

Financial Report

St. Bernard Parish Assessor

December 31, 2020



Financial Report

St. Bernard Parish Assessor

December 31, 2020

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FINANCIAL SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Jaylynn Bergeron Turner,
St. Bernard Parish Assessor,
Chalmette, Louisiana.

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the General Fund of the St. Bernard Parish Assessor (the "Assessor"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the Assessor's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatements of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal controls. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and General Fund of St. Bernard Parish Assessor as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in net position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 through 9 and the required supplementary information on pages 43 through 45, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operations, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the statements as a whole. The Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head on page 46 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is required by Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513(A)(3) and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 24, 2021, on our consideration of the St. Bernard Parish Assessor's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the St. Bernard Parish Assessor's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Bougesin Bennett, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants.

New Orleans, Louisiana,
May 24, 2021.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

St. Bernard Parish Assessor
Chalmette, Louisiana

December 31, 2020

The Management's Discussion and Analysis of the St. Bernard Parish Assessor's (the "Assessor") financial performance presents a narrative overview and analysis of the Assessor's financial activities as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020. This document focuses on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts. Please read this document in conjunction with basic financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The Assessor's liabilities exceeded its assets as of December 31, 2020 by \$608,526 (net position), which represents a 4.13% increase from December 31, 2019.

The Assessor's revenues decreased \$12,390 (1.48%). This was due to the Assessor recognizing an increase revenue of \$14,160 for ad valorem tax revenue, a decrease in cost reimbursements from the St. Bernard Parish Government of \$9,960, a decrease of \$1,313 of interest income, and a decrease of \$15,277 of other revenue during 2020.

The Assessor's expenses increased \$12,136 (1.45%). The variance includes a increase in personnel services of \$40,664, a decrease of other services and charges of \$48,958, and an increase in materials and supplies of \$20,181.

The Assessor did not have any funds with deficit fund balances.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Assessor's basic financial statements. The Assessor's financial report consists of three parts: (1) management's discussion and analysis (this section), (2) basic financial statements, and (3) special reports by certified public accountants and management.

The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Assessor:

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Assessor's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business. The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the Assessor's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as the net position. Over time, increases or decreases in the net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Assessor is improving or deteriorating. The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Assessor's net position changes during each fiscal year.

All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods. The governmental activity of the Assessor is to assess all real and movable property that is subject to ad valorem taxes in St. Bernard Parish.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. All of the funds of the Assessor are governmental funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Assessor maintains one individual governmental fund (the "General Fund"). Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the General Fund. The Assessor adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 10 and 12 of this report.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found starting on page 15 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As previously noted, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the Assessor's financial position. As of December 31, 2020, liabilities exceeded assets by \$608,526. A portion of the Assessor's net position (\$17,886) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., office furniture, fixtures, and equipment). Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

Condensed Statements of Net Position

	<u>December 31,</u>		<u>Dollar</u>
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>Change</u>
Current and other assets	\$1,122,797	\$ 969,750	\$153,047
Capital assets	17,886	14,070	3,816
Total assets	<u>1,140,683</u>	<u>983,820</u>	<u>156,863</u>
Deferred outflows of resources	<u>873,746</u>	<u>657,495</u>	<u>216,251</u>
Current liabilities	3,963	5,665	(1,702)
Non-current liabilities	<u>2,240,810</u>	<u>1,856,831</u>	<u>383,979</u>
Total liabilities	<u>2,244,773</u>	<u>1,862,496</u>	<u>382,277</u>
Deferred inflows of resources	<u>378,182</u>	<u>363,212</u>	<u>14,970</u>
Net position (deficit):			
Invested in capital assets	17,886	14,070	3,816
Unrestricted	<u>(626,412)</u>	<u>(598,463)</u>	<u>(27,949)</u>
Total net position (deficit)	<u>\$ (608,526)</u>	<u>\$ (584,393)</u>	<u>\$ (24,133)</u>

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)**Governmental Activities**

Governmental activities decreased the Assessor's net position by \$24,133. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

Condensed Changes in Net Position

	<u>Year Ended December 31,</u>		<u>Dollar</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>Change</u>	<u>Percentage</u>
				<u>Change</u>
Revenues:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 777,972	\$ 763,812	\$ 14,160	1.85
Intergovernmental	48,501	58,461	(9,960)	(17.04)
Interest income	306	1,619	(1,313)	(81.10)
Other revenue	602	15,879	(15,277)	(96.21)
	<u>827,381</u>	<u>839,771</u>	<u>(12,390)</u>	<u>(1.48)</u>
Expenses:				
General and governmental	<u>851,514</u>	<u>839,378</u>	<u>12,136</u>	<u>1.45</u>
Increase (decrease) in net position	<u>(24,133)</u>	<u>393</u>	<u>(24,526)</u>	<u>6,240.71</u>
Net position (deficit), beginning of year	<u>(584,393)</u>	<u>(584,786)</u>	<u>393</u>	<u>(0.07)</u>
Net position (deficit), end of year	<u><u>\$(608,526)</u></u>	<u><u>\$(584,393)</u></u>	<u><u>\$(24,133)</u></u>	<u>4.13</u>

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Assessor uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS (Continued)

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Assessor's governmental fund is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Assessor's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending as of December 31, 2020. As of December 31, 2020, the Assessor's governmental fund, the General Fund, reported an ending fund balance of \$1,118,834, an increase of \$154,749 in comparison with the prior year. An unassigned fund balance of \$1,115,364 is available for spending at the Assessor's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is nonspendable to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed for insurance.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The budget was amended once during the year. The primary reason for amending the budget was the result of obtaining more accurate information on revenue and expenditures. The major differences between the original General Fund budget and the final amended budget were as follows:

Revenues

- Decreasing reimbursement due from St. Bernard Parish Government by approximately \$10,000 to account for actual cost reimbursement funding due to the Assessor's office.

