FINANCIAL REPORT

**DECEMBER 31, 2024** 

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## VIGE, TUJAGUE 🥯 NOEL

A CORPORATION OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

151 N. 2№ STREET P. O. BOX 1006 EUNICE, LOUISIANA 70535

SHIRLEY VIGE, JR., C.P.A. FRANK G. TUJAGUE, C.P.A. DOMINIQUE M. NOEL, C.P.A. TELEPHONE: 337-457-9324 FAX: 337-457-8743

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners St. Landry Parish Fire Protection District No. 1 Krotz Springs, Louisiana

### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities of the St. Landry Parish Fire Protection District No. 1, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the St. Landry Parish Fire Protection District No. 1's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities of the St. Landry Parish Fire Protection District No. 1, as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof and for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the St. Landry Parish Fire Protection District No. 1 and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the St.

Landry Parish Fire Protection District No. 1's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
  due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
   Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
  disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the St. Landry Parish Fire Protection
  District No. 1's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the
  aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the St. Landry Parish Fire Protection District
  No. 1's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability, and schedule of employer pension contributions on pages 32 through 35 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and,

although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the St. Landry Parish Fire Protection District No. 1's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head, as listed in the table of contents, as required by the State of Louisiana, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 28, 2025, on our consideration of the St. Landry Parish Fire Protection District No. 1's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the St. Landry Parish Fire Protection District No. 1's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with

Government Auditing Standards in considering St. Landry Parish Fire Protection District No. 1's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Vige, Pujague & Noë, CPA's

Eunice, Louisiana May 28, 2025 BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

## Statement of Net Position December 31, 2024

## **ASSETS**

Cash and equivalents	\$2,783,262
Property tax receivable	1,770,181
Revenue sharing receivable	13,195
Other receivable	984
Prepaid expenses	51,918
Capital assets	
Non-depreciable	119,800
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	1,699,453
Total assets	6,438,793
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	243,101_
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	39,399
Total current liabilities	39,399
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Net pension liability	906,573
Total noncurrent liabilities	906,573
Total liabilities	945,972
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	54,551
Net Position:	
Investments in capital, net of related debt	1,699,453
Unrestricted	3,981,918
Total net position	\$5,681,371

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

# Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

		P	rogram l	Reven	ues	R	et (Expense) evenue and Changes in Net Position
Activities	Expenses	and (	, Fines, Charges Services	Ope	ital and erating rants	Go	overnmental Activities
Governmental activities:							
General government							
Public safety	\$1,613,983	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(1,613,983)
Total governmental activities	\$1,613,983	\$	-	\$	-		(1,613,983)
T	neral revenues: axes Property taxes						1 787 580
T	axes Property taxes Revenue sharing						1,787,580 13,195
Т	axes Property taxes Revenue sharing Fire insurance tax						13,195 12,720
Т	axes Property taxes Revenue sharing Fire insurance tax State supplement						13,195 12,720 57,600
T	axes Property taxes Revenue sharing Fire insurance tax State supplement Pension subsidy	al pay					13,195 12,720 57,600 57,228
T	axes Property taxes Revenue sharing Fire insurance tax State supplement Pension subsidy Nonemployer pe	al pay	contributi	ons			13,195 12,720 57,600 57,228 50,205
T	axes Property taxes Revenue sharing Fire insurance tax State supplement Pension subsidy Nonemployer pe Interest earnings	al pay	contributi	ons			13,195 12,720 57,600 57,228 50,205 185,894
T	Axes Property taxes Revenue sharing Fire insurance tax State supplement Pension subsidy Nonemployer pe Interest earnings Dividend from L	al pay nsion c		ons			13,195 12,720 57,600 57,228 50,205 185,894 31,570
T	axes Property taxes Revenue sharing Fire insurance tax State supplement Pension subsidy Nonemployer pe Interest earnings	al pay nsion c		ons			13,195 12,720 57,600 57,228 50,205 185,894
T	Axes Property taxes Revenue sharing Fire insurance tax State supplement Pension subsidy Nonemployer pe Interest earnings Dividend from L	al pay nsion c WCC evenue	s	ons			13,195 12,720 57,600 57,228 50,205 185,894 31,570

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

\$ 5,681,371

Net Position - December 31, 2024

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Balance Sheet Governmental Fund December 31, 2024

	12/31/2024
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,783,262
Property taxes receivable, net	1,770,181
Revenue sharing receivable	13,195
Prepaid expense	
Other receivable	984
Total assets	\$ 4,567,622
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	
Deferred inflows of resources:	
Unavailable revenues - property taxes	\$ 19,494
Total deferred inflows of resources	19,494
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	4,602
Accrued liabilities	17,745
Retirement payable	17,052
Total liabilities	39,399
Fund balances:	
Unassigned	4,508,729
Total fund balances	4,508,729
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 4,567,622

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

## Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2024

Total fund balance for governmental fund
at December 31, 2024

\$ 4,508,729

Total net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:

The statement of net position reports receivables at their net value. However, receivables not available to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in governmental funds.

