VERMILION PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

Abbeville, Louisiana

Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2020

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Independent Auditor's Report	1-3
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (RSI)	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	6-18
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)	
Statement of net position	22-23
Statement of activities	24-25
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)	
Balance sheet - governmental funds	28
Reconciliation of the governmental funds balance sheet	
to the statement of net position	29
Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances-	
governmental funds	30-31
Reconciliation of the statement of revenues, expenditures, and	
changes in fund balances of governmental funds to the statement of activities	33
Statement of net position - proprietary fund	34
Statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net	
position - proprietary fund	35
Statement of cash flows - proprietary fund	36
Statement of fiduciary net position	37
Notes to basic financial statements	38-82
OTHER REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Budgetary comparison schedules:	0.5
Budgetary comparison schedule - General Fund	85
Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule	86
Schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios	87
Schedule of employer's share of net pension liability - Teachers' Retirement	00
System of Louisiana	88
Schedule of employer contributions - Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana	89
Schedule of employer's share of net pension liability - School Employees'	00
Retirement System of Louisiana	90
Schedule of employer contributions - School Employees' Retirement System	
of Louisiana	91
	(continued)

TABLE OF CONTENTS (continued)

	Page
Schedule of employer's share of net pension liability - Louisiana State	
Employees' Retirement System	92
Schedule of employer contributions - Louisiana State Employees' Retirement	72
System	93
Notes to Retirement System and OPEB Schedules	94-95
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds -	
Combining balance sheet	98
Combining statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances	99
Nonmajor special revenue funds -	
Combining balance sheet	102-105
Combining statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in	
fund balances	106-109
Nonmajor debt service fund -	
Comparative balance sheet	111
Comparative statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance	112
Nonmajor capital projects fund -	
Comparative balance sheet	114
Comparative statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance	115
Fiduciary funds -	
Combining statement of assets and liabilities	117
Schedule of changes in deposits due others - school activity agency fund	118
Comparative schedule of cash receipts and disbursements - sales tax collection	
agency fund	119-120
	(continued)

TABLE OF CONTENTS (continued)

	Page
INTERNAL CONTROL, COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and	
on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	122-123
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for each Major Program and on	
Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	124-125
Schedule of expenditures of federal awards	126-127
Notes to schedule of expenditure of federal awards	128
Schedule of findings and questioned costs	129
Schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's	
corrective action plan	130-131

KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

C. Burton Kolder, CPA*
Brad E. Kolder, CPA, JD*
Gerald A. Thibodeaux, Jr., CPA*
Robert S. Carter, CPA*
Arthur R. Mixon, CPA*
Stephen J. Anderson, CPA*
Christine C. Doucet, CPA
Wanda F. Arcement, CPA, CVA
Bryan K. Joubert, CPA
Matthew E. Margaglio, CPA
Casey L. Ardoin, CPA, CFE

Victor R. Slaven, CPA* - retired 2020

* A Professional Accounting Corporation

183 S. Beadle Rd. Lafayette, LA 70508 Phone (337) 232-4141 11929 Bricksome Ave. Baton Rouge, LA 70816 Phone (225) 293-8300

1428 Metro Dr. Alexandria, LA 71301 Phone (318) 442-4421 450 E. Main St. New Iberia, LA 70560 Phone (337) 367-9204

200 S. Main St. Abbeville, LA 70510 Phone (337) 893-7944 1201 David Dr. Morgan City, LA 70380 Phone (985) 384-2020

434 E. Main St. Ville Platte, LA 70586 Phone (337) 363-2792 332 W. Sixth Ave. Oberlin, LA 70655 Phone (337) 639-4737

WWW.KCSRCPAS.COM

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Mr. Thomas Byler, Superintendent, and Members of the Vermilion Parish School Board Abbeville, Louisiana

Report on the financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Vermilion Parish School Board (the School Board), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School Board, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis and the other required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historic context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for the consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School Board's financial statements. The other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The other supplementary information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 8, 2020, on our consideration of the School Board's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the School Board's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Abbeville, Louisiana December 8, 2020

PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (RSI)

Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the Vermilion Parish School Board's financial performance provides an overall review of the School Board's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School Board's financial performance as a whole. The reader should read this discussion in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements, which are all included in this report, to enhance their understanding of the Vermilion Parish School Board's financial performance.

The MD&A is an element of Required Supplementary Information specified in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34 (Statement). Certain comparative information between the current year (2019-20) and the prior year (2018-19) is required to be presented in the MD&A.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the School Board was required to implement Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. This Statement makes it compulsory for all governmental agencies to record on their government wide statements, their share of retirement systems' financial data. At June 30, 2020, the School Board is required to report a liability of \$102.6 million for its proportionate share of the retirement systems' net pension liability, as reflected in the Statement of Net Position on page 23.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the board adopted the requirements of GASB Statement No. 75. This Statement requires the cost of post-employment healthcare to be recognized in the year when the employee services are received and recognized a liability for Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) obligations. At June 30, 2020, the School Board reported a liability of \$166.0 million for this OPEB liability.

The requirement to record these liabilities has an extraordinarily adverse impact on the School Board's government wide statements and has created a negative net position. In spite of the requirement to record this "book" entry, the School System continues to be in a strong financial position.

The School Board's overall net position decreased by \$7.6 million from July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020 as reported in the Statement of Activities on pages 24 and 25.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

An analysis of the major revenue components is as follows:

Operating Grants – Operating and capital grants and contributions for the Vermilion Parish School Board were \$13.0 million for 2019-20. This is very consistent with the previous 2018-19 fiscal year.

Minimum Foundation Program (MFP) – MFP is the funding formula from the state for school systems in Louisiana. The funding is based on a formula with many variables and two (2) primary levels of funding. Level one (1) funding is based on the number of students enrolled in the school system. Level two (2) funding is based on the dollar amount of local funding. The more local tax support received by a District, the more state support (MFP) we receive through level two funding. The School Board receives a percentage match in level two funding from the state for local contributions exceeding an established minimum amount. The unrestricted portion of the MFP funding was \$57.8 million during 2019-20 as compared to \$54.8 million for 2018-19.

Ad Valorem Taxes – Ad valorem taxes collected for general and specific purposes was \$12.1 million for 2019-20, comparable to the \$12.4 million for the previous 2018-19 fiscal year.

Sales Taxes – Total sales tax collections for the Board's 1% General Fund levy and the ½% salaries and benefits levy were \$11.6 million during the 2019-20 fiscal year, compared to \$11.1 million the previous fiscal year.

Rentals, Leases and Royalties – 16^{th} section revenues, which include oil and gas leases and royalties, as well as surface rentals, totaled \$1.8 million for the 2019-20 fiscal year compared to \$1.6 million for the 2018-19 fiscal year.

General – The other revenues of the School Board remained relatively stable when compared to prior years.

The expenses of the School Board, as reported in the Statement of Activities, were \$105.7 million in 2019-20. The major expense components are as follows:

Salaries and related benefits - Salaries and related benefits are the School Board's largest expense items. Salaries and related benefits account for \$78.3 million or 74.1% of total expenses. Salaries and related benefits for the prior fiscal year were \$78.3 million.

Self Insurance Fund – On April 25, 2002, the Board established a partially self-funded health insurance program. Blue Cross Blue Shield has been the board's third party administrator since May 1, 2016. The School Board's contribution to the health insurance program decreased from \$10.6 million in 2018-19 to \$10.4 million in 2019-20.

Operation & Maintenance of Plant Services – The cost of maintaining parish facilities decreased from \$9.6 million for 2018-19 to \$9.2 million for 2019-20.

Facilities Acquisition and Construction – The amount spent for facilities acquisition and construction remained at \$1.3 million in 2019-20, which was the same as the previous year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Debt Service Payments – The debt service activity remained relatively consistent with the previous year.

Capital Projects – The Capital Projects Fund is being used to account for the construction of a multi-purpose building at Dozier Elementary School.

The impact of implementing GASB 68 is as follows:

Net Pension Liability – Effective with the 2014-15 fiscal year, the Board implemented Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 68, which requires that the School Board's proportionate share of retirement systems' net pension liability be reported on the government wide statements. As reflected on Statement of Net Position on page 23, the board reported a net pension liability of \$102.6 million as of June 30, 2020.

The impact of implementing GASB 75 is as follows:

OPEB Obligation – Effective with the 2016-17 fiscal year, the Board implemented Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 75, which requires that the cost of post employment healthcare to be recognized in the year when the employee services are received and recognized a liability for Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) obligations. At June 30, 2020, the School Board reported a liability of \$166.0 million for this OPEB liability.

USING THIS FINANCIAL REPORT

This financial report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Vermilion Parish School Board as a whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the School Board as a whole and present a longer-term view of the School Board's financial picture.

Also included in the financial statements are the Fund Financial Statements, which report on governmental activities of the School Board. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide financial statements about the services that were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending in the School Board's more significant funds as well as all other non-major funds. The General Fund is Vermilion Parish School Board's most significant fund.

REPORTING THE SCHOOL BOARD AS A WHOLE

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the School Board as a whole and its activities in a way to try to inform the reader as to how the School Board did financially during the 2019-20 fiscal year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

In short, is the School Board better off financially or is it worse off financially than it was this time last year? These statements report all assets and liabilities of the School Board on the accounting basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting considers all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School Board's net position and the change in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School Board as a whole, the financial position of the School Board improved or declined. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors affecting the School Board include the state of the oil and gas industry, the parish's sales and property tax bases and the state and federal government's continued funding.

The Board must include the net pension liability in the Statement of Net Position as required by GASB Statement No 68. These requirements are described in note 10 on page 58. The net effect of this reporting requirement is to include \$102.6 million in long-term liabilities on the Statement of Net Position.

The Board also included Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) liabilities in the Statement of Net Position as required by GASB Statement No. 75. These requirements are described in note 15 on page 75. The net effect of this reporting requirement is to include \$166.0 million in long-term liabilities on the Statement of Net Position.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report the governmental activities of the School Board. Most of the School Board's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operating and maintenance of plant, student transportation, and child nutrition programs.

REPORTING THE SCHOOL BOARD'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School Board's major funds begins on page 27. Fund Financial Statements provide detailed information about the School Board's major funds. The School Board uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School Board's most significant funds. The School Board's major governmental funds for the 2019-20 fiscal year are the General Fund and the Permanent Fund.

