Independent Auditor's Reports and Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

Hospital Service District No. 3

A Component Unit of Lafourche Parish, State of Louisiana (d/b/a Thibodaux Regional Medical Center)

September 30, 2019 and 2018

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Commissioners Hospital Service District No. 3 A Component Unit of Lafourche Parish, State of Louisiana (d/b/a Thibodaux Regional Medical Center) Thibodaux, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Hospital Service District No. 3, a component unit of Lafourche Parish, State of Louisiana (d/b/a Thibodaux Regional Medical Center) (Medical Center), as of and for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Medical Center's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Medical Center as of September 30, 2019 and 2018, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis and other postemployment benefits information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Medical Center's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Compensation, Reimbursements, Benefits and Other Payments to the Chief Executive Officer as listed in the table of contents is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Compensation, Reimbursements, Benefits and Other Payments to the Chief Executive Officer is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Compensation, Reimbursements, Benefits and Other Payments to the Chief Executive Officer is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 17, 2020, on our consideration of the Medical Center's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Medical Center's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Medical Center's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dallas, Texas

March 17, 2020

BKD, LLP

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

Introduction

This management's discussion and analysis of the financial performance of Hospital Service District No. 3, a Component Unit of Lafourche Parish, State of Louisiana (d/b/a Thibodaux Regional Medical Center) (Medical Center) provides an overview of the Medical Center's financial activities for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018. It should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements of the Medical Center.

Using This Annual Report

The Medical Center's financial statements consist of three statements – a balance sheet; a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position; and a statement of cash flows. These statements provide information about the activities of the Medical Center, including resources held by the Medical Center but restricted for specific purposes by creditors, contributors, grantors or enabling legislation. The Medical Center is accounted for as a business-type activity and presents its financial statements using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

One of the most important questions asked about any hospital's finances is, "Is the entity as a whole better or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position report information about the Medical Center's resources and its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all restricted and unrestricted assets and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting. Using the accrual basis of accounting means that all of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Medical Center's net position and changes in it. The Medical Center's total net position - the difference between assets less liabilities less deferred inflows of resources - is one measure of the Medical Center's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Medical Center's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the Medical Center's patient base, changes in legislation and regulations, measures of the quantity and quality of services provided to its patients and local economic factors should also be considered to assess the overall financial health of the Medical Center.

The Statement of Cash Flows

The statement of cash flows reports cash receipts, cash payments and net changes in cash resulting from three defined types of activities. It provides answers to such questions as where did cash come from, what was cash used for and what was the change in cash during the reporting period.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

2019 Financial Highlights

- Cash and investments increased by approximately \$8,190,000 or 4.9% in 2019 compared to 2018.
- The Medical Center's net position increased approximately \$12,554,000 or 3.6% in 2019 compared to 2018.
- The Medical Center reported operating income in 2019 of approximately \$5,777,000, which represents an increase of \$125,000 or 2.2% from the \$5,652,000 operating income reported in 2018.
- Net nonoperating revenues increased by approximately \$6,314,000 or 1,361% in 2019 compared to 2018.

The Medical Center's Net Position

The Medical Center's net position is the difference between its assets, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources reported in the balance sheet. The Medical Center's net position increased by approximately \$12,554,000 or 3.6% in 2019 over 2018, as shown in Table 1.

Table 1: Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position

	2019	2018	
Assets	(In The	rusands)	
Patient accounts receivable, net	\$ 22,283	\$ 20,174	
Other current assets	26,678	21,808	
Capital assets, net	180,695	179,704	
Cash and investments, noncurrent	155,503	149,566	
Other noncurrent assets	2,148	2,932	
Total assets	\$ 387,307	\$ 374,184	
Liabilities			
Current liabilities	\$ 18,219	\$ 17,991	
Other postemployment benefits liability	3,515	3,151	
Total liabilities	21,734	21,142	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	363	386	
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	179,841	177,611	
Unrestricted	185,369	175.045	
Total net position	365,210	352.656	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 387,307	\$ 374,184	

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

A significant change in the Medical Center's assets in 2019 is the increase in cash and investments. Cash and investments increased by approximately \$8,190,000 or 4.9% in 2019 over 2018 and results primarily from the Medical Center's positive operations in the current year and the reinvestment of the positive cash flows into investments.

Operating Results and Changes in the Medical Center's Net Position

In 2019, the Medical Center's net position increased by approximately \$12,554,000 or 3.6% as shown in Table 2. The Medical Center's change in net position increased approximately \$6,438,000 or 105.3% from 2018 to 2019.

Table 2: Operating Results and Changes in Net Position

	2019	2018	
Operating Revenues	(In Thousands)		
Net patient service revenue	\$ 184,524	\$ 177,726	
Other	6,492	6,502	
Total operating revenues	191,016	184,228	
Operating Expenses			
Salaries, wages and employee benefits Supplies, professional fees and	86,478	83,405	
purchased services	82,613	79,727	
Depreciation and amortization	16,148	15,444	
Total operating expenses	185,239	178,576	
Operating Income	5,777	5,652	
Nonoperating Revenues, Net	6,777	464	
Increase in Net Position	\$ 12,554	\$ 6,116	

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

Operating Income

The first component of the overall change in the Medical Center's net position is its operating income – generally, the difference between net patient service and other operating revenues and the expenses incurred to perform those services. In both 2019 and 2018, the Medical Center has reported operating income. This is consistent with management's goal of operating the Medical Center in an efficient manner.

The operating income increased in 2019 by approximately \$125,000 or 2.2% as compared to 2018. The primary components of the increased operating income are shown below:

- An increase in net patient service revenue of approximately \$6,798,000 or 3.8%
- A decrease in other operating revenues of approximately \$11,000 or 0.2%
- An increase in salaries, wages and employee benefits of approximately \$3,072,000 or 3.7%
- An increase in depreciation and amortization of approximately \$704,000 or 4.6%
- An increase in supplies and other costs of approximately \$2,886,000 or 3.6%

During 2019, the Medical Center derived 96.6% of its total operating revenue from net patient service revenue. Below is a breakout of gross patient service revenues and contractual and other adjustments by payer for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018:

	Dollar						
		2019		2018	(Change	Percent
		(In Tho	usand	(s)			
Gross patient service revenue	\$	814,499	\$	759,601	\$	54,898	7.2%
Contractual and other adjustments							
Medicare		342,438		309,921		32,517	10.5%
Managed Care		143,111		135,317		7,794	5.8%
Medicaid		102,927		99,919		3,008	3.0%
Other	***************************************	28,418		26,956	***************************************	1.462	5.4%
Total contractual adjustments		616,894		572,113		44,781	7.8%
		197,605		187,488		10,117	5.4%
Provision for uncollectible accounts		13,081		9,762		3,319	34.0%
Net patient service revenue	\$	184,524		177,726		6,798_	3.8%

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

Gross patient service charges increased \$54,898,000 or 7.2% from the prior year primarily due to the rate increase effective on May 10, 2019. Net patient service revenue, before the provision for uncollectible accounts, increased \$10,117,000 or 5.4%. Total provision for contractual adjustments as a percent of gross patient service revenues were 75.7% for 2019 and 75.3% in 2018. The slight increase in contractual adjustments as a percent of gross patient service revenues is driven primarily by the shift of volumes from inpatient to outpatient.

Excluded from gross patient service revenue are amounts forgone for patient services under the Medical Center's charity care policy. These amounts were based on established rates for the services provided. Gross charges of approximately \$1,056,000 were forgone during 2019 compared to \$1,079,000 during 2018. The provision for uncollectible accounts increased to approximately \$13,081,000 from the prior year amount of \$9,762,000.

The increase in salaries, wages and employee benefits of approximately \$3,072,000 or 3.7% from \$83,405,000 in 2018 to \$86,478,000 in 2019 was due to an increase in number of employees and merit increases provided to employees during 2019.

The increase in depreciation and amortization expense of approximately \$704,000 or 4.6% from \$15,444,000 in 2018 to \$16,148,000 in 2019 was due to additional capital assets being placed in service in 2019.

Supplies and other costs increased approximately \$2,886,000 or 3.6% from \$79,727,000 in 2018 to \$82,613,000 in 2019 due to the increase in costs associated with implants and infusion supplies.

