

Fire Protection District No. 6 of Bienville Parish
Castor, Louisiana

Annual Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2025

Fire Protection District No. 6 of Bienville Parish

Annual Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2025
With Supplemental Information Schedules

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Wade & Perry, CPAs
A Professional Accounting Corporation
Members: AICPA/ Society of LCPA's

Independent Auditor's Report

Fire Protection District No. 6 of Bienville Parish
Castor, Louisiana

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities of Fire Protection District No. 6 of Bienville Parish (District) as of December 31, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities of the District as of December 31, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based of the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

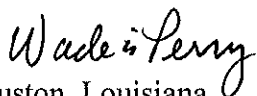
Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on pages 23 and 24 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head and schedule of compensation paid commissioners are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated April 10, 2026, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of the testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Ruston, Louisiana
April 10, 2026

Statement A

Fire Protection District No. 6 of Bienville Parish
Statement of Net Position
December 31, 2025

ASSETS

Cash and equivalents	\$191,320
Receivables	694,181
Capital assets (net)	<u>1,487,362</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$2,372,863</u>

LIABILITIES

Accounts, salaries, and other payables	\$33,262
Pumper note payable - current	106,544
Pumper note payable - long term	<u>470,119</u>
Total liabilities	609,925

NET POSITION

Prior Period Adjustment	0
Net investment in capital assets	910,699
Unassigned	<u>852,239</u>
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$1,762,938</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Statement B

Fire Protection District No. 6 of Bienville Parish
Statement of Governmental Fund Revenues,
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances/
Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2025

Expenditures/Expenses

Public safety:

Personal services	\$168,987
Operating services	203,994
Materials and supplies	19,088
Travel	2,275
Intergovernmental	21,059
Debt service	26,921
Depreciation and amortization expense	<u>250,152</u>
Total Expenditures/Expenses	<u>692,476</u>

Program Revenues

Grant income	<u>8,105</u>
Net Program Expense	(684,371)

General Revenues

Ad valorem taxes	690,616
Fire insurance rebate	12,513
Interest earned	1,562
Other revenues	7,031
Gain/(loss) on disposal of assets	<u>750</u>
Total General Revenues	<u>712,472</u>

Change in Net Position

Beginning of Year	<u>1,734,837</u>
End of Year	<u>\$1,762,938</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Fire Protection District No. 6 of Bienville Parish
Balance Sheet, General Fund
December 31, 2025

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$191,320
Receivables	<u>694,181</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u><u>\$885,501</u></u>

LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY

Accounts, salaries, and other payables	33,262
Deferred revenue	<u>22,310</u>
Total liabilities	55,572
Fund equity - fund balance - unassigned	<u>829,929</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	<u><u>\$885,501</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Fire Protection District No. 6 of Bienville Parish
 Reconciliation of The Governmental Funds Balance Sheet
 to The Government-Wide Financial Statement of Net Position
 December 31, 2025

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Fund balances, Total governmental funds (Statement C)	\$829,929	
Deferred revenues are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental fund	22,310	
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in current period; therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Pumper note payable	(576,663)	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Governmental capital assets	4,853,184	
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(3,365,822)</u>	<u>1,487,362</u>
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities (Statement A)		<u><u>\$1,762,938</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Fire Protection District No. 6 of Bienville Parish
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2025

REVENUES	
Ad valorem taxes	\$668,308
Fire insurance rebate	12,513
Interest earned	1,562
Other revenues	7,031
Grant income	<u>8,105</u>
Total Revenues	697,519
EXPENDITURES	
Public safety:	
Personal services	168,987
Operating services	203,994
Materials and supplies	19,088
Travel and other	2,275
Capital outlay	166,666
Debt service	129,403
Intergovernmental	<u>21,059</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>711,472</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(13,953)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Sale of asset	<u>750</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>750</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and other sources over Expenditures and other uses	(13,203)
Fund Balances – beginning	843,132
Prior period adjustment	<u>0</u>
Fund Balances – ending	<u><u>\$829,929</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Fire Protection District No. 6 of Bienville Parish
 Reconciliation of The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,
 and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
 to the Statement of Activities
 For the Year Ended December 31, 2025