The Vermilion Parish School Board's non-major governmental funds for the 2019-20 fiscal year are the 1998 and 1996 Ad Valorem Tax Funds, the Titles I, II III and IV Funds, the Education Excellence Fund, the IDEA Fund, the Pre-School Flow-Through Fund, the School Lunch/Breakfast Fund, the TASC Fund, the Preschool LA-4 Fund, the 2009 Sales Tax Fund, the School Wide Positive Behavior Fund, the Child Care & Development Fund, the Carl Perkins Fund, the Striving Readers Fund, the Debt Service Fund, and the Capital Projects Fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the School Board's activities are reported as governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental funds' statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School Board's general government operations and the basic services it provides.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or difference) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Funds

On April 25, 2002, the School Board established a partially self-insured group health insurance program. A separate internal service fund was created to accumulate funds designated for the payment of health care claims, insurance and associated costs of school system employees, retirees and their covered dependents. The School Board has procured insurance with both a specific and aggregate stop loss. Transactions related to meeting the claims incurred in these areas are accounted for in the Internal Service Proprietary Fund. Expenses in the Group Insurance Fund are recognized as claims are incurred. Liabilities are recognized for incurred but unpaid claims. The Internal Service Proprietary Fund transactions are reported on pages 34 through 36 in a separate section consisting of a Statement of Net Position; a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position; and a Statement of Cash Flows.

THE SCHOOL BOARD AS TRUSTEE

Reporting the School Board's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The School Board is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its School Activity Fund and the Sales Tax Collection Fund. All of the School Board's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Comparative Statement of Assets and Liabilities, accompanied by supporting schedules on pages 117 through 120. These activities have been excluded from the School Board's other financial statements because the School Board cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The School Board is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Non-Expendable Trust Fund

As explained in note 18 on page 80, the Vermilion Parish School Board established the Daniel R. Dartez Education Public Trust on June 11, 1996. The Trust was established using excess oil and gas revenues and was set-up to help meet the capital outlay needs of the School System. The Trust is administered by a board of trustees which consists of individuals charged with the responsibility of maintaining a high quality investment portfolio which maximizes income within acceptable levels of risk. The trustees operate independent of the School Board, but the trust earnings are dedicated to the School Board. The activities of the Trust Fund are reported in the Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance on pages 28 through 31.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The School Board as a Whole

The School Board's net position at June 30, 2020 was \$(160.6) million, this included \$21.8 million of restricted net position. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from trust and debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the School Board's ability to use it for day-to-day operations. The following analysis focuses on the net position (Table 1) and change in net position (Table 2) of the School Board's governmental activities.

Table 1 Governmental Activities Net Position June 30, 2020 (In Millions)

(With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2019)

	Year Ended June 30	
	2020	2019
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 52.8	\$ 50.5
Capital assets	58.0	59.5
Total assets	\$ 110.8	\$ 110.0
Deferred Outflows-Pensions	\$ 41.6	\$ 47.8
Liabilities		
Current and other liabilities	\$ 12.8	\$ 13.2
Long-term liabilities	274.8	275.4
Total liabilities	\$ 287.6	\$ 288.6
Deferred Inflows-Pensions	\$ 25.5	\$ 22.2
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 56.0	\$ 57.2
Restricted	21.8	24.8
Unrestricted	(238.4)	(235.0)
Total net position	\$ (160.6)	\$ (153.0)

The balance of \$(160.6) million in unrestricted net position, represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations. The negative position was created by the implementation of GASB Statements 68 and 75 as explained earlier in the MD&A.

The results of this year's operations for the School Board as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities on pages 24 and 25. Table 2 below reports the information from the Statement of Activities in a different format so that total revenues and expenses for the year can be more easily identifiable.

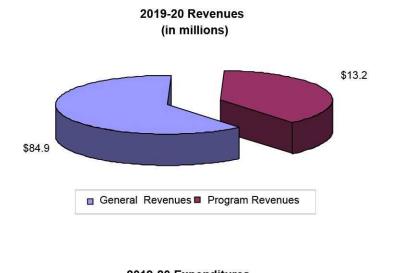
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

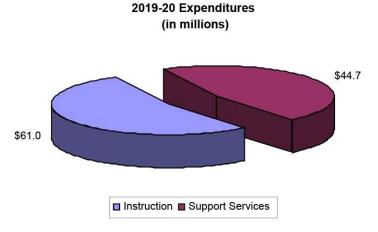
Table 2 Governmental Activities Changes in Net Position Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (In Millions) (With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2019)

	Year Ended June 30	
	2020	2019
Revenues:		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 0.2	\$ 0.4
Operating grants and contributions	13.0	14.7
General revenues:		
Ad valorem taxes	12.1	12.4
Sales taxes	11.6	11.1
State equalization	57.8	54.8
Rentals, leases and royalties	1.8	1.6
Other general revenues	1.6	3.9
Total revenues	\$ 98.1	\$ 98.9
Functions/Program Expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular programs	\$ 40.0	\$ 39.9
Special education programs	11.4	11.4
Vocational programs	2.5	2.6
Other instructional programs	7.1	6.8
Support services:		
Pupil support services	6.7	6.5
Instructional staff support services	5.3	5.6
General administration	3.5	3.3
School administration	6.1	6.0
Business services	1.0	1.0
Plant services	9.2	9.6
Student transportation services	5.0	5.1
Central services	1.2	1.1
Food services	5.3	6.1
Facilities acquisition & construction	1.3	1.4
Community services programs	<u> </u>	0.3
Total expenses	<u>\$ 105.7</u>	\$ 106.7
Change in net position	<u>\$ (7.6)</u>	<u>\$ (7.8)</u>

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

A summary of Vermilion Parish School Board's 2019-20 revenues and expenditures is presented below:





Governmental Activities

As reported in the Statement of Activities on pages 24 and 25, the net cost of governmental activities this year was \$92.6 million. The taxpayers in the parish provided \$23.7 million in ad valorem and sales tax revenues to help meet the total cost of governmental activities. The state contributed \$57.8 million through the Minimum Foundation Program (MFP), which is the main funding source for the School Board. The balance of the cost of governmental activities for the year was provided through state and Federal grants and from revenues from Board owned property.

The cost of governmental activities exceeding restricted state and Federal grants and charges for services must be paid by the citizens of Vermilion Parish and unrestricted state grants. The following presentation shows the portion of governmental activities that must be paid by the citizens of Vermilion Parish and unrestricted state grants.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Funding of Governmental Activities 2019-20 (in millions)



Table 3 presents the total cost of each of the School Board's five largest functions – regular programs, special education programs, plant services, pupil support services and school administration, as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). Net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the School Board's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

Table 3 Governmental Activities Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (In Millions)

(With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2019)

	Total Cost		Net Cost	
	of Serv	rices	of Services	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Regular programs	\$ 40.0	\$ 39.9	\$(39.4)	\$(39.4)
Special education programs	11.4	11.4	(9.9)	(9.5)
Plant services	9.2	9.6	(9.2)	(9.6)
Pupil support services	6.7	6.5	(5.6)	(5.3)
School administration	6.1	6.0	(6.1)	(6.0)
Subtotal	\$ 73.4	\$ 73.4	\$(70.2)	\$(69.8)
All others	32.3	33.3	(22.4)	(21.9)
Total	\$105.7	\$106.7	\$(92.6)	\$(91.7)
		8	(t)	(t)

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The School Board Funds

The School Board uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. Accounting for money for particular purposes in different funds helps the reader to determine whether the School Board is being accountable for the resources taxpayers and others provide to it and it may also give the reader more insight into the School Board's overall financial health.

Major Funds - The General Fund and the Dr. Dan Dartez Trust Fund are the only major funds for the 2019-20 fiscal year. The General Fund's total fund balance at June 30, 2020 was \$12.0 million. The Board assigned \$1.0 million of the end of year General Fund balance. The Dr. Dan Dartez Trust Fund's total nonspendable fund balance at June 30, 2020 was \$14.3 million.

The standard recommendation is to have at least 10% of the General Fund's budgeted expenditures in unassigned fund balance. However, because of the Board's reliance on oil and gas, a contingent source of revenue, the goal of Vermilion Parish School Board's management has been set at 15%.

Non-major Governmental Funds – The non-major funds' fund balances were generally stable with a consistent balance with the previous year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The School Board, in accordance with state law, must adopt a budget on the General Fund and all Special Revenue Funds prior to September 15 of each year. In accordance with state law the School Board may have variances of 5 percent of total revenues or expenditures in a fund before it is legally required to amend the budget. The School Board adopted its 2019-20 budget on August 15, 2019, and revised the budget on August 20, 2020. In the revision, the total original General Fund budgeted revenues and other financing sources increased from \$79.7 million to \$80.1 million. The total budgeted General Fund expenditures and other financing uses decreased from \$80.7 million to \$80.3 million.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

Capital Assets of the School Board used in performance of general School Board functions are recorded in the Fund Financial Statements as expenditures when purchased. The amount represents the original cost of the assets. Depreciation of capital assets is not recognized in the Fund Financial Statements as explained in the notes to the basic financial statements. In the Government-wide Financial Statements the capital assets are recorded as assets at their original cost at the time of purchase or fair market value, if donated. Depreciation of capital assets has been recognized in the Government-wide Financial Statements.

At June 30, 2020 the School Board had \$58.0 million invested in land, buildings and improvements and furniture and equipment, net of depreciation. Net capital assets decreased \$1.5 million from the prior year. In accordance with State guidelines, beginning July 1, 2008, items costing less than \$5,000 are considered supplies. Table 4 presents capital assets net of depreciation at June 30, 2020.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Table 4 Governmental Activities Capital Assets at Year-end Net of Depreciation June 30, 2020

(With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2019)

	2020	2019
Land	\$ 1,755,833	\$ 1,755,833
Construction in Progress	2,231,898	1,254,948
Buildings and improvements	50,051,988	52,402,380
Furniture and equipment	3,979,466	4,121,494
Total	<u>\$58,019,185</u>	<u>\$59,534,655</u>

Debt

At June 30, 2020, the school board had \$1,984,000 in certificates of indebtedness outstanding. Of this amount outstanding, \$362,000 is due within one year. Table 5 summarizes bonds and certificates of indebtedness outstanding at June 30, 2020.