Earnings before Interest, Depreciation and Amortization

Earnings before interest, depreciation and amortization (EBIDA) as of the years ended September 30, are as follows:

		2019		2018
Operating Income	\$	5,777	S	5,652
Plus depreciation and amortization		16,148		15,444
EBIDA		21,925	<u>_S</u>	21,096

The Medical Center did not incur any interest expense as they did not have any outstanding debt as of September 30, 2019 and 2018. EBIDA for the year ended September 30, 2019 increased \$829,000 or 3.9% for the reasons noted above in changes in operating income.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Nonoperating revenues and expenses consist primarily of investment income, contributions and income from joint ventures. Investment income consists of interest earnings on funds designated by the board of commissioners. Other gains/losses that are not directly related to the provision of healthcare services are also classified as nonoperating income. Nonoperating income increased approximately \$6,314,000 or 1361% from the prior year due to increases in investment income.

Investment income decreased approximately \$6,292,000 in 2019 as compared to 2018 due to the performance of fixed income securities held by the Medical Center in 2019 compared to 2018. Income from the equity method joint venture increased \$146,000 or 34.4% from 2018 to 2019.

The Medical Center's Cash Flows

Changes in the Medical Center's operating, noncapital and financing and capital and related financing cash flows are consistent with changes in operating income and nonoperating revenues and expenses for 2019 and 2018, discussed earlier. The net cash provided by investing activities is attributable to certain investments reaching maturity and remaining in cash.

Capital Assets

At September 30, 2019 and 2018, the Medical Center had approximately \$180,695,000 and \$179,704,000, respectively, invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, as detailed in *Note* 6 to the financial statements. In 2019 and 2018, the Medical Center purchased new property and equipment costing approximately \$17,254,000 and \$14,184,000, respectively.

2018 Financial Highlights

- Cash and investments increased by approximately \$7,042,000 or 4.4% in 2018 compared to 2017.
- The Medical Center's net position increased approximately \$4,369,000 or 1.3% in 2018 compared to 2017.
- The Medical Center reported operating income in 2018 of approximately \$5,652,000, which represents a decrease of \$1,554,000 or 21.6% from the \$7,206,000 operating income reported in 2017.
- Net nonoperating revenues decreased by approximately \$975,000 or 67.8% in 2018 compared to 2017.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

The Medical Center's Net Position

The Medical Center's net position is the difference between its assets, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources reported in the balance sheet. The Medical Center's net position increased by approximately \$4,369,000 or 1.3% in 2018 over 2017, as shown in Table 3.

Table 3: Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position

		2018		2017
Assets		(In Tho	usands)
Patient accounts receivable, net	S	20,174	\$	19,092
Other current assets		21,808		22,933
Capital assets, net		179,704		180,987
Cash and investments, noncurrent		149,566		141,774
Other noncurrent assets		2,932		1,833
Total assets		374,184		366,619
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	S	17,991	\$	16,894
Other postemployment benefits		3,151		1,438
Total liabilities	***************************************	21,142		18,332
Deferred Inflows of Resources	***************************************	386) 	_
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets		177,611		180,183
Unrestricted		175,045		168,104
Total net position		352,656		348,287
Total liabilities and net position	\$	374,184	_\$_	366,619

A significant change in the Medical Center's assets in 2018 is the increase in cash and investments and the increase in other post employment benefits (OPEB) liability and the related deferred inflows of resources. Cash and investments increased by approximately \$7,042,000 or 4.4% in 2018 over 2017 and results primarily from the Medical Center's positive operations in the current year and the reinvestment of the positive cash flows into investments. The OPEB liability and the related deferred inflows of resources increased approximately \$2,099,000 or 146.0%. The increase is primarily due to the adoption of GASB 75 in 2018.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)
Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

Operating Results and Changes in the Medical Center's Net Position

In 2018, the Medical Center's net position increased by approximately \$4,369,000 or 1.3% as shown in Table 2. This increase is made up of a positive change in net position of approximately \$6,116,000 in 2018 and a decrease in beginning net position of approximately \$1,747,000 due to the adoption of GASB 75. The Medical Center's change in net position decreased approximately \$2,529,000 or 29.3% from 2017 to 2018.

Table 4: Operating Results and Changes in Net Position

	201	18		2017
Operating Revenues		(In Thor	usands)	
Net patient service revenue	\$ 17	77,726	\$	173,517
Other		6,502		6,094
Total operating revenues	18	34,228		179,611
Operating Expenses				
Salaries, wages and employee benefits	8	33,405		81,672
Supplies, professional fees and				
purchased services	7	79,727		76,021
Depreciation and amortization		15,444_		14,712
Total operating expenses	17	78,576		172,405
Operating Income	***************************************	5,652		7,206
Nonoperating Revenues		464_		1,439
Increase in Net Position	\$	6,116		8,645

Operating Income

The first component of the overall change in the Medical Center's net position is its operating income – generally, the difference between net patient service and other operating revenues and the expenses incurred to perform those services. In both 2018 and 2017, the Medical Center has reported operating income. This is consistent with management's goal of operating the Medical Center in an efficient manner.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

The operating income decreased in 2018 by approximately \$1,554,000 or 21.6% as compared to 2017. The primary components of the increased operating income are shown below:

- An increase in net patient service revenue of approximately \$4,209,000 or 2.4%
- An increase in other operating revenues of approximately \$408,000 or 6.7%
- An increase in salaries, wages and employee benefits of approximately \$1,733,000 or 2.1%
- An increase in depreciation and amortization of approximately \$732,000 or 5.0%
- An increase in supplies and other costs of approximately \$3,706,000 or 4.9%

During 2018, the Medical Center derived 96.5% of its total operating revenue from net patient service revenue. Below is a breakout of gross patient service revenues and contractual and other adjustments by payer for the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017:

	Dollar						
		2018		2017	(Change	Percent
		(In Tho	usana	ls)			
Gross patient service revenue	\$	759,601	\$	718,094	\$	41.507	5.8%
Contractual and other adjustments							
Medicare		309,921		288,591		21,330	7.4%
Managed Care		135,317		128,962		6,355	4.9%
Medicaid		99,919		93,073		6,846	7.4%
Other		26,956		24.422		2,534	10.4%
Total contractual adjustments		572,113		535,048	<u></u>	37,065	6.9%
		187,488		183,046		4.442	2.4%
Provision for uncollectible accounts		9,762		9,529		233	2.4%
Net patient service revenue	\$_	177,726		173,517		4,209	2.4%

Gross patient service charges increased \$41,507,000 or 5.8% from the prior year primarily due to the rate increase effective on May 10, 2018. Net patient service revenue, before the provision for uncollectible accounts, increased \$4,209,000 or 2.4%. Total provision for contractual adjustments as a percent of gross patient service revenues were 75.3% for 2018 and 74.5% in 2017. The slight increase in contractual adjustments as a percent of gross patient service revenues is driven primarily by the shift of volumes from inpatient to outpatient.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

Excluded from gross patient service revenue are amounts forgone for patient services under the Medical Center's charity care policy. These amounts were based on established rates for the services provided. Gross charges of approximately \$1,079,000 were forgone during 2018 compared to \$1,567,000 during 2017. The provision for uncollectible accounts increased to approximately \$9,762,000 from the prior year amount of \$9,529,000 or 2.4%.

The other operating revenue increase consists primarily of an increase in funding related to Medicaid supplemental funding programs. Revenue recognized from these programs during 2018 totaled \$3,918,000 compared to funds earned in 2017 of \$5,387,000 resulting in a decrease of approximately \$1,468,000 or 27.3%.

The increase in salaries, wages and employee benefits of approximately \$1,733,000 or 2.1% from \$81,672,000 in 2017 to \$83,405,000 in 2018 was due to average merit increases provided to employees during 2018.

The increase in depreciation and amortization expense of approximately \$732,000 or 5.0% from \$14,712,000 in 2017 to \$15,444,000 in 2018 was due to a full year of depreciation expense of the wellness center in 2018 which was placed in service in November 2016.

Supplies and other costs increased approximately \$3,706,000 or 4.9% from \$76,021,000 in 2017 to \$79,727,000 in 2018 due to the increase in costs associated with implants and infusion supplies.

