# CAMERON PARISH ASSESSOR CAMERON, LOUISIANA

# ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Year Ended December 31, 2019

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Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

The budgeted revenues exceeded the actual revenues by \$7,331 or .7% and the actual expenditures exceeded the budgeted expenditures by \$1,399 or .2%.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital assets

The Assessor's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, for governmental activities as of December 31, 2019, was \$15,313. See Note C for additional information about changes in capital assets during the fiscal year and outstanding at the end of the year. The following table provides a summary of capital asset activity.

Depreciable assets: Furniture, fixtures and equipment	\$\frac{2019}{75,279}	<u>2018</u> \$ 168,671
Less accumulated depreciation Book value-depreciable assets	59,966 \$ 15,313	146,109 \$ 22,562
Percentage depreciated	<u>80</u> %	<u>70</u> %
Book value-all assets	<u>\$ 15,313</u>	\$ 22,562

There were no major additions in 2019.

#### Long-term debt

The Cameron Parish Assessor contributes to a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan ("the Retiree Health Plan"). The plan provides lifetime healthcare insurance for eligible retirees and their spouses through the Assessor's group health insurance plan. Net OPEB obligation associated with the Retiree Health Plan at December 31, 2019 was \$2,354,566.

The Cameron Parish Assessor participates in a state-administered cost-sharing multipleemployer retirement system, which together cover substantially all of the Assessor's full-time employees. Net pension liability associated with the retirement system at December 31, 2019 was \$225,279.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

### ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AFFECTING THE DISTRICT

Since the primary revenue stream for the Assessor is property taxes, the Assessor's property tax revenues are subject to changes in the economy.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate the District's commitment to public accountability. If you have any questions about this report or would like to request additional information, contact the Cameron Assessor Orson Billings, PO Box 1100, 110 Smith Circle Suite A, Cameron, LA 70631.



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GRAHAM A. PORTUS, E.A.

KATHRYN BLESSINGTON, C.P.A. JACKLYN BARLOW, C.P.A. BLAKE MANUEL, C.P.A.

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

December 29, 2020

Cameron Parish Assessor Cameron, Louisiana

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of Cameron Parish Assessor as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Assessor's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsibility for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these basic financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation ad fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting principles used and the reasonableness of significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of Cameron Parish Assessor as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position

Cameron Parish Assessor December 29, 2020 Page Two

for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplemental information on pages 3 through 10 and 43 through 46 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions of the financial statements that collectively comprise the Cameron Parish Assessor's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Chief Executive Officer is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Chief Executive Officer is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 29, 2020 on our consideration of Cameron Parish Assessor's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Assessor's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Management's Discussion and Analysis

Within this section of the Cameron Parish Assessor's (Assessor) annual financial report, the Assessor's management is pleased to provide this narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the Assessor for the fiscal year ended December 31,2019. The Assessor's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosures following this section.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Assessor's liabilities exceeded its assets by \$(666,942) (net position) for the fiscal year reported.
- Total revenues of \$982,991 were in excess of expenditures of \$1,063,310, which
  resulted in a current year deficit of \$(80,319), compared to a prior year deficit of
  \$(65,052).
- Total net position is comprised of the following:
  - (1) Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt, of \$15,313 include property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation.
  - (2) Unrestricted net position of \$(682,255) represent the portion available to maintain the District's continuing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- Overall, based on fund financial statements the District continues to maintain a strong financial position and is continuing to work to improve on this financial position.

The above financial highlights are explained in more detail in the "financial analysis" section of this document.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

#### OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This Management's Discussion and Analysis document introduces the District's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the basic financial statements. The District also includes in this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The Assessor's annual report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the Assessor's overall financial status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of activities between funds.

The first of these government-wide statements is the *Statement of Net Position*. This is the government-wide statement of position presenting information that includes all of the Assessor's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Assessor as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall health of the Assessor would extend to other nonfinancial factors such as diversification of the taxpayer base, or the condition of Assessor's infrastructure in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the *Statement of Activities*, which reports how the Assessor's net assets changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the Assessor's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the Assessor's taxpayers.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish governmental activities of the Assessor that are principally supported by property taxes and from business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Governmental activities include principally general government and property assessment.

The government-wide financial statements are presented on pages 15 and 16 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Assessor uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the Assessor's most significant funds rather than the Assessor as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

#### The District has one kind of fund:

Governmental funds are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is very different with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the District's governmental funds. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund operating statement provide a reconciliation to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

The basic governmental fund financial statements are presented on pages 18 through 21 of this report.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 22 of this report.

#### OTHER INFORMATION

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplemental information. Budgetary comparison statements are included as "required supplemental information" for the general fund. These statements and schedules demonstrate compliance with the District's adopted and final revised budget. Required supplemental information can be found on pages 43 through 46 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Over time, as year-to-year financial information is accumulated on a consistent basis, changes in net position may be observed and used to discuss the changing financial position of the Assessor as a whole.

The Assessor's net position at fiscal year-end are \$(666,942). The following table provides a summary of the District's net position:

	<u>20</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>201</u>	<u>2018</u>		
Assets: Current assets and other assets Capital assets Total assets	\$ 1,087,573	99% 1 _100%	\$ 869,237 22,562 891,799	97% <u>3</u> 100%		
Deferred outflows of resources	1,065,065	<u>100</u> %	565,312	<u>100</u> %		
Liabilities: Current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities	1,500 _2,579,845 _2,581,345	-% 100 100%	1,500 1,854,183 1,855,683	-% <u>100</u> <u>100</u> %		
Deferred inflows of resources	253,548	<u>100</u> %	<u> 188,051</u>	<u>100</u> %		
Net position: Investment in capital assets, net of debt Unrestricted Total net position	15,313 (682,255) \$ (666,942)	2% (102) 100%	22,562 (609,185) \$ (586,623)	4% (104) _100%		

The Assessor continues to maintain a high current ratio. The current ratio compares current assets to current liabilities and is an indication of the ability to pay current obligations. The current ratio is 725 to 1, compared to 579 to 1 for the prior year.