Property tax

19,494

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:

Cost of capital assets at December 31, 2024

Less: Accumulated depreciation

\$3,868,609

(2,049,356) 1,819,253

Amounts related to pension recognition are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds

(718,023)

Prepaid insurance

51,918

Total net position of governmental activities at December 31, 2024

\$ 5,681,371

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	12/31/2024
Revenues:	
Taxes:	
Ad valorem	\$ 1,790,462
Intergovernmental:	
State revenue sharing	13,195
Fire insurance rebate	12,720
State supplemental pay	57,600
Pension subsidy	57,228
Interest earnings	185,894
Dividend from LWCC	31,570
Miscellaneous	840
Total Revenues	2,149,509
Expenditures:	
Current - public safety	
Board per diem	4,240
Salaries	595,590
Benefits	374,023
Equipment costs	113,937
Occupancy eosts	23,064
Insurances	121,289
Pension deduction	57,542
Office and administration	44,133
Rescue runs, standby and volunteer	29,812
Capital outlay	125,135
Total Expenditures	1,488,765
Net change in fund balance	660,744
Fund balance, beginning	3,847,985
Fund balance, ending	\$ 4,508,729

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to
the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Total net changes in fund balance at December 31, 2024 per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances		\$ 660,744
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:		
Governmental funds defer revenues that do not provide current financial resources. However, the Statement of Activities recognizes such revenues at their net realizable value when earned, regardless of when received.  Property tax		(2,882)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay which is considered expenditures on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and		(2,882)
Changes in Fund Balances  Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2024	\$ 125,135 (230,449)	(105,314)
Net effect of pension liability recognition	(230,117)	26,814
Difference in prepaid insurance between modified accrual basis and accrual basis		 3,487
Total changes in net position at December 31, 2024 per Statement of Activities		\$ 582,849

#### Notes to Financial Statements

#### INTRODUCTION

The entity being reported on is the St. Landry Parish Fire Protection District No. 1, which is a component unit of the St. Landry Parish Government. The financial report includes all funds over which the District exercises oversight responsibility. This responsibility includes financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters.

The District was created by the St. Landry Parish Police Jury as authorized by Louisiana Revised Statute 40:1496. The District is governed by a Board of Commissioners, which consists of five commissioners. Two commissioners are appointed by the parish governing authority, two by the governing body of the municipal corporation in the District, and the fifth is selected by the other four members and serves as chairman.

The District was established for the purpose of acquiring, maintaining, and operating buildings, machinery, equipment, water tanks, water hydrants and water lines, and any other things necessary to provide proper fire prevention and control to the property within the District.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the St. Landry Parish Fire Protection District No. 1. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

#### B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The St. Landry Parish Fire Protection District No. 1 reports the following governmental fund:

The General Fund is the entity's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the entity, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the entity's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

## C. Deposits and Investments

The entity's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. State law and the St. Landry Parish Fire Protection District No. 1's investment policy allow the entity to invest in collateralized certificates of deposits, government-backed securities, commercial paper, the state sponsored investment pool, and mutual funds consisting solely of government-backed securities. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Note to Financial Statements

#### D. Receivables and Payables

The District's property tax is levied each November 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District. Property taxes are due on November 1 and become delinquent by January 1 of the following year. The St. Landry Parish Sheriff bills, collects, and distributes the property taxes for the District using the assessed values determined by the Tax Assessor of St. Landry Parish.

The millage assessed by the District in 2024 was 21.10 mills.

Uncollectible amounts due for property tax receivables are recognized as bad debts through the establishment of an allowance account at the time information becomes available which would indicate the uncollectibility of the particular receivable. The allowance for uncollectible accounts totaled \$11,184 at December 31, 2024.

Property taxes receivable for the governmental fund types, which have been remitted within 60 days subsequent to year end, are considered measurable and available and recognized as revenues. All other property taxes are offset by deferred property tax inflows of resources and accordingly, have not been recorded as revenue.

There were no interfund receivables/payables at December 31, 2024.

#### E. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The St. Landry Parish Fire Protection District No. 1 capitalizes all capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. The District maintains a threshold level of \$500 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

All capital assets, other than land, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	<b>Estimated Lives</b>
Land improvements	20 years
Buildings and building improvements	15-60 years
Furniture and fixtures	5-10 years
Equipment and fire trucks	5-60 years

#### Notes to Financial Statements

#### E. Capital Assets - Continued

Interest costs incurred on fixed assets, if any, are not capitalized.

#### F. Compensated Absences

No accrual has been made for vacation or sick pay due to the insignificance of the amounts involved.

#### G. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related dcbt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### H. Equity Classifications

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balance of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowing that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted: or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

#### Notes to Financial Statements

#### H. Equity Classifications - Continued

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form — prepaid items or inventories; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The spendable portion of the fund balance comprises the remaining four classifications: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Restricted fund balance. This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance. These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions or ordinances of the fire district's board – the government's highest level of decision making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the board removes the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned fund balance. This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the fire district's "intent" to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The fire district's board and management have the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned fund balance. This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers the amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the District has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

#### I. Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In some instances, the GASB required a government to delay recognition of decreases in net position as expenditures until a future period. In other instances, governments are required to delay recognition of increases in net position as revenues until a future period. In these circumstances, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources result from the delayed recognition of expenditures or revenues, respectively.

