Financial Report

Year Ended December 31, 2018

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KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

C. Burton Kolder, CPA*
Victor R. Slaven, CPA*
Gerald A. Thibodeaux, Jr., CPA*
Robert S. Carter, CPA*
Arthur R. Mixon, CPA*
Brad E. Kolder, CPA, JD*
Stephen J. Anderson, CPA*
Christine C. Doucet, CPA
Wanda F. Arcement, CPA, CVA
Bryan K. Joubert, CPA
Matthew E. Margaglio, CPA
Casey L. Ardoin, CPA, CFE

* A Professional Accounting Corporation

183 S. Beadle Rd. Lafayette, LA 70508 Phone (337) 232-4141 11929 Bricksome Ave. Baton Rouge, LA 70816 Phone (225) 293-8300

1428 Metro Dr. Alexandria, LA 71301 Phone (318) 442-4421

450 E. Main St. New Iberia, LA 70560 Phone (337) 367-9204

200 S. Main St. Abbeville, LA 70510 Phone (337) 893-7944 1201 David Dr. Morgan City, LA 70380 Phone (985) 384-2020

434 E. Main St. Ville Platte, LA 70586 Phone (337) 363-2792 332 W. Sixth Ave. Oberlin, LA 70655 Phone (337) 639-4737

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

WWW.KCSRCPAS.COM

The Honorable Ricky Fontenot, Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Mamou, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund (except as described below), and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Mamou, Louisiana (the Town), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our unmodified and adverse audit opinions.

Summary of Opinions

Opinion Unit Type of Opinion Governmental Activities Unmodified **Business-Type Activities** Adverse General Fund Unmodified Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund Unmodified Utility Enterprise Fund Unmodified Savoy Medical Management Group, Inc. Adverse Aggregate Remaining Fund Information Unmodified

Basis for Adverse Opinions on Savoy Medical Management Group, Inc. Fund and Business-Type Activities

Management has not included the Savoy Medical Management Group, Inc. Fund in the Town's financial statements. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the Savoy Medical Management Group, Inc. Fund to be presented as a major enterprise fund and financial information about the Savoy Medical Management Group, Inc. Fund to be part of the business-type activities, thus increasing that activity's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, and expenses, and changing its net position. The amount by which this departure would affect the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position, revenues, and expenses of the business-type activities and the omitted major fund has not been determined.

Adverse Opinions

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter described in the "Basis for Adverse Opinions on the Savoy Medical Management Group, Inc. Fund and Business-Type Activities" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly the financial position of the Savoy Medical Management Group, Inc. Fund and the business-type activities of the Town as of December 31, 2018, or the changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund other than the Savoy Medical Management Group, Inc. Fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Mamou, Louisiana, as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability, and schedule of employer contributions on pages 46 - 51 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Town of Mamou, Louisiana has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this omitted information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Mamou, Louisiana's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statement of financial position, individual fund financial statements, and the schedule of interest-bearing deposits included in other supplementary information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the statement of financial position, individual fund financial statements, and the schedule of interest-bearing deposits are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole. The prior year comparative amounts included in this information have been derived from the Town of Mamou, Louisiana's 2017 financial statements, which were subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, was fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements from which they were derived.

The budgetary comparison schedules, schedule of number of utility customers and the schedule of insurance in force included in other supplementary information have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have issued our report dated June 24, 2019, on our consideration of the Town of Mamou, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Mamou, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Town of Mamou, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana June 24, 2019 BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2018

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 1,291,123	\$ 447,096	\$ 1,738,219
Receivables, net	107,857	226,509	334,366
Due from other governmental units	8,442	-	8,442
Inventory	-	33,658	33,658
Prepaid items	44,543	12,724	57,267
Restricted assets:			
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	-	258,745	258,745
Capital assets, net	4,103,515	2,601,164	6,704,679
Total assets	5,555,480	3,579,896	9,135,376
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	19,956		19,956
LIABILITIES			
Accounts and other payables	158,540	45,866	204,406
Claims payable	45,951	- -	45,951
Internal balances	65,170	(65,170)	-
Customer deposits	-	258,745	258,745
Net pension liability	95,725		95,725
Total liabilities	365,386	239,441	604,827
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	11,939		11,939
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	4,103,515	2,601,164	6,704,679
Restricted for sales tax dedications	467,374	-	467,374
Unrestricted	627,222	739,291	1,366,513
Total net position	\$ 5,198,111	\$ 3,340,455	\$ 8,538,566

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

		Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenues and		
			Operating	Capital		Net Position	
		Fees, Fines, and	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	
Activities	Expenses	Charges for Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	<u>Total</u>
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 853,444	\$ 133,676	\$ 7,223	\$ -	\$ (712,545)	\$ -	\$ (712,545)
Public safety -	1 012 125	242.742	55.064		(615.110)		(615 110)
Police	1,013,125	342,742	55,264	-	(615,119)	-	(615,119)
Streets	641,003	10.166	5,000	-	(636,003)	-	(636,003)
Culture and recreation	262,509	12,166	-	-	(250,343)	-	(250,343)
Judicial	46,189				(46,189)		(46,189)
Total governmental activities	2,816,270	488,584	67,487		(2,260,199)		(2,260,199)
Business-type activities:							
Gas	524,356	712,869	-	20,345	-	208,858	208,858
Water	434,043	550,048	=	=	-	116,005	116,005
Sewer	370,376	494,418		-		124,042	124,042
Total business-type activities	1,328,775	1,757,335		20,345		448,905	448,905
Total	\$4,145,045	<u>\$2,245,919</u>	<u>\$ 67,487</u>	\$ 20,345	\$(2,260,199)	\$ 448,905	<u>\$(1,811,294)</u>
	General revent	ies:					
	Taxes -						
	Ad valoren	n taxes, levied for genera	l purposes		66,956	-	66,956
	Ad valoren	n taxes, levied for streets	and recreation		114,006	-	114,006
	Sales and u	ise taxes, levied for gener	ral purposes		436,008	-	436,008
	Sales and u	ise taxes, levied for capita	al improvements		173,121	=	173,121
	Sales and u	ise taxes, levied for indus	stry and tourism ind	lucement	32,059	-	32,059
	Franchise t	axes			144,202	-	144,202
	Grants and c	ontributions not restricted	l to specific progra	ms -			
	State source	es			6,585	-	6,585
	Interest and i	investment earnings			1,709	1,875	3,584
	Nursing hom	e lease revenue			466,980	-	466,980
	Nonemploye	r pension contribution			2,234	-	2,234
	Miscellaneou	18			40,233	-	40,233
	Transfers				621,617	(621,617)	
	Total g	eneral revenues and trans	sfers		2,105,710	(619,742)	1,485,968
	Change	e in net position			(154,489)	(170,837)	(325,326)
	Net position -	January 1, 2018			5,352,600	3,511,292	8,863,892
	Net position -	December 31, 2018			\$ 5,198,111	\$ 3,340,455	\$ 8,538,566

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

FUND DESCRIPTIONS

General Fund

The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with governments which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Sales Tax Fund

To account for the receipt and use of proceeds of the Town's two 1% sales and use taxes as described below.

The proceeds of the Town's 1986 1% sales tax are dedicated to and used for any lawful corporate purpose of the Town. This tax was renewed by the voters of the Town in April 2011.

The proceeds of the Town's 1991 1% sales tax are dedicated and divided as follows: thirty-five percent (35%) for any lawful corporate purpose of the Town; ten percent (10%) for inducing and attracting commerce, industry and tourism in the Town, including the acquisition and improvement of land and buildings there for; and fifty-five percent (55%) for constructing, acquiring, improving and/or extending any work of capital improvement for the Town.

Enterprise Fund

Utility Fund -

To account for the provision of gas, water, and sewerage services to residents of the Town. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2018

	General	Sales Tax Special Revenue	Total
ASSETS			
Cash	\$ 54,739	\$ -	\$ 54,739
Interest-bearing deposits	766,571	466,840	1,233,411
Receivables:			
Taxes	100,480	-	100,480
Other	7,377	-	7,377
Due from other funds	-	19,621	19,621
Due from other governmental units	8,442		8,442
Total assets	\$ 937,609	\$486,461	\$ 1,424,070
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Accounts and other payables	\$ 139,453	\$ 19,087	\$ 158,540
Due to other funds	112,426	-	112,426
Total liabilities	251,879	19,087	270,966
Deferred inflows of resources:			
Unavailable revenue	30,797		30,797
Fund balances:			
Restricted - operations and maintenance	-	354,998	354,998
Restricted - capital expenditures	-	38,915	38,915
Restricted - industry and tourism inducement	-	73,461	73,461
Unassigned	654,933		654,933
Total fund balances	654,933	467,374	1,122,307
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of			
resources, and fund balances	\$ 937,609	\$486,461	\$ 1,424,070

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2018

Total fund balances for governmental funds at December 31, 2018		\$1,122,307
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of: Construction in progress Land Buildings and improvements, net of \$1,427,109 accumulated depreciation Infrastructure, net of \$1,426,101 accumulated depreciation Equipment, furniture, and fixtures, net of \$649,641 accumulated depreciation Vehicles, net of \$275,972 accumulated depreciation	\$ 56,880 269,650 2,002,299 1,484,069 213,097 77,520	4,103,515
Differences between prepaid expense on modified accrual basis versus accrual basis		44,543
The deferred outflows of contributions to the retirement system are not available resources, and therefore, are not reported in the funds.		19,956
Some of the Town's revenues will be collected after year-end but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and, therefore, are reported as deferred inflows of resources at the fund level. Unavailable revenue: Delinquent ad valorem taxes		30,797
Some liabilities are not due and payable from current financial resources and are, therefore not reported in the funds. These liabilities consists of the following:		(05.725)
Net pension liability The deferred inflows of contributions to the retirement system are not payable		(95,725)
from current expendable resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(11,939)
Net position of the group self-insurance internal service fund		(15,343)
Total net position of governmental activities at December 31, 2018		\$5,198,111

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	General	Sales Tax Special Revenue	Total
Revenues:			
Taxes	\$ 327,411	\$ 641,188	\$ 968,599
Licenses and permits	133,676	-	133,676
Intergovernmental	124,273	-	124,273
Fines and forfeits	292,541	-	292,541
Miscellaneous	514,481	607	515,088
Total revenues	1,392,382	641,795	2,034,177
Expenditures:			
Current -			
General government:			
Administrative	745,015	58,468	803,483
Public safety:			
Police	978,328	-	978,328
Highways and streets	554,540	-	554,540
Culture and recreation	176,096	-	176,096
Judicial	45,017	-	45,017
Capital outlay		200,797	200,797
Total expenditures	2,498,996	259,265	2,758,261
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over expenditures	(1,106,614)	382,530	(724,084)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers out	1,111,349	(489,732)	621,617
Net changes in fund balances	4,735	(107,202)	(102,467)
Fund balances, beginning	650,198	574,576	1,224,774
Fund balances, ending	\$ 654,933	\$ 467,374	\$ 1,122,307