Earnings before Interest, Depreciation and Amortization

Earnings before interest, depreciation and amortization (EBIDA) as of the years ended September 30, are as follows:

		2018		2017	
	(In Thousands)				
Operating Income	\$	5,652	\$	7,206	
Plus depreciation and amortization		15,444		14,712	
EBIDA	\$	21,096	\$	21,918	

The Medical Center did not incur any interest expense as they did not have any outstanding debt as of September 30, 2018 and 2017. EBIDA for the year ended September 30, 2018 decreased \$822,000 or 3.8% for the reasons noted above in changes in operating income.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)
Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Nonoperating revenues and expenses consist primarily of investment income, contributions and income from joint ventures. Investment income consists of interest earnings on funds designated by the board of commissioners. Other gains/losses that are not directly related to the provision of healthcare services are also classified as nonoperating income. Nonoperating income decreased approximately \$975,000 or 67.8% from the prior year due to decreases in investment income and contributions.

Investment income decreased approximately \$478,000 or 86.6% in 2018 as compared to 2017 due to the performance of fixed income securities held by the Medical Center in 2018. In 2017, the Medical Center formed TIC JV, LLC a joint venture in which the Medical Center controls and is reflected as a blended component unit in the Medical Center financial statements. In relation to the formation, contributions of \$600,000 for a 15% of ownership in the joint venture were received in 2017. No contributions were received in 2018 related to TIC JV, LLC. Income from the equity method joint venture increased \$144,000 or 51.4% from 2017 to 2018.

The Medical Center's Cash Flows

Changes in the Medical Center's operating, noncapital and financing and capital and related financing cash flows are consistent with changes in operating income and nonoperating revenues and expenses for 2018 and 2017, discussed earlier. The net cash provided by investing activities is attributable to certain investments reaching maturity and remaining in cash.

Capital Assets

At September 30, 2018 and 2017, the Medical Center had approximately \$179,704,000 and \$180,986,000, respectively, invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, as detailed in *Note* 6 to the financial statements. In 2018 and 2017, the Medical Center purchased new property and equipment costing approximately \$14,272,000 and \$10,362,000, respectively.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

While the annual budget of the Medical Center is not presented with the financial statements, the Medical Center's board and management considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2020 budget. Although the financial outlook of the Medical Center is excellent, of primary importance in setting the 2020 budget is the state of the economy and the healthcare environment, which takes into account market forces and environmental factors such as:

- Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement changes
- Increased number of uninsured and working poor
- Ongoing competition for services
- Workforce issues primarily in nursing and other clinically skilled positions
- Cost of supplies

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)
Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

- Cost of pharmaceuticals
- Ability to continue recruiting medical staff physicians to maintain the high level of services offered to our service area
- Continued growth of service levels in the ancillary departments

Contacting the Medical Center's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the Medical Center's patients, suppliers and creditors with a general overview of the Medical Center's finances and to show the Medical Center's accountability for the money it receives. Questions about this report and requests for additional financial information should be directed to the Medical Center Administration by telephoning (985) 447-5500.

Balance Sheets September 30, 2019 and 2018

Assets

	2019	2018
Current Assets	-	
Cash	\$ 19,004,009	\$ 16,750,956
Short-term investments	125,000	125,000
Patient accounts receivable, net of allowance;		
2019 - \$12,380,000; 2018 - \$9,885,000	22,282,723	20,173,961
Other receivables	828,924	208,479
Supplies	3,119,379	2,860,492
Prepaid expenses and other	3,601,091	1,862,717
Total current assets	48,961,126	41,981,605
N C I II .		
Noncurrent Cash and Investments	155 502 441	3.40.566.556
Board designated for capital expenditures	155,503,441	149,566,356
Capital Assets, Net	180,695,148	179,703,903
Other Assets	2,147,233	2,932,260
Other Assets	2,177,233	2,932,200
Total assets	S 387,306,948	\$ 374,184,124

Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position

,	2019	2018
Current Liabilities	•	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	S 15,985,847	\$ 16,528,378
Estimated amounts due to third-party payers	2,233,746	1,462,490_
Total current liabilities	18,219,593	17,990.868
Other Postemployment Benefits Liability	3,514,674	3,151,400
Total liabilities	21,734,267	21,142,268
Deferred Inflows of Resources	362,603	385,877
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	179,841,027	177,611,021
Unrestricted	185,369,051	175,044,958
Total net position	365,210,078	352,655,979
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	S 387,306,948	\$ 374,184,124

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
Operating Revenues	-	
Net patient service revenue, net of provision for		
uncollectible accounts; 2019 – \$13,081,000;		
2018 - \$9,762,000	\$ 184,523,536	\$177,725,696
Other	6,491,894	6,503,221
Total operating revenues	191,015,430	184,228,917
Operating Expenses		
Salaries and wages	72,963,756	69,629,598
Employee benefits	13,514,125	13,775,861
Professional fees and services	8,801,181	7,918.709
Supplies and other	45,866,317	44,927,372
Purchased services	16,871,107	15,897,695
Other	11,074,302	10,983.471
Depreciation and amortization	16,147,888	15,443,822
Total operating expenses	185,238,676	178,576,528
Operating Income	5,776,754_	5,652,389
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
Investment income	6,366,270	73,775
TIC JV distributions	(63,558)	(62,349)
Noncapital grants and contributions received	28,928	55,551
Noncapital grants and contributions expended	(32,113)	(22,783)
Loss from disposal of capital assets	(93,887)	(5,754)
Income from joint venture	571,705	425.247
Total nonoperating revenues	6,777,345	463,687
Increase in Net Position	12,554,099	6,116,076
Net Position, Beginning of Year	352,655,979	346,539,903
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 365,210,078	\$352,655,979

Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
Operating Activities		
Receipts from and on behalf of patients and third-party payers	\$ 183,108,084	\$177,363,517
Payments to suppliers and contractors	(83,365,554)	(82,436,954)
Payments to employees	(85,812,261)	(82,710,913)
Other receipts, net	5,871,449	7,187,409
Net cash provided by operating activities	19,801,718	19,403,059
Noncapital and Financing Activities		
Grants and contributions received	28,928	55,551
Grants and contributions expended	(32,113)	(22,783)
Distributions to TIC JV shareholders	(63,558)	(62,349)
Net cash used in noncapital and financing		
activities	(66,743)	(29,581)
Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	20,756	16,870
Purchase of capital assets	(18,492,537)	(12,894,930)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(18,471,781)	(12,878,060)
Investing Activities		
Investment income	2,754,073	73,775
Distributions received from joint venture	560,674	472,781
Purchase of investments	(37,220,747)	(43,158,621)
Proceeds from disposition of investments	35,715,285	45,078,256
Net cash provided by investing activities	1,809,285	2,466,191
Increase in Cash	3,072,479	8,961,609
Cash, Beginning of Year	76,239,833	67,278,224
Cash, End of Year	S 79,312,312	\$ 76,239,833
Reconciliation of Cash to the Balance Sheets Cash	S 19,004,009	\$ 16750056
Cash in noncurrent cash and investments	S 19,004,009 60,308,303	\$ 16,750,956 59,488,877
Total cash	8 79,312,312	\$ 76,239,833

Statements of Cash Flows (Continued) Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
Reconciliation of Operating Income to	•	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		
Operating income	\$ 5,776,754	\$ 5,652,389
Depreciation and amortization	16,147,888	15,443,822
Forgiveness of physician note receivables	754,876	-
Provision for uncollectible accounts	13,081,171	9,762,318
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Patient accounts receivable, net	(15,189,933)	(10,844,374)
Estimated amounts due to third-party payers	771,256	783,176
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	696,230	(975,257)
Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability	363,274	(33,156)
OPEB deferred inflows of resources	(23,274)	385,877
Other assets and liabilities	(2,576,524)	(771,736)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 19,801,718	\$ 19,403,059
Supplemental Cash Flows Information		
Capital asset additions in accounts payable	\$ 854,121	\$ 2.092,882

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations and Reporting Entity

Hospital Service District No. 3, a Component Unit of Lafourche Parish, State of Louisiana (d/b/a Thibodaux Regional Medical Center) (Medical Center) is a 185 bed regional medical center located in Thibodaux, Louisiana. The Medical Center is a component unit of Lafourche Parish (Parish). The Parish appoints a five-member board of commissioners who operate the Medical Center. The Medical Center primarily earns revenues by providing inpatient, outpatient and emergency care services to patients in the Parish area.