#### J. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### **Budget Information**

The District adopts an annual budget for the General Fund. The annual budget is prepared on the GAAP basis of accounting. The Board adopts its budget prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. Any revisions that alter total revenues or expenditures must be approved by the Board. Prior to year-end, the Board adopts an amended budget approving such additional revenues or expenditures. Any budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

The District adopted a budget for calendar year 2024.

The Fire District did not have a deficit fund balance at December 31, 2024.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

#### 3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

At December 31, 2024, the Fire District had cash, interest-bearing deposits, and investments as follows:

	Bank	Book
	<b>Balance</b>	Balance
Demand deposits		
Interest-bearing- St Landry Bank	\$ 2,787,364	\$ 2,782,762

Under state law, these deposits in financial institutions must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must, at all times, be equal to the amount on deposit with the bank. At December 31, 2024, deposits in financial institutions were secured by federal deposit insurance in the amount of \$250,000 for interest bearing accounts and \$250,000 for non-interest bearing accounts, and the market value of securities pledged in the District's name in the amount of \$3,747,265.

Pledged securities in Category 3 include uninsured or unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the broker or dealer, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the District's name. Even though the pledged securities are considered uncollateralized (Category 3) Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the District that the fiscal agent had failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

#### 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended December 31, 2024 are as follows:

	Balance 12/31/2023	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/2024
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 104,800	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 104,800
Construction in progress	-	15,000		15,000
Other capital assets:				
Land improvements	2,313	-	-	2,313
Buildings	856,237			856,237
Equipment	2,747,546	85,847	-	2,833,393
Furniture and fixtures	25,713			25,713
Buildings, land and improvements	6,865	24,288		31,153
Totals	3,743,474	125,135	-	3,868,609
Less accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	2,313	-		2,313
Buildings	411,360	14,916		426,276
Equipment	1,382,515	213,534	-	1,596,049
Furniture and fixtures	18,145	1,295		19,440
Buildings, land and improvements	4,574	704		5,278
Total accumulated depreciation	1,818,907	230,449	-	2,049,356
Net capital assets	\$ 1,924,567	\$ (105,314)	\$ -	\$ 1,819,253

#### 5. ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

The State of Louisiana paid the District's firefighters supplemental pay of \$57,600. These amounts are included in the accompanying financial statements as revenues and expenditures.

#### 6. COMPENSATION OF BOARD MEMBERS

Members of the District's Board of Commissioners receive a per diem of \$80 per meeting attended. Total Board per diem paid for the year ended December 31, 2024 is as follows:

\$ 960
800
960
560
960
\$ 4,240
\$

#### Notes to Financial Statements

#### 7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to risks of loss in the areas of general and auto liability, property hazards, and workers' compensation. Those risks are handled by purchasing commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the current fiscal year. Settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage during the current fiscal year and the two preceding fiscal years. Insurance coverage appears adequate for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024.

#### 8, EVALUATION OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has evaluated subsequent events through May 28, 2025, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### 9. ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following Statements which will become effective in futures years as shown below:

Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences – This Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 31, 2024.

#### 10. PENSION PLAN

Substantially all of the employees (15) of the St. Landry Parish Fire Protection District No. 1 are members of the Firefighters Retirement System.

#### Firefighters' Retirement System

The Firefighters' Retirement System is the administrator of a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan. Membership in the System is a condition of employment for any full-time firefighters who earn at least \$375 per month and are employed by any municipality, parish or fire protection district of the State of Louisiana in addition to employees of the Firefighters' Retirement System. The System provides retirement, disability and death benefits for their members. The projections of benefit payments in the calculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive employees through the System in accordance with benefit terms and any additional legal agreements to provide benefits that are in force at the measurement date.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

#### 10. PENSION PLAN - Continued

Benefit provisions are authorized within Act 434 of 1979 and amended by LRS 11:2251-11:2272. The following is a brief description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Any person who becomes an employee as defined in R.S. 11:2252 on and after January 1, 1980, shall become a member as a condition of employment. Members in the System consist of full-time firefighters, eligible employees of the retirement system, or any person in a position as defined in the municipal fire and police civil service system that earns at least \$375 per month, excluding state supplemental pay, and is employed by a fire department of any municipality, parish, or fire district of the state of Louisiana, except for Orleans Parish and the City of Baton Rouge.

No person who has attained age 50 or over shall become a member of the System unless the person becomes a member by reason of a merger or unless the System received an application for membership before the applicant attained the age of 50. No person who has not attained the age of 18 years shall become a member of the System.

Any person who has retired from service under any retirement system or pension fund maintained basically for public officers and employees of the state, its agencies or political subdivisions, and who is receiving retirement benefits therefrom may become a member of this System, provided the person meets all other requirements for membership. Service credit from the retirement system or pension plan from which the member is retired shall not be used for reciprocal recognition of service with this System, or for any other purpose in order to attain eligibility or increase the amount of service credit in this System.