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Total net changes in fund balances for the year ended December 31, 2018 per the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances		\$(102,467)
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay which is considered expenditures on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2018 Some of the Town's revenues will be collected after year-end	\$ 201,796 (229,989)	(28,193)
but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore, are reported as deferred inflows of resources at the fund level. Net change in unavailable revenues -		
Delinquent ad valorem taxes		3,753
Differences between prepaid expenses on modified accrual basis versus accrual basis		6,391
Net pension (expense) benefit not requiring the use of current economic resources, and therefore, not recorded as a fund expenditure.		(1,708)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. These revenues consist of the following:		
Nonemployer contributions to the retirement system		2,234
Net income of group self-insurance internal service fund		(34,499)
Total changes in net position for the year ended December 31, 2018 per the statement of activities		<u>\$(154,489)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2018

	Business-type Activities -	Governmental Activities -
	Enterprise Fund	Internal Service Fund
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ -	\$ 2,973
Interest-bearing deposits	447,096	-
Receivables -		
Accounts	153,594	-
Unbilled utility receivables	72,827	-
Accrued interest receivable	57	-
Other	31	-
Due from other funds	65,170	27,635
Inventory - natural gas	33,658	-
Prepaid items	<u>12,724</u>	
Total current assets	785,157	30,608
Noncurrent assets:		
Restricted assets -		
Interest-bearing deposits	258,745	-
Capital assets, net	2,601,164	<u>-</u>
Total noncurrent assets	2,859,909	-
Total assets	3,645,066	30,608
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities (payable from current assets):		
Accounts and other payables	45,866	-
Claims payable	-	45,951
Total	45,866	45,951
Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets):		
Customer deposits	258,745	<u> </u>
Total liabilities	304,611	45,951
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	2,601,164	-
Unrestricted	739,291	(15,343)
Total net position	\$ 3,340,455	\$(15,343)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Business-type Activities-	Governmental Activities -
	Enterprise Fund	Internal Service Fund
Operating revenues:		
Charges for services	\$1,686,992	\$501,215
Permits, reconnections and penalties	53,699	-
Miscellaneous	16,644	-
Total operating revenues	1,757,335	501,215
Operating expenses:		
Gas department expenses	494,274	-
Water department expenses	379,924	-
Sewerage department expenses	241,297	-
Depreciation expense	213,280	-
Self insurance expenses	_	_535,714
Total operating expenses	1,328,775	535,714
Operating income (loss)	428,560	(34,499)
Nonoperating revenues:		
Interest income	1,875	<u> </u>
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	430,435	(34,499)
Capital contributions	20,345	
Income (loss) before transfers	450,780	(34,499)
Transfers out	(621,617)	
Change in net position	(170,837)	(34,499)
Net position, beginning	3,511,292	19,156
Net position, ending	\$3,340,455	\$ (15,343)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

_1	Business-type Activities -	Governmental Activities -		
	Enterprise Fund	Internal Service Fund		
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Receipts from customers	\$1,735,337	\$ 501,215		
Payments to suppliers	(932,657)	(515,417)		
Payments to employees	(223,306)	-		
Other receipts	16,644	-		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	596,018	(14,202)		
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:				
Net increase in customer deposits	4,787	-		
Transfers from other funds	11,980	135		
Capital contributions	20,345	-		
Transfers to other funds	(621,617)			
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activiti	es <u>(584,505)</u>	135		
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Net acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(98,006)			
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Net purchases of interest-bearing deposits with				
maturity in excess of ninety days	(740)	-		
Interest earned	1,873			
Net cash provided by investing activities	1,133			
Net decrease in cash				
and cash equivalents	(85,360)	(14,067)		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	555,869	17,040		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 470,509	\$ 2,973		

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Business-type Activities -	Governmental Activities -
	Enterprise Fund	Internal Service Fund
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided (used) by operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$ 428,560	\$ (34,499)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net	Ψ 420,500	Ψ (3π,π22)
cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation	213,280	_
Changes in current assets and liabilities:	213,200	-
Increase accounts receivable	(14,653)	
Increase in provision for uncollectible accounts	2,864	-
Decrease in unbilled utility receivables	6,404	-
Decrease in unoffied duffly receivables Decrease in other receivables	31	-
Increase in inventory	(12,737)	-
Increase in prepaid items	· ·	-
Decrease in provision for accounts payable	(1,761)	-
1 1 1	(27,968)	-
Increase in compensated absences payable	1,998	20.207
Increase in claims payable		20,297
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 596,018	<u>\$ (14,202)</u>
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents per		
statement of cash flows to the balance sheet:		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period -		
Cash - unrestricted	\$ -	\$ 17,040
Interest-bearing deposits - unrestricted	536,503	-
Interest-bearing deposits - restricted	253,958	_
Less: Interest-bearing deposits with maturity	·	
in excess of 90 days	(234,592)	-
Total cash and cash equivalents	555,869	17,040
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period -		
Cash - unrestricted	-	2,973
Interest-bearing deposits - unrestricted	447,096	-
Interest-bearing deposits - restricted	258,745	-
Less: Interest-bearing deposits with maturity	·	
in excess of 90 days	(235,332)	-
Total cash and cash equivalents	470,509	2,973
Net decrease	\$ (85,360)	<u>\$ (14,067)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The financial statements of the Town of Mamou (Town) are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The accounting and reporting policies of the Town also conform to the requirements of Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, the Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide, and to the industry audit guide, Audits of State and Local Governmental Units. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the primary government is not accountable, but for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Primary Government

The Town of Mamou was incorporated on January 4, 1911, under the provisions of the Lawrason Act. The Town operates under the Mayor-Board of Aldermen form of government.

Component Units

Section 2100 of the 2011 Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, "Defining the Financial Reporting Entity" establishes criteria for determining which entities should be considered a component unit and, as such, part of the reporting entity for financial reporting purposes. The basic criteria are as follows:

- 1. Legal status of the potential component unit including the right to incur its own debt, levy its own taxes and charges, expropriate property in its own name, sue and be sued, and the right to buy, sell and lease property in its own name.
- 2. Whether the primary government's governing authority (Mayor and Board of Aldermen) appoints a majority of board members of the potential component unit and is able to impose its will on the potential component unit or whether the potential component unit is fiscally dependent on the primary government.
- 3. Financial benefit/burden relationship between the primary government and the potential component unit.
- 4. The nature and significance of the relationship between the potential component unit with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

These financial statements include the primary government financial statements only. Based upon these criteria, the Town should include the component unit detailed below in the financial reporting entity. The following component unit of the Town is not presented in these financial statements:

Blended Component Unit -

Savoy Medical Management Group, Inc.

Savoy Medical Management Group, Inc., a nonprofit organization doing business as Savoy Medical Center, was determined to be a component unit but is not presented in the accompanying financial statements. The organization is a nonprofit organization incorporated on November 11, 2009. The organization was formed for the purpose of providing medical and health related services to communities in and around Mamou, Parish of Evangeline, Louisiana, and to those persons or individuals seeking healthcare and is exempt from income taxes under Section 504(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The sole member of this corporation shall be the Town of Mamou, Louisiana, which shall act through individuals duly elected and then serving on the Town of Mamou Council. The management and affairs of this corporation shall be at all times under the direction of the Board of Trustees which shall at all times consist of at least three (3) but no more than nine (9) members appointed by the sole Member's governing body. The Board of Trustees may include at least two (2) members of the sole Member's governing body.

On December 11, 2014, the Town adopted a resolution authorizing a termination and mutual release agreement with Savoy Medical Management Group, Inc. effective January 4, 2015. This agreement provides that the Town will forgive all rent, payments, and other consideration due and owing to the Town under the lease, whether past due or current. The Town also entered into a Special Services Management Agreement between Savoy Medical Management Group, Inc. (of which the Town is the sole member), the Town of Mamou, and Evangeline Clinical Services, Inc. Under this agreement, Savoy Medical Management Group, Inc. will continue to operate Savoy Medical Center with managerial assistance from Evangeline Clinical Services, Inc., which will allow access to managerial and administrative expertise in the delivery and operations of hospitals and to clinically integrate Savoy Medical Center with the Christus Health Central Louisiana network of physicians, clinics and hospitals, in order to improve access, quality, availability and efficiency of care for residents of the Mamou community. The agreement will remain in effect for an initial term of fifteen years and shall automatically continue thereafter for additional terms of five years.

Complete financial statements for the component unit may be obtained at the entity's administrative office (Savoy Medical Management Group, Inc., 801 Poinciana, Mamou, LA 70554).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The government-wide financial statements provide operational accountability information for the Town as an economic unit. The government-wide financial statements report the Town's ability to maintain service levels and continue to meet its obligations as they come due. The statements include all governmental activities and all business-type activities of the primary government.

Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the Town are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be an independent fiscal and accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for within separate sets of self-balancing accounts, which comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balance/net position, revenues, and expenditures/expenses, and transfers.

The General Fund is always a major fund. Other individual governmental and enterprise major funds are determined as funds whose revenues, expenditures/expenses, assets and deferred outflows of resources or liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are at least ten percent of the corresponding totals for all funds of that category or type (total governmental or total enterprise fund) and at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined or funds designated as major at the discretion of the Town. Funds not classified as a major fund are aggregated and presented in a single column in the fund financial statements. The Town uses the following funds, grouped by fund type.

Governmental Funds -

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions of the Town are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the Town's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds.

General Fund

The General Fund represents the operating activities of the Town. All financial resources not accounted for in other funds are reported in the General Fund.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of government grants or other specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects of the Town. The following is the Town's major special revenue fund:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of two separate one percent sales and use taxes that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds are used to report resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for major capital acquisition and construction separately from ongoing operational activities. The Town has no major capital projects funds.

Debt Service Funds

Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest. The Town has no major debt service funds.

Governmental fund financial statements include a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for all major governmental funds and nonmajor funds aggregated. A reconciliation is presented to summarize the differences in fund balances of the governmental fund financial statements and the net position of the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary Funds –

Proprietary Funds are used to account for the Town's ongoing operations and activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector where the intent is that costs of providing goods and services be recovered through user charges. The proprietary funds maintained by the Town are enterprise funds and internal service funds.

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Funds are proprietary funds that are used to report activities for which a fee is charged to external users. These funds account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the government body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The Town's major enterprise fund is the Utility Fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds are used to report activities which provide goods or services to other funds, departments, or agencies of the primary government and its components units, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The Town includes services such as the provision of insurance benefits in these funds. All of the internal service fund's net position and activities are combined with the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town's internal service fund is the Employee Benefits Fund.

Enterprise and internal service fund financial statements include a statement of net position, a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position, and a statement of cash flows. The enterprise fund financial information is presented under the business-type activities column. A column representing internal service funds is also presented in these statements, with the internal service fund's net position and activities combined with the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The measurement focus determines the accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund. The governmental and business-type activities within the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The economic resources measurement focus meets the accounting objectives of determining net income, net position, and cash flows.

The fund financial statements use either the current financial resources measurement focus or the economic resources measurement focus as appropriate. Governmental funds use the current financial resources measurement focus. This measurement focus is based upon the receipt and disbursement of current available financial resources rather than upon net income. The measurement focus of the proprietary fund types, the flow of economic resources, is based upon determination of net income, net position, and cash flows.

