</u>	<u>\$ 10,891,740</u>

PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for special revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for expenditures for specific purposes.

1998 Ad valorem Tax Fund

In January, 1998 Vermilion Parish voters approved a 25.00 mills ad valorem tax dedicated solely for the purpose of increasing the salaries and benefits of school employees to a level comparable with surrounding parishes.

1996 Ad valorem Tax Fund

In April, 1996 Vermilion Parish voters approved a rededication of a 10.00 mills ad valorem tax. The proposition provided that 3.00 mills be used for acquiring and maintaining equipment and supplies for educational and instructional services including library books and textbooks, 5.00 mills for maintaining and improving public school buildings including roof replacement, and heating and air conditioning systems, and 2.00 mills for acquiring and maintaining school buses.

No Child Left Behind (NCLB):

Title I

Title I of the NCLB is a program for economically and educationally deprived school children that is federally financed, state administered, and locally operated by the School Board. Title I services are provided through various projects that are designed to meet the special needs of educationally deprived children. The activities supplement, rather than replace, state and locally mandated activities.

Title II

Title II of the NCLB is a program by which the federal government provides funds to the School Board for projects that are designed to improve the skills of teachers in the areas of mathematics, science, computer learning, and to increase the accessibility of such instructions to all students.

Title III

Title III of the NCLB is a program to help ensure that children who are limited English proficient, including immigrant children and youth, attain English proficiency, develop high levels of academic attainment in English, and meet the same challenging State academic content and student academic achievement standards as all children are expected to meet.

Title IV

Title IV of NCLB is a program by which the federal government provides funds to the School Board for the Drug Free Schools program.

Education Excellence Fund

The Education Excellence Fund accounts for restricted revenues derived from the state's tobacco settlement. Expenditures from this fund are restricted to instructional enhancements for pre-kindergarten to twelfth grade students.

Individuals With Disabilities Education Act Fund

The IDEA Fund is a federally financed program of free education in the least restricted environment to children with exceptionalities.

(continued)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (continued)

Preschool Flow-Through Fund

Preschool Flow-Through Fund is a program by which the federal government provides funds to the Vermilion School Board for providing a free appropriate public education to preschool-age handicapped children.

School Lunch/Breakfast Fund

The School Lunch/Breakfast Fund is a program that provides nourishing morning and noon meals for students in all grades. This fund is supplemented by both federal and state funds that are based on reimbursement and participation.

Truancy Assessment and Service Centers (TASC) Fund

The TASC Fund accounts for programs to provide for early identification and assessment of truants and the delivery of coordinated interventions to prevent unauthorized school absences.

Preschool LA-4 Fund

The Preschool LA-4 Fund accounts for the Early Childhood Development program for four year old children considered to be at risk of achieving academic success.

2009 Sales Tax Fund

In May, 2009 Vermilion Parish voters approved a 1/2 cent sales tax dedicated solely for the purpose of increasing the salaries and benefits of school employees to a level comparable with surrounding parishes.

School Wide Positive Behavior Fund

The School Wide Positive Behavior Fund is a program that aims to provide positive behavior support in the form of training and professional development to teachers and administrators in the district. This program is financed pursuant to a subcontract between the Vermilion Parish School Board and Louisiana State University which is the primary grantee.

Child Care and Development (CCDF) Fund

The CCDF Fund accounts for a federal program that unifies publicly-funded preschool, Head Start, and child care programs into a statewide network to prepare our youngest learners for Kindergarten.

Carl Perkins

The Carl Perkins Fund is a federal program that more fully develops the academic, vocational, and technical skills of secondary students who elect to enroll in career and technical educational programs.

Striving Readers Fund

The purpose of the Striving Readers Comprehensive Literacy Program advances literacy skills for students from birth to grade 12.

(continued)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (continued)

Education Stabilization Funds:

CARES Act Fund - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER) provides emergency relief funds to address the impact that COVID-19 has had and continues to have on elementary and secondary schools across the country.

Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Fund is a federal grant to Governors for the purpose of providing local education agencies, institutions of higher education, and other education related entities with emergency assistance as a result of COVID-19.

Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Funds II and III - The Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Funds II and III are federal grants for purpose of providing emergency relief funds to address the impact that COVID-19 has had, and continues to have, on elementary and secondary schools across the nation.

School Activity Fund

The School Activity Fund accounts for the collection and disbursement of school level funds use in the classrooms, clubs, and other extracurricular activities.

VERMILION PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

Abbeville, Louisiana Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2021

	1998	1996	No C	No Child Left Behind		
	Ad valorem	Ad valorem	Title I	Title II	Title III	
	Tax Fund	Tax Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	
ASSETS						
Cash and interest bearing deposits Receivables Inventories	\$ 42,512 5,093	\$ 2,796,350 2,037	\$ 7,325 878,403 	\$ - 110,544 	\$ 748 2 	
Total assets	<u>\$ 47,605</u>	\$ 2,798,387	\$ 885,728	<u>\$ 110,544</u>	\$ 750	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 82,891	\$ 202	\$ 1,238	\$ -	
Accrued salaries and related benefits	-	3,743	387,881	46,638	750	
Due to other funds			425,898	62,668		
Total liabilities		86,634	813,981	110,544	<u>750</u>	
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	
Restricted	47,605	2,711,753	71,747		-	
Total fund balances	47,605	2,711,753	71,747	_	-	
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 47,605</u>	\$ 2,798,387	\$ 885,728	<u>\$ 110,544</u>	<u>\$ 750</u>	

No Child		Individuals					
Left		With		School			2009
Behind	Education	Disabilities	Pre-School	Lunch/		Preschool	Sales
Title IV	Excellence	Education	Flow-Through	Breakfast	TASC	LA-4	Tax
Fund	Fund	Act Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund
\$ - 15,023	\$ 18,638 - -	\$ - 1,265,657 -	\$ - 60,435	\$3,349,583 1,813,269 298,397	\$ - 16,147 -	\$ - 417,000	\$ 523,201
***************************************					***************************************	·	
\$ 15,023	\$ 18,638	\$1,265,657	\$ 60,435	<u>\$5,461,249</u>	<u>\$ 16,147</u>	<u>\$417,000</u>	\$ 523,201
\$ 1,564 238 13,221 15,023	\$ - 18,638 - 18,638	\$ 16,174 227,964 999,955 1,244,093	\$ - 3,473 56,962 60,435	\$ 261,202 389,727 - 650,929	\$ - 1,125 13,989 15,114	\$ 1,635 281,530 133,835 417,000	\$ - - - -
_	-	-	-	298,397	-	-	-
-	-	21,564	-	4,511,923	1,033	-	523,201
-	_	21,564		4,810,320	1,033	-	523,201
\$ 15,023	<u>\$ 18,638</u>	\$1,265,657	\$ 60,435	\$5,461,249	\$ 16,147	\$417,000	\$ 523,201

(continued)

Abbeville, Louisiana Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Combining Balance Sheet (continued) June 30, 2021

	I B	School Wide Positive Behavior Fund		and relopment
ASSETS				
Cash and interest bearing deposits Receivables Inventories	\$	- 49,594 -	\$	- 78,665 -
Total assets	\$	49,594	\$	78,665
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued salaries and related benefits Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$	1,273 48,322 49,595	\$	15,400 1,931 61,334 78,665
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Total fund balances		(1)		- - -
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	49,594	\$	78,665

Carl Perkins Fund	Striving Readers Fund	Education Stabilization Fund	School Activity Fund	Total
\$ 23,015	\$ - 36,86	\$ - 1 4,888,756	\$ 2,580,814	\$ 9,319,171 9,660,501 298,397
\$ 23,015	\$ 36,86	<u>\$ 4,888,756</u>	\$ 2,580,814	\$19,278,069
\$ - - 23,015 23,015	\$ - - 36,86 36,86		\$ - - - -	\$ 769,294 1,879,736 5,861,003 8,510,033
 - - -	- - -	- - - -	2,580,814 2,580,814	298,397 10,469,639 10,768,036
\$ 23,015	\$ 36,86	<u>\$ 4,888,756</u>	\$ 2,580,814	\$ 19,278,069