#### Retirement Benefits

Employees with 20 or more years of service who have attained age 50, or employees who have 12 years of service who have attained age 55, or 25 years of service at any age are entitled to annual pension benefits equal to 3.333% of their average final compensation based on the 36 consecutive months of highest pay multiplied by their total years of service, not to exceed 100%. Employees may elect to receive their pension benefits in the form of a joint and survivor annuity.

If employees terminate before rendering 12 of service, they forfeit the right to receive the portion of their accumulated plan benefits in the form of a joint and survivor annuity.

Benefits are payable over the employees' lives in the form of a monthly annuity. An employee may elect an unreduced benefit or any of seven options at retirement.

See R.S. 11:2256(A) for additional details on retirement benefits.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

#### 10. PENSION PLAN - Continued

#### Disability Benefits

A member who acquires a disability, and who files for disability benefits while in service, and who upon medical examination and certification as provided for in Title 11, is found to have a total disability solely as the result of injuries sustained in the performance of his official duties, or for any cause, provided the member has at least five years of creditable service and provided that the disability was incurred while the member was an active contributing member in active service, shall be entitled to disability benefits under the provisions of R.S. 11:2258(B).

#### Death Benefits

Benefits shall be payable to the surviving eligible spouse or designated beneficiary of a deceased member as specified in R.S. 11:2256(B) & (C).

#### Deferred Retirement Option Plan

After completing 20 years of credible service and age 50 or 25 years at any age, a member may elect to participate in the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) for up to 36 months.

Upon commencement of participation in the deferred retirement option plan, employer and employee contributions to the System cease. The monthly retirement benefit that would have been payable is paid into the deferred retirement option plan account. Upon termination of employment, a participant in the program shall receive, at his option, a lump-sum payment from the account or an annuity based on the deferred retirement option plan account balance in addition to his regular monthly benefit.

If employment is not terminated at the end of the 36 months, the participant resumes regular contributions to the System. No payments may be made from the deferred retirement option plan account until the participant retires.

#### Initial Benefit Option Plan

Effective June 16, 1999, members eligible to retire and who do not choose to participate in DROP may elect to receive, at the time of retirement, an initial benefit option (IBO) in an amount up to 36 amounts of benefits, with an actuarial reduction of their future benefits. Such amounts may be withdrawn or remain in the IBO account earning interest at the same rate as a DROP account.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

#### 10. PENSION PLAN - Continued

#### Cost of Living Adjustment (COLAs)

Under the provisions of R.S. 11:246 and 11:2260(A)(7), the board of trustees is authorized to grant retired members and widows of members who have retired an annual cost of living increase of up to 3% of their current benefit, and all retired members and widows who are 65 years of age and older a 2% increase in their original benefit. In order for the board to grant either of these increases, the System must meet certain criteria detailed in the statute related to funding status and interest earnings (R.S. 11:243). In lieu of these COLAs, pursuant to R.S. 11:241, the board may also grant an increase based on a formula equal to up to \$1 times the total number of years of credited service accrued at retirement or at death of the member or retiree plus the number of years since retirement or since death of the member or retiree to the system's fiscal year end preceding the payment of the benefit increase. If there are not sufficient funds to fund the benefit at the rate of one dollar per year for such total number of years, then the rate shall be reduced in proportion to the amount of funds that available to fund the cost-of-living adjustment.

<u>Contributions</u> - State statute requires covered employees to contribute 10.00 percent of their salaries to the system. The District is required to contribute 33.25% from January through June and 33.25% from July through December, of covered employees' salaries. As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The District's contribution to the System for the years ending December 31, 2024 and 2023 were \$157,824 and \$147,986, respectively, equal to the required contributions for the year.

The System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Firefighters' Retirement System, 3100 Brentwood Drive, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809-1752, or by calling (225) 925-4060.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$906,573 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for the FRS plan. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the FRS pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.161009%, which was an increase of 0.000324% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2023.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

#### 10. PENSION PLAN - Continued

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the District recognized additional pension expense of \$23,391 which includes employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions.

#### Non-employer contributions

According to state statute, the System receives insurance premium assessments from the state of Louisiana. The assessment is considered support from a non-employer contributing entity and appropriated by the legislature each year based on an actuarial study. Non-employer contributions were recognized as revenue during the year ended June 30, 2024, and were excluded from pension expense. Non-employer contributions received by the System during the year ended June 30, 2024, and were excluded from pension expense. Non-employer contributions received by the System during the year ended June 30, 2024, were \$50,205.

