## JEFFERSON PARISH CLERK OF COURT

# Gretna, Louisiana

# ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

## JEFFERSON PARISH CLERK OF COURT Gretna, Louisiana Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

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#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Jefferson Parish Clerk of Court (Clerk of Court), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clerk of Court's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

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Members American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Society of LA CPAs An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Clerk of Court's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk of Court's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinions.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Clerk of Court as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents to the report be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Clerk of Court's basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

These other supplementary schedules are the responsibility of management, were derived from, and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 4, 2021 on our consideration of the Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

ies, Hapmann, Hogan & Noter ILP New Orleans, Louisiana

Our discussion and analysis of the Jefferson Parish Clerk of Court's financial performance provides an overview of the financial activities as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

## USING THE ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (Government-wide Financial Statements) provide information about the activities as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Clerk of Court's finances. Fund financial statements start on page 15. For governmental activities, these statements show how these services were financed in short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the operation in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the most significant funds.

### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

One of the most important questions asked about finances is, "Is the Jefferson Parish Clerk of Court as a whole better off or worse as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on the Clerk of Court as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the net position and changes in it. Net position-the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows is one way to measure the financial health or financial position of an entity. Over time, increases or decreases in net position are indicators of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, to assess the overall health of the Jefferson Parish Clerk of Court.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds-not the Clerk of Court as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State laws.

The Clerk of Court uses only the governmental type of fund with the following accounting approach. Most of the basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Clerk of Court's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental funds in reconciliations immediately following the fund financial statements.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Our financial statements provide these insights into the results of this year's operations:

- As of June 30, 2020, assets exceeded liabilities by \$5,554,635 (net position) for the fiscal year reported.
- Total net position is comprised of the following:
  - (1) Invested in capital assets of \$910,909 including the cost of office equipment, furniture and fixtures, and automobiles, net of accumulated depreciation.
  - (2) Unrestricted net position of \$4,643,726 representing the portion available to maintain the continuing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The governmental fund reported total ending fund balance of \$23,540,103, of which \$23,515,495 was classified as unassigned and \$24,608 was classified as nonspendable.
- Total expenses for all judicial activities was \$20,118,239 for the year, which was \$759,344 less than the program revenues for these activities \$20,877,583.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS - continued

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report only one type of activity governmental activities. All of the basic judicial services are reported as this type. Fines and fees charged to the public finance most of these services.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE JEFFERSON PARISH CLERK OF COURT AS A WHOLE.

The Clerk of Court's net position increased by \$1,934,855 from June 30, 2019 to June 30, 2020 as a result of this year's operations.

The Clerk of Court's total revenues for the year in governmental activities were \$22,053,094 (\$20,877,583 in program revenues and \$1,175,511 in general revenues). The total cost of all judicial programs and services was \$20,118,239. The program revenues include \$1,101,540 of CARES Act funding.

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CLERK OF COURT'S FUNDS

As we noted earlier, the Clerk of Court uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. Fund Analysis helps you consider whether the Clerk of Court is being accountable for the resources provided to it, but may also give you more insight into its overall financial health.

As the Clerk of Court completed the year, its governmental fund reported a fund balance of \$23,540,103. This reflects an increase of \$3,034,740 from last year.

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CLERK OF COURT'S FUNDS - continued

The following is the Clerk's financial information for the current and the prior year in condensed form.

### JEFFERSON PARISH CLERK OF COURT CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

2020

2010

		2020		2019
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources: Current Capital assets, net	\$	24,991,254 910,909	\$	21,666,779 728,501
Total assets Deferred outflows of Resources		25,902,163 6,273,429	_	22,395,280 4,733,392
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources		32,175,592		27,128,672
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	Posi	tion: 1,451,151 24,751,950		1,161,416 21,652,168
Total liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources		26,203,101 417,856		22,813,584 695,308
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		26,620,957	_	23,508,892
Net Position: Net Investment in capital assets Unrestricted		910,909 4,643,726	_	728,501 2,891,279
Total net position	\$	5,554,635	\$	3,619,780
JEFFERSON PARISH CONDENSED STATEMI JUNE 30, 2020	ENT	S OF ACTIVITIES		
	-	2020		2019
Total revenues Total expenditures/expenses	\$	22,053,094 20,118,239	\$	22,246,407 18,123,555
Changes in net position		1,934,855		4,122,852
Net position, beginning of year		3,619,780	-	(503,072)
Net position, end of year	\$	5,554,635	\$	3,619,780

#### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

The original budget for the General Fund's June 30, 2020 fund balance was revised by (\$648,475). Major budget amendments were approved as follows:

- (A) Budgeted revenues decreased by \$1,864,424. The largest revisions were in fees transferred from advance deposit and court costs and fees, which was related to shutdowns due to COVID-19. All of the adjustments were required to reflect actual trends.
- (B) Budgeted expenditures decreased by \$1,215,949 mainly due to decreased personal services and related benefits.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, for governmental activities as of June 30, 2020 was \$910,909.

This year there were \$383,575 of additions and \$39,905 of deletions to capital assets. More detailed information about the capital assets is presented in Note (4) to the financial statements.

### LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

At year-end, the Jefferson Parish Clerk of Court had \$1,334,998 of compensated absences, \$4,652,953 of net other postemployment benefits, and \$18,763,999 of net pension liability.

## ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The Clerk of Court considered many factors when budgeting the fiscal year rates and fees that would be charged. One of those factors is new laws and regulations.

The June 30, 2021 budget assumes there will be no significant changes in the Clerk's operations and is based on the assumption that expenditures will approximate the same level as the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Salaries are budgeted as \$450,154 higher for fiscal year ending June 30, 2021 and pension expense is budgeted as \$292,916 higher for fiscal year ending June 30, 2021 based on anticipated wage increases. Health insurance is budgeted as \$317,057 higher for fiscal year ending June 30, 2021 due to insurance rate increases. Capital expenditures are budgeted as \$260,660 lower for fiscal year ending June 30, 2021 and contract cost is budgeted as \$19,473 higher for fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

### CONTACTING FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Jefferson Parish Clerk of Court's finances and to show the Clerk of Court's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Honorable Jon Gegenheimer, Jefferson Parish Clerk of Court, Gretna, LA at phone number 504-364-2914.