Expenditures

- Decreasing maps and office supplies expense approximately \$8,000 to reflect less need during the year due to the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic.
- Decreasing commercial valuation expense approximately \$30,000, as a result of not needing this service in the current year.
- Decreasing salaries by approximately \$23,000 to reflect actual balances and decrease in staff time needed during the COVID-19.
- Increasing computer expense by approximately \$8,000 to reflect actual balances.

During the year, revenues were higher than budgetary estimates by approximately \$69,200 and expenditures were lower than budgetary estimates by approximately \$50,000.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Assets

The Assessor's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2020, totaled \$17,886 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes office furniture, fixtures, and equipment.

	<u>December 31,</u>	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Office furniture, fixtures, and equipment - cost	<u>\$146,745</u>	<u>\$137,008</u>

Additional information on the Assessor's capital assets can be found in Note 6 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The Assessor typically considers the following factors and indicators when setting the next year's budget, rates, and fees. These factors and indicators are as follows:

- Personal services increased with salary increases.
- Contractual services increased due to upcoming commercial valuations.
- Capital outlays decreased as equipment purchases were made in 2020.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Assessor's finances for all those with an interest in the Assessor's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Jaylynn Bergeron Turner, Assessor, Parish of St. Bernard, 2118 Jackson Blvd., Suite A, Chalmette, Louisiana 70043.

**STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND
GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET**

St. Bernard Parish Assessor
Chalmette, Louisiana

December 31, 2020

	General Fund	Adjustments (Exhibit B)	Statement of Net Position
Assets			
Cash	\$ 442,730	\$ -	\$ 442,730
Due from St. Bernard Parish Sheriff	676,597	-	676,597
Prepaid expenses	3,470	-	3,470
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	-	17,886	17,886
Total assets	1,122,797	17,886	1,140,683
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Other post employment benefit obligations	-	579,104	579,104
Pension	-	294,642	294,642
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	873,746	873,746
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$1,122,797	891,632	2,014,429
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued expenditures	\$ 1,182	-	1,182
Other liabilities	2,781	-	2,781
Net pension liability	-	121,758	121,758
Unfunded other post-employment benefit obligations	-	2,119,052	2,119,052
Total liabilities	3,963	2,240,810	2,244,773
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Other post employment benefit obligations	-	183,128	183,128
Pension	-	195,054	195,054
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	378,182	378,182
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	3,963	2,618,992	2,622,955
Fund Balance/Net Position			
Fund balance:			
Nonspendable	3,470	(3,470)	-
Unassigned	1,115,364	(1,115,364)	-
Total fund balance	1,118,834	(1,118,834)	-
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$1,122,797	1,500,158	2,622,955
Net position (deficit):			
Net invested in capital assets		17,886	17,886
Unrestricted		(626,412)	(626,412)
Total net position (deficit)		\$ (608,526)	\$ (608,526)

See notes to financial statements.

**RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND
BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION**

St. Bernard Parish Assessor

Chalmette, Louisiana

December 31, 2020

Fund Balance - Governmental Fund		\$1,118,834
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental fund:		
Governmental capital assets	\$ 146,745	
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(128,859)</u>	17,886
Deferred outflows of resources used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds:		
Retirement	294,642	
Other post-employment benefits	<u>579,104</u>	873,746
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the General Fund:		
Net pension liability	(121,758)	
Other post-employment benefit obligations	<u>(2,119,052)</u>	(2,240,810)
Deferred inflow of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds:		
Retirement	(195,054)	
Other post-employment benefits	<u>(183,128)</u>	<u>(378,182)</u>
Net Position (Deficit) of Governmental Activities		<u><u>\$ (608,526)</u></u>

See notes to financial statements.

**STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND STATEMENT OF
GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE**

**St. Bernard Parish Assessor
Chalmette, Louisiana**

For the year ended December 31, 2020

	General Fund	Adjustments (Exhibit D)	Statement of Activities
Revenues			
Ad valorem	\$ 777,972	\$ -	\$ 777,972
Intergovernmental -			
State of Louisiana -			
State revenue sharing	7,761	-	7,761
St. Bernard Parish Government -			
cost reimbursement	40,740	-	40,740
Interest income	306	-	306
Other revenue	602	-	602
	<u>827,381</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>827,381</u>
Total revenues			
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government:			
Personal services	537,053	182,698	719,751
Other services and charges	70,649	-	70,649
Materials and supplies	47,524	-	47,524
Depreciation	-	13,590	13,590
	<u>655,226</u>	<u>196,288</u>	<u>851,514</u>
Total general government			
Capital outlay	17,406	(17,406)	-
	<u>672,632</u>	<u>178,882</u>	<u>851,514</u>
Total expenditures			
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	154,749	(154,749)	-
Change in Net Position	-	(24,133)	(24,133)
	<u>154,749</u>	<u>(178,882)</u>	<u>(24,133)</u>
Fund Balance/Net Position (Deficit)			
Beginning of year	964,085	(1,548,478)	(584,393)
End of year	<u>\$1,118,834</u>	<u>\$(1,727,360)</u>	<u>\$(608,526)</u>

See notes to financial statements.

**RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF GOVERNMENTAL
FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND
BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES**

St. Bernard Parish Assessor
Chalmette, Louisiana

For the year ended December 31, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Fund	\$154,749
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense, and the net book value of any disposed assets is recorded as a loss on the disposal of assets:	
Capital outlay	\$ 17,406
Depreciation expense	<u>(13,590)</u> 3,816
Net pension expense is reported in governmental funds as expenditures as they are paid, however, in the Statement of Activities the net pension expense is reported according to estimates required by GASB 68:	
Pension expenses paid	62,385
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current fiscal resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the General Fund:	
Net change in other post-employment benefit obligations	<u>(245,083)</u>
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u><u>\$ (24,133)</u></u>

See notes to financial statements.

