# REPORT ON AUDIT OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**JUNE 30, 2020** 

**CENTRAL, LOUISIANA** 

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<b>Schedule</b>	<b>Statement</b>	Page
Independent Auditor's Report	-	-	1 - 3
Required Supplemental Information Management's Discussion and Analysis	-	-	4 - 10
Basic Financial Statements			
Government-Wide Financial Statements:			
Statement of Net Position (Deficit)	-	A	11
Statement of Activities	-	В	12
Fund Financial Statements:			
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	-	С	13
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position (Deficit)	-	D	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	-	E	15 - 16
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expendituand Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities		F	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund	-	G	18 - 19
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	-	Н	20
Notes to Financial Statements	-	-	21 - 60

# TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

	<u>Schedule</u>	<b>Statement</b>	_Page_
Required Supplementary Information:			
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability by Plan	1	-	61
Schedule of Contributions by Plan	2	-	62
Schedule of Changes in the School System's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	3	-	63
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	-	-	64
Schedules Required by State Law (R.S. 24:514 Performance and Statistical Data):			
Independent Accountant's Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures	-	-	65 - 67
General Fund Instructional and Support Expenditures and Certain Local Revenue Sources	4	-	68 - 69
Class Size Characteristics	5	-	70
Other Supplementary Information:			
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:			
Combining Balance Sheet	6	-	71
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	7	-	72 - 73

# TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

	<u>Schedule</u>	Statement	Page
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:			
Federal Grants Fund	8-1	-	74
Improving America's Schools Act	8-2	-	75
Public Law 94-142 - Special Education	8-3	-	76
School Food Service Fund	8-4	-	77
Fiduciary Fund:			
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	9	-	78
Schedule of Changes in Amounts Held for School Activities	10	-	79
General:			
Schedule of Compensation Paid to Board Members	11	-	80
Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head	12	-	81
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and Notes	13	-	82 - 84

# TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

	<b>Schedule</b>	<b>Statement</b>	Page_
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with			
Government Auditing Standards	-	-	85 - 86
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over			07.00
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	-	-	87 - 88
Summary Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	-	-	89 - 90
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	-	-	91



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# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Members of the Board of the Central Community School System Central, Louisiana

# **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the budgetary comparison statement of the general fund, the fiduciary fund statement and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Central Community School System, Central, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Central Community School System's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, the budgetary comparison statement of the general fund, the fiduciary fund statement and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Central Community School System as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Report on Summarized Comparative Information**

We have previously audited the Central Community School System June 30, 2019 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated December 20, 2019. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

# **Other Matters**

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability by plan, schedule of contributions by plan, and the schedule of changes in the school system's total OPEB liability and related ratios on pages 4 through 10 and 61 through 64 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the primary government financial statements that collectively comprise the Central Community School System's basic financial statements. The schedules required by state law (Schedule 4 and Schedule 5), the nonmajor governmental funds combining statements (Schedule 6 and Schedule 7), each nonmajor special revenue fund budgetary comparison statement (Schedule 8-1 through Schedule 8-4), the fiduciary fund statements (Schedule 9 and Schedule 10), the schedule of compensation paid to board members (Schedule 11), and the schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head (Schedule 12) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards (Schedule 13) is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The nonmajor governmental funds combining statements (Schedule 6 and Schedule 7), each nonmajor special revenue fund budgetary comparison statement (Schedule 8-1 through Schedule 8-4), the fiduciary fund statements (Schedule 9 and Schedule 10), the schedule of compensation paid to board members (Schedule 11), the schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head (Schedule 12), and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards (Schedule 13) are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the nonmajor governmental funds combining statements (Schedule 6 and Schedule 7), each nonmajor special revenue fund budgetary comparison statement (Schedule 8-1 through Schedule 8-4), the fiduciary fund statements (Schedule 9 and Schedule 10), the schedule of compensation paid to board members (Schedule 11), the schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head (Schedule 12), and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards (Schedule 13) are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The schedules required by state law (Schedule 4 and Schedule 5) have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 22, 2021, on our consideration of the Central Community School System's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Central Community School System's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Central Community School System's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted, Harris T. Bourgeois, LLP

Denham Springs, Louisiana February 22, 2021

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2020

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the Central Community School System (CCSS) provides an overview and overall review of the School System's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The intent of the MD&A is to look in layman's terms at the School System's financial performance as a whole. It should, therefore, be read in conjunction with the School System's Annual Financial Statements and the notes thereto.

The MD&A is a new element of the Required Supplementary Information specified in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Statement No. 34 – Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments.

# **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for the 2019-2020 fiscal years include the following:

- ❖ Net position is a deficit of \$(15,619,425) for the year ended June 30, 2020, which is a reductions of \$4,539,835 from the prior year deficit.
- ❖ Total assets decreased by \$321,445 attributed to the following elements:

			Amount
			Increase
	<u>June 30, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2019</u>	(Decrease)
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$18,667,268	\$16,709,758	\$ 1,957,510
Receivables	2,339,775	3,640,238	(1,300,463)
Inventory	117,503	55,669	61,834
Restricted Assets:			
Cash	4,779,352	4,548,299	231,053
Capital Assets:			
Land and Construction in Progress	3,848,456	2,936,056	912,400
Other Capital Assets			
(Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	<u>59,769,389</u>	<u>61,953,168</u>	<u>(2,183,779</u> )
Total Assets	\$89,521,743	\$89,843,188	\$ (321,445)

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

❖ Total liabilities decreased \$3,793,212 attributed to the following items:

			Amount
			Increase
	<u>June 30, 2020</u>	June 30, 2019	(Decrease)
Accounts, Salaries, and Other			
Payables	\$ 5,277,254	\$ 3,741,371	\$ 1,535,883
Interest Payable	480,049	417,350	62,699
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Due within One Year	4,654,397	4,074,782	579,615
Due in More than one Year	55,813,481	58,854,839	(3,041,358)
Net Pension Liability	46,154,564	49,084,615	(2,930,051)
Total Liabilities	\$112,379,745	\$116,172,957	\$(3,793,212)

- ❖ Total revenues increased by \$1,432,240 from fiscal year 2019 to fiscal year 2020. Primary increases and decreases are discussed below:
  - Property taxes levied increased \$317,148.
  - Sales and use tax revenue increased by \$356,447.
  - The largest revenue source is the Minimum Foundation Program (MFP) distribution from the State, amounting to \$32,583,861. This amount has increased from the prior year by the amount of \$2,270,906. The amount of funds received through the MFP is directly related to the school systems enrollment figures. Each student is allocated a certain number of dollars. The school systems enrollment continues to grow, because of this constant growth the severity of the state budget cuts were keep to a minimum.
  - Property taxes were levied in the amount of \$3,941,218 by the school system to pay for the debt service requirements relating to the issuance of general obligation bonds. This is an increase of \$130,219 above the 2019 assessment.
  - In 2010, half cents sales tax was levied by the school system to pay for the debt service requirements relating to the issuance of sales tax bonds. This half cents sales tax resulted in sales taxes in the amount of \$1,902,082 which is an increase of \$71,302 from 2019.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

- ❖ Total Governmental Expenditures have increased in the amount \$1,101,461 from fiscal year 2019 to fiscal year 2020. Primary increases and decreases are discussed below:
  - Instructional costs increased by \$517,285.
  - Support Services decreased by \$800,187.
  - Central Services increased by \$1,436,444, which includes a \$1.37M purchase of laptops for student use. (Laptop purchases are in two groups which will occur every two years, each on a four year cycle.)
  - Non-Instructional decreased by \$157,625.
  - Capital Outlay increased by \$208,178.
  - Debt Services decreased by \$102,634.

# OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The School Board's Report on the Audit of Basic Financial Statements consists of a series of financial statements and the associated notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the operations of the School Board as a whole, i.e., an entire operating entity. Beginning on page 11, the "Basic Financial Statements" Section, consisting of the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, provide consolidated financial information, and render a government-wide perspective of the School Board's financial condition. They present an aggregate view of the School Board's finances. These statements seek to answer the question, "How did the School Board do financially during the 2019/2020 fiscal year?" These statements include *all assets and liabilities* using the *accrual basis* of accounting used by most private-sector enterprises. The *accrual basis* takes into account all of the Board's current year revenues and expenses regardless of when paid or received.

By showing the change in net assets for the year, the reader may ascertain whether the School Board's financial condition has improved or deteriorated. The changes, which are discussed in this MD&A, may be financial or non-financial in nature. Non-financial factors which may have an impact on the School Board's financial condition include increases in or erosion of the property or sales tax base within the school district, student enrollment, facilities maintenance and condition, mandated educational programs for which little or no funding is provided, or other external factors.

To provide more in-depth reporting of the School Board's financial position and the results of operations, fund basis financial information is presented in the "Fund Financial Statements" section beginning on page 13. The Fund Financial Statements, which should be familiar to those who have read previous governmental financial statements, report governmental activities on more of a current rather than long-term basis, indicating sources and uses of funding, as well as resources available for spending in future periods. This is referred to as the current resource measurement focus.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

Fund Financial Statements also provide more in-depth data on the School Board's most significant fund, its General Fund. This fund is considered a "major fund" under GASB Statement No. 34. The relationship between governmental *activities* reported in the Basic Financial Statements and the governmental *funds* reported in the Fund Financial Statements are reconciled in the financial statements (See Statements D and F).

The Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets - presents financial information relative to assets held by the School Board on behalf of students and others in a position of trust, and accounted for in the School Activity Funds. Refer to Schedule 10 for school-by-school information on the School Activity Fund.

# **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**

As reported in the *Statement of Activities* on page 12, the cost of the School Board's governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2020 was \$53,634,296. However, not all of this cost was borne by the taxpayers of the Central Community School District. Of this amount, \$537,461 was paid by those who used or benefited from the services rendered (e.g., charges for school lunches and summer school tuition) and \$5,603,463 was paid through various federal and state grants. Consequently, the net cost of \$47,493,372 was paid by the taxpayers of the Parish through ad valorem taxes, sales and use taxes, the Minimum Foundation Program (MFP) from the State of Louisiana, and other general revenues.

Table I below shows the total cost of services and the net cost of these services (after charges for services and grants received) for the largest categories of expenses of the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2020. The "net cost" presentation allows taxpayers to determine the remaining cost of the various categories which were borne by them, and allows them the opportunity to assess the cost of each of these functions in comparison to the perceived benefits received.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

TABLE I

Total Cost and Net Cost of Governmental Activities
For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2	020	2019			
	Total Cost	Net Cost	Total Cost	Net Cost		
	of Services	of Services	of Services	of Services		
Instruction:						
Regular Education Programs	\$17,487,216	\$17,368,701	\$17,384,152	\$17,166,078		
Special Education Programs	4,324,927	3,893,306	4,112,271	2,795,385		
Other Instructional Programs	4,373,601	3,036,126	4,372,670	3,293,187		
Support Services:						
Pupil Support	2,556,234	2,139,869	2,622,401	2,282,354		
Instructional Staff Support	2,216,473	1,241,812	2,183,548	1,367,224		
General and School Administration	n 5,818,849	5,747,258	6,634,792	6,595,903		
Business Services	546,915	453,806	563,100	469,999		
Plant Services	3,930,849	3,930,849	3,989,246	3,989,246		
Student Transportation	5,150,143	5,150,143	5,225,733	5,225,733		
Central Services	2,815,229	2,609,313	1,380,231	1,206,768		
Food Services	2,724,913	233,242	2,879,746	(135,936)		
Bond Issuance Cost	165,886	165,886	-	-		
Interest on Long-Term Debt	1,523,061	<u>1,523,061</u>	2,098,958	2,098,958		
Totals	\$53,634,296	\$47,493,372	\$53,456,848	\$46,354,899		

# THE SCHOOL BOARD'S FUNDS

The School Board uses funds to control and manage money for particular purposes. The Fund basis financial statements allow the School Board to demonstrate its stewardship over and accountability for resources provided by taxpayers and other entities. These statements also allow the reader to obtain more insight into the financial workings of the School Board, and assess further the School Board's overall financial health.

As the School Board completed the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, its combined fund balance was \$20,173,930 as compared to its combined fund balance of \$19,597,693 as of June 30, 2019, an increase of \$576,237. The General Fund, the main operational arm of the School Board, saw its total fund balance decrease by \$903,228. While General Fund Revenues increased by \$2,210,639, General Fund Expenditures increased by \$2,009,315 and Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (Transfers to Other Funds) increased by \$(2,483,112) thereby decreasing current year Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources over Expenditures and Other Uses by \$2,281,788.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

# **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

Over the course of the year, the School Board revises its budget to take into consideration significant changes in revenues or expenditures. Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1311 requires a budget amendment if either expected revenues are less than, and/or anticipated expenditures are in excess of budgetary goals by five percent (5%) or more. The Original Budget for the School Board was adopted on May 01, 2019.

A schedule showing the School Board's General Fund's original and final budget compared with actual operating results is provided in this report, Statement G. The School Board generally did better than had been budgeted in its major fund since it practices conservative budgeting in which revenues are forecasted very conservatively and expenditures are budgeted with worst case scenarios in mind. The General Fund finished the fiscal year \$1,199,331 less than had been budgeted on the final amendment.

### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT

Capital Assets. At June 30, 2020, the Central Community School System had a \$63,617,845 investment in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation. This amount was made up of land, buildings and improvements, and furniture and equipment. The capital assets balance is a combinations of the assets transferred from the East Baton Rouge Parish School System on July 1, 2007 and the new school buildings.

Long-Term Debt. At June 30, 2020, the School System had outstanding bonded indebtedness in the amount of \$46,211,866.

The legal debt limit of the School System fixed by Louisiana Revised Statute 39:562(L) at 35% of the total assessed valuation of property in the Central Community School System was approximately \$59,100,000 at June 30, 2020.

Other long-term obligations include compensated absences and accumulated Unfunded Other Postemployment Benefits Payable. At June 30, 2020, this balance was \$14,256,012.

### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

The Central Community School System has seen a dramatic increase in student enrollment since the system's inception. Student enrollment at 10/01/2019 was 4,709 up from approximately 2,700 at inception. The Central Community School System consists of three elementary schools, one middle school and one high school. In 2009 three tax propositions were passed to address existing schools life safety codes and to build two new schools. The three taxes are a half cent sales tax, a 20 year 9.25 mill tax, and a 20 year 14.4 mill tax. In November of 2013 the voters approved CCSS to borrow an additional \$13.1 million and repay the bonds by extending property tax for five years. The proposal is to maintain the current 23.65 mills property taxes passed in 2009 and extend it for five years so the system can sell more bonds for the

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

construction and improvements. CCSS has built a 9<sup>th</sup> grade academy for \$5.82 mil, old middle school renovations and asbestos removal \$1.5 mil, technology update for state mandated assessments \$2.0 mil, repair Central high parking lot \$1.8 mil, lighting for central baseball & softball fields \$500k. The Central Community School System is primarily described as a rural School district and the majority of its student population is from within the boundaries of the City of Central which has a population of approximately 28,000.

In August 2016, the community of Central experienced a 500-year flood event and received over 30" of rain in less than 72 hours. This event caused 80% of the community to flood, including several buildings owned or leased by Central Community School System. Tanglewood Elementary School (a CCSS school) suffered the largest loss with 2' of water. CCSS had adequate fund balance and was able to begin recovery immediately. Tanglewood Elementary was re-opened in January 2017. CCSS has been reimbursed by FEMA for most expenses and continues to submit documentation on remaining claims to reach the maximum reimbursement.

### CONTACTING THE CENTRAL COMMUNITY SCHOOL SYSTEM'S MANAGEMENT

While this report is designed to provide full and complete disclosure of the financial conditions and operations of the Central Community School System, citizens' groups, taxpayers, parents, students, other parish officials, investors or creditors may need further details. To obtain such details, please contact Mrs. Barbra Guyon, Chief Financial Officer, at the Central Community School System, 10510 Joor Road, Suite 300, City of Central, Louisiana 70818, or by calling 225-262-1919, during regular business hours, Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., central time. Mrs. Barbra Guyon's email address is bguyon@centraless.org.



# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (DEFICIT)

JUNE 30, 2020 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS AS OF JUNE 30, 2019)

# **ASSETS**

	Governmental Activitie		
	2020	2019	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 18,667,268	\$ 16,709,758	
Receivables	2,339,775	3,640,238	
Inventory	117,503	55,669	
Restricted Assets:			
Cash	4,779,352	4,548,299	
Capital Assets:			
Land and Construction in Progress	3,848,456	2,936,056	
Other Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	59,769,389	61,953,168	
Total Assets	89,521,743	89,843,188	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	S		
Deferred Amount on Refunding	1,521,138	1,118,581	
Deferred Outflows - Related to Pensions	11,871,727	12,803,271	
Deferred Outflows - Related to Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions	1,888,467	210,155	
Total Deferred Outflows	15,281,332	14,132,007	
LIABILITIES			
Accounts, Salaries, and Other Payables	5,277,254	3,741,371	
Interest Payable	480,049	417,350	
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year	4,654,397	4,074,782	
Due in More than One Year	55,813,481	58,854,839	
Net Pension Liability	46,154,564	49,084,615	
Total Liabilities	112,379,745	116,172,957	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Inflows - Related to Pensions	6,869,193	6,351,815	
Deferred Inflows - Related to Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions	1,173,562	1,609,683	
Total Deferred Inflows	8,042,755	7,961,498	
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	22,185,331	16,007,206	
Restricted for:		20.051	
Classroom Improvements	2.074.216	38,851	
Debt Service Uprostricted (Deficit)	2,974,316	4,630,431	
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(40,779,072)		
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (15,619,425)	\$ (20,159,260)	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019)

			Program Revenu	291	Total Governmental Activities - Net (Expense)	Total Governmental Activities - Net (Expense)
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Revenues and Changes in Net Position 2020	Revenues and Changes in Net Position 2019
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS						
Governmental Activities:						
Instruction:	e 17.497.01 <i>C</i>	ø	e 110 515	¢.	¢ (17.269.701)	¢ (17.1((.070)
Regular Programs Special Education Programs	\$ 17,487,216 4,324,927	\$ - 109,488	\$ 118,515 322,133	\$ -	\$ (17,368,701) (3,893,306)	\$ (17,166,078) (2,795,385)
Vocational Programs	1,323,558	109,400	-	-	(1,323,558)	(1,122,696)
Other Programs	2,042,221	285,153	74,443	_	(1,682,625)	(1,704,354)
Special Programs	1,007,969	203,133	978,026	_	(29,943)	(466,137)
Support Services:	1,007,505		570,020		(25,545)	(400,137)
Pupil Support	2,556,234	_	416,365	_	(2,139,869)	(2,282,354)
Instructional Staff Support	2,216,326	_	974,514	_	(1,241,812)	(1,367,224)
General Administration	3,470,083	_	15,787	_	(3,454,296)	(4,183,784)
School Administration	2,348,766	_	55,804	_	(2,292,962)	(2,412,119)
Business Services	546,915	-	93,109	-	(453,806)	(469,999)
Plant Services	3,930,849	-	-	_	(3,930,849)	(3,989,245)
Student Transportation Services	5,150,143	-	-	-	(5,150,143)	(5,225,733)
Central Services	2,815,229	-	205,916	-	(2,609,313)	(1,206,768)
Food Services	2,724,913	142,820	2,348,851	-	(233,242)	135,935
Bond Issuance Costs	165,886	-	-	-	(165,886)	-
Interest on Long-Term Debt	1,523,061				(1,523,061)	(2,098,958)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 53,634,296	\$ 537,461	\$ 5,603,463	\$ -	(47,493,372)	(46,354,899)
	Taxes:					
			leneral Purposes		5,661,287	5,474,268
		es, Levied for D			3,941,218	3,811,089
			for General Purp		7,607,033	7,321,888
		,	for Debt Service		1,902,082	1,830,780
			estricted to Specif	ic Purposes:	20,000,475	20.006.500
	Other	ındation Progra	aii		32,292,475 2,597	30,096,590
	Interest and Inves	tmant Famina	~		*	25,103
	Net Gain (Loss)	_			210,309 (19,428)	96,980 -
	Miscellaneous	ou roishosan on	1 100010		435,634	983,244
	Total General	Revenues			52,033,207	49,639,942
	Change in Net Po				4,539,835	3,285,043
	Net Position (De:		ng of Year		(20,159,260)	(23,444,303)
	Net Position (De:	, .	-		\$ (15,619,425)	



# BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2020 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS AS OF JUNE 30, 2019)

	General	Debt Service Funds General Sales Tax		Nonmajor Governmental Total Gov		Total Govern	ernmental Funds				
ASSETS	Fund	Obl	igation Bonds	Bonds		Funds		2020		2019	
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables Inventory	\$ 16,138,762 1,239,821	\$	- 1,847	\$	- 281,994	\$	2,528,506 816,113 117,503	\$	18,667,268 2,339,775 117,503	\$	16,709,758 3,640,238 55,669
Due from Other Funds Restricted Assets:	2,505,468		-		-		41,277		2,546,745		2,423,580
Cash and Cash Equivalents	 -		3,916,370		862,982				4,779,352		4,548,299
Total Assets	\$ 19,884,051	\$	3,918,217	\$	1,144,976	\$	3,503,399	\$	28,450,643	\$	27,377,544
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES											
Liabilities:											
Accounts, Salaries and Other Payables Due to Other Funds	\$ 5,050,787 -	\$	- 943,901	\$	- 1,197,123	\$	226,467 405,721	\$	5,277,254 2,546,745	\$	3,741,371 2,423,580
Total Liabilities	5,050,787		943,901		1,197,123		632,188		7,823,999		6,164,951
Deferred Inflows of Resources:  Deferred Inflows of Resources- Unavailable Intergovernmental Revenues	-		-		-		452,714		452,714		1,614,900
Fund Balances:											
Nonspendable:											
Inventory	-		-		-		117,503		117,503		55,669
Restricted For:											
Classroom Improvements Debt Service	-		- 2,974,316		-		-		- 2,974,316		38,851 4,630,431
Committed For:	-		2,9/4,316		-		-		2,974,310		4,030,431
Construction Contracts Assigned To:	-		-		-		768,140		768,140		-
Capital Projects	689,280		-		-		-		689,280		330,888
School Lunch Program	-		-		-		261,515		261,515		480,914
Other Post Employment Benefits	2,000,000		-		-		-		2,000,000		2,000,000
Unassigned (Deficit)	 12,143,984				(52,147)		1,271,339		13,363,176		12,060,940
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	14,833,264		2,974,316		(52,147)		2,418,497		20,173,930	_	19,597,693
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 19,884,051	\$	3,918,217	\$	1,144,976	\$	3,503,399	\$	28,450,643	\$	27,377,544

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (DEFICIT)

# JUNE 30, 2020 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS AS OF JUNE 30, 2019)

	2020	2019
Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 20,173,930	\$ 19,597,693
Cost of Capital Assets	87,757,726	86,940,238
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(24,139,881)	(22,051,014)
	63,617,845	64,889,224
Elimination of Interfund Assets and Liabilities:		
Due from Other Funds	2,546,745	2,423,580
Due to Other Funds	(2,546,745)	(2,423,580)
	-	-
Long-Term Liabilities:		
Compensated Absences	(2,344,738)	(2,197,462)
Total OPEB Liability	(11,911,274)	(9,522,158)
Net Pension Liability	(46, 154, 564)	(49,084,615)
Bonds Payable	(46,211,866)	(51,210,001)
Deferred Amount on Refunding	1,521,138	1,118,581
Accrued Interest Payable	(480,049)	(417,350)
	(105,581,353)	(111,313,005)
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Unavailable Intergovernmental Revenues are not Reported in Governmental Funds	452,714	1,614,900
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions are not Reported in Governmental Funds	11,871,727	12,803,271
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Other Post Employment Benefits are not Reported in Governmental Funds	1,888,467	210,155
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions are not Reported in Governmental Funds	(6,869,193)	(6,351,815)
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Other Post Employment Benefits are not Reported in Governmental Funds	(1,173,562)	(1,609,683)
Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (15,619,425)	\$ (20,159,260)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019)

		Debt Service Funds		Nonmajor				
	General	General	Sales Tax	Governmental	Total Govern	mental Funds		
	Fund	Obligation Bonds	Bonds	Funds	2020	2019		
Revenues:								
Local Sources:								
Taxes:								
Ad Valorem	\$ 5,661,287	\$ 3,941,218	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,602,505	\$ 9,285,357		
Sales and Use	7,607,033	-	1,902,082	-	9,509,115	9,152,668		
Other	241,855	-	-	-	241,855	232,984		
Tuition	285,153	-	-	-	285,153	350,799		
Interest Earnings	202,454	7,855	-	-	210,309	96,980		
Rentals, Leases and Royalties	11,050	=	=	=	11,050	11,246		
Food Services	-	-	-	142,820	142,820	189,522		
Other	292,217	-	-	-	292,217	1,223,311		
State Sources:								
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	32,433,861	-	-	150,000	32,583,861	30,312,955		
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	739,745	-	-	-	739,745	403,461		
Federal Sources:								
Unrestricted - Indirect Cost Recoveries	-	-	-	93,109	93,109	93,101		
Restricted Grants-in-Aid - Subgrants	70,471	-	-	5,678,048	5,748,519	5,188,159		
Other - Commodities		_		186,873	186,873	185,827		
Total Revenues	47,545,126	3,949,073	1,902,082	6,250,850	59,647,131	56,726,370		
Expenditures:								
Instruction:								
Regular Programs	17,931,661	-	-	38,699	17,970,360	17,671,511		
Special Education Programs	4,114,848	-	-	322,133	4,436,981	4,233,146		
Vocational Programs	1,356,057	-	-	-	1,356,057	1,150,244		
Other Programs	2,106,113	-	-	3,972	2,110,085	2,203,173		
Special Programs	797,872	-	-	240,878	1,038,750	1,136,874		
Support Services:								
Pupil Support	2,230,451	-	-	416,365	2,646,816	2,704,939		
Instructional Staff Support	1,528,071	-	-	748,336	2,276,407	2,237,253		
General Administration	1,267,663	113,981	18,922	5,155	1,405,721	2,072,680		
School Administration	2,287,183	-	-	18,222	2,305,405	2,275,196		
Business Services	562,989	-	-	-	562,989	576,354		
Plant Services	3,862,317	-	-	51,576	3,913,893	3,969,406		
Transportation Services	5,150,143	-	-	-	5,150,143	5,225,733		

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019)

		Debt Service Funds		Nonmajor				
	General	General Sales Tax		Governmental	Total Governmental Funds			
	Fund	Obl	igation Bonds		Bonds	Funds	2020	2019
Expenditures (Continued):								
Central Services	2,621,157		-		-	205,916	2,827,073	1,390,629
Non-Instructional Services:								
Food Services	-		-		-	2,748,823	2,748,823	2,906,448
Capital Outlay	25,453		-		-	977,613	1,003,066	794,888
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement	-		2,175,000		1,200,000	-	3,375,000	3,220,000
Interest and Bank Charges	-		1,181,078		441,237	-	1,622,315	2,045,835
Bond Issuance Costs			53,404		112,482		165,886	
Total Expenditures	45,841,978		3,523,463		1,772,641	5,777,688	56,915,770	55,814,309
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures	1,703,148		425,610		129,441	473,162	2,731,361	912,061
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers In	69,761		-		-	2,807,703	2,877,464	93,101
Transfers Out	(2,384,751)		-		(399,575)	(93,138)	(2,877,464)	(93,101)
Other Transfers Out	(291,386)		-			-	(291,386)	(216,365)
Proceeds from Bond Issuance	-		5,720,000	8	3,970,000	-	14,690,000	-
Premium on Bond Issuance	-		942,538		1,358,138	-	2,300,676	-
Payment to Refund Bonds	=		(6,519,838)	-(12)	2,334,576)	-	(18,854,414)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,606,376)		142,700	(2	2,406,013)	2,714,565	(2,155,124)	(216,365)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over								
Expenditures and Other Uses	(903,228)		568,310	(2	2,276,572)	3,187,727	576,237	695,696
Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning								
of Year	15,736,492		2,406,006		2,224,425	(769,230)	19,597,693	18,901,997
Fund Balances (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 14,833,264	\$	2,974,316	\$	(52,147)	\$ 2,418,497	\$20,173,930	\$ 19,597,693

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

# (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019)

	 2020		2019
Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 576,237	\$	695,696
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:			
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Unavailable Intergovernmental Revenues	(1,162,186)		231,886
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.			
Capital Outlays Which Were Capitalized Depreciation Expense	1,003,066 (2,255,017)	(	794,888 2,586,921)
Add accumulated depreciation on capital assets retired during the year Less cost basis of capital assets retired during the year	166,150 (185,578)		-
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.			
Issuance of General Obligation Bonds Issuance of Sales Tax Bonds Payment to Refund Bonds Repayment of Debt	(6,662,538) (10,328,138) 18,854,414 3,375,000		- - - 3,220,000
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.			
(Increase) Decrease in Compensated Absences Payable Amortization of Premiums on Bonds (Increase) Decrease in Pension Expense (Increase) Decrease in OPEB Expense Amortization of Deferred Amount on Refunding	(147,276) 273,811 1,481,128 (274,681) (111,858)		962 30,485 1,027,946 (46,291) (111,858)
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.			
(Increase) Decrease in Accrued Interest Payable	(62,699)		28,250
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 4,539,835	\$	3,285,043

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget	
Revenues:					
Local Sources:					
Taxes:					
Ad Valorem	\$ 5,470,000	\$ 5,590,000	\$ 5,661,287	\$ 71,287	
Sales and Use	7,175,000	7,100,000	7,607,033	507,033	
Other	269,000	269,000	241,855	(27,145)	
Tuition	322,000	328,000	285,153	(42,847)	
Interest Earnings	110,000	153,000	202,454	49,454	
Rentals, Leases, and Royalties	4,500	5,550	11,050	5,500	
Other	311,600	438,925	292,217	(146,708)	
State Sources:					
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	32,041,166	32,420,059	32,433,861	13,802	
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	62,699	806,957	739,745	(67,212)	
Other	2,000	2,000	-	(2,000)	
Federal Sources:					
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	58,000	58,000	70,471	12,471	
Total Revenues	45,825,965	47,171,491	47,545,126	373,635	
Expenditures:					
Instruction:					
Regular Programs	17,959,233	17,993,041	17,931,661	61,380	
Special Education Programs	4,071,279	4,268,977	4,114,848	154,129	
Vocational Programs	1,327,162	1,513,879	1,356,057	157,822	
Other Programs	2,230,447	2,133,638	2,106,113	27,525	
Special Programs	151,987	703,515	797,872	(94,357)	
Support Services:					
Pupil Support	2,485,691	2,278,154	2,230,451	47,703	
Instructional Staff Support	1,527,625	1,555,709	1,528,071	27,638	
General Administration	1,432,342	1,403,068	1,267,663	135,405	
School Administration	2,311,481	2,364,422	2,287,183	77,239	

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Expenditures (Continued):				
Support Services (Continued):				
Business Services	622,704	583,444	562,989	20,455
Plant Services	3,905,450	3,985,661	3,862,317	123,344
Transportation Services	5,160,480	5,200,575	5,150,143	50,432
Central Services	1,534,128	2,871,590	2,621,157	250,433
Non-Instructional Services:				
Food Services	16,200	16,200	-	16,200
Capital Outlay	370,000	29,015	25,453	3,562
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	54,500	54,500		54,500
Total Expenditures	45,160,709	46,955,388	45,841,978	1,113,410
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	665,256	216,103	1,703,148	1,487,045
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In	80,000	80,000	69,761	(10,239)
Transfers Out	-	-	(2,384,751)	(2,384,751)
Other Transfers Out			(291,386)	(291,386)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	80,000	80,000	(2,606,376)	(2,686,376)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures				
and Other Uses	745,256	296,103	(903,228)	(1,199,331)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	15,736,492	15,736,492	15,736,492	<u>-</u>
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 16,481,748	\$ 16,032,595	\$ 14,833,264	\$ (1,199,331)

# FIDUCIARY FUND

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

 $\hbox{JUNE 30, 2020}$  (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS AS OF JUNE 30, 2019)

# **ASSETS**

	2020	 2019
Cash	\$ 925,872	\$ 842,816
Total Assets	\$ 925,872	\$ 842,816

# LIABILITIES

Amounts Held for School Activities	\$_	925,872	\$ 842,816
Total Liabilities	\$_	925,872	\$ 842,816

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2020

# INTRODUCTION

Effective November 2006, the Central Community School System (School System) seceded from the East Baton Rouge Parish School System (EBRPSS) and formed its own school district as a result of a statewide election to amend the Louisiana Constitution to create the special school district. The School System was created by Louisiana Revised Statute (LSA-R.S.) 17:66 for the purpose of providing public education for the residents within the Central Community in East Baton Rouge Parish. The School System operated as a start up organization from December 11, 2006 through June 30, 2007 in order to plan, organize and recruit personnel for the following school year. The first year the School System provided educational programs to the residents of the Central Community began on July 1, 2007. The School System Board is comprised of seven members who are elected from seven districts for terms of four years and are charged with the management and operation of the Central Community School System.