Table 5 Governmental Activities Outstanding Debt June 30, 2020

(With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2019)

	2020	2019
Certificates of Indebtedness:		
Series 2011 – Refinance/Consolidate Debt	\$ 590,000	\$ 775,000
Series 2016 – Mitigation Project	530,000	611,000
Series 2018 – Dozier Multi-Purpose Building	864,000	950,000
Total	<u>\$ 1,984,000</u>	\$ 2,336,000

The proceeds of the Series 2011 certificates of indebtedness were used to refinance the outstanding obligation for the Series 2008 certificates of indebtedness and to add funding for a portion of the construction costs of the North Vermilion Middle School complex. The certificates will be paid out in 2023.

The proceeds of the Series 2016 certificates of indebtedness were used to finance the board's share of the cost of a mitigation project at Erath High School and Erath Middle School. The certificates will be paid out in 2026.

The proceeds of the Series 2018 certificates of indebtedness were used to construct a multi-purpose building at Dozier Elementary School. The certificates will be paid out in 2029.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The state limits the amount of general obligation debt that school boards can issue to 25 percent of the assessed value of all taxable property within the School Board's corporate limits. At June 30, 2020, Vermilion Parish School Board's maximum legal debt limit was \$106,443,774. The District's outstanding general obligation bonded debt of \$1,984,000 is well below the maximum debt limit.

Other long-term obligations of the School Board include accrued vacation pay and sick leave. More detailed information about long-term obligations is presented on page 56 in note 8 to the basic financial statements. In addition to these liabilities, the Board has also accrued other post-employment benefits (OPEB) payable and the net pension liability in accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75 requirements.

FOR THE FUTURE

As we begin the 2020-21 fiscal year, we once again realize that district and school performance in Vermilion are the result of many years of investing and hiring high quality employees who are always doing what is best for students. Administrators and supervisors have tirelessly supported teachers to achieve high levels of success with our students. Our support employees take care of all of the other needs of the students so that teachers can focus their efforts on curriculum and instruction. Without this coordinated effort from all Vermilion School System employees, our students would not be experiencing such high levels of success in the classroom.

We will continue to make every effort to stabilize our financial future. Extraordinary increases in required contributions to employee retirement systems, increases in contributions to the employee group health insurance program, reductions in local revenue, and the implications of COVID-19 has created concerns for the upcoming fiscal years.

As the Educational System moves into the ensuing budget year, management will continue to monitor all expenditures and wherever possible, propose departmental restructuring, reconsider the necessity of vacant positions and monitor individual budget line items searching for possible additional adjustments.

The General Fund unassigned fund balance of \$10.7 million as of June 30, 2020 was 13.4% of the 2019-20 budgeted expenditures. In addition to this unassigned fund balance, the Board has assigned \$1.0 million to cover FEMA contingencies. An additional \$0.3 million is classified as non-spendable because of inventories on hand and prepaid expenditures.

As the System moves along this course, we will continue to exercise financial caution. It is important that we continue conducting the financial operations of the School System in a conservative and responsible manner.

Although the administration has concerns about the future, if we continue to operate in a fiscally conservative manner, we will be able to address all of those concerns. Management is committed to keeping the Vermilion Parish School System in a strong financial position.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School Board's finances and to show the School Board's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Eric Johnson, Chief Financial Officer, Vermilion Parish School Board, P.O. Drawer 520, Abbeville, LA 70511-0520 or call at (337) 898-5705 or e-mail to eric.johnson@vpsb.net.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

Statement of Net Position Governmental Activities June 30, 2020

ASSETS

Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$	34,738,685
Investments		14,074,593
Receivables		3,295,161
Inventory		708,033
Prepaid expense		1,459
Capital assets:		
Non-depreciable		3,987,731
Depreciable, net	_	54,031,454
Total assets	_	110,837,116
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions		21,594,023
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB		20,047,412
Total Deferred outflows of resources	_	41,641,435

(Continued)

Statement of Net Position (Continued) Governmental Activities June 30, 2020

LIABILITIES

Accounts, salaries and other payables	12,620,837
Unearned revenue	119,161
Interest payable	15,615
Long-term liabilities:	
Due within one year	362,000
Due in more than one year:	
Bonds payable	1,622,000
Compensated absences	4,196,193
Other postemployment benefits payable	166,005,756
Net pension liability	102,613,118
Total liabilities	287,554,680
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions	10,771,227
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	14,769,876
Total Deferred inflows of resources	25,541,103
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	56,035,185
Restricted for:	
Tax dedications	2,536,147
Trust principal	14,307,176
Debt service	134,111
Other	4,854,894
Unrestricted	(238,484,745)
Total net position	\$ (160,617,232)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities	
Governmental activities:					
Instruction:					
Regular programs	\$ 39,987,907	\$ -	\$ 517,665	\$ (39,470,242)	
Special education programs	11,365,226	88,744	1,340,074	(9,936,408)	
Vocational education programs	2,539,815	-	101,748	(2,438,067)	
Other instructional programs	1,989,357	-	198,659	(1,790,698)	
Special programs	5,101,197	-	3,619,873	(1,481,324)	
Support services:					
Pupil support services	6,710,970	-	1,143,964	(5,567,006)	
Instructional staff support services	5,308,243	-	854,869	(4,453,374)	
General administration	3,475,040	-	129,971	(3,345,069)	
School administration	6,096,457	-	-	(6,096,457)	
Business services	980,828	-	11,442	(969,386)	
Operation and maintenance of plant services	9,223,054	-	18,698	(9,204,356)	
Student transportation services	5,025,173	-	51,652	(4,973,521)	
Central services	1,166,184	-	42,471	(1,123,713)	
Non-instructional services:					
Food services	5,286,896	102,690	4,943,267	(240,939)	
Community service programs	83,460	-	-	(83,460)	
Facilities acquisition and construction	1,347,679	-	8,970	(1,338,709)	
Interest on long-term debt	48,777			(48,777)	
Total governmental activities	\$ 105,736,263	\$ 191,434	\$ 12,983,323	(92,561,506)	

24

Statement of Activities (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Taxes: Ad valorem taxes, levied for general purposes 1,679,015 Ad valorem taxes, levied for special purposes 10,414,040 Sales and use taxes, levied for general purposes 11,585,381 State revenue sharing 149,454 Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs: State source - Minimum Foundation Program 57,787,279 State source - PIPS 28,281 Interest and investment earnings 622,897 Rentals, leases and royalties 1,802,236 Nonemployer pension contribution 84,651 Miscellaneous 789,952 Gain on disposal of capital assets 3,351 Total general revenues 84,946,537 Change in net position (7,614,969)Net position, beginning (153,002,263)Net position, ending \$ (160,617,232)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

General	Permanent Fund	Other Governmental	Total
\$19,784,912 - 771,103 1,432,029 249,974 16,088 1,459 \$22,255,565	\$ 196,180 14,074,593 - - - 46,812 - \$14,317,585	\$ 6,434,079 - 2,414,346 - 458,059 46,812 - \$ 9,353,296	\$ 26,415,171 14,074,593 3,185,449 1,432,029 708,033 109,712 1,459 \$ 45,926,446
\$ 482,840 9,697,676 - - 119,161 10,299,677	\$ 10,409 - - - - - 10,409	\$ 207,268 1,457,159 192,618 1,432,029 - 3,289,074	\$ 700,517 11,154,835 192,618 1,432,029 119,161 13,599,160
251,433 - 1,000,000 10,704,455 11,955,888	14,307,176 - - - 14,307,176	458,059 5,606,163 - - - - 6,064,222	15,016,668 5,606,163 1,000,000 10,704,455 32,327,286 \$ 45,926,446
	\$19,784,912 -771,103 1,432,029 249,974 16,088 1,459 \$22,255,565 \$482,840 9,697,676119,161 10,299,677 251,433 - 1,000,000 10,704,455	General Fund \$19,784,912 \$ 196,180 - 14,074,593 771,103 - 1,432,029 - 249,974 - 16,088 46,812 1,459 - \$22,255,565 \$14,317,585 \$482,840 \$ 10,409 9,697,676 - - - 119,161 - 10,299,677 10,409 251,433 14,307,176 - - 1,000,000 - 10,704,455 - 11,955,888 14,307,176	General Fund Governmental \$19,784,912 \$ 196,180 \$ 6,434,079 - 14,074,593 - 771,103 - 2,414,346 1,432,029 - - 249,974 - 458,059 16,088 46,812 46,812 1,459 - - \$222,255,565 \$14,317,585 \$ 9,353,296 \$ 482,840 \$ 10,409 \$ 207,268 9,697,676 - 1,457,159 - - 192,618 - - 1,432,029 119,161 - - 10,299,677 10,409 3,289,074 251,433 14,307,176 458,059 - - 5,606,163 1,000,000 - - 10,704,455 - - 11,955,888 14,307,176 6,064,222

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$	32,327,286
Capital assets, net			58,019,185
Long-term liabilities:			
Bonds payable \$	(1,984,000)		
Compensated absences payable	(4,196,193)		
Accrued interest payable	(15,615)		(6,195,808)
Pension:			
Net pension liability (1	102,613,118)		
·	(10,771,227)		
Deferred outflows of resources related to net pension liability	21,594,023		(91,790,322)
Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB):			
	166,005,756)		
Deferred outflows of resources related to total OPEB liability	20,047,412		
Deferred inflows of resources related to total OPEB liability	(14,769,876)	(160,728,220)
Net position of the internal service fund		_	7,750,647
Total net position of governmental activities		<u>\$ (</u>	160,617,232)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Permanent	Other	
	General	Fund	Governmental	Total
Revenues				
Local sources:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,679,015	\$ -	\$ 10,414,040	\$12,093,055
Sales taxes	7,723,635	-	3,861,746	11,585,381
Food services	-	-	102,690	102,690
Other	3,003,793	168,379	111,251	3,283,423
Total local sources	12,406,443	168,379	14,489,727	27,064,549
State sources	58,157,052	-	1,958,541	60,115,593
Federal sources	8,970	-	10,463,504	10,472,474
Other commodities			360,270	360,270
Total revenues	70,572,465	168,379	27,272,042	98,012,886
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction -				
Regular programs	34,103,627	-	1,251,663	35,355,290
Special education programs	8,600,631	_	1,391,626	9,992,257
Vocational education programs	2,152,467	-	101,748	2,254,215
Other instructional programs	1,670,984	_	6,621	1,677,605
Special programs	637,159	-	3,882,654	4,519,813
Support services -				
Pupil support services	4,770,728	-	1,144,396	5,915,124
Instructional staff support services	3,830,110	-	858,590	4,688,700
General administration	2,660,604	41,791	482,507	3,184,902
School administration	5,332,566	_	-	5,332,566
Business services	871,133	-	11,442	882,575
Operation and maintenance				
of plant services	8,388,152	-	166,779	8,554,931
Student transportation services	4,447,915	-	639,634	5,087,549
Central services	937,155	-	113,014	1,050,169
Non-instructional services -				
Food services	-	-	4,798,125	4,798,125
Community service programs	79,693	-	-	79,693
Facilities acquisition and construction	506,810	-	3,121,386	3,628,196
				(continued)