FINANCIAL SECTION

## Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

## **ASSETS**

	ASSEIS		
		4	Governmental
Assets:			Activities
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	20,279,955
Receivables		+	2,256,394
Prepaid insurance			24,608
Due from Agency Funds			
Carital agency Funds			2,430,297
Capital assets, net of accumulated dep	preclation		910,909
Total assets			25,902,163
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pe	nsion and OPEB		6,273,429
	LIABILITIES		
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable – cash overdraft			126,813
Accounts payable			864,550
Accrued payroll and related benefits			459,788
Non-current liabilities:			
Due within one year			446,594
Due in more than one year			24,305,356
			21000000
Total liabilities			26,203,101
			417.056
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pens	sion and OPEB		417,856
	NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets			910,909
Unrestricted			4,643,726
Tetel and an ities		¢	
Total net position		\$	5,554,635

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Program Revenues			
		Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grant and <u>Contributions</u>	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in <u>Net Position</u>
9	Governmental Activities General government	\$ <u>20,118,239</u>	\$ <u>18,253,824</u>	\$ <u>2.623,759</u> \$	759,344
		Miscellaneous Interest incom			59,082 <u>1,116,429</u> <u>1,175,511</u>
		Change in net	position		1,934,855
		Net position -	beginning of ye	ear	3,619,780
		Net position -	end of year		\$ <u>_5,554,635</u>

## Balance Sheet - Governmental Fund June 30, 2020

# ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Prepaid insurance Due from Agency Funds Total assets	\$ \$	General Fund 20,279,955 2,256,394 24,608 2,430,297 24,991,254
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable – cash overdraft Accounts payable Accrued payroll and related benefits Total liabilities	\$	126,813 864,550 <u>459,788</u> <u>1,451,151</u>
FUND BALANCE		
Nonspendable (prepaid insurance) Unassigned Total fund balance		24,608 23,515,495 23,540,103
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	24,991,254

### Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Fund to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Total fund balance - governmental fund (fund financial statement)	\$ 23,540,103
Amounts reported for <i>governmental</i> <i>activities</i> in the statement of net position (government-wide financial statements) are different because:	
The deferred outflows of contributions for the Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund and changes to the OPEB are not available resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	6,273,429
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds. The cost of the assets are \$5,244,162 and the accumulated depreciation is \$4,333,253.	910,909
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:	
Net pension liability\$ (18,763,999)Compensated absences(1,334,998)Other postemployment benefits liability(4,652,953)	(24,751,950)
The deferred inflows of contributions for the Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund and changes to the OPEB are not payable from current expendable resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds	(417,856)
Total net position of governmental activities (government-wide financial statements)	\$ 5,554,635
Cas as a manufactor da da constructor da da constructor	

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

## **REVENUES**

Charges for services Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Interest earnings Other Total revenues	\$	18,176,223 77,601 1,487,599 1,116,429 59,082 20,916,934
EXPENDITURES	-	
Personnel services and related benefits Operating services Materials and supplies Travel and other Capital outlay Intergovernmental Total expenditures		15,381,792 641,357 924,417 53,740 383,575 497,313 17,882,194
Excess of revenues over expenditures		3,034,740
Fund balance - beginning of year	-	20,505,363
Fund balance - end of year	\$	23,540,103

## Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net change in fund balance - governmental fund (fund financial statements)		\$	3,034,740
Amounts reported for <i>governmental</i> <i>activities</i> in the statement of activities (government-wide financial statements) are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures in the individual fund. Governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate the cost of those capital assets over the estimated useful lives of the asset.			
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 383,575 _(201,167)		182,408
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:			
Increase in compensated absences Increase in other	(377,287)		
postemployment benefits	(55,829)		(433,116)
Pension expense not affecting the use of current economic resources and, therefore, not recorded as an addition to governmental			
fund expenditures			(1,985,337)
Nonemployer's contributions to the Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund		-	1,136,160
Change in net position of governmental activities (government-wide financial statements)		\$_	1,934,855

## Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2020

	Ι	dvance Deposit Fund	]	Registry of Court Fund	_	Total
<u>ASSETS</u> Cash and cash equivalents Securities deposited with the Clerk of	\$ 3	,196,779	\$	32,610,755	\$	63,807,534
Court		-0-		1,856,094		1,856,094
Due from Fee Fund		84,952		-0-		84,952
Other receivables		38,862		-0-		38,862
Total Assets	\$3	1,320,593	\$_	34,466,849	\$_	65,787,442
LIABILITIES						
Due to Fee Fund	\$	-0-	\$	2,515,249	\$	2,515,249
Unsettled						(0.041.010
deposits	2	8,607,856		31,733,154		60,341,010
Other liabilities Total		2,712,737	9	218,446		2,931,183
liabilities	\$3	1,320,593	\$	34,466,849	\$ _	65,787,442

### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### INTRODUCTION

As provided by Articles V, Section 28 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, the Clerk of Court serves as ex-officio notary public, the recorder of conveyances, mortgages, and other acts; and has other duties and powers provided by law. The Clerk of Court is elected for a four-year term. The Clerk is solely responsible for operations of his office, which include the hiring and retention of employees, budgeting and the receipt and disbursement of funds. Accordingly, the Clerk is fiscally independent and a separate entity.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the Jefferson Parish Clerk of Court have been prepared in conformity with governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) promulgates accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and reporting standards for state and local governments. These principals are found in the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards published by GASB.

#### B. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The GASB has established several criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Since the Jefferson Parish Clerk of Court (Clerk of Court) is an independently elected official, and is legally separate and fiscally independent, the Clerk of Court is a separate governmental entity. There are unrecorded financial transactions between the Jefferson Parish Council (the Council) and the Clerk of Court where the Council provides office space and utilities for the Clerk of Court.

Financial accountability is determined by applying criteria established by the GASB as listed below:

- Financial benefit or burden
- Appointment of a voting majority
- Imposition of will
- Fiscally dependent

The above identified transactions between the Clerk of Court and the Parish Council are mandated by state statute and do not reflect fiscal dependency; thereby, they do not reflect financial accountability.

The Clerk of Court includes all funds, account groups, and activities, that are within the oversight responsibility of the Clerk of Court.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements - continued As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> - continued

#### C. Fund Accounting

The Clerk uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain Clerk functions and activities. A fund is defined as a separate fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

#### Governmental Fund

Governmental funds account for all or most of the Clerk's general activities. These funds focus on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. The Clerk of Court utilizes only one Governmental Fund - The General Fund.

