FRENCH MARKET CORPORATION NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2019



FRENCH MARKET CORPORATION NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

TABLE OF CONTENTS

FINANCIAL SECTION	Page
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1-3
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4-12
STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION	13
STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION	14
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS	15
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	16-30
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
SCHEDULE I – Schedule of Employer's Pension Contributions For the Year Ended December 31, 2019	31
SCHEDULE II – Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability – December 31, 2019	32
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	33
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
SCHEDULE III – Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to the Agency Head for the Year Ended December 31, 2019	34

TABLE OF CONTENTS, CONTINUED

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL	
OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE	
AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL	
STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH	
<u>GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS</u>	35-36

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

37

<u>Page</u>

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors French Market Corporation (A Proprietary Component Unit of the City of New Orleans) New Orleans, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of French Market Corporation (the Market), a component unit of the City of New Orleans, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Market's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Market's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Market's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Market as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 and the changes in financial position and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 9 to the financial statements, the Market may be impacted by disruptions in the economy and business operations associated with the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic. While the disruption is currently expected to be temporary, there is considerable uncertainty around the duration. The extent to which the COVID-19 outbreak may impact the Market's financial position or statement of activities cannot be reasonably estimated at this time. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 12 and the required pension information on page 31 through 32 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Market's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to the Executive Director (Schedule III) on page 34 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Schedule III is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, Schedule III is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 20, 2020, on our consideration of the Market's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Market's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Richard CPAS

Metairie, Louisiana August 20, 2020



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

As the financial manager of the Market, we offer readers of the accompanying financial statements, this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Market for the year ended December 31, 2019. This discussion and analysis are designed to assist the reader in focusing on the significant financial issues and activities.

We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the financial statements as a whole.

Using This Annual Report

Our auditors' have provided assurance in their independent auditors' report located immediately preceding this Management's Discussion and Analysis. That opinion is unmodified with respect to the basic financial statements. Varying degrees of assurances are being provided by the auditor regarding the other information included in this report. A user of this report should read the independent auditors' report carefully to ascertain the level of assurance being provided for each of the other parts of this report.

Financial Highlights - 2019

- The Markets assets and deferred outflows exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows by \$30,998,677. Of this amount, \$10,714,728 was unrestricted and \$20,283,949 represented the net investment in capital assets.
- The Markets net position increased by \$1,616,897 during the year ended December 31, 2019.

Financial Highlights - 2018

- The Markets assets and deferred outflows exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows by \$29,381,780. Of this amount, \$8,626,209 was unrestricted and \$20,755,571 represented the net investment in capital assets.
- The Markets net position increased by \$1,616,285 during the year ended December 31, 2018.
- During the year ended December 31, 2018, the Market completed the infrastructure and landscaping improvements to the Moonwalk in the amount of \$3,537,401.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Market's basic financial statements comprise of a Statement of Net Position and Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position and Statement of Cash Flows and the related notes to the financial statements. Since the Market consists of a single enterprise fund, no fund level financial statements are shown.

Basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Market's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The statement of net position presents information on all of the Market's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Market is improving or deteriorating. Net position increases when revenues exceed expenses. Increases to assets without a corresponding increase to liabilities results in increased net position, which indicates an improved financial position.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

Overview of the Financial Statements (continued)

The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position presents information showing how the Market's net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event occurs, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. earned but unused vacation leave).

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

Financial Analysis -2019

The Statement of Net Position includes information on all the Market's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. The statement provides the basis for evaluating the capital structure and assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of the Market.

In 2019, net position increased by \$1,616,897 to \$30,998,677. Current assets increased by \$1,935,866, which includes a \$1,964,678 increase in cash and cash equivalents. The increase in cash is comprised mostly of the increase in net position of approximately \$1,617,000, less the decrease in due to other governments of approximately \$308,000, plus increase in non-cash estimate for depreciation expense in the amount of approximately \$1,038,000, increases in compensated absences of approximately \$46,000 and pension expense actuarial adjustment of approximately \$100,000, less capital expenditures made during the year of approximately \$567,000. Current liabilities decreased by approximately \$250,000, primarily comprised of the decrease in due to other governments of approximately \$308,000. Pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources increased by approximately \$133,000, \$334,000, and \$300,000, respectively. The changes in pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources were related to the Market's participation in a pension plan for its employees, the Employees Retirement System of New Orleans. Changes in pension related amounts are based on cash and non-cash estimates by the City's actuary (see Note 5).

The Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position provide an indication of the Market's financial health. For the year ended December 31, 2019, operating revenues increased by \$415,194, with increases of rental, parking, and other income of approximately \$144,000, \$150,000, and \$120,000, respectively.

Operating expenses decreased by \$32,991. The Market reduced the prior year increase in public safety efforts by hiring fewer New Orleans Police Department Officer details in 2019 as compared to 2018 that contributed the major portion of the combined \$133,000 decrease in salaries, wages and benefits and professional services expense. Offsetting the lower payroll and professional service costs, the market incurred approximately \$143,000 in higher repairs and maintenance costs, mostly related to increased electrical related repairs completed in 2019. Transfers to the City of New Orleans increased by approximately \$473,000 as a result of the Markets commitment to fund \$500,000 in repairs damages to the Piety Wharf owned by the City (see Note 7).