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Permanent	Other	
	General	Fund	Governmental Governmental	<u>Total</u>
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	-	-	352,000	352,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	51,296	51,296
Legal and technical fees	<u> </u>		400	400
Total expenditures	78,989,734	41,791	18,373,881	97,405,406
Excess (deficiency) of				
revenues over expenditures	(8,417,269)	126,588	8,898,161	607,480
Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	23,757		-	23,757
Transfers in	10,861,878	-	938,758	11,800,636
Transfers out	(239,922)	(414,976)	(11,145,738)	(11,800,636)
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	10,645,713	(414,976)	(10,206,980)	23,757
Net change in fund balances	2,228,444	(288,388)	(1,308,819)	631,237
Fund balances, beginning	9,727,444	14,595,564	7,373,041	31,696,049
Fund balances, ending	\$11,955,888	\$ 14,307,176	\$ 6,064,222	\$32,327,286

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net change in fund balances of governmental funds		\$	631,237
Capital assets:			
Ĉapital outlay	\$ 3,061,273		
Depreciation expense	(4,576,743)		(1,515,470)
Long-term debt:			
Principal payments on long term debt	352,000		
Increase in accrued interest payable	2,919		
Compensated absences accumulated	195,433		550,352
Net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund			2,170,474
Transactions involving capital assets:			
Gain on disposal	3,551		
Proceeds on disposal of assets	(3,551)		-
Effect of the change in net pension liability and total OPEB liability			
and the related deferred outflows/inflows of resources:			
Decrease in pension expense	4,681,123		
Nonemployer pension contribution revenue recognized	84,651		
Increase in expense - OPEB	(14,217,336)		(9,451,562)
Changes in net position for the year per Statement of Activities		<u>\$</u>	(7,614,969)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Proprietary Fund Governmental Activities - Group Insurance Fund Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

ASSETS

Current assets: Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 8,323,514
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Claims payable Total current liabilities	6,152 566,718 572,870
NET POSITION	
Net position: Unrestricted	<u>\$ 7,750,644</u>

Proprietary Fund

Governmental Activities - Group Insurance Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2020

Operating revenue:	
Premiums	\$ 17,455,631
Other	286,634
Total operating revenue	17,742,265
Operating expenses:	
Administration	789,032
Insurance	1,045,894
Claims	13,839,589
Central services	2,623
Total operating expenses	_15,677,138
Operating income	2,065,127
Nonoperating revenue:	
Interest earned on interest-bearing deposits	105,347
Change in net position	2,170,474
Net position, beginning	5,580,170
Net position, ending	\$ 7,750,644

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Proprietary Fund Governmental Activities - Group Self Insurance Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2020

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Receipts from participants	\$17,455,631
Payments to suppliers	(15,932,974)
Other receipts	286,634
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,809,291
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Interest income	105,347
Net increase in cash and interest	
bearing deposits	1,914,638
Cash and interest bearing deposits, beginning of period	6,408,876
Cash and interest bearing deposits, end of period	\$ 8,323,514
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Operating income	\$ 2,065,127
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Increase (decrease) in current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	(1,638)
Claims payable	(254,198)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1,809,291

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2020

ASSETS

Cash and interest bearing deposits	\$5,761,716
LIABILITIES	
Due to other governmental units Deposits due others	\$2,426,214 3,335,502
Total liabilities	\$5,761,716

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the Vermilion Parish School Board (School Board) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this note.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The School Board was created by Louisiana Revised Statute (LRS-R.S.) 17:51 to provide public education for the children within Vermilion Parish. The School Board is authorized by LRS-R.S. 17:81 to establish policies and regulations for its own government consistent with the laws of the State of Louisiana and the regulations of the Louisiana Board of Elementary and Secondary Education. The School Board is comprised of eight members who are elected from eight districts for terms of four years.

The School Board operates 20 schools within the parish with a total enrollment of 9,690 pupils. In conjunction with the regular educational programs, some of these schools offer special education and/or adult education programs. In addition, the School Board provides transportation and school food services for the students.

For financial reporting purposes, the School Board includes all funds and activities for which the School Board exercises financial accountability. Because the School Board members are independently elected and are solely accountable for fiscal matters, which include (1) budget authority, (2) responsibility for funding deficits and operating deficiencies, and (3) fiscal management for controlling the collection and disbursement of funds, the School Board is a separate governmental reporting entity, primary government.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School Board, the primary government, as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. The School Board's internal service fund is a governmental activity. Internal service fund activity is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School Board's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the School Board are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements. Fund financial statements report detailed information about the School Board.

The various funds of the School Board are classified into three categories: governmental, and proprietary, and fiduciary. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the School Board or meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- 2. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The School Board reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School Board. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

Permanent Fund - Dr. Daniel R. Dartez Educational Public Trust Fund

Permanent funds are used to account for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the School Board's programs. On June 11, 1996 pursuant to Louisiana Revised Statute LSR-R.S. 17:81(m), the School Board established a nonexpendable trust fund. Trust principal is derived from surplus revenues and may not be used for expenditures. Income from the investment of fund principal is restricted to meeting the capital outlay needs of the Vermilion Parish School System.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

In addition, the School Board reports the following:

Internal Service Fund

The Internal Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of benefits by the School Board's group self-insurance program. The Government's internal service fund is presented in the proprietary fund's financial statements. Because the principal users of the internal services are the Government's governmental activities, the financial statements of the internal service fund are consolidated into the governmental column when presented in the government-wide financial statements. To the extent possible, the cost of these services is reported in the appropriate functional activity.

Fiduciary funds

The School Board's fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the Government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

C. Measurement Focus/ Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities, the governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item 2 below. In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- 1. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- 2. The proprietary (internal service) fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, the governmental activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB.

Program revenues

Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities are derived directly from the program itself or from parties outside the School Board's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the School Board's general revenues.

Allocation of indirect expenses

The School Board reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Indirect expenses of other functions are not allocated to those functions, but are reported separately in the Statement of Activities. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function. Interest on general long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means being collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures (including facilities acquisition and construction) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported when due. The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

Revenues

Federal and state entitlements (unrestricted grants-in-aid, which include state equalization and state revenue sharing) are recorded when available and measurable. Expenditure-driven federal and state grants, which are restricted as to the purpose of the expenditures, are recorded when the reimbursable expenditures have been incurred.

Ad valorem taxes are recorded in the year the taxes are due and payable. Ad valorem taxes are assessed in November, by the Parish Assessor, based on the assessed value and become due on December 31 of each year. The taxes become delinquent on January 1. An enforceable lien attaches to the property as of January 1. The taxes are generally collected in December, January, and February of the fiscal year. Property tax revenues are accrued at fiscal year-end to the extent that they have been collected but not received by the Vermilion Parish Tax Collector's Office. Such amounts are measurable and available to finance current operations.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Interest income on time deposits and revenues from rentals, leases, and royalties are recorded when earned.

Sales and use tax revenues are recorded in the month collected by the School Board.

Substantially all other revenues are recorded when received.

Expenditures

Salaries are recorded as expenditures when incurred. Nine-month employee salaries are incurred over a nine-month period but paid over a twelve-month period.

Compensated absences are recognized as expenditures when leave is actually taken or when employees (or heirs) are paid for accrued leave upon retirement or death.

Commitments under construction contracts are recognized as expenditures when earned by the contractor.

Principal and interest on general long-term obligations are not recognized until due.

All other expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred.

The proprietary fund utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Other Financing Sources (Uses)

Transfers between funds that are not expected to be repaid (or any other types, such as capital lease transactions, sales of capital assets, debt extinguishments, long-term debt proceeds, et cetera) are accounted for as other financing sources (uses). These other financing sources (uses) are recognized at the time the underlying events occur.

Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenues arise when resources are received before the School Board has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures or when tuition is received in advance of the commencement of classes.

In subsequent periods, when the School Board has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and the revenue is recognized. Recognition of revenue from ad valorem tax collections has been delayed in instances where the School Board has been advised by the tax collecting authority that certain amounts have been paid in protest. Recognition of revenue from minor federal and state grant advances has been delayed to the next fiscal year to allow proper matching of revenues and expenditures.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Equity

Cash and interest-bearing deposits

For purposes of the Statement of Net Position, cash and interest-bearing deposits include all demand accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the School Board. For the purpose of the proprietary fund statement of cash flows, "cash and interest-bearing deposits" include all demand and savings accounts, and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Investments

Trust fund investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is defined as the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current asset transaction between willing parties. Fair value was determined based on quoted market prices.

Interfund receivables and payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivables and payables." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include ad valorem taxes, sales and use taxes, and federal and state grants.

Inventories

The cost of inventories is recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Reserves are established for an amount equal to the carrying value of inventories.

Inventory of the General Fund consists of instructional supplies maintained in the central warehouse for use of all schools and janitorial and electrical supplies maintained in the central warehouse for the use of all departments and schools. All inventory purchased are valued at cost (first-in, first-out).