The School System operates five schools within the community with a total enrollment of approximately 4,800 students. In conjunction with the regular educational programs, some of these schools offer special education and vocational education programs. In addition, the School System provides transportation and school food services for the students.

# (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

# A. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements of the Central Community School System have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

This financial report has been prepared in conformity with GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments.

# B. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the School System includes all funds, schools, and agencies that are within the oversight responsibility of the School System. The oversight responsibility derived by the School System is related to its scope of public service and gives it the authority to establish public schools as it deems necessary. This oversight responsibility also allows the School System to determine the number of teachers and employees to be employed, to establish the financial interdependency of the funds, to appoint management, and to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

Certain units of local government over which the School System exercises no oversight responsibility, such as the City of Central, other independently elected officials, and other governments within the city, are excluded from the accompanying financial statements. These units of government are considered separate reporting entities and issue financial statements separate from those of the Central Community School System.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61, the Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus, established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the Central Community School System for financial reporting purposes. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include:

- 1. Legal status of the potential component unit.
- 2. Financial accountability:
  - a. The primary government appoints a voting majority of the potential component unit's governing body and the primary government is able to impose its will on the potential component unit (or)
  - b. When a potential component unit is fiscally dependent on the primary government regardless of whether the organization has separately elected officials or boards.
- 3. Financial benefits/burden relationship between the School System and the potential component unit, and misleading to exclude which covers other potential component units for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading.

Based on the previous criteria, the School System's management has determined that there are no component units at June 30, 2020.

### C. Funds

The School System uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain School System functions and activities. A fund is defined as a separate fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Funds of the School System are classified into two categories as Governmental Funds or Fiduciary Funds and are discussed below.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are used to account for all of the School System's general activities. These funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between a governmental fund's assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. In general, fund balance represents the accumulated expendable resources which may be used to finance future period programs or operations of the School System.

The following are the School System's primary governmental funds:

# **Governmental Fund Types:**

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School System. It is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds - The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt services or capital projects.

Debt Service Funds - The Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest and related costs for each type of bond issued.

Capital Projects Funds - The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

# **Fiduciary Fund Type:**

Agency Funds - Agency funds account for assets held by the School System as an agent for schools and school organizations, and/or other funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

# D. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

# **Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)**

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the school system.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

The GWFS were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange or exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange occurs (regardless of when cash is received or disbursed). Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions.

# **Program Revenues**

Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities derive directly from parties outside the School System's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the School System's general revenues.

# **Allocation of Indirect Expenses**

The School System reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Indirect expenses of other functions are not allocated to those functions but are reported separately in the Statement of Activities. Depreciation expense which can be specifically identified by function is included in the direct expenses of each function. Depreciation on buildings is assigned to the "general administration" function since school buildings serve many purposes.

# **Fund Financial Statements (FFS)**

### **Governmental Funds**

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Governmental Funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of Governmental Funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the School System. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. The major funds of the School System are the General Fund, the General Obligation Bonds Debt Service Fund, and the Sales Tax Bonds Debt Service Fund for the year ended June 30, 2020. The General Obligation Bonds Debt Service Fund and the Sales Tax Bonds Debt Service Fund are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest and related costs for General Obligation Revenue Bonds and Sales Tax Bonds.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by Governmental Funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter (generally 60 days) to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. The Governmental Funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

### Revenues

Ad valorem taxes are recorded in the year the taxes are due and payable. Ad valorem taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis, become due on November 15 of each year, and become delinquent on December 31. The taxes are generally collected in December, January, and February of the fiscal year.

Federal and State entitlements (which include state equalization) are recorded when available and measurable. Federal and State grants are recorded when the reimbursable expenditures have been incurred.

Sales and use tax revenues are recorded in the month collected by the vendor even though not paid to the School System until the subsequent month.

Substantially all other revenues are recorded when received.

### **Expenditures**

Salaries are recorded as expenditures when earned. Nine-month employee salaries are earned over a 9-month period but are paid over a 12-month period. Compensated absences are recognized as expenditures when leave is taken or when employees (or heirs) are paid for accrued leave upon retirement or death. All other expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred.

### Other Financing Sources (Uses)

Transfers between funds that are not expected to be repaid, sale of fixed assets, long-term debt proceeds, bank loan proceeds, etc., are accounted for as other financing sources (uses). These other financing sources (uses) are recognized at the time the underlying events occur.

# E. Budget Practices

The School System adopts an annual budget for the General Fund, each Special Revenue Fund, each Debt Service Fund and each Capital Projects Fund. Only the General Fund and each Special Revenue Fund is required to be presented in these financial statements.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

The proposed budgets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, were made available for public inspection and comments from taxpayers. The budgets, which included proposed expenditures and the means of financing them, were published in the official journal fifteen days prior to the public hearing on the budget for the year ended June 30, 2020. At this meeting, the proposed budgets were legally adopted by the School Board.

The budgets are prepared on a modified accrual basis of accounting. All appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbrances are not recognized within the accounting records for budgetary control purposes. Formal budget integration (within the accounting records) is employed as a management control device. The superintendent is authorized to transfer between line items within any fund. However, when actual revenues within a fund fail to meet budgeted revenues by five percent or more, a budget amendment is adopted by the School System in an open meeting. Budget amounts included in the accompanying financial statements include the original adopted budget and all subsequent amendments.

# F. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed. However, outstanding purchase orders are taken into consideration before expenditures are incurred in order to assure that applicable appropriations are not exceeded.

# G. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Under state law, the School System may deposit funds with a fiscal agent organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the union, or the laws of the United States. Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash on deposit, certificates of deposit with original maturities less than 90 days, and money market accounts. Under state law, these deposits must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times be equal or exceed the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. Investments (certificates of deposit with original maturities greater than 90 days) are reflected at fair value.

The School System may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes, or certificate and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana or with the Louisiana Asset Management Pool, Inc. Under state law, the School System may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana. Cash and cash equivalents are stated at cost, which approximates market value.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

# H. <u>Inventory</u>

Inventory of the School Lunch Special Revenue Fund consists of food purchased by the School System and commodities granted by the United States Department of Agriculture through the Louisiana Department of Agriculture and Forestry. The commodities are recorded as revenues when received; however, all inventory items are recorded as expenditures when consumed. All purchased inventory items are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out basis) or market, and commodities are assigned values based on information provided by the United States Department of Agriculture.

# I. Capital Assets

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost for assets where actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in service concession arrangements are recorded at acquisition value. The system for accumulation of fixed assets cost data does not provide the means for determining the percentage of assets valued at actual and those valued at estimated cost.

Capital assets are recorded in the GWFS but are not reported in the FFS. All capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for public school purposes by the School System, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. Useful lives vary from 10 to 50 years for buildings and improvements, and 5 to 15 years on equipment.

Assets transferred from the East Baton Rouge Parish School System on July 1, 2007 were transferred at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. These amounts were obtained from the East Baton Rouge Parish School System.

The School System does not possess any material amounts of infrastructure capital assets, such as sidewalks and parking lots. Amounts expended for such items prior to June 30, 2007 were considered to be part of the cost of buildings or other immovable property such as stadiums. In the future, if such items are built or constructed, they will be capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives.

The costs of normal repairs and maintenance that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset lives are not capitalized. The School System capitalizes equipment that has an original purchase price of \$5,000 or greater.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

# J. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

All 12-month employees earn 15 days of vacation leave each year. A maximum of 25 days can be accumulated and is paid to the employee upon termination or can be used for retirement benefit computation.

All school board employees earn from 8 to 10 days of sick leave each year, depending upon the number of months employed and 2 days personal leave days each year. Sick leave may be accumulated without limitation. Upon retirement or death, unused accumulated sick leave of up to twenty-five days is paid to the employee or to the employee's estate at the employee's current rate of pay. Under the Louisiana Teachers Retirement System, the total unused accumulated sick leave, including the twenty-five days paid, is used in the retirement benefit computation as earned service for leave earned prior to July 1, 1988. For sick leave earned between July 1, 1988 and June 30, 1990 under the Louisiana Teachers Retirement System and for sick leave earned under the Louisiana School Employees Retirement System, all unpaid sick leave, which excludes the twenty-five days paid, is used in the retirement benefit computation as earned service. For sick leave earned after June 30, 1990, a maximum of one year of accumulated sick leave earned, which excludes the twenty-five days paid, can be converted to one year of earned service. All remaining accumulated sick leave earned after June 30, 1990, after converting one year of sick leave into one year of earned service, may only be added to the member's service credit if purchased.

Sabbatical leave may only be granted for medical leave and for professional and cultural improvement. Any employee with a teaching certificate is entitled, subject to approval by the School Board, to one semester of sabbatical leave after three years of continuous service or two semesters of sabbatical leave after six or more years of continuous service. Sabbatical leave benefits are recorded as expenditures in the period paid.

# K. <u>Long-Term Obligations</u>

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

# L. <u>Net Position</u>

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities in the GWFS. "Net investment in capital assets" consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any long-term debt used to build or acquire the capital assets. Net position is reported as restricted in the GWFS when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

# M. Sales and Use Taxes

The School System receives a two percent sales and use tax. The sales and use tax is collected by the East Baton Rouge City-Parish, remitted to the School System, and is included in the revenues of the General Fund. The proceeds of the tax are dedicated to the payment of salaries of school teachers and other school employees; the payment of utilities; and constructing, maintaining or operating school buildings and other school related facilities, including the acquisition of sites.

In addition, on May 2, 2009, the voters approved a ½ percent sales and use tax for the purpose of constructing, furnishing and equipping a new middle school, including, if necessary, land acquisitions and related debt repayment.

### N. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America includes the use of estimates that affect the financial statements. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

# O. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows and (or) inflows of financial resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent consumptions of net position that apply to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred inflows of resources represent acquisitions of net position that apply to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until that time.

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources on the statement of net position are related to pensions, post-employment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) and federal grants. See Pension Plans Note 8, Long-Term Debt Note 10, and Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

#### P. Pensions

The School System is a participating employer in cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans as described in Note 8. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of each of the plans, and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## Q. Fund Equity

The School System has adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54 which redefined how fund balances are presented in fund financial statements. In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of the state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

Committed - Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School System. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School System removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed.

Assigned - Amounts that are designated as committed by the School System but are not spendable until a budget resolution is passed.

Unassigned - All amounts not included in other spendable classifications; positive amounts are only in the general fund. The School System has adopted a policy to maintain the general fund's unassigned fund balance at a minimum balance of 15% of general fund expenditures.

The details of the fund balances are included in the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds (Statement C). As noted above, restricted funds are used first as appropriate. Assigned Funds are reduced to the extent that expenditure authority has been budgeted by the School System or the Assignment has been changed by the School System. Decreases to fund balance first reduce Unassigned Fund balance; in the event that Unassigned becomes zero, then Assigned and Committed Fund Balances are used in that order.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

### R. <u>Impact of Recently Issued Accounting Principles</u>

The following statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board are effective for the School System's 2020 fiscal year. The School System has adopted and implemented these statements in the preparation of the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020:

- 1. Statement No. 88 Certain Disclosures Related to debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements (2020)
- 2. Statement No. 89 Accounting for Interest Cost during the Period of Construction (2020)

The following statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board will be effective for years subsequent to the School System's fiscal year 2020:

- 1. Statement No. 84 Fiduciary Activities (2021)
- 2. Statement No. 87 Leases (2022)
- 3. Statement No. 90 Majority Equity Interests an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61 (2021)
- 4. Statement No. 91 Conduit Debt Obligations (2023)
- 5. Statement No. 96 Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (2023)
- 6. Statement No. 97 Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans (2022)

The School System is currently evaluating the effects that these statements will have in its financial statements for the years ended June 30, 2021 and later.

#### S. Summary Financial Information for 2019 and Reclassifications

The financial statements include certain prior year summarized comparative information in total. Such information does not include sufficient details to constitute a presentation in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the School System's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019, from which the summarized information was derived.

Certain items in the 2019 columns have been reclassified to conform to the presentation in the current year financial statements. Such reclassification had no effect on the previous reported excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses or change in net position.

#### (2) Cash and Cash Equivalents

For reporting purposes, cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, and money market accounts. Under state law, the School System may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

At June 30, 2020, the carrying amount of the School System's Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments (checking accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits) was \$24,372,492 and the confirmed bank balances were \$24,576,615. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments are stated at cost, which approximates market.

The following is a summary of Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments at June 30, 2020:

	Deposits in Bank Accounts		
	Governmental Fiduciary		
	Funds	_Funds	Total
Book Balances	\$ 23,446,620	\$ 925,872	\$ 24,372,492
Bank Balances	\$ 23,594,793	\$ 981,822	\$ 24,576,615

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School System's deposits may not be returned to it. To mitigate this risk, state law requires for these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) to be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. The pledged securities are deemed by Louisiana State Law to be under the control and possession and in the name of the School System regardless of its designation by the financial institution in which it is deposited. As of June 30, 2020, none of the School System's bank balance of \$24,576,615 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### (3) Ad Valorem Taxes

All taxable property in Louisiana is required by law to be assessed annually at a percentage of its fair market value by the Parish Assessor, except for public utility property which is assessed by the Louisiana Tax Commission.

The 1974 Louisiana Constitution (Article 7 Section 18) provided that land and improvements for residential purposes be assessed at 10% of fair market value; other property and electric cooperative properties, excluding land are to be assessed at 15% and public service properties, excluding land, are to be assessed at 25% of fair market value. Fair market value is determined by the elected assessor of the parish on all property subject to taxation except public service properties, which is valued by the Louisiana Tax Commission (LRS 47:1957). The correctness of assessments by the assessor is subject to review and certification by the Louisiana Tax Commission. The Assessor is required to reappraise all property subject to taxation at intervals of not more than four years.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

Ad Valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied by the Parish Assessor during the year and are billed to taxpayers in November. Billed taxes become delinquent on December 31. Revenues from Ad Valorem taxes are budgeted in the year billed and recognized as revenue when billed. The Parish Sheriff bills and collects the property taxes using the assessed value determined by the Parish Assessor's office.

The following is a summary of authorized and levied ad valorem taxes:

	Authorized Millage	Levied Millage
Parishwide Taxes:	<del></del>	
Constitutional	5.00	3.91
Special	38.45	30.06
Debt Service	9.25	9.25
Debt Service	14.40	14.40

Any differences between authorized and levied millages are the result of reassessment of the tax rolls required by Article 7, Section 23 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974.

Total Ad Valorem Taxes Levied	\$ 9,743,235
Less: Amounts Deemed Uncollectible	_(140,730)
Net Ad Valorem Taxes Collectible	\$ 9,602,505

Ad Valorem taxes receivable at June 30, 2020, totaled \$9,236.