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net Change in Fund Balances, Total governmental funds (Statement E)	(\$13,203)
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Some revenues reported in the Statement of Activities are not available as current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as revenue in the governmental fund.	22,310
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Debt service payments for principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but principal payments reduce long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	102,480
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Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay (\$166,666) exceeded depreciation and amortization (\$250,152) in the current period.	<u>(83,486)</u>
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Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Statement B)	<u><u>\$28,101</u></u>
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Fire Protection District No. 6 of Bienville Parish
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2025

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Fire Protection District No. 6 of Bienville Parish ("District") was created by the Bienville Parish Police Jury, as authorized by Louisiana Revised Statute 40:1492 on July 13, 1977. The district is governed by a five member board, two members appointed by the police jury, one member appointed by the Town of Castor, one member appointed by the Town of Bienville, and one appointed by board members. Board members serve without compensation. The district is responsible for maintaining and operating fire stations and equipment and providing fire protection within the boundaries of the district.

The accompanying financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity with GASB Statement 34, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments*, issued in June, 1999.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

As the governing authority of the parish, for reporting purposes, the Bienville Parish Police Jury is the financial reporting entity for Bienville Parish. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government (police jury), (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the Bienville Parish Police Jury for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes:

1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and:
 - a. The ability of the police jury to impose its will on that organization and/or;
 - b. The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the police jury.
2. Organizations for which the police jury does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the police jury.
3. Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

Fire Protection District No. 6 of Bienville Parish
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2025

Because the police jury created the district, appoints certain commissioners, and has the ability to impose its will on the district, the district was determined to be a component unit of the Bienville Parish Police Jury, the financial reporting entity. The accompanying financial statements present information only on the funds maintained by the District and do not present information on the police jury, the general government services provided by that governmental unit, or the other governmental units that comprise the financial reporting entity.

B. Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charge to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The major individual governmental fund, which is the general fund, is reported in the fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange or exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange occurs (regardless of when cash is received or disbursed). Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions*.

Program Revenues - Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities (Statement B) are derived directly from parties outside the district's taxpayers or citizenry. Program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the district's general revenues.

Allocation of Indirect Expenses - The district reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities (Statement B). Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Indirect expenses of other functions are not allocated to those functions but are reported separately in the Statement of Activities. Depreciation expense, which can be specifically identified by function, is included in the direct expenses of each function.

Fire Protection District No. 6 of Bienville Parish
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2025

C. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the district are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the district. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. Funds are classified into three categories; governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types". Governmental funds are used to account for a government's general activities, where the focus of attention is on the providing of services to the public as opposed to proprietary funds where the focus of attention is on recovering the cost of providing services to the public or other agencies through service charges or user fees. The district's current operations require the use of only governmental funds. The governmental fund type used by the district is described as follows:

Governmental Fund Type

General Fund - The General Fund is the principal fund of the district and is used to account for the operations of the district's office. The various fees and charges due to the district's office are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures are paid from this fund.

D. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurement made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

1. Accrual:

The governmental type activities in the government-wide financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

2. Modified Accrual:

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief

Fire Protection District No. 6 of Bienville Parish
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2025

explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The district considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after the fiscal year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for interest and principal payments on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

Revenues

Ad valorem taxes are budgeted in the year the taxes are due and payable. Ad valorem taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis and attach as an enforceable lien and become due and payable on the date the tax rolls are filed with the recorder of mortgages. Louisiana Revised Statute 47; 1993 requires that the tax roll be filed on or before November 15 of each year. Ad valorem taxes become delinquent if not paid by December 31. The taxes are normally collected in December of the current year and January and February of the ensuing year.

Other intergovernmental revenues are recorded when the district is entitled to the funds.

Interest income on demand deposits is recorded when the interest has been earned and the amount is determinable.

Based on the above criteria, ad valorem taxes and other intergovernmental revenues have been treated as susceptible to accrual.

Expenditures

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred.

E. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Under state law, the fire district may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. At December 31, 2025, the fire district has cash and cash equivalents (book balances) totaling \$191,320.

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the government will not be able to recover its deposits. Under state law,

Fire Protection District No. 6 of Bienville Parish
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2025

the deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal or exceed the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the fire district that the fiscal agent bank has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand. Further, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1224 states that securities held by a third party shall be deemed to be held in the Fire District's name.