The accrual basis of accounting is used throughout the government-wide statements; conversely, the financial statements of the governmental funds have been prepared in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues are recognized when considered both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty (60) days of the end of the current fiscal period. An exception to this is grant revenue collected on a reimbursement basis. Those reimbursable grants are recognized as revenue when reimbursable expenditures are made. The Town considers reimbursement amounts received within one year as available. The Town accrues intergovernmental revenue, ad valorem and sales tax revenue, franchise fees, changes for services and investment income based upon this concept. Expenditures generally are recognized when related fund liabilities are incurred and become payable in the current period. Proceeds of debt

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

are reported as other financing sources, and principal and interest on long-term debt, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded as expenditures when paid.

Interest on invested funds is recognized when earned. Intergovernmental revenues that are reimbursements for specific purposes or projects are recognized in the period in which the expenditures are recorded. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Town. Transfers between governmental funds are recorded when the related liability is incurred. These transfers do not represent revenues (expenditures) to the Town and are, therefore, reported as other financing sources (uses) in the governmental fund financial statements.

Since the fund level statements are presented using a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements, a reconciliation is presented on the page following each fund level statement that summarizes the adjustments necessary to convert the fund level statements into the government-wide presentations. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

The financial statements of the enterprise fund and the internal service fund have been prepared in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses and related liabilities are recorded when incurred.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Equity

Cash, interest-bearing deposits, and investments

For purposes of the statement of net position, cash and interest-bearing deposits include all demand accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposit of the Town.

Under state law, the Town may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the union, or the laws of the United States of America. The Town may invest in certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana laws and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana.

For the purpose of the proprietary funds' statements of cash flows, "cash and cash equivalents" include all demand and savings accounts, and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Receivables

Receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include ad valorem taxes and franchise taxes. Business-type activities report customer utility service receivables as the major receivables. Uncollectible ad valorem taxes or utility service receivables are recognized as bad debts at the time information becomes available which would indicate the uncollectibility of the particular receivable. The allowance for uncollectible customer utility receivables was \$206,419 at December 31, 2018. Unbilled utility service receivables resulting from utility services rendered between the date of meter reading and billing and the end of the month, are recorded at year-end.

Interfund receivables and payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivables and payables." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position.

Inventory

Inventory of the Utility Fund consists of natural gas being held in storage on behalf of the Town by the Louisiana Municipal Gas Authority and is valued at a price per MCF determined by the Louisiana Municipal Gas Authority. Supplies and parts on hand are considered immaterial and have been accounted for using the purchase method.

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2018, are recorded as prepaid items.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include cash and interest-bearing deposits of utility fund that are legally restricted as to their use. The restricted assets in the utility fund are related to the utility meter deposits.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide or financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their acquisition value at the date of donation. The Town maintains a threshold level of \$1,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Prior to July 1, 2001, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets have been valued at estimated historical cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings	40 years
Equipment	5 years
Utility system and improvements	20-40 years
Infrastructure	20 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental funds upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for in the same manner as in the government-wide statements.

Long-term debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets acquired or constructed with the proceeds of the debt are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. The long-term debt consists of utility meter deposits payable.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Compensated Absences

Sick leave is earned at the rate of one day for each month worked, with a limit of twelve days per year. An employee may not carry over or accumulate more than forty-eight days of sick leave from one year to another. Sick leave is not payable at termination of employment. Vacation leave is earned over an anniversary year basis at the rate of one day for each month worked, with a limit of twelve days per year. An employee may not carry over or accumulate vacation leave from one employment anniversary date to another.

For fund financial statements, vested or accumulated leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a current fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In the government-wide statements, amounts of vested or accumulated leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are recorded as long-term liabilities.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category, the deferred outflow of resources attributable to its pension plan. The Town reported deferred outflows of resources related to pension of \$19,956 at December 31, 2018.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category in the government-wide statement of net position, the deferred inflow of resources attributable to its pension plan. The Town reported deferred inflows of resources related to pensions of \$11,939 at December 31, 2018. The Town also reported deferred inflows of resources related to unavailable delinquent ad valorem tax revenue totaling \$30,797 in the General Fund at December 31, 2018.

Equity Classifications

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of any notes or other borrowing attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

- 2. Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by external groups, such as grantors, creditors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. It is the Town's policy to use restricted net position prior to the use of unrestricted net position when both restricted and unrestricted net position are available for an expense which has been incurred.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of all other assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balances for governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily upon the extent to which the Town is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. The categories and their purposes are:

- 1. Nonspendable includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints requiring they remain intact.
- 2. Restricted includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as grantors, donors, creditors, or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal legislative action of the Mayor and Board of Aldermen and does not lapse at year-end. A committed fund balance constraint can only be established, modified, or rescinded by passage of an ordinance by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen.
- 4. Assigned includes fund balance amounts that are constrained by the Town's intent to be used for specific purposes, that are neither restricted nor committed. The assignment of fund balance is authorized by a directive from the Town Clerk with the approval of a resolution by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen.
- 5. Unassigned includes fund balance amounts within the General Fund which have not been classified within the above-mentioned categories. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount.

It is the Town's policy to use restricted amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless prohibited by legal or contractual provisions. Additionally, the Town uses committed, assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of fund balance in that order when expenditures are made.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

E. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

Revenues

The Town considers revenue to be susceptible to accrual in the governmental funds as it becomes measurable and available, as defined under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The Town generally defines the availability period for revenue recognition as received within sixty (60) days of year end. The Town's major revenue sources that meet this availability criterion are ad valorem taxes and franchise fees.

There are three classifications of programmatic revenues for the Town, program specific grant and contributions revenue (operating and capital) and charges for services. Grant revenues are revenues from federal, state, and private grants. These revenues are recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements are met and are reported as intergovernmental revenues. The primary sources of program revenues are fees, fines, and charges paid by recipients of goods and services, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and earned income in connection with the operation of the Town's utility system. Interest income is recorded as earned in the fund holding the interest-bearing asset. Substantially all other revenues are recorded when received.

Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

In the proprietary funds, operating revenues are those revenues produced as a result of providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. Nonoperating revenues are funds primarily provided by investing activities, such as financial institution interest income, gains on disposal of assets and insurance recoveries on property loss. Operating expenses are those expenses related to the production of revenue. Nonoperating expenses are those expenses not directly related to the production of revenue and include items such as interest expense and losses on disposal of assets.

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities. In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds - By Character Proprietary Fund - By Operating and Nonoperating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

F. Revenue Restrictions

The Town has various restrictions placed over certain revenue sources from state or local requirements. The primary restricted revenue sources include:

Revenue Source	Legal Restrictions of Use		
Sales tax	See Note 3		
Gas, water and sewer revenue	Utility operations		

The Town uses unrestricted resources only when restricted resources are fully depleted.

G. Capitalization of Interest Expense

It is the policy of the Town of Mamou, Louisiana to capitalize material amounts of interest resulting from borrowings in the course of the construction of capital assets in the proprietary funds. At December 31, 2018, there were no borrowings for assets under construction and no capitalized interest expense recorded.

H. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(2) Deficit Net Position

The Employee Benefits Fund had a deficit in unrestricted net position at December 31, 2018 of \$15,343.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(3) Ad Valorem Taxes

Ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied by the Town in September or October and are actually billed to taxpayers in December. Billed taxes become delinquent on January 1 of the following year. The Town bills and collects its own property taxes. Property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, taxes of 18.22 mills were levied on property with assessed valuations totaling \$9,607,450 and were dedicated as follows:

General corporate purposes	6.73 mills
Streets and recreation maintenance	<u>11.49</u> mills
Total	<u>18.22</u> mills

Total taxes levied for 2018 totaled \$175,051. Taxes receivable at December 31, 2018 totaled \$62,758.

(4) Sales and Use Tax

- A. Proceeds of the 1986 1% sales and use tax levied by the Town of Mamou, renewed in April 2011 (2018 collections \$320,594), are dedicated for any lawful corporate purposes of the Town. The tax will expire on April 30, 2036.
- B. Proceeds of the 1991 1% sales and use tax levied by the Town of Mamou, renewed in October 2015 (2018 collections \$320,594), are dedicated to the following purposes: Thirty-five percent (35%) for any lawful corporate purposes of the Town; ten percent (10%) for inducing and attracting commerce, industry and tourism in the Town, including the acquisition and improvement of land and buildings there for; and fifty-five percent (55%) for constructing, acquiring, improving and /or extending any work of capital improvement for the Town. The tax will expire on December 31, 2040.

(5) <u>Cash, Interest-Bearing Deposits</u>

Under state law, the Town may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The Town may invest in certificates and time deposits of the state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. At December 31, 2018, the Town had cash and interest-bearing deposits (book balances) totaling \$1,996,964 as follows:

Demand deposits	\$ 57,712
Money market and savings accounts	1,576,375
Time deposits	362,877
Total	\$ 1,996,964

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Town's deposits may not be recovered, or the Town will not be able to recover the collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits, (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or similar federal security or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank by a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. The following is a summary of deposit balances (bank balances) at December 31, 2018, and the related federal insurance and pledged securities:

Bank balances	\$ 1,948,631
Insured	\$ 1,250,000
Pledged securities	698,631
Total	\$ 1,948,631

Deposits in the amount of \$698,631 were exposed to custodial credit risk. These deposits are uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent, but not in the Town's name. The Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk.

The Town follows state law regarding its deposits and investments; however, it has not adopted a formal deposit and investment policy.

(6) Receivables

Receivables at December 31, 2018 totaling \$334,366 consist of the following:

	Governmental	Business type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Accounts	\$ -	\$ 359,077	\$ 359,077
Unbilled utility	-	72,827	72,827
Allowance for uncollectible accounts	-	(206,419)	(206,419)
Ad valorem	62,758	-	62,758
Franchise tax	37,722	-	37,722
Other	7,377	1,024	8,401
Totals	\$ 107,857	\$ 226,509	\$ 334,366

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(7) <u>Due from Other Governmental Units</u>

Amounts due from other governmental units of \$8,442 at December 31, 2018 consist of the following:

	Governmental Activities	Business type Activities	Total
State of Louisiana -			
Beer tax revenue receivable	\$ 1,479	\$ -	\$ 1,479
DOTD road maintenance	2,500	-	2,500
Louisiana Department of Corrections -			
state prisoner housing reimbursement	4,463		4,463
Totals	\$ 8,442	<u>\$ - </u>	\$ 8,442

(8) Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the Enterprise Utility Fund at December 31, 2018 represent amounts held for customer deposits totaling \$258,745.

