ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020



# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

	PAGE
Independent Auditors' Report	1-3
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance and On Internal Control Over Financial	
Reporting Based On an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance	
With Government Auditing Standards	4-5
Required Supplemental Information (Part I)	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	6-9
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	10
Statement of Activities	11-12
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Funds	
Balance Sheet	13
Reconciliation of Fund Balances on the Balance Sheet for Governmental	
Funds to Net Position of Governmental Activities on the Statement of	
Net Position	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	15
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	16
	16
Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position	17
Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Revenues, Experiatures and Changes in Fund Net Position	18 19-20
Notes to Financial Statements	21-33
	_1 00
Required Supplemental Information (Part II)	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balances (Budget and Actual)	
General Fund	34
Schedule of Net Pension Liability Data	35
Schedule of Employer Contributions	36
Other Supplemental Information	
Schedule of Per Diem Paid to Board Members	37
Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to	
Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer	38
Schedule of Findings and Responses	39
Management's Corrective Action Plan	40
Summary of Prior Year Findings	41 - 42



December 29, 2020

#### Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen Town of Glenmora, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Glenmora, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Governmental Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

#### BASIS FOR QUALIFIED OPINIONS

<u>Economic Development Fund</u> - As discussed more fully in Note 15, the origins of transactions related to the economic development fund are unknown due to a lack of documentation. Due to the lack of documentation, we were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the amounts reported by the Economic Development Fund.



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#### **QUALIFIED OPINIONS**

In our opinion, except for the potential effects of the matters described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Economic Development Fund of the Town of Glenmora, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **UNMODIFIED OPINIONS**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund other than the those subject to qualifications described above, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Glenmora, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### OTHER MATTERS

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the information listed below to supplement the basic financial statements.

- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Budgetary Comparison Information
- Schedule of Net Pension Liability Data
- Schedule of Employer Contributions

Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Government Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Other Supplemental Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Glenmora's basic financial statements. The other supplemental information listed below is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

- Schedule of Compensation Paid to Board Members
- Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer

The other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and is derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally

accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARD

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 29, 2020, on our consideration of the Town of Glenmora's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting are porting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Glenmora's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Regier, Mc Lay + Willi

Rozier, McKay & Willis Certified Public Accountants



December 29, 2020

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER <u>FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER</u> <u>MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u> <u>PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS</u>

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen Town of Glenmora, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Glenmora, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 29, 2020.

#### INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Glenmora's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We consider the deficiency described in the accompany schedule of findings and responses as 2020-001 to be a significant deficiency.



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#### **COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Glenmora's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and as item 2020-002.

#### TOWN OF GLENMORA'S RESPONSE TO FINDINGS

The Town of Glenmora's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Management's Corrective Action Plan. The Town of Glenmora's response is not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Regier, Mc Lay + Willin

Rozier, McKay & Willis Certified Public Accountants

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### June 30, 2020

This section of the Town of Glenmora's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Town's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The basic financial statements include government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements. These two types of financial statements present the Town's financial position and results of operations from differing perspectives which are described as follows:

#### **Government – Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements report information about the Town as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. These report all revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. Furthermore, the government-wide statements include all of the Town's assets (including infrastructure acquired after July 1, 1980) and all of the Town's liabilities (including long-term debt).

The government-wide financial statements are divided into two categories, which are described as follows:

- **Governmental Activities** Expenses incurred in connection with providing basic services including public safety, recreation, sanitation, public works and general administration are reported as governmental activities. The governmental activities are financed by taxes, license and permit fees, fines and forfeitures, and intergovernmental sources.
- **Business-Type Activities** Expenses associated with providing utility services are recovered through fees paid by the customers that utilize these services. These activities are operated in a manner similar to commercial enterprises. Accordingly, activities associated with these services are reported as business type activities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Fund financial statements provide detailed information regarding the Town's most significant activities and are not intended to provide information for the Town as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that are used to account for specific sources of funds. The Town has two types of funds that are described as follows:

- **Governmental Funds** These funds are used to account for essentially the same functions that are reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike government-wide financial statements, the governmental funds use a modified accrual basis of accounting that provides a short-term view of the Town's finances. Assets reported by governmental funds are limited to amounts that are available for current needs. In addition, liabilities are limited to amounts that are expected to be paid from currently available assets.
- **Proprietary Fund** These funds are used to account for activities that function in a manner similar to commercial enterprises, including activities associated with the Town's utility services. Proprietary fund financial statements typically provide a more detail presentation of the information reported in the business-type activities portion of the government-wide financial statements.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN AS A WHOLE

A comparative analysis of government-wide financial data is presented as follows:

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### June 30, 2020

#### Net Position

A condensed version of the government-wide Statement of Net Position is presented as follows:

	For the Y	For the		
	Govern- mental Activities	Business- Type Activities Total		Year Ended June 30, 2019
Assets:				
Current and Other Assets	\$ 395,052	\$ 404,454	\$ 799,506	\$ 852,598
Internal Balances	68,985	(68,985)		
Capital Assets	1,442,384	2,786,900	4,229,284	4,459,217
Total Assets	1,906,421	3,122,369	5,028,790	5,311,815
<b>Deferred Outflows</b>	33,399	40,542	73,941	84,470
Liabilities:				
Current and Other Liabilities	94,063	155,010	249,073	284,263
Long-term Liabilities	87,883	2,063,310	2,151,193	2,188,896
Total Liabilities	181,946	2,218,320	2,400,266	2,473,159
Deferred Inflows	8,121	10,526	18,647	27,620
Net Position:				
Invested in Capital Assets (Net)	1,442,384	837,494	2,279,878	2,452,972
Restricted	107,449	172,460	279,909	267,495
Unrestricted	199,920	(75,889)	124,031	175,039
Total Net Position	\$ 1,749,753	\$ 934,065	\$ 2,683,818	\$ 2,895,506

As the presentation appearing above demonstrates, the largest portion of the Town's net position (85.0%) are invested in capital assets. Net position invested in capital assets consist of land, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure less any debt used to acquire the assets that remain outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these amounts are not available for future spending.

An additional portion of the net position (10.4%) represent resources that are subject to restrictions that are imposed by agreements with the Town's bondholders or requirements imposed by various revenue sources.

The remaining resources (4.6%) are unrestricted and may be used at the Town's discretion.