These deposits are secured as follows:

Bank balances	<u>\$191,523</u>
Federal deposit insurance	\$250,000
Pledged securities (uncollateralized)	<u>0</u>
Total	<u>\$250,000</u>

F. RISK MANAGEMENT

The fire district is exposed to various risk of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; and injuries to employees. To handle such risk of loss, the police jury maintains coverage on the fire district. The policy covers general liability, property, employee liability, and public officials liability. No claims were paid on any of the policies during the past three years which exceeded the policies' coverage amounts. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the year ended December 31, 2025.

G. EQUITY CLASSIFICATIONS

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowing that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position - Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position - All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fire Protection District No. 6 of Bienville Parish
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2025

When an expense is incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, management applies unrestricted resources first, unless a determination is made to use restricted resources. The policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use and legal requirements. This decision is typically made by management at the incurrence of the expense.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance and displayed in five components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

Nonspendable - represents amounts that are not expected to be converted to cash because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - represents balances where constraints have been established by parties outside the District's office or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - represents balances that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority.

Assigned - represents balances that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are not restricted nor committed.

Unassigned - represents balances that have not been assigned to other funds and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

The General Fund has an unassigned fund balance of \$843,132. If applicable, the District would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources and assigned resources as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first and to defer the use of these other classified funds.

H. ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. LEVIED TAXES

The district is authorized to levy a maximum tax of 7.85 mills on property within the boundaries of the district for maintenance and operation of the district. The district levied 7.85 mills for 2025. The tax was renewed and will expire with the 2025 tax roll. The district levied an additional 10.00 mills for 2025. The tax will expire with the 2033 tax roll. The district is authorized to levy a maximum tax of 10.00 mills on

Fire Protection District No. 6 of Bienville Parish
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2025

property within the boundaries of the district for acquiring, constructing, improving, maintaining, operating and/or purchasing fire protection equipment and facilities and emergency medical service facilities, vehicles, and equipment for the district, including payment of salaries in connection therewith.

The difference between authorized and levied millage is the result of reassessments of taxable property in the parish, as required by Article VII, Section 18 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974. The following are the principal taxpayers for the parish and their 2025 assessed valuation (amounts expressed in thousands).

	Assessed Valuation	% of Total Assessed Valuation
ETC Tiger Pipeline LLC	12,250,628	31.66%
Bear Creek Storage Co	5,447,651	14.08%
Enterprise TE Pipeline Co	4,366,930	11.29%
Gulf South Pipeline LP	3,975,610	10.28%
Gulf Run Transmission LLC	3,027,784	7.83%
Entergy Louisiana	2,095,660	5.42%

3. CAPITAL ASSETS

The following presents the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2025:

	12/31/2024 Balance	Adjustments	Additions	Deletions	12/31/2025 Balance
Land	\$100,000				\$100,000
Construction in progress	0		\$31,631		31,631
Buildings	1,388,390				1,388,390
Vehicles	1,943,372		130,265	(\$110,000)	1,963,637
Equipment	604,778		4,770		609,548
Right to use assets	759,978				759,978
Total	<u>4,796,518</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>166,666</u>	<u>(110,000)</u>	<u>4,853,184</u>
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	<u>(3,225,670)</u>		<u>(250,152)</u>	<u>110,000</u>	<u>(3,365,822)</u>
Net capital assets	<u>\$1,570,848</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>(\$83,486)</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$1,487,362</u>

4. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In August, 2023, the District entered into a 84-month lease-purchase agreement for a Spartan commercial pumper for \$759,978. The lease-purchase requires 7 annual payments of \$129,403 each beginning in March, 2024 and the pumper will be retained by the District. Interest expense of \$26,921 was recognized as an outflow.

Fire Protection District No. 6 of Bienville Parish
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2025

	Loans payable
Long-term obligations, 12/31/24	\$679,143
Additions	0
Reductions	<u>(102,480)</u>
Long-term obligations, 12/31/25	<u>\$576,663</u>

At December 31, 2025, the future minimum payments are summarized as follows:

Fiscal year ending December 31:	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2026	\$106,544	\$22,859
2027	110,768	18,635
2028	115,158	14,245
2029	119,723	9,680
2030	<u>124,470</u>	<u>4,933</u>
Total future payments	<u>\$576,663</u>	<u>\$70,352</u>

5. PENSION PLANS

The district has one full-time employee and several part time employees who participate in the social security system. The employee contributes 7.65% of their total salary to social security (FICA and Medicare) which is matched by employer contributions.