(9) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended December 31, 2018 is as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	01/01/18	Additions	Deletions	12/31/18
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 269,650	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 269,650
Plaza mural	13,503	-	-	13,503
Construction in progress	-	56,880	-	56,880
Other capital assets:				
Buildings and improvements	3,415,905	-	-	3,415,905
Infrastructure	2,851,887	58,283	-	2,910,1 7 0
Equipment, furniture and fixtures	814,305	48,433	-	862,738
Vehicles	315,292	38,200		353,492
Totals	7,680,542	201,796		7,882,338
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	1,332,863	94,246	-	1,427,109
Infrastructure	1,350,286	75,815	-	1,426,101
Equipment, furniture and fixtures	613,866	35,775	-	649,641
Vehicles	251,819	24,153		275,972
Total accumulated depreciation	3,548,834	229,989		3,778,823
Governmental activities,				
capital assets, net	\$ 4,131,708	\$ (28,193)	\$ -	\$ 4,103,515

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

		Balance 01/01/18		Additions	De	letions		Balance 2/31/18
Business-type activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land - sewer system	\$	63,910	\$	-	\$	-	\$	63,910
Other capital assets:								
Gas system		696,330		28,058		-		724,388
Water system		2,621,382		16,225		-		2,637,607
Sewer system		4,932,676		4,156		-	4	4,936,832
Machinery and equipment		390,855		49,569				440,424
Totals		8,705,15 <u>3</u>		98,008			8	3,803,161
Less accumulated depreciation								
Gas system		569,521		22,784		-		592,305
Water system		2,182,309		51,494		-	2	2,233,803
Sewer system		2,995,197		119,972		-	3	3,115,169
Machinery and equipment		241,690		19,030				260,720
Total accumulated depreciation		5,988,717		213,280		_		5,201,99 7
Business-type activities,								
capital assets, net	\$	2,716,436	\$	(115,272)	\$		\$ 2	2,601,164
Depreciation expense was char	ged t	o governm	ental	activities as	s follo	ws:		
General government							\$	35,405
Police								25,119
Highways and streets								81,959
Culture and recreation								87,448
Judicial								
Judicial							_	58
Total depreciation expense							<u>\$</u>	229,989
Depreciation expense was char	ged to	o business-	type	activities as	s follo	ws:		
Gas							\$	30,082
Water							*	54,119
Sewer								129,079
SOW OF								147,017
Total depreciation expense							\$	213,280

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(10) Accounts and Other Payables

Accounts and other payables consist of the following at December 31, 2018:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Accounts payable	\$ 90,831	\$ 37,042	\$ 127,873
Salaries payable	27,374	-	27,374
Payroll taxes	20,166	-	20,166
Compensated absences payable	20,169	8,824	28,993
Totals	\$ 158,540	\$ 45,866	\$ 204,406

(11) Unavailable Revenues

Unavailable revenues are reported in governmental funds and represent revenue received more than 60 days following year end (and, therefore, unavailable to pay liabilities of the current period). Unavailable revenue received after 60 days is fully recognized as revenue in the government-wide financial statements. At December 31, 2018, governmental funds' revenues that have been earned but are unavailable totaled \$30,797 which was comprised of delinquent ad valorem tax revenue.

(12) Pension Plan

Municipal Police Employees Retirement System of Louisiana (System)

The Town participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, the Municipal Police Employees Retirement System of Louisiana (MPERS), administered by a separate public employee retirement system. Article X, Section 29(F) of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the plan administered by this public employee retirement system to the State Legislature. The plan is not closed to new entrants. One employee of the Town participates in the system.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Plan Description – State of Louisiana – Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System (MPERS) provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to municipal police officers in Louisiana and their beneficiaries as defined in LRS 11:2211-11:2233.

MPERS financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized in the period in which the employee is compensated for services performed. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Interest income is recognized when earned. Insurance premium tax monies are received as additional employer contributions and considered support from a non-contributing entity and appropriated by the legislature each year based on an actuarial study.

Benefits provided – Benefit rates are three and one-third percent of average final compensation (average monthly earnings during the highest 36 consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted) per the number of years of creditable service not to exceed 100% of final salary. Years of service required and/or age eligible for benefits are as follows: 25 years at any age; 20 years at age 55; 12 years at age 55; 20 years at any age with actuarial reduced benefits; 30 years at any age under non-hazardous duty sub plan commencing January 1, 2013; and 10 years at age 60 under non-hazardous duty sub plan commencing January 1, 2013; and 10 years at age 60 under non-hazardous duty sub plan commencing January 1, 2013. Benefit percentages per year of service are as follows: 2.5% for membership commencing January 1, 2013 non-hazardous duty plan; 3.0% for hazardous duty plan; and 3.33% for membership prior to January 1, 2013.

Contributions – Article X, Section 29(E)(2)(a) of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974 assigns the Legislature the authority to determine employee contributions. Employer contributions are actuarially determined using statutorily established methods on an annual basis and are constitutionally required to cover the employer's portion of the normal cost and provide for the amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. Employer contributions are adopted by the Legislature annually upon recommendation of the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. In addition, MPERS receives insurance premium tax monies as additional employer contributions. These taxes are considered support form a noncontributing entity and appropriated by the Legislature each year based on an actuarial study. For the year ended December 31, 2018, the contribution percentages for employees and employers were 10.0% and 30.75%, respectively, through June 30, 2018 and 10.0% and 32.25%, respectively, commencing July 1, 2018. The amounts contributed from non-employer contributing entities and from the Town for the year ended December 31, 2018 were \$2,234 and \$11,416, respectively.

At December 31, 2018, the Town reported payables of \$1,194 for the outstanding amount of contributions due to the retirement system for the year.

Net Pension Liability – The Town's net pension liability at December 31, 2018 of \$95,725 is comprised of its proportionate share of the net pension liability relating to the cost-sharing plan. The Town's net pension liability for the plan was measured as of the plan's measurement date, June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the plan was based on the Town's required contributions in proportion to total required contributions for all employers.

As of the most recent measurement date, the Town's proportion for the plan was 0.011323% and the change in proportion from the prior measurement date was an decrease of 0.001206%

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Since the measurement date of the pension liability was June 30, 2018, the net pension liability is based upon fiduciary net position for the plan as of that date. Detailed information about the plan's assets, deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and fiduciary net position that was used in the measurement of the Town's net pension liability is available in the separately issued plan financial report which may be accessed on their website at http://lampers.org/.

Actuarial Assumptions – The following table provides information concerning actuarial assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability for MPERS:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2018	
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	
Actuarial Assumptions:		
Investment Rate of Return	7.20%, net of investment expense	
Expected Remaining Service Lives	4 years	
Inflation Rate	2.60%	
Salary increases, including inflation and merit	Years of Service 1-2 3-23 Over 23	Salary Growth Rate 9.75% 4.75% 4.25%
Mortality	RP-2000 Combined Health with Blue Adjustment Sex Distinct Tables proje by Scale AA (set back 1 year for femalealthy annuitants and beneficiaries. RP-2000 Disabled Lives Table set back for males and set back 3 years for disagnmuitants.	Collar cted to 2029 ales) for ck 5 years
	RP-2000 Employee Table set back 4 y males and 3 years for females for acti	
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	The present value of future retirement on benefits currently being paid by includes previously granted cost-of. The present values do not include potential future increases not yet a	the System and F-living increases. le provisions for

Board of Trustees.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

CoLAs) on an ad hoc basis. Pursuant to LRS 11:242(B), the power of the Board of Trustees of the MPERS to grant a COLA is effective in calendar years that the legislature fails to grant a COLA, unless in the legislation granting a COLA, the legislature authorizes the Board of Trustees to provide an additional COLA. The authority to grant a COLA by the Board is subject to the funded status and interest earnings. The effects of the benefits changes made as a result of the COLAs is included in the measurement of the total pension liability as of the measurement date at which the ad hoc COLA was granted and the amount is known and reasonably estimable.

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the Town's total liability for MPERS plan and the significant assumptions used in the determination of the discount rate was 7.20%, which was the same rate as the prior valuation. The plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and sponsor contributions will be made at the actuarially determined rates.

The discount rates used to measure the Town's total pension liability for the pension plan is equal to the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments that are expected to be used to finance the payment of benefits. For MPERS, the long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic/geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized for MPERS in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
	Target Asset	Portfolio Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Equity	52%	3.58%
Fixed Income	22%	0.46%
Alternative	20%	1.07%
Other	<u>6%</u>	<u>0.17%</u>
Totals	100%	5.28%
Inflation		<u>2.75%</u>
Expected Nominal Return		<u>8.03%</u>

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension Plan – Changes in the net pension liability may either be reported in pension expense in the year the change occurred or recognized as a deferred outflow of resources or a deferred inflow of resources in the year the change occurred and amortized into pension expense over a number of years. For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Town recognized \$13,124 in pension expense related to its pension plan. The Town also recognized revenue in the amount of \$2,234 in insurance premium tax monies from non-employer contributing entities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

At December 31, 2018, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to its pension plan from the following sources:

	Governmental Activities		
<u>-</u>	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 432	\$ 4,892	
Changes of assumptions	6,256	-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	4,589	-	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of			
contributions and deferred outflows and inflows of			
resources	2,835	7,047	
Employer contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	5,844		
Total	\$ 19,956	\$ 11,939	

Deferred outflows of resources of \$5,844 resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability during the year ending December 31, 2019. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions to be recognized in pension expense are as follows:

	Recognized in	
Fiscal Year Ended	Pension Expense	
12/31/2019	\$ 4,638	
12/31/2020	2,091	
12/31/2021	(4,724)	
12/31/2022	168	

Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the plan, calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if they were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Current		
	1.0% Decrease	Discount Rate	1.0% Increase
	6.20%	7.20%	8.20%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 134,521	\$ 95,725	\$ 63,178

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(13) On-Behalf Payment of Salaries

The State of Louisiana paid the Town's policemen \$54,368 of supplemental pay during the year ended December 31, 2018. Such payments are recorded as intergovernmental revenues and public safety expenditures in the government-wide and General Fund financial statements.

(14) <u>Litigation and Claims</u>

At December 31, 2018, the Town is involved in several lawsuits claiming damages. In the opinion of the Town's legal counsel, the only exposure to the Town would be any costs in defense of the lawsuits with no liability to the Town in excess of insurance coverage.

(15) Risk Management

A. Commercial Insurance Coverage

The Town is exposed to risks of loss in the areas of health care, general and auto liability, property hazards and workers' compensation. The Town is self-insured for boiler and machinery coverage. The risk of any excess liability is handled by purchasing commercial insurance coverage. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the year nor have settlements exceeded coverage for the past three years.

B. Group Self-Insurance

Effective July 1, 1998, the Town established a self-insurance health plan to account for and finance its uninsured risk of loss for commercial group health insurance. The plan is administered by Health Scope Benefits, and the plan year ends on June 30 of each year. Under this plan, Sirius America Insurance Company agreed to reimburse the Town for specific incurred claims related to any one covered employee or dependent which exceeds the retention by the Town, which is \$30,000. For the plan year ending June 30, 2019, Sirius America Insurance Company will reimburse the Town for aggregate incurred claims during the period of insurance less any amounts paid with respect to the specific incurred claims. No claims will be reimbursed until all claims in excess of the specific attachment point of \$276,958 exceed a corridor of the greater of the product of the enrollment times the factors of \$22.24 per employee or the annual corridor of \$30,000. Monthly payments are calculated based on the number of employees with single coverage multiplied by a funding factor of \$498 and the number of employees with family coverage multiplied by a funding factor of \$1,232. The Town currently funds the plan based upon actual claims incurred instead of the funding factors discussed above.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The General and Utility Funds of the Town participate in the program and make payments to the Self-Insurance Fund based upon amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims. The claims liability of \$45,951 reported in the fund at December 31, 2018 is based on the loss that is probable at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss that can be reasonably estimated. The Town currently does not discount its claims liabilities.