Abbeville, Louisiana Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June $30,\,2021$

			No O	Child Left Behir	ıd
	1998 Ad valorem Tax Fund	1996 Ad valorem Tax Fund	Title I Fund	Title II Fund	Title III Fund
Revenues					
Local Sources:					
Taxes:					
Ad valorem tax	\$ 8.110,603	\$ 3,244,254	S -	\$ -	\$ -
Sales tax	-	-	-	_	-
Interest income	17,096	20,030	-	-	-
Food services	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	_	_
State sources	-	-	-	_	-
Federal sources	-	-	2.719,584	316.254	18,824
Other commodities					
Total revenues	8,127,699	3,264,284	2,719,584	316,254	18.824
Expenditures					
Current:					
Instruction -					
Regular programs	-	708,712	242	240,435	-
Special education programs	-	-	-	-	-
Vocational education programs	=	-	-	=	-
Other instructional programs	-	-	-	-	-
Special programs	-	-	1,699,831	-	18,824
Pupil support services	-	-	275,183	-	-
Instructional staff support services	-	7,214	725,355	55,550	_
General administration	267,690	107,075	94,748	44.259	-
School administration	-	-	-	-	-
Business services	-	-	13,338	-	-
Operation and maintenance of plant services	-	137,179	-	-	-
Student transportation services	-	542,690	-	-	-
Central services	-	72,264	14,603	-	-
Non-instructional services -					
Food service operations	-	-	-	-	-
Facility acquisition and construction		914,590	_		_
Total expenditures	267,690	2,489,724	2,823,300	340,244	18,824
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	7,860,009	774,560	(103,716)	(23,990)	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	-	2,589	198,758	23,990	_
Transfers out	(7.871,603)		(23,295)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(7,871,603)	2,589	175,463	23,990	
Net change in fund balances	(11,594)	777,149	71,747	-	_
Fund balances, beginning	59,199	1,934,604			
Fund balances, ending	\$ 47,605	\$ 2,711,753	\$ 71,747	\$ -	\$ -

No Child Left Behind Title IV Fund	Education Excellence Fund	Individuals With Disabilities Education Act Fund	Pre-School Flow-Through Fund	School Lunch/ Breakfast Fund	TASC Fund	Preschool LA-4 Fund	2009 Sales Tax Fund
s -	s -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	s -	\$ -
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,362,682
-	-	-	-	23,577	-	-	10,566
-	-	-	-	18,776	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	170.952	=	-	150,000	64,591	1,331.587	-
128,015	-	2,166,548	83,630	7,749,574	-	483	-
-	-	-	-	411,590	_	-	-
128,015	170,952	2,166,548	83,630	8,353,517	64,591	1,332,070	4,373,248
-	98,681	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	_	1,371,730	-	-	_	_	-
-	_	-	-	-	_	_	-
6,680	_	-	-	-	_	_	_
109,049	73,570	5,686	-	-	-	1,330,364	-
12,286	-	632,452	41,821	-	64,590	-	-
-	-	130,616	41,809	-	_	36.532	-
-	-	3,000	-	-	_	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
-	-	10,471	-	-	-	5,063	-
-	-	36,442	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	7,097,671	-	-	_
_						_	
128,015	172,251	2.190,397	83,630	7,097,671	64,590	1,371,959	
	(1,299)	(23,849)		1,255,846	1	(39,889)	4,373,248
-	1,299	111,720	_	177,157	-	39,889	-
-	-	(66,307)	-	-	-	-	(4,392,391)
_	1,299	45,413	_	177,157		39,889	(4,392,391)
-	-	21,564	-	1.433,003	1	-	(19,143)
_	_	_		3.377,317	1,032	_	542,344
<u>s - </u>	<u>s - </u>	\$ 21,564	<u> </u>	\$ 4.810,320	\$ 1,033	<u>s - </u>	\$ 523,201

(continued)

Abbeville, Louisiana Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (continued) Year Ended June $30,\,2021$