6. LITIGATION AND CLAIMS

The District is not involved in any litigation at December 31, 2025, nor is it aware of any unasserted claims.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of; damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District attempts to minimize risk from significant losses through the purchase of insurance.

8. DATE OF MANAGEMENT REVIEW

Subsequent events have been evaluated through April 10, 2026, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

Fire Protection District No. 6 of Bienville Parish
Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments
to Agency Head
For the Year Ended December 31, 2025

Schedule 1

Agency Head Name: Thomas "Adrian" Batchelor, Fire Chief

Purpose	Amount
Salary	\$43,000
Benefits-social security & medicare	3,290

Fire Protection District No. 6 of Bienville Parish
Schedule of Compensation Paid Commissioners
For the Year Ended December 31, 2025

Schedule 2

The schedule of compensation paid to commissioners is presented in compliance with House Concurrent Resolution No. 54 of the 1979 Session of the Louisiana Legislature. The commissioners receive \$30 compensation for each meeting. This also includes payments for firefighter reimbursements.

Alvie Myers, Chairman	\$180
Randall Hill	180
Marsha Hay	480
James Litton	210

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Fire Protection District No. 6 of Bienville Parish
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes
in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts			Favorable (Unfavorable) Variance
	Original	Final	Actual	
REVENUES				
Ad valorem taxes	\$745,141	\$745,141	\$668,308	(\$76,833)
Intergovernmental - fire insurance rebate	12,000	12,000	12,513	513
Use of money and property	1,200	1,200	1,562	362
State & local grants	50,000	9,000	8,105	(895)
Miscellaneous revenues	15,000	10,000	7,031	(2,969)
Total Revenues	823,341	777,341	697,519	(79,822)
EXPENDITURES				
Public safety:				
Utilities	24,000	24,000	27,692	(3,692)
Fuel	8,000	8,000	6,560	1,440
Maintenance	91,000	91,000	76,894	14,106
Insurance	45,000	45,000	43,399	1,601
Dues and fees	1,500	1,500	258	1,242
Office	6,000	6,000	906	5,094
Legal and professional	40,000	40,000	40,532	(532)
Payroll expenses	220,000	220,000	157,049	62,951
Payroll taxes	18,600	18,600	11,938	6,662
Training	16,000	16,000	2,275	13,725
Reimbursed mileage	1,500	1,500	0	1,500
Uniforms	10,000	10,000	11,622	(1,622)
Miscellaneous community expense	1,500	1,500	337	1,163
Publications and software	10,000	10,000	9,802	198
Firefighter reimbursement	12,000	12,000	5,080	6,920
Capital outlay	412,241	366,241	166,666	199,575
Debt service principal	0	0	102,482	(102,482)
Debt service interest	0	0	26,921	(26,921)
Intergovernmental	16,000	16,000	21,059	(5,059)
Total Expenditures	933,341	887,341	711,472	175,869
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	(110,000)	(110,000)	(13,953)	96,047
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Sale of assets	0	0	750	750
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	750	750
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and other financing sources over (under) Expenditures and other financing uses	(110,000)	(110,000)	(13,203)	96,797
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	110,000	110,000	843,132	733,132
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$0	\$0	\$829,929	\$829,929

See accompanying note to budgetary comparison schedule.

Fire Protection District No. 6 of Bienville Parish
Castor, Louisiana

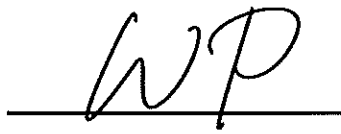
NOTE TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

The proposed budget for the General Fund, prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, is made available for public inspection at least fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. The budget is then legally adopted by the district and amended during the year, as necessary. The budget is established and controlled by the board of commissioners at the object level of expenditure. Appropriations lapse at year-end and must be reappropriated for the following year to be expended. All changes in the budget must be approved by the board of commissioners.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year. Budgeted amounts included in the accompanying financial statement include the original adopted budget amounts for the year ended December 31, 2025. There was one budget amendment for the year ended December 31, 2025.