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

Financial Analysis -2019 (continued)

FRENCH MARKET CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

				Increase
	 2019	 2018	(Decrease)
Current assets	\$ 15,966,692	\$ 14,030,826	\$	1,935,866
Capital assets, net	 20,283,949	 20,755,571		(471,622)
Total assets	36,250,641	34,786,397		1,464,244
Deferred outflow of resources	 2,105,963	 1,772,336		333,627
Total assets and deferred outflow of resources	 38,356,604	 36,558,733		1,797,871
Current liabilities	1,795,612	2,089,984		(294,372)
Noncurrent Liabilities	 4,618,618	 4,443,126		175,492
Total Liabilities	6,414,230	6,533,110		(118,880)
Deferred inflow of resources	 943,697	 643,843		299,854
Total liabilities and deferred inflow of resources	 7,357,927	 7,176,953		180,974
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets	20,283,949	20,755,571		(471,622)
Unrestricted	 10,714,728	 8,626,209		2,088,519
Total net position	\$ 30,998,677	\$ 29,381,780	\$	1,616,897

The Statements of Cash Flows report the cash provided and used by operating activities, as well as other cash sources such as investment income and cash payments for capital additions. As previously mentioned, the increase in cash of approximately \$1,965,000 was primarily comprised of the increase in net position of \$1,616,000 adjusted for the \$308,000 decrease in due to other governments, depreciation in excess of capital additions of approximately \$471,000 and changes in estimates for compensated absences and pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources of approximately \$140,000.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

Financial Analysis -2019 (continued)

FRENCH MARKET CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	2019	2018	Increase Decrease)
Operating revenues			i.
Rental income	\$ 8,101,124	\$ 7,956,751	\$ 144,373
Parking income	2,135,648	1,985,235	150,413
Other income	 805,704	 685,296	 120,408
Total operating revenue	11,042,476	10,627,282	415,194
Operating expenses			
Salaries, wages, and benefits	3,737,243	3,828,224	(90,981)
Depreciation	1,038,210	956,906	81,304
Maintenance, repairs and equipment	1,088,187	905,938	182,249
Professional services	1,025,168	1,067,282	(42,114)
Advertising	641,942	664,879	(22,937)
Utilities and communication	493,749	520,611	(26,862)
Insurance	524,848	513,963	10,885
Other	 246,989	 371,524	 (124,535)
Total operating expenses	8,796,336	8,829,327	(32,991)
Nonoperating income (loss)			
Interest	66,596	40,931	25,665
Transfer out to City of New Orleans	(695,839)	 (222,601)	 (473,238)
Total nonoperating income (loss)	(629,243)	 (181,670)	(447,573)
Change in net position	1,616,897	1,616,285	612
Net position, beginning of year	 29,381,780	 27,765,495	 1,616,285
Net position, end of year	\$ 30,998,677	\$ 29,381,780	\$ 1,616,897

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

FRENCH MARKET CORPORATION

Financial Analysis -2019 (continued)

CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS						
	2019 2018			Increase (Decrease)		
Cash flows from:						· · · ·
Operating activities	\$	3,529,089	\$	2,587,146	\$	941,943
Noncapital financing activities		(1,121,102)		(100,000)		(1,021,102)
Capital and related financing activities		(509,905)		(3,368,339)		2,858,434
Investing activities		66,596		40,931		25,665
Net change in cash		1,964,678		(840,262)		2,804,940
Beginning of year cash		13,526,687		14,366,949		(840,262)
End of year cash	\$	15,491,365	\$	13,526,687	\$	1,964,678

Financial Analysis – 2018

The Statement of Net Position includes information on all the Market's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. The statement provides the basis for evaluating the capital structure and assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of the Market.

In 2018, net position increased by \$1,616,285 to \$29,381,780. Current assets decreased by \$960,490, which includes a \$840,262 decrease in cash and cash equivalents. The decrease in current assets largely resulted from capital expenditures made during the year. Relatedly, capital assets increased by \$1,880,436, which consisted of \$2,837,342 in capital expenditures less \$956,906 in depreciation expense incurred during the year. Current liabilities decreased by \$847,394, which primarily consisted of the decrease in accounts payable. The decrease in accounts payable of \$629,841 resulted primarily from capital projects, including the Moonwalk renovations that were in progress at December 31, 2017 and were completed prior to the year ended December 31, 2018. Non-current assets decreased by \$304,875 due to the decrease in the net pension liability. Deferred outflows and inflows of resources decreased and increased by \$73,483 and 382,447, respectively. The changes in non-current liabilities, deferred outflows and inflows of resources were related to the Market's participation in a pension plan for its employees, the Employees Retirement System of New Orleans. Changes in pension related amounts are based on cash and non-cash estimates by the City's actuary (see Note 5).

The Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position provide an indication of the Market's financial health. For the twelve months ended December 31, 2018, operating revenues decreased by \$400,505, which primarily consisted of a \$499,182 decrease in parking revenue, partially offset by modest increases in rental and other income. During the year ended December 31, 2018, renovations of the Moonwalk necessitated the closing of one of the Market's three parking lots resulting in the decrease in parking revenues in 2018.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

Financial Analysis – 2018 (continued)

Operating expenses increased by \$246,273. The Market increased public safety efforts by hiring more New Orleans Police Department Officer details that contributed the major portion of the \$198,150 increase in professional services. Nonoperating items decreased by \$2,029,294 as the amount the Market transferred out to the City decreased by \$2,003,287.

FRENCH MARKET CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

	2018	2017	Increase (Decrease)
Current assets	\$ 14,030,826	\$ 14,991,316	\$ (960,490)
Capital assets, net	20,755,571	18,875,135	1,880,436
Total assets	34,786,397	33,866,451	919,946
Deferred outflow of resources	1,772,336	1,845,819	(73,483)
Total assets and deferred outflow of resources	36,558,733	35,712,270	846,463
Current liabilities	2,089,984	2,937,378	(847,394)
Noncurrent Liabilities	4,443,126	4,748,001	(304,875)
Total Liabilities	6,533,110	7,685,379	(1,152,269)
Deferred inflow of resources	643,843	261,396	382,447
Total liabilities and deferred inflow of resources	7,176,953	7,946,775	(769,822)
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	20,755,571	18,875,135	1,880,436
Unrestricted	8,626,209	8,890,360	(264,151)
Total net position	\$ 29,381,780	\$ 27,765,495	\$ 1,616,285

The Statements of Cash Flows report the cash provided and used by operating activities, as well as other cash sources such as investment income and cash payments for capital additions. As previously mentioned, parking revenues decreased due to closing the lot adjacent to the Moonwalk during construction, which was a major factor in the decrease in operating activities. In addition, the decrease in transfer out to the City of New Orleans decreased the noncapital financing activities. Capital expenditures increased for the twelve-month period ended December 31, 2018 as compared to the prior year due to increased construction activity with the Moonwalk renovation project resulted in higher capital and related financing activities.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