#### (4) Receivables

The receivables at June 30, 2020, are as follows:

	Federal Grants	State Grants	Sales Taxes	 Valorem Taxes	Other	Total
General Fund	\$ 7,495	\$ -	\$1,127,976	\$ 7,389	\$ 96,961	\$1,239,821
General Obligation Bonds						
Debt Service Fund	-	-	-	1,847	-	1,847
Sales Tax Bonds						
Debt Service Fund	-	-	281,994	-	-	281,994
Nonmajor Funds	796,541	10,306		 -	9,266	816,113
Totals	\$ 804,036	\$ 10,306	\$ 1,409,970	\$ 9,236	\$106,227	\$2,339,775

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

## (5) Interfund Receivables, Payables - Transfers In, Transfers Out

	Due from	Due to Other
	Other Funds	Funds
General Fund	\$ 2,505,468	\$ -
General Obligation Bonds Debt Service Fund	- -	943,901
Sales Tax Bonds Debt Service Fund	_	1,197,123
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:		
Special Revenue Funds:		
Other Federal Grants	<u>-</u>	130,673
Improving America's Schools	-	109,564
Special Education	-	155,516
School Food Service	41,277	-
Capital Projects Funds:		
Proposition No.1		9,968
Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	41,277	405,721
Total	\$ 2,546,745	\$ 2,546,745
	Transfers In	Transfers Out
General Fund	\$ 69,761	\$ 2,384,751
Sales Tax Bonds Debt Service Fund	-	399,575
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:		
Special Revenue Funds:		
Other Federal Grants	23,377	29
Improving America's Schools	-	37,744
Special Education	-	55,365
Capital Projects Funds:		
Proposition No.1	2,784,326	
Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	2,807,703	93,138
Total	\$ 2,877,464	\$ 2,877,464

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

## (6) Changes in Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	July 01, 2019	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2020
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets not being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,931,206	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,931,206
Construction in Progress	4,850	912,400		917,250
Total Capital Assets not being				
Depreciated	2,936,056	912,400	-	3,848,456
Capital Assets being Depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	79,040,871	-	-	79,040,871
Furniture and Equipment	4,963,311	90,666	185,578	4,868,399
Total Capital Assets being				
Depreciated	84,004,182	90,666	185,578	83,909,270
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings and Improvements	17,702,263	2,087,158	-	19,789,421
Furniture and Equipment	4,348,751	167,859	166,150	4,350,460
Total Accumulated				
Depreciation	22,051,014	2,255,017	166,150	24,139,881
Total Capital Assets being				
Depreciated, Net	61,953,168	(2,164,351)	19,428	59,769,389
Total Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 64,889,224	\$ (1,251,951)	\$ 19,428	\$ 63,617,845

Depreciation expense of \$2,255,017 for the year ended June 30, 2020 was charged to the following governmental functions:

Instruction:	
Regular Education	\$ 24,822
Support Services:	
General Administration (Including all Buildings)	2,083,760
School Administration	115,473
Plant Services	16,956
Food Services	<u>14,006</u>
Total	\$ 2,255,017

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

The Capital Project Proposition No. 1 Fund reports a total fund balance of \$2,136,438. A summary of commitments under construction contracts for the School System at June 30, 2020, follows:

	Project Authorization	Expended to June 30, 2020	Unexpended Commitment
CHS HVAC Replacement Wildcat Stadium Turf Install School Board Office Renovation CHS Remodel	\$ 368,468 1,224,072 67,850 25,000	\$ 359,468 464,932 67,850 25,000	\$ 9,000 759,140 - -
	\$ 1,685,390	\$ 917,250	\$ 768,140

At June 30, 2020, the unexpended commitments of \$768,140 are recorded in the Capital Projects Fund – Proposition No.1 as fund balance committed to contracts to the extent of available fund balance.

## (7) Accounts, Salaries, and Other Payables

The payables at June 30, 2020, are as follows:

	Accounts Payable	Salaries, Withholdings and Benefits	Total
General Fund	\$1,805,176	\$3,245,611	\$5,050,787
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:			
Special Revenue Funds:			
Other Federal Grants	27,286	-	27,286
Improving America's Schools	28,053	-	28,053
School Food Service	1,116	-	1,116
Capital Projects Funds:			
Proposition No.1	170,012		170,012
Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	226,467		226,467
Total	\$2,031,643	\$3,245,611	\$5,277,254

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

#### (8) Pension Plans

The School System follows the requirements of GASB Statement 68. Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and GASB Statement 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date, an amendment to GASB 68. These standards revise and establish new financial reporting requirements for governments that provide their employees with pension benefits. These standards require the School System to record its proportionate share of each of the pension plans net pension liability and report the following disclosures:

#### **General Information about the Pension Plans**

#### **Plan Descriptions**

#### Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana

Employees of the School System are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL). Chapter 2 of Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes (La. R.S. 11:401) grants to TRSL Board of Trustees and the Louisiana Legislature the authority to review administration, benefit terms, investments, and funding of the plan. TRSL issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.trsl.org.

#### State of Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System

The State of Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS) was established and provided for by R.S. 11:1001 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes as a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. LSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.lsers.net.

### **Benefits Provided:**

#### Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general informational purposes only. TRSL provides retirement, deferred retirement option (DROP), disability, and survivor's benefits. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

#### Retirement Benefits

Regular Plan - Members whose first employment makes them eligible for membership in a Louisiana state retirement system on or after January 1, 2011 may retire with a 2.5% accrual rate after attaining age sixty with at least 5 years of service credit and are eligible for an actuarially reduced benefit with 20 years of service at any age. All other members, if initially hired on or after July 1, 1999, are eligible for a 2.5% accrual rate at the earliest of age 60 with 5 years of service, age 55 with 25 years of service, or at any age with 30 years of service. Members may retire with an actuarially reduced

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

benefit with 20 years of service at any age. If hired before July 1, 1999, members are eligible for a 2% accrual rate at the earliest of age 60 with 5 years of service, or at any age with 20 years of service and are eligible for a 2.5% accrual rate at the earliest of age 65 with 20 years of service, age 55 with 25 years of service, or at any age with 30 years of service.

Plan A - Members may retire with a 3.0% annual accrual rate at age 55 with 25 years of service, age 60 with 5 years of service or 30 years of service, regardless of age. Plan A is closed to new entrants.

Plan B - Members may retire with a 2.0% annual accrual rate at age 55 with 30 years of service, or age 60 with 5 years of service.

## Benefit Formula

For all plans, retirement benefits are based on a formula which multiplies the final average compensation by the applicable accrual rate, and by the years of creditable service. For Regular Plan and Lunch Plan B members whose first employment makes them eligible for membership in a Louisiana state retirement system on or after January 1, 2011, final average compensation is defined as the highest average 60-month period. For all other members, final average compensation is defined as the highest average 36-month period.

## Payment Options

A retiring member is entitled to receive the maximum benefit payable until the member's death. In lieu of the maximum benefit, the member may elect to receive a reduced benefit payable in the form of a Joint and Survivor Option, or as a lump sum that can't exceed 36 months of the members' maximum monthly benefit amount.

Effective July 1, 2009, members may make an irrevocable election at retirement to receive an actuarially reduced benefit which increases 2.5% annually, beginning on the first retirement anniversary date, but not before age 55 or before the retiree would have attained age 55 in the case of a surviving spouse. This option can be chosen in combination with the above options.

## <u>Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)</u>

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement, an eligible member can begin participation in the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) on the first retirement eligibility date for a period not to exceed the 3rd anniversary of retirement eligibility. Delayed participation reduces the three-year participation period. During participation, benefits otherwise payable are fixed, and deposited in an individual DROP account.

Upon termination of DROP, the member can continue employment and earn additional accruals to be added to the fixed pre-DROP benefit.

Upon termination of employment, the member is entitled to the fixed benefit, an additional benefit based on post-DROP service (if any), and the individual DROP account balance which can be paid in a lump sum or an additional annuity based upon the account balance.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

#### <u>Disability Benefits</u>

Active members whose first employment makes them eligible for membership in a Louisiana state retirement system before January 1, 2011, and who have five or more years of service credit are eligible for disability retirement benefits if certified by the State Medical Disability Board (SMDB) to be disabled from performing their job. All other members must have at least 10 years of service to be eligible for a disability benefit. Calculation of the disability benefit as well as the availability of a minor child benefit is determined by the plan to which the member belongs and the date on which the member's first employment made them eligible for membership in a Louisiana state retirement system.

#### Survivor Benefits

A surviving spouse with minor children of an active member with five years of creditable service (2 years immediately prior to death) or 20 years of creditable service is entitled to a benefit equal to the greater of (a) \$600 per month, or (b) 50% of the member's benefit calculated at the 2.5% accrual rate for all creditable service. When a minor child(ren) is no longer eligible to receive survivor benefits, the spouse's benefit reverts to a survivor benefit in accordance with the provisions for a surviving spouse with no minor child(ren). Benefits for the minor child(ren) cease when he/she is no longer eligible.

Each minor child (maximum of 2) shall receive an amount equal to the greater of (a) 50% of the spouse's benefit, or (b) \$300 (up to 2 eligible children). Benefits to minors cease at attainment of age 18, marriage, or age 23 if enrolled in an approved institution of higher education.

A surviving spouse without minor children of an active member with 10 years of creditable service (2 years immediately prior to death) or 20 years of creditable service is entitled to a benefit equal to the greater of (a) \$600 per month, or (b) the option 2 equivalent of the benefit calculated at the 2.5% accrual rate for all creditable service.

### Permanent Benefit Increases/Cost-of-Living Adjustments

As fully described in Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes, the System allows for the payment of permanent benefit increases, also known as cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) that are funded through investment earnings when recommended by the Board of Trustees and approved by the State Legislature.

## Optional Retirement Plan (ORP)

The Optional Retirement Plan (ORP) was established for academic employees of public institutions of higher education who are eligible for membership in TRSL. This plan was designed to provide certain academic and unclassified employees of public institutions of higher education an optional method of funding for their retirement.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

The ORP is a defined contribution pension plan which provides for portability of assets and full and immediate vesting of all contributions submitted on behalf of the affected employees to the approved providers. These providers are selected by the TRSL Board of Trustees. Monthly employer and employee contributions are invested as directed by the employee to provide the employee with future retirement benefits. The amount of these benefits is entirely dependent upon the total contributions and investment returns accumulated during the employee's working lifetime. Employees in eligible positions of higher education can make an irrevocable election to participate in the ORP rather than TRSL and purchase annuity contracts—fixed, variable, or both—for benefits payable at retirement.

## State of Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general informational purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

#### Eligibility Requirements

Membership is mandatory for all persons employed by a Louisiana Parish or City School Board or by the Lafourche Special Education District #1 who work more than twenty hours per week or for part-time employees who have ten years of creditable service in the System as a school bus driver, school janitor, school custodian, school maintenance employee, school bus aide or any other regular school employee who actually works on a school bus helping with the transportation of school children. If a person is employed by and is eligible to be a member of more than one public agency within the state, he must be a member of each such retirement system. Members are vested after 10 years of service or 5 years if enrolled after June 30, 2010.

All temporary, seasonal and part-time employees as defined in Federal Regulations 26 CFR 31:3121(b)(7)-2 are not eligible for membership in the System. Any part-time employees who work 20 hours or less per week and who are not vested will be refunded their contributions.

#### Benefits

Benefit provisions are authorized under Louisiana Revised Statutes 11:1141 - 11:1153.

A member who joined the System on or before June 30, 2010 is eligible for normal retirement if he has at least 30 years of creditable service regardless of age, 25 years of creditable service and is at least age 55, 20 years of creditable service regardless of age with an actuarially reduced benefit, or 10 years of creditable service and is at least age 60. A member who joined the system on or after July 1, 2010 is eligible for normal retirement if he has at least 5 years of creditable service and is at least age 60, or 20 years of creditable service regardless of age with an actuarially reduced benefit.

For members who joined the System prior to July 1, 2006, the maximum retirement benefit is an amount equal to 3 1/3% of the average compensation for the three highest consecutive years of membership service, subject to the 10% salary limitation, multiplied by the number of years of service limited to 100% of final average compensation plus a supplementary allowance of \$2.00 per month

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

for each year of service. For members who joined the System on or after July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2010, 3 1/3% of the average compensation is used to calculate benefits, however, the calculation consists of the five highest consecutive years of membership service, subject to the 10% salary limitation. For members who join the System on or after July 1, 2010, 2 1/2% of the average compensation is used to calculate benefits and consists of the five highest consecutive years' average salary, subject to the 15% salary limitation. The supplemental allowance was eliminated for members entering the System on or after July 1, 1986. Effective January 1, 1992, the supplemental allowance was reinstated to all members whose service retirement became effective after July 1, 1971.

#### **Disability**

A member is eligible to retire and receive disability benefits if he has at least five years of creditable service, is not eligible for normal retirement and has become totally and permanently disabled and is certified as disabled by the Medical Board. A vested person with twenty or more years of creditable service is eligible for a disability benefit until normal retirement age. A member who joins the System on or after July 1, 2006, must have at least ten years of service to qualify for disability benefits. Upon the death of a member with five or more years of creditable service, the System provides benefits for surviving spouses and minor children. Under certain conditions outlined in the statutes, a spouse is entitled to 75% of the member's benefit.

#### Deferred Retirement Option Plan

Members of the System may elect to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Plan, (DROP) and defer the receipt of benefits. The election may be made only one time and the duration is limited to three years. Once an option has been selected, no change is permitted. Upon the effective date of the commencement of participation in the DROP Plan, active membership in the regular retirement plan of the System terminates. Average compensation and creditable service remain as they existed on the effective date of commencement of participation in the System. The monthly retirement benefits, that would have been payable had the person elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance, are paid into the Deferred Retirement Option Plan Fund Account.

The System maintains subaccounts within this account reflecting the credits attributed to each participant in the DROP program. Interest credited and payments from the DROP account are made in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statutes 11:1152(F)(3). Upon termination of participation in both the DROP program and employment, a participant may receive his DROP monies either in a lump sum payment from the account or systematic disbursements.

The System also provides for deferred benefits for vested members who terminate before being eligible for retirement. Once the member reaches the appropriate age for retirement, benefits become payable.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

#### Initial Benefit Retirement Plan

Effective January 1, 1996, the state legislature authorized the System to establish an Initial Benefit Retirement Plan (IBRP) program. IBRP is available to members who have not participated in DROP and who select the maximum benefit, Option 2 benefit, Option 3 benefit or Option 4 benefit. Thereafter, these members are ineligible to participate in the DROP. The IBRP program provides both a one-time single sum payment of up to 36 months of a regular monthly retirement benefit, plus a reduced monthly retirement benefit for life. Interest credited and payments from IBRP account are made in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statutes 11:1152(F)(3).

#### **Contributions:**

## Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana

The employer contribution rate is established annually under La. R.S. 11:101-11:104 by the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee (PRSAC), taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Each sub plan pays a separate actuarially determined employer contribution rate. However, all assets of TRSL are used for the payment of benefits for all classes of members, regardless of their plan. The rates in effect during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 are as follows:

2020	Contributions		
TRSL Sub Plan	Employee	Employer	
K-12 Regular Plan	8.0%	26.0%	
Plan A	9.1%	26.0%	
ORP			
2020	8.0%	28.4%	

The contractually required composite contribution rate was actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Contributions to the TRSL from the School System were \$5,978,220 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

In accordance with state statute, TRSL receives ad valorem taxes and state revenue sharing funds. These additional sources of income are used as employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities, but are not considered special funding situations. The amount of non-employer contributions recognized as revenue in the government-wide statement of activities was \$189,662 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

### State of Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System

Contributions for all participating school boards are actuarially determined as required by Act 81 of 1988 but cannot be less than the rate required by the Constitution. For the year ending June 30, 2020, the employer contribution rate was 29.4% and the employee rate was 7.5%. Contributions to LSERS from the School System were \$8,484 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

# <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:</u>

At June 30, 2020, the School System reported a liability of \$46,154,564 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of TRSL and LSERS combined. For all plans, the net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School System's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the School System's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The School System's proportion at June 30, 2019 and change in proportion measured as of June 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Proportion at	Change in
Plan	June 30, 2019	Proportion
TRSL	0.464290%	-0.03273%
LSERS	0.010823%	-0.02473%

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School System recognized pension expense as follows:

Plan	 Expense
TRSL	\$ 4,509,804
LSERS	 (4,227)
	\$ 4,505,577

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

At June 30, 2020, the School System reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		TRSL	 LSERS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		_	 	
Differences between expected and actual				
Experience	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Changes in Assumptions		3,275,858	2,196	3,278,054
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		-	2,914	2,914
Changes in proportion and differences between	en			
Employer contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions		2,601,716	2,339	2,604,055
Employer contributions subsequent to				
the measurement date		5,978,220	8,484	5,986,704
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	11,855,794	\$ 15,933	\$11,871,727
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Differences between expected and actual				
Experience	\$	1,439,989	\$ 1,888	\$ 1,441,877
Changes in Assumptions		-	-	-
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		1,705,439	-	1,705,439
Changes in proportion and differences between	en			
Employer contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions		3,615,354	106,523	3,721,877
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	6,760,782	\$ 108,411	\$ 6,869,193

\$5,986,704 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the School System's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

Year ended June 30:	 TRSL	LSERS		Total
2021	\$ 94,207	\$ (48,751)	\$	45,456
2022	(1,268,251)	(54,532)	(	1,322,783)
2023	408,514	1,329		409,843
2024	 (117,678)	992		(116,686)
	\$ (883,208)	\$ (100,962)	\$	(984,170)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions:**

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019 for all plans are as follows:

_	TRSL	LSERS
Inflation	2.500%	2.500%
Investment rate of return	7.550%	7.000%
Salary increases	3.3% to 4.8% varies	3.25%
	on duration of	
	service	

For TRSL, the mortality rates were projected based on RP-2014 White Collar Employee and Healthy Annuitant Tables and RP-2014 Disability Tables. Termination, disability, and retirement assumptions were projected based on a five year (2012-2017) experience study of the System's members.