Reconciliation of Claims Liabilities

Claims payable, January 1, 2018	\$ 25,654
Insurance claims incurred for year ended December 31, 2018	436,891
Payments made for year ended December 31, 2018	(416,594)
Claims payable, December 31, 2018	\$ 45,951

Claims payable of \$45,951 at December 31, 2018 was determined as follows:

A.	Claims incurred prior to December 31, 2018 and paid	
	in January 1, 2019 through March 31, 2019	\$ 41,312
В.	Provision for claims incurred but not reported	4,639
	Total claims payable	\$ 45,951

The provision for claims incurred but not reported of \$4,639 was calculated utilizing historical information adjusted for current trends.

(16) Enterprise Fund Contracts

The Town of Mamou, under contract dated January 1, 1997, is required to purchase its natural gas from the Louisiana Municipal Gas Authority. The contract automatically renews annually unless notice is given in writing six months in advance. The Town purchased natural gas during the year ended December 31, 2018 in the amount of \$ \$231,890, of which \$9,973 was owed for purchases for the month of December 2018.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(17) Segment Information for the Enterprise Fund

The Town of Mamou maintains one enterprise fund with three departments, which provide gas, water, and sewerage services. Segment information for the year ended December 31, 2018 was as follows:

	Gas Department	Water Department	Sewer Department	Total Enterprise Fund
Operating revenues	\$ 712,869	\$ 550,048	\$ 494,418	\$1,757,335
Operating expenses:				
Depreciation	30,082	54,119	129,079	213,280
Other	494,274	379,924	241,297	1,115,495
Total operating expenses	524,356	434,043	370,376	1,328,775
Operating income	\$ 188,513	\$ 116,005	\$ 124,042	\$ 428,560

(18) Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Mayor

A detail of compensation, benefits, and other payments made to Mayor Ricky Fontenot for the year ended December 31, 2018 follows:

Purpose	_ Amount
Salary	\$ 37,200
Car allowance	2,400
Benefits - insurance	2,638
Per diem	600
Registration fees	415
Conference travel	1,665
Special meals	62
Total	\$ 44,980

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(19) <u>Compensation of Town Officials</u>

A detail of compensation paid to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen for the year ended December 31, 2018 follows:

Ricky Fontenot, Mayor	\$ 39,600
Aldermen:	
Leisa Deshotel	9,000
Freddie Matthew	9,000
Jessica Fontenot	9,000
Charles Reed	9,000
Robin Young	9,000
Total	\$ 84,600

(20) <u>Interfund Receivables/Payables</u>

A. A summary of interfund receivables and payables at December 31, 2018 follows:

	Interfund	Interfund
	Receivables	_ Payables
Major governmental funds:		
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 112,426
Sales Tax Fund	19,621	-
Proprietary funds:		
Enterprise Fund	65,170	-
Group Health Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund	27,635	
Total	\$ 112,426	\$ 112,426

The receivable in the Group Health Self-Insurance Fund is for amounts owed from various other funds for their share of health insurance premiums. The amounts due from the General Fund to various other funds are for short-term loans.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

B. Transfers consisted of the following at December 31, 2018:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Major governmental funds:		
General Fund	\$1,111,349	\$ -
Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund		489,732
Total governmental funds	1,111,349	489,732
Proprietary funds:		
Enterprise Fund		621,617
Total	\$1,111,349	\$1,111,349

Transfers are used to (a) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to (b) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

(21) Operating Lease Revenues

Effective January 1, 2010, the Town agreed to lease Savoy Medical Center to Savoy Medical Management Group, Inc. for an initial primary term of 5 years beginning January 1, 2010 with options for four additional terms of five years each. During 2014, it was determined that Savoy Medical Management Group, Inc. was not able to make timely payment of the rent due and owing to the Town under the lease as a result of insufficient revenue and the financial condition of the hospital. The Town acknowledged the financial condition of the hospital and Savoy Medical Management Group, Inc.'s inability to make timely payment of rent under the lease. Therefore, on December 11, 2014, the Town adopted a resolution authorizing a termination and mutual release agreement with Savoy Medical Management Group, Inc. effective January 4, 2015. This agreement provides that the Town will forgive all rent, payments, and other consideration due and owing to the Town under the lease, whether past due or current. See Note 1.A. for further discussion regarding the Special Services Agreement between Savoy Medical Management Group, Inc., the Town of Mamou, and Evangeline Clinical Services, Inc.

Under the Savoy Care Center Nursing Home agreement commencing on April 2013, the Town will receive \$36,200 per month through March 2018. This lease was renewed according to the terms of the original lease. Beginning in April 2018, the town will receive \$39,820 per month through March 2021.

(22) Economic Dependency

The Town of Mamou owns a hospital facility and nursing home within the Town. The hospital was leased to Savoy Medical Management Group, Inc. (operating as Savoy Medical Center) for \$765,000 per year; however, this lease was terminated effective January 4, 2015. (See Note 1.A. and Note 21). The nursing home is leased to MH3F Healthcare Management, LLC (operating as Savoy Care Center Nursing Home) for \$477,840 per year. These leases provide a significant portion of the Town's total revenues. If the Town were to cease receiving these lease revenues, the Town's ability to continue to provide services at present levels would be threatened.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TOWN OF MAMOU, LOUISIANA General Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

				Variance with
	Bud	σet		Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				(=g=-)
Taxes	\$ 315,200	\$ 309,000	\$ 327,411	\$ 18,411
Licenses and permits	130,000	131,000	133,676	2,676
Intergovernmental	82,000	85,000	124,273	39,273
Fines and forfeits	460,000	300,000	292,541	(7,459)
Miscellaneous	494,400	515,000	514,481	(519)
Total revenues	1,481,600	1,340,000	1,392,382	52,382
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government:				
Administrative	721,000	787,000	745,015	41,985
Public safety:				
Police	890,000	973,000	978,328	(5,328)
Highways and streets	623,000	676,000	554,540	121,460
Culture and recreation	144,400	185,000	176,096	8,904
Judicial	39,000	38,500	45,017	(6,517)
Total expenditures	2,417,400	2,659,500	2,498,996	160,504
Deficiency of revenues				
over expenditures	(935,800)	(1,319,500)	(1,106,614)	212,886
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers from -				
Utility Fund	457,000	447,000	718,617	271,617
Sales Tax Fund	418,000	438,000	392,732	(45,268)
Total other financing sources (uses)	875,000	885,000	1,111,349	226,349
Net change in fund balance	(60,800)	(434,500)	4,735	439,235
Fund balance, beginning	650,198	650,198	650,198	
Fund balance, ending	\$ 589,398	\$ 215,698	\$ 654,933	\$439,235

TOWN OF MAMOU, LOUISIANA Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Bud	løet		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 648,000	\$ 663,000	\$ 641,188	\$ (21,812)	
Miscellaneous -					
Interest	700	700	607	(93)	
Total revenues	648,700	663,700	641,795	(21,905)	
Expenditures:					
Current -					
General government	32,000	35,000	58,468	(23,468)	
Capital outlay	<u>175,000</u>	260,000	200,797	59,203	
Total expenditures	207,000	295,000	259,265	35,735	
Excess of revenues over					
expenditures	441,700	368,700	382,530	13,830	
Other financing uses:					
Transfers out	(418,000)	(438,000)	(489,732)	(51,732)	
Net change in fund balance	23,700	(69,300)	(107,202)	(37,902)	
Fund balances, beginning	574,576	574,576	574,576		
Fund balances, ending	\$ 598,276	\$ 505,276	\$ 467,374	\$ (37,902)	

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 *

Year ended December 31,	Employer Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Pro Sha Ne I	mployer portionate are of the t Pension iability (Asset)	C E1	nployer's Covered nployee Payroll	Proportion of the Ne Liability (A Percenta Covered I	oyer's nate Share it Pension Asset) as a age of its Employee	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentag of the Total Pension Liabili	;e
Municipal Polic	e Employees' Re	tirem	ent System a	of Lou	iisiana:				
2018	0.011323%	\$	95,725	\$	36,240	264	.1%	71.89%	
2017	0.012529%		109,383		37,403	292	.4%	70.08%	
2016	0.012009%		112,558		33,641	334	.6%	66.04%	
2015	0.011899%		93,216		31,827	292	.9%	70.73%	

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

^{*} The amounts presented have a measurement date of June 30th of each fiscal year.

Schedule of Employer Contributions For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

			Contr	ibutions in					Contributions
			Rel	ation to			En	nployer's	as a % of
	Con	tractually	Cor	ntractual	Cont	ribution	C	lovered	Covered
Year ended	R	equired	Re	equired	Def	iciency	Er	nployee	Employee
December 31,	Cor	ntribution	Con	Contribution (Excess		xcess)	Payrol1		Payroll
Municipal Polic	e Emp	oloyees' Reti	rement	System of I	ouisiar	ıa:			
2018	\$	11,416	\$	11,416	\$	-	\$	36,240	31.50%
2017		11,325		11,353		(28)		36,240	31.33%
2016		11,383		10,893		490		37,115	29.35%
2015		9,660		9,684		(24)		31,670	30.58%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

1. Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Town Clerk prepares a proposed operating at the end of each fiscal year and submits it to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen not later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year.
- 2. A summary of the proposed budget is published, and the public notified that the propose budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- 3. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for the hearing.
- 4. After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is adopted prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- 5. Budgetary amendments involving the transfer of funds from one department, program or function to another or involving increases in expenditures resulting from revenues exceeding amounts estimated require the approval of the Board of Aldermen.
- 6. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 7. Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Board of Aldermen. Such amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations.

2. Pension Plan

Changes in Assumptions --- Changes in assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or of other inputs were recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan. These assumptions include the rate of investment return, mortality of plan members, rate of salary increase, rates of retirement, rates of termination, rates of disability, and various other factors that have an impact on the cost of the plan.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Amounts reported in fiscal year ended December 31, 2018 for the pension plan reflect the following changes used to measure the total pension liability.