Financial Analysis – 2018 (continued)

<u>FRENCH MARKET CORPORATION</u> <u>STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION</u>

		2018	2017	Increase Decrease)
Operating revenues				
Rental income	\$	7,956,751	\$ 7,877,272	\$ 79,479
Parking income		1,985,235	2,484,417	(499,182)
Other income		685,296	 666,098	 19,198
Total operating revenue		10,627,282	11,027,787	(400,505)
Operating expenses				
Salaries, wages, and benefits		3,828,224	3,887,136	(58,912)
Depreciation		956,906	1,095,497	(138,591)
Maintenance, repairs and equipment		905,938	922,696	(16,758)
Professional services		1,067,282	869,132	198,150
Advertising		664,879	581,112	83,767
Utilities and communication		520,611	475,456	45,155
Insurance		513,963	457,570	56,393
Other		371,524	 294,455	 77,069
Total operating expenses		8,829,327	8,583,054	246,273
Nonoperating income (loss)				
Interest		40,931	14,924	26,007
Transfer out to City of New Orleans	_	(222,601)	 (2,225,888)	 2,003,287
Total nonoperating income (loss)		(181,670)	 (2,210,964)	 2,029,294
Change in net position		1,616,285	233,769	1,382,516
Net position, beginning of year		27,765,495	 27,531,726	 233,769
Net position, end of year	\$	29,381,780	\$ 27,765,495	\$ 1,616,285

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

Financial Analysis – 2018 (continued)

<u>FRENCH MARKET CORPORATION</u> <u>CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS</u>

				Increase
	 2018	 2017	(]	Decrease)
Cash flows from:				
Operating activities	\$ 2,587,146	\$ 3,039,411	\$	(452,265)
Noncapital financing activities	(100,000)	(899,653)		799,653
Capital and related financing activities	(3,368,339)	(1,261,577)		(2,106,762)
Investing activities	 40,931	 14,924		26,007
Net change in cash	(840,262)	893,105		(1,733,367)
Beginning of year cash	 14,366,949	 13,473,844		893,105
End of year cash	\$ 13,526,687	\$ 14,366,949	\$	(840,262)

Capital Assets (2019 and 2018)

The Market's investment in capital assets which is composed of land, building and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment amounts to \$20,283,949, net of accumulated depreciation of \$29,260,571 at December 31, 2019 and \$20,755,571, net of accumulated depreciation of \$28,222,361 at December 31, 2018.

The Market's five-year capital budget includes major building repairs and renovations, vehicle purchases, equipment replacements, painting of buildings, and landscape improvements.

Debt Administration (2019 and 2018)

At December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Market's long-term debt includes its noncurrent compensated absences of \$347,234 and \$305,215 and net pension liability of \$4,271,384 and \$4,137,911, respectively.

Economic Outlook

The Market adopts an annual operating and a five-year capital budget. The capital budget depicts various planned improvement projects while the continuing operating budget includes proposed expenses and the means of financing them. The Market's operating budget remains in effect the entire year. The capital budget is on an on-going basis and implements projects based on board designated funds. On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the coronavirus outbreak a "Public Health Emergency of International Concern" and on March 10, 2020, declared it to be a pandemic. The coronavirus and actions taken to mitigate it have had and are expected to continue to have an adverse impact on the economies and financial markets in the local area, including the Market.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

Economic Outlook (Continued)

While it is unknown how long these conditions will last and what the complete financial effect will be to the French Market Corporation, to date, the Market is expecting declining lease revenue and parking revenue in 2020.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Market's finances for all those with an interest in its finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional information should be addressed to the Market's Executive Director at 1008 N. Peters Street, New Orleans, Louisiana 70116.

FRENCH MARKET CORPORATIONSTATEMENTS OF NET POSITIONDECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

<u>ASSETS</u>

		2019		2018
CURRENT ASSETS	¢	15 401 265	¢	12 526 697
Cash and cash equivalents Tenants receivable	\$	15,491,365 264,443	\$	13,526,687 323,439
Prepaid expenses and other assets		210,884		180,700
Total current assets		15,966,692		14,030,826
				· · ·
Capital assets, net		20,283,949		20,755,571
TOTAL ASSETS		36,250,641		34,786,397
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF PENSION RESOURCES		2,105,963		1,772,336
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	\$	38,356,604	\$	36,558,733
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSE	<u>T S</u>			
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$	363,418	\$	378,563
Rental deposits		289,032		290,691
Due to governmental agencies		977,194		1,285,304
Compensated absences		38,582		34,806
Unearned revenue		127,386		100,620
Total current liabilities		1,795,612		2,089,984
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Compensated absences		347,234		305,215
Net pension liability		4,271,384		4,137,911
Total noncurrent liabilities		4,618,618		4,443,126
Total liabilities		6,414,230		6,533,110
DEFERRED INFLOW OF PENSION RESOURCES		943,697		643,843
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	\$	7,357,927	\$	7,176,953
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	20,283,949	\$	20,755,571
Unrestricted		10,714,728		8,626,209
Total net position	\$	30,998,677	\$	29,381,780

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

<u>FRENCH MARKET CORPORATION</u> <u>STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION</u> FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

	2019	2018
REVENUES		
Rental income	\$ 8,101,124	\$ 7,956,751
Parking income	2,135,648	1,985,235
Other income	805,704	685,296
Total operating revenues	11,042,476	10,627,282
EXPENSES		
Salaries, wages, and related benefits	3,737,243	3,828,224
Professional services	1,025,168	1,067,282
Maintenance and repairs	988,382	845,706
Insurance	524,848	513,963
Security	22,355	25,277
Telephone and utilities	493,749	520,611
Fees and taxes	112,674	149,507
Equipment expense	99,805	60,232
Advertising and promotion	641,942	664,879
Supplies and materials	67,839	65,991
Depreciation	1,038,210	956,906
Other	44,121	130,749
Total operating expenses	8,796,336	8,829,327
OPERATING INCOME	2,246,140	1,797,955
NONOPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		
Interest income	66,596	40,931
Transfer to City of New Orleans	(695,839)	(222,601)
Total nonoperating income (loss)	(629,243)	(181,670)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	1,616,897	1,616,285
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	29,381,780	27,765,495
NET ASSETS, END OF THE YEAR	\$ 30,998,677	\$ 29,381,780