The Medical Center's financial statements include the operations of Thibodaux Regional Surgical Services, Inc. (TRSS). TRSS is a holding company that owns a 30% investment in Thibodaux Surgery Center, LLC, an ambulatory surgery center. TRSS is presented as a blended component unit due to its relationship with the Medical Center.

The Medical Center's financial statements include the operations of TIC JV, LLC (TIC). TIC leases and subleases the imaging center to the Medical Center. TIC is owned 85% by the Medical Center and 15% by physician owners and is presented as a blended component unit due to its relationship with the Medical Center.

Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The accompanying financial statements of the Medical Center have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting using the economic resources measurement focus. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange transaction takes place, while those from government-mandated nonexchange transactions (principally parish appropriations) are recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements are met. Operating revenues and expenses include exchange transactions and program-specific, government-mandated nonexchange transactions. Government-mandated or voluntary nonexchange transactions that are not program specific, investment income and interest on capital assets-related debt are included in nonoperating revenues and expenses. The Medical Center first applies restricted net position when an expense or outlay is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

Cash

The Medical Center excludes amounts restricted as to use by board designation from cash. Noncurrent cash includes cash balances at September 30, 2019 and 2018 that were restricted by board designation. The Medical Center treats restricted and unrestricted cash equivalents as investments.

Risk Management

The Medical Center is exposed to various risks of loss from torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; employee injuries and illnesses; natural disasters; medical malpractice and employee health, dental and accident benefits. Commercial insurance coverage is purchased for claims arising from such matters other than employee health, workers' compensation and medical malpractice claims. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the three preceding years.

The Medical Center is self-insured for a portion of its exposure to risk of loss from employee health, workers' compensation and medical malpractice claims. An annual estimated provision is accrued for the self-insured portion of employee health, workers' compensation and medical malpractice claims and includes an estimate of the ultimate costs for both reported claims and claims incurred but not yet reported.

Investments and Investment Income

Investments in nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are carried at amortized cost. All other investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is determined using quoted market prices.

Investment income includes dividend and interest income, realized gains and losses on investments carried at other than fair value and the net change for the year in the fair value of investments carried at fair value.

Investment in Joint Venture

TRSS holds a 30% interest in Thibodaux Surgery Center, LLC, an ambulatory surgery center which provides services to the community. This investment is carried using the equity method of accounting. Using this method of accounting, TRSS's share of net income is recognized as non-operating revenue in the Medical Center's statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and added to the investment account. The investment is also reduced for any dividends received. The investment in the joint venture is included in other assets on the balance sheets.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

Patient Accounts Receivable

The Medical Center reports patient accounts receivable for services rendered at net realizable amounts from third-party payers, patients and others. The Medical Center provides an allowance for uncollectible accounts based upon a review of outstanding receivables, historical collection information and existing economic conditions.

Supplies

Supply inventories are stated at the lower of cost, determined using the first-in, first-out method or market.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost at the date of acquisition, or acquisition value at the date of donation if acquired by gift. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of each asset. The following estimated useful lives are being used by the Medical Center:

Land improvements	10 - 25 years
Buildings and improvements	10 - 40 years
Equipment	2 - 20 years

Compensated Absences

The Medical Center's policies permit most employees to accumulate vacation and sick leave benefits that may be realized as paid time off or, in limited circumstances, as a cash payment. Expense and the related liability are recognized as vacation benefits are earned whether the employee is expected to realize the benefit as time off or in cash. Expense and the related liability for sick leave benefits are recognized when earned to the extent the employee is expected to realize the benefit in cash determined using the termination payment method. Sick leave benefits expected to be realized as paid time off are recognized as expense when the time off occurs and no liability is accrued for such benefits employees have earned but not yet realized. Compensated absence liabilities are computed using the regular pay and termination pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date plus an additional amount for compensation-related payments such as social security and Medicare taxes computed using rates in effect at that date.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

The Medical Center has a single-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB). For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB. For this purpose, the Medical Center recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Transactions not meeting the definition of an asset or liability that result in the consumption or acquisition of net position in one period that are applicable to future reporting periods are reported as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources.

Net Position

Net position of the Medical Center is classified in two components. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and amortization and reduced by the outstanding balances of borrowings used to finance the purchase or construction of those assets. As of September 30, 2019 and 2018 the Medical Center had no outstanding long-term debt but did have accounts payable related to capital additions. Unrestricted net position is the remaining net position that does not meet the definition of net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

Net Patient Service Revenue

The Medical Center has agreements with third-party payers that provide for payments to the Medical Center at amounts different from its established rates. Net patient service revenue is reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payers and others for services rendered and includes estimated retroactive revenue adjustments and a provision for uncollectible accounts. Retroactive adjustments are considered in the recognition of revenue on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and such estimated amounts are revised in future periods as adjustments become known.

Charity Care

The Medical Center provides care without charge to patients who are unable to pay for services. Because the Medical Center does not pursue collection of amounts determined to qualify as charity care, these amounts are not reported as net patient service revenue.

Income Taxes

As an essential government function of the Parish, the Medical Center is generally exempt from federal and state income taxes under Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code and a similar provision of state law. However, the Medical Center is subject to federal income tax on any unrelated business taxable income. TRSS is a legally separate, wholly-owned entity of the Medical Center that is a non-profit corporation that is not subject to federal and state income taxes. TIC does not pay taxes due to its income being passed through to its tax exempt and physician owners.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

Note 2: Net Patient Service Revenue

The Medical Center has agreements with third-party payers that provide for payments to the Medical Center at amounts different from its established rates. These payment arrangements include:

- Medicare Inpatient acute care services and substantially all outpatient services rendered to Medicare program beneficiaries are paid at prospectively determined rates. These rates vary according to a patient classification system that is based on clinical, diagnostic and other factors. The Medical Center is reimbursed for certain services at tentative rates with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by the Medical Center and audits thereof by the Medicare administrative contractor. The Medical Center's cost reports have been audited by the Medicare administrative contractor through September 30, 2015.
- Medicaid Inpatient services rendered to Medicaid program beneficiaries are paid based on
 prospectively determined rates. Outpatient services are paid under either a cost reimbursement
 methodology or using defined allowable charges. The Medical Center is reimbursed for cost
 reimbursable services at tentative rates with final settlement determined after submission of
 annual cost reports by the Medical Center and audits thereof by the Medicaid administrative
 contractor. The Medical Center's cost reports have been audited by the Medicaid administrative
 contractor through September 30, 2012.

Approximately 54% of net patient service revenue is from participation in the Medicare and state sponsored Medicaid programs for both years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018. Laws and regulations governing the Medicare and Medicaid programs are complex and subject to interpretation and change. As a result, it is reasonably possible that recorded estimates will change materially in the near term.

The Medical Center has also entered into payment agreements with certain commercial insurance carriers, health maintenance organizations and preferred provider organizations. The basis for payment to the Medical Center under these agreements includes prospectively determined rates per discharge, discounts from established charges and prospectively determined daily rates.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

Note 3: Louisiana Medicaid Supplemental Payment Programs

The Medical Center receives supplemental Medicaid payments for inpatient and outpatient services in accordance with specific state statutes subject to federal regulations and approval. Under one of the agreements, the Medical Center received supplemental payments for services provided by physicians in recognition for providing services to Medicaid patients. During the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, total revenues, net of expenses, recognized by the Medical Center related to this agreement was approximately \$1,001,000 and \$1,124,000, respectively. These receipts and payments are recorded as net patient service revenue in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position. Under a separate agreement, the Medical Center entered into a cooperative endeavor agreement with other health care providers for the purpose of ensuring adequate healthcare services are available for underserved, non-rural populations. During the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, total revenues, net of expenses, recognized by the Medical Center related to this agreement was approximately \$4,506,000 and \$2,794,000, respectively. These receipts and payments are recorded as net patient service revenue in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

Note 4: Deposits and Investments

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Medical Center's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance or other qualified investments in the state of Louisiana. At September 30, 2019 and 2018, with the exception of approximately \$3,707,000 and \$3,470,000 respectively, held by TIC, a blended component unit of the Medical Center, the Medical Center's deposits were either insured or collateralized.