#### **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

#### June 30, 2020

### **Changes in Net Position**

A condensed version of the government-wide Statement of Changes in Net Position is presented as follows:

	For the Y	For the		
	Govern- mental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total	Year Ended June 30, 2019
Revenues:				
Program Revenue:				
Charges for Services	\$ 460,143	\$ 573,344	\$ 1,033,487	\$ 1,210,935
Operating Grants and				
Contributions	99,118	12,709	111,827	134,546
Capital Grants and				
Contributions				25,000
General Revenue:				
Property Taxes	19,773		19,773	19,192
Sales Taxes	479,683		479,683	464,656
Franchise Taxes	65,251		65,251	62,105
Licenses and Permits	57,982		57,982	66,634
Other	53,236	221	53,457	24,116
Total Revenue	1,235,186	586,274	1,821,460	2,007,184
Program Expenses:				
General Government	359,107		359,107	343,527
Public Safety				
Police Department	377,122		377,122	382,556
Fire Department	118,563		118,563	130,908
Public Works				
Streets & Public Facilities	337,786		337,786	411,740
Sanitation	77,537		77,537	127,952
Culture and Recreation	6,672		6,672	5,017
Utility Service				
Sewer System		414,582	414,582	361,041
Water System		341,779	341,779	349,966
Natural Gas System				129,051
Total Expenses	1,276,787	756,361	2,033,148	2,241,758
Increase in Net Position Before				
Transfers and Special Items	(41,601)	(170,087)	(211,688)	(234,574)
Transfers	(67,453)	67,453		
Special Item:				
Loss on Sale of Natural Gas				
System				(310,233)
Change in Net Position	(109,054)	(102,634)	(211,688)	(544,807)
Net Position Beginning	1,858,807	1,036,699	2,895,506	3,440,313
Net Position Ending	\$ 1,749,753	\$ 934,065	\$ 2,683,818	\$ 2,895,506

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### June 30, 2020

Governmental activities reduced the Town's net position by \$109,054. The decrease is attributable to using a portion of the Town's reserves to enhance service.

Business-type activities, excluding transfers, decreased the Town's net position by \$170,087. The decrease is attributable to a rate structure that does not provide sufficient income to sustain the Town's utility system.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

An analysis of significant matters affecting the Town's funds is presented as follows:

- The Town's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$369,974, which represents an decrease of \$7,120. The general fund has an unassigned fund balance of \$262,525.
- Amounts reported for business-type activities in the Town's individual funds are identical to the business-type activities reported in the government-wide presentation.

#### **GENERAL FUND BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS**

The general fund original budget was adopted as required. It was not necessary to amend the budget during the current year.

#### **CAPITAL ASSET ADMINISTRATION**

Addition to the Town's capital assets were limited to constructing a walking trail for recreational purposes.

#### **DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

No new debt was issued during the current year. Debt activity was limited to making scheduled payments due under existing debt instruments.

#### FACTORS EXPECTED TO AFFECT FUTURE OPERATIONS

At the present time, management is not aware of any factors expected to have a significant impact on future operations.

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2020

	vernmental ctivities	ness-Type ctivities	 Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 276,100	\$ 177,190	\$ 453,290
Receivables (net)	114,857	54,804	169,661
Restricted cash	-	172,460	172,460
Other Assets	4,095	-	4,095
Internal balances	68,985	(68,985)	-
Capital assets			
Non depreciable capital assets	127,795	-	127,795
Depreciable capital assets, net	 1,314,589	 2,786,900	 4,101,489
Total assets	 1,906,421	 3,122,369	 5,028,790
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS			
Pension funding deferrals	 33,399	 40,542	 73,941
LIABILITIES			
Accounts and other payables	94,063	25,462	119,525
Deposits due others	-	129,548	129,548
Long-term liabilities			
Long-Term Debt			
Due within one year	-	59,183	59,183
Due in more than one year	-	1,890,223	1,890,223
Net pension liability	 87,883	 113,904	 201,787
Total liabilities	 181,946	 2,218,320	 2,400,266
DEFERRED INFLOWS			
Pension funding deferrals	 8,121	 10,526	 18,647
NET POSITION			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,442,384	837,494	2,279,878
Restricted For:		,	
Debt service	-	172,460	172,460
Economic Development	24,683	-	24,683
Fire Department	82,766	-	82,766
Unrestricted	 199,920	 (75,889)	 124,031
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 1,749,753	\$ 934,065	\$ 2,683,818

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Program Revenues							
					0	perating	Ca	pital		Net
			Charg	es for	Gr	ants and	Gra	nts &	(I	Expenses)
	Expense	es	Serv	rices	Cor	ntributions	outions Contributions		]	Revenue
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>										
General Government	\$ 359,	107	\$	5,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(354,107)
Public Safety										
Police Department	377,	122	38	34,390		27,262		-		34,530
Fire Department	118,	563		-		9,530		-		(109,033)
Public Works										
Streets and Public Facilities	337,	786		-		62,326		-		(275,460)
Sanitation	77,	537	-	70,753		-		-		(6,784)
Culture and Recreation	6,	672		-		-		-		(6,672)
Total Governmental Activities	1,276,	787	46	50,143		99,118		_		(717,526)
Business-Type Activities:										
Sewer System	414,	582	24	49,390		-		-		(165,192)
Water System	341,	779	32	23,954		12,709		-		(5,116)
Total Business-Type Activities	756,	361	57	73,344		12,709		-		(170,308)
Total	<u>\$ 2,033,</u>	148	\$ 1,03	33,487	\$	111,827	\$	-	\$	(887,834)

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Business-GovernmentalTypeActivitiesActivities		Total
Net (Expense) Revenue (Continued			
From Previous Page)	<u>\$ (717,526)</u>	<u>\$ (170,308)</u>	<u>\$ (887,834)</u>
General Revenues:			
Taxes:			
Ad Valorem	19,773	-	19,773
Sales	479,683	-	479,683
Franchise	65,251	-	65,251
Licenses & Permits	57,982	-	57,982
Other	53,236	221	53,457
Transfers	(67,453)	67,453	
Total General Revenues, Special Items and Transfers	608,472	67,674	676,146
Change in Net Position	(109,054)	(102,634)	(211,688)
Net Position Beginning	1,858,807	1,036,699	2,895,506
Net Position Ending	<u>\$ 1,749,753</u>	<u>\$ 934,065</u>	\$ 2,683,818