**STATEMENT OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES,
EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND**

St. Bernard Parish Assessor
Chalmette, Louisiana

For the year ended December 31, 2020

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>
				<u>Favorable</u>
				<u>(Unfavorable)</u>
Revenues				
Ad valorem taxes	\$718,000	\$718,000	\$ 777,972	\$ 59,972
Intergovernmental -				
State of Louisiana -				
State revenue sharing	-	-	7,761	7,761
St. Bernard Parish Government -				
cost reimbursement	50,000	40,000	40,740	740
Interest income	1,233	150	306	156
Other revenue	-	-	602	602
	<u>769,233</u>	<u>758,150</u>	<u>827,381</u>	<u>69,231</u>
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government:				
Personal services	560,767	543,077	537,053	6,024
Other services and charges	132,060	100,925	70,649	30,276
Materials and supplies	43,000	78,500	47,524	30,976
Total general government	<u>735,827</u>	<u>722,502</u>	<u>655,226</u>	<u>67,276</u>
Capital outlay	<u>30,200</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>17,406</u>	<u>(17,406)</u>
Total expenditures	<u>766,027</u>	<u>722,502</u>	<u>672,632</u>	<u>49,870</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	3,206	35,648	154,749	<u>\$119,101</u>
Net Position				
Beginning of year	<u>750,413</u>	<u>964,085</u>	<u>964,085</u>	
End of year	<u>\$753,619</u>	<u>\$999,733</u>	<u>\$1,118,834</u>	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**St. Bernard Parish Assessor**

Chalmette, Louisiana

December 31, 2020

Note 1 - NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As provided by Article VII, Section 24 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, the assessors are elected by the voters of each parish (except Orleans Parish), and serve terms of four years. The assessor assesses property, prepares tax rolls, and submits the rolls to the Louisiana Tax Commission as prescribed by law.

The St. Bernard Parish Assessor is a separately elected official and is not included as a component unit in any other financial statements.

The accounting policies of the St. Bernard Parish Assessor (the "Assessor") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of significant accounting policies:

a. Reporting Entity

The Assessor has reviewed all of its activities and determined that there are no potential component units which should be included in its financial statements.

The Assessor is an independently elected official and is not considered fiscally dependent on the St. Bernard Parish Council (the "Parish Council"). As the governing authority of the Parish, for reporting purposes, the St. Bernard Parish Council is the financial reporting entity for the St. Bernard Parish. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Note 1 - NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

a. Reporting Entity (Continued)

The GASB established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the St. Bernard Parish Council for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes:

1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and
 - a. the ability of the Parish Council to impose its will on that organization and/or,
 - b. the potential for the Assessor to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Parish Council.
2. Organizations for which the Parish Council does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the Parish Council.
3. Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements would be misleading if data of the Assessor is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

Because the Parish Council does not appoint the Assessor, does not provide funding (other than the use of facilities); or have any control over the Assessor, the Assessor has determined that the office is not a component unit of the St. Bernard Parish Council. The accompanying financial statements present information only on the funds maintained by the Assessor and do not present information on the Parish Council, the general government services provided by that governmental unit, or the other governmental units that comprise the financial reporting entity of St. Bernard Parish.

b. Basis of Presentation

The Assessor's basic financial statements consist of the government-wide statements on all activities of the Assessor and the governmental fund financial statements.

Note 1 - NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

b. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities for all activities of the Assessor. The government-wide presentation focuses primarily on the sustainability of the Assessor as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities for the fiscal period. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements are very similar to the traditional government fund statements as presented by governments prior to the issuance of GASB Statement No. 34. Emphasis is now on the major funds. The daily accounts and operations of the Assessor continue to be organized on the basis of a fund and accounts group, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of the fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, equity, revenues, and expenditures. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in the fund based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The following is the governmental fund of the Assessor:

General Fund

The General Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 47:1906 is the operating fund and is the only fund of the Assessor. It is used to account for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is always a major fund.

c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe which transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Note 1 - NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other uses) in net current assets. Governmental funds are maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Governmental fund revenues resulting from exchange transactions are recognized in the fiscal year in which the exchange takes place and meets the government's availability criteria (susceptible to accrual). Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For this purpose, the Assessor considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenues when received in cash by the Assessor because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

Ad valorem taxes are assessed for the calendar year and become due on December 31st of each year. Ad valorem tax revenue authorized by Act 292 of 1985 is accounted for in this fund. Ad valorem taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which levied; thus, the property taxes which are being levied to finance the current year budget are recognized as revenue in the current year. State revenue sharing is an arrangement whereby local governments are reimbursed by the State for ad valorem taxes not billed due to the homestead exemption. The Assessor received \$7,761 from state revenue sharing for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Interest income on cash balances is recorded when the income is available.

Note 1 - NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. Allocations of cost such as depreciation are not recognized in the governmental funds.

d. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

e. Operating Budgetary Data

As required by the Louisiana Revised Statutes 39:1303, the Assessor adopted a budget for its General Fund. The budgetary practices include public notice of the proposed budget, public inspection of the proposed budget, and public hearings of the budget prior to adoption. Any amendment involving the transfer of monies from one function to another or increases in expenditures must be approved by the Assessor. The Assessor amended its budget once during 2020. All budgeted amounts which are not expended or obligated through contracts, lapse at year end.

The General Fund budget is adopted on a basis materially consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

f. Receivables

The financial statements of the Assessor contain no allowance for bad debts. Uncollectible receivables are recognized as bad debts at the time information becomes available, which would indicate the uncollectibility of the particular receivable. These amounts are not considered to be material in relation to the financial position or operation of the fund.