Investments

The Medical Center may legally invest in direct obligations of and other obligations guaranteed as to principal by the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies and Louisiana municipal bonds, interest-bearing accounts and certificates of deposits of financial institutions, open-end or closed-end management type investment companies or investment trusts and investment trusts consisting of pooled or comingled funds of other hospitals.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

At September 30, 2019 and 2018, the Medical Center had the following investments and maturities:

			Septembe	er 30, 2019	
			Maturitie	s in Years	
		Less			More
Туре	Fair Value	Than 1	1-5	6-10	Than 10
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$ 41,489,636	\$ 2,294,342	\$ 26,264,170	\$ 12,931,124	S -
U.S. agencies obligations	41,876,935	2,673,065	18,830,065	3.575,434	16,798.371
Corporate bonds	3,016,160	1,999,830	1,016,330	-	-
Money market mutual funds	6,812,407	6,812,407			
	\$ 93,195,138	\$ 13,779,644	\$ 46,110,565	\$ 16.506,558	\$ 16,798.371

						Septemb	er 30,	2018		
			Maturities in Years							
			***************************************	Less						More
Туре		Fair Value		Than 1		1-5		6-10		Than 10
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$	36,230,314	s	6,573,606	\$	22,772,698	s	6.884,010	s	_
U.S. agencies obligations		47,526,388		10,344,743		19,239,216		4,357,007		13,585,422
Corporate bonds		3.821,994		842,784		2,979.210		-		-
Money market mutual funds		359,192		359,192		_		-		-
Municipal bonds		139.591		139,591		-		-		-
	<u>\$</u>	88,077,479	\$	18,259,916	\$	44,991.124		11,241,017	_\$	13,585,422

Interest Rate Risk — As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the Medical Center's investment policy does not limit a percentage of its investment portfolio to maturities of less than one year but limits a maximum of 70%, 50% and 30% to maturities of one to five and a half, five and a half to ten and more than ten but less than twenty years, respectively. The longer the maturity of a fixed-rate obligation, the greater the impact a change in interest rates will have on its fair value. As interest rates increase, the fair value of the obligations decrease. Likewise, when interest rates decrease, the fair value of the obligations decrease. The money market mutual funds are presented as an investment with a maturity of less than one-year because they are redeemable in full immediately.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

Credit Risk – Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Medical Center's policy, which conforms to Louisiana state law, does not specifically limit investment in securities based on ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs), but the policy does designate authorized investments by type. The Medical Center's debt securities of the U.S agencies are rated AA+ by Standards and Poor's rating agency. The Medical Center's investments in corporate bonds were rated A to AA by Standard & Poor's rating agency. The Medical Center's investments in municipal bonds were rated AA- by Standard & Poor's rating agency. The Medical Center's investments in money market mutual funds were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's and Aaa by Moody's Investors Service. The Medical Center also invests in certificates of deposits, which are classified as deposits for financial reporting purposes. These certificates are fully collateralized by the various financial institutions.

Custodial Credit Risk – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Medical Center will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The Medical Center's investment policy, in accordance with state statute, restricts investments in U.S. agencies to 50% of total investments. Investments in open-end and closed-end management type investment companies and investment trusts are limited to 20% of total investments. At September 30, 2019 and 2018, management believes the Medical Center complies with this policy.

The following table reflects the Medical Center's investments in single issuers that represent more than 5% of total investments:

	2019	2018	
	-		
Federal Home Loan Bank	10.3%	17.5%	
Federal National Mortgage Association	12.0%	10.8%	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	11.0%	13.2%	
Government National Mortgage Association	8.4%	9.2%	

The Medical Center's formal investment policy is governed by and in conformity with Section 39:2955 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes, which establishes guidelines for depository and investment activity as follows:

- In accordance with statutes of the State of Louisiana, the Medical Center maintains its deposits at financial institutions authorized by the Board of Commissioners.
- The collateral for public entity deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer of Louisiana under a program established by the Louisiana State Legislature and is governed by Section 33:2955 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes. Under this program, the Medical Center's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

- Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against these deposits.
- In the event of a financial institution's failure, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Summary of Carrying Values

The Medical Center holds the following deposits and investments:

	2019	2018
Cash deposits, operating funds	\$ 19,004,009	\$ 16,750,956
Cash deposits, board designated funds	56,640,229	55,831,627
Certificates of deposits, short-term investments	125,000	125,000
Certificates of deposits, board designated funds	2,000,000	2,000,000
Money market deposits, board designated funds	3,668,074	3,657,250
Money market mutual funds, board designated funds	6,812,407	359,192
Investments, board designated funds	86,382.731	87,718,287
	\$ 174,632,450	\$ 166,442,312

The carrying values of deposits and investments are included in the balance sheets as follows:

	2019	2018	
Cash	\$ 19,004		
Short-term investments Board designated for capital expenditures	125 155,503	5,000 125,000 3,441 149,566,356	
20 of a designation for the second of the se			-
	\$ 174,632	<u>\$ 166,442,312</u>	=

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

Note 5: Patient Accounts Receivable

The Medical Center grants credit without collateral to its patients, many of whom are area residents and are insured under third-party payer agreements. Patient accounts receivable at September 30, consisted of:

	2019	2018
Medicaid	\$ 1,521,019	S 1,825,877
Medicare	8,980,208	7,828,306
Other third-party payers	10,950,167	9,942,818
Patients	13,211,352	10,461,460
	34,662,746	30,058,461
Less allowance for uncollectible accounts	12,380,023	9,884,500
	\$ 22,282,723	\$ 20,173,961

Note 6: Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the years ended September 30, was:

	2019				
	Beginning			_	Ending
	Balance	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Balance
Land	\$ 7,736,002	\$ 200,000	s -	\$ -	\$ 7,936,002
Land improvements	6,283,030	68,701	-	=	6,351,731
Buildings and					
improvements	221,038,773	457,232	-	3,994,969	225,490,974
Equipment	98,996,610	8,702,108	(3,080,499)	24,702	104,642,921
Construction in progress	3,888,138	7,825,735	_	(4,019,671)	7,694,202
	337,942,553	17,253,776	(3,080,499)	-	352,115,830
Less accumulated depreciation	(158,238,650)	(16,147,888)	2,965,856		(171,420,682)
Capital assets, net	\$179,703,903	\$ 1,105,888	\$ (114,643)	<u>\$</u>	\$ 180,695,148

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

			2018		
	Beginning				Ending
	Balance	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Balance
Land	\$ 7,736,002	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,736,002
Land improvements	5,815,630	-	-	467,400	6,283,030
Buildings and					
improvements	218,549,598	805,345	-	1,683,830	221,038,773
Equipment	95,779,690	8,987,777	(5,858,097)	87,240	98,996,610
Construction in progress	1,736,487	4,390,881	(760)	(2,238,470)	3,888,138
	329,617,407	14,184,003	(5,858,857)	-	337,942,553
Less accumulated depreciation	(148,631,061)	(15,443,822)	5,836,233		(158,238,650)
Capital assets, net	\$ 180,986,346	\$ (1,259,819)	\$ (22,624)	<u> </u>	\$ 179,703,903

As of September 30, 2019, the Medical Center had construction commitments outstanding of \$37,399,000 related to a construction project.

Note 7: Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

Accounts payable and accrued expenses included in current liabilities at September 30, 2019 and 2018, consisted of:

	2019	2018
Payable to suppliers and contractors	\$ 5,674,377	\$ 6,464,582
Payable to employees (including payroll taxes and benefits)	6,097,162	6,171,902
Estimated self insurance costs (Note 8)	3,002,441	2,602,081
Patient credit balances	1,211,867	1,289,813
	\$ 15,985,847	S 16,528,378

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

Note 8: Risk Management

Medical Malpractice and General Liability Risks

The Medical Center participates in the State of Louisiana Patient Compensation Fund (Fund) for medical malpractice claims. The Fund has a statutory limitation of liability which provides that no award can be rendered against it in excess of \$500,000, plus interest and legal costs. The Fund provides coverage on a claims-made basis for claims over \$100,000 and up to \$500,000. The Medical Center is also insured on a claims-made basis through a commercial insurance carrier for malpractice losses that exceed \$500,000 up to \$10,000,000 per occurrence, with a total annual limit of \$10,000,000, and with a self-insurance retention of \$100,000 per occurrence with no maximum amount per year in aggregate.