#### General Fund

The General Fund (Salary Fund), as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:781, is the principal fund of the Clerk of Court and accounts for the operations of the Clerk's office. The various fees and charges due to the Clerk's office are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures are paid from this fund.

#### Fiduciary Funds

The fiduciary fund accounts for two agency funds, the Advance Deposit Fund and the Registry of Court Fund. Agency funds account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the government. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets and liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The Advance Deposit Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:842, is used to account for advance deposits in suits filed by litigants. The advances are refunded to the litigants after all costs are paid. The Registry of Court Fund, as provided by Louisiana Statute 13:475, is used to account for funds held by order of the court until judgment is rendered by the judiciary. Withdrawal of funds can be made only upon order of the court.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements - continued As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

### 1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> - continued

#### D. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

#### Fund Financial Statements

The amounts reflected in the General Fund Statements on pages 15 and 17 are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are generally included on the balance sheet. The statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance report on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach is then reconciled, through adjustment, to a government-wide view of operations.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The Clerk considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after the fiscal year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, compensated absences, pension costs, and other postemployment benefits costs are recorded when payment is due. The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

#### Revenues

Fees for certified copies, recording legal documents, marriage licenses, and commissions for services are recorded in the year they are earned. Interest income on time deposits are recorded when the income is available.

#### Expenditures

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred.

#### Other Financing Sources (Uses)

Transfers between funds that are not expected to be repaid (and any other financing source/use) are accounted for as other financing sources (uses).

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

### <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> - continued

#### D. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting – (continued)

#### Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources arise when the Clerk receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received before the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the Clerk has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred inflows of resources is removed from the balance sheet and the revenue is recognized.

#### Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and thus, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (pages 13 and 14) display information about the Jefferson Parish Clerk of Court as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the Jefferson Parish Clerk of Court, except for the fiduciary funds. The government-wide financial statements are reported on the full accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange or exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange occurs (regardless of when cash is received or disbursed).

#### Program Revenues

Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities are (1) derived directly from users as a fee for services, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment.

#### General Revenues

Interest earnings and other revenues not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements - continued As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

### <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> - continued

#### E. <u>Budget Practices</u>

The proposed budget for the 2020 fiscal year was made available for public inspection at the Clerk's office on May 29, 2019. The proposed budget, prepared on the modified-accrual basis of accounting, was published in the official journal ten days prior to the public hearing. The budget hearing was held at the Clerk's office on June 25, 2019. The budget is legally adopted and amended, as necessary, by the Clerk.

Formal budget integration (within the accounting records) is not employed as a management control device. The adopted operating budget of expenditures operates as an appropriation and amounts are available for expenditure only to the extent included within the budget. All appropriations lapse at year end. Budget amounts included in the required supplemental information are as adopted on June 25, 2019, and as amended on May 28, 2020. Outstanding encumbrances which are not canceled are included as part of the next year's budget.

#### F. <u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, and cash on hand. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits and those investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. Under state law, the Clerk may deposit funds in demand deposits, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law or any other state of the United States, or under the laws of the United States.

#### G. Compensated Absences

Employees of the Clerk of Court's office earn vacation leave at the rate of 10 to 20 working days per year depending upon the length of service. Vacation leave must be taken in the year following the year earned and cannot be carried over to successive years. Exceptions are made to allow a carry over of vacation subject to approval.

In lieu of sick leave, employees of the Clerk of Court's office earn 7.00 hours per month of service as personal leave. An employee may accumulate up to thirty-six days personal leave and may carry over personal leave into succeeding service years.

### Notes to the Financial Statements - continued As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### 1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> - continued

#### G. <u>Compensated Absences</u> – (continued)

Upon termination or retirement, employees are paid for all unused vacation leave, skeleton leave, and comp time. No unused personal leave is paid at termination or retirement.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

### H. Capital Assets

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The capitalization policy includes all items with a unit cost of \$500 or more.

Capital assets are recorded in the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for public purposes, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. All capital assets, other than land, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives.

	Estimated
Description	Lives
Office Equipment	5-7 years
Furniture and fixtures	7-10 years
Automobiles	5 years

#### I. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements - continued As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

### 1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> - continued

### J. Fund Balance

In the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds, fund balances are segregated as follows:

- a. Nonspendable amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Committed amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal decision of the Clerk of Court, which is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Clerk of Court.
- d. Assigned amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes.
- e. Unassigned all other spendable amounts.

The Clerk applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used. The Clerk does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

K. <u>Net Position</u>

Net position comprises the various net earnings from revenues and expenses. Net position is classified in the following components:

a. Net Investment in capital assets - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

### Notes to the Financial Statements - continued As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

### <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> - continued

#### K. <u>Net Position</u> – (continued)

- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the policy of the Clerk to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted as needed.

#### L. Net Pension Liability

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pension and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund, and additions to/deductions from the system's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the system. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### M. Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses are recorded in the year that the expenditure is accrued using the consumption method.

### N. Interfund Receivable and Payable Balances

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivables and payables." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent) portion are reported as "advances from and to other funds."

#### Notes to the Financial Statements - continued As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### 2. <u>SECURITIES DEPOSITED WITH CLERK OF COURT</u>

Securities deposited with the clerk of court, stated at \$1,856,094, represent securities (principally stocks and bonds) which the courts have ordered to be held by the Clerk of Court until judgment has been rendered in court litigation. The carrying value of these securities is the amount assigned by the court. These securities are held in the Clerk of Court's vault and may only be released to litigants upon order of the court.

#### 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At June 30, 2020, the Clerk of Court had cash and cash equivalents (book balances) totaling \$84,087,489 as follows:

	General Fund	Agency Funds	Total
Petty cash and on hand Demand deposits	\$ 1,810 20,278,145	\$ -0- <u>63,807,534</u>	\$ 1,810 84,085,679
Total	\$ <u>20,279,955</u>	\$63,807,534	\$84,087,489

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. At June 30, 2020, the Clerk had \$85,335,994 in deposits (collected bank balances). These deposits were fully covered by federal depository insurance, or pledged securities. The pledged securities are held by the custodial bank in the name of the fiscal agent bank.

Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Clerk of Court will not be able to recover the value of its deposit or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2020, the Clerk of Court's total bank balances were fully insured and collateralized with securities held in joint custody. The Clerk has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk.

Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the Clerk of Court that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### 4. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital assets and depreciation activity for the year was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2020
Furniture and fixtures Office equipment Automobiles	\$ 724,291 4,056,085 120,116	\$ 45,280 338,295 -0-	\$ -0- -0- _ <u>39,905</u>	\$ 769,571 4,394,380 <u>80,211</u>
Total	4,900,492	383,575	39,905	5,244,162
Less accumulated depreciation				4,333,253
Net capital assets				\$910,909

### 5. <u>RECEIVABLES</u>

The receivables of \$2,295,256 at June 30, 2020 are composed of the following:

Class of Receivable	(	General Fund	1	Agency Funds		Total	
Customer accounts receivable	\$	737,114	\$	38,862	\$	775,976	
Criminal fees		63,478		-0-		63,478	
Court attendance		101,380		-0-		101,380	
Family Support fees		51,183		-0-		51,183	
Others		1,303,239	-	-0-	-	1,303,239	
Total	\$	2,256,394	\$_	38,862	\$	2,295,256	

An allowance for doubtful receivables is not required because all receivables are considered collectible.

#### 6. PENSION PLAN

<u>Plan Description</u> - Substantially all employees of the Jefferson Parish Clerk of Court, except part-time and temporary employees, are members of the Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund ("System"), a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by a separate board of trustees.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### 6. <u>PENSION PLAN</u> – Continued

The System was established for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits as stated under the provisions of R.S. Title 11:1501 for eligible employees of the Clerk of the Supreme Court, each of the district courts, each of the courts of appeal, each of the city and traffic courts in cities having a population in excess of four hundred thousand at the time of entrance into the Fund, the Louisiana Clerks' of Court Association, the Louisiana Clerks' of Court Insurance Fund, and the employees of the Fund. The projection of benefit payments in the calculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive employees through the Fund in accordance with the benefit terms and any additional legal agreements to provide benefits that are in force at the measurement date.

The System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund, 10202 Jefferson Highway, Building A, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809, or by calling (225) 293-1162.

Retirement Benefits – A member or former member shall be eligible for regular retirement benefits upon attaining 12 or more years of credited service, attaining the age of 55 years (age 60 if hired on or after January 1, 2011), and terminating employment. Regular retirement benefits, payable monthly for life, is equal to 3% percent of the member's monthly average final compensation multiplied by the number of years of credited service, not to exceed 100% of the monthly average final compensation. The retirement benefit accrual rate is increased to 3 1/3% for all service credit accrued after June 30, 1999 (for members hired prior to January 1, 2011). For members hired before July 1, 2006 and who retire prior to January 1, 2011, monthly average final compensation is based on the highest 36 consecutive months, with a limit increase of 10% in each of the last three years of measurement. For members hired after July 1, 2006, monthly average final compensation is based on the highest compensated 60 consecutive months, or successive joined months if service was interrupted, with a limit increase of 10% in each of the last five years of measurement. For members who were employed prior to July 1, 2006 and who retire after December 31, 2010, the period of final average compensation is 36 months plus the number of whole months elapsed since January 1, 2011, not to exceed 60 months.

<u>Disability Benefits</u> – Disability benefits are awarded to active members who are totally and permanently disabled as a result of injuries sustained in the line of duty or to active members with 10 or more years of credible service who are totally disabled due to any cause. A member who is officially certified as totally or permanently disabled by the State Medical Disability Board will be paid monthly disability retirement benefits equal to the greater of forty percent of their monthly average final compensation or 75% of their monthly regular retirement benefit computed as per R.S. 11:1521 (C).

### Notes to the Financial Statements - continued As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### 6. <u>PENSION PLAN</u> – Continued

Survivor Benefits – Upon the death of any active contributing member with less than five years of credited service, his/her accumulated contributions are paid to his/her designated beneficiary. Upon the death of any active contributing member with five or more years of credited service, automatic option 2 benefits are payable to the surviving spouse. These benefits are based on the retirement benefits accrued at the member's date of death with option factors used as if the member had continued in service to earliest normal retirement age. Benefit payments are to commence on the date a member would have first become eligible for normal retirement assuming continued service until that time. In lieu of a deferred survivor benefit, the surviving spouse may elect benefits payable immediately with benefits reduced 1/4 of 1% for each month by which payments commence in advance of member's earliest normal retirement age. If a member has no surviving spouse, the surviving minor children under 18 or disabled children shall be paid 1/2 of the member's accrued retirement benefit in equal shares. Upon the death of any former member with less than 12 years of service, the designated beneficiary may receive his/her accumulated contributions. Upon the death of any former member with 12 or more years of service, automatic option 2 benefits are payable to the surviving spouse with payments to commence on the member's retirement eligibility date. In lieu of periodic payments, the surviving spouse or children may receive a refund of the member's accumulated contributions.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) – In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement allowance, any member of the Fund who is eligible for a service retirement allowance may elect to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) for up to 36 months and defer the receipt of benefits. Upon commencement of participation in the plan, active membership in the Fund terminates and the participant's contributions cease; however, employer contributions continue. Compensation and creditable service remain as they existed on the effective date of commencement of participation in the plan. The monthly retirement benefits that would have been payable, had the member elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance, are paid into the DROP account. Upon termination of employment at the end of the specified period of participation, a participant in the program may receive, at his option, a lump sum payment from the DROP account (subject to approval by the Board of Trustees). In addition, the member receives the monthly benefits that were paid into the DROP fund during his period of participation.