For LSERS, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Table, RP-2014 Sex Distinct Employee Table, and RP-2014 Sex Distinct Mortality Table.

For all plans' cost of living adjustments, the present value of future retirement benefits is based on benefits currently being paid by the Systems and includes previously granted cost of living increases. The present values do not include provisions for potential future increase not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees.

For TRSL, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation of 2.5% and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The resulting expected long-term rate of return was 8.48% for 2019. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the TRSL's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	27.0%	4.60%
International Equity	19.0%	5.70%
Domestic Fixed Income	13.0%	1.69%
International Fixed Income	5.5%	2.10%
Private Equity	25.5%	8.67%
Other Private Assets	10.0%	3.65%
	100%	

For LSERS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a triangulation method which integrated the CAPM pricing model (top-down), a treasury yield curve approach (bottom-up) and an equity building-block model (bottom-up). Risk return and correlations are projected on a forward looking basis in equilibrium, in which best-estimates of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These rates are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The resulting long-term arithmetic nominal expected return is 8.76%. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of
Fixed Income	26%	1.07%
Equity	39%	2.93%
Alternatives	17%	1.43%
Real Estate	12%	0.73%
Real Assets	6%	0.60%
Total	100%	6.76%
Inflation		2.00%
Expected Arithmetic Nominal Return		8.76%

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

#### **Discount Rate:**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.550% for TRSL, which was a decrease of 0.10% from the prior measurement date of June 30, 2018. For LSERS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.000%, which was a decrease of 0.0625% from the prior measurement date of June 30, 2018. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions from participating employers and non-employer contributing entities will be made at actuarially determined rates, which are calculated in accordance with relevant statutes and approved by the respective Board of Trustees and the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. Based on those assumptions, the pension plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

TRSL:	Changes in Discount Rate					
	Current					
	1% Decrease 6.550%	Discount Rate 7.550%	1% Increase 8.550%			
Net pension liability	\$ 61,337,555	\$46,078,799	\$ 33,218,108			
	Changes in Discount Rate					
LSERS:	Cha	anges in Discount F	Rate			
LSERS:	Cha	nnges in Discount F Current	Rate			
LSERS:	Cha		Rate 1% Increase			
LSERS:	-	Current				

#### **Pension Plans Fiduciary Net Position:**

TRSL issued a stand-alone audit report on its financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019. Access to the audit report can be found on the System's website: <a href="www.trsl.org">www.trsl.org</a> or on the Office of Louisiana Legislative Auditor's official website: <a href="www.lla.state.la.us">www.lla.state.la.us</a>.

LSERS issued a stand-alone audit report on its financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019. Access to the audit report can be found on the System's website: <a href="www.lsers.net">www.lsers.net</a> or on the Office of Louisiana Legislative Auditor's official website: <a href="www.lla.state.la.us">www.lla.state.la.us</a>.

## **Payables to the Pension Plans:**

At June 30, 2020 included in liabilities are payables to the TRSL of \$1,208,569. These payables are normal legally required contributions to the pension plan.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

## (9) Changes in Agency Fund Deposits Due Others

A summary of changes in agency fund deposits due others follows:

	School
	Activity
	Funds
Balance - June 30, 2019	\$ 842,816
Additions	1,898,777
Deductions	<u>(1,815,721</u> )
Balance - June 30, 2020	\$ 925,872

## (10) Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of the long-term obligation transactions for the year ended June 30, 2020:

		Post-	
Bonded	Compensated	Employment	
Debt	Absences	Benefits	Total
\$ 51,210,001	\$ 2,197,462	\$ 9,522,158	\$62,929,621
16,990,676	1,467,582	3,139,651	21,597,909
(3,375,000)	-	-	(3,375,000)
m			
(273,811)	-	-	(273,811)
(18,340,000)	-	-	(18,340,000)
	(1,320,306)	(750,535)	(2,070,841)
\$ 46,211,866	\$ 2,344,738	\$ 11,911,274	\$60,467,878
	Debt  \$ 51,210,001  16,990,676  (3,375,000)  m  (273,811) (18,340,000)  -	Debt         Absences           \$ 51,210,001         \$ 2,197,462           16,990,676         1,467,582           (3,375,000)         -           m         (273,811)         -           (18,340,000)         -         (1,320,306)	Debt         Absences         Benefits           \$ 51,210,001         \$ 2,197,462         \$ 9,522,158           16,990,676         1,467,582         3,139,651           (3,375,000)         -         -           m         (273,811)         -         -           (18,340,000)         -         -         -           -         (1,320,306)         (750,535)

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

The following is a summary of the current (due in one year or less) and the long-term (due in more than one year) portions of long-term obligations as of June 30, 2020:

			Post-	
	Bonded	Compensated	Employment	
	Debt	Absences	Benefits	Total
Current Portion Long-Term Portion	\$ 4,068,222 42,143,644	\$ 586,175 1,758,563	\$ - 11,911,274	\$ 4,654,397 55,813,481
Total	\$ 46,211,866	\$ 2,344,738	\$ 11,911,274	\$60,467,878

#### **Bonded Debt**

All School System bonds outstanding at June 30, 2020 in the amount of \$41,120,000 consist of general obligation bonds and sales tax revenue bonds with final maturities from 2021 to 2034 and interest rates from 2.00 percent to 5.00 percent. Bond principal and interest payable in the next fiscal year is \$3,150,000 and \$1,738,562, respectively. Bonded debt is comprised of the following individual issues which are payable from the debt service funds:

	Original Issue	Issue Date	Interest Rates	Final Payment Due	Interest to Maturity	Principal Outstanding
General Obligation Bonds						
Secured by Ad Valorem Taxes:						
Series 2014	\$ 13,100,000	3/11/2014	2.0 - 4.5%	3/1/2034	\$ 3,264,563	\$ 10,200,000
Series 2016	\$ 6,445,000	5/25/2016	3.0 - 4.0%	3/1/2029	1,240,450	5,920,000
Series 2017	\$ 6,925,000	9/1/2017	2.0 - 5.0%	9/1/2029	1,726,950	6,925,000
Series 2019	\$ 5,720,000	12/19/2019	3.0 - 5.0%	3/1/2030	1,634,500	5,720,000
Total General Obligation Bo	nds				7,866,463	28,765,000
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds						
Secured by Sales Taxes:						
Series 2017	\$ 3,675,000	9/1/2017	2.0 - 5.0%	1/1/2029	894,100	3,385,000
Series 2019	\$ 8,970,000	10/30/2019	3.0 - 5.0%	1/1/2030	2,432,750	8,970,000
Total Sales Tax Bonds					3,326,850	12,355,000
Total Bonded Debt					\$ 11,193,313	\$ 41,120,000

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

All principal and interest requirements are funded in accordance with Louisiana law by the annual ad valorem tax levy on taxable property within the Central Community School District and the avails of a ½% sales and use tax within the Central Community School District within East Baton Rouge Parish. At June 30, 2020 the School System has accumulated \$2,922,169 in the Debt Service Funds for future debt requirements. The bonds are due, by years, as follows:

	Gene	eral Obligation Bonds:		S	s:	
Year Ending	Principal	Interest		Principal	Interest	
June 30,	Payments	Payments	Total	Payments	Payments	Total
2021	\$ 2,155,000	\$ 1,190,162	\$ 3,345,162	\$ 995,000	\$ 548,400	\$ 1,543,400
2022	2,250,000	1,123,487	3,373,487	1,035,000	518,550	1,553,550
2023	2,350,000	1,044,813	3,394,813	1,105,000	473,000	1,578,000
2024	2,475,000	949,763	3,424,763	1,155,000	433,350	1,588,350
2025	2,605,000	842,488	3,447,488	1,225,000	391,800	1,616,800
2026-2030	13,410,000	2,356,750	15,766,750	6,840,000	961 <b>,75</b> 0	7,801,750
2031-2034	3,520,000	359,000	3,879,000			
	28,765,000	7,866,463	36,631,463	12,355,000	3,326,850	15,681,850
Unamortized						
Premium	3,214,123		3,214,123	1,877,743		1,877,743
	\$31,979,123	\$ 7,866,463	\$39,845,586	\$14,232,743	\$3,326,850	\$17,559,593

		Total Bonds	
Year Ending	Principal	Interest	_
June 30,	Payments	Payments	Total
2021	\$ 3,150,000	\$ 1,738,562	\$ 4,888,562
2022	3,285,000	1,642,037	4,927,037
2023	3,455,000	1,517,813	4,972,813
2024	3,630,000	1,383,113	5,013,113
2025	3,830,000	1,234,288	5,064,288
2026-2030	20,250,000	3,318,500	23,568,500
2031-2034	3,520,000	359,000	3,879,000
	41,120,000	11,193,313	52,313,313
Unamortized			
Premium	5,091,866		5,091,866
	\$46,211,866	\$11,193,313	\$57,405,179

Total Roads

In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 39:562, the School System is legally restricted from incurring long-term bonded debt funded by ad valorem taxes, in excess of thirty-five percent of the assessed value of taxable property. At June 30, 2020, the statutory limit is approximately \$59,100,000 and outstanding general obligation bonded debt funded by ad valorem taxes totals \$28,765,000.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

#### **Current Year Advance Refunding Bonds**

On December 19, 2019, the School System issued \$5,720,000 Series 2019 General Obligation School Refunding Bonds for the purpose of refunding \$6,415,000 of the outstanding balance of the General Obligation School Bonds Series 2010 and interest associated with the Series 2010 Bonds. The net proceeds of \$6,519,838 (after receipt of reoffering premium of \$942,538 less payment of \$142,700 in cost of issuance) were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the Series 2010 Bonds. This advance refunding was undertaken to decrease total debt service payments over the next 12 years by \$639,387 and resulted in an economic gain of \$585,742.

On October 30, 2019, the School System issued \$8,970,000 Series 2019 Sales Tax Refunding Bonds for the purpose of refunding \$11,925,000 of the outstanding balance of the Sales Tax Bonds Series 2010 & 2010A and interest associated with the Series 2010 & 2010A Bonds. The net proceeds of \$12,334,577 (after receipt of reoffering premium of \$1,358,138.35 less payment of \$184,980 in cost of issuance plus an additional \$67,275 of sinking fund monies and \$2,033,298 of debt service reserve fund monies) were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the Series 2010 & 2010A Bonds. This advance refunding was undertaken to decrease total debt service payments over the next 12 years by \$1,200,823 and resulted in an economic gain of \$857,130.

	Refunding Bonds			Refunding Bonds		
	GO	Series 2019	ST	Series 2019		
Sources:		_		_		
Principal Proceeds	\$	5,720,000	\$	8,970,000		
Premium		942,538		1,358,138		
Transfer from Existing Debt Service Reserve				2,191,419		
	\$	6,662,538	\$	12,519,557		
<u>Uses:</u>						
Deposit to Escrow Fund	\$	6,519,838	\$	12,334,577		
Issuance Cost		142,700		184,980		
	\$	6,662,538	\$	12,519,557		

(CONTINUED)

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### JUNE 30, 2020

	Funding Bonds O Series 2019		funding Bonds ΓSeries 2019	
Cash Flow Difference:	 			
Old Debt Service Cash Flows	\$ 8,047,907	\$	14,856,179	
Less: New Debt Service Cash Flows	(7,408,520)		(11,466,500)	
Less: Contribution from Sinking Fund	-		(2,191,419)	
Plus: Contingency/Rounding Amount	-		2,563	
	\$ 639,387	\$	1,200,823	
Economic Gain on Refunding:				
Present Value of Old Debt Service Cash Flows	\$ 7,254,022	\$	13,334,813	
Less: Present Value of New Debt Service Cash Flows	(6,673,004)		(10,288,826)	
Less: Net Contribution from Sinking Funds	-		(2,191,419)	
Plus: Contingency/Rounding Amount	4,724		2,562	
Economic Gain	\$ 585,742	\$	857,130	

The advance refunding of the Series 2010 General Obligation Bonds resulted in differences between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$104,383, which was deferred and is being amortized over the life of the new bonds. This difference is reported in the accompanying financial statements as Deferred Outflow of Resources and is to be charged to operations as a component of interest expense. At June 30, 2020, the unamortized balance is \$104,838. Also, as a result of the advance refunding, \$6,415,000 of the Series 2010 General Obligation Bonds was considered in-substance defeased and the liability for those bonds was removed from the School System's books. At June 30, 2020, \$6,415,00 of the defeased bonds are still outstanding.

The advance refunding of the Series 2010 & 2010A Sales Tax Bonds resulted in differences between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$409,577, which was deferred and is being amortized over the life of the new bonds. This difference is reported in the accompanying financial statements as Deferred Outflow of Resources and is to be charged to operations as a component of interest expense. At June 30, 2020, the unamortized balance is \$409,577. Also, as a result of the advance refunding, \$11,925,000 of the Series 2010 & 2010A Sales Tax Bonds was considered in-substance defeased and the liability for those bonds was removed from the School System's books. At June 30, 2020, \$11,925,000 of the defeased bonds are still outstanding.

#### Prior Years Advance Refunding

On May 25, 2016, the School System issued \$6,445,000 General Obligation School Refunding Bonds Series 2016 for the purpose of refunding \$6,630,000 of the outstanding balance of the General Obligation School Refunding Bonds Series 2009 and interest associated with the Series 2009 Bonds. The net proceeds of \$7,286,948 (after payment of \$140,472 in cost of issuance plus an additional \$74,818 of the sinking fund monies) were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the Series 2009 Bonds. This advance refunding was undertaken to decrease total debt service payments over the next 13 years by \$473,924 and resulted in an economic gain of \$416,131.

The advance refunding of the Series 2009 Bonds resulted in differences between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$656,948, which was deferred and is being amortized over the life of the new bonds. This difference is reported in the accompanying financial statements as Deferred Outflow of Resources and is to be charged to operations as a component of interest expense. At June 30, 2020, the unamortized balance is \$454,809. Also, as a result of the advance refunding of the Series 2009 Bonds, \$6,630,000 of the Series 2009 Bonds were considered in-substance defeased and the liability for those bonds was removed from the School System's books. During 2020, the Series 2009 defeased bonds were paid off.

On September 1, 2017, the School System issued \$6,925,000 Series 2017 General Obligation School Refunding Bonds for the purpose of refunding \$7,325,000 of the outstanding balance of the General Obligation School Bonds Series 2009A and interest associated with the Series 2009A Bonds. The net proceeds of \$7,787,383 (after receipt of reoffering premium of \$1,009,893 less payment of \$143,909 in cost of issuance) were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the Series 2009A Bonds. This advance refunding was undertaken to decrease total debt service payments over the next 12 years by \$269,763 and resulted in an economic gain of \$230,474.

The advance refunding of the Series 2009A General Obligation Bonds resulted in differences between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$462,383, which was deferred and is being amortized over the life of the new bonds. This difference is reported in the accompanying financial statements as Deferred Outflow of Resources and is to be charged to operations as a component of interest expense. At June 30, 2020, the unamortized balance is \$346,787. Also, as a result of the advance refunding, \$7,325,000 of the Series 2009A General Obligation Bonds was considered in-substance defeased and the liability for those bonds was removed from the School System's books. During 2020, the defeased bonds were paid off.