At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflow of Resources		
Differences between expected				
and actual experience	\$ 68,063	\$	-	
Changes in assumptions	38,783		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension				
plan investments	9,170		(21,560)	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions	42,743		(32,991)	
Employer contributions subsequent	04242			
to measurement date	84,342		-	
Total	\$ 243,101	\$	(54,551)	

The District reported a total of \$84,342 as deferred outflow of resources related to pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement period of June 30, 2024, which will be recognized as a reduction in net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as an increase (decrease) in pension expense as follows:

#### Notes to Financial Statements

#### 10. PENSION PLAN - Continued

Year Ended June 30:	FRS
2025	\$ 5,217
2026	114,387
2027	(20,933)
2028	(17,566)
2029	2,828
2030	7,106
Total	\$ 91,039

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2024 is as follows:

	FRS			
Valuation date	June 30, 2024			
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal cost			
Expected remaining service life	7 years, closed period			
Investment rate of return	6.90% per annum			
Inflation rate	2.50% per annum			
Salary increases	Vary from 14.10% in the first two years of service to 5.20% after 25 years of service			
Cost of living adjustments	Only those previously granted			

The mortality rate assumptions were updated in fiscal year 2022 to reflect changes from the recent experience study and rates set in the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans mortality tables, as compared to the RP-2000 Combined Healthy and Disabled Lives tables that were used for the previous valuation. For the June 30, 2022 valuation, assumptions for mortality rates were based on the following:

- For active members, mortality was set equal to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Employees.
- For annuitants and beneficiaries, mortality was set equal to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Healthy Retirees.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

#### 10. PENSION PLAN - Continued

- For disabled retirees, mortality was set equal to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Disabled Retirees.
- In all cases the base table was multiplied by 105% for males and 115% for females, each with full generational projection using the appropriate MP2019 scale.

The long-term expected real rate of return is an important input into the actuary's determination of the reasonable range for the discount rate which is used in determining the total pension liability. The actuary's method incorporates information from multiple consultants and investment firms regarding future expected rates of return, standard deviations, and correlation coefficients for each asset class. The process integrates data from multiple sources to produce average values thereby reducing reliance on a single data source.

The June 30, 2024, estimated long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by the System's actuary using the System's target asset allocation as of January 2024 and the Curran Actuarial Consulting average study for 2024. The consultant's average study included projected nominal rates of return, standard deviations of returns, and correlations of returns for a list of common asset classes collected from several investment consultants and investment management firms. Each consultant's response included nominal expected long-term rates of return. In order to arrive at long-term expected arithmetic real rates of return, the actuary normalized the data received from responses in the following ways. Where nominal returns received were arithmetic, the actuary simply reduced the return assumption by the long-term inflation assumption. Where nominal returns were geometric, the actuary converted the return to arithmetic by adjusting for the long-term standard deviation and then reduced the assumption by the long-term inflation assumption. Using the target asset allocation for the System and the average values for expected real rates of return, standard deviation of returns, and correlation of returns, an arithmetic expected nominal rate of return and standard deviation for the portfolio was determined. The target asset allocation changed slightly from June 30, 2023 to June 30, 2024. These changes included a decrease to target weight in U.S. public equity, a decrease to emerging market equity, a decrease to U.S. Core fixed income, and an increase to multisector fixed income. The System's long-term assumed rate of inflation of 2.50% was used in this process for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class included in the System's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2024, are summarized in the following tables:

#### Notes to Financial Statements

#### 10. PENSION PLAN - Continued

	Asset Type	Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
	U.S. Equity	28.50%	6.24%
Equity	Non-U.S. Equity	11.00%	6.36%
	Global Equity	10.00%	6.42%
	Emerging Market Equity	4.50%	8.26%
	U.S. Core Fixed Income	22.00%	2.09%
Fixed Income	U.S. Tips	2.00%	2.66%
rixed income	Multi Sector Fixed Income	4.00%	2.34%
	Emerging Market Debt	2.00%	4.05%
	Real Estate	4.00%	4.85%
Alternatives	Real Assets	3.00%	5.93%
	Private Equity	9.00%	9.77%
		100.00%	

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL) using the discount rate of each Retirement System as well as what the District's proportionate share of the NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current rate used by each of the Retirement Systems:

#### Notes to Financial Statements

#### 10. PENSION PLAN - Continued

		Current			
FRS	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase		
Rates	5.90%	6.90%	7.90%		
NPL	\$ 1,505,101	\$ 906,573	\$ 407,343		

The components of the net pension liability of the System's employers as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

	2024	2023
Total Pension Liability	\$ 4,948,141	\$ 4,700,801
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(4,041,568)	(3,652,041)
Employers Net Pension Liability	\$ 906,573	\$ 1,048,760
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a		
Percentage of Total Pension Liability	81.68%	77.69%

## Retirement System Audit Report

The System issued a standalone audit report on its financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023. Access to the audit report can be found on the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's official website, <a href="www.lla.la.gov">www.lla.la.gov</a> and the System's website, <a href="www.ffret.com">www.ffret.com</a>.