#### **Balance Sheet**

#### Governmental Funds - June 30, 2020

Assets	 General Fund	 conomic velopment	Non Major	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 151,039	\$ 57,605	\$ 67,456	\$	276,100
Receivables (net)	99,547	-	15,310		114,857
Interfund Receivables	46,667	22,318	-		68,985
Other Assets	 -	 4,095	 -		4,095
Total assets	\$ 297,253	\$ 84,018	\$ 82,766	\$	464,037
Liabilities and Fund Balance					
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Accounts and Other Payable	\$ 34,728	\$ 59,335	\$ -		94,063
Total liabilities	 34,728	 59,335	 -		94,063
<u>Fund Balance</u> Restricted for					
Economic Development	-	24,683	-		24,683
Fire Department	-	-	82,766		82,766
Unassigned	262,525	-	-		262,525
Total Fund Balances	 262,525	 24,683	 82,766		369,974
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 297,253	\$ 84,018	\$ 82,766	\$	464,037

### Reconciliation of Fund Balances on the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds to Net Position of Governmental Activities on the Statement of Net Position

#### Year Ended June 30, 2020

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	369,974
	Ψ	507,774
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are		
different because:		
Liabilities not due and payable in the current period are excluded from the		
Governmental Fund Balance Sheet		(87,883)
Deferred Inflows of resources that do no meet criteria for inclusion in the		
Governmental Fund Balance Sheet		(8,121)
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and		
therefore are not reported in the funds.		1,442,384
Deferred outflows of resources that do not meet criteria for inclusion		
in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet		33,399
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	1,749,753

### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds - Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Gameral	Faoramia	Non	Total Governmental	
	General Fund	Economic Development	Non Major	Funds	
P.				1 01105	
<u>Revenues:</u>					
Taxes:	<b>*</b> 10 <b>550</b>	¢	ф.	¢ 10 550	
Ad Valorem	\$ 19,773	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,773	
Sales	408,100	-	71,583	479,683	
Franchise	65,251	-	-	65,251	
Licenses & Permits	57,982	-	-	57,982	
Charges for Services	70,753	-	-	70,753	
Intergovernmental					
Rapides Parish Police Jury	62,327	-	-	62,327	
Other	29,988	-	9,530	39,518	
Fines and Forfeitures	384,390	-	-	384,390	
Rental Income	-	-	-	-	
Other	55,419	90		55,509	
Total Revenues	1,153,983	90	81,113	1,235,186	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General Government	326,590	-	-	326,590	
Public Safety					
Police Department	366,185	-	-	366,185	
Fire Department	101,965	-	-	101,965	
Public Works					
Streets and Public Facilities	302,576	-	-	302,576	
Sanitation	77,537	-	-	77,537	
Culture and Recreation	-	-	-	-	
Economic Development	-	-	-	-	
Capital Expenditures	-	-	-	-	
Debt Service	-	-	-	-	
Total Expenditures	1,174,853			1,174,853	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue Over					
Expenditures	(20,870)	90	81,113	60,333	
<b>Other Financing Sources (Uses):</b>					
Operating Transfers In (Out)	22,909		(90,362)	(67,453)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and					
<b>Other Sources Over Expenditures</b>					
and Other Uses	2,039	90	(9,249)	(7,120)	
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year	260,486	24,593	92,015	377,094	
Fund Balance (Deficit) - End of Year	\$ 262,525	\$ 24,683	\$ 82,766	\$ 369,974	

### Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the <u>Statement of Activities</u>

Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net change in fund balances of Governmental Funds	\$ (7,120)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of	
activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the	
statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over	
estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the	
amount by which capital outlays in the current period exceeded	
depreciation.	
- Capital Expenditures -	
Depreciation (92,159)	(92,159)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do no require the use of	
current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures	
by governmental funds	 (9,775)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (109,054)

### Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds - June 30, 2020

	Sewer System	Total Utility System	
ASSETS:			
Current Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,694	\$ 159,496	\$ 177,190
Receivables (net)	106	54,698	54,804
Total current assets	17,800	214,194	231,994
Restricted Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	-	172,460	172,460
Noncurrent Assets:			
Depreciable capital assets, net	1,758,630	1,028,270	2,786,900
Total assets	1,776,430	1,414,924	3,191,354
<b>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS:</b>			
Employer contributions to pension plan		40,542	40,542
LIABILITIES:			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts and other payables	8,666	16,796	25,462
Interfund payables	-	68,985	68,985
Deposits due others	-	129,548	129,548
Current portion of long-term debt	26,168	33,015	59,183
Total current liabilities	34,834	248,344	283,178
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Long-term debt	836,756	1,053,467	1,890,223
Net pension liability		113,904	113,904
Total liabilities	871,590	1,415,715	2,287,305
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS:</b>			
Pension funding deferrals		10,526	10,526
NET POSITION:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	895,706	(58,212)	837,494
Restricted for debt service	-	172,460	172,460
Unrestricted	9,134	(85,023)	(75,889)
Total net position (deficit)	<u>\$ 904,840</u>	<u>\$ 29,225</u>	\$ 934,065

### Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds - June 30, 2020

	 Sewer System	 Water System	 Total Utility System
<b>Operating Revenues:</b>			
Service Fees	\$ 247,981	\$ 313,233	\$ 561,214
Other	 1,409	 10,721	 12,130
Total Operating Revenues	 249,390	 323,954	 573,344
<b>Operating Expenses:</b>			
Salaries and Benefits	54,026	97,160	151,186
Legal and Professional	9,215	9,215	18,430
Repairs & Maintenance	66,504	53,179	119,683
Supplies & Chemicals	13,821	5,682	19,503
Utilities	38,631	33,950	72,581
Insurance	-	12,134	12,134
Consultants	102,525	10,783	113,308
Depreciation	85,766	52,008	137,774
Other	 7,462	 21,543	 29,005
Total Operating Expenses	 377,950	 295,654	 673,604
<b>Operating Income (Loss)</b>	(128,560)	28,300	(100,260)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):			
Grant Revenues	-	12,709	12,709
Interest Revenue	24	197	221
Interest Expense	 (36,632)	 (46,125)	 (82,757)
Change in Net Position Before			
Operating Transfers	(165,168)	(4,919)	(170,087)
Operating transfers in (out)	 86,525	 (19,072)	 67,453
Change in net position	(78,643)	(23,991)	(102,634)
Total net position - beginning	 983,483	 53,216	 1,036,699
Total net position - ending	\$ 904,840	\$ 29,225	\$ 934,065