If employment is not terminated at the end of the participation period, payments into the account cease and the member resumes active contributing membership in the Fund. Interest is paid on DROP account balances for members who complete their DROP participation but do not terminate employment. The interest earnings are based on the actual rate of return on funds in such accounts. These interest accruals cease upon termination of employment.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### 6. <u>PENSION PLAN</u> – Continued

Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) - continued - Upon termination, the member receives a lump sum payment from the DROP fund equal to the payments made to that fund on his behalf or a true annuity based in his account (subject to approval by the Board of Trustees). The monthly benefit payments that were being paid into the DROP fund are paid to the retiree and an additional benefit based on his additional service rendered since termination of DROP participation is calculated using the normal method of benefit computation. Prior to January 1, 2011, the average compensation used to calculate the additional benefit is that used to calculate the original benefit unless his period of additional service is at least 36 months. Effective January 1, 2011, the average compensation for members whose additional service is less than 36 months is equal to the lessor amount used to calculate his original benefit or the compensation earned in the period of additional service divided by the number of months of additional service. For former DROP participants who retire after December 30, 2010, the period used to determine final average compensation for post-DROP service is 36 months plus the number of whole months elapsed from January 1, 2011 to the date of DROP entry. In no event can the entire monthly benefit amount paid to the retiree exceed 100% of the average compensation used to compute the additional benefit. If a participant dies during the period of participation in the program, a lump sum payment equal to his account balance is paid to his named beneficiary or, if none, to his estate.

<u>Cost of Living Adjustments (COLAs)</u> – The Board of Trustees is authorized to grant retired members and widows of members who have been retired for at least one full calendar year an annual cost of 2.5% of their benefit (not to exceed \$40 per month), and all retired members and widows who are 65 years of age or older a 2% increase in their original benefit (or their benefit as of October 1, 1977, if they retired prior to that time). In order to grant the 2.5% COLA, the increase in the consumer price index must have exceeded 3% since the last COLA granted. In order for the Board to grant either of these increases, the Fund must meet certain other criteria as detailed in the Louisiana statute relating to funding status. In lieu of granting the above cost of living increases, Louisiana statutes allow the Board to grant a cost of living increase where the benefits shall be calculated using the number of years of service at retirement or at death plus the number of years since retirement or death multiplied by the cost of living amount which cannot exceed \$1.

<u>Employer Contributions</u> – According to state statute, contribution requirements for all employers are actuarially determined each year. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the actual employer contribution rate was 19%.

In accordance with state statute, the Fund also receives ad valorem taxes and state revenue sharing funds. These additional sources of income are used as employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities. Nonemployer contributions are recognized as revenue during the year and excluded from pension expense.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements - continued As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### 6. <u>PENSION PLAN</u> – Continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At June 30, 2020, the Jefferson Parish Clerk of Court reported a liability of \$18,763,999 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Clerk's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Clerk's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At the June 30, 2019 measurement date, the Clerk's proportion was 10.332644%, which was an increase of .102279% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Clerk recognized pension expense of \$3,894,704. At June 30, 2020, the Clerk reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions		526,861 1,199,460	\$	-0-
Changes of assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between the employer's contribution and the employer proportionate share of contributions	's	197,391		246,604
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Employer contributions subsequent to the		1,453,697		-0-
measurement date Total	\$	1,909,026	\$	-0- 246,604

Deferred outflows of resources of \$1,909,026 related to pensions resulting from the Clerk's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	
2021	(1,326,644)
2022	(330,444)
2023	(925,706)
2024	(548,011)
Total	<u>\$ (3,130,805</u> )

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### 6. <u>PENSION PLAN</u> – Continued

<u>Actuarial Methods and Assumptions</u> – The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date Actuarial cost method Actuarial assumptions:	June 30, 2019 Entry Age Normal
Investment rate of return Projected salary increases Inflation rate	6.75%, net of investment expense 5.00% 2.5%
Mortality rates	RP-2000 Employee Table (set back 4 years for males and 3 years for females) RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Table (set
	back 5 years for males and 3 years for females)
	RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Table (set forward 1 year for males) and projected to 2030 using scale AA for males and females
Expected remaining service lives	2019 – 5 years 2018 – 5 years 2017 – 5 years 2016 – 5 years 2015 – 5 years
Cost of living adjustments	The present value of future retirement benefits is based on benefits currently being paid by the Fund and includes previously granted cost of living increases. The present values do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees as they were deemed not to

The actuarial assumptions used are based on the assumptions used in the 2019 actuarial funding valuation which (with the exception of mortality) were based on results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014 unless otherwise specified. In cases where benefit structures were changed after the experience study period, assumptions were based on future experiences.

The mortality rate assumption used was verified by combining data from this plan with two other statewide plans which have similar workforce composition in order to produce a credible experience. The aggregated data was collected over the period July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2014. The data was then assigned credibility weighting and combined with a standard table to produce current levels of mortality. This mortality was then projected forward to a period equivalent to the estimated duration of the Fund's liabilities. Annuity values calculated based on this mortality were compared to those produced by using a setback of standard tables. The result of the procedure indicated that these tables would produce liability values approximating the appropriate generational mortality tables used.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements - continued As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### 6. <u>PENSION PLAN</u> – Continued

<u>Actuarial Methods and Assumptions</u> – (continued) - The long-term expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The long-term expected rate of return was 6.38% for the year ended June 30, 2019. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income:		
Domestic Bonds	20.0%	2.50%
International Bonds	20.076	3.50%
Domestic Equity	33.0%	7.50%
International Equity	27.0%	8.50%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.50%
Hedge Funds	10.0%	6.59%
	100.00%	
	10010070	

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by the Board of Trustees and the Public Retirement System's Actuarial Committee (PRSAC), taking into consideration the recommendation of the Fund's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.
#### Notes to the Financial Statements - continued As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### 6. <u>PENSION PLAN</u> – Continued

<u>Sensitivity to Changes in Discount Rate</u> – The following presents the net pension liability of the Jefferson Parish Clerk of Court calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the employers' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower, 5.75%, or one percentage point higher, 7.75%, than the current rate as of June 30, 2019.

		Changes in Discount Rate	
		Current	
	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	5.75%	6.75%	7.75%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 27,880,185	\$ 18,763,999	\$11,030,293

#### Support of Non-employer Contributing Entities:

Contributions received by a pension plan from non-employer contributing entities that are not in a special funding situation are recorded as revenue by the respective pension plan. The Jefferson Parish Clerk of Court recognizes revenue in an amount equal to their proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension plan from these nonemployer contributing entities. During the year ended June 30, 2020, the Jefferson Parish Clerk of Court recognized revenue as a result of support received from non-employer contributing entities of \$1,136,160 for its participation in the Louisiana Clerk of Court Retirement and Relief Fund.

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports for the Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund of Louisiana and can be obtained on the plan's website or on the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's website: www.lla.la.gov.