Losses from asserted and unasserted claims identified under the Medical Center's incident reporting system are accrued based on estimates that incorporate the Medical Center's past experience, as well as other considerations, including the nature of each claim or incident and relevant trend factors. It is reasonably possible that the Medical Center's estimate of losses will change by a material amount in the near term.

Activity in the Medical Center's accrued medical malpractice claims liability during 2019 and 2018 is summarized as follows:

2019		2019	2018	
Balance, beginning of year	\$	932,632	S	902,632
Current year claims incurred and changes in estimates for				
claims incurred in prior years		310,458		259,983
Claims and expenses paid		(220,458)		(229,983)
Balance, end of year		1,022,632		932,632

The Medical Center is also insured on a claims-made basis through a commercial insurance carrier for general liability losses that exceed \$100,000 up to \$9,500,000 per occurrence, with a total annual limit of \$9,500,000, and with a self-insurance retention of \$100,000 per occurrence with no maximum amount per year in aggregate. As of September 30, 2019 and 2018, the Medical Center accrued \$395,866 and \$375,866, respectively, as reserves for self-insurance retentions on outstanding general liability claims.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

Employee Health and Workers' Compensation Claims

Substantially all of the Medical Center's employees and their dependents are eligible to participate in the Medical Center's employee health insurance plan. The Medical Center is self-insured for health claims of participating employees and dependents up to an annual stop-loss limit up to \$150,000 per employee. Commercial stop-loss insurance coverage is purchased for claims in excess of these amounts. A provision is accrued for self-insured employee health claims, including both claims reported and claims incurred but not yet reported. The accrual is estimated based on consideration of prior claims experience, recently settled claims, frequency of claims and other economic and social factors. It is reasonably possible that the Medical Center's estimate will change by a material amount in the near term.

The Medical Center is also self-insured for workers' compensation claims up to \$100,000 per claim. A provision is accrued for self-insured workers compensation claims including both claims reported and claims incurred but not yet reported. The accrual is estimated based on consideration of prior claims experience, recently settled claims, frequency of claims and other economic and social factors. It is reasonably possible that the Medical Center's estimate will change by a material amount in the near term.

Activity in the Medical Center's accrued employee health and workers' compensation claims liability during 2019 and 2018, is summarized as follows:

2019	2018	
\$ 1,293,583	\$ 1,472,892	
5.500.044		
5,582,344	6,005,366	
(5,291,984)	(6,184,675)	
\$ 1,583,943	S 1,293,583	
	\$ 1,293,583 5,582,344 (5,291,984)	

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

Note 9: Operating Leases

Operating leases for medical and office equipment expire in various years through 2023. Rental payments include minimum rentals, plus contingent rentals based on revenues. Rental expense for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 totaled approximately \$1,192,000 and \$1,188,000, respectively.

Future minimum lease payments at September 30, 2019, were:

2020		\$ 614,564
2021		312,881
2022		131,766
2023	_	 16,078
	_	\$ 1,075,289

The Medical Center leases office space in a medical office building and clinical facilities, generally to members of its medical staff, under operating leases with terms ranging up to five years. Rental income totaled approximately \$1,405,000 and \$1,410,000, respectively, for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018.

Minimum future rentals receivable under noncancellable operating leases at September 30, 2019, were:

2020	\$ 1,340,257
2021	600,725
2022	232,693
	\$ 2,173,675

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

Note 10: Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Health Care Plan

Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The OPEB is sponsored by the Medical Center for retirees meeting certain criteria. The OPEB allows retirees to receive health and vision insurance for themselves (and spouses and dependents, as applicable) through the Medical Center's self-insured health plan at a nominally discounted rate until they reach the age of Medicare eligibility. Benefits under the OPEB as well as the OPEB's funding policy are determined by the Medical Center's board of commissioners and can be revised or amended at any time. The Medical Center funds these benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis, meaning the Medical Center will pay the benefits as they come due. The OPEB does not issue a separate report that includes financial statements. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

A measurement date of September 30, 2018 was used for the September 30, 2019 and 2018 liability and expense. The information that follows was determined as of a valuation date of September 30, 2018.

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving	
benefit payments	2
Active employees	1,243
	1,245

Total OPEB Liability

The Medical Center's total OPEB liability of \$3,514,674 and \$3,151,400 was measured as of 2018 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2018.

The total OPEB liability in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation report was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and the entry age normal actuarial cost method, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Salary increases 3.5%

Discount rate 4.24% (3.63% in prior year)
Health care cost trend rates 7.0%, decreasing 0.5% per year to

an ultimate rate of 4.5% for 2023 and later years

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.24% which reflects the index rate for 20-year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher as of the measurement date as reflected in the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO index.

Mortality rates are from the SOA RP-2014 generational table scaled using MP-2018 and applied on a gender-specific basis.

No formal actuarial experience studies have been performed.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability, beginning of year	\$ 3,151,400	\$ 3,184,556
Changes for the year:		
Service cost	261,925	261,925
Interest	124,908	124,908
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		
(discount rate change)	-	(409,151)
Benefit payments	(23,559)	(10,838)
Net changes	363,274	(33,156)
Total OPEB liability, end of year	\$ 3,514,674	\$ 3,151,400

Sensitivity of the Medical Center's Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The total OPEB liability has been calculated using a discount rate of 4.24%. The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the Medical Center using a discount rate 1% higher and 1% lower than the current discount rate.

	 Decrease (3.24%)	Cı	rrent Discount Rate (4.24%)	1% Increase (5.24%)
EB Liability	\$ 4,305,794	\$	3,514,674	\$ 2,909,007

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

The following presents the total Medical Center's OPEB liability, as well as what the Medical Center's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% higher and 1% lower than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

		Hea	ilthcare Cost		
		T	rend Rates		
		$(7.0^{\circ}$	% decreasing		
19	% Decrease		to 4.50%)	1	% Increase
\$	2,768,930	\$	3,514,674	\$	4,542,751

OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, the Medical Center recognized OPEB expense of \$340,000 and \$363,586, respectively. At September 30, 2019 and 2018, the Medical Center reported deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB from changes of assumptions and other inputs of \$362,603 and \$385,877, respectively. There were no deferred outflows of resources related to the OPEB for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018.

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources at September 30, 2019, related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

2020	\$	(23.247)
2021		(23,247)
2022		(23,247)
2023		(23,247)
2024		(23,247)
Thereafter	-	(246,368)
	c	(262 602)
	3	(362,603)

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

Note 11: Retirement Plans

The Medical Center has three defined contribution pension plans that cover substantially all employees of the Medical Center. One plan is organized under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457(b), which receives employee pre-tax contributions for Medical Center employees.

The other two defined contributions plans are organized under IRC Section 401(a), one of which is an employee plan, and the other of which is an additional physician/executive plan. All part time and full time employees and physicians are eligible and are enrolled into the employee plan after one year of employment with the Medical Center. The Medical Center, at its option, may make contributions to the employee plan based on a discretionary percentage of eligible employees' base compensation, as defined. As of September 30, 2019 and 2018, the Medical Center's discretionary contribution percentages to the employee plan was calculated as 4% of eligible compensation for both years.

All employed physicians are eligible and automatically enrolled into the physician/executive 401(a) plan. The Medical Center, at its discretion, makes contributions to this plan for physicians and executives that have exceeded the compensation limit, as defined by the IRC, for the employee 401(a) plan to ensure that the full 4% of eligible compensation is contributed by the Medical Center for employed physicians and executives. Additionally, this plan allows employed physicians and executives to reduce their salary and the Medical Center will contribute the reductions into the 401(a) physician/executive plan.

Employer contributions into the employee 401(a) plan vest at 20% per year until they reach 100% at end of year five for both plans. Employer contributions into the physician/executive 401(a) plan and employee contributions into the 457(b) plan are immediately vested.