#### 11. PENDING LITIGATION

There is no pending litigation as of December 31, 2024.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget (Budgetary Basis) and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	F	/ariance avorable ifavorable)
Revenues:		9 1			
Taxes:					
Ad valorem	\$ 1,788,979	\$ 1,785,389	\$ 1,790,462	\$	5,073
Intergovernmental:					
State revenue sharing	13,750	13,548	13,195		(353)
Fire insurance rebate	12,500	12,720	12,720		
State supplemental pay	52,800	57,600	57,600		
Pension subsidy	61,000	57,542	57,228		(314)
Interest earnings	60,000	183,403	185,894		2,491
Dividend from LWCC	24,000	32,410	31,570		(840)
Miscellaneous	-		 840		840
Total Revenues	2,013,029	2,142,612	2,149,509		6,897
Expenditures:					
Current - public safety					
Board per diem	4,800	4,240	4,240		-
Salaries	620,725	602,483	595,590		6,893
Benefits	412,110	371,675	374,023		(2,348)
Equipment costs	117,300	143,566	113,937		29,629
Occupancy costs	28,350	23,972	23,064		908
Insurances	115,410	125,000	121,289		3,711
Pension deduction	61,000	57,542	57,542		-
Office and administration	40,093	43,481	44,133		(652)
Rescue runs, standby and volunteer	15,000	26,106	29,812		(3,706)
Capital outlay	265,000	201,993	125,135		76,858
Total Expenditures	1,679,788	1,600,058	1,488,765		111,293
Net change in fund balance	\$ 333,241	\$ 542,554	660,744	\$	118,190
Fund balance, beginning			3,847,985		
Fund balance, ending			\$ 4,508,729		

See Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

## Schedule of Employer's Share of Nct Pension Liability For the Year Ended December 31, 2024\*

	Fiscal Year	Employer Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Employer Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Covered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of It's Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
FRS	2024	0.161009%	\$ 906,573	\$ 462,680	195.94%	81.68%
FRS	2023	0.160685%	\$ 1,048,760	\$ 444,777	235.79%	77.69%
FRS	2022	0.172674%	\$ 1,217,575	\$ 435,150	279.80%	74.68%
FRS	2021	0.161213%	\$ 571,315	\$ 400,223	142.75%	86.78%
FRS	2020	0.158591%	\$ 1,099,281	\$ 392,651	279.96%	72.61%
FRS	2019	0.159782%	\$ 1,000,541	\$ 376,955	265.43%	73.96%
FRS	2018	0.159028%	\$ 914,741	\$ 369,049	247.86%	68.16%
FRS	2017	0.157165%	\$ 900,846	\$ 358,541	251.25%	73.55%
FRS	2016	0.155444%	\$ 1,016,744	\$ 344,970	294.73%	68.15%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year.

### ST. LANDRY PARISH FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NO. I

### Schedule of Employer Contributions For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

				Cor	ntributions					
				in F	Relation to					Contributions
		Cor	ntractually	Co	ntractual	Contri	bution	Er	nployer's	as a Percentage
	Fiseal	R	Required	Required		Deficiency		Covered		of Covered
	Year	Co	ntribution	Co	ntribution	(Exc	cess)		Payroll	Payroll
FRS	2024	\$	157,826	\$	157,826	\$	-	\$	474,658	33.25%
FRS	2023	\$	147,986	\$	147,986	\$	_	\$	445,073	33.25%
FRS	2022	\$	148,972	\$	148,972	\$	-	\$	444,777	33.50%
FRS	2021	\$	143,756	\$	143,756	\$	-	\$	435,150	33.04%
FRS	2020	\$	119,939	\$	119,939	\$	-	\$	400,223	29.96%
FRS	2019	\$	106,450	\$	106,450	\$	-	\$	392,651	27.11%
FRS	2018	\$	99,893	\$	99,893	\$	-	\$	376,955	26.50%
FRS	2017	\$	95,921	\$	95,921	\$	-	\$	369,049	25.99%
FRS	2016	\$	94,108	\$	94,108	\$	-	\$	358,541	26.24%
FRS	2015	\$	97,982	\$	97,982	\$		\$	344,970	28.40%

### ST. LANDRY PARISH FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NO. 1 NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### Note 1 Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budget for General Fund operations is adopted by the St. Landry Parish Fire Protection District No. 1 for its appropriations with its budgetary regulations and on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

#### Note 2 Pension Plans

Changes of Assumption – Changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or of other inputs were recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plans. These assumptions include the rate of investment return, mortality of plan members, rate of salary increase, rates of retirement, rates of termination, rates of disability, and various other factors that have an impact on the cost of the plans.

### VIGE, TUJAGUE 🥯 NOEL

A CORPORATION OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

151 N. 2™ STREET P. O. BOX 1006 EUNICE, LOUISIANA 70535

SHIRLEY VIGE, JR., C.P.A. FRANK G. TUJAGUE, C.P.A. DOMINIQUE M. NOEL, C.P.A. TELEPHONE: 337-457-9324 FAX: 337-457-8743

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Commissioners St. Landry Parish Fire Protection District No. 1 Opelousas, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities of St. Landry Parish Fire Protection District No. 1, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise St. Landry Parish Fire Protection District No. 1's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 28, 2025.

### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered St. Landry Parish Fire Protection District No. 1's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of St. Landry Parish Fire Protection District No. 1's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of St. Landry Parish Fire Protection District No. 1's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

### Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether St. Landry Parish Fire Protection District No. 1's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Vige, Jujague & Noël, CPA's

Eunice, Louisiana May 28, 2025

### ST. LANDRY PARISH FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NO. 1

Schedule of Findings and Responses Year Ended December 31, 2024

We have audited the financial statements of St. Landry Parish Fire Protection District No. 1 as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024 and have issued our report dated May 28, 2025. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our audit of the financial statements as of December 31, 2024 resulted in an unmodified opinion.

### Section I Summary of Auditors' Reports

A.	Report on Internal Control and Compliance Material to the Financial Statements						
	Internal Control  Material Weaknesses Yes _X No Significant Deficiencies Yes _X None reported						
	Compliance Compliance Material to Financial Statements Yes X_No						
	No separate management letter was issued.						

### Section II Financial Statement Findings

There are no financial statement findings in the current year.

### Section III Internal Control and Compliance Material to Federal Awards

There were no federal awards for the year ended December 31, 2024.

### ST. LANDRY PARISH FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NO. I Schedule of Prior Year Findings Year Ended December 31, 2024

# I Internal Control and Compliance Material to the Financial Statements None.

### II Internal Control and Compliance Material to Federal Awards

The prior year's report did not include any federal awards.

### III Management Letter

The prior year's report did not include a management letter.

### ST. LANDRY PARISH FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NO. 1

### Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Agency Head Name: Timothy Guidry

Service Period: 12 months

Purpose	Amount		
Salary	\$ 84,365		
State supplmental pay	7,200		
Benefits - insurance	13,187		
Benefits - retirement	28,051		
Total	\$ 132,803		

# ST. LANDRY PARISH FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEWIDE AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES REPORT YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

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151 N. 2™ STREET P. O. BOX 1006 EUNICE, LOUISIANA 70535

SHIRLEY VIGE, JR., C.P.A. FRANK G. TUJAGUE, C.P.A. DOMINIQUE M. NOEL, C.P.A. TELEPHONE: 337-457-9324 FAX: 337-457-8743

### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

To the Management and Board of Commissioners of the St. Landry Parish Fire Protection District No. 1 and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor:

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period January 1, 2024 through December 31, 2024. St. Landry Parish Fire Protection District No. 1's management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

St. Landry Parish Fire Protection District No. 1 has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period January 1, 2024 through December 31, 2024. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

### 1) Written Policies and Procedures

- A. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe whether they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations:
  - Budgeting, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.
    - Written policies and procedures were obtained and do address the functions noted above.
  - Purchasing, including (1) how purchases are initiated, (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list, (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders, (4) controls to ensure

compliance with the Public Bid Law, and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.

Written policies and procedures were obtained and do address the functions noted above.

Disbursements, including processing, reviewing, and approving.

Written policies and procedures were obtained and do address the functions noted above.

iv. **Receipts/Collections**, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g., periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).

The entity does not have written policies and procedures addressing receipts of revenue.

v. **Payroll/Personnel**, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee rates of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.

Written policies and procedures were obtained and do address the functions noted above.

vi. **Contracting**, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.

Written policies and procedures were obtained and do address the functions noted above.

vii. **Travel and Expense Reimbursement**, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.

Written policies and procedures were obtained and do address the functions noted above.

viii. **Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, purchase cards, if applicable)**, including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).

Written policies and procedures were obtained and do address the functions noted above.

ix. **Ethics**, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.

Written policies and procedures were obtained and do address the functions noted above.

x. Debt Service, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.

Written policies and procedures were obtained and do address the functions noted above.

xi. Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.

The entity does not have written policies and procedures addressing information technology disaster recovery/business continuity.

xii. **Prevention of Sexual Harassment**, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

Written policies and procedures were obtained and do address the functions noted above.

### 2) Board or Finance Committee

No exceptions in year one of testing cycle. Not required to test in current year.

- A. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and
  - Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
  - For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe whether the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-

- to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget- to-actual, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds.
- iii. For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.
- iv. Observe whether the board/finance committee received written updates of the progress of resolving audit finding(s), according to management's corrective action plan at each meeting until the findings are considered fully resolved.

### 3) Bank Reconciliations

No exceptions in year one of testing cycle. Not required to test in current year.

- A. Obtain a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:
  - Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged);
  - ii. Bank reconciliations include written evidence that a member of management or a board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and
  - iii. Management has documentation reflecting it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

### 4) Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)

A. Obtain a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5). Obtained a listing of deposit sites from management and representation that the listing is complete.

- B. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (e.g., 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if there are no written policies or procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that
  - Employees responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers;

The chief is the only employee that collects cash.

 Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g., prenumbered receipts) to the deposit;

The employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits.

iii. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit; and

The employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collections to the general ledger.

The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions, is (are) not also responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.

The employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger.

C. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe that the bond or insurance policy for theft was in force during the fiscal period.

Employees who have access to cash are covered by the bond or insurance policy for theft.

D. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Alternatively, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash

collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc. Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:

- Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.
   There are no receipts given out. All checks are received by mail.
- Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.
   Traced receipts or collection documentation to the deposit slip with no exceptions.
- iii. Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.