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

FRENCH MARKET CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		2019	 2018
Received from tenants	\$	10,320,875	\$ 9,869,184
Received from others		775,520	685,296
Paid to employees for services		(3,474,595)	(3,902,409)
Paid to suppliers for goods and services		(4,092,711)	 (4,064,925)
Net cash provided by operating activities		3,529,089	2,587,146
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACT	IVIT		(100.000)
Transfer out to the City of New Orleans		(1,121,102)	 (100,000)
Net cash used in noncapital and related financing activities		(1,121,102)	 (100,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVIT	IES		
Payments for capital additions		(509,905)	(3,368,339)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(509,905)	 (3,368,339)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received		66,596	40.021
		66,596	 40,931
Net cash provided by investing activities		00,390	 40,931
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		1,964,678	(840,262)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		13,526,687	 14,366,949
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	15,491,365	\$ 13,526,687
Reconciliation of net operating income to net cash provided by			
operating activities areas follows:			
Operating income	\$	2,246,140	\$ 1,797,955
Adjustments to reconcile net operating income to			
net cash provided by operating activities:		1 000 010	0.5.000
Depreciation		1,038,210	956,906
Decrease in tenants receivable		58,996	42,114
(Increase) decrease in prepaid and other assets		(30,184)	78,114
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflow of resources		(333,627)	73,483
(Decrease) in accounts payable		(71,828)	(98,842)
(Decrease) in rental deposits		(1,659)	(5,187)
Increase (decrease) in due to governmental agencies		117,153	(247,101)
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue		26,766	(92,630)
Increase in compensated absences		45,795	4,762
Increase (decrease) in pension liability		133,473	(304,875)
Increase in deferred inflow of resources		299,854	 382,447
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	3,529,089	\$ 2,587,146

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Polices</u>

Organization

The French Market Corporation (the Market), a Louisiana Public Benefit Corporation was organized on March 15, 1973 to provide for the operation and maintenance of the French Market Properties owned by the City of New Orleans. These properties include five buildings and the Farmers Market. The Market is owned by the City of New Orleans and administered by a Board of Directors consisting of twelve members appointed by the Mayor of the City of New Orleans.

Reporting Entity

The Market is presented as a component unit of the City of New Orleans. Component units are legally separate organizations for which elected officials of the primary government (City of New Orleans) are financial accountable. Component unit status is determined using the following criteria:

The City of New Orleans is financial accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the Market's governing body and is either:

- 1. Able to impose its will on the Market
- 2. There is potential for the Market to provide specific financial benefits to or impose financial burdens on the City of New Orleans. The City of New Orleans may be financial accountable if the Market is fiscally dependent on the City of New Orleans.

The City of New Orleans appoints a voting majority of the Market's governing body and there is potential for the Market to provide specific financial benefits to the City of New Orleans. This qualifies the Market as a component unit of the City of New Orleans. The accompanying financial statements present information only on the Market and do not present information on the City of New Orleans. There are no component units of the Market.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The term measurement focus is used to denote what is being measured and reported in the Market's operating statement. The Market is accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus. The fundamental objective of this focus is to measure whether the Market is better or worse off economically as a result of events and transactions of the period.

The term basis of accounting is used to determine when a transaction or event is recognized on the Market's operating statement. The Market uses the full accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when incurred, even though actual payment or receipt may not occur until after the period ends.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Polices (continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The Market is presented similar to enterprise funds which are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the governing body has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and net income is necessary for management accountability.

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and cash equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Market considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in non-interest-bearing demand deposits. Under state law, the Market may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law or any other state of the United States, or under the laws of the United States of America.

Tenants Receivable

Tenants receivable are carried at a net amount determined by the original billings for space rentals and related fees, less vacancy adjustments, less an estimated allowance for doubtful accounts. Management determines the allowance for doubtful accounts by identifying troubled accounts and by historical experience applied to an aging of accounts. The Market does not charge interest on tenants' receivable. Tenants receivable are written-off as bad debt expense when deemed uncollectible. Recoveries of receivables previously written-off are recorded as a reduction of bad debt expense when received. The Market expects all tenant's receivable at December 31, 2019 and 2018 to be fully collectible; therefore, no allowance for doubtful accounts was recorded at December 31, 2019 and 2018.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Polices (continued)</u>

Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the Market as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

Capital assets are recorded at cost or the estimated acquisition value at the time of contribution to the Market. Major outlays for capital assets are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred (net of interest earned on invested proceeds during the construction phase) is reflected in the capitalized value of the capital assets constructed. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and improvements	10-50 years
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	5-10 years
Vehicles	5 years
Software	3 years

Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated acquisition value at the date donated.

Deferred outflows of resources

A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses) until that future time. See Note 5 for additional details.

Compensated absences

The Market's policy is to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. Vacation and sick leave are recorded as expenses and liabilities as the benefits accrued to the employees. Employees are permitted to accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation benefits which are to be paid to employees upon separation from the Market.

GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, no liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that are vested as severance pay.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Polices (continued)</u>

Compensated absences (continued)

All full-time classified employees of the Market hired prior to January 1, 1979 are permitted to accrue a maximum of 90 days of vacation (annual leave) and an unlimited number of days of sick leave (accumulated at a maximum of 24 days per year). Employees hired after December 31, 1978 can accrue a maximum of 45 days of annual leave and an unlimited number of sick leave.

Upon termination of employment, an employee is paid for accrued annual leave based upon current hourly rate of pay and for accrued sick leave on a formula basis. If termination is the result of retirement, the employee has the option of converting accrued sick leave to additional years of service.

Rental deposits

Rental deposits represent one month of rent paid in advance of the lease agreement for the commercial and residential tenants.

Deferred inflows of resources

A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time. See Note 5 for additional details.

Net Position

Net position classifications are defined as follows:

Net Investment in capital assets – This component of net position consists of capital assets, including any restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of invested in capital assets, net of related debt. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.