Fund Fund Fund	Child Care and Development Fund	
Revenues		
Local Sources:		
Taxes:		
Ad valorem tax \$ - \$	-	
Sales tax	•	
Interest income -	•	
Food services	•	
Other -	-	
State sources -	-	
Federal sources 49.594 189.	,903	
Other commodities		
Total revenues	,903	
Expenditures		
Current:		
Instruction -		
Regular programs -		
Special education programs -		
Vocational education programs -	-	
Other instructional programs -		
Special programs - 188.	.082	
Pupil support services -		
	,821	
General administration -	_	
School administration -		
Business services -		
Operation and maintenance of plant services -	•	
Student transportation services -	•	
Central services		
Non-instructional services -		
Food service operations -		
Facility acquisition and construction	-	
Total expenditures 49.595 189	,903	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		
over expenditures (1)		
Other financing sources (uses)		
Transfers in		
Transfers out		
Total other financing sources (uses)	•	
Net change in fund balances (1)		
Fund balances, beginning	-	
Fund balances, ending \$ (1) \$ -		

Carl Perkins Fund	Striving Readers Fund	Educaton Stabilization Fund	School Activity Fund	Total
\$ -	s -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,354.857
-		-	<u>-</u>	4,362.682
-	_	_	-	71,269
_	-	-	-	18,776
_	_	_	3,662,447	3,662,447
-	_	-	· =	1,717.130
121,021	120,000	7,765,512	-	21,428.942
_	_	_	_	411,590
121,021	120,000	7,765,512	3.662.447	43.027.693
121,321		1,103,012	3.002.447	45.027.055
-	45,917	16,500	873.313	1.983.800
-	-	-	-	1,371,730
120,481	-	-	-	120,481
-	-	546,522	2,296.540	2.849.742
-	66,665	6,499,484	-	9,991.555
-	-	-	-	1,026,332
540	7.418	25,785	-	1,082,235
-	-	-	-	516,772
-	-	-	169,500	169,5 0 0
-	-	-	-	13,338
-	-	11,742	-	164,455
-	-	3,329	-	582,461
-	-	-	-	86,867
_	-	-	-	7,097,671
_	_	_	_	914.590
121,021	120,000	7,103,362	3.339.353	27.971.529
-	-	662,150	323,094	15,056.164
_	_	_	-	555,402
_	_	(662,150)	_	(13,015.746)
		(662,150)		(12,460,344)
			323,094	2,595.820
<u>-</u>	-	_	2,257,720	8,172,216
S -	S -	\$ -	\$2,580,814	\$ 10.768.036

NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of bonded debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Revenue Bonds, Series 2011

To accumulate monies for the payment of the Revenue Bonds, Series 2011 issued in the amount of \$2,025,000. The bonds were issued for the purpose of refinancing the Certificates of Indebtedness, Series 2008 and constructing a new Middle School complex on the North Vermilion High School campus. The bonds are secured by and payable from a pledge and dedication of the excess of annual revenues.

Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2016

To accumulate monies for the payment of Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2016 issued in the amount of \$840,000. The bonds were issued for the purpose of paying costs of acquiring and constructing improvements for Erath High School and Middle School and paying costs of issuance of the bonds. The bonds shall be secured by and payable from a pledge and dedication of the property tax revenues.

Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2018

To accumulate monies for the payment of Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2018 issued in the amount of \$950,000. The bonds were issued for the purpose of paying costs of constructing improvements at Dozier Elementary School and paying costs of issuance of the bonds. The bonds shall be secured by and payable from a pledge and dedication of the property tax revenues.