On September 1, 2017, the School System issued \$3,675,000 Series 2017 Sales Tax Refunding Bonds for the purpose of refunding \$3,915,000 of the outstanding balance of the Sales Tax Bonds Series 2009 and interest associated with the Series 2009 Bonds. The net proceeds of \$4,188,502 (after receipt of reoffering premium of \$564,121 less payment of \$75,280 in cost of issuance plus an additional \$29,400 of sinking fund monies and \$25,006 of debt service reserve fund monies) were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the Series 2009 Bonds. This advance refunding was undertaken to decrease total debt service payments over the next 13 years by \$231,906 and resulted in an economic gain of \$195,443.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

The advance refunding of the Series 2009 Sales Tax Bonds resulted in differences between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$273,502, which was deferred and is being amortized over the life of the new bonds. This difference is reported in the accompanying financial statements as Deferred Outflow of Resources and is to be charged to operations as a component of interest expense. At June 30, 2020, the unamortized balance is \$205,127. Also, as a result of the advance refunding, \$3,915,000 of the Series 2009 Sales Tax Bonds was considered insubstance defeased and the liability for those bonds was removed from the School System's books. During 2020, the defeased bonds were paid off.

#### Compensated Absences

At June 30, 2020, employees of the School System have accumulated and vested \$2,344,738 of employee leave benefits, which was computed in accordance with GASB Codification Section C60.

### Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

Plan Description. The Central Community School System's defined benefit OPEB plan, CCSS Employee/Retiree Health Insurance plan, provides medical benefits through insured programs, and these benefits are made available to employees upon actual retirement. CCSS Employee/Retiree Health Insurance plan is a single employer OPEB plan which is administered by the School System. The plan is authorized by the School System's Board. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the School System's Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75. Substantially all of the school system's employees become eligible for these benefits when they reach retirement age while working for the system. Benefits are available to employees upon retirement according to retirement eligibility provisions as follows: If date of hire is before 1/1/2011: (1) Age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit; (2) Age 55 with at least 25 years of service credit; (3) any age with at least 30 years of service credit; If date of hire is after 1/1/2011, age 60 with at least 5 years of service with the exception that some food service employees must have 30 years of service and be age 55. These benefits for retirees are similar to benefits for active employees provided through an insurance company. Premiums are paid jointly by the school system and retiree. Entitlement to benefits continues through Medicare to death.

A new policy was adopted prior to the June 30, 2015 fiscal year end which states that any employee who retires on or before June 30, 2015 shall have the following option: The retiree and qualified dependent who qualifies for Medicare coverage can choose to keep the School System's subsidized retiree medical insurance benefits. Retirees younger than 65 on June 30, 2015 must choose this option within 30 days from their qualifying birthday or coverage will be terminated. In addition, any employee who retires on or after July 1, 2015 and who qualifies for Medicare will no longer be eligible for retiree medical insurance benefits from the School System. Further, such retirees' eligible dependents who qualify for Medicare will not be eligible for benefits either.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

Health coverage includes a fully insured group health maintenance plan together with Medicare plans for those eligible. The plan provisions are contained in the official plan documents. Life insurance coverage is also available to retirees.

Contribution Rates. Employees do not contribute to their post-employment benefits costs until they become retirees and begin receiving those benefits. The plan provisions and contribution rates are contained in the official plan documents.

**Employees Covered by Benefit Terms.** At June 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

45
-
480
525

**Total OPEB Liability.** The School System's total OPEB liability of \$11,911,274 was measured as of June 30, 2020, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

#### **Changes in the Total OPEB Liability**

Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	\$ 9,522,158
Changes for the year:	
Service Cost	336,202
Interest	246,560
Changes to Benefit Terms	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	1,936,341
Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs	620,548
Benefit Payments	(750,535)
Net Changes to Total OPEB Liability	2,389,116
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$11,911,274

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

Changes in assumptions or other inputs between 2019 and 2020 reflect the following changes:

- 1) The discount rate was decreased from 3.0% to 2.6%.
- 2) The claim costs were derived from actual self-funded plan experience, including costs for stop/loss premiums and administrative expenses.
- 3) The future retiree plan elections were revised from HDHP: 35%, 0Ded: 65% to HDHP: 47%, 0Ded: 53% based on 2020 elections.
- 4) The HSA contribution for HDHP participants from CCSS were assumed to continue in all future years and differed by medical tier.
- 5) The claim cost and contribution trends were revised using updated assumptions and experience.
- 6) The retirement and turnover rates were updated using the most recent TRSL Actuarial Valuation as of June 30, 2020.
- 7) The percent of future retirees assumed to be married decreased from 30% to 25% based on current retiree census info.
- 8) The mortality rates were updated to reflect the PubG.H-2010 Employee and Healthy Retiree Mortality Tables, Generational with Projection Scale MP-2019.

All other assumptions and inputs remained the same.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School System, as well as what the School System's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	Cha	anges in Discount H	Rate
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	1.6%	2.6%	3.6%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 13,590,926	\$ 11,911,274	\$ 10,520,795

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School System, as well as what the School System's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Changes in	Healthcare Cost T	Trend Rates
		Base Trend	
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 10,440,993	\$ 11,911,274	\$ 13,688,485

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

# OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School System recognized OPEB expense of \$1,025,217. At June 30, 2020, the School System reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	О	Deferred utflows of Resources	erred Inflows Resources
Differences Between Expected and		_	 _
Actual Experience	\$	1,290,894	\$ 304,218
Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs		597,573	 869,344
Total	\$	1,888,467	\$ 1,173,562

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Outflows		Inflows	
2021	\$	878,576	\$	148,250
2022		878,576		148,250
2023		26,280		148,250
2024		26,280		148,250
2025		26,280		148,250
2026 and Later		52,474		432,312
	\$	1,888,466	\$	1,173,562

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified.

**Actuarial Cost Method.** As required by GASB Statement 75, the OPEB liability is determined using the Entry Age Level Percent of Pay cost method.

**Discount Rate.** GASB Statement 75 states that the discount rate should be equal to the expected yield or index rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher (or equivalent quality on another rating scale), determined as of the measurement date, which in this case is June 30, 2020. An average of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index of 2.66% and the Fidelity General Obligation AA 20 Year Yield of 3.45% was 2.6%, which is the discount rate used in this valuation.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

**Actuarial Value of Plan Assets.** There are no assets as the School System has not established a separate trust to hold the separate plan assets as of June 30, 2020.

**Turnover Rate.** A years-of-service related turnover scale based on actual experience as determined by the actuary for the Teachers' Retirement System, adjusted using a scalar of 1.20 to reflect CCSS experience over the period of 2015-2019. The rates for each age follow:

Sample	Years of Service								
Age	0 - 1	1 - 2	2 - 3	4+					
20	30.0%	30.0%	19.8%	20.4%					
25	21.6%	16.2%	19.8%	10.8%					
30	21.6%	16.2%	13.6%	8.4%					
35	19.8%	15.6%	11.8%	6.0%					
40	19.8%	14.4%	10.8%	5.0%					
45	18.0%	14.4%	10.8%	5.0%					
50	18.0%	14.4%	10.8%	5.0%					
55	18.0%	14.4%	10.8%	5.0%					
60	18.0%	14.4%	10.8%	12.0%					
65	18.0%	14.4%	10.8%	12.0%					
70	18.0%	14.4%	10.8%	12.0%					
75	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%					

**Post-Employment Benefit Plan Eligibility Requirements.** It is assumed that entitlement to benefits will commence after earliest eligibility to retire. Eligibility for these benefits is described above in the Plan Description.

Health Care Cost Trend Rate. Rates were developed using the baseline projection of the SOA Long-Run Medical Cost Trend Model including observation and extrapolation of plan experience. The plan assumes a medical inflation rate of 5.6% beginning in 2020, decreasing to a rate of 4.0% ultimately. Other input variables included the following: rate of inflation 2.5%, rate of growth in real income/GDP per capita 1.5%, salary increases of 2.0% level per annum, extra trend due to technology and other factors 1.1%, health share of GDP resistance point 25.0%, and year for limiting cost growth to GDP growth 2075. Participation of future retirees in the plan was estimated at 75%, derived based on a review of plan experience over the period of 2010-2020, with 25% of the retirees' spouses electing coverage in the plan, derived based on a review of plan experience. Future retiree plan election are based on current retiree elections with those less than 65 using HDHP: 47%, \$0 Ded: 53%, \$1,000 Ded: 0%, and those greater than 65 using HDHP: 47%, \$0 Ded: 53%, \$1,000 Ded: 0%. Husbands were assumed to be three years older than wives.

**Mortality Rate:** For pre-retirement mortality, the PubG.H-2010 Employee Mortality Table, generational with projection scale MP-2019 were used. For post-retirement mortality, the PubG.H-2010 Healthy Retiree Mortality Table, generational with projection scale MP-2019 were used.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

Method of Determining Value of Benefits. The "value of benefits" has been assumed to be the portion of the premium after retirement date expected to be paid by the employer for each retiree and has been used as the basis for calculating the actuarial present value of OPEB benefits to be paid. The rates for active and retired were "age" adjusted and were derived from the premiums trended to the valuation date and adjusted to the risk characteristics of the group.

#### (11) Group Health Self Insurance

The School System self-insures the group health coverage for employees. Each month, the School System funds an account with an amount equal to what would be required for premiums if the previous policy had continued. From this account, the health claims of employees are paid, as well as a premium for stop-loss insurance which caps the claims per employee at \$50,000 per policy year. As of June 30, 2020, the School System has accrued a liability as of June 30, 2020 in the amount of \$434,967 based on a search of actual claims subsequent to the balance sheet date as well as a reserve for claims incurred but not yet reported.

### (12) Litigation and Claims

At June 30, 2020, the School System is involved in several lawsuits. It is the opinion of the legal adviser for the School System that the ultimate resolution of these lawsuits will not involve any material liability to the School System in excess of insurance coverage and amounts recorded in these financial statements.

#### (13) Fund Balances

General Fund - Assigned To Other Post-Employment Benefits -

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the School System passed a motion to set aside funds in the amount of \$2,000,000 in the General Fund to be used to fund the Other Post-Employment Benefits trust fund plan when adopted. As of June 30, 2020, a trust fund plan has not been adopted.

Special Revenue Fund - Federal Grants Fund - Deficit Fund Balance -

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the Special Revenue Fund – Federal Grants Fund had an excess of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses of \$1,539,742 which reduced the prior year deficit fund balance. The Federal Grants Fund is being used to account for the expenditures related to August 2016 flood event. The School System applied for and is receiving federal financial assistance to assist with the cleanup, remediation, and other repairs cost from the event. Management of the School System continues to work with the Federal Emergency Management Agency and expects the deficit fund balance to be resolved through future federal financial assistance related to this event.

As of June 30, 2020, Federal financial assistance relating to the flood event described in the above paragraph has been obligated and is recorded in the Governmental Funds balance sheet as \$452,714 of deferred inflows of resources – unavailable intergovernmental revenues. At June 30, 2020, the fund balance deficit is \$96,959.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

Debt Service Fund - Sales Tax Bonds Fund - Deficit Fund Balance -

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the Debt Service Fund – Sales Tax Bonds Fund had a deficiency of revenues and other sources under expenditures and other uses of \$2,276,572 which created a deficit fund balance \$52,147. The deficiency was primarily caused by expenditures incurred to refund outstanding bonds in the current year. Management of the School System expects the deficit fund balance to be resolved through future Sales Tax revenues.

#### (14) Contingency

The COVID-19 outbreak in the United States and throughout the world has caused business disruption through mandated and voluntary closings of schools and businesses. While the disruption is currently expected to be temporary, there is considerable uncertainty around the duration and its effects on the School System's employees, students, and vendors. Therefore, the extent to which COVID-19 may affect the School System's financial condition or results of operations cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

## (15) Budget Variance - Special Revenue Fund

The School Food Service Fund – Special Revenue Fund had actual expenditures with an unfavorable budget variance exceeding 5% for the year ended June 30, 2020.

				Unfavorable
		Un	ıfavorable	Variance
Final Budget	Actual		/ariance	Percentage
\$ 2,649,352	\$ 2,799,236	\$	149,884	5.66%

## (16) Subsequent Events

On October 7, 2020, the School System issued \$23,000,000 Series 2020 General Obligation School Bonds for the purpose of (i) acquiring and/or improving lands for building erecting and/or improving school buildings and other school related facilities, including, to the extent feasible, those specific school projects set forth in "Capital Improvement Plan" approved by the School Board on January 9, 2020, and acquiring the necessary equipment and furnishings therefor, title to which shall be in the public, and (ii) paying the cost of issuance of the bonds. The interest rates on the bonds range from 2% to 5% with final maturity on March 1, 2040. The net proceeds of the bonds were \$26,651,466 which included a reoffering premium of \$3,943,823 and after payment of \$292,357 in cost of issuance.

Management has evaluated subsequent events through February 22, 2021, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.



## SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY BY PLAN

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020\*

Fiscal Year	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	Sh. Per	Employer's roportionate are of the Net asion Liability	Employer's Covered Payroll		Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
Teachers' R	<u> etirement System o</u>	of Lo	<u>uisiana:</u>				
2015	0.47400%	\$	48,449,904	\$	21,139,123	229.20%	63.65%
2016	0.46749%		50,266,265		21,414,781	234.73%	62.47%
2017	0.48754%		57,222,015		21,369,156	267.78%	59.90%
2018	0.46743%		47,920,658		21,953,214	218.29%	59.90%
2019	0.49702%		48,847,047		22,829,919	213.96%	68.17%
2020	0.46429%		46,078,799		22,924,574	201.00%	68.57%
State of Lou	iisiana School Emp	loyee	es' Retirement	Syste	e <u>m:</u>		
2015	0.02180%	\$	126,193	\$	53,516	235.80%	76.18%
2016	0.01887%		119,628		52,725	226.89%	74.49%
2017	0.01899%		143,273		53,946	265.59%	70.09%
2018	0.03450%		220,747		98,747	223.55%	70.09%
2019	0.03556%		237,568		102,337	232.14%	74.44%
2020	0.01082%		75,765		28,857	262.55%	73.49%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

\*For TRSL and LSERS, the amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

## SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS BY PLAN

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Co	ontractually		ontributions in Relation to Contractually	Со	ntribution		Contributions as a
Fiscal Year		Required ontributions	(	Required Contributions	Deficiency (Excess)		Employer's vered Payroll	% of Covered Payroll
Teachers' F	 Retire	ment System	of L	ouisiana:			 	· · ·
2015	\$	5,983,374	\$	5,974,194	\$	9,180	\$ 21,414,781	27.90%
2016		5,740,130		5,741,199		(1,069)	21,369,156	26.87%
2017		5,587,028		5,587,028		-	21,953,214	25.45%
2018		6,078,264		6,078,264		-	22,829,919	26.62%
2019		6,057,826		6,057,826		-	22,668,391	26.72%
2020		5,978,221		5,978,221		-	22,924,574	26.08%
State of Lou	uisian	a School Em	ploy	ees' Retirement	Syste	em:		
2015	\$	17,399	\$	17,476	\$	(77)	\$ 52,725	33.15%
2016		16,292		16,292		-	53,946	30.20%
2017		26,958		26,958		-	98,747	27.30%
2018		28,245		28,245		-	102,337	27.60%
2019		8,817		8,817		-	31,489	28.00%
2020		8,484		8,484		-	28,857	29.40%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE SCHOOL SYSTEM'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Total OPEB Liability	2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	
Service Cost	\$	336,202	\$	325,920	\$	319,529	\$	336,812	\$	336,812	\$	639,379
Interest		246,560		284,237		319,853		314,437		257,883		312,259
Changes to Benefit Terms		-		180,647		-		-		-		-
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		1,936,341		(232,143)		(459,228)		(63,394)		(448,485)		-
Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs		620,548		(17,827)		(29,432)		(1,292,067)		315,277		-
Benefit Payments		(750,535)		(334,672)	_	(415,447)		(397,413)	_	(374,942)	_	(250,192)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		2,389,116		206,162		(264,725)		(1,101,625)		86,545		701,446
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		9,522,158		9,315,996		9,580,721		10,682,346	_	10,595,801		9,894,355
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	11,911,274	\$	9,522,158	\$	9,315,996	\$	9,580,721	\$	10,682,346	\$	10,595,801
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	23,516,001	\$ 2	22,524,677	\$	22,083,017	\$	17,595,198	\$	17,595,198	\$	19,683,240
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		50.65%		42.27%		42.19%		54.45%		60.71%		53.83%

#### Notes to Schedule

There are no plan assets accumulated in a trust to pay OPEB benefits.