  Traced the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement with not exceptions.
- iv. Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).
  - Deposits selected were not made with one business day of receipt at the collection location. We were unable to determine the number of days from receipt to deposit. All revenue receipts are in the form of a check received from the Sheriff for ad valorem collections. The chief collects all checks an sends them to the fee accountant for deposit.
- v. Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

  Traced the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger noting no exceptions.

## 5) Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

No exceptions in year one of testing cycle. Not required to test in current year.

- A. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).
- B. For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that
  - At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order or making the purchase;

- At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors;
- iii. The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files;
- iv. Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments; and
- v. Only employees/officials authorized to sign checks approve the electronic disbursement (release) of funds, whether through automated clearinghouse (ACH), electronic funds transfer (EFT), wire transfer, or some other electronic means.
- C. For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction, and
  - Observe whether the disbursement, whether by paper or electronic means, matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates that deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity, and
  - ii. Observe whether the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under procedure #5B above, as applicable.
- D. Using the entity's main operating account and the month selected in Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A, randomly select 5 non-payroll-related electronic disbursements (or all electronic disbursements if less than 5) and observe that each electronic disbursement was (a) approved by only those persons authorized to disburse funds (e.g., sign checks) per the entity's policy, and (b) approved by the required number of authorized signers per the entity's policy. Note: If no electronic payments were made from the main operating account during the month selected the practitioner should select an alternative month and/or account for testing that does include electronic disbursements.

### 6) Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/Purchase Cards (Cards)

No exceptions in year one of testing cycle. Not required to test in current year.

A. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and purchase cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.

- B. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement). Obtain supporting documentation, and
  - i. Observe whether there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) were reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved) by someone other than the authorized card holder (those instances requiring such approval that may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials, such as the mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality, should not be reported); and
  - Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the 'selected statements.
- C. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under procedure #6B above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (e.g., each card should have 10 transactions subject to inspection). For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and observe whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

## 7) Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

No exceptions in year one of testing cycle. Not required to test in current year.

A. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements and obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected

- If reimbursed using a per diem, observe that the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov);
- If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased;
- iii. Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by Written Policies and Procedures procedure #1A(vii); and
- iv. Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

### 8) Contracts

No exceptions in year one of testing cycle. Not required to test in current year.

- A. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. Alternatively, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and
  - Observe whether the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law;
  - ii. Observe whether the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g., Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter);
  - iii. If the contract was amended (e.g., change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, the documented approval); and
  - iv. Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

### 9) Payroll and Personnel

No exceptions in year one of testing cycle. Not required to test in current year.

- A. Obtain a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.
- B. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under procedure #9A above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and
  - Observe that all selected employees or officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory);
  - Observe whether supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials;
  - Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records; and
  - iv. Observe the rate paid to the employees or officials agrees to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.
- C. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials and obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee's or official's cumulative leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee's or official's authorized pay rates in the employee's or official's personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.
- D. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

### 10) Ethics

No exceptions in year one of testing cycle. Not required to test in current year.

A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A obtain ethics documentation from management, and

- a. Observe whether the documentation demonstrates that each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:1170; and
- b. Observe whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates that each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.
- B. Inquire and/or observe whether the agency has appointed an ethics designee as required by R.S. 42:1170.

### 11) Debt Service

No exceptions in year one of testing cycle. Not required to test in current year.

- A. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued as required by Article VII, Section 8 of the Louisiana Constitution.
- B. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

### 12) Fraud Notice

No exceptions in year one of testing cycle. Not required to test in current year.

- A. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled as required by R.S. 24:523.
- B. Observe that the entity has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

### 13) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

- A. Perform the following procedures, verbally discuss the results with management, and report "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management."
  - Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe evidence that such backup (a) occurred within the past week, (b) was not stored on the government's local server or network, and (c) was encrypted.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

ii. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

iii. Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

B. Randomly select 5 terminated employees (or all terminated employees if less than 5) using the list of terminated employees obtained in procedure #9C. Observe evidence that the selected terminated employees have been removed or disabled from the network.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

C. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A, obtain cybersecurity training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates that the following employees/officials with access to the agency's information

technology assets have completed cybersecurity training as required by R.S. 42:1267. The requirements are as follows:

- Hired before June 9, 2020 completed the training; and
- Hired on or after June 9, 2020 completed the training within 30 days of initial service or employment.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

### 14) Prevention of Sexual Harassment

No exceptions in year one of testing cycle. Not required to test in current year.

- A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:343.
- B. Observe that the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).
- C. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe that the report includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
  - Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;
  - ii. Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;
  - iii. Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;
  - iv. Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and
  - v. Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

### Management's Response

Management of the St. Landry Parish Fire Protection District No. 1 concurs with the exceptions and is working to address the deficiencies identified.

We were engaged by St. Landry Parish Fire Protection District No. 1 to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of St. Landry Parish Fire Protection District No. 1 and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Vige, Tujague & Noel
Eunice, Louisiana

May 28, 2025