The Assessor reported a negative balance in net position. The negative balance is due to the implementation of GASB 75 – *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pension.* The Assessor's overall financial position continues to be strong in the fiscal year 2019.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The following table provides a summary of the District's changes in net position:

		<u>2019</u>			<u>2018</u>	<u> </u>
Revenues:						
Program						
Charges for services	\$	2,000	-%	\$	2,371	-%
General:						
Ad valorem taxes		965,919	98		776,320	99
Intergovernmental		7,706	1		7,357	1
Interest		7,366	1		189	
Total Revenues		982 <u>,991</u>	<u>100</u> %		786,237	<u>100</u> %
Program expenses:						
General and administrative	1,	063,310			851,289	
Total Expenses	1,	<u>063,310</u>			<u>851,289</u>	
Change in net position	<u>\$</u>	(80,319)		<u>\$</u>	(65,052)	

## **GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES**

The District is heavily reliant on property taxes to support governmental operations. Property taxes provided 98% of the District's total revenues.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES**

This table presents the cost of the Assessor's program, including the net costs (i.e., total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net costs illustrate the financial burden that was placed on the Assessor's taxpayers by each of these functions.

#### **Governmental Activities**

Total Cost Net Cost of Services of Services

General Government

<u>\$ 1,063,310</u> <u>\$ 1,061,310</u>

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

### Governmental Funds

As discussed, governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a short-term, inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financing requirements. Governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$1,086,073, which is unassigned indicating availability for continuing Assessor service requirements.

The excess of revenues over expenditures for the governmental funds show an increase of \$218,336 compared to an increase of \$79,880 for the prior year.

The Governmental Fund's ending fund balance is considered very adequate, representing the equivalent of 142% of annual expenditures.

## Statement of Net Position

# December 31, 2019

ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 22,331
Investments	100,145
Receivables, net	962,332
Prepaid expenses	2,765
Capital assets, net	15,313
Total assets	 1,102,886
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 1,065,065
LIADIUTEO	
LIABILITIES	4 500
Accounts payable	1,500
Long-term Liabilities:	225 270
Net pension liabiliby	225,279
Net OPEB obligation Total liablities	 2,354,566 2,581,345
1 Otal Habitiles	 2,001,040
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	253,548
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt	15,313
Unrestricted	(682,255)
Total net position	\$ (666,942)

## Statement of Activities

Year Ended December 31, 2019

					evenues (Expenses) and hanges in Net Assets		
Activities	Expenses	Charges for Services		•		Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities: General government	\$1,063,310	\$	2,000	\$ -	\$ (1,061,310)		
				General Revenues			
				Property taxes, net	965,919		
				State revenue sharing	7,706		
				Interest and investment earnings	7,366		
				Total General Revenues	980,991		
				Change in Net Position	(80,319)		
				Net Position, beginning	(586,623)		
				Net Position, ending	\$ (666,942)		

**FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

## Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

# December 31, 2019

ASSETS Cash Investments Receivables, net: Taxes Prepaid expenses Total assets	\$	22,331 100,145 962,332 2,765 1,087,573
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		-
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		1,087,573
LIABILITIES Liabilities: Accounts payable Total liablities	_\$	1,500 1,500
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		_
Fund balances: Unassigned Total fund balances		1,086,073 1,086,073
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	1,087,573

# Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets

December 31, 2019

Total fund balance for governmental funds at December 31, 2019:

\$ 1,086,073

Total net position reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position is different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:

Capital assets, net of \$59,966 accumulated depreciation

15,313

Deferred outflows and inflows are not financial resources or currently payable:

Deferred outflows - Pensions \$ 315,191
Deferred outflows - OPEB 749,874
Deferred inflows - Pensions (229,739)

Deferred inflows - OPEB \_\_\_\_\_(23,809) 811,517

Long-term liabilities at December 31, 2019:

Net pension liability (225,279)
Net OPEB obligation (2,354,566)

Total net position of governmental activities at December 31, 2019 \$ (666,942)

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

# Year Ended December 31, 2019

REVENUES:		
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$	965,919
Intergovernmental		7,706
Charges for services		2,000
Interest		7,366
Total revenues		982,991
EXPENDITURES:		
General government		
Personnel services		646,619
Supplies		7,399
Other operating services		110,637
Total expenditures		764,655
EVOCAGO OF DEVICENTIES OVER EVERNING		040.000
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		218,336
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		867,737
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	_\$	1,086,073

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended December 31, 2019

Total net changes in fund balances December 31, 2019 per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances			\$	218,336
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities is different because:				
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.  However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.  Capital outlay which is considered expenditures on the Statement of Expenditures and Changes in Fund Ralances.	\$			
of Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2019	<b>Ф</b>	(7,249 <u>)</u>	*	(7,249)
Net pension (expense) benefit is reported in the governmental fund as expenditures as they are paid, however, in the statement of activities the net position (expense) benefit is reported according to estimates required by GASB 68				(70,103)
In the Statement of Activities, post employment benefits (OPEB) are measured by the amounts incurred during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for this item are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially the amounts actually paid).				(221,303)
Total changes in net position at December 31, 2019 per Statement of Activities			\$	(80,319)