Abbeville, Louisiana Nonmajor Debt Service Fund

Balance Sheet June 30, 2021

ASSETS

Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$123,704
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
Liabilities	\$ -
Fund balance: Restricted	123,704
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$123,704

Abbeville, Louisiana Nonmajor Debt Service Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Revenues	
Local Sources:	
Interest income	\$ 914
Expenditures	
Debt service:	
Principal retirement	362,000
Interest and fiscal charges	43,653
Legal and technical fees	400
Total expenditures	406,053
Deficiency of revenues	
over expenditures	(405,139)
Other financing sources:	
Transfers in	_379,117
Net change in fund balance	(26,022)
Fund balance, beginning	149,726
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$123,704</u>

Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	James Prudhomme Interim Superintendent (July)	Thomas J. Byler Superintendent (August - June)
Purpose		
Salary	\$ 11,487	\$ 128,997
Benefits - insurance	427	13,067
Benefits - retirement	2,964	33,281
Conference travel	-	1,288
Supply Reimbursement	_	362
Total	<u>\$ 14,878</u>	\$ 176,995

Schedule of Compensation Board Members For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

David Dupuis	\$ 9,600
Christopher Gautreaux	9,600
Laura LeBeouf	9,600
Dale Stelly	10,200
Charlotte Detraz	9,600
Kibbie Pillette	10,200
Jason Roy	9,600
Kristy Hebert	 9,600
Total	\$ 78,000

INTERNAL CONTROL, COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

C. Burton Kolder, CPA*
Brad E. Kolder, CPA, JD*
Gerald A. Thibodeaux, Jr., CPA*
Robert S. Carter, CPA*
Arthur R. Mixon, CPA*
Stephen J. Anderson, CPA*
Christine C. Doucet, CPA
Wanda F. Arcement, CPA, CVA
Bryan K. Joubert, CPA
Matthew E. Margaglio, CPA
Casey L. Ardoin, CPA, CFE

Victor R. Slaven, CPA* - retired 2020

* A Professional Accounting Corporation

183 S. Beadle Rd. Lafayette, LA 70508 Phone (337) 232-4141

Baton Rouge, LA 70816 Phone (225) 293-8300 450 E. Main St.

11929 Bricksome Ave.

1428 Metro Dr. Alexandria, LA 71301 Phone (318) 442-4421

New Iberia, LA 70560 Phone (337) 367-9204

200 S. Main St. Abbeville, LA 70510 Phone (337) 893-7944 1201 David Dr. Morgan City, LA 70380 Phone (985) 384-2020

434 E. Main St. Ville Platte, LA 70586 Phone (337) 363-2792 332 W. Sixth Ave. Oberlin, LA 70655 Phone (337) 639-4737

WWW.KCSRCPAS.COM

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Mr. Thomas Byler, Superintendent, and Members of the Vermilion Parish School Board Abbeville, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Vermilion Parish School Board (the School Board), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 17, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School Board's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School Board's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Abbeville, Louisiana December 17, 2021

KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

C. Burton Kolder, CPA*
Brad E. Kolder, CPA, JD*
Gerald A. Thibodeaux, Jr., CPA*
Robert S. Carter, CPA*
Arthur R. Mixon, CPA*
Stephen J. Anderson, CPA*
Christine C. Doucet, CPA
Wanda F. Arcement, CPA, CVA
Bryan K. Joubert, CPA
Matthew E. Margaglio, CPA
Casey L. Ardoin, CPA, CFE

Victor R. Slaven, CPA* - retired 2020

* A Professional Accounting Corporation

183 S. Beadle Rd. Lafayette, LA 70508 Phone (337) 232-4141 11929 Bricksome Ave. Baton Rouge, LA 70816 Phone (225) 293-8300

1428 Metro Dr. Alexandria, LA 71301 Phone (318) 442-4421 450 E. Main St. New Iberia, LA 70560 Phone (337) 367-9204

200 S. Main St. Abbeville, LA 70510 Phone (337) 893-7944 1201 David Dr. Morgan City, LA 70380 Phone (985) 384-2020

434 E. Main St. Ville Platte, LA 70586 Phone (337) 363-2792 332 W. Sixth Ave. Oberlin, LA 70655 Phone (337) 639-4737

WWW.KCSRCPAS.COM

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Mr. Thomas Byler, Superintendent and Members of the Vermilion Parish School Board Abbeville, Louisiana

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Vermilion Parish School Board's (the School Board) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School Board's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The School Board's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School Board's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School Board's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School Board's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the School Board complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the School Board is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School Board's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. However, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Abbeville, Louisiana December 17, 2021

