

**LOUISIANA FOUNDATION
AGAINST SEXUAL ASSAULT, INC.**

BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA

JUNE 30, 2024



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Directors
Louisiana Foundation Against Sexual Assault, Inc.

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Louisiana Foundation Against Sexual Assault (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2024, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Louisiana Foundation Against Sexual Assault as of June 30, 2024, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Louisiana Foundation Against Sexual Assault and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Louisiana Foundation Against Sexual Assault's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Louisiana Foundation Against Sexual Assault's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Louisiana Foundation Against Sexual Assault's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency heads is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit

Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements.

The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 31, 2024, on our consideration of Louisiana Foundation Against Sexual Assault's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Louisiana Foundation Against Sexual Assault's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Louisiana Foundation Against Sexual Assault's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

S. A. Champagne & Co, LLP

Baton Rouge, Louisiana
December 31, 2024

LOUISIANA FOUNDATION AGAINST SEXUAL ASSAULT, INC.
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

June 30, 2024

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS

Cash	\$ 2,227,244
Accounts and other receivables	255,515
Total current assets	<u>2,482,759</u>

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Operating lease right-of-use asset, net	286,798
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OTHER ASSETS

Deposits	5,816
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Total assets	<u><u>\$ 2,775,373</u></u>
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LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS

CURRENT LIABILITIES

Accounts payable	\$ 177,933
Operating lease liability	37,870
Current portion of long-term debt	4,867
Total current liabilities	<u>220,670</u>

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Notes payable, less current portion	180,796
Operating lease liability, less current portion	248,928
Total long-term liabilities	<u>429,724</u>

Total liabilities	<u>650,394</u>
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NET ASSETS

With donor restrictions	1,616,963
Without donor restrictions:	
Board designated - debt service	185,663
Undesignated	322,353
Total net assets without donor restrictions	<u>508,016</u>

Total net assets	<u>2,124,979</u>
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Total liabilities and net assets	<u><u>\$ 2,775,373</u></u>
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See accompanying notes to financial statements

LOUISIANA FOUNDATION AGAINST SEXUAL ASSAULT, INC.
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
REVENUES AND OTHER SUPPORT			
Donations	\$ 22,073	\$ -	\$ 22,073
In-kind donations	12,400	-	12,400
Memberships	1,800	-	1,800
Governmental grants	1,380,345	-	1,380,345
Interest income	1,010	-	1,010
	<u>1,417,628</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,417,628</u>
Net assets released from restrictions:			
Satisfaction of time and purpose restrictions	568,336	(568,336)	-
	<u>568,336</u>	<u>(568,336)</u>	<u>-</u>
EXPENSES			
Program services	1,744,319	-	1,744,319
Management and general	123,112	-	123,112
Fundraising	48,828	-	48,828
	<u>1,916,259</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,916,259</u>
Change in net assets	69,705	(568,336)	(498,631)
Net assets - beginning of year	438,311	2,185,299	2,623,610
Net assets - end of year	<u>\$ 508,016</u>	<u>\$ 1,616,963</u>	<u>\$ 2,124,979</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements

LOUISIANA FOUNDATION AGAINST SEXUAL ASSAULT, INC.
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year Ended June 30, 2024

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Change in net assets	\$ (498,631)
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	
(Increase) decrease in accounts and other receivables	(30,688)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses	47,479
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>(481,840)</u>

CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	<u>-</u>
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CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Principal payments on long term debt	(4,936)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	<u>(4,936)</u>

NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	(486,776)
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Cash - beginning of year	2,714,020
Cash - end of year	<u><u>\$ 2,227,244</u></u>

SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Cash paid for:	
Interest	<u><u>\$ 7,766</u></u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements

LOUISIANA FOUNDATION AGAINST SEXUAL ASSAULT, INC.
STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Program Services	Management and General	Fundraising	Total
Salaries	\$ 368,466	\$ 21,894	\$ 21,276	\$ 411,636
Employee benefits	91,007	24,451	23,751	139,209
Equipment	6,871	-	-	6,871
Supplies and materials	25,270	3,885	275	29,430
Travel and training	64,323	-	-	64,323
Operating services	115,826	6,085	-	121,911
Professional services	209,909	57,339	-	267,248
Subrecipient cost	862,647	-	-	862,647
Other	-	9,458	3,526	12,984
	<u>\$ 1,744,319</u>	<u>\$ 123,112</u>	<u>\$ 48,828</u>	<u>\$ 1,916,259</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements

LOUISIANA FOUNDATION AGAINST SEXUAL ASSAULT, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

A: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of activities

Louisiana Foundation Against Sexual Assault, Inc. (the Organization) is a nonprofit organization dedicated to eliminating sexual violence and to ease the suffering of and facilitating the recovery of victims of sexual violence.