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

As provided by Article VII, Section 24 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, the assessor is elected by the voters of the parish and serves a four-year term. The assessor assesses all real and movable property in the parish subject to ad valorem taxation and submits the rolls to the Louisiana Tax Commission as prescribed by law. Once the assessment listing is approved, the assessor submits the assessment roll to the parish tax collector who is responsible for collecting and distributing taxes to the various taxing bodies. The assessor is authorized to appoint as many deputies as may be necessary for the efficient operation of the office and provides assistance to the taxpayers of the parish. As an independently elected official, the Assessor is solely responsible for the operations of his office, which includes the hiring or retention of employees, authority over budgeting, responsibility for deficits, and the receipt and disbursement of funds.

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 1. Reporting Entity

The assessor is an independently elected official; however, the police jury maintains and operates the building in which the assessor's office is located.

GASB Standard No. 14 established criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. For financial reporting purposes, in conformance with GASB Standard No. 14, the Cameron Parish Assessor includes all funds, account groups, et cetera, that are within the oversight responsibility of the Cameron Parish Assessor.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the Cameron Parish Police Jury for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes:

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and
  - a. The ability of the Cameron Parish Police Jury to impose its will on that organization and/or
  - b. The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Cameron Parish Police Jury.
- 2. Organizations for which the Cameron Parish Police Jury does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the Cameron Parish Police Jury.
- Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements could be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

Based upon the application of these criteria, the Assessor is not a component unit of the Cameron Parish Police Jury's reporting entity.

### 2. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying basic financial statements of Cameron Parish Assessor have been prepared in conformity with governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity with GASB Statement 34, "Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments", issued in June 1999.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each of the functions of the Assessor's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of services offered by the Assessor, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirement of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The Assessor uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain Assessor functions and activities. A fund is defined as a separate fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major funds, each displayed on a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Assessor or its total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures of the individual governmental fund is at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds of that category or type; and total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds combined.

The major fund of the Assessor is described below:

Governmental Fund -

#### General Fund

The General Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:781, is the principal fund of the Assessor and is used to account for the operations of the Assessor's office. The various fees and charges due to the Assessor's office are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures are paid from this fund.

#### 3. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities, activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery) and financial position. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

### Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources management focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures (including capital outlay) generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### 4. Cash

For reporting purposes, cash includes demand deposits, time deposits, and certificates of deposit. Under state law, the Cameron Parish Assessor may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana.

At December 31, 2019, the Assessor has cash equivalents (book balances) totaling \$22,331 in interest-bearing demand deposit accounts. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting book balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties (GASB Category 3). At December 31, 2019, the Assessor has \$22,426 in deposits (collected bank balances). These deposits are secured from risk by \$22,426 of federal deposit insurance and \$0 of pledged securities held by the custodial bank in the name of the fiscal agent bank.

### Investments

State statutes authorize the Assessor to invest in Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP), U.S. Treasury notes and bonds, U.S. agency securities, and other governmental debt obligations with limited exceptions as noted in LA-R.S. 33.2955. Investments in time certificates of deposits can be placed with state banks, national banks or federal credit unions as permitted in state statute. Corporate bonds can purchased with from companies incorporated in the United States, with a Standards and Poor's credit rating of AA- and have a maturity date of 5 years or less.

As of December 31, 2019, the District had its assets in LAMP The below schedule identifies the investments by type:

		Maturity							
Type of Debt Investment Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV)	Fair Value	Less than 1 Year	1 to 5 Years	6 to 10 Years	(Standards and Poor's)				
External Investment Pool (LAMP)	\$ 100,145	\$ 100,145	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	AAAm				
Total investments	\$ 100,145	\$ 100,145	<b>\$</b> -	\$ -					

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

The \$100,145 in money market investments is invested in LAMP. LAMP is administered by LAMP, Inc., a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana. Only local government entities having contracted to participate in LAMP have an investment interest in its pool of assets. The primary objective of LAMP is to provide a safe environment for the placement of public funds in short term, high quality investments. The LAMP portfolio includes only securities and other obligations in which local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in accordance with LA-R.S. 33.2955. LAMP is a governmental investment pool that reports at fair value. The following facts are relevant for investment pools:

Credit risk: LAMP is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

<u>Custodial credit risk</u>: LAMP participants' investments in the pool are evidenced by shares of the pool. Investments in pools should be disclosed, but not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form. The public entity's investment is with the pool, not the securities that make up the pool; therefore, no disclosure is required.

<u>Concentration of credit risk</u>: Pooled investments are excluded from the 5 percent disclosure requirement.

Interest rate risk: LAMP is designed to be highly liquid to give its participants immediate access to their account balances. LAMP prepares its own interest rate disclosure using the weighted average maturity (WAM) method. The WAM of LAMP assets is restricted to not more than 90 days and consists of no securities with a maturity in excess of 397 days or 762 days for U.S. Government floating/variable rate investments.

## 5. Budgets

The Cameron Parish Assessor follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- i. A proposed budget is prepared and submitted to the Assessor for the fiscal year no later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year.
- ii. A summary of the proposed budget is published and the public is notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- iii. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for a hearing.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

- iv. After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is legally adopted prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- vi. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts included in the accompanying financial statements are as originally adopted or as finally amended by the Assessor.