### Statement of Cash Flows

### Proprietary Funds - Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Sewer System	Water System	Total Utility System
Cash flow from operating activities:			
Cash received from customers	\$ 249,364	\$ 327,830	\$ 577,194
Cash payments to suppliers of goods and services	(240,428)	(124,995)	(365,423)
Cash payments to employees for services	 (54,026)	 (97,160)	 (151,186)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	 (45,090)	 105,675	 60,585
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:			
Change in interfund balances	-	16,633	16,633
Transfers in (out)	 86,524	 (19,072)	 67,452
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital			
financing activities	 86,524	 (2,439)	 84,085
Cash flows from capital and related			
financing activities:			
Grant proceeds received	-	12,709	12,709
Principle paid on revenue bonds	(25,132)	(31,707)	(56,839)
Interest paid on debt instruments	 (36,632)	 (46,125)	 (82,757)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and			
related financing activities	 (61,764)	 (65,123)	 (126,887)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Interest and other income	 24	 197	 221
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	 24	 197	 221
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(20,306)	38,310	18,004
Beginning cash balance	 38,000	 293,646	 331,646
Ending cash balance	17,694	331,956	349,650
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	 -	 172,460	 172,460
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,694	\$ 159,496	\$ 177,190

### Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Funds - Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Water System		Total Utility System
Reconciliation of operating income (loss)					
to net cash provided (used) by operating					
<u>activities</u>					
Operating income (loss)	\$	(128,560)	\$	28,300	\$ (100,260)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash					
provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation		85,766		52,008	137,774
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(26)		25	(1)
(Decrease) increase in accounts and other					
payables		(2,270)		10,574	8,304
(Decrease) increase in meter deposits		-		3,851	3,851
(Decrease) increase in net pension liability				10,917	 10,917
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(45,090)	\$	105,675	\$ 60,585

#### Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:

During the year ended June 30, 2020, there were no operating, financing, or investing activities that did not result in cash receipts or payments.

# *Notes To Financial Statements June 30, 2020*

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Town of Glenmora (the Town) was incorporated under the provisions of the Lawrason Act. The Town is governed by a Mayor and a Board of Alderman consisting of five (5) members. Services provided by the Town include police protection, fire protection, street maintenance, recreation and sanitation. The Town also operates a water distribution system and a sewer system.

The accompanying policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles for governmental units.

#### **Financial Reporting Entity**

As the municipal governing authority, for reporting purposes, the Town is considered a separate financial reporting entity. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government (the Town), (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Governmental Accounting Standards establish criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the Town of Glenmora for financial reporting purposes. Based on these criteria the Town has no potential component units. The criteria considered are listed as follows:

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and
  - a) The ability of the Town to impose its will on that organization and/or
  - b) The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Town.
- 2. Organizations for which the Town does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the Town.
- 3. Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

#### **Basic Financial Statements**

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements. Both government-wide and fund financial statements categorize activities as either governmental activities or business-type activities, which are described as follows:

- Governmental activities involve government services that are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.
- Business-type activities rely on fees and charges for support and operate in a manner similar to private sector enterprises.

The government-wide and fund financial statements present the Town's financial position and results of operations from differing perspectives which are described as follows:

# *Notes To Financial Statements June 30, 2020*

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the Town as a whole. The effect of most interfund activity is eliminated from these financial statements. Furthermore, government-wide financial statements exclude fiduciary activities which are reported in the fund financial statements.

Program revenues reported in the Statement of Activities consist of amounts that are directly associated with a governmental service or business-type activity. Program revenues include charges for services, fines, court cost, contributions associated with a particular function and most grants.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Funds are separate accounting entities that are designed to assist with demonstrating legal compliance and segregating transactions by activity. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and business-type (enterprise) funds. In addition, separate financial statements are presented for any fiduciary activities. Major individual funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The Town's major funds are described as follows:

#### Major Governmental Funds

<u>General Fund</u> – The general fund is the primary operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Economic Development</u> – A special revenue fund to account for activity associated with revolving loan operated by the Town of Glenmora.

#### Major Business-Type Funds

<u>Utility System</u> – Used to account for activities associated with providing water, and sewer service to the citizens of Glenmora and customers residing in the surrounding area.

Business-Type funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing goods and services in connection with the funds ongoing operations. Principal operating revenues are charges to customers for water and sewer service.

#### **Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus**

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. The basis of accounting and measurement focus used for various financial statement presentations are described as follows:

Financial Statement Presentation	<b>Basis of Accounting</b>	<u>Measurement Focus</u>
Government-Wide Financial Statements	Accrual Basis	Economic Resources
Fund Financial Statements:		
Governmental Funds	Modified Accrual Basis	<b>Current Financial Resources</b>
Proprietary Funds	Accrual Basis	Economic Resources
Fiduciary Funds	Accrual Basis	Economic Resources

Under the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus revenue is recognized when it is considered measurable and available. Revenue is considered available if it is collected within 60 days of year end or due under a cost reimbursement arrangement. In addition, expenses are generally recorded when a

### *Notes To Financial Statements June 30, 2020*

liability has been incurred; however, debt service, compensated absences, claims and judgments are recorded as expenses when payment is made. Furthermore, when the current financial resources measurement focus is used, amounts recorded as assets exclude capital assets and the acquisition of capital assets is treated as an expenditure. In addition, long-term debts are excluded from amounts reported as liabilities. Proceeds from issuing long-term debt are as reported as other financing sources and repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Restricted Assets:**

Restricted assets represent resources that must be expended in a specific manner. Restrictions of this nature are imposed by various contractual obligations including grant agreements and bond covenants. Whenever restricted assets can be used to satisfy an obligation, the restricted assets are typically consumed before utilizing any unrestricted resources.

#### **Budget Practices:**

Budgets including any amendments are prepared in the manner prescribed by Louisiana revised statutes. Town budgets present revenue and expenditures on a basis which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Budgets are adopted annually for the general fund and each special revenue fund. The remaining funds are not required to adopt budgets.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include property, equipment and infrastructure, are reported as assets in the applicable governmental or business-type columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements for proprietary funds. Assets reported in the fund financial statements for governmental funds exclude capital assets. Instead, the governmental funds report the acquisition of capital assets as expenditures rather than asset acquisitions.

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at their fair market value when received by the Town. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method and estimated useful lives ranging from 4 to 50 years. Useful lives are selected depending on the expected durability of the particular asset.

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents:**

Amounts reported as cash and cash equivalents (restricted and unrestricted) include all cash on hand, cash in bank accounts and certificates of deposit. Credit risk associated with bank deposits is limited by requiring fiscal agent banks to pledge securities as required by State Law. Furthermore, interest rate risk associated with certificates of deposits is typically mitigated by purchasing instruments that mature in one year or less.