Inventory of the School Lunch/Breakfast Special Revenue Fund consists of food purchased by the School Board and commodities granted by the United States Department of Agriculture through the Louisiana Department of Agriculture and Forestry. The commodities are recorded as revenues and expenditures when consumed. All inventory items purchased are valued at cost (firstin, first-out), and donated commodities are assigned values based on information provided by the United States Department of Agriculture.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Capital Assets

The accounting treatment over property, plant and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are capitalized at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated assets, which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The School Board maintains a threshold level of \$5,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful life using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment 10 - 40 years

5 - 15 years

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as facilities acquisition and construction expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

Compensated Absences

All 12-month employees earn from 12 to 18 days of vacation leave each year, depending on their length of service with the School Board. Annual leave earned after June 30, 2002, will be accrued to a maximum of forty (40) days. Annual leave earned prior to June 30, 2002 is not subject to this limitation and will be available in full for use by employees. Leave accrued prior to June 30, 2002, may not be used until leave accrued subsequent to that date has been fully exhausted. Employees may only use 18 consecutive days if approved by the superintendent. Upon retirement or termination of employment, the employee may choose to be paid for any unused accumulated annual leave at the employee's daily rate of pay or may convert such unused accumulated annual leave to service credit for retirement purposes if allowed by the retirement system.

All employees earn from 10 to 13 days of sick leave each year, depending on the number of months of the school year they are employed by the School Board. Sick leave may be accumulated. Upon death or retirement, unused accumulated sick leave of up to 25 days is paid to employees (or heirs) at the employee's current rate of pay. Under the Louisiana Teachers' Retirement System, the total unused accumulated sick leave, including the 25 days paid, is used in the retirement benefit computation as earned service for leave earned prior to July 1, 1988. For sick leave earned after July 1, 1988, under the Louisiana Teachers' Retirement system and for sick leave earned under the Louisiana School Employees Retirement System all unpaid sick leave, which excludes the 25 days paid, is used in the retirement benefit computation as earned service. Employees are not compensated for unused sick leave upon resignation. However, employees who

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

resign from Vermilion Parish School Board and begin employment in another district may transfer unused sick leave to the new district. In cases of layoffs and callbacks, employees are credited with unused sick leave balances at the time they are reinstated to service.

Act 1341 of 1999 changed the extended sick leave (gayle pay) regulations for public school employees. The Act provides that if teachers and school bus operators have no remaining sick leave, they are allowed up to 90 days extended sick leave in a six-year period. During these 90 days, the employee is paid 65% of their pay at the time that the leave begins. The School Board has adopted portions of Act 788 effective July 1, 2012, which redefines how school employees can qualify for extended sick leave.

Act 1342 of 1999 changed the sabbatical leave regulation. The Act allows both sabbatical medical leave and professional and cultural development sabbatical for teachers. It provides for two sabbatical semesters immediately following twelve or more consecutive semesters of consecutive service or one semester immediately following six semesters of consecutive service. Sabbatical medical leave may be granted if the teacher's regular sick leave balance is twenty-five days or less at the beginning of the sabbatical. No more than 5% of the work force can be on sabbatical at the same time. During sabbatical, the employee is paid 65% of their pay at the time the leave begins.

The cost of current leave privileges is recognized as a current-year expenditure in the governmental funds when leave is actually taken. The cost of leave privileges not requiring current resources is recorded the general fund.

Long-term debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of general obligation bonds and certificates of indebtedness.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources net of the applicable premium or discount and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. For fund financial reporting, issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period and thus, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Equity Classifications

In the government-wide statements, net position is displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowing and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Constraints may be placed on the use, either by (1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The School Board reported \$14,441,287 of restricted net position, which is restricted by enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net assets Net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in either of the other two categories of net position.

In the fund statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Committed – amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School Board members. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the School Board office. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by Board members.

Assigned – amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the School Board's adopted policy, only Board members or the Board's finance committee may assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned – all other spendable amounts.

As of June 30, 2020, fund balances are composed of the following:

		General		nanent Tund		onmajor Funds		Total ernmental Funds
Nonspendable:								
Prepaid items	\$	1,459	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,459
Inventory		249,974		-		458,059		708,033
Nonexpendable trust		-	14,	307,176		-	1	4,307,176
Total nonspendable		251,433	14,	307,176		458,059	1	5,016,668
Restricted:								
Debt service		-		-	2	2,084,331		2,084,331
Special revenue funds					3	3,521,832		3,521,832
Total restricted					5	5,606,163		5,606,163
Assigned:								
FEMA contingencies	1	,000,000						1,000,000
Tota1	<u>\$ 1</u>	,251,433	<u>\$ 14,</u>	307,176	\$ 6	5,064,222	<u>\$ 2</u>	1,622,831

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the School Board considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the School Board considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless Board members or the finance committee has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

E. Revenue Restrictions

The School Board has various restrictions placed over certain revenue sources from state or local requirements. The primary restricted revenue sources include:

Revenue Source	Legal Restrictions on Use
Ad valorem taxes	See Note 3
Sales taxes	See Note 9

The School Board uses unrestricted resources only when restricted resources are fully depleted.

F. <u>Capitalization of Interest Expense</u>

It is the policy of the School Board to capitalize material amounts of interest resulting from borrowings in the course of the construction of capital assets. At June 30, 2020, there were no borrowings for assets under construction and no capitalized interest expense was recorded on the books.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statement and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

H. Interfund Transfers

In the governmental funds, transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions are reported as transfers.

I. Pensions

The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pension, and pension expense, has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. Non-employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the government-wide financial statements. In the governmental fund financial statements contributions are recognized as expenditures when due.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

J. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. In the governmental fund financial statements contributions are recognized as expenditures when due.

(2) Cash and Investments

A. Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits

Under state law, the School Board may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The School Board may invest in direct obligations of the United States government, bonds, debentures, notes or other evidence of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by federal agencies and/or the United States government, and time certificates of deposit of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the School Board's deposits may not be recovered or will not be able to recover the collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. The School Board does not have a policy for custodial credit risk; however, under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the pledging financial institution. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the financial institution. These securities are held in the name of the pledging financial institution in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Deposit balances (bank balances), are secured as follows:

Bank balances	\$ 39,623,463
Insured deposits	\$ 500,000
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank	
not in the School Board's name	39,123,463
Total	\$ 39,623,463

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

B. Investments

The School Board's investments (book balance) totaled \$14,074,593. The carrying amounts and approximate market values of investments are summarized as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Cost	Unrealized Gain/ (Loss)	Reported Amount/ Market Value
U.S. Treasury note	2.00%-2.75%	\$ 1,801,964	\$ 141,181	\$ 1,943,145
FNMA	2.50% -			
obligations	4.00%	1,100,944	72,727	1,173,671
GNMA	6.50% -			
obligations	8.00%	11,212	1,583	12,795
Other government	2.50% -			
debt obligations	4.00%	1,375,165	45,798	1,420,963
Other non-government	2.35% -			
debt obligations	4.45%	3,776,039	166,814	3,942,853
Equity securities	N/A	5,381,218	199,948	5,581,166
Total investments		\$13,446,542	\$ 628,051	\$14,074,593

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The School Board's investment policy limits the average effective maturity of the bond portfolio to 10 years and the average duration of the portfolio to 8 years as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Information about the exposure of the School Board's debt type investments to this risk, using the segmented time distribution model is as follows:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

	Investment Maturities (in Years)				
	Fair	Less than			Over
Description	Value	1	1-5	6-10	10
U.S. Treasury note	\$ 1,943,145	\$ 505,232	\$ 379,995	\$1,057,918	\$ -
FNMA					
obligations	1,173,671	-	149,828	83,498	940,345
GNMA					
obligations	12, 7 95	-	-	5,168	7,627
Other government					
debt obligations	1,420,963	-	-	-	1,420,963
Other non- government					
debt obligations	3,942,853	1,129,296	2,813,557	-	-
Equity securities	5,581,166	5,581,166			
Total investments	\$14,074,593	\$7,215,694	\$3,343,380	\$1,146,584	\$2,368,935

Credit risk is managed by restricting investments to those authorized by R.S. 33:2955. Credit risk ratings for the School Board's investments from issuers totaling five percent or more of a portfolio are as follows:

	Rating	Amount
Federal National Mortgage Association	AA	\$1,173,671
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	AA	\$1,420,963

Concentration of credit risk: The School Board's investment policy limits its holdings to no more than 5 percent of the market value of the portfolio to be invested in any one issuer. There is no limit on U.S. Government and Agency holdings, with the exception of the non-insured Agency securities, such as the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA), which is governed by the 5 percent guideline. At June 30, 2020, no more than 5 percent of the investments were investments in any single issue.

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, the School Board will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. At June 30, 2020, the School Board held investments of \$13,446,542 of which the underlying securities are held by the counterparty's trust department, not in the School Board's name.

The School Board categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The School Board has the following recurring fair value measurements:

Asset Class	Total Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
U.S. Treasury note	\$ 1,943,145	\$ 1,943,145	\$ -	\$ -
FNMA				
obligations	1,173,671	1,173,671	-	-
GNMA				
obligations	12,795	12,795	-	-
Other government				
debt obligations	1,420,963	1,420,963	-	-
Other non-				
government	2 042 952		2 042 952	
debt obligations	3,942,853	-	3,942,853	-
Equity securities	5,581,166	5,581,166		
	\$14,074,593	\$10,131,740	\$3,942,853	<u>\$ -</u>

(3) Ad Valorem Taxes

For the year ended June 30, 2020, taxes of 39.65 mills were levied on property with assessed valuations and were dedicated as follows:

т.			DD:
Р	ar 18	hwid	e Taxes:

School employee salary and benefit tax (1998)	25.00	mills
Special school maintenance and operational tax (1996)	2.00	mills
Special school improvement tax (1996)	5.00	mills
School operations tax (1996)	3.00	mills
Total Special Revenue Funds	35.00	mills
School maintenance and operational tax (General Fund)	4.65	mills
Total assessment	39.65	mills

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(4) Tax Abatements

Louisiana's State Constitution Chapter VII Section 21 authorizes the State Board of Commerce and Industry to create a ten (10) year ad valorem tax abatement program for new manufacturing establishments in the State. Under the terms of this program, qualified businesses may apply for an exemption of local ad valorem taxes on capital improvements and equipment related to manufacturing for the first ten year of its operation; after which the property will be added to the local tax roll and taxed at the value and millage in force at the time. The future value of this exempt property could be subject to significant fluctuations from today's value; however, the School Board could receive a substantial increase in ad valorem tax revenues once the exemption on this property expires. Because these taxes are not assessed due, no adjustments have been made to the School Board's financial statements to record a receivable. The School Board's ad valorem tax revenues were reduced by \$357,394 as a result of the tax abatement.