Explanation of material variances: overbudgeted ad valorem taxes

OTHER REPORTS



Wade & Perry, CPAs

A Professional Accounting Corporation

Members: AICPA/ Society of LCPA's

Report on Compliance and Other Matters and on Internal Control
over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements
Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Commissioners
Fire Protection District No. 6 of Bienville Parish
Castor, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities of Fire Protection District No. 6 of Bienville Parish ("District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 10, 2026.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings, Recommendations and Corrective Action Plan, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in

internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs to be material weaknesses. 2025-02

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs to be significant deficiencies. 2025-01

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2025-03.

District's Response to Findings

The District's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Corrective Action Plan. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wade & Perry

Ruston, Louisiana
April 10, 2026

Fire Protection District No. 6 of Bienville Parish
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
For the Year Ended December 31, 2025

A. Summary of Audit Results

1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the general purpose financial statements of the District.
2. One instance of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the District was disclosed during the audit.
3. Two significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the financial statements is reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control.

B. Financial Statements Findings

2025-01. Lack of segregation of duties

Condition: The District does not have an adequate segregation of duties regarding its accounting and reporting system to maintain a complete system of internal control. This is a repeat finding.

Criteria: Considered good business practice to have segregation of duties wherever possible.

Cause: Small government entity with limited personnel available

Effect: Potential misstatements in financial statements may not be detected and is at risk for fraud.

Recommendation: We recommend that it would not be cost effective for the District to hire additional personnel to resolve this problem. Also we recommend the district consider the costs and benefits of separation of duties between personnel to ensure that internal controls are maintained as effectively as is possible with limited staff.

2025-02. General accounting is inadequate

Condition: Management has chosen to engage the auditor to propose certain year-end adjusting entries and to prepare their annual financial statements. This condition is intentional by management based upon the District's financial complexity, along with the cost effectiveness of acquiring the ability to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. In relation to this decision, internal controls over the preparation of year-end adjusting entries and annual financial statements, complete with notes, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, have not been established. This is a repeat finding.

Criteria: Considered material weakness if District cannot apply generally accepting accounting principles.

Cause: The District does not have staff capable of preparing report and notes and applying generally accepting accounting principles.

Effect: Potential misstatements in financial statements may not be detected

Recommendation: No recommendation is made for this deficiency. Management must determine whether the benefit from an internal control deficiency exceeds its cost, and therefore it may be impractical to correct all deficiencies required to be reported under SAS 112. The cost benefit analysis is not a factor in the reporting requirement of SAS 112. We do not believe that correcting the significant deficiency as described above would be cost effective or practical for the District.

2025-03. Budget violation

Condition: For the year ended December 31, 2025, the General fund budgeted revenues exceeded actual revenues by more than 5%.

Criteria: According to LRS 39:1310, failing to amend the budget when necessary is a violation of the local government budget act.

Cause: The budget was not amended for ad valorem revenues.

Effect: Noncompliance with local budget law

Recommendation: The District should monitor budget and actual figures and amend as necessary before the year ends.

Fire Protection District No. 6 of Bienville Parish
Summary of Prior Year Findings
For the Year Ended December 31, 2025

A. INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 2024-01. Lack of segregation of duties
Conclusion: Unresolved - See 2025-01
- 2024-02. Deficiency in internal control over financial reporting
Conclusion: Unresolved - See 2025-02
- 2024-03. Budget violation
Conclusion: Unresolved - See 2025-03

Fire Protection District No. 6 of Bienville Parish
Castor, Louisiana
Management's Response
For the Year Ended December 31, 2025

- 2025-01. Management is aware of the lack of segregation of duties and will continue to develop and implement internal control procedures to offset this inherit problem associated with being a small entity. This is a repeat finding.
- 2025-02. Management is aware of the deficiency in internal control over financial reporting and takes full responsibility for the financial statements, budget, adjustments, and notes to the financial statements. This is a repeat finding.
- 2025-03. Management concurs with the recommendation and will implement as soon as possible.

Wade & Perry, CPAs
A Professional Accounting Corporation
Members: AICPA/ Society of LCPA's

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT
ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025

To the Governing Board of the Fire Protection District No. 6 of Bienville Parish (Entity) and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor:

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period January 1, 2025 through December 31, 2025. The Entity's management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

The Entity has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period January 1, 2025 through December 31, 2025. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

1) Written Policies and Procedures

- A. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe whether they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations:¹
1. ***Budgeting***, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.
 2. ***Purchasing***, including (1) how purchases are initiated, (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list, (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders, (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law, and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.