Restricted – This component of net position consists of constraints placed on net position through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Polices (continued)</u>

Net Position (continued)

Unrestricted – This component of net position consists of net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" as described above.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, the Market's policy is to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Revenues and expenses

The Market distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the Market's ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the market are tenant rental revenue, advertising revenue, and parking revenue. Operating expenses include the costs of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Under state law, the Market's deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be insured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Market's deposits may not be returned to it under state law. At December 31, 2019, the Market's deposits had a carrying amount of \$15,491,365 and a bank balance of \$15,560,828, of which \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$15,310,828 was covered by collateral held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

3. Capital Assets

The capital assets of the Market as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 consist of the following:

	January 1, 2019	Additions	Transfer in/(out)	December 31, 2019
Land	\$ 151,917	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 151,917
Construction in progress	284,292	192,397	(261,755)	214,934
Buildings and improvements	46,406,852	282,747	261,755	46,951,354
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	1,997,022	67,214	-	2,064,236
Automobiles	48,098	-	-	48,098
Software	89,751	24,230		113,981
Total	48,977,932	566,588	-	49,544,520
Accumulated deprecation	(28,222,361)	(1,038,210)		(29,260,571)
Capital assets, net	\$20,755,571	\$ (471,622)	<u>\$ -</u>	\$20,283,949

	January 1,			
	2018	Additions	in/(out)	2018
Land	\$ 151,917	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 151,917
Construction in progress	1,859,966	2,661,121	(4,236,795)	284,292
Buildings and improvements	42,161,455	8,602	4,236,795	46,406,852
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	1,919,154	77,868	-	1,997,022
Automobiles	48,098	-	-	48,098
Software		89,751		89,751
Total	46,140,590	2,837,342	-	48,977,932
Accumulated deprecation	(27,265,455)	(956,906)		(28,222,361)
Capital assets, net	\$ 18,875,135	\$ 1,880,436	\$ -	\$20,755,571

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

3. Capital Assets (continued)

During the year ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Market completed the following projects and transferred the costs from construction in progress to buildings and improvements.

	2019		2018
Moonwalk revitalization	\$	-	\$ 3,537,401
French lot parking automation		-	449,298
Crescent Park guard rail improvement		-	250,096
Upper Pontalba renovations		261,755	
Construction in process completed	\$	261,755	\$ 4,236,795

At December 31, 2019 and 2018, the construction in progress of \$214,934 and \$284,292, consists primarily of improvements to the Riverside parking lot and architectural and engineering costs for improvements to the Upper Pontalba building, respectively.

4. Minimum Future Rentals

The Market has entered into rental agreements which require the tenant to pay the Market minimum monthly rental payments plus contingent rentals. The operating leases expire in various years through the year 2031. Minimum future rentals to be received under the various operating leases as of December 31, 2019 are as follows:

December 31,	Amount
2020	\$ 1,369,416
2021	1,030,529
2022	822,310
2023	345,798
2024	265,196
2025 - 2031	429,857
	\$ 4,263,106

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

5. Pension Plan

For purposes of measuring the Net Pension Liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Employees Retirement System of the City of New Orleans and additions to/deductions from the Plan's' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

Employees of the Market are provided with pensions through a cost- sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Employees Retirement System of the City of New Orleans (the Plan) established under the laws of the State of Louisiana. The Plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <u>www.nola.gov/nomers</u>.

Benefits Provided

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Benefits Provided – Regular Benefits

Employees with thirty (30) years of service, or who attain age 60 withten (10) years of service, or age 65, irrespective of length of service, are entitled to a retirement allowance. The retirement allowance consists of an annuity, which is the actuarial equivalent of the employee's accumulation contribution, plus an annual pension, which together with the annuity, provides a total retirement allowance equal to 2% to 4% of average compensation times the number of years of service. The maximum pension may not exceed 100% of average compensation. Pension amounts are reduced for service retirement prior to age 62. Average compensation is defined as average annual earned compensation for the highest thirty-six (36) successive months (forty-eight (48) effective January 1, 2014 and sixty (60) months effective January 1, 2015) of service as a member, minus \$1,200. Effective June 1, 2002, \$1,200 is removed. After April 29, 1979, earned compensation based on pay for regular required work and excludes State supplemental pay.

Benefits Provided - Disability Benefits

Disability benefits are awarded to active members with 10 or more years of creditable service if a physician nominated by the board certifies that the member is totally incapacitated and that such incapacitation is likely to be permanent. The member receives an annuity, which is the actuarial equivalent to the employee's accumulated contribution, plus an annual pension, which, together with the annuity shall be 75% of the service allowance that would have been payable upon service retirement at age 65, had the member continued in service to the age of 65. Such allowance is to be computed on the average compensation, plus the sum of \$1,200 provided, however, the minimum annual retirement allowance will be \$300 per year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

5. Pension Plan (continued)

Contributions

Contribution requirements of active employees are governed by the Retirement Ordinance of the City Charter of New Orleans. Employee and employer contributions are deducted from a member's salary and remitted to the Plan by participating employers. For the 2019 fiscal year, employees participating in the Retirement System are required to contribute 6% of their salary and the employer is required to contribute 23.19%. Employer contributions to the Retirement System are based upon the amount necessary to fund normal cost and amortization of past service costs over a period of thirty years. The contribution requirements of Retirement System members of the Market are established and may beamended by the Retirement System's board of trustees. The Market's contributions to the Retirement System, which were equal to the required contribution, for the year ended December 31, 2019 were \$442,327. However, the Market does not guarantee any of the benefits granted by the plan.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflow of Resources and Deferred Inflow of</u> <u>Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Employer reported a liability of \$4,271,384 and \$4,137,911, respectively, for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31. The Market's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on a projection of the Market's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Market's proportion was 1.459727% and 1.7390628%, respectively.