Note 1 - NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

g. Prepaid Expenses

Payments made to vendors for the general insurance that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2020 are recorded as prepaid expenses. These amounts are equally offset by a fund balance classification of nonspendable which indicates that they do not constitute available spendable resources even though they are a component of the assets.

h. Capital Assets and Depreciation

The accounting treatment over plant and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide financial statements, property and equipment are accounted for as capital assets. Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$500 or more are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance is expensed as incurred.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Office furniture, fixtures, and equipment	3 - 10 years
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Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, the cost of capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

Note 1 - NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

i. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditures) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then.

j. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Louisiana Assessors' Retirement Fund (the "Fund") and additions to/deductions from the Fund fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

All information presented in Note 8 is based on the Fund year ended September 30, 2020.

k. Vacation and Sick Leave

Employees of the Assessor's office earn two to three weeks of vacation leave each year, depending on their years of service. Vacation leave cannot be carried forward to succeeding years. There is no formal policy regarding sick leave.

The cost of leave privileges is recognized as current year expenditure in the General Fund when leave is actually taken. As of December 31, 2020, there are no accumulated and vested benefits relating to compensated absences.

Note 1 - NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1. Fund Equity

Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

1. Invested in capital assets - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.
2. Restricted net assets - Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributions or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
3. Unrestricted net assets - All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets".

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Assessor's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. As of December 31, 2020 and for the year then ended, the Assessor did not have restricted net assets or receive restricted revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as follows:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - amounts that can be spent only for a specific purpose because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributions, or the laws or regulations of other governments. There was no restricted equity as of December 31, 2020.

Committed - amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal decision of the Assessor. There was no committed equity as of December 31, 2020.

Note 1 - NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

l. Fund Equity (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Assigned - amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for a specific purposes. There was no assigned equity as of December 31, 2020.

Unassigned - all other amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

For classification of Governmental Fund balances, the Assessor considers an expenditure to be made from the most restrictive first when more than one classification is available. The Assessor's fund balance as of December 31, 2020 totaled \$1,118,834 of which \$1,115,364 was classified as unassigned and \$3,470 was classified as nonspendable as this balance related to prepaid expenses.

m. New GASB Statements

During the year ending December 31, 2020, the Assessor implemented the following GASB Statements:

Statement No. 95, "*Postponement for the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*" provides temporary relief to governments and other stockholders in light of COVID-19, as a pandemic. That objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain statements and implementation guides to those dates reported below.

The GASB has issued the following Statements which will become effective in future years as shown below:

Statement No. 87, "*Leases*" increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of

Note 1 - NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

m. New GASB Statements (Continued)

information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. Earlier application is encouraged. Management has not yet determined the effect of this Statement on the financial statements.

Statement No. 89, "*Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*" establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. Such interest cost includes all interest that previously was accounted for in accordance with the requirements of paragraphs 5-22 of Statement No. 62, "Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements", which are superseded by this Statement. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. Management has not yet determined the effect of this Statement on the financial statements.

Statement No. 90, "*Majority Equity Interest*" the primary objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting government's majority equity interest in legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. A majority equity interest that meets the definition of an investment should be measured using the equity method. This Statement establishes that ownership of a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization results in the government being financially accountable for the legally separate organization and, therefore, the government should report that organization as component unit. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting period beginning after December 15, 2020. Management has not yet determined the effect of this Statement on the financial statements.

Note 1 - NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

m. New GASB Statements (Continued)

Statement No. 91, "*Conduit Debt Obligations*" provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. Management has not yet determined the effect of this Statement on the financial statements.

Statement No. 92, "*Omnibus 2020*" establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for specific issues related to leases, intra-entity transfers of assets, postemployment benefits, government acquisitions, risk financing and insurance related activities of public entity risk pools, fair value measurements, and derivative instruments. The requirements of this Statement apply to all financial statements of all state and local governments at dates varying from upon issuance to fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2021. Management has not yet determined the effect of this Statement on the financial statements.

Statement No. 93, "*Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*" some governments have entered into agreements in which variable payments made or received depend on an interbank offered rate (IBOR) most notably, the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). As a result of global reference rate reform, LIBOR is expected to cease to exist in its current form at the end of 2021, prompting governments to amend or replace financial instruments for the purpose of replacing LIBOR with other reference rates. This Statement will preserve the consistency and comparability of reporting hedging derivative instruments and leases after governments amend or replace agreements to replace an IBOR. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. Management has not yet determined the effect of this Statement on the financial statements.

Note 1 - NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

m. New GASB Statements (Continued)

Statement No. 94, "*Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*" improves financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Some PPPs meet the definition of a service concession arrangement (SCA), which the Board defines in the Statement as a PPP in which (1) the operator collects and is compensated by fees from third parties; (2) the transferor determines or has the ability to modify or approve which services the operator is required to provide, to whom the operator is required to provide the services, and the prices or rates that can be charged for the services; and (3) the transferor is entitled to significant residual interest in the service utility of the underlying PPP asset at the end of the arrangement. This Statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements (APAs). As defined in this Statement, an APA is an arrangement in which a government compensates an operator for services that may include designing, constructing, financing, maintaining, or operating an underlying nonfinancial asset for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the years beginning after June 15, 2022. Management has yet to determine the effect of this Statement on the financial statements.

Statement No. 96, "*Subscription-based Information Technology Arrangements*" provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset – an intangible asset – and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the years beginning after June 15, 2022. Management has not yet determined the effect of this Statement on the financial statements.

Note 1 - NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

m. New GASB Statements (Continued)

Statement No. 97, "*Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32*" provides objectives to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the years beginning after June 15, 2021. Management has not yet determined the effect of this Statement on the financial statements.

n. Subsequent Events

The Assessor evaluates events occurring subsequent to the date of the financial statements in determining the accounting for and disclosure of transactions and events that affect the financial statements. Subsequent events have been evaluated through May 24, 2021, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2 - DEPOSITS

Louisiana state law allows all political subdivisions to invest excess funds in obligations of the United States, or any other federally insured investment, certificates of deposit of any bank domiciled or having a branch office in the State of Louisiana, guaranteed investment contracts and investment grade (A-1/P-2) commercial paper of domestic corporations.