¹ For governmental organizations, the practitioner may eliminate those categories and subcategories not applicable to the organization's operations. For quasi-public organizations, including nonprofits, the practitioner may eliminate those categories and subcategories not applicable to public funds administered by the quasi-public.

3. ***Disbursements***, including processing, reviewing, and approving.
4. ***Receipts/Collections***, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g., periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).
5. ***Payroll/Personnel***, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee rates of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.
6. ***Contracting***, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.
7. ***Travel and Expense Reimbursement***, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.
8. ***Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, purchase cards, if applicable)***, including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).
9. ***Ethics***², including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.
10. ***Debt Service***, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.
11. ***Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity***, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.

² The Louisiana Code of Governmental Ethics (Ethics Code) is generally not applicable to nonprofit entities but may be applicable in certain situations, such as councils on aging. If the Ethics Code is applicable to a nonprofit, the nonprofit should have written policies and procedures relating to ethics.

12. ***Prevention of Sexual Harassment***, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

Written policies and procedures were obtained and address the functions listed above except as noted. The purchasing policy does not address how vendors are added. The contract policy does not mention standard terms and conditions, legal review, approval process, or monitoring process. There is no written travel and expense reimbursement policy. Ethics policy did not mention actions taken if violation takes place or system of monitoring. There is not a written policy regarding debt services. The disaster recovery/business continuity policy only mentions the storage of backups. The sexual harassment policy does not have annual reporting.

2) Board or Finance Committee³

- A. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and
 1. Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
 2. For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe whether the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual comparisons, at a minimum, on all proprietary funds⁴, and semi-annual budget-to-actual comparisons, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds. *Alternatively, for those entities reporting on the not-for-profit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds⁵ if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.*
 3. For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.

³ These procedures are not applicable to entities managed by a single elected official, such as a sheriff or assessor.

⁴Proprietary fund types are defined under GASB standards and include enterprise and internal service funds. The related procedure addresses these funds as a way to verify that boards are provided with financial information necessary to make informed decisions about entity operations, including proprietary operations that are not required to be budgeted under the Local Government Budget Act.

⁵ R.S. 24:513 (A)(1)(b)(iv) defines public funds.

4. Observe whether the board/finance committee received written updates of the progress of resolving audit finding(s), according to management's corrective action plan at each meeting until the findings are considered fully resolved.⁶

No exceptions.

3) Bank Reconciliations

- A. Obtain a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts⁷ (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:
 1. Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged);
 2. Bank reconciliations include written evidence that a member of management or a board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation within 1 month of the date the reconciliation was prepared (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged); and
 3. Management has documentation reflecting it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

No evidence reconciliations were prepared within 2 months, reviewed by member of management, or researched reconciling items.

4) Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)⁸

- A. Obtain a listing of deposit sites⁹ for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).

⁶ No exception is necessary if management's opinion is that the cost of taking corrective action for findings related to improper segregation of duties or inadequate design of controls over the preparation of the financial statements being audited exceeds the benefits of correcting those findings.

⁷ Accounts selected may exclude savings and investment accounts that are not part of the entity's daily business operations.

⁸ The Collections category is not required to be performed if the entity has a third-party contractor performing all collection functions (e.g., receiving collections, preparing deposits, and making deposits).

⁹ A deposit site is a physical location where a deposit is prepared and reconciled.

Management represented the list obtained was complete.

B. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations¹⁰ and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (e.g., 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if there are no written policies or procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that

1. Employees responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers;
2. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g., pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit;
3. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit; and
4. The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or custodial fund additions, is (are) not also responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.

Same employee who collects cash payments is also responsible for reconciling collection documents and for posting to the general ledger and is also responsible for reconciliations.

C. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe that the bond or insurance policy for theft was in force during the fiscal period.

No exceptions

D. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). *Alternatively, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc.* Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and

¹⁰ A collection location is a physical location where cash is collected. An entity may have one or more collection locations whose collections are brought to a deposit site for deposit. For example, in a school district a collection location may be a classroom and a deposit site may be the school office. For school boards only, the practitioner should consider the deposit site and collection location to be the same if there is a central person (secretary or bookkeeper) through which collections are deposited.