#### 6. Accounts Receivable

Cameron Parish Assessor utilizes the allowance method to recognize doubtful accounts for ad valorem taxes. The allowance for doubtful accounts at December 31, 2019 was \$9.256.

Uncollectible amounts due for other receivables of governmental funds are recognized as bad debts at the time information becomes available which would indicate that the particular receivable is not collectible.

### 7. Capital Assets

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Cameron Parish Assessor maintains a threshold level of \$1,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net assets. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Furniture, fixtures and equipment

10 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### 8. Compensated Absences

Vacation and sick leave are accrued annually for the current year only. Employees earn from five to twenty-five days of vacation and two to four weeks of sick leave each year depending on their length of service. Unused vacation leave at the end of each calendar year is forfeited. At December 31, 2019, the Assessor has no accrued compensated absences.

### 9. Long-term Debt

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of net OPEB obligations.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures.

#### 10. Equity Classification

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets, net of related debt".

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

In the fund statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as restricted, assigned and unassigned.

- Restricted fund balance Includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes based on generally outside actions.
- b. Assigned fund balance Includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes based on internal (Board) actions.
- c. Unassigned fund balance Includes positive fund balance within the general fund which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) amounts are available, it shall be the policy of the District to consider restricted amounts to have been reduced first. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, it shall be the policy of the Assessor the committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

### 11. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

## 12. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

### Program Revenues

Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities are derived directly from the program itself or from parties outside the Assessor's taxpayers, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the Assessor's general revenues.

#### Revenues

Ad valorem taxes and the related state revenue sharing are recorded in the year taxes are due and payable. Ad valorem taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis, become due on November 15 of each year, and become delinquent on December 31. The taxes are generally collected in December, January and February of the fiscal year. Interest

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

on interest-bearing deposits is recorded or accrued as revenues when earned. Substantially all other revenues are recorded when received.

### Expenditures

The Assessor's primary expenditures include salaries and insurance, which are recorded when the liability is incurred. Capital expenditures and purchases of various operating supplies are regarded as expenditures at the time purchased.

#### 13. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 29, 2020. In December 2019, a novel strain of coronavirus was reported in Wuhan, China. The World Health Organization has declared the outbreak to constitute a "Public Health Emergency of International Concern." The COVID-19 outbreak is disrupting supply chains and affecting production and sales across a range of industries. The extent of the impact of COVID-19 on our operational and financial performance will depend on certain developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak, impact on our citizens, employees and local industries all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted. At this point, the extent to which COVID-19 may impact our financial condition or results of operations is uncertain.

On August 27, 2020 Hurricane Laura made landfall in Southwest Louisiana as a Category 4 hurricane which was followed by Hurricane Delta on October 8, 2020. The full extent of damages to the District's facilities or effects on operations have not been determined.

#### NOTE B - AD VALOREM TAXES

For the year ended December 31, 2019, taxes were levied on property with taxable assessed valuations as follows:

 Approximate
 Valuations
 Taxes

 General corporate purposes
 \$ 324,764,967
 2.85 mills

Total taxes levied during 2019 were \$925,580.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

#### NOTE C - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2019 follows:

	Beginning of Year	Additions	Deletions	End of Year
Governmental activities: Furniture, Fixtures and	***************************************	***************************************	***************************************	
Equipment	\$ 168,671	\$ -	\$ 93,392	\$ 75,279
Less accumulated depreci	ation for:			
Furniture, Fixtures and				
Equipment	<u> 146,109</u>	7,249	<u>93,392</u>	<u>59,966</u>
Governmental activities				
Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 22,562</u>	<u>\$ 7,249</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 15,313</u>

#### NOTE D - PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. Substantially all employees of the Cameron Parish Assessor's office are members of the Louisiana Assessors' Retirement Fund (Fund), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by a separate board of trustees.

All full-time employees who are under the age of 60 at the time of original employment and are not drawing retirement benefits from any other public retirement system in Louisiana are required to participate in the System.

Employees who were hired before October 1, 2013, will be eligible for pension benefits once they either reached the age of fifty-five and have at least twelve years of service or have at least thirty years of service, regardless of age. Employees who were hired on or after October 1, 2013, will be eligible for pension benefits once they have either reached the age of sixty and have at least twelve years of service or have reached the age of fifty-five and have at least thirty years of service.

Employees who became members prior to October 1, 2006, are entitled to annual pension benefits equal to three and one-third percent of their average final compensation based on the 36 consecutive months of highest pay, multiplied by their total years of service, not to exceed 100% of final compensation. Employees who become members on or after October 1, 2006 will have their benefit based on the highest 60 months of consecutive service. Employees may elect to receive their pension benefits in the form of a joint and survivor annuity.

If employees terminate before rendering 12 years of service, they forfeit the right to receive the portion of their accumulated plan benefits attributable to the employer's

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

#### NOTE D - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

contributions. Benefits are payable over the employees' lives in the form of a monthly annuity. Employees may elect a reduced benefit or any of four options at retirement.

Employees who terminate with at least 12 years of service and do not withdraw their employee contributions may retire at or after age 55 and receive the benefit accrued to their date of termination. The Fund also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established or amended by state statute.

A publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplemental financial information may be obtained by writing to the Louisiana Assessor's Retirement Fund, P.O. Box 14699, Baton Rouge, LA 70898-4699.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required by state statute to contribute 8.0% of their annual covered salary and the Cameron Parish Assessor is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 10.0% of annual covered payroll. Contributions to the Fund also include revenue sharing funds appropriated by the legislature. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Cameron Parish Assessor are established and may be amended by state statute. As provided by R.S. 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The Cameron Parish Assessor's contributions to the Fund for the year ending December 31, 2019 were \$51,415.