Retirement contributions made by the Medical Center to both 401(a) plans for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 totaled approximately \$2,188,000 and \$2,466,000, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

Note 12: Investment in Joint Venture

The Medical Center originally purchased a 50% ownership interest in a joint venture, Thibodaux Surgery Center, LLC, that provides surgical and endoscopy services. In 2014, the Medical Center sold 40% of their ownership, reducing the ownership as of September 30, 2019 and 2018 to 30%. Financial position and results of operations of the joint venture are summarized below:

	2019	2018
Current assets	S 1,737,040	\$ 1,410,511
Property and equipment, net	432,052	327,565
Total assets	S 2,169,092	\$ 1,738,076
Current liabilities	S 608,516	\$ 371,733
Long-term liabilities	57,867	151,263
Total liabilities	666,383_	522,996
Members' capital	1.502.709	1,215,080
Total liabilities and members' capital	\$ 2,169,092	\$ 1,738,076
Net patient service revenue	\$ 8,585,160	\$ 7,721,683
Operating expenses	(6,396,340)	(5,739,258)
Non-operating income	(32,306)	(25,495)
Net income	\$ 2,156,514	\$ 1,956,930

The carrying amount of the Medical Center's investment in the joint venture was \$375,555 and \$364,524 at September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Income from the Medical Center's investment in the joint venture was \$571,705 and \$425,247 for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Additionally, the Medical Center leases office space to Thibodaux Surgery Center, LLC under an operating lease with an initial expiration date of December 31, 2018 which has annual renewals and has been extended through December 31, 2020. Amounts received under the lease agreements for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, totaled approximately \$459,000 for both years.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

Note 13: Litigation

In the normal course of business, the Medical Center is, from time to time, subject to allegations that may or do result in litigation. Some of these allegations are in areas not covered by the Medical Center's self-insurance program (discussed elsewhere in these notes) or by commercial insurance; for example, allegations regarding employment practices or performance of contracts. The Medical Center evaluates such allegations by conducting investigations to determine the validity of each potential claim. Based upon the advice of legal counsel, management records an estimate of the amount of ultimate expected loss, if any, for each. Events could occur that would cause the estimate of ultimate loss to differ materially in the near term.

Note 14: Disclosures About Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurements must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. There is a hierarchy of three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs supported by little or no market activity and are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

Recurring Measurements

The following table presents the fair value measurements of assets and liabilities recognized in the accompanying financial statements measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at September 30:

			Fair Value Measurements Using					
		Carrying Amount		Quoted Prices in tive Markets or Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Unobs Inj	ficant ervable outs rel 3)
September 30, 2019	,							
Investments by fair value level								
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$	41,489,636	\$	41,489,636	\$	-	\$	_
U.S. agency obligations		41,876,935		=		41,876,935		=
Corporate bonds		3,016,160		-		3.016,160		-
Money market mutual funds	×	6,812,407		6,812,407	***************************************	-		_
Total investments								
by fair value level		93,195,138		48,302,043		44,893,095		_
Other assets by fair value level								
U.S. agency obligations		210,380		_		210,380	\$	_
September 30, 2018 Investments by fair value level								
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$	36,230,314	\$	36,230,314	\$	-	\$	_
U.S. agency obligations		47,526,388		-		47,526,388		_
Corporate bonds		3,821,994		_		3,821,994		_
Money market mutual funds		359,192		359,192		· · · · -		_
Municipal bonds		139,591		-		139,591		_
Total investments								
by fair value level		88,077,479	\$_	36,589,506	\$_	51,487,973	\$	_
Other assets by fair value level								
U.S. agency obligations	\$	119,320	\$	-	\$	119,320	\$	-

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

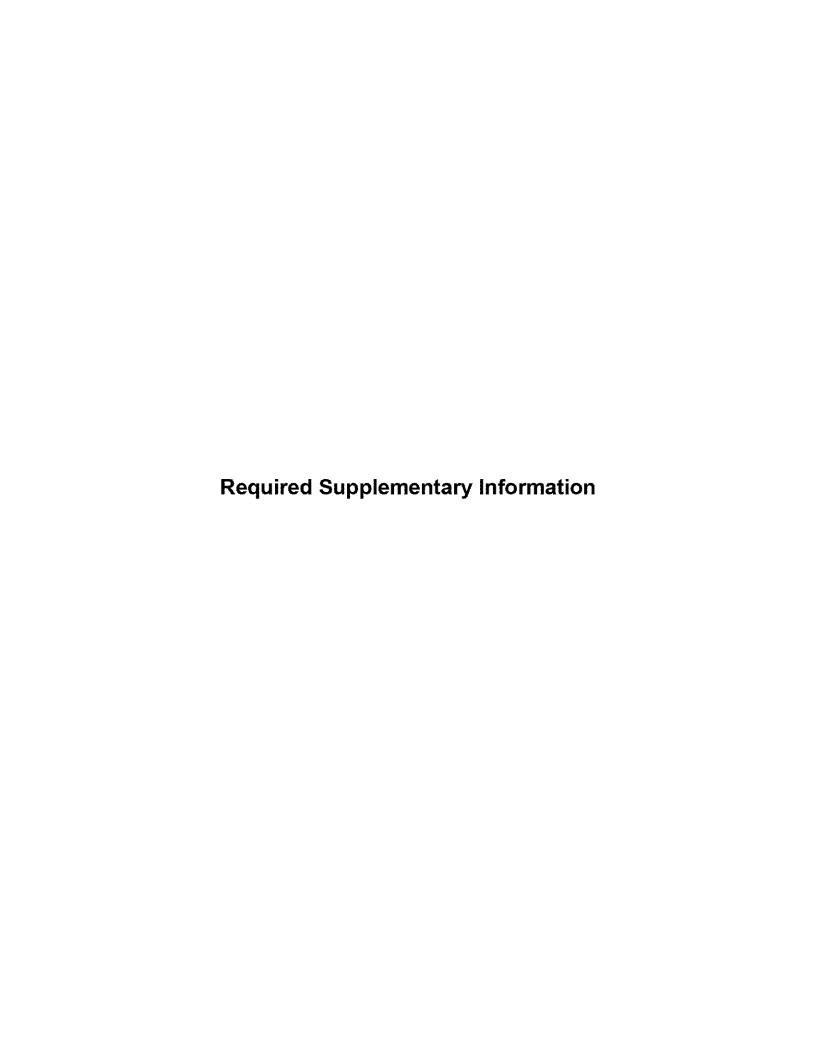
Investments

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or independent asset pricing services and pricing models, the inputs of which are market-based or independently sourced market parameters, including, but not limited to, yield curves, interest rates, volatilities, prepayments, defaults, cumulative loss projections and cash flows. Such securities are classified in Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, securities are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy. The Medical Center did not have any Level 3 investments at September 30, 2019 and 2018.

Note 15: Hospital Operating and Lease Agreements

Subsequent to year end, the Medical Center entered into certain lease and operating agreements effective as of October 1, 2019, as part of a transfer of the responsibility of the management and operation of the hospital operations from the Medical Center to Thibodaux Regional Health System (TRHS), a non-profit organization formed in November 2018.

Effective October 1, 2019, the Medical Center began leasing certain capital assets and transferred working capital and hospital operations to TRHS in exchange for cash to be paid through a note receivable. The Medical Center retained certain real estate unrelated to hospital operations. TRHS will provide substantially all of the management and direction of the hospital operations, subject only to the Medical Center's constitutional and statutory duties to provide or cause to provide medical and hospital care to Parish's need inhabitants.