- 1) Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.¹¹
- 2) Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.
- 3) Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.
- 4) Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt¹² at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).
- 5) Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

Sequentially pre-numbered receipts are not used. No evidence deposits were made within one business day.

5) Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

- A. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).

Management represented the list obtained was complete.
- B. For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that
 - 1) At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order or making the purchase;
 - 2) At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors;
 - 3) The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files;
 - 4) Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments; and

¹¹ The practitioner is not required to test for completeness of revenues relative to classroom collections by teachers.

¹² As required by Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1212.

- 5) Only employees/officials authorized to sign checks approve the electronic disbursement (release) of funds, whether through automated clearinghouse (ACH), electronic funds transfer (EFT), wire transfer, or some other electronic means.

No exceptions

[Note: Findings related to controls that constrain the legal authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality) should not be reported.]

- C. For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction, and
 - 1) Observe whether the disbursement, whether by paper or electronic means, matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates that deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity, and
 - 2) Observe whether the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under procedure #5B above, as applicable.

No exceptions

- D. Using the entity's main operating account and the month selected in Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A, randomly select 5 non-payroll-related electronic disbursements (or all electronic disbursements if less than 5) and observe that each electronic disbursement was (a) approved by only those persons authorized to disburse funds (e.g., sign checks) per the entity's policy, and (b) approved by the required number of authorized signers per the entity's policy. *Note: If no electronic payments were made from the main operating account during the month selected the practitioner should select an alternative month and/or account for testing that does include electronic disbursements.*

No exceptions

6) Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/Purchase Cards (Cards)

- A. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and purchase cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards¹³. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.

Management represented the list obtained was complete.
- B. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or

¹³ Including cards used by school staff for either school operations or school activity fund operations.

combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement). Obtain supporting documentation, and

- 1) Observe whether there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) were reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved) by someone other than the authorized card holder (those instances requiring such approval that may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials, such as the mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality, should not be reported); and
- 2) Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.

No exceptions

- C. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under procedure #7B above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (e.g., each card should have 10 transactions subject to inspection)¹⁴. For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and observe whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a “missing receipt statement” that is subject to increased scrutiny.

Two of the 10 tested did not have original itemized receipt and did not document the business/public purpose.

- D. Using the list of terminated employees obtained in Payroll and Personnel procedure #9C identify those individuals who had access to cards and randomly select 5 terminated employees (or all terminated employees with card access if less than 5) from this population. Observe evidence that the cards have been deactivated for these terminated employees. In cases where a card is shared by multiple users, obtain evidence that the terminated employees’ authorization has been removed.

No exceptions

¹⁴ For example, if 3 of the 5 cards selected were fuel cards, transactions would only be selected for each of the 2 credit cards. Conceivably, if all 5 cards randomly selected under procedure #7B were fuel cards, procedure #7C would not be applicable.

7) Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements¹⁵ (excluding card transactions)

- A. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements and obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected

Management represented the list obtained was complete.

- 1) If reimbursed using a per diem, observe that the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov);
- 2) If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased;
- 3) Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by Written Policies and Procedures procedure #1A(vii); and
- 4) Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

No exceptions.

8) Contracts

- A. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. *Alternatively, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list.* Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and

Management represented the list obtained was complete.

- 1) Observe whether the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law¹⁶ (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law;
- 2) Observe whether the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g., Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter);

¹⁵ Non-travel reimbursements are not required to be inspected under this category.

¹⁶ If the entity has adopted the state Procurement Code, replace "Louisiana Public Bid Law" (R.S. 38:2211 *et seq*) with "Louisiana Procurement Code."

- 3) If the contract was amended (e.g., change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, the documented approval); and
- 4) Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

No exceptions.

9) Payroll and Personnel

- A. Obtain a listing of employees and officials¹⁷ employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.

Management represented the list obtained was complete.

- B. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under procedure #9A above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and

- 1) Observe that all selected employees or officials¹⁸ documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory);
- 2) Observe whether supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials;
- 3) Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records; and
- 4) Observe the rate paid to the employees or officials agrees to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.

No exceptions

- C. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials and obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee's or official's cumulative leave

¹⁷ "Officials" would include those elected, as well as board members who are appointed.

¹⁸ Generally, officials are not eligible to earn leave and do not document their attendance and leave. However, if the official is earning leave according to a policy and/or contract, the official should document his/her daily attendance and leave.

records, agree the pay rates to the employee's or official's authorized pay rates in the employee's or official's personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.