For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Market recognized pension expense of \$726,201 and \$610,272 less employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions of \$184,174 and \$16,890, respectively.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

5. Pension Plan (continued)

At December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Market reported deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	2019			2018				
		rred outflow resources		erred inflow resources	Deferred outflow of resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between	\$	1,004,308	\$	(51,140)	\$	1,001,227	\$	(81,235)
projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of		640,886		(248,485)		328,782		(399,012)
proportionate share of contributions Employer contributions subsequent to measurement date		- 460,769		(644,072)		- 442,327		(163,596) -
	\$	2,105,963	\$	(943,697)	\$	1,772,336	\$	(643,843)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflow of Resources and Deferred Inflow of</u> <u>Resources Related to Pensions</u>

The Market contributions subsequent to the measurement date in the amount of \$460,769 were reported as deferred outflow of resources will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	_	Amount				
2020	_	\$ 332,691				
2021			34,165			
2022			44,637			
2023			161,675			
2024			15,813			
2025 - 2026	_		112,516			
Total	_	\$	701,497			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

5. <u>Pension Plan (continued)</u>

Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

Valuation Date	January 1, 2019 (2019) and December 31, 2017 (2018)
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Adjusted Market Value using seven year smoothing
Investment Rate of Return	7.5% per annum
Mortality	Non-disabled members - Mortality rates based on the RP- 2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table: set forward six years for males under age 70 and set forward for four years for females under age 65 (2019) and (Sex Distinct) Without Projection (2018)
	Disabled members - Mortality rates based on the RP- 2000 Disabled Mortality Table: (Sex Distinct) Without Projection
Turnover	Table developed from the 2006-2010 Actuarial Experience Study
Salary Increases	5.0% compounded annually

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

5. <u>Pension Plan (continued)</u>

		2019			2018	
		Long-Tern			Long-Tem	
		Expected	Weighted		Expected	Weighted
	Target	Real Rate	Rate of	Target	Real Rate	Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return	Return	Allocation	of Return	Return
Cash Equivalents	2.0%	1.41%	0.03%	2.0%	0.00%	0.00%
Equity securities	58.0%	6.79%	3.94%	58.0%	7.74%	4.49%
Fixed income	25.0%	2.65%	0.66%	25.0%	2.92%	0.73%
Real estate	5.0%	4.08%	0.20%	5.0%	4.60%	0.23%
Alternative investments	10.0%	7.37%	0.74%	10.0%	6.20%	0.62%
Total	100.0%		5.57%	100.0%		6.07%

<u>Discount Rate</u>

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions from participating employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in</u> <u>the Discount Rate</u>

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.50%) or one percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1.0% Decrease		Discount Rate		1.0% Increase	
	(6.50%)		(7.50%)		(8.50%)	
Employer's proportionate share of the	\$	5,472,733	\$	4,271,384	\$	3,468,318
net pension liability						

Included in due to governmental agencies were contributions payable to the pension plan in the amount of \$38,183 and \$18,511 at December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

5. <u>Pension Plan (continued)</u>

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Employees Retirement System of the City of New Orleans 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report at <u>www.nola.gov/nomers.</u>

6. Unrestricted Net Position

Unrestricted board designated net position consisted of the following at December 31, 2019 and 2018:

	~	2019	2018		
Revenue reserves	\$	3,414,617	\$	3,794,267	
On-going and future capital projects		5,826,343		3,385,562	
Insurance reserves		1,395,000		1,395,000	
Maintenance reserves	- <u></u>	78,768	×	51,380	
Total	\$	10,714,728	\$	8,626,209	

7. <u>Related Party Transactions</u>

The lease and franchise agreement between the Market and the City, which ends on December 31, 2050, requires an annual lease payment equal to the greater of \$100,000 or 20% of the net adjusted revenues of certain properties. At December 31, 2019 and 2018, included in due to governmental agencies is \$195,839 and \$222,601, respectively, for the lease agreement.

In 2015, the Market voted to approve quarterly payments to the City of New Orleans in equal amounts to the net revenue of parking operations for the previous quarter. The Finance Committee and the Board of Directors have the right of final approval before payments are issued. At December 31, 2019 and 2018, included in due to governmental agencies is \$0 and \$898,498 for the parking operations, respectively.

The City of New Orleans prepares and processes the payroll of the Market through the City of New Orleans payroll process. The Market reimburses the payroll expense monthly. At December 31, 2019 and 2018, included in due to governmental agencies is \$281,355 and \$164,205 for reimbursement of payroll expense, respectively.

On June 6, 2019, a vessel struck the Piety Wharf. The Piety Wharf is owned by the City of New Orleans and managed by the Market. In December 2019, the Market agreed to fund certain emergency repairs to the Piety Wharf in the amount of \$500,000. At December 31, 2019, included in due to governmental agencies is \$500,000 of board approved distributions related to this agreement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

7. Related Party Transactions (continued)

Amounts due to the City of New Orleans are reported as due to governmental agencies and consist of the following at December 31, 2019 and 2018.

	2019	2018
Due to City for Board approved distributions	\$500,000	\$898,498
Due to City for lease of French Market properties	100,000	100,000
Due to City for Franchise Lease Agreement	95,839	122,601
Due to City for reimbursement of payroll costs	281,355	164,205
Total	\$977,194	\$1,285,304

8. <u>Risk Management</u>

The Market is exposed to various risks of loss to torts; theft of; damage to and destruction of assets for which the Market carries commercial insurance. Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

9. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued August 20, 2020, and determined the following items require disclosure. No subsequent events occurring after this date have been evaluated for inclusion in these financial statements.

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the coronavirus outbreak a "Public Health Emergency of International Concern" and on March 10, 2020, declared it to be a pandemic. On March 11, 2020, the Mayor of New Orleans declared a State of Emergency due to COVID-19. Subsequently, the Governor of Louisiana and the Mayor of New Orleans through a series of proclamations and orders limited gatherings of various types and placed restrictions on commercial business activities, which ultimately culminated in the issuance of a "Stay at Home Mandate" for Orleans Parish by the Mayor on March 20, 2020, and by the Governor on March 22, 2020. Actions taken around the world to help mitigate the spread of the coronavirus include restrictions on travel, and quarantines in certain areas, and forced closures for certain types of public places and businesses. The coronavirus and actions taken to mitigate it have had and are expected to continue to have an adverse impact on the economies and financial markets in the local area and around the world.