(5) Receivables

Receivables consisted of the following:

	Gra	Grants		Accrued		
	Federal	State	Accounts	interest	Totals	
General Fund	\$ -	\$610,820	\$ 160,283	\$ 16,088	\$ 787,191	
Special Revenue Funds	2,401,432	-	59,726	-	2,461,158	
Permanent Fund				46,812	46,812	
Total receivables	\$2,401,432	\$610,820	\$220,009	\$ 62,900	\$3,295,161	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(6) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	Beginning	Additions	Deletions	Ending
Capital assets not				
being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,755,833	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,755,833
Construction in progress	1,254,948	1,934,414	957,464	2,231,898
Other capital assets:				
Buildings	82,781,866	1,418,211	-	84,200,077
Improvements	58,497,252	-	-	58,497,252
Vehicles	10,077,139	584,153	160,497	10,500,795
Equipment	3,215,556	81,959		3,297,515
Total	157,582,594	4,018,737	1,117,961	160,483,370
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	52,145,334	1,519,952	-	53,665,286
Improvements	36,731,404	2,248,651	-	38,980,055
Vehicles	6,585,001	697,288	160,497	7,121,792
Equipment	2,586,200	110,852		2,697,052
Total	98,047,939	4,576,743	160,497	102,464,185
Net capital assets	\$59,534,655	\$ (558,006)	\$ 957,464	\$58,019,185

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Regular programs	\$ 1,662,894
Special education programs	472,305
Vocational education programs	106,550
Other instructional programs	79,296
Special programs	213,639
Pupil support services	279,591
Instructional staff support services	221,621
General administration	150,541
School administration	252,055
Business services	41,717
Operation and maintenance of plant services	404,367
Student transportation services	240,474
Central services	49,638
Food services	226,794
Facility acquisition and construction	171,494
Community service programs	3,767
Total depreciation expense	\$ 4,576,743

(7) Accounts, Salaries, and Other Payables

Accounts, salaries, and other payables consisted of the following:

Salaries and related benefits payable	\$ 11,154,835
Accounts payable	706,666
Retainage payable	192,618
Health claims payable	566,718
Total payables	\$ 12,620,837

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(8) <u>Long-Term Liabilities</u>

\$2,025,000 Revenue Bonds, Series 2011, due in annual installments of \$140,000 to \$200,000 through February 1, 2023; at an interest rate of 2.57% (to be retired from income derived from trust fund investments).	\$	590,000
\$840,000 Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2016, due in annual installments of \$72,000 to \$94,000 through March 1, 2026; at an interest rate of 2.14% (to be retired from income derived from ad valorem taxes).		530,000
\$950,000 Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2018, due in annual installments of \$84,000 to \$107,000 through March 2029; at an interest rate of 2.50% (to be retired from income derived from trust fund investments).		864,000
Total	\$!	1,984,000

The bonds and certificates are due as follows:

	Governmenta	Governmental Activities		
Year Ending	Principal	Interest		
June 30,	payments	payments	Total	
2021	\$ 362,000	\$ 43,653	\$ 405,653	
2022	376,000	35,733	411,733	
2023	380,000	27,206	407,206	
2024	184,000	18,596	202,596	
2025	190,000	15,042	205,042	
2026-2029	492,000	24,214	516,214	
Totals	\$ 1,984,000	\$ 164,444	\$ 2,148,444	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Changes in General Long-Term Liabilities

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities transactions and balances:

	Balance Seginning	Ad	ditions	 eductions	Balance Ending	ie Within One Year
Revenue Bonds,						
Series 2011	\$ 775,000	\$	-	\$ 185,000	\$ 590,000	\$ 190,000
Limited Tax Bonds,						
Series 2016	611,000		-	81,000	530,000	83,000
Limited Tax Bonds,						
Series 2018	950,000		-	86,000	864,000	89,000
Compensated absences	 4,391,626			 195,433	4,196,193	
	\$ 6,727,626	\$	-	\$ 547,433	\$ 6,180,193	\$ 362,000

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences payable consists of the portion of accumulated sick and annual leave of the governmental funds that is not expected to require current resources. The liability for compensated absences is computed only at the end of each fiscal year; therefore, the decrease of \$195,433 for fiscal year 2020, is the net of leave benefits accrued and paid during those years.

(9) Sales and Use Taxes

The School Board is authorized to collect within the parish a one percent sales and use tax. The proceeds of the tax are dedicated to supplement salaries of teachers and/or the expenditures of operating the schools, including salaries of other personnel. On May 2, 2009, the voters of Vermilion Parish authorized the levy of a one-half percent sales and use tax dedicated to the salaries and benefits of school employees. The collection of the tax began July 1, 2009.

Effective March 1, 1992, the School Board was appointed the central sales tax collecting agency for all taxing bodies within Vermilion Parish. The following is a summary of taxes that the School Board has the responsibility of collecting:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

				Interest and	
		Total	Collection	Other	Net
Taxing Bodies	Rate	Collections	Cost	Adjustments	Distribution
Vermilion Parish Police Jury	1.50%	\$11,585,515	\$(156,361)	\$ (23,561)	\$11,405,593
Vermilion Parish Sheriff	0.75%	5,792,754	(78,181)	(11,789)	5,702,784
Town of Gueydan	1.00%	171,143	(1,004)	266	170,405
City of Kaplan	1.00%	702,707	(4,050)	19	698,676
City of Abbeville	1.25%	4,528,835	(31,063)	3,117	4,500,889
Town of Erath	1.00%	271,846	(1,847)	(251)	269,748
Town of Delcambre	1.00%	193,718	(1,939)	(1,318)	190,461
Village of Maurice	1.50%	747,352	(11,794)	18,223	753,781
Vermilion Parish Tourist Commission	5.00%	48,316	(295)	52	48,073
Vermilion Parish School Board	1.50%	11,585,382	345,753	115,934	12,047,069
Hospital Service District #1	1.00%	1,287,985	(19,323)	(10,112)	1,258,550
Abbeville Hospital District #2	0.50%	2,951,996	(39,896)	(1,632)	2,910,468
Totals		\$39,867,549	\$ -	\$ 88,948	\$39,956,497

(10) Retirement Plans

The Vermilion Parish School Board is a participating employer in several cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans. These plans are administered by three public employee retirement systems (PERS): the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL), the Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS), and the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS). Each system is controlled and administered by a separate board of trustees. These retirement systems provide retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries.

Each of the Systems issue an annually publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the system. These reports may be obtained by downloading the reports as follows:

Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL) – www.trsl.org
Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS) – www.lsers.net
Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS) – www.lasersonline.org
Louisiana Legislative Auditor – www.lla.la.gov

For purposes of measuring the Net Pension Liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of each public employee retirement system and additions to/deductions from the systems' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by each system. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

A. Plan Descriptions

Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL) -

TRSL was established for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits as stated under the provisions of La. R.S. 11:700-999, as amended, for eligible teachers, employees, and their beneficiaries. The projection of benefit payments in the calculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive employees through the System in accordance with the benefit terms and any additional legal agreements to provide benefits that are in force at the measurement date.

Benefits Provided: TRSL provides retirement, deferred retirement option (DROP), disability, and survivor's benefits.

Normal retirement: Regular Plan – Members whose first employment makes them eligible for membership in a Louisiana state retirement system on or after July 1, 2015 may retire with a 2.5% benefit factor after attaining age sixty-two with at least 5 years of service credit and are eligible for an actuarially reduced benefit with 20 years of service at any age. Members hired between January 1, 2011 and June 30, 2015 may retire with a 2.5% benefit factor after attaining age sixty with at least 5 years of service credit, or any age with at least 20 years of service. Members hired between July 1, 1999 and December 21, 2010, are eligible for a 2.5% benefit factor at the earliest of age 60 with 5 years of service, age 55 with 25 years of service, or at any age with 30 years of service. Members may retire with an actuarially reduced benefit with 20 years of service at any age. If hired before July 1, 1999, members are eligible for a 2.0% benefit factor at the earliest of age 60 with at least 5 years of service, or at any age with 20 years of service and are eligible for a 2.5% benefit factor at the earliest of age 65 with 20 years of service, age 55 with 25 years of service, or at any age with 30 years of service, or at any age with 30 years of service.

Normal retirement: Plan A – Members may retire with a 3.0% benefit factor at age 55 with 25 years of service, age 60 with 5 years of service or 30 years of service, regardless of age. Plan A is closed to new entrants.

Benefits Formula: For all plans, retirement benefits are based on a formula which multiplies the final average compensation by the applicable benefit factor, and by the years of credible service. For Regular Plan and Lunch Plan B members whose first employment makes them eligible for membership in a Louisiana state retirement system on or after January 1, 2011, final average compensation is defined as the highest average 60-month period. For all other members, final average compensation is defined as the highest average 36-month period.

Payment options: A retiring member is entitled to receive the maximum benefit payable until the member's death. In lieu of the maximum benefit, the member may elect to receive a reduced benefit payable in the form of a Joint and Survivor Option, or a lump sum that can't exceed 36 months of the member's maximum monthly benefit amount.

Effective July 1, 2009, members may make an irrevocable election at retirement to receive an actuarially reduced benefit which increases 2.5% annually, beginning on the first retirement anniversary date, but not before age 55 or before the retiree would have attained age 55 in the case of a surviving spouse. This option can be chosen in combination with the above options.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP): In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement, an eligible member can begin participation in the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) on the first retirement eligibility date for a period not to exceed 3 years. A member has a 60-day window from his first eligible date to participate in the program in order to participate for the maximum number of years. Delayed participation reduces the three-year maximum participation period. During participation, benefits otherwise payable are fixed, and deposited in an individual DROP account.

Upon termination of DROP, the member can continue employment and earn additional accruals to be added to the fixed pre-DROP benefit. Upon termination of employment, the member is entitled to the fixed benefit, an additional benefit based on post-DROP service (if any), and the individual DROP account balance which can be paid in a lump sum or an additional annuity based upon the account balance.