Plan members are required to contribute 8% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 10.0% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the System's Board of Trustees. The District's contributions to the System for the year ended December 31, 2019 totaled \$51,415.

At December 31, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$225,279 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to their pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At December 31, 2019, the District's proportion was .8540348%.

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$70,103 including employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions,

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

#### NOTE D - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

\$23,995. At December 31, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	8,352	\$	106,288
Difference between expected and actual Investment		-		26,157
Change in assumption Changes in proportion and differences between: Contributions and proportionate share of		237,907		-
contributions Contributions subsequent to the		17,517		97,294
measurement date		51,415		_
Total	\$	315,191	_\$	229,739

\$51,415 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2020. Other accounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	Amount
2020	\$ 40,748
2021	45,769
2022	67,622
2023	65,900
2024	29,956
Thereafter	_

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

#### NOTE D - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

Actuarial methods and assumption. The total pension liability in the September 30, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions. applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date September 30, 2019

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Investment Rate of Return 6.00% (Net of investment expense, including

inflation)

Inflation rate 2.20%

**Projected Salary Increases** 5.75% (including inflation and merit

increases)

RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Tables set Disabled Lives Mortality

back five years for males and three years for

Annuitant and RP 2000 Healthy Annuitant Table set beneficiary mortality

forward one year and projected to 2030 for

males and females.

RP 2000 Employee Table set back four Active Member Mortality

years for males and three years for females.

Discount Rate. The long-term expected rate of return on pension investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation of 2.5%, and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The resulting longterm expected arithmetic nominal return was 8.38% as of September 30, 2019. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

#### NOTE D - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of
Asset Class	Return
Domestic equity	7.50%
International equity	8.50%
Domestic bonds	2.50%
International bonds	3.50%
Real estate	4.50%
Alternative Assets	6.24%

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from the participating employers and non-employer contributing entities will be made at actuarially determined contribution rates, which are calculated in accordance with relevant statues and approved by the Board of Trustees and the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. Based on these assumptions and the other assumptions and methods as specified in this report, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. Thus, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.00%.

The effects of certain other changes in the net pension liability are required to be included in pension expense over the current and future periods. The effects on the total pension liability of (1) changes of economic and demographic assumptions or of other inputs and (2) differences between expected and actual experience are required to be included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees), determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. The effect on net pension liability of differences between the projected earnings on pension plan investments and actual experience with regard to those earnings is required to be included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a closed period of five years, beginning with the current period. The Expected Remaining Service Lives (ERSL) for 2018 is 6 years.

Sensitivity to changes in discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the District calculated using the discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the Districts net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.00%) or one percentage point higher (7.00%) than the current rate.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

#### NOTE D - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

	Changes in Discount Rate 2019								
	Current								
		Decrease 5.00%		count Rate 6.00%	1% Increase 7.00%				
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	640,099	\$	225,279	\$ (130,265)				

#### NOTE E - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE AND LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description. The Cameron Parish Assessor contributes to a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan ("the Retiree Health Plan"). The plan provides lifetime healthcare insurance for eligible retirees and their spouses through the Assessor's group health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members. Benefit provisions are established by the Cameron Parish Assessor. The Retiree Health Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Effective with the year ended December 31, 2009, the Cameron Parish Assessor implemented Government Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post Employment Benefits Other than Pensions (GASB 45). This statement has been implemented prospectively. Using this method, the beginning OPEB liability is set at zero and the actuarially determined OPEB liability relative to past service (prior to January 1, 2009) will be amortized and recognized as an expense over thirty years.

Funding Policy. The Assessor pays 100% or retirees' medical and life insurance premiums and 50% of the retirees' dependent medical coverage. The eligibility requirement is that the former employee must have met the requirements of the retirement system. These requirements are at least twelve years of coverage service and at least fifty-five years of age or thirty years of service. The number of participants currently eligible to receive benefits is twenty-six. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Assessor contributed \$67,971 to the plan.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

# NOTE E - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE AND LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS - CONTINUED

Employees covered by benefit terms – At December 31, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	7
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	6_
	13

#### **Total OPEB Liability**

The Assessor's total OPEB liability of \$2,354,566 was measured as of December 31, 2019 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and other inputs – The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.3%

Salary increases 3.0%, including inflation

Discount rate 2.74% annually

The discount rate was based on the average of the Bond Buyers' 20 Year General Obligation municipal bond index as of December 31, 2019, the end of the applicable measurement period.