As a result of the financial hardship created by the COVID-19 emergency, the Market has received requests for rent relief from commercial and residential tenants. On June 2, 2020, the Market approved a Commercial Rent Relief Program which provides for full rent abatement for the three-month period of April, May, and June 2020 for eligible commercial tenants. The Commercial Rent Relief Program consists of uniform rent relief terms, tenant eligibility requirements, and requires each tenant requesting relief to enter into a Commercial Tenant Relief Agreement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

9. <u>Subsequent Events (continued)</u>

On June 2, 2020, the Market adopted the Residential Tenant Repayment Program which provides for waiver of late fees through June 30, 2020 and an installment plan for payment of past due rent in full by December 31, 2020. Residential rent shall be due for July 2020 moving forward as provided in each residential lease.

While it is unknown how long these conditions will last and what the complete financial effect will be to the French Market Corporation, to date, the Market is experiencing declining lease revenue and parking revenue.

Effective February 1, 2020, the Market outsourced the parking operations through a management and operating agreement with a third party. The management and operating agreement is for an initial term of one year with up to four additional consecutive one-year extensions at the Market's sole option. The agreement includes a fixed fee payable to the Market of \$170,917 monthly and an additional annual payment based on meeting or exceeding agreed upon gross revenue amounts. The third party is delinquent on payments to the Market for the period from April 2020 through August 20, 2020 and the Market is assessing remedies.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FRENCH MARKET CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

				tribution in elation to			I	Employers	Contributions as	
Fiscal Year	Contractually Required Contribution		Contractually Required Contribution		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered- Employee Payroll		a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	
2019	\$	418,792	\$	460,769	\$	(41,977)	\$	1,876,188	24.559%	
2018	\$	487,207	\$	442,237	\$	44,970	\$	1,907,005	23.190%	
2017	\$	400,282	\$	400,282	\$	-	\$	1,721,495	23.252%	
2016	\$	424,950	\$	424,950	\$	-	\$	1,887,647	22.512%	
2015	\$	376,012	\$	401,501	\$	(25,489)	\$	1,665,393	24.108%	

Note: Employer's covered employee payroll amount represents the amount from the 2019 year.

Note: GASB 68 requires this schedule to show information for 10 years. The Market implemented GASB 68 during the 2015 fiscal year. Therefore, additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See independent auditors' report on required supplementary information.

<u>FRENCH MARKET CORPORATION</u> <u>SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYERS PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF PENSION LIABILITY</u> <u>DECEMBER, 31, 2019</u>

Fiscal Year	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	1.459727%	1.739063%	1.739063%	1.707800%	1.780780%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$4,271,384	\$4,137,911	\$4,442,786	\$3,981,606	\$3,017,097
Employees Covered-Employee Payroll	\$1,876,188	\$2,008,696	\$1,721,495	\$1,887,647	\$1,665,393
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a percentage of its Covered Employee Payroll	227.66%	206.00%	258.08%	210.93%	181.16%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of total Pension Liability	55.55%	62.22%	58.06%	60.26%	68.26%

Note: GASB 68 requires this schedule to show information for 10 years. The Market implemented GASB 68 during the 2015 fiscal year. Therefore, additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See independent auditors' report on required supplementary information.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

DECEMBER 31, 2019

<u>Changes in Benefit Terms</u>

There were no changes of benefits terms for the year ended December 31, 2019.

<u>Changes in Assumptions</u> There were no changes of benefits assumptions for the year ended December 31, 2019.

ADDITIONAL SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

<u>FRENCH MARKET CORPORATION</u> <u>SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS, AND OTHER PAYMENTS</u> <u>TO THE AGENCY HEAD</u> <u>FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019</u>

Agency Head Name: Kathleen Turner, Executive Director

Salary	\$	145,205
Benefits - Health Insurance	Φ	9,000
Benefits - Retirement		33,673
Deferred Compensation		-
Workers Compensation		300
Benefits - Life Insurance		74
Benefits - Long Term Disability		-
Benefits - FICA & Medicare		9,452
Car Allowance		-
Vehicle Provided by the Agency		-
Cell Phone		630
Dues		-
Vehicle Rental		-
Per Diem		-
Reimbursements		-
Travel		1,573
Registration Fees		-
Conference Travel		799
Unvouchered Expenses		-
Meetings and Conventions		-
Other		-
Total	\$	200,706

See accompanying independent auditors' report

OTHER REPORT

RICHARD CPAS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Board of Directors French Market Corporation (A Proprietary Component Unit of the City of New Orleans) New Orleans, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the French Market Corporation (the Market) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Market's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 20, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Market's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Market's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Market's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Market's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richard CPAS

Metairie, Louisiana August 20, 2020



SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

1. <u>Summary of Independent Auditors' Results</u>

Financial Statements

- (a) The type of report issued on the basic financial statements: <u>Unmodified</u>
- (b) Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified: None reported

Significant deficiency(ies) identified: None reported

(c) Noncompliance which is material to the basic financial statements: None reported

2. <u>Findings relating to the basic financial statements reported in accordance with Government</u> <u>Auditing Standards</u>

None reported

FRENCH MARKET CORPORATION NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

LOUISIANA LEGISLATIVE AUDITOR – STATEWIDE AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES REPORT

DECEMBER 31, 2019



FRENCH MARKET CORPORATION NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

LOUISIANA LEGISLATIVE AUDITOR – STATEWIDE AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES REPORT

DECEMBER 31, 2019

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Page</u>

Independent Accountants' Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures	1
Schedule A: Agreed-Upon Procedures and Observations and Results	2



Independent Accountant's Report On Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures

The Board of Directors French Market Corporation New Orleans, Louisiana

We have performed the procedures enumerated in Schedule A, which were agreed to by the French Market Corporation (the Market) and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor (LLA) on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the LLA's Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period January 1, 2019 through December 31, 2019. The Market's management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the specified users of this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described in the attached Schedule A either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

The procedures we performed, and the associated findings are summarized in the attached Schedule A, which is an integral part of this report.