Disability Benefits: Active members whose first employment makes them eligible for membership in a Louisiana state retirement system before January 1, 2011, and who have five or more years of service credit are eligible for disability retirement benefits if certified by the State Medical Disability Board (SMDB) to be disabled from performing their job. All other members must have at least 10 years of service to be eligible for a disability benefit. Calculation of the disability benefit as well as the availability of a minor child benefit is determined by the plan to which the member belongs and the date on which the member's first employment made them eligible for membership in a Louisiana state retirement system.

Survivor Benefits: A surviving spouse with minor children of an active member with five years of creditable service (2 years immediately prior to death) or 20 years of creditable service is entitled to a benefit equal to the greater of (a) \$600 per month, or (b) 50% of the member's benefit calculated at the 2.5% accrual rate for all creditable service. When a minor child(ren) is no longer eligible to receive survivor benefits, the spouse's benefit reverts to a survivor benefit in accordance with the provisions for a surviving spouse with no minor child(ren). Benefits for the minor child(ren) cease when he/she is no longer eligible. Each minor child (maximum of 2) shall receive an amount equal to the greater of (a) 50% of the spouse's benefit, or (b) \$300 (up to 2 eligible children). Benefits to minors cease at attainment of age 21, marriage, or age 23 if enrolled in an approved institution of higher education.

A surviving spouse without minor children of an active member with at least 10 years of creditable service (2 years immediately prior to death) or 20 years of creditable service is entitled to a benefit equal to the greater of (a) \$600 per month, or (b) the option 2 equivalent of the benefit calculated at the 2.5% benefit factor for all creditable service.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Permanent Benefit Increases/Cost-of-Living Adjustments: As fully described in Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes, TRSL allows for the payment of ad hoc permanent benefit increases, also known as cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) that are funded through investment earnings when recommended by the Board of Trustees and approved by the State Legislature.

Optional Retirement Plan (ORP): The Optional Retirement Plan (ORP) was established for academic employees of public institutions of higher education who are eligible for membership in TRSL. This plan was designed to provide certain academic and unclassified employees of public institutions of higher education an optional method of funding for their retirement. The ORP is a defined contribution pension plan which provides for portability of assets and full and immediate vesting of all contributions submitted on behalf of the affected employees to the approved providers. These providers are selected by the TRSL Board of Trustees. Monthly employer and employee contributions are invested as directed by the employee to provide the employee with future retirement benefits. The amount of these benefits is entirely dependent upon the total contributions and investment returns accumulated during the employee's working lifetime. Employees in eligible positions of higher education can make an irrevocable election to participate in the ORP rather than TRSL and purchase annuity contracts—fixed, variable, or both—for benefits payable at retirement.

Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS) -

The System was established and provided for by LA R.S. 11:1001 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes. Membership is mandatory for all persons employed by a Louisiana parish or city school board who work more than twenty hours per week or for part-time employees who have ten years of creditable service in the System as a school bus driver, school janitor, school custodian, school maintenance employee, school bus aide, monitor or attendant, or any other regular school employee who actually works on a school bus helping with the transportation of school children. If a person is employed by and is eligible to be a member of more than one public agency within the state, he must be a member of each such retirement system. Members are vested after 10 years of service or 5 years if enrolled after June 30, 2010.

All temporary, seasonal and part-time employees as defined in Federal Regulations 26 CFR 31:3121(b)(7)-2 who have less than 10 years of creditable service are not eligible for membership in the System. Any employee whose employment falls below 4.1 hours per day or 20.1 hours per week and who is not vested will be eligible to receive a refund of their contributions.

Benefits Provided: Benefit provisions are authorized under Louisiana Revised Statues 11:1141 – 11:1153.

Retirement: A member who joined the System on or before June 30, 2010 is eligible for normal retirement if he has at least 30 years of credible service regardless of age, 25 years of creditable service and is at least age 55, 20 years of creditable service regardless of age with an actuarially reduced benefit, or 10 years of creditable service and is at least age 60. A member who joined the system on or after July 1, 2010 is eligible for normal retirement if he has at least 5 years of creditable service and is at least age 60, or 20 years of creditable service regardless of age with an actuarially reduced benefit. A member who joined the System on or after July 1, 2015, is eligible for normal retirement if he has at least five years of creditable service and is at least age 62, or 20 years of creditable service regardless of age with an actuarially-reduced benefit.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

For members who joined the System prior to July 1, 2006, the maximum retirement benefit is an amount equal to 3 1/3% of the average compensation for the three highest consecutive years of membership service, subject to the 10% salary limitation, multiplied by the number of years of service limited to 100% of final average compensation plus a supplementary allowance of \$2.00 per month for each year of service. For members who joined the System on or after July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2010, 3 1/3% of the average compensation is used to calculate benefits; however, the calculation consists of the five highest consecutive years of membership service, subject to the 10% salary limitation.

For members who join the System on or after July 1, 2010, 2 1/2% of the average compensation is used to calculate benefits and consists of the five highest consecutive years' average salary, subject to the 15% salary limitation. The supplemental allowance was eliminated for members entering the System on or after July 1, 1986. Effective January 1, 1992, the supplemental allowance was reinstated to all members whose service retirement became effective after July 1, 1971.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan: Members of the System may elect to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) and defer the receipt of benefits. The election may be made only one time and the duration is limited to three years. Once an option has been selected, no change is permitted. Upon the effective date of the commencement of participation in the DROP Plan, active membership in the regular retirement plan of the System terminates. Average compensation and creditable service remain as they existed on the effective date of commencement of participation in the System. The monthly retirement benefits, that would have been payable had the person elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance, are paid into the Deferred Retirement Option Plan Fund Account.

The System maintains subaccounts within this account reflecting the credits attributed to each participant in the DROP program. Interest credited and payments from the DROP account are made in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statutes 11:1152(F)(3). Upon termination of participation in both the DROP program and employment, a participant may receive his DROP monies either in a lump sum payment from the account or systematic disbursements in a manner approved by the board.

The System also provides for deferred benefits for vested members who terminate before being eligible for retirement. Once the member reaches the appropriate age for retirement, benefits become payable.

Disability Benefits: A member is eligible to retire and receive disability benefits if he has at least five years of creditable service, is not eligible for normal retirement and has become totally and permanently disabled and is certified as disabled by the Medical Board. A vested person with twenty or more years of creditable service, who has withdrawn from active service prior to the age at which he is eligible for retirement benefits, is eligible for a disability benefit until normal retirement age. A member who joins the System on or after July 1, 2006, must have at least ten years of service to qualify for disability benefits.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Survivor Benefits: Upon the death of a member with five or more years of creditable service, the System provides benefits for surviving spouses and minor children. Under certain conditions outlined in the status, a spouse is entitled to 75% of the members' benefits.

Initial Benefit Retirement Plan: Effective January 1, 1996, the state legislature authorized the System to establish an Initial Benefits Retirement Plan (IBRP) program. IBRP is available to members who have not participated in DROP and who select certain benefit options. Thereafter, these members are ineligible to participate in the DROP. The IBRP program provides both a one-time single sum payment of up to 36 months of a regular monthly retirement benefit, plus a reduced monthly retirement benefit for life. Interest credited and payments from IBRP account are made in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statutes 11:1152(F)(3).

Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS) –

The System was established for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits as stated under the provisions of LA R.S. 11:401, as amended, for eligible state officers, employees and their beneficiaries. The projection of benefit payments in the calculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive employees through the System in accordance with the benefit terms and any additional legal agreements to provide benefits that are in force at the measurement date.

Retirement benefits: The age and years of creditable service required in order for a member to retire with full benefits are established by statute, and vary depending on the member's hire date, employer, and job classification. The rank and file members hired prior to July 1, 2006, may either retire with full benefits at any age upon completing 30 years of credible service or at age 60 upon completing five to ten years of creditable service depending on their plan. Those members hired between July 1, 2006 and June 30, 2015, may retire at age 60 upon completing five years of creditable service and those hired on or after July 1, 2015 may retire at age 62 upon completing five years of creditable service. The basic annual retirement benefit for members is equal to 2.5% to 3.5% of average compensation multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Additionally, members may choose to retire with 20 years of service at any age, with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Average compensation is defined as the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 36 consecutive months of employment for members employed prior to July 1, 2006. For members hired July 1, 2006 or later, average compensation is based on the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment. The maximum annual retirement benefit cannot exceed the lesser of 100% of average compensation or a certain specified dollar amount of actuarially determined monetary limits, which vary depending upon the member's age at retirement. Judges, court officers, and certain elected officials receive an additional annual retirement benefit equal to 1.0% of average compensation multiplied by the number of years of creditable service in their respective capacity. As an alternative to the basic retirement benefits, a member may elect to receive their retirement benefits under any one of six different options providing for reduced retirement benefits payable throughout their life, with certain benefits being paid to their designated beneficiary after their death.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Act 992 of the 2010 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session, changed the benefit structure for LASERS members hired on or after January 1, 2011. This resulted in three new plans: regular, hazardous duty, and judges. The new regular plan includes regular members and those members who were formerly eligible to participate in specialty plans, excluding hazardous duty and judges. Regular members and judges are eligible to retire at age 60 after five years of creditable service and, may also retire at any age, with a reduced benefit, after 20 years of creditable service. Hazardous duty members are eligible to retire with twelve years of creditable service at age 55, 25 years of creditable service at any age or with a reduced benefit after 20 years of creditable service. Average compensation will be based on the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment for all three new plans. Members in the regular plan will receive a 2.5% accrual rate, hazardous duty plan a 3.33% accrual rate, and judges a 3.5% accrual rate. The extra 1.0% accrual rate for each year of service for court officers, the governor, lieutenant governor, legislators, House clerk, sergeants at arms, or Senate secretary, employed after January 1, 2011, was eliminated by Act 992. Specialty plan and regular members, hired prior to January 1, 2011, who are hazardous duty employees have the option to transition to the new hazardous duty plan.

Act 226 of the 2014 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session established new retirement eligibility for members of LASERS hired on or after July 1, 2015, excluding hazardous duty plan members. Regular members and judges under the new plan are eligible to retire at age 62 after five years of creditable service and, may also retire at any age, with a reduced benefit, after 20 years of creditable service. Average compensation will be based on the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment. Members in the regular plan will receive a 2.5% accrual rate, and judges a 3.5% accrual rate, with the extra 1.0% accrual rate based on all years of service as a judge.