Note 2 - DEPOSITS (Continued)

Bank Deposits:

State law requires deposits (cash) of all political subdivisions to be fully collateralized at all times. Acceptable collateralization includes Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance and securities purchased and pledged to the political subdivision. Obligations of the United States, the State of Louisiana, and certain political subdivisions are allowed as security for deposits. Obligations furnished as security must be held by the political subdivision, with an unaffiliated bank, or with a trust company for the account of the political subdivision.

The bank balance as of December 31, 2020 is as follows:

	<u>Bank Balances</u>	<u>Reported Amount</u>
Cash	<u>\$452,622</u>	<u>\$442,730</u>

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Assessor's deposits may not be returned to it. The Assessor has a written policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2020, approximately \$202,622 of the Assessor's bank balances of \$452,622 was exposed to custodial credit risk. These deposits were uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, and are deemed to be held in the Assessor's name by state statutes.

As of December 31, 2020, cash was adequately insured in accordance with state law. Pledged securities are considered subject to custodial credit risk under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 40, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within ten days of being notified by the depositor that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

Note 3 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are typically levied each November 1st on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1st for all property, merchandise, and movable property located in the Parish. Assessed values are established by the St. Bernard Parish Assessor's Office and State Tax Commission at percentages of actual value as specified by Louisiana law. A reevaluation of all property is required to be completed no less than every four years. The last reevaluation of property was completed during 2020. Taxes are due and payable December 31st, with interest being charged on payments after January 1st. Taxes can be paid through the tax sale date, which is the last Wednesday in June. Properties for which the taxes have not been paid

Note 3 - PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

are sold at the amount of the taxes. The tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2020 was \$1.90 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation of property within St. Bernard Parish for the purpose of assessing property, preparing tax rolls, and submitting the rolls to the Louisiana Tax Commission. As indicated in Note 1c, taxes levied November 1, 2019 are for budgeted expenditures in 2020 and is recognized as revenue in 2020.

The Assessor's office is located in St. Bernard Parish in Chalmette, Louisiana. In accordance with Louisiana law, the Assessor bases real and movable property assessments on conditions existing on January 1st of the tax year. The Assessor completes an assessment listing by May 1st of the tax year and submits the list to the parish governing authority and the Louisiana Tax Commission, as prescribed by law. Once the assessment listing is approved, the Assessor submits the assessment roll to the parish tax collector, who is responsible for the collection and distribution of taxes to the various taxing bodies.

As of December 31, 2020, there are 24,473 real property and movable property assessments totaling \$217,318,334 and \$262,567,257, respectively. This represents a decrease of seven assessments and an increase in property assessments of \$10,535,457 from the prior year.

The following are the principal taxpayers for the Parish with assessed valuation in excess of \$3.7 million:

<u>Taxpayer</u>	<u>Type of Business</u>	<u>2020 Assessed Valuation</u>	<u>Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation</u>
Chalmette Refining, L.L.C.	Oil	\$ 50,898,289	10.61
Valero Refining	Oil	50,588,570	10.54
PBF Holding Company LLC	Oil	28,204,492	5.88
Colonial Pipeline Co.	Oil	27,896,770	5.81
American Sugar/Domino	Sugar	20,617,094	4.30
Southern Natural Gas Co.	Utility	12,156,720	2.53
Entergy Louisiana, Inc.	Utility	11,196,490	2.33
Tennessee Gas Pipeline Co.	Oil	5,849,740	1.22
Moem Pipeline, L.L.C.	Oil	5,132,170	1.07
Rain CII Carbon, L.L.C.	Utility	4,303,210	0.90
Totals		<u>\$ 216,843,545</u>	<u>45.19</u>

Note 4 - DUE FROM ST. BERNARD PARISH SHERIFF

Amounts due from St. Bernard Parish Sheriff as of December 31, 2020 consisted of ad valorem taxes collected by the St. Bernard Parish Sheriff in December 31, 2020 but not remitted to the Assessor until the beginning of the following year. The balance due as of December 31, 2020 was \$676,597.

Note 5 - STATE REVENUE SHARING

State revenue sharing is an arrangement whereby local governments are reimbursed by the state for ad valorem taxes not billed due to the homestead exemption. State revenue sharing revenue of \$7,761 was recognized for the year ended December 31, 2020. The majority of state revenue sharing revenue was allocated by the state to other St. Bernard Parish governmental entities.

Note 6 - CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2020 was as follows:

	<u>Balance January 1, 2020</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Dispositions</u>	<u>Balance December 31, 2020</u>
Capital assets				
being depreciated:				
Office furniture, fixtures, and equipment	\$137,008	\$ 17,406	\$(7,669)	\$146,745
Less accumulated				
depreciation for:				
Office furniture, fixtures, and equipment	<u>(122,938)</u>	<u>(13,590)</u>	<u>7,669</u>	<u>(128,859)</u>
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 14,070</u>	<u>\$ 3,816</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 17,886</u>

Note 7 - COMMITMENTS

The Assessor entered into an operating lease agreement for equipment in November 2019. The lease is for four years, with monthly lease payments of \$845 expiring in November 2023.

Note 7 - COMMITMENTS (Continued)

Minimum future lease payments as of December 31, 2020 are as follows:

<u>Year Ending December 31,</u>	
2021	\$10,136
2022	10,136
2023	<u>8,447</u>
Total	<u><u>\$28,719</u></u>

Lease expense totaled \$10,979 for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Note 8 - RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description. The Assessor contributes to the Louisiana Assessor's Retirement Fund ("Fund"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS), which is controlled and administered by a separate Board of Trustees.

Act 91 of the 1950 Louisiana Legislative Session established the plan. Provisions of the plan are set forth in the Louisiana Revised Statutes 11:1401 through 11:1494. The Fund issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to Louisiana Assessor's Retirement Fund, P.O. Box 14699, Baton Rouge, Louisiana, 70898-4699.