Basis of accounting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this method of accounting, revenue is recognized when earned or billed, and expenses are recognized when goods or services are received and the obligation for payment is incurred.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Basis of presentation

Net assets of the Organization and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Without donor restrictions – Net assets to support operations and not subject to donor restrictions. The only limits on the use of net assets without donor restrictions are the broad limits resulting from the nature of the Organization, the environment in which it operates, the purpose specified in its corporate documents and its application for tax-exempt status, and any limits resulting from contractual agreements with creditors and others that are entered into in the course of its operations.

With donor restrictions – Net assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations that will be met either by actions of the Organization and/or the passage of time. Items that affect this net asset category are gifts for which donor-imposed restrictions have not been met in the year of receipt, including gifts and pledges for building and equipment not yet placed in service. Also included in this net asset category are net assets subject to donor-imposed restrictions to be maintained permanently by the Organization, including gifts and pledges wherein donors stipulate that the corpus of the gift be held in perpetuity and that only income be made available for program operations.

A: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (*continued*)

When a donor's restriction is satisfied, either by using the resources in the manner specified by the donor or by the passage of time, the expiration of the restriction is reported in the financial statements by reclassifying the net assets from net assets with donor restrictions to net assets without donor restrictions.

Revenues are reported as increases in net assets without donor restrictions unless use of the related assets is limited by donor-imposed stipulations. Expenses are recorded as decreases in net assets without restrictions. Gains and losses on assets or liabilities are reported as increases or decreases in net assets without restrictions unless their use is restricted by explicit donor stipulation or by law. Expirations of temporary restrictions on net assets (i.e., the donor-stipulated purpose has been fulfilled and/or the stipulations passage of time has elapsed) are reported as net assets released from restrictions.

Fair value of financial instruments

The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents reported in the accompanying statement of financial position approximate fair value due to the short maturities and liquidity of those instruments.

Property and equipment

All purchased property and equipment is stated at cost. Expenditure for maintenance, repairs, and minor renewals are expensed as incurred. Major expenditures for renewals and betterments are capitalized. Donated property and equipment are recorded at estimated value at the date of donation.

As a general rule, when items are retired or otherwise disposed, accumulated depreciation is reduced by the accumulated amount of depreciation applicable thereto. Any gain or loss from such retirement or disposal is credited or charged to income in the year of the disposal.

It is the Organization's policy to capitalize all property, equipment, and furniture purchased with non-grant funds having an acquisition cost of \$5,000 or more. As of June 30, 2024 the organization had no capitalized property, equipment, or furniture.

Depreciation

Depreciation is computed on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable assets, ranging from three to ten years.

The useful lives are estimated based on historical experience with similar assets, taking into account anticipated technological or other changes. The Organization periodically reviews these lives relative to physical factors, economic factors, and industry trends.

If there are changes in the planned use of property equipment or if technological changes occur more rapidly than anticipated, the useful lives assigned to those assets may be shortened, resulting in the recognition of increased depreciation and amortization expenses in future periods.

A: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (*continued*)

Revenue recognition

The Organization utilizes the guidance in Accounting Standard Update (“ASU”) 2018-08 in the assessment of whether revenue is an exchange transaction or contribution and considers factors including commensurate value received, reciprocity, and donor-imposed conditions. The Organization recognizes contributions when cash, securities, or other assets; an unconditional promise to give; or a notification of a beneficial interest is received. Conditional promises to give - that is, those with a measurable performance or other barrier and a right of return - are not recognized until the conditions on which they depend have been met. A significant portion of the Organization's revenue is derived from cost-reimbursable federal and state contracts and grants, which are conditioned upon certain performance requirements and/or the incurrence of allowable qualifying expenditures. Amounts received are recognized as revenue when the Organization has incurred expenditures in compliance with specific contract or grant provisions. Amounts received prior to incurring qualifying expenditures are reported as refundable advances in the consolidated statements of financial position.

Revenue from government agency contracts is recognized as support with donor restrictions in the period in which the Organization provides the service and reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions when the restriction expires. If the restrictions are met in the same reporting period, they are reported as support without donor restrictions.

Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable represent amounts due from grantor agencies stated at the amount management expects to collect from outstanding balances. Management monitors outstanding balances and writes off all balances deemed uncollectible. Management believes all outstanding balances as of June 30, 2024, to be fully collectible.

Advertising

The Organization expenses the production costs of advertising the first time the advertising takes place. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Organization recognized no advertising costs.

Income taxes

The Organization is a not-for-profit organization that is exempt from federal income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Accordingly, no provision or liability for federal or state income taxes has been included in the accompanying financial statements.

The Organization accounts for income taxes in accordance with the income tax accounting guidance included in the FASB ASC. Under this guidance, the Organization may recognize the tax effects from an uncertain tax position only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained on examination by tax authorities. The Organization has evaluated its position regarding the accounting for uncertain income tax positions and does not believe that it has any material uncertain tax positions.

A: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (*continued*)

Functional expenses

The financial statements report certain categories of expenses that are attributable to more than one program or supporting function. Therefore, these expenses require allocation on a reasonable basis that is consistently applied. The expenses that are allocated include compensation and benefits, which are allocated based on estimates of time and effort, and occupancy, which is allocated on a square footage basis.

Leases

The Organization uses a right-of-use (ROU) model that requires a lessee to record a ROU asset and lease liability on the balance sheet for all leases with terms longer than 12 months. Leases are classified as either finance or operating, with classification affecting the pattern of expense recognition in the statement of activities.

B: LONG-TERM DEBT

In June 2020, the Organization received funds guaranteed by the Small Business Administration (SBA) to assist with funding of operating expenses a result of the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic in the amount of \$42,400. This loan bears interest at 2.75% annually and is payable in monthly installments of \$778 beginning in December 2022. This loan is due to mature in December 2052. In addition, during the fiscal year 2022, the Organization increased this loan amount with the SBA by \$148,200 for a total loan amount of \$190,600. As of June 30, 2024, \$4,937 of principal has been repaid and the outstanding balance is \$185,663.

Scheduled principal reductions for the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

Year ended June 30,	
2025	\$ 4,867
2026	5,003
2027	5,142
2028	5,285
2029	5,434
Thereafter	<u>159,932</u>
	<u><u>\$ 185,663</u></u>

C: LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Organization leases its office facilities under an operating lease with a third party that commenced in June 2016 and expired in May 2021, with two consecutive options to extend the lease for a period of five years each. The first of these two options was exercised in June 2021 and will expire in May of 2026. The Organization expects to exercise the second extension which will extend the lease to May of 2031. Monthly lease payments under the lease total \$3,899. The right-of-use assets and related liabilities have been calculated using a weighted average risk-free discount rate of 3.01%. The weighted-average remaining lease term for lease, excluding those classified as short term, was 6.92 years as of June 30, 2024.

The total lease expense under this agreement was \$46,793 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Future minimum lease payments under this operating lease as of June 30, 2024, is as follows:

<u>Year ended June 30,</u>	<u>Operating Leases</u>
2025	\$ 45,983
2026	45,983
2027	45,983
2028	45,983
2029	45,983
Thereafter	88,131
	<u>318,046</u>
Less amounts representing interest	<u>(31,248)</u>
	<u><u>\$ 286,798</u></u>

D: CONTRIBUTED SUPPORT

The Organization received in-kind donations of contractual services, supplies, and other expenses during the year ended June 30, 2024. Additionally, the Organization utilized the services of numerous volunteers during the year, who contributed time. The value of these in-kind donations was estimated at \$12,400, which is included as a component of revenues without donor restrictions and expenses in the accompanying financial statements as professional services.

E: PENSION PLAN

The Organization established a defined contribution plan covering all full-time employees. The Organization contributes to the plan an amount equal to 7% of the total employee's compensation. There was no change in the contribution rate from the prior year. Pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2024 totaled \$20,411, which is included in employee benefits in the accompanying financial statements.

F: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Organization paid to local sexual abuse centers throughout the state pass-through grant funds totaling \$862,647. These local centers may be affiliated with the Organization through memberships and as subrecipients of grant funds received by the Organization.

G: LIQUIDITY

The following reflects the Organization's financial assets as of June 30, 2024, reduced by amounts that are not available for general use due to contractual or donor-imposed restrictions within one year of the statement of financial position date.

Cash	\$ 2,227,244
Accounts receivable	255,515
Amounts unavailable for general expenditures within one year:	
Amounts designated by the board for debt service	(185,663)
Amounts with donor-imposed restrictions	<u>(1,616,963)</u>
Financial assets available to meet cash needs for	
general expenditure within one year	<u>\$ 680,133</u>

As part of its liquidity management, the Organization strives to structure its financial assets to be available as general expenditures, liabilities, and other obligations become due. The Board of Directors may occasionally designate amounts from its liquidity reserve that should be utilized in the event of an unanticipated liquidity need.