<u>Payables to the Pension Plan</u> – As of June 30, 2020, the Clerk reported a payable of \$196,122 for the outstanding contributions required as of this date.

#### 7. <u>OPERATING LEASES</u>

The Jefferson Parish Clerk of Court paid lease expense for office equipment during the year ended June 30, 2020 in the amount of \$58,588. The Clerk of Court does not have any noncancellable operating or capital leases as of June 30, 2020.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions for the year ended June 30, 2020.

	Balance <u>7/1/2019</u>	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2020	Due Within <u>One Year</u>
Compensated absences Other postemployment	\$ 957,711	\$ 377,287	\$ -0- \$	1,334,998	\$ 446,594
benefits Net pension liability	3,678,287 17,016,170	1,249,609 1,747,829	274,943	4,652,953 18,763,999	-0- -0-
	\$ <u>21,652,168</u>	\$3,374,725	\$ <u>274,943</u> \$	24,751,950	\$ <u>446,594</u>

The additions and reductions to compensated absences during 2020 represent the net change during the year because the additions and reductions could not be readily determined.

#### 9. LITIGATION AND CLAIMS

The Clerk of Court is a defendant in several lawsuits claiming damages of various amounts. In the estimation of legal advisors of the Clerk of Court, the ultimate resolution of these suits would not materially affect the financial statements.

Claims and litigation costs of \$77,117 were incurred in the current year, which has been recorded as a current-year expenditure in the General Fund.

#### 10. EXPENDITURES OF THE CLERK OF COURT PAID BY THE PARISH COUNCIL

A portion of the Clerk of Court's office space is located in the parish courthouse which is owned by the parish council. The parish council provided a portion of utilities and maintenance for the operation of the Clerk of Court's office. In addition to these items, the parish council paid \$302,029 for office supplies, equipment, and fees. These expenditures are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

#### 11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

General Information about the OPEB Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> – The Jefferson Parish Clerk of Court provides certain continuing dental, health care and life insurance benefits for its eligible retired employees. The Jefferson Parish Clerk of Court's OPEB Plan (the OPEB Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Clerk. The plan is funded on a pay-asyou go basis and there are no plan financial statements. The authority to establish and/or amend the obligation of the employer, employees and retirees rests with the Clerk. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification Section P52 Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions – Reporting For Benefits Not Provided Through Trusts That meet Specified Criteria – Defined Benefit.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements - continued As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### 11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS -continued

The employer effectively pays 50% of the premium for medical coverage until age 65. Coverage ceases at age 65, unless the retiree is not medicare eligible. The employer also pays 50% of the premium for life insurance. Employees are covered by a retirement system whose retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions are 55 and 12 years of service, but most employees have historically waited until 25 years of service. Employees hired on and after January 1, 2011 may not retire (or enter D.R.O.P.) until age 60 and 12 years of service.

Life insurance coverage is continued in the amount of \$10,000 to retirees, with certain existing retirees having higher amounts. The employer pays for life insurance after retirement, but it is based on a blended rate.

*Employees covered by benefit terms* – At June 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	27
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	196
Total	223

#### Total OPEB Liability

The Clerk's total OPEB liability of \$4,652,953 was measured as of June 30, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions and other inputs</u> – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation Salary increases	2.5% 4.0%, including inflation
Discount rate	3.50% annually (Beginning of Year to
	Determine ADC) 2.21% annually (As of End of Year
	Measurement Date)
Healthcare cost trend rates Mortality	5.5% annually for ten years, 4.5% thereafter SOA RP-2000 Table

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyers' 20 Year General Obligation municipal bond index as of June 30, 2020, the end of the applicable measurement period.

<u>Contributions</u> – The Clerk pays the cost of the retiree coverage, less the portion paid by the retiree, as those premiums come due each year. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the Clerk paid \$261,995 for retiree insurance premiums.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements - continued As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

# 11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS -continued

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of ongoing evaluations of the assumptions from July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2020.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ 3,678,287
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	61,750
Interest	123,929
Differences between expected and actual	
experience	642,323
Changes in assumptions	421,607
Benefit payments and net transfers	<u>(274,943</u> )
Net changes	974,666
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ <u>4,652,953</u>

<u>Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate</u> – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Clerk, as well as what the Clerk's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.21%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.21%) than the current discount rate:

	Current				
	1%	Discount	1%		
	Decrease	Rate	Increase		
	1.21%	2.21%	3.21%		
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 5,533,622	\$ 4,652,953	\$ 3,965,707		

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Clerk, as well as what the Clerk's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (4.5%) or 1-percentage-higher (6.5%) than the current healthcare trend rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Trend	Increase
	4.5%	5.5%	6.5%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 4,164,817	\$ 4,652,953	\$ 5,273,727

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### 11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS -continued

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Clerk recognized OPEB expense of \$330,539. At June 30, 2020, the Clerk reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience Change in assumptions Total	\$ 550,563 <u>436,431</u> \$ 986,994	\$ (115,943) (55,309) \$ (171,252)		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	
2021	144,860
2022	144,860
2023	144,860
2024	
2025	144,860
Thereafter	91,442
Total	\$ 815,742
2024 2025 Thereafter	144,860 144,860 91,442

Payables to the OPEB Plan – As of June 30, 2020 the Clerk had no outstanding payables to the OPEB Plan.

#### 12. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The Clerk offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all Clerk employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The Clerk did not make any contributions to the plan during the year ended June 30, 2020.

In 1996, the U.S. Congress passed the Small Business Job Protection Act of 1996, which requires that employer governments place all amounts deferred under IC Section 457 into a trust for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries. In prior years, these assets were solely the property of the Clerk and subject to claims of general creditors, and were reported in the Clerk's financial statements. During 1998, the Clerk amended its plan to comply with the requirements of the Act. Thus, the Clerk no longer has ownership of the Plan assets and they are no longer reported in the financial statements.