Mortality rates where based on sex-distinct RP-2014 Total Dataset Mortality with separate employee, annuitant rates, projected generationally using scale MP-2018.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of ongoing evaluations of the assumptions from January 1, 2009 to December 31, 2019.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

# NOTE E - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE AND LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS - CONTINUED

#### **Changes in the Total OPEB Liability**

Balance at December 31, 2018	\$ 1,695,188
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	58,578
Interest	70,526
Effect of plan changes	-
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	-
Effect of assumption changes or inputs	598,245
Benefit payments and net transfers	 (67,971)
Net changes	 659,378
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$ 2,354,566

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Assessor, as well as what the Assessor's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.74%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.74%) than the current discount rate:

	1.0	0% Decrease	Curre	nt Discount	1.0% Increase				
		(1.74%)	Rat	te (2.74%)		(3.74%)			
Total OPEB liability	\$	2,915,055	\$	2,354,566	\$	1,927,154			

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Assessor, as well as what the Assessor's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare trend rates:

	1.0% Decrease	Current Trend	1.0% Increase		
Total OPEB liability	\$ 1,968,816	\$ 2,354,566	\$	2,865,666	

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

NOTE E - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE AND LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS - CONTINUED

# OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Assessor recognized OPEB expense of \$289,274. At December 31, 2019, the Assessor reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of		
		esources	Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	253,026	\$	_	
Changes in assumptions	· ·	496,848	·	(23,809)	
Total	\$	749,874	\$	(23,809)	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years ending December	31:
2020	\$ 160,170
2021	160,170
2022	160,170
2023	154,295
2024	94,260
Thereafter	-

#### NOTE F - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Assessor is exposed to risks of loss in the areas of auto and property liability and surety bonds. All of these risks are handled by purchasing commercial insurance coverage. There has been no significant reduction in the insurance coverage during the year.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

#### NOTE G - RENTALS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

The Assessor has entered into operating leases for the rental of office equipment and a vehicle. Rental expenditures with lease agreements for the year was \$7,873.

The minimum lease payments are as follows:

Year Ending	
December 31,	<u>Amount</u>
2020	\$ 15,777
2021	2,041
2022	2,041
2023	2,041
2024	1,871

#### NOTE H - EXPENSES PAID BY OTHERS

The Assessor's office is located in the Annex of the Police Jury building. The Cameron Parish Police Jury pays for the expenses related to the building, such as utilities, insurance, repair and maintenance, etc. on the building. These expenditures are not recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

#### NOTE I - DEFICIT NET POSITION

As a result of implementing GASB No. 75 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions ("GASB 75), which replaces GASB 45, the Assessor's net position was decreased by \$221,303 in 2019 and \$477,988 in 2018 and the Assessor reported the ending deficit net position of \$666,942. Reporting for governmental funds provided for a positive fund balance of \$1,086,073.

#### NOTE J - TAX ABATEMENTS

Louisiana's State Constitution Chapter VII Section 21 authorizes the State Board of Commerce and Industry to create a ten (10) year ad valorem tax abatement program for new manufacturing establishments in the State. Under the terms of this program, qualified businesses may apply for an exemption of local ad valorem taxes on capital improvements and equipment related to manufacturing for the first ten years of its operation; after which the property will be added to the local tax roll and taxed at the value and millages in force at the time. The future value of this exempt property could be subject to significant fluctuation from today's value; however, the Assessor could receive a substantial increase in ad valorem tax revenues once the exemption on this property expires. All applicable agreements have been entered into by the Cameron Parish Police Jury and directly affect the Assessor's ad valorem assessments. Because these taxes are not assessed or due, no adjustments have been made to the Assessor's financial statements to record a receivable. As of December 31, 2019. \$4,469,583,923 of assessed property in the District's taxing jurisdiction is receiving this exemption, which amounts to \$12,738,314 in ad valorem taxes.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund

# Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budget						Variance Favorable	
		Original		Final	Actual		(Unfavorable)	
REVENUES:								
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$	735,000	\$	972,648	\$	965,919	\$	(6,729)
Intergovernmental	,	7,150	•	7,674	•	7,706	,	32
Charges for services		3,400		2,500		2,000		(500)
Interest		3,000		7,500		7,366		(134)
Total revenues		748,550	-	990,322		982,991		(7,331)
EXPENDITURES:								
General government								
Personnel services		401,976		639,046		646,619		7,573
Supplies		6,860		9,100		7,399		(1,701)
Other operating services		351,190		115,110		110,637		(4,473)
Total expenditures		760,026		763,256		764,655		(1,399)
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES		(11,476)		227,066		218,336		(8,730)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		867,737		867,737		867,737		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING		856,261		1,094,803	\$	1,086,073	_\$	(8,730)

# Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability

Year Ended December 31, 2019\*

#### Louisiana Assessors' Retirement Fund:

<u>Date</u>	Employer's portion of the net pension liability (asset)	pro sh ne	mployer's portionate are of the pension liability (asset)	C	mployer's covered payroll	Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
December 31, 2015	0.7526%	\$	393,863	\$	394,196	99.92%	85.57%
December 31, 2016	0.8198%	\$	289,293	\$	349,874	82.68%	90.68%
December 31, 2017	0.8075%	\$	141,694	\$	354,505	39.97%	95.61%
December 31, 2018	0.8179%	\$	158,995	\$	364,577	43.61%	95.46%
December 31, 2019	0.85403%	\$	225,279	\$	375,724	60.00%	94.12%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts presented have a measurement date of September 30, 2019.