Year ended December 31,	Discount Rate	Investment Rate of Return	Inflation Rate	Expected Remaining Service Lives	Projected Salary Increase
2018	7.20%	7.20%	2.60%	4	4.25-9.75%
2017	7.325%	7.325%	2.70%	4	4.25-9.75%
2016	7.50%	7.50%	2.875%	4	4.25-9.75%
2015	7.50%	7.50%	2.875%	4	4.25-9.75%

^{*} The amounts presented have a measurement date of June 30th of each fiscal year.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2018 With Comparative Totals for December 31, 2017

		2018		
	Governmental	Business-Type		2017
	Activities	Activities	Total	Totals
ASSETS				
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$1,291,123	\$ 447,096	\$1,738,219	\$1,937,665
Receivables, net	107,857	226,509	334,366	339,649
Due from other governmental units	8,442	-	8,442	13,022
Inventory	-	33,658	33,658	20,921
Prepaid items	44,543	12,724	57,267	49,115
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted assets -				
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	-	258,745	258,745	253,958
Capital assets, net	4,103,515	2,601,164	6,704,679	6,848,144
Total assets	_5,555,480	3,579,896	9,135,376	9,462,474
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	19,956		19,956	22,249
LIABILITIES				
Accounts and other payables	158,540	45,866	204,406	230,736
Claims payable	45,951	-	45,951	25,654
Internal balances	65,170	(65,170)	-	-
Customer deposits	-	258,745	258,745	253,958
Net pension liability	95,725		95,725	109,383
Total liabilities	365,386	239,441	604,827	619,731
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	11,939		11,939	1,100
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	4,103,515	2,601,164	6,704,679	6,848,144
Restricted for sales tax dedications	467,374	-	467,374	574,576
Unrestricted	627,222	739,291	_1,366,513	1,441,172
Total net position	\$5,198,111	\$3,340,455	\$8,538,566	\$8,863,892

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2018

With Comparative Amounts as of December 31, 2017

		2018		
		Sales Tax	_	
		Special		
	General	Revenue	Total	2017
ASSETS				
Cash	\$ 54,739	\$ -	\$ 54,739	\$ 71,125
Interest-bearing deposits	766,571	466,840	1,233,411	1,312,997
Receivables:				
Taxes	100,480	-	100,480	117,213
Other	7,377	-	7,377	1,281
Due from other funds	-	19,621	19,621	18,894
Due from other governmental units	8,442		8,442	13,022
Total assets	\$ 937,609	\$ 486,461	\$1,424,070	<u>\$1,534,532</u>
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts and other payables	\$ 119,284	\$ 19,087	\$ 138,371	\$ 137,091
Compensated absences payable	20,169	-	20,169	21,809
Due to other funds	112,426		112,426	123,814
Total liabilities	251,879	19,087	270,966	282,714
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Unavailable revenue	30,797		30,797	27,044
Fund balances -				
Restricted - operations and maintenance	-	354,998	354,998	416,124
Restricted - capital expenditures	-	38,915	38,915	91,210
Restricted - industry and tourism inducement	-	73,461	73,461	67,242
Unassigned	654,933		654,933	650,198
Total fund balances	654,933	467,374	1,122,307	1,224,774
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of				
resources, and fund balances	\$ 937,609	\$ 486,461	\$1,424,070	\$1,534,532

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

		2018		
		Sales Tax		
		Special		
	General	Revenue	Total	2017
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 327,411	\$ 641,188	\$ 968,599	\$ 977,664
Licenses and permits	133,676	-	133,676	132,782
Intergovernmental	124,273	-	124,273	97,921
Fines and forfeits	292,541	-	292,541	396,144
Miscellaneous	514,481	607	515,088	497,189
Total revenues	1,392,382	641,795	2,034,177	2,101,700
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government:				
Administrative	745,015	58,468	803,483	825,227
Public safety:				
Police	978,328	-	978,328	875,266
Highways and streets	554,540	-	554,540	650,349
Culture and recreation	176,096	-	176,096	158,339
Judicial	45,017	-	45,017	47,474
Capital outlay		200,797	200,797	182,761
Total expenditures	2,498,996	259,265	2,758,261	2,739,416
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(1,106,614)	382,530	(724,084)	(637,716)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	1,111,349	-	1,111,349	977,921
Transfers out		(489,732)	(489,732)	(545,054)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,111,349	(489,732)	621,617	432,867
Net changes in fund balances	4,735	(107,202)	(102,467)	(204,849)
Fund balances, beginning	650,198	574,576	1,224,774	1,429,623
Fund balances, ending	\$ 654,933	<u>\$ 467,374</u>	\$1,122,307	\$1,224,774

TOWN OF MAMOU, LOUISIANA General Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Revenues For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

2018 Variance with Final Budget Positive 2017 Budget Original Final Actual (Negative) Actual Taxes: Ad valorem \$ 185,740 6,740 \$ 179,000 179,000 \$ 184,404 Franchise -Electric 110,000 115,000 126,499 11,499 117,770 Telephone 10,700 8,000 7,577 (423)8,868 Cable TV 15,500 7,000 7,595 595 12,003 309,000 Total taxes 315,200 327,411 18,411 323,045 Licenses and permits: Occupational licenses 130,000 131,000 129,138 (1,862)128,436 4,538 Permits. 4,538 4,346 130,000 131,000 133,676 2,676 132,782 Total licenses and permits Intergovernmental: 7,000 7,000 Beer taxes 6,585 (415)6,863 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 Highway maintenance State grants 20,000 28,000 61,591 33,591 34,717 Housing of state prisoners 50,000 45,000 51,097 6,097 45,341 Housing Authority 6,000 82,000 85,000 124,273 39,273 97,921 Total intergovernmental Fines and forfeits: 460,000 300,000 292,541 (7,459)Fines and court costs 396,144 Total fines, forfeits, etc. 460,000 300,000 292,541 396,144 (7,459)Miscellaneous: 1,000 102 1,106 Interest 1,000 1,102 Nursing home lease revenue 434,400 467,000 466,980 (20)434,400 Recreation complex 12,140 12,140 15,625 59,000 47,000 34,259 45,407 Other sources (12,741)494,400 515,000 514,481 (519)496,538 Total miscellaneous Total revenues \$1,481,600 \$1,340,000 \$1,392,382 \$ 52,382 \$1,446,430

TOWN OF MAMOU, LOUISIANA General Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

				Variance with Final Budget	
		dget		Positive	2017
_	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Current:					
General government -					
Administrative:					
Mayor and council salaries	\$ 84,600	\$ 84,600	\$ 84,600	\$ -	\$ 84,600
Other salaries and wages	238,400	253,400	248,553	4,847	238,111
Group insurance	55,000	55,000	52,259	2,741	49,622
Insurance	60,000	60,000	32,385	27,615	34,375
Payroll taxes	30,000	30,000	29,875	125	29,234
Materials and supplies	35,000	35,000	36,242	(1,242)	41,233
Advertisements and recordings	3,000	3,000	5,450	(2,450)	3,600
Legal fees	10,000	10,000	2,550	7,450	8,600
Accounting and auditing	55,000	54,000	13,180	40,820	12,325
Professional fees	70,000	70,000	77,739	(7,739)	86,782
Miscellaneous	28,000	30,000	29,982	18	42,131
Utilities and telephone	20,000	22,000	19,953	2,047	19,533
Repairs and maintenance	28,000	76,000	109,183	(33,183)	119,252
Training	4,000	4,000	3,064	936	2,767
Total administrative	721,000	787,000	745,015	41,985	772,165
Public safety -					
Police:					
Salaries	423,500	483,500	512,104	(28,604)	467,176
Payroll taxes	40,000	40,000	42,992	(2,992)	38,273
Retirement contribution	11,500	11,500	11,416	84	11,353
Group insurance	100,000	100,000	95,806	4,194	74,432
Utilities and telephone	30,000	30,000	29,073	927	28,069
Insurance	102,000	102,000	101,878	122	120,327
Auto	30,000	56,000	54,347	1,653	39,293
Gas and repairs	25,000	27,000	28,616	(1,616)	34,770
Professional fees	4,000	6,000	-	6,000	-
Court and lab fees	65,000	50,000	39,117	10,883	-
Miscellaneous	19,000	20,000	13,367	6,633	15,982
Supplies	40,000	47,000	45,030	1,970	43,617
Training	-	-	4,582	(4,582)	1,974
Total police department	890,000	973,000	978,328	(5,328)	875,266

(continued)

TOWN OF MAMOU, LOUISIANA General Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	2018				
				Variance with	
				Final Budget	
	Budg			Positive	2017
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Highways and streets -					
Salaries	242,000	240,000	205,961	34,039	251,211
Payroll taxes	20,000	20,000	18,043	1,957	22,482
Maintenance and supplies	103,000	147,000	123,231	23,769	93,786
Lighting	62,000	65,000	63,380	1,620	61,182
Group insurance	50,000	50,000	43,548	6,452	90,973
Telephone	3,000	4,000	3,230	77 0	3,184
Insurance	110,000	110,000	61,810	48,190	91,388
Miscellaneous	17,000	17,000	12,191	4,809	16,760
Auto	14,000	22,000	19,8 7 6	2,124	17,561
Equipment rental	-	-	2,644	(2,644)	426
Professional fees	2,000	1,000	626	374	1,396
Total highways and streets	623,000	676,000	554,540	121,460	650,349
Culture and recreation -					
Salaries	4,350	4,550	4,410	140	4,410
Payroll taxes	450	450	426	24	426
Repairs and maintenance	28,000	36,000	40,934	(4,934)	30,137
Materials and supplies	16,000	26,000	27,096	(1,096)	23,334
Auto	600	1,000	-	1,000	-
Utilities and telephone	45,000	58,000	58,543	(543)	50,792
Insurance	40,000	47,000	35,287	11,713	39,440
Miscellaneous	10,000	12,000	9,400	2,600	9,800
Total culture and recreation	144,400	185,000	176,096	8,904	158,339
Judicial -					
Salaries	16,500	17,500	16,532	968	16,942
Payroll taxes	1,500	1,500	1,370	130	1,644
Insurance	500	500	467	33	468
Group insurance	_	-	8,710	(8,710)	8,270
Materials and supplies	5,000	4,000	3,848	152	5,208
Telephone	2,500	2,000	2,090	(90)	2,269
Professional fees	12,000	12,000	12,000	- -	12,000
Miscellaneous	1,000	1,000	-	1,000	673
Total judicial	39,000	38,500	45,017	(6,517)	47,474

(continued)

TOWN OF MAMOU, LOUISIANA General Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures (Continued)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018
With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	2018					
	D.,	14		Variance with Final Budget	2017	
		dget	A . 1	Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual	
Capital outlay: General government: Building and improvements	-	-	-	-	10,466	
Culture and recreation: Building improvements					8,770	
Total capital outlay					19,236	
Total expenditures	\$2,417,400	\$2,659,500	\$2,498,996	\$160,504	\$2,522,829	

TOWN OF MAMOU, LOUISIANA Special Revenue Fund Sales Tax Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

2018 Variance with Final Budget Budget Positive 2017 Original Final Actual (Negative) Actual Revenues: \$ 654,619 \$ 648,000 \$ 663,000 Taxes \$ 641,188 \$ (21,812) Miscellaneous: Interest 700 700 607 (93)651 Total revenues 648,700 663,700 641,795 (21,905)655,270 Expenditures: Current -General government: Audit and accounting 9,520 (9,520)7,725 Miscellaneous 12,800 13,002 (12,800)Industry and tourism inducement 32,000 35,000 36,148 (1,148)32,335 32,000 35,000 58,468 53,062 Total general government (23,468)Capital outlay -General government: Equipment 20,000 30,000 18,435 11,565 Public safety: Vehicles and equipment 40,000 60,000 48,512 11,488 26,600 Highways and streets: Street improvements 100,000 145,200 115,163 30,037 6,085 Vehicles and equipment 5,000 4,800 126,584 4,800 Culture and recreation: Building improvements 10,000 20,000 13,887 6,113 4,256 260,000 Total capital outlay 175,000 200,797 59,203 163,525 295,000 Total expenditures 207,000 259,265 35,735 216,587 Excess of revenues over expenditures 441,700 368,700 382,530 13,830 438,683 Other financing uses: Transfers to -Utility Fund (97,000)(97,000)(121,000)General Fund (418,000)(438,000)(392,732)45,268 (424,054)Total other financing uses (418,000)(438,000)(489,732)(51,732)(545,054)Net change in fund balance 23,700 (69,300)(107,202)(37,902)(106,371)Fund balance, beginning 574,576 574,576 680,947 574,576 Fund balance, ending \$ 598,276 \$ 505,276 \$ 467,374 \$ (37,902) \$ 574,576