H: CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

The Organization maintains its cash in a checking account at commercial banks located in Louisiana. Accounts at this bank are guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000. Amounts on deposit at various times throughout the year may exceed the federally insured limit. As of June 30, 2024, the Organization had \$2,053,383 in uninsured cash balances.

I: CONCENTRATION OF REVENUE

The Organization receives a significant portion of its support under government contracts with the federal and state government. A reduction in the amount of support and revenue provided under these contracts, should this occur, could have significant impact on the Organization's ability to carry out its activities and support services at current levels. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Organization received approximately 97% of its funding through these contracts.

J: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events were evaluated through December 31, 2024 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

LOUISIANA FOUNDATION AGAINST SEXUAL ASSAULT, INC.
SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS, AND
OTHER PAYMENTS TO AGENCY HEAD

Year End June 30, 2024

Agency Head:

Rafael DeCastro, Executive Director

<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Salary	\$ 82,171
Benefits - insurance	20,256
Benefits - retirement	4,378
Benefits - payroll taxes	6,286
Per diem	1,494
Reimbursements	200
Travel	1,834

See auditor's report on supplementary information

LOUISIANA FOUNDATION AGAINST SEXUAL ASSAULT, INC.
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
Year Ended June 30, 2024

FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/PROGRAM CLUSTER TITLE	ASSISTANCE LISTING NUMBER	PASS THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFYING NUMBER	TOTAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES	AMOUNT PROVIDED TO SUBRECIPIENTS
U. S. Department of Justice				
Direct programs:				
State Sexual Assault Coalition Grant	16.556	--	\$ 183,195	\$ -
Pass through programs from Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement and Administration of Criminal Justice:				
SASP Administrative Funds	16.017	7245	13,031	-
SASP Administrative Funds	16.017	7810	14,239	-
Subtotal			<u>27,270</u>	<u>-</u>
Outreach/Campus Sexual Assault Program	16.575	7090	40,667	-
Outreach/Campus Sexual Assault Program	16.575	7438	107,174	-
Sexual Advocate Training Program	16.575	7598	75,189	-
Legal Advocate/Justice System Coordinator Program	16.575	7091	37,229	-
Legal Advocate/Justice System Coordinator Program	16.575	7439	93,010	-
Subtotal			<u>353,269</u>	<u>-</u>
Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA) Program	16.588	6576	22,457	
Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA) Program	16.588	7407	52,232	
Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA) Program	16.588	8053	11,600	
SAS Crisis Intervention Program	16.588	7408	94,792	-
SAS Crisis Intervention Program	16.588	8054	36,187	-
Subtotal			<u>217,268</u>	<u>-</u>
Total U.S. Department of Justice			<u>781,002</u>	<u>-</u>
U. S. Department of Health & Human Services				
Direct programs:				
NAES, National Alliance to End Sexual Violence	93.592		1,161	
Pass-through programs from State of Louisiana, Department of Health and Hospitals - Office of Public Health:				
Rape Prevention and Education	93.136	2000389153	452,774	340,012
RPE Administrative Coalition Grant	93.136	MTUHTJK2498	113,511	-
Subtotal			<u>566,285</u>	<u>340,012</u>
Department of Children and Family Services				
ARP - Support for Survivors of Sexual Assault	93.498		568,336	522,635
Total U.S. Dept. of Health & Human Services			<u>1,135,782</u>	<u>862,647</u>
Total Federal Expenditures			<u>\$ 1,916,784</u>	<u>\$ 862,647</u>

See notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards

LOUISIANA FOUNDATION AGAINST SEXUAL ASSAULT, INC.
NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

June 30, 2024

NOTE A—BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Louisiana Foundation Against Sexual Assault, Inc. (LAFASA) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of LAFASA, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of LAFASA.

NOTE B—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C—INDIRECT COST RATE

LAFASA has not elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Kimberly G. Sanders, CPA, MBA
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Member of the Private Companies
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**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON
COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING
STANDARDS***

To the Board of Directors of
Louisiana Foundation Against Sexual Assault, Inc.