Benefits Provided. The Fund provides retirement, deferred retirement, disability, and death benefits. Employees who were hired before October 1, 2013, will be eligible for pension benefits once they have either reached the age of 55 and have at least 12 years of service or have at least 30 years of service, regardless of age. Employees who were hired on or after October 1, 2013, will be eligible for pension benefits once they have either reached the age of 60 and have at least 12 years of service or have reached the age of 55 and have at least 30 years of service.

Employees who became members prior to October 1, 2006, are entitled to annual pension benefits equal to 3.33% of their average final compensation based on the 36 consecutive months of highest pay, multiplied by their total years of service, not to exceed 100% of final compensation. Employees who become members on or after October 1, 2006 will have their benefit based on the highest 60 months of consecutive service. Employees may elect to receive their pension benefits in the form of a joint and survivor annuity.

Note 8 - RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement, any member of the plan who is eligible to retire may elect to participate in the Back-Deferred Retirement Option Plan (Back-DROP) in which they are enrolled for three years and defer the receipt of benefits. During the participation in the plan, employer contributions are payable but employee contributions cease. The monthly retirement benefits that would be payable, had the person elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance, are paid into the Back-DROP fund. The election to participate in Back-DROP is irrevocable once participation begins. The Board of Trustees shall award disability benefits to eligible members who have been officially certified as disabled by the State Medical Disability Board. Upon retirement caused by disability, a member of the Plan shall be paid a disability benefit equal to the greater of 45% of final average compensation; the member's accrued retirement benefit at the time of termination of employment due to disability; or the retirement benefit which would be payable assuming accrued creditable service plus additional accrued service, if any, to the earliest normal retirement age based on final average compensation at the time of termination of employment due to disability. Death benefits are payable to eligible surviving dependents based on the deceased member's years of creditable service and compensation and the dependent's relationship to the deceased member. The System provides permanent benefit increases and cost of living adjustments (COLA) as approved by the State Legislature.

Contributions. According to state statute, contributions for all employers are actuarially determined each year. The actuarially determined employer contribution rate was 3.01% of member's compensation. However, the actual rate was 8.0% through September 2020.

Contributions to the Fund from the St. Bernard Parish Assessor were \$58,717.

Pension Liabilities. The St. Bernard Parish Assessor reported a liability of \$121,758 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of September 30, 2020 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The St. Bernard Parish Assessor's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on a projection of the St. Bernard Parish Assessor's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The St. Bernard Parish Assessor's proportion was .796971%, which was a decrease of .017251% from its proportion measure from the prior year.

Pension Expense. The St. Bernard Parish Assessor recognized a GASB 68 pension adjustment of \$(62,385) and pension expense of \$(3,668).

Note 8 - RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. The St. Bernard Parish Assessor reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 3,896	\$ (97,279)
Change of assumptions	270,312	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	(95,748)
Changes in proportion and differences between Assessor's contributions and proportionate share of contribution	5,755	(2,027)
Assessor's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>14,679</u>	<u>-</u>
Totals	<u><u>\$294,642</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (195,054)</u></u>

The St. Bernard Parish Assessor reported \$14,679 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the following year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year Ending December 31,</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2021	\$ 11,725
2022	32,366
2023	29,237
2024	(4,205)
2025	<u>15,786</u>
Total	<u><u>\$ 84,909</u></u>

Note 8 - RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions. A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability are as follows:

Valuation Date	September 30, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Expected Remaining Service Lives	6 years
Investment Rate of Return	5.75%, net of investment expense
Projected Salary Increases	5.25%
Annuitant and Beneficiary Mortality	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for General Healthy Retirees multiplied by 120% with full generational projection using the appropriate MP-2019 improvement scale.
Active Members Mortality	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for General Employees multiplied by 120% with full generational projection using the appropriate MP-2019 improvement scale.
Disabled Lives Mortality	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for General Disabled Retirees multiplied by 120% with full generational projection using the appropriate MP-2019 improvement scale.
Cost of Living Adjustments	The present value of future retirement benefits is based on benefits currently being paid by the Fund and includes previously granted cost of living increases. The present values do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized

Note 8 - RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a triangulation method in which best-estimates of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These rates are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The long term expected rate of return was 5.75%. The best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Equity	60.00%
Fixed income	30.00%
Alternative	10.00%
Total	100.00%
	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
International equity	8.50%
Domestic equity	7.50%
Alternative assets	5.87%
Real estate	4.50%
International bonds	3.50%
Domestic bonds	2.50%

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers and non-employer contributing entities will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates, which are calculated in accordance with relevant statutes and approved by the Board of Trustees of the Fund. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note 8 - RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Assessor's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the participating employers calculated using the discount rate of 5.75%, as well as what the employers' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage point lower (4.75%) or one-percentage point higher (6.75%) than the current rate:

	<u>1.0% Decrease 4.75%</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate 5.75%</u>	<u>1.0% Increase 6.75%</u>
Assessor's proportionate share share of the net pension liability	<u>\$552,705</u>	<u>\$121,758</u>	<u>\$(244,614)</u>

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. The Fund has issued a stand-alone audit report on its financial statements. Access to the report can be found on the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's website, www.la.gov.

Note 9 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description -The Assessor's medical and life insurance benefits are provided through a State of Louisiana sponsored plan and are made available to employees upon retirement. An employee is eligible to elect medical and insurance coverage upon retiring. Eligibility for retiree medical and insurance coverage is available to employees over 55 years of age and who have accumulated over 20 years of service and for an employee of any age if they have 30 years or more of service. Complete plan provisions are included in the official plan documents. It is assumed that 100% of employees who elect coverage while in active employment and who are eligible for retiree medical and insurance benefits will elect continued coverage upon retirement. For those who elect coverage, it is also assumed that they will continue to be covered by the same plan as retirees as when they were active.