#### **Internal Activity:**

Resources belonging to particular funds are commonly shared with other funds that need access to additional resources. When resources are provided without expectation of repayment, the transaction is reported as a transfer. Transfers are treated as a source of income by the recipient and as an expense or expenditure by the provider. If repayment is eventually expected to occur, interfund receivables and payables are recorded.

In preparing the government-wide financial statements, transfers are eliminated to present net transfers for governmental activities and business-type activities. In addition, interfund receivables and payables are eliminated to present a net internal balance for each type of activity.

# *Notes To Financial Statements June 30, 2020*

#### **Compensated Absences**

Employees have limited ability to accumulate unused leave and do not have a vested interest in unused leave. Accordingly, there are no liabilities associated with compensated absences.

#### Fund Balance Classification:

Approval of the majority of the Board of Aldermen is required to approve the commitment of fund balances. In situations where it is permissible to spend restricted or committed resources, the Town typically depletes the available restricted or committed resources.

#### NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At June 30, 2020, cash and cash equivalents included the following amounts:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total		
Cash Deposited in Banks	\$ 275,860	\$ 176,977	\$ 452,837		
Cash on Hand	240	213	453		
Total Cash	276,100	177,190	453,290		
Restricted Cash		172,460	172,460		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 276,100	\$ 349,650	\$ 625,750		

Cash deposited in banks is stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. At June 30, 2020, the Town has \$645,157 in deposits (collected bank balance). These deposits are protected by FDIC insurance in the amount of \$250,000 and pledged securities with a market value of \$577,450. The pledged securities are held by the custodial bank in the name of the fiscal agent bank.

Even though the pledged securities are considered uncollateralized, State law imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

#### NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable for the year ended June 30, 2020 are summarized as follows:

	ernmental ctivities	Business-Type Activities		Total
Accounts Receivable				
Charges for Services	\$ 	\$	94,725	\$ 94,725
Franchise Fees	10,144			10,144
Other	6,087		79	6,166
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts			(40,000)	(40,000)
Total Accounts Receivable	 16,231		54,804	 71,035

### *Notes To Financial Statements June 30, 2020*

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Due From Other Governmental Units			
Sales Taxes	91,675		91,675
Rapides Parish Police Jury	6,951		6,951
Total Due From Other Governments	98,626		98,626
Total Receivables	\$ 114,857	\$ 54,804	\$ 169,661

#### NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Changes in governmental and business-type capital assets are presented as follows:

	<b>Governmental Activities</b>							
	Beginning Balance		Additions		Dis	Disposals		Ending Balance
Non Depreciable Capital Assets								
Land	\$	127,795	\$		\$		\$	127,795
Construction in Process								
Total Non-Depreciable Assets		127,795						127,795
Depreciable Capital Assets								
Equipment		696,188						696,188
Buildings		1,368,602						1,368,602
Infrastructure		748,750						748,750
Accumulated Depreciation	(	1,406,792)		(92,159)			(	1,498,951)
Total Depreciable Capital Assets		1,406,748		(92,159)				1,314,589
Total Capital Assets	\$	1,534,543	\$	(92,159)	\$		\$	1,442,384

	<b>Business-Type Activities</b>							
	Beginning Balance		A	Additions		posals		nding alance
Depreciable Capital Assets								
Sewer System								
Equipment	\$	81,242	\$		\$		\$	81,242
Buildings		19,294						19,294
Infrastructure	, -	3,813,320					3	,813,320
Accumulated Depreciation	(1	2,069,460)		(85,766)			(2	2,155,226)
Total Sewer System		1,844,396		(85,766)			1	,758,630
Water System								
Equipment		318,727						318,727
Buildings		8,486						8,486
Infrastructure		1,899,172					1	,899,172
Accumulated Depreciation	(	1,146,107)		(52,008)			(1	,198,115)
Total Water System		1,080,278		(52,008)			1	,028,270
Total Business-type	\$ 2	2,924,674	\$	(137,774)	\$		\$ 2	2,786,900

### *Notes To Financial Statements June 30, 2020*

Depreciation expense charged to various functions presented on the statement of activities is presented as follows:

	Governmenta Activities			ness-Type ctivities	Total		
Police Department	\$	10,937	\$		\$	10,937	
Fire Department		16,598				16,598	
Streets and Public Facilities		32,160				32,160	
General Government		25,792				25,792	
Culture and Recreation		6,672				6,672	
Sewer System				85,766		85,766	
Water System				52,008		52,008	
Total Depreciation Expense	\$	92,159	\$	137,774	\$	229,933	

#### NOTE 5 - ACCOUNTS AND OTHER PAYABLE

Amounts reported as accounts and other payables are summarized as follows:

	 ernmental ctivities	ness-Type tivities	Total		
Payments Due Vendors	\$ 14,573	\$ 19,554	\$	34,127	
Accrued Wages	19,757	5,908		25,665	
Obligations Related to Furnishing Economic					
Development Loans	59,335			59,335	
Other	 398	 		398	
Total	\$ 94,063	\$ 25,462	\$	119,525	

#### NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liabilities attributable to the acquisition of the Town's utility system and the operation of the utility system are reported as an obligation of the Town's business-type enterprise funds. Any remaining long-term liabilities are reported as governmental activities. The Town's long-term liabilities are summarized as follows:

	GovernmentalBusiness-TypeActivitiesActivities				Total
Long-Term Liabilities					
Revenue Bonds	\$ 	\$	1,949,406	\$	1,949,406
Due Within One Year			59,183		59,183
Due in More Than One Year	\$ 	\$	1,890,223	\$	1,890,223

### *Notes To Financial Statements June 30, 2020*

#### **Debt Instruments**

Long-term liabilities include debt instruments that are summarized as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Add	itions	Rec	luctions	Ending Balance
<u>Business-Type Activities</u> Revenue Bonds	\$ 2,006,245	\$		\$	56,839	\$ 1,949,406

A description of the various debt instruments is presented as follows:

#### **Revenue Bonds**

\$1,136,000 Sewer Revenue Bond Series 2001, bearing interest at a rate of 4.125%,	
payable in monthly installments of \$5,147 with the final installment due in 2042.	\$ 862,925
\$1,312,000 Water Revenue Bonds Series 2001, bearing interest at a rate of 4.125% payable in monthly installments of \$6,230 with the final installment due in 2042.	1,044,441
\$55,500 Water Revenue Obligations Series 2007, bearing interest at a rate of 4.125% payable in monthly installments of \$256 with the final installment due in 2042. This	
obligation was incurred to amortize delinquent bond payments over a period of years.	 42,040
Total Revenue Bonds	\$ 1,949,406