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States the financial statements of Louisiana Foundation Against Sexual Assault, Inc. (LAFASA) (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2024, and the related statements of activities, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 31, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered LAFASA's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of LAFASA's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of LAFASA's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. *A material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether LAFASA's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

S. A. Champagne & Co, LLP

Baton Rouge, Louisiana
December 31, 2024

Kimberly G. Sanders, CPA, MBA
Neal Fortenberry, CPA
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Directors of
Louisiana Foundation Against Assault, Inc.

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Louisiana Foundation Against Assault, Inc.'s (LAFASA) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of LAFASA's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. LAFASA's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, LAFASA complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of LAFASA and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of LAFASA's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the

requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to LAFASA's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on LAFASA's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about LAFASA's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding LAFASA's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of LAFASA's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of LAFASA's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance

requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

S. A. Champagne & Co, LLP

Baton Rouge, Louisiana
December 31, 2024

LOUISIANA FOUNDATION AGAINST SEXUAL ASSAULT, INC.
SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS AND
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
Year Ended June 30, 2024

A: SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of Louisiana Foundation Against Sexual Assault, Inc.
2. No significant deficiencies in internal controls relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the "Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards*."
3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements were disclosed during the audit.
4. No significant deficiencies in internal controls over compliance with requirements applicable to major federal award programs are reported in the "Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance."
5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs expresses an unmodified opinion.
6. There were no reportable audit findings relative to the major federal awards programs for Louisiana Foundation Against Sexual Assault, Inc.
7. The program tested as major programs is as follows:

U.S. Department of Health & Human Services, passed through the State of Louisiana Department of Health & Hospitals – Office of Public Health:
CFDA 93.136 – Rape Prevention and Education
8. The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$750,000.
9. LAFASA was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

B: FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

There were no findings that are required to be reported in this section of the report.

C: FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAM AUDIT

There are no findings that are required to be reported in this section of the report.

D: SUMMARY OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

There are no findings that are required to be reported in this section of the report.



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

To the Board of Directors of Louisiana Foundation Against Sexual Assault, Inc., and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor:

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period July 1, 2023, through June 30, 2024. Louisiana Foundation Against Sexual Assault's (LAFASA) management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

LAFASA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period July 1, 2023, through June 30, 2024. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

1) Written Policies and Procedures

A. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe whether they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations:

i. ***Budgeting***, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

ii. ***Purchasing***, including (1) how purchases are initiated, (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list, (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders, (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law, and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

iii. ***Disbursements***, including processing, reviewing, and approving.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

- iv. ***Receipts/Collections***, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g., periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).
- Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.*
- v. ***Payroll/Personnel***, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee rates of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.
- Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.*
- vi. ***Contracting***, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.
- Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.*
- vii. ***Travel and Expense Reimbursement***, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.
- Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.*
- viii. ***Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, purchase cards, if applicable)***, including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).
- Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.*
- ix. ***Ethics***, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.
- Results: Not applicable as entity is a nonprofit organization.*
- x. ***Debt Service***, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.
- Results: Not applicable as entity is a nonprofit organization.*

- xi. **Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity**, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.

Results: We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

- xii. **Prevention of Sexual Harassment**, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

Results: Not applicable as entity is a nonprofit organization.

2) Board or Finance Committee

- A. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and

- i. Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

- ii. For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe whether the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds. *Alternatively, for those entities reporting on the not-for-profit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.*

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

- iii. For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.

Results: Not applicable as entity is a nonprofit organization.

- iv. Observe whether the board/finance committee received written updates of the progress of resolving audit finding(s), according to management's corrective action plan at each meeting until the findings are considered fully resolved.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

3) Bank Reconciliations

- A. Obtain a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:

- i. Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged);

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

- ii. Bank reconciliations include written evidence that a member of management or a board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

- iii. Management has documentation reflecting it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

4) Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)

- A. Obtain a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

- B. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (e.g., 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if there are no written policies or procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that

- i. Employees responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers;

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

- ii. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g., pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit;

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

- iii. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit; and

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

- iv. The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions, is (are) not also responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

- C. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe that the bond or insurance policy for theft was in force during the fiscal period.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

- D. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). *Alternatively, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc.* Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:

- i. Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

- ii. Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

- iii. Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

- iv. Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

- v. Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

5) Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

- A. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

- B. For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that

- i. At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order or making the purchase;

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

- ii. At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors;

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

- iii. The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files;

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

- iv. Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments; and

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

- v. Only employees/officials authorized to sign checks approve the electronic disbursement (release) of funds, whether through automated clearinghouse (ACH), electronic funds transfer (EFT), wire transfer, or some other electronic means.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