TOWN OF MAMOU, LOUISIANA Enterprise Fund Utility Fund

Schedule of Number of Utility Customers (Unaudited) December 31, 2018

Records maintained by the Town indicated the following number of customers were being serviced during the month of December 31, 2018 and 2017:

Department	2018	2017		
Gas (metered)	897	910		
Water	1,657	1,675		
Sewerage	1,227	1,252		

Schedule of Insurance In Force (Unaudited) December 31, 2018

	Coverage
Description of Coverage	Amounts
XX 1 1 2	G
Workmen's compensation -	Statutory
Employer's liability- policy limit	500,000
Bodily injury by accident	100,000
Bodily injury by disease	100,000
Surety bonds -	
Fidelity bond	165,000
~	
Commercial general liability	500,000
I arrantonament officeral community and inhility	500,000
Law enforcement officers' comprehensive liability	500,000
Automobile liability	500,000
7 Automobile numbers	200,000
Public officials' errors and omissions liability	500,000
Commercial fire and extended coverage -	
Buildings and contents	5,260,800
Vehicle physical damage	168,000
· onicio prijotoni animago	100,000

Combined Schedule of Interest-Bearing Deposits - All Funds December 31, 2018

			Maturity Date	Total Book Value
Major Governmental Funds:	•			
General Fund -				
Savings Account - Hospital Revenue	(J)	0.25%	N/A	\$ 343,840
Interest-bearing checking - General	(J)	0.10%	N/A	292,749
Interest-bearing checking - Payroll	(J)	0.05%	N/A	29,874
Interest-bearing checking - Insurance Contingency	(S)	0.10%	N/A	100,108
Total General Fund				766,571
Special Revenue Funds -				
Sales Tax Fund				
Interest-bearing checking - Sales Tax Fund	(S)	0.10%	N/A	451,853
Interest-bearing checking - Construction Account	(S)	0.10%	N/A	14,987
Total Sales Tax Fund				466,840
Total Governmental Funds				1,233,411
Proprietary Fund:				
Utility Fund:				
Operating Account -				
Interest-bearing checking	(C)	0.15%	N/A	163,939
Certificate of Deposit	(J)	0.35%	03/16/19	49,757
Water Revenue Fund -				
Interest-bearing checking	(S)	0.10%	N/A	73,646
Interest-bearing checking	(S)	0.10%	N/A	32,209
Meter Deposit Fund -				
Certificate of Deposit	(S)	0.20%	07/28/19	185,575
Interest-bearing checking	(J)	0.10%	N/A	200,715
Total Proprietary Fund				705,841
Total Interest-bearing Deposits - All Funds				\$1,939,252

Certificates of deposit, savings account and interest-bearing checking accounts with ---

⁽C) Investar Bank, Ville Platte, Louisiana

⁽J) JD Bank, Mamou, Louisiana

⁽S) Sabine State Bank, Many, Louisiana

Comparative Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2018 and 2017

	Business-typ	e Activities -	Governmental Activities -		
		ise Fund	Internal Service Fund		
ASSETS	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Current assets:					
Cash	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,973	\$17,040	
Interest-bearing deposits	447,096	536,503	-	-	
Receivables -					
Accounts, net	153,594	141,805	-	-	
Unbilled utility receivables	72,827	79,231	=	-	
Accrued interest receivable	57	57	-	-	
Other	31	62	-	-	
Due from other funds	65,170	77,150	27,635	27,770	
Inventory - natural gas	33,658	20,921	-	-	
Prepaid items	12,724	10,963			
Total current assets	785,157	866,692	30,608	44,810	
Noncurrent assets:					
Restricted assets -					
Interest-bearing deposits	258,745	253,958	-	-	
Capital assets, net	2,601,164	2,716,436			
Total noncurrent assets	2,859,909	2,970,394			
Total assets	3,645,066	3,837,086	30,608	44,810	
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities (payable from current assets):					
Accounts and other payables	37,042	65,010	-	-	
Compensated absences payable	8,824	6,826	-	-	
Claims payable			45,951	25,654	
Total	45,866	71,836	45,951	25,654	
Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets):					
Customer deposits	258,745	253,958	-	-	
Total noncurrent liabilities	258,745	253,958	-		
Total liabilities	304,611	325,794	45,951	25,654	
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	2,601,164	2,716,436	-	-	
Unrestricted (deficit)	739,291	794,856	_(15,343)	19,156	
Total net position	\$3,340,455	\$3,511,292	\$ (15,343)	\$19,156	

Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds Years Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

	Business-typ	e Activities-	Governmental Activities-		
	Enterpri	se Fund	Internal Service Fund		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$1,686,992	\$1,634,653	\$501,215	\$451,334	
Permits, reconnections and penalties	53,699	52,009	-	-	
Miscellaneous	16,644	19,714			
Total operating revenues	1,757,335	1,706,376	501,215	451,334	
Operating expenses:					
Gas department expenses	494,274	496,629	-	-	
Water department expenses	379,924	403,039	-	-	
Sewerage department expenses	241,297	298,863	-	_	
Depreciation expense	213,280	197,805	-	-	
Amortization expense	-	-	-	-	
Self insurance expenses	-	-	535,714	467,170	
Total operating expenses	1,328,775	1,396,336	535,714	467,170	
Operating income (loss)	428,560	310,040	(34,499)	(15,836)	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Interest income	1,875	1,479	-	_	
Total nonoperating revenues	1,875	1,479		_	
Income (loss) before contributions					
and transfers	430,435	311,519	(34,499)	(15,836)	
Capital contributions	20,345	16,568			
Income (loss) before transfers	450,780	328,087	(34,499)	(15,836)	
Transfers in (out):					
Transfers out	(621,617)	(432,867)			
Total transfers in (out)	(621,617)	(432,867)			
Change in net position	(170,837)	(104,780)	(34,499)	(15,836)	
Net position, beginning	3,511,292	3,616,072	19,156	34,992	
Net position, ending	\$3,340,455	\$3,511,292	\$ (15,343)	\$ 19,156	

TOWN OF MAMOU, LOUISIANA Enterprise Fund Utility Fund

Departmental Analysis of Revenues and Expenses Years Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

	То	tals	Gas		Water		Sewer	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Operating revenues:								
Customers service charges	\$1,686,992	\$1,634,653	\$ 678,118	\$ 614,400	\$532,153	\$534,639	\$476,721	\$485,614
Permits, reconnections and penalties	53,699	52,009	21,587	19,555	16,915	17,007	15,197	15,447
Miscellaneous	16,644	19,714	13,164	16,036	980	<u>970</u>	2,500	2,708
Total operating revenues	1,757,335	1,706,376	712,869	649,991	550,048	552,616	494,418	503,769
Operating expenses:								
Salaries	225,304	254,554	91,328	90,825	80,615	96,038	53,361	67,691
Payroll taxes	18,796	21,593	7,815	7,662	6,745	8,265	4,236	5,666
Group Insurance	69,677	82,703	17,419	33,081	34,839	33,081	17,419	16,541
Gas purchased	231,890	209,009	231,890	209,009	-	-	-	-
Maintenance and supplies	200,582	245,261	55,063	60,653	100,521	105,256	44,998	79,352
Safe water drinking fee	19,061	18,998	-	-	19,061	18,998	-	-
Lab fees	8,403	9,385	-	-	1,263	2,545	7,140	6,840
Depreciation expense	213,280	197,805	30,082	19,568	54,119	51,417	129,079	126,820
Utilities	149,666	135,631	6,144	5,414	86,112	69,173	57,410	61,044
Telephone	8,519	7,869	5,180	4,614	701	255	2,638	3,000
Truck operation	34,623	33,485	11,069	11,401	14,100	12,548	9,454	9,536
Bad debt expense	2,924	1,606	1,251	899	1,000	422	673	285
Insurance	58,988	67,315	19,627	20,451	19,006	23,919	20,355	22,945
Miscellaneous	14,879	13,647	2,837	1,693	1,790	1,090	10,252	10,864
Professional fees	66,252	84,406	41,310	44,884	13,002	27,702	11,940	11,820
Training	5,931	13,069	3,341	6,043	1,169	3,747	1,421	3,279
Total operating expenses	1,328,775	1,396,336	524,356	516,197	434,043	454,456	370,376	425,683
Operating income	<u>\$ 428,560</u>	\$ 310,040	\$ 188,513	\$ 133,794	\$116,005	\$ 98,160	\$124,042	\$ 78,086

INTERNAL CONTROL,
COMPLIANCE, AND
OTHER MATTERS

KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

C. Burton Kolder, CPA*
Victor R. Slaven, CPA*
Gerald A. Thibodeaux, Jr., CPA*
Robert S. Carter, CPA*
Arthur R. Mixon, CPA*
Brad E. Kolder, CPA, JD*
Stephen J. Anderson, CPA*
Christine C. Doucet, CPA
Wanda F. Arcement, CPA, CVA
Bryan K. Joubert, CPA
Matthew E. Margaglio, CPA
Casey L. Ardoin, CPA, CFE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

183 S. Beadle Rd. Lafayette, LA 70508 Phone (337) 232-4141 11929 Bricksome Ave. Baton Rouge, LA 70816 Phone (225) 293-8300

1428 Metro Dr. Alexandria, LA 71301 Phone (318) 442-4421 450 E. Main St. New Iberia, LA 70560 Phone (337) 367-9204

200 S. Main St. Abbeville, LA 70510 Phone (337) 893-7944 1201 David Dr. Morgan City, LA 70380 Phone (985) 384-2020

434 E. Main St. Ville Platte, LA 70586 Phone (337) 363-2792 332 W. Sixth Ave. Oberlin, LA 70655 Phone (337) 639-4737

WWW.KCSRCPAS.COM

The Honorable Ricky Fontenot, Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Mamou, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund other than the Savoy Medical Management Group, Inc. Fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Mamou, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Mamou, Louisiana's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 24, 2019. The opinion on the Town of Mamou, Louisiana's business-type activities was adverse because the financial statements do not include financial data of the Savoy Medical Management Group, Inc. Fund, and accordingly, this report does not include reporting on internal control over financial reporting or instances of reportable noncompliance associated with the omitted fund.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Mamou, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Mamou, Louisiana's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Mamou, Louisiana's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

^{*} A Professional Accounting Corporation

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan as item 2018-001 to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Mamou, Louisiana's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan as item 2018-002.

Town of Mamou, Louisiana's Response to Findings

The Town of Mamou, Louisiana's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan. The Town of Mamou, Louisiana's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Although the intended use of this report may be limited, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana June 24, 2018

Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan Year Ended December 31, 2018

Part I: Current Year Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan

A. Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

2018-001 Purchases of food and supplies for prisoners

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2016

CONDITION: The Town lacks proper controls over the purchase of food and supplies for prisoners held in the Town's jail facility.