#### Changes of assumptions and other inputs between 2019 and 2020:

- 1) The discount rate was decreased from 3.0% to 2.6%.
- 2) The claim costs were derived from actual self-funded plan experience, including costs for stop/loss premiums and administrative expenses.
- 3) The future retiree plan elections were revised from HDHP: 35%, 0 Ded: 65% to HDHP: 47%, 0Ded: 53% based on 2020 elections.
- 4) The HSA contribution for HDHP participants from CCSS were assumed to continue in all future years and differed by medical tier.
- 5) The claim cost and contribution trends were revised using updated assumptions and experience.
- 6) The retirement and turnover rates were updated using the most recent TRSL Actuarial Valuation as of June 30, 2020.
- 7) The percent of future retirees assumed to be married decreased from 30% to 25% based on current retiree census info.
- 8) The mortality rates were updated to reflect the PubG.H-2010 Employee and Healthy Retiree Mortality Tables, Generational with Projection Scale MP-2019.

All other assumptions and inputs remained the same.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

#### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **Pension Liability:**

#### Changes of Benefit Terms

Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL):

- There were no changes of benefit terms for the years ended June 30, 2020, 2019, 2018, 2017, and 2016.
- A 1.5% cost of living adjustment (COLA), effective July 1, 2014, provided by Act 102 of the 2014 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session.

State of Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS):

• There were no changes of benefit terms for the years ended June 30, 2020, 2019, 2018, 2017, 2016, and 2015.

#### Changes in Assumptions

Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL):

- Assumptions regarding the discount rate changed from 7.65% to 7.55% in performing the June 30, 2019 valuation (used to measure the June 30, 2020 net pension liability).
- Assumptions regarding the discount rate changed from 7.70% to 7.65% in performing the June 30, 2018 valuation (used to measure the June 30, 2019 net pension liability).
- Assumptions regarding the discount rate changed from 7.75% to 7.70% in performing the June 30, 2017 valuation (used to measure the June 30, 2018 net pension liability).

State of Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS):

- Assumptions regarding the discount rate changed from 7.065% to 7.00% in performing the June 30, 2018 valuation (used to measure the June 30, 2019 net pension liability).
- Assumptions regarding the discount rate changed from 7.125% to 7.0625% in performing the June 30, 2018 valuation (used to measure the June 30, 2019 net pension liability).
- Assumptions regarding the discount rate changed from 7.00% to 7.125% in performing the June 30, 2016 valuation (used to measure the June 30, 2017 net pension liability).
- Assumptions regarding the discount rate changed from 7.25% to 7.00% in performing the June 30, 2015 valuation (used to measure the June 30, 2016 net pension liability).

### SCHEDULES REQUIRED BY STATE LAW

(R.S. 24:514 - PERFORMANCE AND STATISTICAL DATA)



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#### Independent Accountant's Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures

To the Members of the Board of the Central Community School System, the Louisiana Department of Education, and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor

We have performed the procedures enumerated below, which were agreed to by the management of Central Community School System; the Louisiana Department of Education, and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor (the specified parties), on the performance and statistical data accompanying the annual financial statements of the Central Community School System for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020; and to determine whether the specified schedules are free of obvious errors and omissions as provided by the Board of Elementary and Secondary Education (BESE) in compliance with Louisiana Revised Statute 24:514.I. Management of the Central Community School System is responsible for its performance and statistical data. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the specified parties. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures enumerated below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

### General Fund Instructional and Support Expenditures and Certain Local Revenue Sources (Schedule 4)

- 1. We selected a sample of 25 transactions and reviewed supporting documentation, and observed that the sampled expenditures/revenues are classified correctly and are reported in the proper amounts among the following amounts reported on the schedule:
  - Total General Fund Instructional Expenditures
  - Total General Fund Equipment Expenditures
  - Total Local Taxation Revenue
  - Total Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property
  - Total State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes
  - Nonpublic Textbook Revenue
  - Nonpublic Transportation Revenue

(No Differences Noted)

#### Class Size Characteristics (Schedule 5)

2. We obtained a list of classes by school, school type, and class size as reported on the schedule. We then traced a sample of 10 classes to the October 1 roll books for those classes and observed that the class was properly classified on the schedule.

(No Differences Noted)

#### Education Levels/Experience of Public School Staff (NO SCHEDULE)

3. We obtained October 1<sup>st</sup> PEP data submitted to the Department of Education (or equivalent listing prepared by management), including full-time teachers, principals, and assistant principals by classification, as well as their level of education and experience, and obtained management's representation the data/listing was complete. We then selected a sample of 25 individuals, traced to each individual's personnel file, and observed that each individual's education level and experience was properly classified on the PEP data or equivalent listing prepared by management.

(No Differences Noted)

#### Public School Staff Data: Average Salaries (NO SCHEDULE)

4. We obtained June 30<sup>th</sup> PEP data submitted to the Department of Education (or equivalent listing provided by management) of all classroom teachers, including base salary, extra compensation, and ROTC or rehired retiree status, as well as full-time equivalents, and obtained management's representation that the data/listing was complete. We then selected a sample of 25 individuals, traced to each individual's personnel file, and observed that each individual's salary, extra compensation, and full-time equivalents were properly included on the PEP data (or equivalent listing prepared by management).

(No Differences Noted)

This agreed-upon procedures engagement was performed in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the United States Comptroller General. We were not engaged to, and did not, conduct an examination or review, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on the performance and statistical data. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of testing performed on the performance and statistical data accompanying the annual financial statements of the Central Community School System, as required by Louisiana Revised Statute 24:514.I, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Respectfully submitted,

Hannis T. Bourgeois, LLP

Denham Springs, Louisiana February 22, 2021

### CENTRAL COMMUNITY SCHOOL SYSTEM Central, Louisiana

Schedules Required by State Law (R.S. 24:514 – Performance and Statistical Data) As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

### Schedule 4 - General Fund Instructional and Support Expenditures and Certain Local Revenue Sources

This schedule includes general fund instructional and equipment expenditures. It also contains local taxation revenue, earnings on investments, revenue in lieu of taxes, and nonpublic textbook and transportation revenue. This data is used either in the Minimum Foundation Program (MFP) formula or is presented annually in the MFP 70% Expenditure Requirement Report.

#### **Schedule 5 - Class Size Characteristics**

This schedule includes the percent and number of classes with student enrollment in the following ranges: 1-20, 21-26, 27-33, and 34+ students.

### GENERAL FUND INSTRUCTIONAL AND SUPPORT EXPENDITURES AND CERTAIN LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

<b>General Fund Instructional and Equipment Expenditures</b>	Column A	Column B
General Fund Instructional Expenditures:		
Teacher and Student Interaction Activities:		
Classroom Teacher Salaries	\$ 15,734,311	
Other Instructional Staff Activities	1,290,320	
Employee Benefits	6,908,563	
Purchased Professional and Technical Services	624,377	
Instructional Materials and Supplies	628,387	
Instructional Equipment	22,331	
Total Teacher and Student Interaction Activities		\$ 25,208,289
Other Instructional Activities		1,074,854
Pupil Support Activities	2,230,451	
Less: Equipment for Pupil Support Activities	-	
Net Pupil Support Activities		2,230,451
Instructional Staff Services	1,528,071	
Less: Equipment for Instructional Staff Services	- -	
Net Instructional Staff Services		1,528,071
School Administration	2,287,183	
Less: Equipment for School Administration	_,,	
Net School Administration		2,287,183
Total General Fund Instructional Expenditures (Total Column B)		\$ 32,328,848
Total General Fund Equipment Expenditures		\$ 22,331

### GENERAL FUND INSTRUCTIONAL AND SUPPORT EXPENDITURES AND CERTAIN LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **Certain Local Revenue Sources**

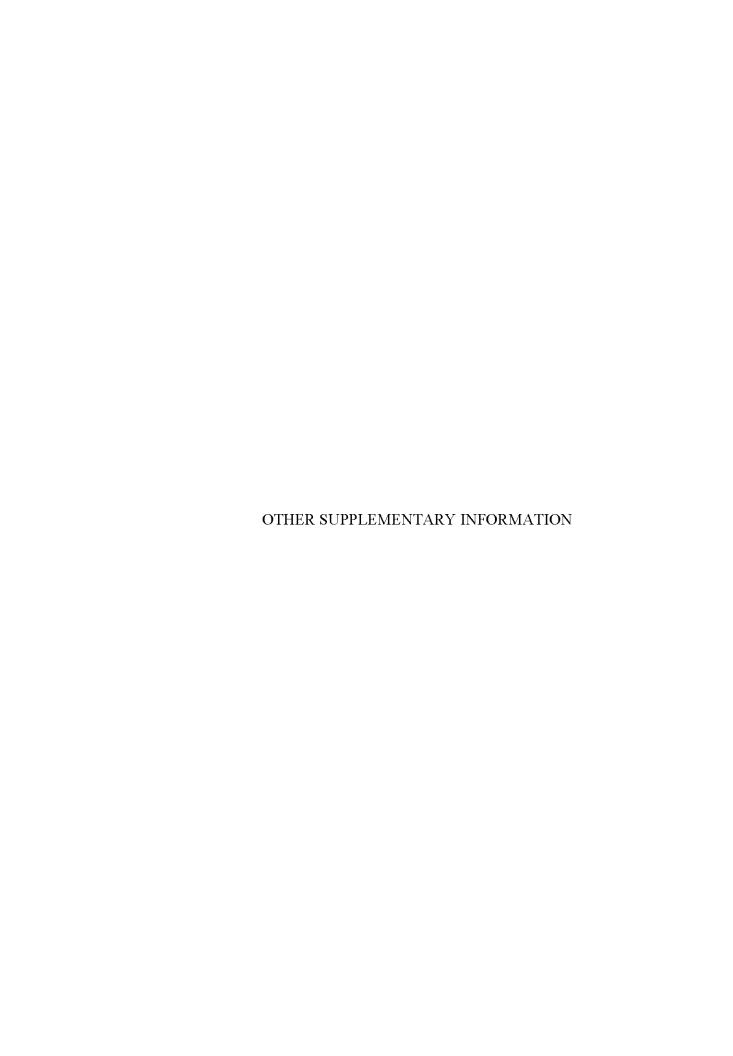
Local Taxation Revenue:	
Ad Valorem Taxes	
Constitutional Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 651,623
Renewable Ad Valorem Tax	5,009,664
Debt Service Ad Valorem Tax	3,941,218
Up to 1% of Collections by the Sheriff on Taxes Other than School Taxes	241,855
Sales and Use Taxes	9,509,115
Total Local Taxation Revenue	\$ 19,353,475
Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property:	
Earnings from 16th Section Property	\$ 8,000
Earnings from Other Real Property	-
Total Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property	\$ 8,000
State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes:	
Revenue Sharing - Constitutional Tax	\$ -
Revenue Sharing - Other Taxes	-
Revenue Sharing - Excess Portion	-
Other Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	-
Total State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	\$ -
Nonpublic Textbook Revenue	\$ -
Nonpublic Transportation Revenue	\$ -

#### **CLASS SIZE CHARACTERISTICS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Class Size Range										
	1 -	20	21 -	- 26	27	- 33	34+					
School Type	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number				
Elementary Activity Classes	9.7%	19	89.2%	174	0.0%	-	0.0%	2				
Elementary	15.2%	125	83.6%	686	0.0%	-	1.2%	10				
High Activity Classes	86.0%	111	8.5%	11	4.7%	6	0.8%	1				
High	55.3%	335	31.5%	191	13.2%	80	0.0%	-				
Middle/Jr. High Activity Classes	16.3%	8	6.1%	3	61.2%	30	16.3%	8				
Middle/Jr. High	39.2%	140	40.1%	143	20.7%	74	0.0%	-				

**Note:** The Board of Elementary and Secondary Education has set specific limits on the maximum size of classes at various grade levels. The maximum enrollment in grades K-3 is 26 students and maximum enrollment in grades 4-12 is 33 students. These limits do not apply to activity classes such as physical education, chorus, band, and other classes without maximum enrollment standards. Therefore, these classes are included only as separate line items.



#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessment, expendable trusts, or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Federal Grants Fund - The Federal Grants Fund is used to account for all Federal Grants not accounted for in the other Special Revenue funds. These programs include the Public Assistance grant, the Education Jobs Fund grant, the Vocational Education (Carl Perkins) grant, the Capital Area Human Resources Prevention grant, the Mathematics and Science Partnership grant, and the Enhancing Education Through Technology grant.

Improving America's Schools Fund includes the following programs:

#### Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies

Title I includes programs primarily in the areas of reading and math. These programs strive to meet the special needs of economically and educationally deprived children through federal funding for teachers, aids, instructional material, equipment and parental involvement.

#### Title II - Education for Economy Security Act

The Education for Economy Security Act is a federally funded program to provide financial assistance to improve the skills of teaching and instruction in mathematics, science, computer learning, and foreign languages; and increase the access of all students to this instruction.

Special Education Fund - Individuals with Disabilities Education Act

Individuals with Disabilities Education Act IDEA Part B is a federally funded program designed to assist states in providing free, appropriate education to all children with exceptionalities from 3 to 21 years of age in the least restrictive environment.

School Food Service Fund - The School Lunch Fund is a program that provides the students with balanced and nutritious meals. This program is federally financed, state-administered, and locally operated by the School System.

#### CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Proposition No. 1 Fund - This fund is used to account for the costs of major repairs and renovation of existing schools.

### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2020 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS AS OF JUNE 30, 2019)

	Special Revenue Funds						Capital								
			Iı	nproving			School				jects Fund		Total Nonmajor		
				America's		Special	Food			Pı	oposition		Governme	ntal :	
<u>ASSETS</u>	Fed	eral Grants		Schools	E	ducation	 Service	_	Total		No. 1		2020		2019
Cash	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 212,088	\$	,	\$	2,316,418	\$	2,528,506	\$	779,375
Receivables		513,714		137,617		155,516	9,266		816,113		-		816,113		2,038,075
Inventory		-		-		-	117,503		117,503		-		117,503		55,669
Due From Other Funds				-		-	41,277		41,277		-		41,277		37,908
Total Assets	\$	513,714	\$	137,617	\$	155,516	\$ 380,134	\$	1,186,981	\$	2,316,418	\$	3,503,399	\$	2,911,027
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES															
Liabilities:															
Accounts, Salaries and															
Other Payables	\$	27,286	\$	28,053	\$	-	\$ 1,116	\$	56,455	\$	170,012	\$	226,467	\$	15,785
Due to Other Funds		130,673		109,564		155,516	-		395,753		9,968		405,721		2,049,572
Total Liabilities		157,959		137,617		155,516	1,116		452,208		179,980		632,188		2,065,357
Deferred Inflows of Resources:															
Deferred Inflows of Resources-															
Unavailable Intergovernmental Revenues		452,714		-		-	-		452,714		-		452,714		1,614,900
Fund Equity:															
Fund Balances - Nonspendable:															
Inventory		-		-		-	117,503		117,503		-		117,503		55,669
Committed For:															
Construction Contracts		-		-		-	-		-		768,140		768,140		-
Assigned To:															
Capital Projects		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		330,888
School Lunch Program		-		-		-	261,515		261,515		-		261,515		480,914
Unassigned (Deficit)		(96,959)		-		-	 -		(96,959)		1,368,298		1,271,339		(1,636,701)
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		(96,959)		_		-	379,018	_	282,059		2,136,438		2,418,497		(769,230)
Total Liabilities and															
Fund Equity	\$	513,714	\$	137,617	\$	155,516	\$ 380,134	\$	1,186,981	\$	2,316,418	\$	3,503,399	\$	2,911,027

See independent auditor's report.