#### 13. FUND BALANCE

As of June 30, 2020, the Clerk has an unassigned fund balance of \$23,515,495. Prepaid insurance of \$24,608 is considered nonspendable fund balance.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements - continued As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### 14. INTERFUND RECEIVABLE AND PAYABLE BALANCES

The individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances as of June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Fund	Interfund Receivables	Interfund Payables			
Fee Fund Fiduciary Funds:	\$ 2,430,297	\$ -0-			
Advance Deposit Fund Registry of Court Fund	84,952	-0- _2,515,249			
	\$ <u>2,515,249</u>	\$ 2,515,249			

#### 15. EXCESS FUND BALANCE

Louisiana Revised Statute 13:785 requires that every four years (at the close of the term of office) the Clerk of Court must pay the parish treasury any balance in the clerk's salary fund which exceeds one-half of the revenues of the last year of the term, which amount shall be limited to no more than that which was received by the clerk in accordance with R.S. 13:784(A) during said term of office. The excess fund balance was calculated at June 30, 2020 for the current term of office to be \$172,088 which is recorded as accounts payable.

#### 16. <u>UNCERTAINTIES</u>

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the coronavirus outbreak a "Public Health Emergency of International Concern", and on March 11, 2020 declared it to be a pandemic. Actions taken around the world to help mitigate the spread of the coronavirus include restrictions on travel, quarantines in certain areas, and forced closures for certain types of public places and businesses. The coronavirus and actions taken to mitigate it have had, and are expected to continue to have, an adverse impact on the economies and financial markets of many countries, including the geographical area in which the Clerk of Court operates. It is unknown how long these conditions will last and what the complete financial effect will be to the Clerk's office.

The Clerk of Court was awarded a Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act financial assistance through the State of Louisiana Division of Administration and recorded grant revenue of \$1,101,540 for fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Required Supplementary Information

# Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted A	mounts 	Actual	<u>Variance</u> Favorable (Unfavorable)	
<u>REVENUES</u> Marriage licenses and permits Charges for services:	\$ 80,192	\$ 68,617	\$ 77,601	\$ 8,984	
Court costs, fees, and charges Fees for: Recording legal	1,753,889	1,509,157	1,443,816	(65,341)	
documents Certified copies	7,239,490	7,240,738	7,509,669	268,931	
of documents Fees transferred from advanced deposit	1,100,045	1,013,788	1,085,393	71,605	
funds	7,694,014	6,399,441	6,984,134	584,693	
Miscellaneous	1,200,304	1,135,215		17,996	
Interest	1,213,914	1,005,554		110,875	
Miscellaneous	59,260	65,353		(6,271)	
Intergovernmental	358,000	396,821		1,090,778	
Total revenues	20,699,108	18,834,684	420,916,934	_2,082,250	
EXPENDITURES Current: General government:					
Personal services &	16 065 150	15 046 50	c 16 001 000	(225 107)	
related benefits	16,065,153	15,046,59		(335,197)	
Operating services	689,429	648,04		6,686	
Materials & supplies Travel and other	514,565	505,98	1 924,417	(418,436)	
Charges	63,056	56,79	8 53,740	3,058	
Capital outlay	860,000	760,66	0 383,575	377,085	
Intergovernmental	458,274	416,45	1 497,313	(80,862)	
Total expenditures	18,650,477	17,434,52	8	(447,666)	
<u>EXCESS OF</u> <u>REVENUES OVER</u> EXPENDITURES	2,048,631	1,400,15	6 3,034,740	1,634,584	
	1000 90050 B	, , , - , - ,		e	
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAI	<u>R 19,910,674</u>	20,505,36	20,505,363	-0-	
<u>FUND BALANCE AT</u> END OF YEAR	\$ <u>_21,959,305</u>	\$ <u>21,905,51</u>	<u>9</u> \$ <u>23,540,103</u>	\$ <u>1,634,584</u>	

# Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Three Years Ended June 30, 2020

Total OPEB Liability	2018		2019		2020
Service cost	\$ 49,755	\$	47,414	\$	61,750
Interest	132,905		136,931		123,929
Changes of benefit terms	-0-		-0-		-0-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(102,032)		(38,550)		642,323
Changes of assumptions	(68,071)		87,564		421,607
Benefit payments	(186,699)	-	(186, 699)		(274, 943)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(174, 142)		46,660		974,666
Total OPEB liability – beginning	3,805,769	150	3,631,627		3,678,287
Total OPEB liability – ending	\$ 3,631,627	\$_	3,678,287	\$_	4,652,953
Covered payroll	\$ 9,465,600	\$	9,844,224	\$	9,727,807
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	38.37%		37.36%		47.83%
Notes to Schedule:					
Benefit Changes	None		None		None
Changes of Assumptions:					
Discount Rate:	3.87%		3.50%		2.21%
Mortality:	RP-2000		RP-2000		RP-2000
Trend:	5.5%		5.5%		Variable

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

# Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Clerk's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability For the Six Years Ended June 30, 2020

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	Employer's Covered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Employee Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2020	10.332644%	\$ 18,763,999	\$10,046,791	186.8%	77.93%
2019	10.230365%	\$ 17,016,170	\$ 9,498,614	179.1%	79.07%
2018	10.424124%	\$ 15,771,012	\$ 9,403,999	167.7%	79.69%
2017	10.563602%	\$ 19,542,391	\$ 9,641,856	202.7%	74.17%
2016	10.285334%	\$ 15,428,313	\$ 9,305,144	165.8%	78.13%
2015	10.172732%	\$ 13,721,609	\$ 9,204,164	149.1%	79.37%

\* The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

# Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Clerk's Contributions to the Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund For the Six Years Ended June 30, 2020

Year Ended June 30,	Contractually Required Contribution	Contributions in Relation to Contractual Required Contribution	Defi	ribution ciency (cess)	Employer's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
2020	\$ 1,909,026	\$ 1,909,026	\$		\$10,045,960	19.0%
2019	\$ 1,908,889	\$ 1,908,889	\$	-	\$10,046,791	19.0%
2018	\$ 1,804,736	\$ 1,804,736	\$		\$ 9,498,614	19.0%
2017	\$ 1,785,390	\$ 1,785,390	\$	-	\$ 9,403,999	18.9%
2016	\$ 1,832,793	\$ 1,832,793	\$		\$ 9,641,856	19.0%
2015	\$ 1,768,112	\$ 1,768,112	\$	-	\$ 9,305,144	19.0%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

#### Notes To Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### 1. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The General Fund budgetary comparison schedule has been presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### 2. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to calculate the total OPEB liability are described in Note 11 to the financial statements. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB Statement No. 75, paragraph 4.