A schedule of maturities of debt instruments excluding capital leases is presented as follows:

Year Ended June 30th	Principal		I	Interest		Total
Business-Type Activities						
2021	\$	59,183	\$	80,413	\$	139,596
2022		61,624		77,972		139,596
2023		64,166		75,430		139,596
2024		66,813		72,783		139,596
2025		69,570		70,026		139,596
2026-2030		393,334		304,646		697,980
2031-2035		481,434		216,546		697,980
2036-2040		589,266		108,714		697,980
2041-2044		164,016		7,289		171,305
Total Business-Type	\$ 1	,949,406	\$	1,013,819	\$	2,963,225

#### NOTE 7 – TAXES:

#### Ad Valorem Taxes:

The Town bills and collects its own property taxes using the assessed values determined by the Tax Assessor of Rapides Parish. Property taxes are limited to an assessment for general alimony as permitted by State Law. Ad valorem taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis and are due on or before December 31 in the year the tax is levied. Revenues from ad valorem taxes are recognized as revenue in the year billed by the Town's General Fund.

# *Notes To Financial Statements June 30, 2020*

#### Sales Taxes:

Sales taxes are collected by the Parish of Rapides and remitted to the Town on a monthly basis. For the year ended June 30, 2020 the Town has levied sales taxes described as follows:

- A 1.0% sales tax available for the general operations of the Town.
- A 0.5% sales tax dedicated to the operations and maintenance of the Town's Fire Department.
- The Town is also entitled to receive a portion of a parish-wide sales tax that is shared with other government agencies. The proceeds of this tax are unrestricted. Accordingly, the tax is deposited in the general fund and expended at the Town's discretion.

#### NOTE 8- RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risk of loss related to torts; theft, damage or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town insures against these risks by participation in public entity risk pools that operate as common insurance programs and by purchasing commercial insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### NOTE 9 – RESTRICTIONS AND COMMITMENTS

Details regarding limitations imposed on the use of various resources are summarized as follows:

#### **Debt Service**

Bond covenants require the Town to establish bank accounts which serve as debt service and depreciation reserves. Funds may be disbursed from these accounts only under specific circumstances described by the bond covenants. Amounts on deposit in these accounts are reported as restricted cash. In addition, the corresponding amounts of net position are also presented as restricted net position by the applicable funds.

#### **Fire Protection**

The Town has collected taxes that are dedicated to providing Fire Protection. Amounts that are subject to this dedication are reported as restricted.

#### **Economic Development**

A revolving loan fund established by a grant dedicated to Economic Development is considered restricted.

#### NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS

The Town's employees are eligible to be members of a statewide retirement system. This system is a cost-sharing, multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by a separate board of trustees. A summary of amounts reported in connection with participation in this plan is summarized as follows:

	Net Pension Liability		Out	eferred tflows of esources	Inf	eferred lows of sources
Municipal Employees' Retirement System Portion Applicable to Business Type Activities	\$	201,787 113,904	\$	73,941 40,542	\$	18,647 10,526
Portion Applicable to Government Type Activities	\$	87,883	\$	33,399	\$	8,121

# *Notes To Financial Statements June 30, 2020*

#### Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana:

**Plan Description** - The System is composed of two distinct plans, Plan A and Plan B, with separate assets and benefit provisions. Employees of the municipality are members of Plan B. Permanent employees not engaged in law enforcement working at least 35 hours per week who are not covered by another pension plan and are paid wholly or in part from municipal funds and all elected municipal officials are eligible to participate in the System. Under Plan B, employees who retire at or after age 60 with at least 10 years of creditable service, at or after age 55 with at least 30 years of creditable service are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 2 percent of their final-average monthly salary in excess of \$100 for each year of creditable service. Furthermore, employees with at least 10 years of creditable service, but less than 30 years may take early retirement benefits commencing at or after age 60, with the basic benefit reduced 3 percent for each year retirement precedes age 62. In any case, monthly retirement benefits paid under Plan B cannot exceed 100 percent of final-average salary. Final-average salary is the employee's average salary over the 36 consecutive or joined months that produce the highest average. Employees who terminate with at least the amount of creditable service stated above, and do not withdraw their employee contributions, may retire at the ages specified above and receive the benefit accrued to their date of termination. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established by state statute.

The System issued an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained going to mersla.com.

**Funding Policy** - Under Plan B, members are required by state statute to contribute 5.0 percent of their annual covered salary and the Town is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Contributions to the System also include one-fourth of one percent of the taxes shown to be collectible by the tax rolls of each parish, except Orleans and East Baton Rouge Parishes. These tax dollars are divided between Plan A and Plan B based proportionately on the salaries of the active members of each plan. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town are established and may be amended by state statute. As provided by State law, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The Town's contributions to the system were equal to 14.0% of member earnings.

**Financial Summary** – The plan description, funding policies and financial information provides a summary of the Plan provisions and finances. For additional details, the System issues an annual publicly available standalone financial report. The financial report includes information about the plan's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fiduciary net position. The report can be obtained on the internet at mersla.com. The plans net pension liability was determined at June 30, 2019 (measurement date and actuarial valuation date) and details are provided as follows:

Total Pension Liability	\$ 258,352,439
Plan Fiduciary Net Pension	170,871,104
Employer's net pension liability	87,481,335
Town's Proportionate Share (Percentage)	0.230666%
Town's Proportionate Share (Amount)	\$ 201,787

The net pension liability presented above was not affected by any special funding situations. Changes in the Town's proportionate share of Plan's net pension liability during the measurement period ending June 30, 2019 are provided as follows:

### *Notes To Financial Statements June 30, 2020*

Beginning Net Pension Liability Employer Contributions	\$	182,651 (24,680)
Pension Expense		
Proportionate Share of Plan Pension Expense 43,5	90	
Changes in Proportion 7,8	64	
Employee Contributions (6,0	82)	45,372
Deferred Outflows of Resources		(10,528)
Deferred Inflows of Resources		8,972
Ending Net Pension Liability	\$	201,787

There were no changes between June 30, 2020 and the Plan's measurement date that are expected to have a significant effect on the Town's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability. Balances presented as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources reported in connection with participation in the plan are presented as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Net	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$		\$	8,951	\$ (8,951)	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings						
on Pension Plan Investments		21,253			21,253	
Changes of Assumptions		12,301			12,301	
Changes in Proportion		15,720		9,696	6,024	
Employer Contributions Made After the Measurement Date		24,667			 24,667	
Total Deferrals		73,941		18,647	55,294	
Deferrals That Will be Recorded as a Reduction in Net Pension		24.667			24.667	
Liability in the Subsequent Reporting Period		24,667			 24,667	
Deferrals Subject to Amortization	\$	49,274	\$	18,647	\$ 30,627	

Deferrals that will be amortized as a component of pension expense in future periods are summarized as follows:

For the Year Ending:		
June 30, 2020	\$	15,685
June 30, 2021		10,266
June 30, 2022		2,830
June 30, 2023	_	1,846
Total	\$	30,627

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation was based on the results of an experience study, for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018.