- C. For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction, and
- i. Observe whether the disbursement, whether by paper or electronic means, matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates that deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity, and
Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
 - ii. Observe whether the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under procedure #5B above, as applicable.
Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
- D. Using the entity's main operating account and the month selected in Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A, randomly select 5 non-payroll-related electronic disbursements (or all electronic disbursements if less than 5) and observe that each electronic disbursement was (a) approved by only those persons authorized to disburse funds (e.g., sign checks) per the entity's policy, and (b) approved by the required number of authorized signers per the entity's policy. Note: If no electronic payments were made from the main operating account during the month selected the practitioner should select an alternative month and/or account for testing that does include electronic disbursements.
Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

6) Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/Purchase Cards (Cards)

- A. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and purchase cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.
Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
- B. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement). Obtain supporting documentation, and
- i. Observe whether there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) were reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved) by someone other than the authorized card holder (those instances requiring such approval that may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials, such as the mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality, should not be reported); and

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

- ii. Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

- C. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under procedure #6B above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (e.g., each card should have 10 transactions subject to inspection). For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and observe whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a “missing receipt statement” that is subject to increased scrutiny.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

7) Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

- A. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management’s representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements and obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected

- i. If reimbursed using a per diem, observe that the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov);

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

- ii. If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased;

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

- iii. Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by Written Policies and Procedures procedure #1A(vii); and

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

- iv. Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

8) Contracts

- A. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. *Alternatively, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list.* Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and
- i. Observe whether the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law;
Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
 - ii. Observe whether the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g., Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter);
Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
 - iii. If the contract was amended (e.g., change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, the documented approval); and
Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
 - iv. Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.
Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

9) Payroll and Personnel

- A. Obtain a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.
Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
- B. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under procedure #9A above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and
- i. Observe that all selected employees or officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory);
Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

- ii. Observe whether supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials;
Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
- iii. Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records; and
Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
- iv. Observe the rate paid to the employees or officials agrees to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.
Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
- C. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials and obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee's or official's cumulative leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee's or official's authorized pay rates in the employee's or official's personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.
Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
- D. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.
Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

10) Ethics

- A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A obtain ethics documentation from management, and
 - a. Observe whether the documentation demonstrates that each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:1170; and
Results: Not applicable as the agency is a nonprofit organization.
 - b. Observe whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates that each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.
Results: Not applicable as the agency is a nonprofit organization.
- B. Inquire and/or observe whether the agency has appointed an ethics designee as required by R.S. 42:1170.
Results: Not applicable as the agency is a nonprofit organization.

11) Debt Service

- A. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued as required by Article VII, Section 8 of the Louisiana Constitution.

Results: Not applicable as the agency is a nonprofit organization.

- B. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

Results: Not applicable as the agency is a nonprofit organization.

12) Fraud Notice

- A. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled as required by R.S. 24:523.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

- B. Observe that the entity has posted, on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

13) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

- A. Perform the following procedures, **verbally discuss the results with management, and report "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management."**
- a) Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe evidence that such backup (a) occurred within the past week, (b) was not stored on the government's local server or network, and (c) was encrypted.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

- b) Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

- c) Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

- B. Randomly select 5 terminated employees (or all terminated employees if less than 5) using the list of terminated employees obtained in procedure #9C. Observe evidence that the selected terminated employees have been removed or disabled from the network.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

- C. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A, obtain cybersecurity training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates that the following employees/officials with access to the agency's information technology assets have completed cybersecurity training as required by R.S. 42:1267.

Results: Not applicable as the agency is a nonprofit organization

14) Prevention of Sexual Harassment

- A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:343.

Results: Not applicable as the agency a nonprofit organization.

- B. Observe that the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).

Results: Not applicable as the agency is a nonprofit organization.

C. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe that the report includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:

- i. Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;

Results: Not applicable as the agency is a nonprofit organization.

- ii. Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;

Results: Not applicable as the agency is a nonprofit organization.

- iii. Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;

Results: Not applicable as the agency is a nonprofit organization.

- iv. Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and

Results: Not applicable as the agency is a nonprofit organization.

- v. Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

Results: Not applicable as the agency is a nonprofit organization.

We were engaged by Louisiana Foundation Against Sexual Assault, Inc. to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of Louisiana Foundation Against Sexual Assault, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

S. A. Champagne & Co, LLP

*Baton Rouge, Louisiana
December 31, 2024*

LOUISIANA FOUNDATION AGAINST SEXUAL ASSAULT, INC.

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Management's Response to Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

None noted.