No exceptions

- D. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

No exceptions

10) Ethics¹⁹

- A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A obtain ethics documentation from management, and

- 1) Observe whether the documentation demonstrates that each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:1170; and
- 2) Observe whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates that each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.

None of the selected employees completed ethics training during the year.

- B. Inquire and/or observe whether the agency has appointed an ethics designee as required by R.S. 42:1170.

No exceptions

11) Debt Service²⁰

- A. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued as required by Article VII, Section 8 of the Louisiana Constitution.

Not applicable

¹⁹ The Louisiana Code of Governmental Ethics (Ethics Code) is generally not applicable to nonprofit entities but may be applicable in certain situations, such as councils on aging. If the Ethics Code is applicable to a nonprofit, the procedures should be performed.

²⁰ This AUP category is generally not applicable to nonprofit entities. However, if applicable, the procedures should be performed.

- B. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

No exceptions

12) Fraud Notice²¹

- A. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled as required by R.S. 24:523.

Management represented the list obtained is complete.

- B. Observe that the entity has posted, on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

No exceptions

13) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

- A. Perform the following procedures, **verbally discuss the results with management, and report "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management."**

- 1) Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe evidence that such backup (a) occurred within the past week, (b) was not stored on the government's local server or network, and (c) was encrypted.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

- 2) Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

²¹ Observation may be limited to those premises that are visited during the performance of other procedures under the AUPs. The notice is available for download at www.lfa.la.gov/hotline

- 3) Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

- B. Randomly select 5 terminated employees (or all terminated employees if less than 5) using the list of terminated employees obtained in Payroll and Personnel procedure #9C. Observe evidence that the selected terminated employees have been removed or disabled from the network.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

- C. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A, obtain cybersecurity training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates that the following employees/officials with access to the agency's information technology assets have completed cybersecurity training as required by R.S. 42:1267²². The requirements are as follows:

- Hired before June 9, 2020 - completed the training; and
- Hired on or after June 9, 2020 - completed the training within 30 days of initial service or employment.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

14) Prevention of Sexual Harassment²³

- A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:343.

No exceptions

²² While it appears to be a good practice for charter schools to ensure its employees are trained to keep their information technology assets safe from cyberattack, charter schools do not appear required to comply with 42:1267. An individual charter school, though, through specific provisions of its charter, may mandate that all employees/officials receive cybersecurity training.

²³ While it appears to be a good practice for charter schools to ensure it has policies and training for sexual harassment, charter schools do not appear required to comply with the Prevention of Sexual Harassment Law (R.S. 42:341 et seq). An individual charter school, through the specific provisions of its charter, may mandate sexual harassment training.

- B. Observe that the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).

No exceptions

- C. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe that the report includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:

- 1) Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;

0; 0%

- 2) Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;

0

- 3) Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;

0

- 4) Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and

0

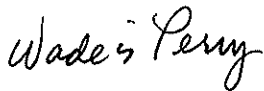
- 5) Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

0

We were engaged by the Fire Protection District No. 6 of Bienville Parish to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the Fire Protection District No. 6 of Bienville Parish and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Wade S. Perry".

Ruston, LA

April 10, 2026

Fire Protection District No. 6 of Bienville Parish
PO Box 190
Castor, LA 71016

April 10, 2026

Wade & Perry, CPAs
Ruston, LA

The following is Management's Response to the 2025 AUP report submitted for Fire Protection District No. 6 of Bienville Parish.

Written policies and procedures

A. The District will research policies and procedures for all categories not addressed.

Bank reconciliations

- A. 1) Management will work toward documenting dates of reconciliation.
- 2) Management will work toward documenting review of reconciliations.
- 3) Management will work toward documenting researching reconciling items.

Collections

- B. 2) Management will work toward implementing checks and balances for this procedure.
- 3) Management will work toward implementing checks and balances for this procedure.
- 4) Management will work toward implementing checks and balances for this procedure.
- D. 4) Management will work toward making timely deposits.

Credit cards

C. Management will work toward maintaining original support and documenting business/public purpose.

Ethics

A. 1) Management will work toward maintaining documentation of all employees' training.

Sexual harassment

C. 1) Management will work toward maintaining documentation of all employees' training.