# Schedule of Employer Contributions

Year Ended December 31, 2019

Date	Re	tractually equired stribution	in R Con R	etributions delation to atractually equired atribution	Contrib Deficie (Exce	ency	E	nployer's Covered mployee Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll	
2014	\$	39,835	\$	39,835	\$	-	\$	301,641	13.21%	
2015	\$	53,501	\$	53,501	\$	-	\$	394,196	13.57%	
2016	\$	43,614	\$	43,614	\$	-	\$	349,874	12.47%	
2017	\$	35,450	\$	35,450	\$	-	\$	354,505	10.00%	
2018	\$	28,840	\$	28,840	\$	-	\$	364,577	7.91%	
2019	\$	51,415	\$	51,415	\$	-	\$	375,724	13.68%	

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

## CAMERON PARISH ASSESSOR Cameron, LA

## Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios for the

# Year Ended December 31, 2019

	2019		2018	
Total OPEB Liability				
Service cost	\$	58,578	\$	47,766
Interest on total OPEB liability		70,526		45,485
Effect of plan changes		-		-
Effect of economic/demographic gains or loses		-		382,782
Effect of assumption changes or inputs		598,245		(36,019)
Benefit payments		(67,971)	:	(38,289)
Net change in total OPEB liability		659,378		401,725
Total OPEB liability - beginning		1,695,188		1,293,463
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	2,354,566	\$	1,695,188
Covered-employee payroll	\$	400,689	\$	362,545
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		587.63%		467.58%
Notes to Schedule:				
Discount rate				
Discount rate		2.74%		4.10%
20 Year Tax-Exempt Municipal Bond Yield		2.74%		4.10%

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer Guneral Obligation 20-Bond Municpal Index

### Other Key Actuarial Assumptions

The plan has not had a formal actuarial experience study performed.

Valuation date	January 1, 2019	January 1, 2018
Measurement date	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%	2.30%
Medical Trend Rate	See"Actuarial	See"Actuarial
	Assumptions" for	Assumptions" for
	details	details
Salary increases including inflation	3 00%	3 00%

OTHER INFORMATION

## CAMERON PARISH ASSESSOR Cameron, LA

# Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments To Chief Executive Officer

Year Ended December 31, 2019

Chief Executive Officer: Orson Billings, Assessor

<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Salary	\$ 144,976
Benefits-insurance	11,896
Benefits-retirement	11,598
Benefits-cell phone	-
Car allowance	-
Vehicle provided by government	-
Per diem	-
Reimbursements	-
Travel	1,022
Conference travel	-
Continuing professional education for	ees -
Housing	-
Unvouchered expenses	-
Special meals	-
Other – office parking	-



RAYMOND GUILLORY, JR., C.P.A. COY T. VINCENT, C.P.A. MICHELLE LEE, C.P.A. BRADLEY J. CASIDAY, C.P.A., C.V.A. BRIAN MCCAIN, C.P.A.

GRAHAM A. PORTUS, E.A.

KATHRYN BLESSINGTON, C.P.A. JACKLYN BARLOW, C.P.A. BLAKE MANUEL, C.P.A.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

December 29, 2020

Cameron Parish Assessor Cameron, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Cameron Parish Assessor as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 29, 2020.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Cameron Parish Assessor's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Assessor's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Assessor's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Assessor's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Cameron Parish Assessor December 29, 2020 Page Two

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Cameron Parish Assessor's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or others matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable of any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislate Auditor as a public document.

Grageon, Casiday: Shillory

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

Year Ended December 31, 2019

1.	Summary of Auditors' Results:			
	Type of auditors' opinion issued: unmodified			
	Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Control deficiency(ies) identified that are	yes	<u>x</u> no	
	not considered to be material weakness(es)?	yes	_x_ none reported	
	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes	<u>x</u> no	
2.	Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which Are Required to be Reported in Accordance with Generally Accepted Governmental Auditing Standards			
	None			
3.	Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Award	d <u>s</u>		
	N/A			
4.	Prior Year Audit Findings			
	None			



RAYMOND GUILLORY, JR., C.P.A. COY T, VINCENT, C.P.A., MICHELLE LEE, C.P.A., BRADLEY J. CASIDAY, C.P.A., C.V.A. BRIAN MCCAIN, C.P.A.

GRAHAM A. PORTUS, E.A.

KATHRYN BLESSINGTON, C.P.A. JACKLYN BARLOW, C.P.A. BLAKE MANUEL, C.P.A.

#### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

December 29, 2020

Cameron Parish Assessor Cameron,

We have performed the procedures included enumerated below, which were agreed to by the Cameron Parish Assessor and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor (LLA) on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the LLA's Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal year January 1, 2019 through December 31, 2019. The District's management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

This agreed upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the specified users of this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

#### Written Policies and Procedures

- 1. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe that they address each of the following categories and subcategories (if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations
  - a) Budgeting, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.
    - The Assessor's Accounting Policies and Procedures manual addresses this area.
  - b) Purchasing, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the public bid law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.
    - The Assessor's Accounting Policies and Procedures manual addresses this area.
  - c) Disbursements, including processing, reviewing, and approving.
    - The Assessor's Accounting Policies and Procedures manual addresses this area.
  - d) Receipt/Collections, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g. periodic confirmations with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequence, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).

The Assessor's Accounting Policies and Procedures manual addresses this area.

e) Payroll/Personnel, including (1) payroll processing, and (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked.

The Assessor's Accounting Policies and Procedures manual addresses this area.

- f) Contracting, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.

  The Assessor's Accounting Policies and Procedures manual addresses this area.
- g) Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable), including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).

The Assessor's Accounting Policies and Procedures manual addresses this area.

h) Travel and expense reimbursement, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.

The Assessor's Accounting Policies and Procedures manual addresses this area.

t) Ethics, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) requirement that all employees, including elected officials, annually attest through signature verification that they have read the entity's ethics policy.

The Assessor's Accounting Policies and Procedures manual does not address this area.

Management response: The Assessor will update the Accounting Policies and Procedures manual to include this area.

j) Debt Service, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.

The Assessor's office does not have debt.

k) Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification the backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.

The Assessor's Accounting Policies and Procedures manual does not address this area.

Management response: The Assessor will update the Accounting Policies and Procedures manual to include this area.