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Assistance Listing Number	Expenditures
<u>United States Department of Agriculture</u> Passed through Louisiana Department of Agriculture and Forestry:			
Food Distribution Program (noncash)	N/A	10.555	S 411,590
Passed through Louisiana Department of Education National School Lunch Program Total Assistance Listing No. 10.555	N/A	10.555	5,637 417,227
Summer Food Service Program for Children Total for Child Nutrition Cluster	N/A	10.559	7,124,118 7,541,345
Child and Adult Care Food Program Total United States Department of Agriculture	N/A	10.558	619,819 8,161,164
United States Department of Education Passed through State Department of Education: Title I Grant to Local Education Agencies	S010A200018	84.010	2,687,393
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	S011A200018	84.011	32,455
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States (Perkins IV)	V048A190019	84.048	121,021
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) Special Education - High Cost Services Total Assistance Listing No. 84.027	H027A190033 H027A20003320	84.027 84.027	2,119,270 47,278 2,166,548
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool) Total for Special Education Cluster	H173A190082	84.173	83,628 2,250,176
Special Education - State Personnel Development: State Wide Positive Behavioral Support Project (SWPBSP)	H027A200033	84.323	49,595
English Language Acquisition Grants - Title III Immigrant Set Aside	S365A200018	84.365	18,822
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	S367A200017	84.367	316,254
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	S424A200019	84.424	128,015
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund (GEER) COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER- Formula) COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER II - Formula) COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER III - EB	S425C200003 S425D200003 S425D200003	84.425C 84.425D 84.425D	1,061,449 2,532,453 2,959,682
Intervention) Total Assistance Listing No. 84.425	S425U210003	84.425U	1,211,928 7,765,512
Striving Readers Comprehensive Literacy Development	28-18-SR01-57	84.371	119,000
Total United States Department of Education			13,488,243
			(continued)

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Pass-Through	Assistance	
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/	Entity Identifying	Listing	
Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
United States Department of Health & Human Services			
Passed through Louisiana Department of Education:			
Every Student Succeeds Act/Preschool Development Grants	28-20-RSB5-57	93.434	82,262
Every Student Succeeds Act/Preschool Development Grants	28-19-GRC-57	93.434	5,626
Total Assistance Listing No. 93.434			87,888
COVID-19, Child Care and Development Block Grants	28-21-CCCR-57	93.575	73,550
Child Care and Development Block Grants	28-21-CO-57	93.575	13,080
Child Care and Development Block Grants	28-21-RSCC-02	93.575	15,385
Total for CCDF Cluster/Assistance Listing No. 93.575			102,015
Total United States Department of Health and			
Human Services			189,903
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS			\$21,839,310

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2021

(1) General

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Vermilion Parish School Board (the School Board) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Vermilion Parish School Board, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the School Board.

(2) Basis of Accounting

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 to the School Board's basic financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(3) <u>Noneash Programs</u>

The commodities received, which are noncash revenues, are valued using pricing provided by the United States Department of Agriculture.

(4) Indirect Cost Rate

The School Board has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2021

Part I. <u>Summary of Auditor's Results</u>:

Financial Statements -	
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiencies identified?	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Federal Awards –	
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Internal control over major programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiencies identified?	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a) of the Uniform Guidance?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Major Programs –	
Assistance Listing Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
84.425C, 84.425D, 84.425U 10.555, 10.559	Education Stabilization Fund Child Nutrition Cluster
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?	<u>X</u> Yes No

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2021

- Part II. Findings which are required to be reported in accordance with generally accepted Governmental Auditing Standards:
 - A. <u>Internal Control Findings</u> -

There were no internal control findings reported.

B. Compliance Findings -

There were no compliance findings reported.

Part III. <u>Findings and questioned costs for Federal awards which include audit findings as defined in 2 CFR</u> section 200 of the Uniform Guidance:

There are no findings and questioned costs related to federal programs that are required to be reported under the above-mentioned guidance.

Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan Year Ended June 30, 2021

Part I. Current Year -

Findings which are required to be reported in accordance with generally accepted *Governmental Auditing Standards*:

A. <u>Internal Control Findings</u> -

There were no internal control findings reported.

B. Compliance Findings -

There were no compliance findings reported.

Part II. Prior Year -

<u>Findings</u> which are required to be reported in accordance with generally accepted *Governmental Auditing Standards*:

A. <u>Internal Control Findings</u> -

There were no internal control findings reported.

B. Compliance Findings -

There were no compliance findings reported.

SCHEDULES REQUIRED BY STATE LAW (R.S. 24:514 - PERFORMANCE AND STATISTICAL DATA)

KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

C. Burton Kolder, CPA*
Brad E. Kolder, CPA, JD*
Gerald A. Thibodeaux, Jr., CPA*
Robert S. Carter, CPA*
Arthur R. Mixon, CPA*
Stephen J. Anderson, CPA*
Christine C. Doucet, CPA
Wanda F. Arcement, CPA, CVA
Bryan K. Joubert, CPA
Matthew E. Margaglio, CPA
Casey L. Ardoin, CPA, CFE

Victor R. Slaven, CPA* - retired 2020

* A Professional Accounting Corporation

183 S. Beadle Rd. Lafayette, LA 70508 Phone (337) 232-4141 11929 Bricksome Ave. Baton Rouge, LA 70816 Phone (225) 293-8300

1428 Metro Dr. Alexandria, LA 71301 Phone (318) 442-4421 450 E. Main St. New Iberia, LA 70560 Phone (337) 367-9204

200 S. Main St. Abbeville, LA 70510 Phone (337) 893-7944 1201 David Dr. Morgan City, LA 70380 Phone (985) 384-2020

434 E. Main St. Ville Platte, LA 70586 Phone (337) 363-2792 332 W. Sixth Ave. Oberlin, LA 70655 Phone (337) 639-4737

WWW.KCSRCPAS.COM

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

Mr. Thomas Byler, Superintendent and the Members of the Vermilion Parish School Board, the Louisiana Department of Education, and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the performance and statistical data accompanying the annual financial statements of Vermilion Parish School Board for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021; and to determine whether the specified schedules are free of obvious errors and omissions in compliance with Louisiana Revised Statute 24:514. Management of Vermilion Parish School Board is responsible for its performance and statistical data.

The School Board has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the performance and statistical data accompanying the annual financial statements. Additionally, the Louisiana Department of Education and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor have agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

General Fund Instructional and Support Expenditures and Certain Local Revenue Sources (Schedule 1)

- 1. We selected a random sample of 25 transactions and reviewed supporting documentation to determine if the sampled expenditures/revenues are classified correctly and are reported in the proper amounts for each of the following amounts reported on the schedule:
 - Total General Fund Instructional Expenditures,
 - Total General Fund Equipment Expenditures,
 - Total Local Taxation Revenue,
 - Total Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property,
 - Total State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes,
 - Nonpublic Textbook Revenue, and
 - Nonpublic Transportation Revenue.

There were no exceptions noted.

Class Size Characteristics (Schedule 2)

2. We obtained a list of classes by school, school type, and class size as reported on the schedule. We then traced a sample of 10 classes to the October 1 roll books for those classes and observed that the class was properly classified on the schedule.

There were no exceptions noted.

Education Levels/Experience of Public School Staff (NO SCHEDULE)

3. We obtained October 1st PEP data submitted to the Department of Education (or equivalent listing prepared by management), including full-time teachers, principals, and assistant principals by classification, as well as their level of education and experience, and obtained management's representation that the data/listing was complete. We then selected a sample of 25 individuals, traced to each individual's personnel file, and observed that each individual's education level and experience was properly classified on the PEP data or equivalent listing prepared by management.

There were no exceptions noted.

Public School Staff Data: Average Salaries (NO SCHEDULE)

4. We obtained June 30th PEP data submitted to the Department of Education (or equivalent listing provided by management) of all classroom teachers, including their base salary, extra compensation, and ROTC or rehired retiree status, as well as full-time equivalents, and obtained management's representation that the data/listing was complete. We then selected a sample of 25 individuals, traced to each individual's personnel file, and observed that each individual's salary, extra compensation, and full-time equivalents were properly included on the PEP data (or equivalent listing prepared by management).