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures; other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Richard CPAS

Metairie, Louisiana August 20, 2020

LOUISIANA LEGISLATIVE AUDITOR – STATEWIDE AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2019

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

<u>Written Policies and Procedures - Procedures were not performed due to no exceptions</u> occurring for this procedure in the prior year, except specifically related to procedure 1(k) <u>Disaster Recovery / Business Continuity.</u>

- 1. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe that they address each of the following categories and subcategories (if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations):
 - a) *Budgeting*, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.
 - b) *Purchasing*, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the public bid law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.
 - c) *Disbursements*, including processing, reviewing, and approving.
 - d) *Receipts/Collections*, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g. periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).
 - e) *Payroll/Personnel*, including (1) payroll processing, and (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked.
 - f) *Contracting*, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.
 - g) Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable), including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).
 - h) *Travel and expense reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.
 - *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute 42:1111-1121,
 (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) requirement that all employees, including elected officials, annually attest through signature verification that they have read the entity's ethics policy.
 - j) *Debt Service*, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.

LOUISIANA LEGISLATIVE AUDITOR – STATEWIDE AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2019

Written Policies and Procedures (continued)

k) Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available systems and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.

We performed the procedure 1 (k) and noted no exceptions.

Board or Finance Committee - Procedures were not performed due to no exceptions occurring for this procedure in the prior year.

- 2. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:
 - a) Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
 - b) For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund and major special revenue funds, as well asmonthly financial statements (or budget- to-actual comparisons, if budgeted) for major proprietary funds. *Alternately, for those entities reporting on the non-profit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.*
 - c) For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unrestricted fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unrestricted fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unrestricted fund balance in the general fund.

LOUISIANA LEGISLATIVE AUDITOR – STATEWIDE AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2019

Bank Reconciliations

- 3. Obtain a listing of client bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for selected each account, and observe that:
 - a) Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged);

We performed the procedures above and noted no exceptions.

b) Bank reconciliations include evidence that a member of management/board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and

We performed the procedures above and noted no exceptions.

c) Management has documentation reflecting that it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

We performed the procedures above and noted no exceptions.

<u>Collections – Procedures were not performed due to no exceptions occurring for this procedure</u> in the prior year.

- 4. Obtain a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).
- 5. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (i.e. 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:
 - a) Employees that are responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers.
 - b) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g. pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit.

LOUISIANA LEGISLATIVE AUDITOR – STATEWIDE AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2019

Collections (continued)

- c) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to the general led ger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.
- d) The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee verifies the reconciliation.
- 6. Inquire of management that all employees who have access to cash are covered by a bond or insurance policy fortheft.
- 7. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for procedure #3 under "Bank Reconciliations" above (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Alternately, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc. Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:
 - a) Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.
 - b) Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.
 - c) Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.
 - d) Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100).
 - e) Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

<u>Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements, and</u> <u>petty cash purchases) - Procedures were not performed due to no exceptions occurring for this</u> <u>procedure in the prior year.</u>

- 8. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).
- 9. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that:

LOUISIANA LEGISLATIVE AUDITOR – STATEWIDE AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2019

<u>Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases) (continued)</u>

- a) At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase.
- b) At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.
- c) The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.
- d) Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.
- 10. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management' s representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction and:
 - a) Observe that the disbursement matched the related original invoice/billing statement.
 - b) Observe that the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #9, as applicable.

Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

11. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.

We performed the procedures above and noted no exceptions.

- 12. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement), obtain supporting documentation, and:
 - a) Observe that there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit /debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the authorized card holder. [Note: Requiring such approval may constrain the legal authority of celiain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality); these instances should not be reported.)]

LOUISIANA LEGISLATIVE AUDITOR – STATEWIDE AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2019

Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards (continued)

We performed the procedures above and noted no exceptions.

b) Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.

We performed the procedures above and noted no exceptions.

13. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (i.e. each card should have 10 transactions subject to testing). For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only).

We performed the procedures above and noted no exceptions.

<u>Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions) – Procedures</u> were not performed due to no exceptions occurring for this procedure in the prior year.

- 14. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements, obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:
 - a) If reimbursed using a per diem, agree the reimbursement rate to those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov).
 - b) If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.
 - c) Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by written policy (procedure #1h).
 - d) Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

LOUISIANA LEGISLATIVE AUDITOR – STATEWIDE AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2019

<u>Contracts – Procedures were not performed due to no exceptions occurring for this procedure in</u> the prior year.

- 15. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. *Alternately, the practitioner may use an equivalent selectionsource, such as an active vendor list.* Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and:
 - a) Observe that the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.
 - b) Observe that the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g. Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter).
 - c) If the contract was amended (e.g. change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment.
 - d) Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

<u>Payroll and Personnel – Procedures were not performed due to no exceptions occurring for this</u> procedure in the prior year.

- 16. Obtain a listing of employees/elected officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees/officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.
- 17. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees/officials selected under #16 above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:
 - a) Observe that all selected employees/officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory). (Note: Generally, an elected official is not eligible to earn leave and does not document his/her attendance and leave. However, if the elected official is earning leave according to policy and/or contract, the official should document his/her daily attendance and leave.)
 - b) Observe that supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees/officials.
 - c) Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records.

LOUISIANA LEGISLATIVE AUDITOR – STATEWIDE AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2019

Payroll and Personnel (continued)

- 18. Obtain a listing of those employees/officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees/officials, obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations, agree the hours to the employee/officials' cumulate leave records, and agree the pay rates to the employee/officials' authorized pay rates in the employee/officials' personnel files.
- 19. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, and workers' compensation premiums have been paid, and associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

Ethics – Procedures were not performed due to no exceptions occurring for this procedure in the prior year.

- 20. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, obtain ethics documentation from management, and:
 - a. Observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the fiscal period.
 - b. Observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official attested through signature verification that he or she has read the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period.

<u>Debt Service – Procedures were not performed due to no exceptions occurring for this</u> procedure in the prior year.

- 21. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all bonds/notes on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each bond/note issued.
- 22. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants.

LOUISIANA LEGISLATIVE AUDITOR – STATEWIDE AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2019

<u>Other – Procedures were not performed due to no exceptions occurring for this procedure in the prior year.</u>

- 23. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled.
- 24. Observe that the entity has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.