For active and retirees, the life insurance coverage amount provided by the Assessor and their annual premium was calculated on an individual basis. Life insurance premiums for retiree coverage are \$.532/month/unit of coverage for 2020. The Assessor covers 100% of the premium amount.

Note 9 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Benefits Provided. The Assessor provides medical, dental, and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms provide for payment of 100% of retiree pre-medical health, Medicare supplement, and dental insurance premiums. Retirees are required to pay 100% of the premium for their dependents. The plan also provides for payment of 100% of retiree life insurance premiums. For the year ended December 31, 2020, total contributions to the retiree health plan amounted to \$103,109 with the retirees contribution \$20,660 and the Assessor contributing \$82,449.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. At December 31, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefits payments	2
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	<u>5</u>
Total	<u><u>7</u></u>

Total OPEB Liability

The Assessor's total OPEB liability of \$2,119,052 was measured as of December 31, 2020, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2020.

	December 31,	
	2020	2019
Total OPEB liability	<u>\$2,119,052</u>	<u>\$1,642,054</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 369,864</u>	<u>\$ 377,006</u>
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	<u>572.93%</u>	<u>435.55%</u>

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the valuation date, calculated based on the discount rate and actuarial assumptions below, and was then projected forward to the measurement date. Any significant changes during this period have been reflected as prescribed by GASB 75.

Note 9 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified.

Measurement Date	December 31, 2020
Actuarial Valuation Date	January 1, 2020
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Inflation Rate	2.20%
Salary Increases	3.00%
Discount Rate	2.12%
Participation Assumption	100% of members are assumed to elect retiree medical coverage at retirement.
Marriage Assumption	For actives, it is assumed that husbands are three years older than their wives with 40% of active participants electing spouse coverage at retirement.
Compensation Increase	3.00% per annum, compounded annually.
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates:	
Medical	Initially 6.40%, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.70%.
Medicare Supplement	Initially 5.40%, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.70%. (Does not reflect the ACA excise tax effective 2022.)
Dental	3.00%

The Assessor pays 100% of the premium for retirees. The Assessor does not pay any of the premium for covered spouses.

The discount rate was based on the 20 Year Tax-Exempt Municipal Bond Yield.

Note 9 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Mortality Rate

Healthy Retirement: Sex distinct Pub-2010 General Mortality with separate employee and healthy annuitant rates, projected generationally using Scale MP-2020.

Beneficiaries: Sex distinct Pub-2010 General Contingent Survivors Mortality, projected generationally using Scale MP-2020.

Disability Retirement: Sex distinct Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Mortality, projected generationally using Scale MP-2020.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 valuation were based on those used in the Assessor's valuation and actuarial experience.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance as of December 31, 2019		<u>\$1,642,054</u>
Changes for the year:		
Service costs		109,371
Interest on total OPEB liability		47,731
Difference between expected and actual experience		159,851
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs:		
Change due to claims costs update	\$ 2,440	
Change due to Trend update	(21,356)	
Change due to Mortality update	(29,381)	
Change due to Discount Rate update	<u>227,280</u>	
Total assumption changes		178,983
Benefit payments		<u>(18,938)</u>
Total changes for the year		<u>476,998</u>
Balance as of December 31, 2020		<u><u>\$2,119,052</u></u>

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Assessor, calculated using the discount rate of 2.12%, as well as what the Assessor's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (1.12%) or 1% higher (3.12%) than the current rate.

Note 9 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

	1% Decrease 1.12%	Discount Rate 2.12%	1% Increase 3.12%
Total OPEB liability	\$2,569,801	\$2,119,052	\$1,768,663

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Assessor, calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rates as well as what the Assessor's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using trend rates that are 1% lower or 1% higher than the current trend rates.

	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
Total OPEB liability	\$1,820,881	\$2,119,052	\$2,499,584

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2020 the Assessor recognized an OPEB expense of \$264,228. As of December 31, 2020, the Assessor reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$(183,218)	\$121,240
Change in assumptions	-	457,864
Totals	\$(183,218)	\$579,104

Note 9 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2021	\$106,919
2022	106,919
2023	106,919
2024	45,952
2025	<u>29,177</u>
Total	<u><u>\$395,886</u></u>

Note 10 - BUDGETARY INFORMATION

As required by the L.R.S. 39:1301-1315, the Assessor adopted a budget for its General Fund for the year ended December 31, 2020 and it was made available for public inspection at the Assessor's office on November 29, 2019. The proposed budget was prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, and was published in the official journal on November 29, 2019. The budget hearing was held at the Assessor's office on December 10, 2019. The budget was legally adopted and amended, as necessary, by the Assessor. The budget for the year ended December 31, 2020 was amended once and was made available for public inspection at the Assessor's office on November 27, 2020. The budget was published in the official journal on November 27, 2020. The budget hearing was held at the Assessor's office on December 8, 2020. All appropriations lapse at year end.

Formal budget integration (within the accounting records) is employed as a management control device. Budget amounts included in the accompanying financial statements include the original adopted budget.

Note 11 - STATE OF LOUISIANA TAX ABATEMENT

Assessor property tax revenues were reduced for the year ended December 31, 2020 by \$132,394 under the Louisiana Industrial Ad Valorem Tax Exemption Program and the Restoration Tax Abatement Program which were entered into by the State of Louisiana.

Note 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Assessor is exposed to various risks of loss related to workers compensation; torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Assessor carries commercial insurance. No settlements were made during the year that exceeded the Assessor's insurance coverage.