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS AS OF JUNE 30, 2019)

		Spe	cial Revenue Fun	Capital							
		Improving		School		Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor				
	Other	America's	1			Proposition	Governmer				
	Federal Grants	Schools	Education	Service	Total	No. 1	2020	2019			
Revenues:											
Local Sources:											
Food Services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 142,820	\$ 142,820	\$ -	\$ 142,820	\$ 189,522			
State Sources:											
Unrestricted Grants in Aid	-	-	-	150,000	150,000	-	150,000	150,000			
Federal Sources:											
Unrestricted - Indirect											
Cost Recoveries	-	37,744	55,365	-	93,109	-	93,109	93,101			
Restricted Grants-in-Aid - Subgrants	1,687,915	936,244	891,911	2,161,978	5,678,048	-	5,678,048	5,123,105			
Other-Commodities				186,873	186,873		186,873	185,827			
Total Revenues	1,687,915	973,988	947,276	2,641,671	6,250,850	-	6,250,850	5,741,555			
Expenditures:											
Instruction:											
Regular Programs	38,699	-	-	-	38,699	-	38,699	275,390			
Special Education Programs	-	-	322,133	-	322,133	-	322,133	440,356			
Other Programs	-	3,972	-	-	3,972	-	3,972	-			
Special Programs	-	240,878	-	-	240,878	-	240,878	647,386			
Support Services:											
Pupil Support	-	3,998	412,367	-	416,365	-	416,365	340,047			
Instructional Staff Support	109,445	520,921	117,970	-	748,336	-	748,336	782,247			
General Administration	5,155	-	-	-	5,155	-	5,155	14,807			
School Administration	18,222	-	-	-	18,222	-	18,222	13,783			
Plant Services	-	-	-	-	-	51,576	51,576	285,163			
Central Services	-	166,475	39,441	-	205,916	-	205,916	173,463			
Non-Instructional Services:											
Food Services	-	-	-	2,748,823	2,748,823	-	2,748,823	2,893,400			
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	50,413	50,413	927,200	977,613	728,239			
Total Expenditures	171,521	936,244	891,911	2,799,236	4,798,912	978,776	5,777,688	6,594,281			

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS AS OF JUNE 30, 2019)

			Spe	cial Revenue Fund		Capital	apital				
		_	Improving		School	_	Projects Funds		Total No		
		ther	America's	Other	Food		Proposition		Governmental Funds		
	Federa	d Grants	Schools	Federal	Service	Total	No. 1		2020		2019
Excess (Deficiency) of											
Revenues Over Expenditures	1,	516,394	37,744	55,365	(157,565)	1,451,938	(978,776)		473,162		(852,726)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):											
Transfers In		23,377	-	-	-	23,377	2,784,326		2,807,703		-
Transfers Out		(29)	(37,744)	(55,365)		(93,138)			(93,138)		(93,101)
Total Other Financing											
Sources (Uses)		23,348	(37,744)	(55,365)		(69,761)	2,784,326		2,714,565		(93,101)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses	1	539,742	_	_	(157,565)	1,382,177	1,805,550		3,187,727		(945,827)
•	1,	557,772			(137,303)	1,502,177	1,005,550		5,107,727		(543,027)
Fund Balances (Deficit) at  Beginning of Year	(1.	636,701)	-	=	536,583	(1,100,118)	330,888		(769,230)		176,597
		<del>-</del>	•	•				•	`	•	
Fund Balances (Deficit) at End of Year	3	(96,959)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 379,018	\$ 282,059	\$ 2,136,438	Э	2,418,497	Э.	(769,230)

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - FEDERAL GRANTS FUND

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

D		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual		ariance with Budget
Revenues: Federal Sources:							
Federal Grants	\$	149,526	\$1,577,448	¢	1,687,915	\$	110,467
	Ψ_			<u> </u>		Φ	
Total Revenues		149,526	1,577,448		1,687,915		110,467
Expenditures:							
Instruction:							
Regular Programs		48,140	265,540		38,699		226,841
Other Programs		-	287,000		-		287,000
Support Services:							
Instructional Staff Support		101,386	134,287		109,445		24,842
General Administration		-	7,000		5,155		1,845
School Administration		-	38,700		18,222		20,478
Total Expenditures		149,526	732,527		171,521		561,006
Excess of Revenues							
Over Expenditures		-	844,921		1,516,394		671,473
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers In		-	-		23,377		23,377
Transfers Out					(29)		(29)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					23,348		23,348
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses		-	844,921		1,539,742		694,821
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	(	1,636,701)	(1,636,701)		(1,636,701)		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$(	1,636,701)	\$ (791,780)	\$	(96,959)	\$	694,821
						_	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - IMPROVING AMERICA'S SCHOOLS ACT

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Budget
Revenues:				
Federal Sources:				
Federal Grants	\$ 805,215	\$ 1,144,196	\$ 973,988	\$ (170,208)
Total Revenues	805,215	1,144,196	973,988	(170,208)
Expenditures:				
Instruction:				
Other Programs	-	25,656	3,972	21,684
Special Programs	244,465	300,767	240,878	59,889
Support Services:				
Pupil Support	5,289	13,510	3,998	9,512
Instructional Staff Support	373,227	576,411	520,921	55,490
Central Services	124,520	183,213	166,475	16,738
Total Expenditures	747,501	1,099,557	936,244	163,313
Excess of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	57,714	44,639	37,744	(6,895)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers Out	(30,626)	(44,639)	(37,744)	6,895
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(30,626)	(44,639)	(37,744)	6,895
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over	27.000			
Expenditures and Other Uses	27,088	-	-	-
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year				-
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 27,088	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ -

See independent auditor's report.

### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - PUBLIC LAW 94-142 - SPECIAL EDUCATION

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Budget
Revenues:				
Federal Sources:				
Federal Grants	\$ 786,413	\$ 1,151,578	\$ 947,276	\$ (204,302)
Total Revenues	786,413	1,151,578	947,276	(204,302)
Expenditures:				
Instruction:				
Special Education Programs	287,417	414,932	322,133	92,799
Support Services:				
Pupil Support	386,569	478,243	412,367	65,876
Instructional Staff Support	81,840	152,732	117,970	34,762
Central Services	6,125	56,125	39,441	16,684
Total Expenditures	761,951	1,102,032	891,911	210,121
Excess of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	24,462	49,546	55,365	5,819
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers Out	(24,462)	(49,546)	(55,365)	(5,819)
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)	(24,462)	(49,546)	(55,365)	(5,819)
Excess of Revenues				
and Other Sources Over				
Expenditures and Other Uses	-	-	-	-
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year				
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ -	\$	\$ -	\$ -

#### SCHOOL FOOD SERVICE FUND

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Budget
Revenues:				
Local Sources:				
Food Services	\$ 208,200	\$ 143,380	\$ 142,820	\$ (560)
State Sources:				
Unrestricted Grants in Aid	150,000	150,000	150,000	-
Federal Sources:				
Federal Grants	2,500,000	2,161,978	2,161,978	-
Other-Commodities	186,873	186,873	186,873	
Total Revenues	3,045,073	2,642,231	2,641,671	(560)
Expenditures:				
Support Services:				
Plant Services	200	200	-	200
Non-Instructional Services:				
Food Services	2,757,174	2,649,152	2,748,823	(99,671)
Capital Outlay			50,413	(50,413)
Total Expenditures	2,757,374	2,649,352	2,799,236	(149,884)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	287,699	(7,121)	(157,565)	(150,444)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	536,583	536,583	536,583	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 824,282	\$ 529,462	\$ 379,018	\$ (150,444)

FIDUCIARY FUND
School Activity Fund - The School Activity Fund accounts for monies generated by the individual schools and school organizations within the system. While the school activity accounts are under the supervision of the School System's Board, they belong to the individual schools or their student bodies and are not available for use by the School System.

#### FIDUCIARY FUND

#### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

#### **ASSETS**

	_	2020	_	2019
Cash	\$_	925,872	\$_	842,816
Total Assets	\$_	925,872	\$_	842,816

#### LIABILITIES

Amounts Held for School Activities	\$_	925,872	5	842,816
Total Liabilities	\$_	925,872	\$	842,816

#### SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND

#### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN AMOUNTS HELD FOR SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Balance			Balance
School	July 1, 2019	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2020
Bellingrath Hills School	\$ 56,215	\$ 155,905	\$ 154,289	\$ 57,831
Tanglewood Elementary	138,011	215,710	218,963	134,758
Central Intermediate	116,708	256,571	252,914	120,365
Central Middle School	122,298	471,525	448,281	145,542
Central High School	409,584	799,066	741,274	467,376
Total	\$ 842,816	\$ 1,898,777	\$ 1,815,721	\$ 925,872

#### SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION PAID TO BOARD MEMBERS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Roxanne Atkinson, President	\$ 9,000
Dr. David Walker, Vice President	7,800
Dr. James W. Gardner	7,800
* Willard M. Easley	-
Sharon Watts Browning	7,800
Ruby W. Foil	7,800
Dr. Keith Holmes	7,800
Total	\$ 48,000

Term of Current Board Expires December 31, 2022.

<sup>\*</sup> Elected not to receive compensation in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

### SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS, AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO AGENCY HEAD

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513A, the following is a Schedule of Compensation and Benefits received by the Superintendent, who was the acting agency head, for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Dr. Jason Fountain	
Salary	\$	144,263
Conference Travel	·	2,438
Membership Dues		525
Registration Fees		960
Housing, Car, & Phone Allowance		14,400
Total	\$	162,586

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass - Through Grantor/Program Name	Federal CFDA Number	Agency or Pass- Through Number	Passed-through to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
United States Department of Agriculture				
Passed Through Louisiana Department of Agriculture and Forestry:				
National School Lunch Program [1]	10.555	N/A	\$ -	\$ 186,873
Passed Through Louisiana Department of Education:				
National Breakfast Program [1]	10.553	N/A	-	595,430
National School Lunch Program [1]	10.555	N/A		1,566,548
Total United States Department of Agriculture			-	2,348,851
United States Department of Education				
Passed Through Louisiana Department of Education:				
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	28-19-T1-69	11,017	675,187
Title II - Teacher and Principal Training and Recruiting	84.367A	28-19-50-69	42,191	242,094
Title III - English Language Acquisition	84.365A	28-19-60-69	-	19,576
Title III - Immigrant	84.365A	28-20-S3-69	-	2,555
Individuals with Disabilities Educational Act Special Education				
IDEA [2]	84.027A	28-19-B1-69	20,884	933,903
IDEA - Preschool [2]	84.173A	28-19-P1-69	-	11,373
Vocational Education - (Carl Perkins)	84.048A	28-19-02-69	-	43,680
State Personnel Development Grant - UIR	84.323	N/A	-	2,000
Title IV - Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	28-19-71-69	3,143	34,576
COVID19 - DOE Education Stabilization Fund	84.425D	28-20-ESRF-69	-	229
Striving Readers/Comprehensive Literacy	84.371C	28-18-SR06-69		104,411_
Total United States Department of Education			77,235	2,069,584

(CONTINUED)

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass - Through Grantor/Program Name	Federal CFDA Number	Agency or Pass- Through Number	Passed-through to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
United States Department of Defense  Reserve Officers' Training Corps  Total United States Department of Defense	None	N/A	-	70,471
United States Department of Homeland Security  Passed Through Louisiana Governor's Office of Homeland Security & Emergency Preparedness:  Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	N/A	-	377,409
Total United States Department of Homeland Security Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 77,235	377,409 \$ 4,866,315

<sup>[1]</sup> Total Child Nutrition Cluster: \$2,348,851

<sup>[2]</sup> Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA): \$945,276

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note A - Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Central Community School System and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards.

#### Note B - Food Distribution Program

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2020, the Central Community School System had food commodities totaling \$17,636 in inventory.

#### **Note C - Indirect Cost Rate Election**

The School System did not elect to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate during the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### Note D - Reconciliation of Federal Expenditures

Federal Assistance expended as reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$4,866,315
Add: revenue received in current year of prior year federal expenditures	1,539,595
Less: expenditures incurred in current year but not reimbursed by	
awarding agency as of June 30, 2020	(377,409)
Federal grant revenues	\$6,028,501
Revenues from Federal Sources as reported on:	
Statement E - All Governmental Fund Types - Statement of Revenues,	
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	\$6,028,501

See independent auditor's report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Members of the Board of the Central Community School System Central, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the budgetary comparison statement of the general fund, the fiduciary fund statement and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Central Community School System ("School System"), Central, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Central Community School System's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 22, 2021.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School System's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School System's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School System's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School System's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matter that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2020-01.

#### The Central Community School System's Response to Finding

The School System's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The School System's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or any assurance on them.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose; however, under Louisiana Revised Statue 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Respectfully submitted,

Hannis T. Bourgeois, LLP

Denham Springs, Louisiana February 22, 2021 INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE



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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Members of the Board of the Central Community School System Central, Louisiana

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Central Community School System's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Central Community School System's ("the School System") major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. Central Community School System's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School System's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School System's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School System's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Central Community School System complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the School System is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School System's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School System's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose; however, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Respectfully submitted, Harris T. Bourgeois, LLP

Denham Springs, Louisiana February 22, 2021

#### SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

A. As required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), the following is a summary of the results of our audit:

<u>Financial Statements</u>			
Type of auditor's report issued: unmodified			
Internal control over financial reporting:			
Material weaknesses identified?	Yes	X	No
• Significant deficiencies identified?	Yes	X	None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	X	No
Federal Awards			
Internal control over major programs:			
• Material weaknesses identified?	Yes	X	No
• Significant deficiencies identified?	Yes	X	None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major program	s: unmodified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported			
in accordance with the Uniform Guidance?	Yes	X	_No
Federal Grantor/			
Pass - Through Grantor/			CFDA
Program Name			<u>Number</u>
United States Department of Homeland Security			
Passed Through Louisiana Governor's Office of			
Homeland Security and Emergency Preparednes	s:		
Public Assistance Grant Program			97.036
United States Department of Education			
Passed Through Louisiana Department of Educat	ion:		
IDEA Part B – Grants to States [1]			84.027A
IDEA Part P – Preschool Grants [1]			84.173A
• The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B prog	rams was \$750.00	00.	
• The School System was determined to be a low-risk a			
[1] Special Education Cluster			

#### SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### B. Findings - Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

None

#### C. Findings - Compliance

#### Finding 2020-01 Unfavorable Budget Variance > 5% of Amended Budget

#### Criteria:

The School System is required to follow the requirements of the Louisiana Local Government Budget Act at LSA R.S. 39:1301 through 39:1315.

#### Condition:

State law requires that budgets be amended when actual revenues are less than budgeted revenues or actual expenditures exceed budgeted expenditures and other financing uses by 5% or more. An unfavorable budget variance for Actual Expenditures compared to Final Budgeted Expenditures in the Special Revenue Fund – School Food Service Fund exceeded the 5% variance required by state law.

#### Cause:

The School System's amended Final Budgeted Expenditures were not adjusted enough to reduce the budget variance below the 5% variance as required by state law.

#### Effect:

Because the School System's amended Final Budgeted Expenditures were not adjusted enough to reduce the budget variance below the 5% variance as required by state law, the budget variance for Actual Expenditures compared to Final Budgeted Expenditures created an unfavorable budget variance that exceeded the 5% variance required by state law.

#### Recommendation:

We recommend the School System implement procedures to monitor actual revenue and expenditures more closely and make appropriate budget amendments to comply with the law requiring the budget to actual variance be within 5%.

#### Management's Response:

During 2020, management took measures to assess and improve procedures in place to ensure budget to actual variances are monitored more closely and appropriate budget amendments are made in accordance with state law. Due to the COVID-19 outbreak in 2020, management was unable to implement these procedures due to the disruptions caused by the mandatory and voluntary closures of schools and school offices. However, they plan to implement these procedures during 2021.

#### SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

A. Findings - Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

None

B. Findings - Compliance

Finding 2019-01 Unfavorable Budget Variance > 5% of Amended Budget

#### Criteria:

The School System is required to follow the requirements of the Louisiana Local Government Budget Act at LSA R.S. 39:1301 through 39:1315.

#### Condition:

State law requires that budgets be amended when actual revenues are less than budgeted revenues or actual expenditures exceed budgeted expenditures and other financing uses by 5% or more. An unfavorable budget variance for Actual Expenditures compared to Final Budgeted Expenditures in the Special Revenue Fund – Federal Grant Fund exceeded the 5% variance required by state law.

#### Cause:

The School System's amended Final Budgeted Expenditures were not adjusted enough to reduce the budget variance below the 5% variance as required by state law.

#### Effect:

Because the School System's amended Final Budgeted Expenditures were not adjusted enough to reduce the budget variance below the 5% variance as required by state law, the budget variance for Actual Expenditures compared to Final Budgeted Expenditures created an unfavorable budget variance that exceeded the 5% variance required by state law.

#### Recommendation:

We recommended the School System implement procedures to monitor actual revenue and expenditures more closely and make appropriate budget amendments to comply with the law requiring the budget to actual variance be within 5%.

#### Management's Response:

During 2020, management took measures to assess and improve procedures in place to ensure budget to actual variances are monitored more closely and appropriate budget amendments are made in accordance with state law. Due to the COVID-19 outbreak in 2020, management was unable to implement these procedures due to the disruptions caused by the mandatory and voluntary closures of schools and school offices.

#### **Corrective Action:**

Finding 2019-01 was not resolved in 2020 as described in finding 2020-01.