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of the measurement date are as follows:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal Cost

### *Notes To Financial Statements June 30, 2020*

Investment Rate of Return	7.0%
Inflation Rate of Return	2.5%
Projected Salary Increases	1 to 4 years of service – 7.4% More than 4 years of service – 4.9%
Annuitant and beneficiary mortality	PubG-2010(B) Healthy Retiree Table set equal to 120% for males and females, each adjusted using their respective male and female MP 2018 scales.
Employee mortality	PubG-2010(B) Employee Table set equal to 120% for males and females, each adjusted using their respective male and female MP 2018 scales.
Disabled lives mortality	PubNS-2010(B) Disabled Retiree Table set equal to 120% for males and females with the full generational MP 2018 scales.
Expected Remaining Service Lives	3 years

#### **Discount Rate**

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return
Public equity	50%	2.15%
Public fixed income	35%	1.51%
Alternatives	15%	0.64%
Totals	100%	4.30%
Inflation		2.70%
Expected Arithmetic Nominal Return		7.00%

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% for the years ended June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates, which are calculated in accordance with relevant statutes and approved by the Board of Trustees and the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

### *Notes To Financial Statements June 30, 2020*

The effects of certain other changes in the net pension liability are required to be included in pension expense over the current and future periods. The effects on the total pension liability of (1) changes of economic and demographic assumptions or of other inputs and (2) differences between expected and actual experience are required to be included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees), determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. The effect on net pension liability of differences between the projected earnings on pension plan investments and actual experience with regard to those earnings is required to be included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a closed period of five years, beginning with the current period.

Sensitivity to changes in the discount has been determined by measuring net pension liability at a discount rate that is one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher than the current rate. The results are presented as follows:

	1% Decrease 6.00%	Current Discount	1% Increase 8.00%
	Discount Rate	Rate 7.00%	Discount
Net Pension Liability	\$ 268,934	\$ 201,787	\$ 145,004

#### NOTE 11 – INTERNAL BALANCES

In some cases resources available in particular funds have been used to supplement the operations of other funds. Internal receivables and payables have arisen as a result of these transactions. These internal balances are summarized as follows:

	Interfund Receivables		 erfund yables	Net
<b>Governmental Funds</b>				
General Fund	\$	46,667	\$ 	\$ 46,667
Economic Development		22,318		22,318
Non Major Fund				
Total Governmental Funds		68,985	 	 68,985
<b>Business Type Funds</b>				
Water System			68,985	(68,985)
Total	\$		\$ 68,985	\$ (68,985)

#### NOTE 12 - TRANSFERS

In the ordinary course of business, the Town routinely transfers resources between its funds to utilize resources where needed. Transfers during the year ended June 30, 2020 are summarized as follows:

	Operating Transfers In/(Out)	
<b>Governmental Funds</b>	*	
General Fund	\$	22,909
Non Major		(90,362)
		(67,453)
<b>Business-Type Funds</b>		
Sewer System		86,525
Water System		(19,072)
Total Business-Type		(67,453)
Net Transfers	\$	

# *Notes To Financial Statements June 30, 2020*

#### NOTE 13 – CONTINGENCIES:

Existing conditions that may have financial consequences are referred to as contingencies. Contingencies existing at June 30, 2020 are described as follows:

#### **Litigation**

Like most governmental units with extensive and diverse operations, the Town is occasionally named as a defendant in litigation. Based on analysis of pending and threatened matters, exposure to loss is limited to paying deductibles necessary to utilize insurance coverage.

#### **Grant Compliance**

The Town receives state and federal assistance through various grant programs. Management is confident that all significant grant conditions have been met; however, grantor agencies routinely review grant activity and could request reimbursement if a dispute occurs regarding compliance with grant conditions.

#### NOTE 14 - ON BEHALF PAYMENTS

The State of Louisiana provides supplemental pay for public safety employees that meet certain requirements. Amounts reported as revenue and expenditures in connection with State Supplemental Pay are presented as follows:

Police Department

\$ 27,262

#### NOTE 15 - ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND

Management believes that decades ago the Town received a Community Development Block Grant that was intended to establish a revolving loan fund for business in the Town of Glenmora. The original documents related to this grant are not available. In addition, the Town has not maintained payment histories to document collections made in connection with these loans. Without access to the loan terms and payment histories it is impossible to obtain sufficient evidence to support the amounts reported as loan balances. Furthermore, the financial statements report a \$17,323 interfund receivable to the water fund and \$4,995 to the general fund. Current management is unaware of the origins of this receivable. Due to the lack of information involving this fund any misstatement in this fund cannot be practically determined.

The amounts reported as loan balances at June 30, 2020 are:

Notes Receivable	\$ 57,230
Allowance for bad debts	(53,135)
Net	\$ 4,095

### General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budget	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 986,600</u>	<u>\$ 986,600</u>	<u>\$ 1,153,983</u>	<u>\$ 167,383</u>
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General Government	340,000	340,000	326,590	13,410
Public Safety				
Police Department	348,000	348,000	366,185	(18,185)
Fire Department	100,000	100,000	101,965	(1,965)
Public Works				
Streets and Drainage	257,000	257,000	302,576	(45,576)
Sanitation	110,000	110,000	77,537	32,463
Recreation	20,000	20,000	-	20,000
Capital Expenditures				
Total Expenditures	1,175,000	1,175,000	1,174,853	147
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue Over Expenditures	(188,400)	(188,400)	(20,870)	167,530
<b>Other Financing Sources (Uses):</b>				
Operating Transfers In (Out)			22,909	22,909
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources				
Over Expenditures and Other Uses	(188,400)	(188,400)	2,039	190,439
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year	141,201	144,201	260,486	116,285
Fund Balance (Deficit) - End of Year	\$ (47,199)	\$ (44,199)	\$ 262,525	\$ 306,724