#### **Board or Finance Committee**

- 2. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:
  - a) Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.

There were no exceptions in this area in the prior year.

b) For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund and major special revenue funds, as well as monthly financial statements (or budget-to-actual comparisons, if budgeted) for major proprietary funds.

There were no exceptions in this area in the prior year.

c) For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unrestricted fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unrestricted fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unrestricted fund balance in the general fund.

There were no exceptions in this area in the prior year.

#### Bank Reconciliations

- 3. Obtain a listing of the entity's bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account and observe that:
  - a) Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically longed);

There were no exceptions in this area in the prior year.

b) Bank reconciliations include evidence that a member of management/board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and

There were no exceptions in this area in the prior year.

c) Management has documentation reflecting that is has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

There were no exceptions in this area in the prior year.

#### **Collections**

4. Obtain a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/check/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites ( or all deposit sites if less than 5).

#### The listing was provided by management.

- 5. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select on collection location for each deposit site (i.e. 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe the job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:
  - a) Employees that are responsible for eash collections do not share eash drawers/registers.
    - Not applicable. The Assessor does not collect cash and does not have a cash drawer/register.
  - b) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g. pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit.
    - The employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits.
  - c) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledger, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling leger postings to each other and to the deposit.
    - The employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to the general.
  - d) The employee responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee verifies the reconciliation.
    - The employee responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger is not responsible for collecting cash.
- 6. Inquire of management that all employees who have access to cash are covered by a bond or insurance policy for theft.
  - The bond for theft only covers the Assessor, however, cash is not collected at the Assessor's Office.
- 7. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for procedure #3 under "Bank Reconciliations" above (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made no the same day). Obtain supported documentation for each of the deposits and:

a) Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.

No exceptions.

b) Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.

No exceptions.

c) Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.

No exceptions.

d) Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100).

No exceptions.

e) Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

No exceptions.

# Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements and petty cash purchases)

8. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).

The listing was provided by management.

- 9. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain a list of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that:
  - a) At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase.

Purchases are initiated and placed by a deputy and approved by the Assessor.

b) At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.

At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.

- c) The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.
  - The employee responsible for processing payments is not prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, however, the Assessor's office utilizes a third-party accountant for bookkeeping who periodically reviews changes to vendor files.
- d) Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.
  - The employee responsible for processing payments does not mails payments after checks are signed.
- 10. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction and:
  - a) Observe that the disbursement matched the related original invoice/billing statement.
    - All transactions tested where paid by and matched the original invoice.
  - b) Observe that the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g. initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #9 as applicable.

No exceptions.

#### Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

11. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards (cards), including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.

#### There were no exceptions in this area in the prior year.

- 12. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement), obtain supporting documentation, and:
  - a) Observe that there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excess fuel card usage) was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the authorized card holder.

There were no exceptions in this area in the prior year.

b) Observe that finance charges and/or late fees were assessed on the selected statements.

There were no exceptions in this area in the prior year.

13. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (i.e. each card should have 10 transactions subject to testing). For each transaction, observed that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only).

There were no exceptions in this area in the prior year.

#### Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (Excluding card transactions)

- 14. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements, obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:
  - a) If reimbursed using a per diem, agree the reimbursement rate to those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov).

There were no exceptions in this area in the prior year.

b) If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.

There were no exceptions in this area in the prior year.

c) Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by written policy (procedure #1h).

There were no exceptions in this area in the prior year.

d) Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

There were no exceptions in this area in the prior year.

#### Contracts

15. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. Obtain management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and:

a) Observe that the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.

#### There were no exceptions noted.

b) Observe that the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g. Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter).

#### There were no exceptions noted.

c) If the contract was amended (e.g. change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment.

#### There were no exceptions noted.

d) Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

#### There were no exceptions noted.

#### Payroll and Personnel

16. Obtain a listing of employees/elected officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select five employees/officials, obtain their paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to the authorized pay rates in the personnel files.

#### There were no exceptions in this area in the prior year.

- 17. Randomly select on pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees/officials selected under #16 above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:
  - a) Observe that all selected employees/officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation sick, compensatory). (Note: Generally, an elected official is not eligible to earn leave and does not document his/her attendance and leave. However, if the elected official is earning leave according to policy and/or contract, the official should document his/her daily attendance and leave.)

#### There were no exceptions in this area in the prior year.

b) Observe that supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees/officials.

There were no exceptions in this area in the prior year.

c) Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records.

#### There were no exceptions in this area in the prior year.

18. Obtain a listing of those employees/officials that received termination pay during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees/officials, obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations, agree the hours to the employee/officials' cumulate leave records, and agree the payrates to the employee/officials' authorized pay rates in the employee/officials' personnel files.

### There were no exceptions in this area in the prior year.

19. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, and workers' compensation premiums have been paid, and associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

There were no exceptions in this area in the prior year.

#### Ethics

- 20. Using the five randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, obtain ethics documentation from management and:
  - a) Observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the fiscal period.

There were no exceptions in this area in the prior year.

b) Observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official attested through signature verification that he or she has read the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period.

There were no exceptions in this area in the prior year.

#### Debt Service

21. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Select all bonds/notes on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each bond/note issued.

#### No debt was issued during the fiscal year.

22. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select on bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants.

The District had no outstanding debt during the fiscal year.

#### Other

23. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is compete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled.

#### There were no exceptions in this area in the prior year.

24. Observe the entity has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1. concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

#### There were no exceptions in this area in the prior year.

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Gragoon, Casiday: Shillory