Changes in Discount Rate:

	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
Discount Rate	2.21%	3.50%	3.87%

Changes in Benefit:

There were no benefit changes during the years presented.

#### 3. PENSION

Changes in Benefit Terms:

There were no changes of benefit terms during any of the years presented.

Changes of Assumptions:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
Investment Rate of Return	6.75%	6.75%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.25%
Inflation Rate	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.75%
Salary Increases	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.75%
Mortality Rate Non-Disabled	RP2000 Tables					
Mortality Rate Disabled	RP2000 Tables					

Other Supplementary Information

# All Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Advance Deposit Funds	Balance July 1, 2019	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2020
ratalies pepsit rands				
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Due from Fee Fund Receivables Total Assets	\$ 35,245,797 -0- <u>37,972</u> \$ <u>35,283,769</u>	\$ 17,424,369 84,952 <u>11,091</u> \$ <u>17,520,412</u>	\$ 21,473,387 -0- <u>10,201</u> \$ <u>21,483,588</u>	\$ 31,196,779 84,952 <u>38,862</u> \$ <u>31,320,593</u>
LIABILITIES: Due to Fee Fund Unsettled deposits Other liabilities Total Liabilities	\$ 282,670 32,626,901 <u>2,374,198</u> \$ <u>35,283,769</u>	\$ 3,600,194 13,560,388 <u>338,539</u> \$ <u>17,499,121</u>	\$ 3,882,864 17,579,433 -0- \$ 21,462,297	\$ -0- 28,607,856 <u>2,712,737</u> \$ <u>31,320,593</u>
Registry of Court Fund				
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Securities deposited with the Clerk of Court Total Assets	\$ 31,491,937 <u>1,591,895</u> \$ <u></u>	\$ 5,259,928 	\$ 4,141,110 - <u>-0-</u> \$ <u>4,141,110</u>	\$ 32,610,755 <u>1,856,094</u> \$ <u>34,466,849</u>
<u>LIABILITIES</u> : Due to Fee Fund Unsettled deposits Other liabilities Total Liabilities	\$ 2,391,470 30,558,737 <u>133,625</u> \$ <u>33,083,832</u>	\$ 150,438 5,286,709 84,821 \$_5,521,968	\$ 26,659 4,112,292 -0- \$ 4,138,951	\$ 2,515,249 31,733,154 <u>218,446</u> \$ <u>34,466,849</u>
Total – All Agency Funds				
<u>ASSETS</u> : Cash and cash equivalents Securities deposited	\$ 66,737,734	\$ 22,684,297	\$ 25,614,497	\$ 63,807,534
with the Clerk of Court	1,591,895	264,199	-0-	1,856,094
Due from Fee Fund	-0-	84,952	-0-	84,952
Receivables	37,972	11,091	10,201	38,862
Total Assets	\$ 68,367,601	\$_23,044,539	\$ 25,624,698	\$ 65,787,442
LIABILITIES: Due to Fee Fund	\$ 2,674,140	\$ 3,750,632	\$ 3,909,523	\$ 2,515,249
Unsettled deposits	63,185,638	18,847,097	21,691,725	60,341,010
Other liabilities	2,507,823	423,360	-0-	2,931,183
Total Liabilities	\$ 68,367,601	\$ 23,021,089	\$ 25,601,248	\$ 65,787,442

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

# Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to the Clerk of Court For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

AgencyHead Name/Title:	Jon A. Gegenheimer, Clerk of Court		
Purpose			
Salary	\$ 175,768		
Benefits – Insurance	17,091		
Benefits – Retirement	33,396		
Benefits - Medicare	2,436		
Conference Travel	6,052		
<b>Registration Fees</b>	2,750		
Special Meals	67		
Other	3,168		
	<u>\$ 240,728</u>		



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5047 Highway 1 P.O. Box 830 Napoleonville, LA 70390 Phone: (985) 369-6003 Fax: (985) 369-9941 INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

March 4, 2021

Honorable Jon A. Gegenheimer Jefferson Parish Clerk of Court Gretna, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Jefferson Parish Clerk of Court (Clerk of Court), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Clerk of Court's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 4, 2021.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk of Court's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk of Court's internal control.

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Members American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Society of LA CPAs A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Clerk of Court's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that such as the prevented of the transformation of deficiencies and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Clerk of Court's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk of Court's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Clerk of Court's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Unplantier, Hapmann, Hugan & Noter LLP New Orleans, Louisiana



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5047 Highway 1 P.O. Box 830 Napoleonville, LA 70390 Phone: (985) 369-6003 Fax: (985) 369-9941 INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR THE MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

March 4, 2021

Honorable Jon A. Gegenheimer Jefferson Parish Clerk of Court Gretna, Louisiana

#### **Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program**

We have audited Jefferson Parish Clerk of Court's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Jefferson Parish Clerk of Court's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2020. Jefferson Parish Clerk of Court's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### **Management's Responsibility**

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal program.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for Jefferson Parish Clerk of Court's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and* 

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Members American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Society of LA CPAs Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Jefferson Parish Clerk of Court's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Jefferson Parish Clerk of Court's compliance.

### **Opinion on the Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, Jefferson Parish Clerk of Court complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2020.

### **Other Matters**

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed no instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with the *Uniform Guidance*.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of Jefferson Parish Clerk of Court is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Jefferson Parish Clerk of Court's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Jefferson Parish Clerk of Court's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiencies, in internal corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the *Uniform Guidance*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

New Orleans, Louisiana

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Expenditures	
Department of the Treasury Passed through the State of Louisiana			
Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and			
Economic Security (CARES) Act	21.019	\$1,101,540	
Total expenditures of federal awards		<u>\$1,101,540</u>	

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards

#### Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal award activity of the Clerk of Court and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Clerk of Court, it is not intended to and does not present the net position, changes in net position or cash flows of the Clerk of Court.

#### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

#### NOTE C - INDIRECT COST

The Clerk of Court has elected not to use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

# Summary Schedule of Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS:

- 1. An unmodified opinion was issued on the governmental activities major fund and the fiduciary funds of the Clerk for the year ended June 30, 2020.
- 2. Findings Required To Be Reported Under Generally Accepted Governmental Auditing Standards: None
- Internal Control over Financial Reporting: Material weaknesses: None Significant deficiencies: None
- 4. Noncompliance material to the financial statements: None
- 5. Prior Year Findings: None