### Schedule of Net Pension Liability Data Cost Sharing Retirement Systems

Retirement System /	Share of C Net Pension		Covered	Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered	Pension Plans Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension
Measurement Date	Percent	Amount	Payroll	Payroll	Liability
Muncipal Employees' Retirement System June 30, 2014	0.14%	63,445	91,909	69.0%	76.9%
June 30, 2015	0.16%	109,396	149,606	73.1%	68.7%
June 30, 2016 June 30, 2017 June 30, 2018	0.20% 0.26% 0.22%	166,513 225,029	193,049 193,049	86.3% 116.6% 114.3%	63.3% 62.5% 65.6%
June 30, 2018 June 30, 2019	0.22%	182,651 201,787	159,858 178,185	114.3% 113.2%	65.6% 66.1%

Notes to Schedule:

At the present time, management has not identified any factors that are expected to significantly affect trends in the amounts reported above.

### Schedule of Employer Contributions

**Cost Sharing Retirement Systems** 

Retirement System / Fiscal Year Ending	Statuatorily Required Employer Contributions	Contributions Recognized By the Pension Plan	Difference Between Required and Recognized Contributions	Covered Payroll	Contributions Recognized as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
Muncipal Employees' Retirement System					
June 30, 2014	8,042	8,042	-	91,909	8.75%
June 30, 2015	10,607	14,212	(3,605)	149,606	9.50%
June 30, 2016	21,235	14,020	7,215	193,049	7.26%
June 30, 2017	21,235	21,294	(59)	193,049	11.03%
June 30, 2018	21,181	21,329	(148)	159,858	13.34%
June 30, 2019	24,667	24,687	(20)	178,185	13.85%

Notes to Schedule:

At the present time, management has not identified any factors that are expected to significantly affect trends in the amounts reported above.

### Schedule of Compensation Paid to Elected Officials For the year ended June 30, 2020

Joseph Mott Thomas Doyle Joseph Rivers Glynn Dixon Brian Goree Willie Moore	\$ 21,600 37,332 4,200 4,200 4,200 4,200
Clyde Myers	4,200
Total Compensation	\$ 79,932

### Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer Year Ended June 30, 2020

Agency Head (Mayor)	
	Joseph
	Mott
Compensation	\$21,600
Benefits	-
Reimbursements	
	\$21,600

## Summary of Findings and Responses

June 30, 2020

#### PART I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- The Independent Auditor's Report on the financial statements for the Town of Glenmora as of June 30, 2020 and for the year then ended expressed a qualified opinion.
- Significant internal control deficiencies were reported, see Part II for details.
- Noncompliance material to the financial statements was reported, see Part II for details.

#### PART II - FINDINGS RELATING TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WHICH ARE REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GENERALLY ACCEPTED GOVERNMENTAL AUDITING STANDARDS:

#### **2020-001: Economic Development Loans**

The Town has an Economic Development Fund that has been used in the past to provide loans to business enterprises. Records related to the grant proceeds that were used to establish the Economic Development Fund cannot be located. Due to the absence of records documenting the grant terms, management cannot evaluate compliance with the provision of the original grant agreement. Accordingly, we suggest contacting the grant to request instructions on the disposition of the fund's remaining assets.

#### 2020-002: Non Compliance with Bond Covenants

In exchange for fees, the Town provides residents with utility service including water and sewage disposal. Operation of the utility system has not produced sufficient income to recover the costs of operations and service debt incurred to construct the utility system. In order to provide income necessary to sustain operations and repay creditors, we suggest altering the Town's utility rate structure to provide additional revenue needed to meet the utility system's obligations.

### *Management's Corrective Action Plan June 30, 2020*

#### **SECTION I** INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS. **FINDINGS RESPONSE** 2020-001: Economic Development Loans 2020-001: Response The Town has an Economic Development Fund that has been used in Since there is no further need for the Economic the past to provide loans to business enterprises. Records related to the Development Loan program, we have attempted grant proceeds that were used to establish the Economic Development to contact the original grantor and request Fund cannot be located. Due to the absence of records documenting the approval for an alternative use of the remaining funds. grant terms, management cannot evaluate compliance with the provision of the original grant agreement. 2020-002: Non Compliance with Bond Covenants 2020-002: Response In exchange for fees, the Town provides residents with utility service There has been substantial improvement in our including water and sewage disposal. Operation of the utility system utility revenues. We have cut costs and will has not produced sufficient income to recover the costs of operations continue to review the possibility of a utility rate and service debt incurred to construct the utility system. increase.

SECTION III MANAGEMENT LETTER		
<u>FINDINGS</u> <u>Response</u>		
No Findings of this nature were reported.	No response necessary	

### *Summary of Prior Year Findings June 30, 2020*

<u>SECTION I</u> INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.		
FINDINGS	RESPONSE	
<b>2019-001: Economic Development Loans</b> The Town has an Economic Development Fund that has been used in the past to provide loans to business enterprises. Records related to the grant proceeds that were used to establish the Economic Development Fund cannot be located. Due to the absence of records documenting the grant terms, management cannot evaluate compliance with the provision of the original grant agreement.	<u>Unresolved:</u> See Finding 2020-001.	
<b>2019-002:</b> Non Compliance with Bond Covenants In exchange for fees, the Town provides residents with utility service including water and sewage disposal. Operation of the utility system has not produced sufficient income to recover the costs of operations and service debt incurred to construct the utility system.	<u>Unresolved:</u> See Finding 2020-002	
<b>2019-003: Bank Reconciliations</b> Certain General Fund bank accounts were not properly reconciled. Due to the absence of a functional reconciliation process, management does not have the ability to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. This inability to avoid misstatements leads to a lack of sufficient appropriate audit evidence.	<b><u>Resolved</u></b> The bank accounts were properly reconciled during the current year.	
<b>2019-004: Budget Violation</b> The Town's General Fund expenditures exceeded budgeted appropriations by more than the variances allowed by law. This variance is attributable an absence of reliable financial information resulting from the dysfunctional reconciliation process described in the previous comment.	<b><u>Resolved</u></b> The expenditures were properly budgeted during the current year.	

### *Summary of Prior Year Findings June 30, 2020*

SECTION II INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO FEDERAL AWARDS			
FINDINGS	Response		
No Findings of this nature.	No response necessary		

SECTION III MANAGEMENT LETTER		
FINDINGS	Response	
No Findings of this nature.	No response necessary	