Note 13 - EXPENDITURES NOT INCLUDED IN THE ACCOMPANYING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying financial statements do not include certain expenditures related to the use of facilities of the Assessor's office paid out of the funds of the St. Bernard Parish Government.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**SCHEDULE OF THE ASSESSOR'S PROPORTIONATE
SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY**

St. Bernard Parish Assessor
Chalmette, Louisiana

December 31, 2020

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Assessor's proportion of the net pension liability	<u>0.796971%</u>	<u>0.814222%</u>	<u>0.816130%</u>	<u>0.810009%</u>	<u>0.778641%</u>	<u>0.720690%</u>
Assessor's proportionate share of the net pension liability	<u>\$121,758</u>	<u>\$214,777</u>	<u>\$158,659</u>	<u>\$142,133</u>	<u>\$274,759</u>	<u>\$393,653</u>
Assessor's covered-employee payroll	<u>\$366,359</u>	<u>\$360,362</u>	<u>\$359,738</u>	<u>\$355,612</u>	<u>\$338,999</u>	<u>\$302,830</u>
Assessor's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	<u>33.2346%</u>	<u>59.6003%</u>	<u>44.1040%</u>	<u>39.9686%</u>	<u>81.0501%</u>	<u>129.9920%</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	<u>96.79%</u>	<u>94.12%</u>	<u>95.46%</u>	<u>95.61%</u>	<u>90.68%</u>	<u>85.57%</u>

The schedule is provided beginning with the Assessor's year ended December 31, 2015 and is intended to show a ten year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

SCHEDULE OF ASSESSOR'S CONTRIBUTIONS**St. Bernard Parish Assessor**
Chalmette, Louisiana

For the year ended December 31, 2020

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contributions	\$ 29,359	\$ 29,059	\$ 28,839	\$ 35,561	\$ 45,765	\$ 40,882
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(29,359)</u>	<u>(29,059)</u>	<u>(28,839)</u>	<u>(35,561)</u>	<u>(45,765)</u>	<u>(40,882)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Assessor's covered-employee payroll	<u>\$366,984</u>	<u>\$363,236</u>	<u>\$362,928</u>	<u>\$355,612</u>	<u>\$338,999</u>	<u>\$302,830</u>
Contributions as a percentage of covered - employee payroll	<u>8.00%</u>	<u>8.00%</u>	<u>8.00%</u>	<u>10.00%</u>	<u>13.50%</u>	<u>13.50%</u>

The schedule is provided beginning with the Assessor's year ended December 31, 2015 and is intended to show a ten year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

**SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE ASSESSOR'S
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS**

St. Bernard Parish Assessor
Chalmette, Louisiana

For the year ended December 31, 2020

Difference between expected and actual experience	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Total OPEB liability:			
Service costs	\$ 109,371	\$ 74,786	\$ 83,370
Interest	47,731	52,429	45,870
Difference between expected and actual experience	159,851	-	(335,900)
Changes in assumptions and other inputs	178,983	320,945	180,448
Benefit payments	<u>(18,938)</u>	<u>(19,961)</u>	<u>(19,786)</u>
Net change in total OPEB liability	476,998	428,199	(45,998)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	<u>1,642,054</u>	<u>1,213,855</u>	<u>1,259,853</u>
Total OPEB liability - ending	<u>\$2,119,052</u>	<u>\$1,642,054</u>	<u>\$1,213,855</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 369,864</u>	<u>\$ 377,006</u>	<u>\$ 347,309</u>
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	<u>572.93%</u>	<u>435.55%</u>	<u>349.50%</u>

The schedule is provided beginning with the Assessor's year ended December 31, 2018 and is intended to show a ten year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS, AND
OTHER PAYMENTS TO AGENCY HEAD**

St. Bernard Parish Assessor
Chalmette, Louisiana

For the year ended December 31, 2020

Agency Head Name: Ms. Jaylynn Bergeron Turner, Assessor St. Bernard Parish

Purpose

Salary	\$144,976
Benefits - insurance	25,017
Benefits - retirement	23,196
Benefits - other	-
Car allowance	-
Vehicle provided by government	17,027
Per diem	-
Reimbursements	-
Travel	889
Registration fees	-
Conference travel	-
Continuing professional education fees	530
Housing	-
Unvouchered expenses	-
Special meals	-
Dues	220
Surety Bond	105
	<hr/>
	<u>\$211,960</u>

SPECIAL REPORTS OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL
REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER
MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Jaylynn Bergeron Turner,
St. Bernard Parish Assessor,
Chalmette, Louisiana.

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the General Fund of the St. Bernard Parish Assessor (the "Assessor") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Assessor's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 24, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Assessor's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Assessor's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Assessor's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Assessor's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be a material weakness or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Assessor's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Assessor's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Assessor's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bourgeois Bennett, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants.

New Orleans, Louisiana,
May 24, 2021.

**Section II - Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters
Material to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)**

Compliance and Other Matters

No compliance findings material to the financial statements were reported during the audit for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Not applicable.

REPORTS BY MANAGEMENT

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

St. Bernard Parish Assessor
Chalmette, Louisiana

For the year ended December 31, 2020

Section I - Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Material to the Basic Financial Statements

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

No material weaknesses were reported during the audit of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019.

No significant deficiencies were reported during the audit of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Compliance and Other Matters

No compliance findings material to the financial statements were reported during the audit for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Section II - Internal Control and Compliance Material to Federal Awards

The St. Bernard Parish Assessor did not expend Federal awards during the year ended December 31, 2019.

Section III - Management Letter

A management letter was not issued in connection with the audit of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

St. Bernard Parish Assessor
Chalmette, Louisiana

For the year ended December 31, 2020

Section I - Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Material to the Basic Financial Statements

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There were no findings noted during the audit for the year ended December 31, 2020 related to internal control over financial reporting.

Compliance and Other Matters

There were no findings noted during the audit for the year ended December 31, 2020 related to compliance and other matters.

Section II - Internal Control and Compliance Material to Federal Awards

The St. Bernard Parish Assessor did not expend Federal awards during the year ended December 31, 2020.

Section III - Management Letter

A management letter was not issued in connection with the audit of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020.