A Component Unit of Lafourche Parish, State of Louisiana (d/b/a Thibodaux Regional Medical Center)

Schedule of Changes in the Medical Center's Total OPEB Liability Years Ended September 30,

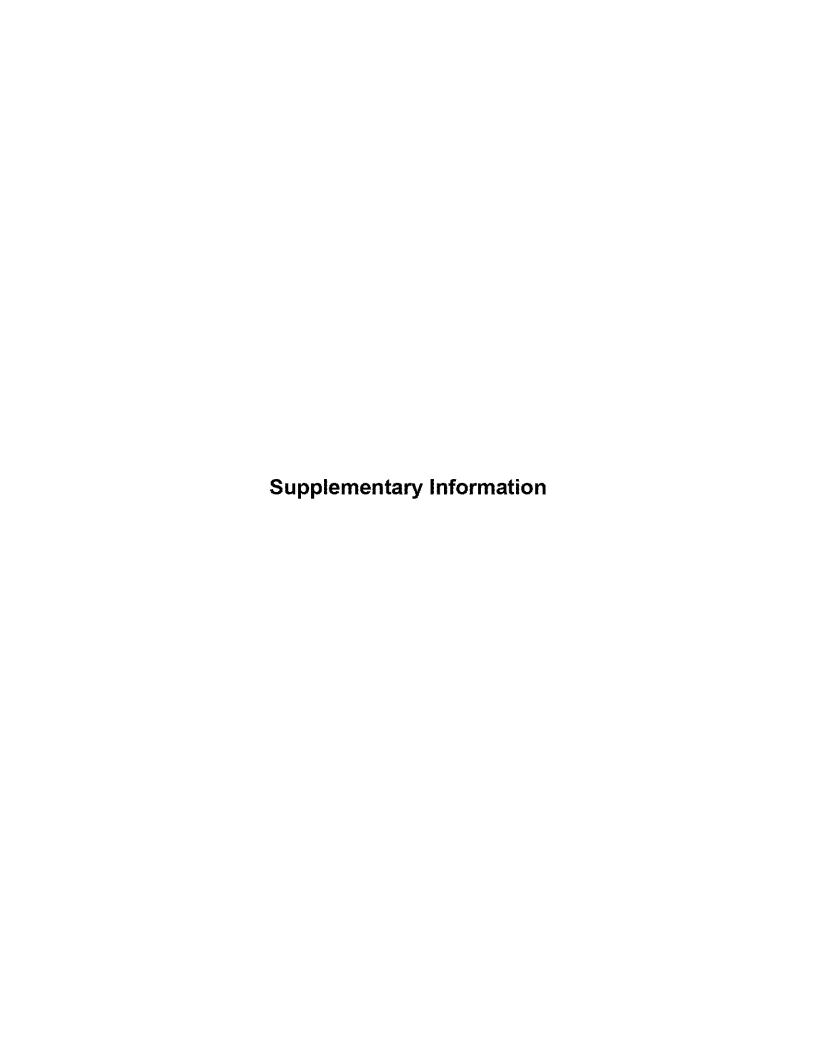
	2019			2018		
Total OPEB Liability						
Service cost	\$	261,925	S	261,925		
Interest		124,908		124,908		
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		-		(409.151)		
Benefit payments		(23,559)		(10,838)		
Net change in total OPEB liability		363,274		(33,156)		
Total OPEB liability—beginning		3,151,400		3,184,556		
Total OPEB liability—ending	S	3,514,674_	_S	3,151,400		

Notes to Schedule:

Changes of assumptions. 2018 - Change in discount rate.

This schedule is presented as of the measurement date which is as of the fiscal year-end.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Medical Center will present information for those years for which information is available. All amounts are in thousands, unless otherwise indicated.



A Component Unit of Lafourche Parish, State of Louisiana (d/b/a Thibodaux Regional Medical Center)

Schedule of Compensation, Reimbursements, Benefits and Other Payments to the Chief Executive Officer Year Ended September 30, 2019

Chief Executive Officer - Greg Stock

Purpose	Amount		
Salary	\$	502,323	
Incentive compensation		80,000	
Benefits-insurance		10,725	
Benefits-retirement		17,154	
Vehicle provided by government		9,167	
Conference travel (including continuing education)		22,464	
Special meals (physician recruitment)		2.038	



Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Commissioners Hospital Service District No. 3 A Component Unit of Lafourche Parish, State of Louisiana (d/b/a Thibodaux Regional Medical Center) Thibodaux, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Hospital Service District No. 3, a Component Unit of Lafourche Parish, State of Louisiana (d/b/a Thibodaux Regional Medical Center) (Medical Center), which comprise the statement of financial position as of September 30, 2019 and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 17, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Medical Center's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Medical Center's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Medical Center's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Medical Center's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dallas, Texas March 17, 2020

BKD,LLP

Independent Accountant's Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures For the Year Ended September 30, 2019



Independent Accountant's Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures

Board of Commissioners
Hospital Service District No. 3
A Component Unit of Lafourche Parish, State of Louisiana (d/b/a Thibodaux Regional Medical Center)
Thibodaux, Louisiana

We have performed the procedures enumerated in the attachment to this report, which were agreed to by Hospital Service District No. 3, a Component Unit of Lafourche Parish, State of Louisiana (d/b/a Thibodaux Regional Medical Center) (Medical Center), and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor (LLA) on the control and compliance areas identified in the LLA's Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the year ended September 30, 2019. The management of the Medical Center is responsible for the control and compliance areas identified in the LLA's SAUPs. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described in the attachment to this report for the purpose for which this report has been requested of for any other purpose.

The procedures and findings obtained are described in the attachment to this report.

This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or a review, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those control and compliance areas identified in the LLA's SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those control and compliance areas identified in the LLA's SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

BKD,LLP

Dallas, Texas March 17, 2020



A Component Unit of Lafourche Parish, State of Louisiana (d/b/a Thibodaux Regional Medical Center) Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures

Year Ended September 30, 2019

Written Policies and Procedures

- 1. Obtain and inspect the Medical Center's written policies and procedures and observe that they address each of the following categories and subcategories (if applicable to public funds and the Medical Center's operations):
 - a) Budgeting, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.
 - b) **Purchasing**, including (1) how purchases are initiated, (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list, (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders, (4) controls to ensure compliance with the public bid law, and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.
 - c) *Disbursements*, including processing, reviewing, and approving.
 - d) Receipts/Collections, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g. periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).
 - e) *Payroll/Personnel*, including (1) payroll processing, and (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked.
 - f) *Contracting*, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.
 - g) Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable), including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).
 - h) *Travel and expense reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.
 - i) *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) requirement that all employees, including elected officials, annually attest through signature verification that they have read the entity's ethics policy.

A Component Unit of Lafourche Parish, State of Louisiana (d/b/a Thibodaux Regional Medical Center) Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures

Year Ended September 30, 2019

- j) **Debt Service**, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.
- k) Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.

Results: The Medical Center did not have written policies and procedures for the following:

- Budgeting Amending the budget
- Contracting Legal review
- Travel and Expense Dollar thresholds by category of expense
- Debt Service Not applicable as the Medical Center does not have debt
- Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity Application of software patches and updates

Management's Response: Management will consider amending internal policies.

Bank Reconciliations

- 2. Obtain a listing of client bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:
 - a) Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged);
 - b) Bank reconciliations include evidence that a member of management/board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and
 - c) Management has documentation reflecting that it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

Results: Obtained a listing of bank accounts from management and management's representation that the listing was complete and selected five accounts for testing.

A Component Unit of Lafourche Parish, State of Louisiana (d/b/a Thibodaux Regional Medical Center) Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures

Year Ended September 30, 2019

The Medical Center maintained monthly reconciliations for four of the five accounts for the month selected. Reconciliations for these accounts were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date, review by a member of management who does not handle cash or issue checks and reflected items outstanding have been researched.

For the remaining account selected, formal monthly reconciliations are not performed as this zero balance account is swept daily to the operating account which is reconciled monthly.

Management's Response: Due to the nature of the account being a zero balance account, Management does not feel a reconciliation of this account type is necessary. Any and all bank activity is automatically swept by the bank daily into an operating account that is reconciled on a monthly basis.



March 17, 2020

Office of Legislative Auditor 1600 North Third Street PO Box 94937 Baton Rouge, LA 70804-9397

Re: Hospital

Hospital Service District No. 3 of Lafource Parish, d/b/a Thibodaux Regional Medical Center

Status of Prior Year Findings

To Whom It May Concern:

In connection with the completion of our audit for the year ended September 30, 2019, please find the below status of the prior year finding for the audit for the year ended September 30, 2018.

Finding Description: 2018-01 Statement of Cash Flows Restatement

Responsible Personnel: Chief Financial Officer, Assistant Chief Financial Officer

Corrective Action Taken: The Medical Center implemented a process where management reviews all accounts and balances included in board designated noncurrent cash and investments, identified all cash balances within those amounts and ensured amounts are included in the statement of cash flows.

Status: Resolved

Should you have any questions, please contact me at (985) 493-4721 or by email at steve.gaubert@thibodaux.com.

Sincerely,

Steve Gaubert

Chief Financial Officer