There were no exceptions noted.

We were engaged by the School Board to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the United States Comptroller General. We were not engaged to, and did not, conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on the performance and statistical data. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the School Board and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on the performance and statistical data accompanying the annual financial statements of the Vermilion Parish School Board, as required by Louisiana Revised Statute 24:514.1, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Abbeville, Louisiana December 17, 2021

Schedules Required by State Law (R.S. 24:514 – Performance and Statistical Data) As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Schedule 1 - General Fund Instructional and Support Expenditures and Certain Local Revenue Sources

This schedule includes general fund instructional and equipment expenditures. It also contains local taxation revenue, earnings on investments, revenue in lieu of taxes, and nonpublic textbook and transportation revenue. This data is used either in the Minimum Foundation Program (MFP) formula or is presented annually in the MFP 70% Expenditure Requirement Report.

Schedule 2 - Class Size Characteristics

This schedule includes the percent and number of classes with student enrollment in the following ranges: 1-20, 21-26, 27-33, and 34+ students.

Schedule 1

General Fund Instructional and Support Expenditures and Certain Local Revenue Sources For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

General Fund Instructional and Equipment Expenditures		
General fund instructional expenditures:		
Teacher and student interaction activities -		
Classroom teacher salaries	\$28,493,010	
Other instructional staff salaries	3,171,934	
Instructional staff employee benefits	14,858,358	
Purchased professional and technical services	70,937	
Instructional materials and supplies	768,101	
Instructional equipment	13,288	
Total teacher and student interaction activities		\$47,375,628
Other instructional activities		817,917
Pupil support activities	4,694,299	
Less: Equipment for pupil support activities	<u> </u>	
Net pupil support activities		4,694,299
Instructional staff services	3,480,904	
Less: Equipment for instructional staff services		
Net instructional staff services		3,480,904
School Administration	5,219,486	
Less: Equipment for School Administration	- , , · ·	
Net School Administration		5,219,486
Total general fund instructional expenditures		\$61,588,234
Total general fund equipment expenditures		\$ 58,279
Certain Local Revenue Sources		
Local taxation revenue:		
Ad Valorem Taxes:		
Constitutional ad valorem taxes		\$ 1,540,095
Renewable ad valorem tax		11,358,405
Debt service ad valorem tax		-
Up to 1% of collections by the Sheriff on taxes other than school taxes		321,698
Sales and use taxes		_13,087,991
Total local taxation revenue		\$26,308,189
Local earnings on investment in real property:		
Earnings from 16th section property		\$ 1,159,941
State revenue in lieu of taxes:		
Revenue sharing - constitutional tax		\$ 150,079
Nonpublic textbook revenue		\$ 17,012
Nonpublic transportation revenue		\$ -

Schedule 2 Class Size Characteristics As of October 1, 2020

	Class Size Range							
	1 - 20		21 - 26		27 - 33		34+	
School Type	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
Elementary	72.9%	924	22.1%	280	3.0%	38	2.0%	25
Elementary activity classes	73.4%	177	22.8%	55	2.1%	5	1.7%	4
Middle/Junior high	66.8%	387	25.9%	150	3.8%	22	3.5%	20
Middle/Junior high activity classes	56.1%	69	35.0%	43	8.1%	10	0.8%	1
High	88.2%	1339	8.9%	135	2.2%	33	0.8%	12
High activity classes	87.1%	230	7.2%	19	3.8%	10	1.9%	5
Combination	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	_	0.0%	_
Combination activity classes	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-

Note: The Board of Elementary and Secondary Education has set specific limits on the maximum size of classes at various grade levels. The maximum enrollment in grades K-3 is 26 students and maximum enrollment in grades 4-12 is 33 students. These limits do not apply to activity classes such as physical education, chorus, band, and other classes without maximum enrollment standards. Therefore, these classes are included only as separate line items.