CRITERIA: AU-C§325.05, Communicating Internal Control Related Matters Identified in an Audit, states, in part:

"A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis.

A deficiency in design exists when:

- A control necessary to meet the control objectives is missing, or
- An existing control is not properly designed so that, even if the control operates as designed, the control objective would not be met."

CAUSE: Preliminary documentation used to obtain approval for purchases prior to completion of purchase orders is not maintained or reconciled to the detailed receipts of purchases.

EFFECT: Preparing purchase orders after purchases are made and failure to maintain the preliminary documentation used to obtain approval for purchases increases the risks that unauthorized purchases will be made and not identified.

RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that the Town implement policies and procedures to ensure purchases of food and supplies for prisoners held in the Town's jail facility are reasonable and necessary, budgeted, documented and approved, received and safeguarded, and used solely for public purposes.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: The Town will develop and implement policies and procedures to ensure purchases of food and supplies for prisoners held in the Town's jail facility are reasonable and necessary, budgeted, documented and approved, received and safeguarded, and used solely for public purposes.

Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2018

B. Compliance

2018-002 <u>Failure to remit court-specific fees timely</u>

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2018

CONDITION: The Town did not remit court-specific fees and the required CMIS Form A report to the Louisiana Supreme Court for the period July 2013 through May 2018 until June.

CRITERIA: Louisiana Code of Criminal Procedure, Art. 887 Subparagraph F states "...shall be assessed an additional three dollars as a special court costs; provided that such additional cost shall be one dollar in mayor's courts in municipalities with a population of two thousand or less. Such special costs shall be imposed by all courts, including mayor's courts and magistrate courts...". The code further states "the proceeds of the special cost shall be deposited in the state treasury monthly on or before the tenth day of each calendar month".

CAUSE: The Town did not have adequate policies and procedures in place to ensure that court-specific fees were reported and remitted as required monthly.

EFFECT: Failure to report and remit court-specific fees increases the risk that the Town will be in violation of state law.

RECOMMENDATION: The Town should implement policies and procedures to ensure that court-specific fees and all related reports are submitted timely to the State as required by Louisiana Code of Criminal Procedures, Art. 887 Subparagraph F.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: The Town has implemented policies and procedures to ensure that court-specific fees and all related reports are submitted timely to the State as required by Louisiana Code of Criminal Procedures, Art. 887 Subparagraph F. Beginning in June 2018, court-specific fees and the related reports are submitted to the Louisiana Supreme Court on a monthly basis as required.

C. <u>Management Letter</u>

A management letter was issued related to significant gas loss experienced by the Town's utility system.

Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2018

Part II: Prior Year Findings:

A. <u>Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and Compliance</u>

2017-001 Purchases of food and supplies for prisoners

CONDITION: The Town lacks proper controls over the purchase of food and supplies for prisoners held in the Town's jail facility.

RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that the Town implement policies and procedures to ensure purchases of food and supplies for prisoners held in the Town's jail facility are reasonable and necessary, budgeted, documented and approved, received and safeguarded, and used solely for public purposes.

CURRENT STATUS: Unresolved. See item 2018-001.

KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

C. Burton Kolder, CPA*
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Robert S. Carter, CPA*
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Wanda F. Arcement, CPA, CVA
Bryan K. Joubert, CPA
Matthew E. Margaglio, CPA
Casey L. Ardoin, CPA, CFE

183 S. Beadle Rd. Lafayette, LA 70508 Phone (337) 232-4141 11929 Bricksome Ave. Baton Rouge, LA 70816 Phone (225) 293-8300

1428 Metro Dr. Alexandria, LA 71301 Phone (318) 442-4421 450 E. Main St. New Iberia, LA 70560 Phone (337) 367-9204

200 S. Main St. Abbeville, LA 70510 Phone (337) 893-7944 1201 David Dr. Morgan City, LA 70380 Phone (985) 384-2020

434 E. Main St. Ville Platte, LA 70586 Phone (337) 363-2792 332 W. Sixth Ave. Oberlin, LA 70655 Phone (337) 639-4737

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MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Ricky Fontenot, Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Mamou, Louisiana

We have completed our audit of the basic financial statements of the Town of Mamou, Louisiana, for the year ended December 31, 2018, and submit the following recommendation for your consideration:

A significant gas loss occurred in the Gas Utility Department. Despite efforts to locate and repair gas leaks, this loss has remained virtually unchanged from the prior year. The Town should continue to investigate possible reasons for the significant gas loss and continue efforts to reduce the loss.

In conclusion, we express our appreciation to you and your staff, particularly to your office staff, for the courtesies and assistance rendered to us during the performance of our audit. Should you have any questions or need assistance in implementing our recommendations, please feel free to contact us.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana June 24, 2019

^{*} A Professional Accounting Corporation

Mamou, Louisiana

Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures Report

Year Ended December 31, 2018

KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

To the Management of the Town of Mamou, Louisiana and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor

We have performed the procedures enumerated below, which were agreed to by the management of the Town of Mamou, Louisiana (The Town) and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor (LLA) on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the LLA's Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2018. The Town's management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of Government Auditing Standards. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the specified users of this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

Written Policies and Procedures

- 1. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe that they address each of the following categories and subcategories (if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations):
 - a) **Budgeting**, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget
 - b) **Purchasing**, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the public bid law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.
 - c) Disbursements, including processing, reviewing, and approving
 - d) **Receipts/Collections**, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g. periodic confirmation with outside parties,

^{*} A Professional Accounting Corporation

- reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).
- e) *Payroll/Personnel*, including (1) payroll processing, and (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked.
- f) Contracting, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process
- g) Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable), including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases)
- h) *Travel and expense reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers
- i) *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) requirement that all employees, including elected officials, annually attest through signature verification that they have read the entity's ethics policy.
- j) *Debt Service*, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.

Board or Finance Committee

- 2. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:
 - a) Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
 - b) For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund and major special revenue funds, as well as monthly financial statements (or budget-to-actual comparisons, if budgeted) for major proprietary funds. Alternately, for those entities reporting on the non-profit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.
 - c) For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unrestricted fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unrestricted fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unrestricted fund balance in the general fund.

Bank Reconciliations

3. Obtain a listing of client bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all

accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for selected each account, and observe that:

- a) Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged).
- b) Bank reconciliations include evidence that a member of management/board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged).
- c) Management has documentation reflecting that it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

Collections

- 4. Obtain a listing of <u>deposit sites</u> for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).
- 5. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of <u>collection locations</u> and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (i.e. 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:
 - a) Employees that are responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers.
 - b) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g. pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit.
 - c) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.
 - d) The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee verifies the reconciliation.
- 6. Inquire of management that all employees who have access to cash are covered by a bond or insurance policy for theft.
- 7. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for procedure #3 under "Bank Reconciliations" above (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Alternately, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc. Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:
 - a) Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.
 - b) Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.
 - c) Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.

- d) Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100).
- e) Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

- 8. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).
- 9. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that:
 - a) At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase.
 - b) At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.
 - c) The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.
 - d) Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.
- 10. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction and:
 - a) Observe that the disbursement matched the related original invoice/billing statement.
 - b) Observe that the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #9, as applicable.

Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

- 11. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.
- 12. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement), obtain supporting documentation, and:
 - a) Observe that there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the authorized card holder. [Note: Requiring such approval may constrain the legal authority of certain

- public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality); these instances should not be reported.)]
- b) Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.
- 13. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (i.e. each card should have 10 transactions subject to testing). For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only).

Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

- 14. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements, obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:
 - a) If reimbursed using a per diem, agree the reimbursement rate to those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov).
 - b) If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.
 - c) Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by written policy (procedure #1h).
 - d) Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

Contracts

(The following procedures were not performed since there were no exceptions in the prior year.)

- 15. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. Alternately, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and:
 - a) Observe that the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.
 - b) Observe that the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g. Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter).
 - c) If the contract was amended (e.g. change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment.

d) Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

Payroll and Personnel

- 16. Obtain a listing of employees/elected officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees/officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.
- 17. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees/officials selected under #16 above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:
 - a) Observe that all selected employees/officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory). (Note: Generally, an elected official is not eligible to earn leave and does not document his/her attendance and leave. However, if the elected official is earning leave according to policy and/or contract, the official should document his/her daily attendance and leave.)
 - b) Observe that supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees/officials.
 - c) Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records.
- 18. Obtain a listing of those employees/officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees/officials, obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations, agree the hours to the employee/officials' cumulate leave records, and agree the pay rates to the employee/officials' authorized pay rates in the employee/officials' personnel files.
- 19. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, and workers' compensation premiums have been paid, and associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

Ethics

- 20. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, obtain ethics documentation from management, and:
 - a. Observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the fiscal period.
 - b. Observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official attested through signature verification that he or she has read the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period.

Debt Service

(The following procedures were not performed since there were no exceptions in the prior year.)

- 21. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all bonds/notes on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each bond/note issued.
- 22. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants.

Other

(The following procedures were not performed since there were no exceptions in the prior year.)

- 23. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled.
- 24. Observe that the entity has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

Management's Response:

No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedures listed above except:

Written Policies and Procedures:

1. Written policies and procedures were obtained; however, they do not address the following: standard terms and conditions and the monitoring process for contracts.

Management's response: Management will update policies and procedures to ensure that the above areas are addressed.

Board or Finance Committee:

2. Minutes of meetings during the fiscal period did not include monthly budget to actual comparisons for any fund.

Management's response: The entity will review its policies and procedures to ensure minutes include monthly budget to actual comparisons.

Bank Reconciliations:

3. Bank reconciliations do not include evidence of review by a member of management/board member who does not handle cash, post ledger, or issue checks. Bank reconciliations also do not include evidence that management has researched items outstanding for more than 12 months.

Management's response: Management will document review of bank reconciliations and research of items outstanding for more than 12 months.

Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards:

4. One out of three credit cards tested did not contain evidence that the monthly statement or supporting documentation was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the authorized card holder. Also, one out of three monthly statements obtained contained late fees.

Management's response: Management will document the review and approval of credit cards statements by a supervisory employee other than the card holder. Management will also review policies and procedures to ensure all credit card statements are paid timely.

Travel and Expense Reimbursements:

5. Insufficient documentation was maintained to agree the per diem reimbursements to the established rates. Two of out the five reimbursements tested were not supported by an original itemized receipt that identified precisely what was purchased. Reimbursements were not approved in writing by someone other than the person receiving the reimbursement.

Management's response: Management will update policies and procedures to ensure that all per diem rates are obtained from the Louisiana State Travel Guide, all reimbursements are properly supported, and approved by an individual other than the person receiving the reimbursement.

Payroll and Personnel:

6. Agreed paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates noting that three out of five employees selected, were paid salaries that did not agree to the authorized salaries within their personnel files.

Management's response: Management will update policies and procedures to ensure that all employee personnel files contain evidence of authorized pay rates, and all employee pay agrees to authorized pay rates.

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana June 24, 2019