A member leaving employment before attaining minimum retirement age, but after completing certain minimum service requirement, becomes eligible for a benefit provided the member lives to the minimum service retirement age, and does not withdraw their accumulated contributions. The minimum service requirement for benefits varies depending upon the member's employer and service classification.

Deferred Retirement Benefits: The State Legislature authorized LASERS to establish a Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP). When a member enters DROP, their status changes from active member to retiree even though they continue to work and draw their salary for a period of up to three years. The election is irrevocable once participation begins. During DROP participation, accumulated retirement benefits that would have been paid to each retiree are separately tracked. For members who entered DROP prior to January 1, 2004, interest at a rate of one-half percent less than the System's realized return on its portfolio (not to be less than zero) will be credited to the retiree after participation ends. At that time, the member must choose among available alternatives for the distribution of benefits that have accumulated in the DROP account. Members who enter DROP on or after January 1, 2004, are required to participate in LASERS Self-Directed Plan (SDP) which is administered by a third-party provider. The SDP allows DROP participants to choose from a menu of investment options for the allocation of their DROP balances. Participants may diversify their investments by choosing from an approved list of mutual funds with different holdings, management styles, and risk factors.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Members eligible to retire and who do not choose to participate in DROP may elect to receive at the time of retirement an initial benefit option (IBO) in an amount up to 36 months of benefits, with an actuarial reduction of their future benefits. For members who selected the IBO option prior to January 1, 2004, such amount may be withdrawn or remain in the IBO account earning interest at a rate of one-half percent less than the System's realized return on its portfolio (not to be less than zero). Those members who select the IBO on or after January 1, 2004, are required to enter the SDP as described above.

Disability Benefits: Generally, active members with ten or more years of credited service who become disabled may receive a maximum disability retirement benefit equivalent to the regular retirement formula without reduction by reason of age.

Upon reaching age 60, the disability retiree may receive a regular retirement benefit by making application to the Board of Trustees.

For injuries sustained in the line of duty, hazardous duty personnel in the Hazardous Duty Services Plan will receive a disability benefit equal to 75% of final average compensation.

Survivor Benefits: Certain eligible surviving dependents receive benefits based on the deceased member's compensation and their relationship to the deceased. The deceased member who was in state service at the time of death must have a minimum of five years of service credit, at least two of which were earned immediately prior to death, or who had a minimum of twenty years of service credit regardless of when earned in order for a benefit to be paid to a minor or handicapped child. Benefits are payable to an unmarried child until age 18, or age 23 if the child remains a full-time student. The aforementioned minimum service credit requirement is ten years for a surviving spouse with no minor children, and benefits are to be paid for life to the spouse or qualified handicapped child.

The deceased regular member hired on or after January 1, 2011, must have a minimum of five years of service credit regardless of when earned in order for a benefit to be paid to a minor child. The aforementioned minimum service credit requirements for a surviving spouse are 10 years, 2 years being earned immediately prior to death, and active state service at the time of death, or a minimum of 20 years of service credit regardless of when earned. A deceased member's spouse must have been married for at least one year before death.

Permanent Benefit Increases/Cost-of-Living Adjustments: As fully described in Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes, LASERS allows for the payment of permanent benefit increases, also known as cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) that are funded through investment earnings when recommended by the Board of Trustees and approved by; the State Legislature.

B. Contributions

The employer contribution rate for TRSL and LASERS is established annually under LA R.S. 11:101 – 11:104 by the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee (PRSAC), taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Contribution rate for LSERS is actuarially determined as required under Act 81 of 1988 but cannot be less than the rate required by the Constitution. Each plan pays a separate actuarially determined employer contribution rate.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The contribution rates in effect for the year ended June 30, 2020 for the School Board were as follows:

	Plan	Employer
	Status	Contribution
TRSL Sub Plan:		
K-12 Regular Plan	Open	26.00%
Higher Ed Regular Plan	Open	25.30%
Plan A	Closed	26.00%
Plan B	Open	26.00%
ORP (employer UAL)	Closed	22.20%
LSERS	Open	29.40%
LASERS:		
Regular Employees		
Hired before 7/1/2006	Closed	40.70%
Hired after 7/1/2006	Open	40.70%
Hired on or after 1/1/11	Closed	40.70%
Hired on or after 7/1/15	Open	40.70%
Optional Retirement Plan (ORP)		
Hired before 7/1/2006	Closed	36.01%
Hired on or after 7/1/2006	Closed	36.01%
Aggregate rate		40.80%

Contributions received by a pension plan form non-employer contributing entities that are not in a special funding situation are recorded as revenue by the respective pension plan. The School Board recognizes revenue in an amount equal to their proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension plan from the non-employer contributing entities. During the year ended June 30, 2020, the School Board recognized revenue as a result of support received from non-employer contributing entities as follows:

Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL)	\$ 380,075
Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS)	-
Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS)	 -
	\$ 380,075

C. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

The following schedule lists the School Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability allocated by each of the pension plans based on the measurement date. The School Board uses this measurement to record its net pension liability and associated amounts as of June 30, 2020 in accordance with GASB Statement 68. The schedule also includes the proportionate share allocation rate used at the measurement date for each plan, along with the change compared to prior year rates. The School Board's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

the School Board's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

		Net Pension	Measureme		
		Liability (Asset) at Measurement Date	Current	Previous	Increase (Decrease)
TRSL	*	\$ 92,340,431	0.930420%	0.931790%	-0.001370%
LSERS	*	10,035,126	1.433463%	1.401408%	0.032055%
LASERS	*	237,561	0.003280%	0.005650%	-0.002370%
Total		\$102,613,118			

^{*} June 30, 2019 measurement date

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School Board recognized pension expense as follows:

Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL)	\$7,136,141
Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS)	1,548,480
Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS)	(53,058)
	\$ 8,631,563

At June 30, 2020, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL) -

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experiences	\$ -	\$ 2,885,670
Changes of assumptions	6,564,663	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	3,417,616
Change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,162,172	4,126,493
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_11,757,894	
Total	<u>\$ 19,484,729</u>	\$ 10,429,779

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS) -

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experiences	\$ -	\$ 250,122
Changes of assumptions	290,926	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	386,056	-
Change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	147,413	2,692
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,236,832	
Total	\$2,061,227	\$ 252,814
Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LAS	SERS) –	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experiences	\$ -	\$ 494
Changes of assumptions	2,036	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	8,207	-
Change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	7,571	88,140
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	30,253	-
Total	\$ 48,067	\$ 88,634

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The table below reports deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from School Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021:

Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL)	\$11,757,894
Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS)	1,236,832
Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS)	30,253
	\$13,024,979

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	TRSL	LSERS	LASERS	Total
2021	\$ (1,372,292)	\$ 369,89	95 \$ (73,766)	\$(1,076,163)
2022	(2,577,459)	(105,71	(2,389)	(2,685,566)
2023	148,869	175,97	72 2,258	327,099
2024	1,097,938	131,43	3,077	1,232,447
	\$ (2,702,944)	\$ 571,58	\$ (70,820)	\$(2,202,183)

D. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The net pension liability was measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability are as follows:

	TRSL	LSERS	LASERS
Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method	June 30, 2019 Entry Age	June 30, 2019 Entry Age Normal	June 30, 2019 Entry Age
Investment Rate of Return	Normal 7.55%, net of investment expenses	7.00% per annum, net of plan investment expense, including inflation	Normal 7.60% per annum, net of investment expenses
Projected Salary Increases	Varies from 3.3% - 4.8% depending upon duration of service	Salary increases were projected based on 2012- 2017 experience study, 3.25%	Salary increases were projected based on 2014- 2018 experience study, 3.2% - 13.0%
Expected Remaining Service Lives	5 years, closed period	3 years	3 years

Mortality Rates:

Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana uses RP-2014 White Collar Employee tables, adjusted by 1.010 for males and by 0.997 for females for active members; RP-2014 White collar Healthy Annuitant tables, adjusted by 1.366 for males and by 1.189 for females for non-disabled retiree/inactive members; RP-2014 Disability tables, adjusted by 1.111 for males and by 1.134 for females for disability retiree. These Base tables are adjusted from 2014 to 2018 using the MP-2017 generational improvement table, with continued future mortality improvement projected using the MP-2017 generational mortality improvement tables.

Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System uses RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Tables; RP-2014 Sex Distinct Employee Tables; and RP-2014 Sex Distinct Disabled Tables.

Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System uses mortality rates based on the RP-2014 Healthy Mortality Table with mortality improvement projected using the MP-2018 Mortality Improvement Scale, applied on a fully generational basis for non-disabled members; mortality rates based on the RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, with no projection for mortality improvement.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Termination and disability:

Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana - Termination, disability, and retirement assumptions were projected based on a five-year (2012-2017) experience study of the System's members.

Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System - Termination, disability, and retirement assumptions were projected based on a five-year (2014-2018) experience study of the System's members.

Cost of living adjustments:

Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System – Cost of living raises may be granted from the Experience Account provided there are sufficient funds needed to offset the increase in the actuarial liability and the plan has met the criteria and eligibility requirements outline by ACT 399 of 2014.

Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System - The present value of future retirement benefits is based on benefits currently being paid by the System and includes previously granted cost of living increases. The projected benefit payments do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees as they were deemed not to be substantively automatic.

E. Real rates of return

The long-term expected rate of return on TRSL and LASERS pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The long-term expected rate of return on LSERS plan investments was determined using a triangulation method which integrated the CAPM pricing model (top-down), a treasury yield curve approach (bottom-up) and an equity building-block model (bottom-up). These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in each of the pension plans' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019, are summarized in the following table:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

	Target Allocation			
Asset Class	TRSL	LSERS		
Domestic equity	27.00%			
International equity	19.00%			
Equity		39.00%		
Domestic fixed income	13.00%			
Fixed income		26.00%		
International fixed income	5.50%			
Private equity	25.50%			
Alternatives		17.00%		
Other	10.00%	18.00%		
Totals	100.00%	100.00%		

Long-term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return

	Tordono real rate of return				
Asset Class	TRSL	LSERS	LASERS		
Domestic equity	4.60%		4.83%		
International equity	5.70%		5.83%		
Equity		2.93%			
Domestic fixed income	1.69%		2.79%		
Fixed income		1.07%			
International fixed income	2.10%		4.49%		
Private equity	8.67%				
Alternatives		1.43%	8.32%		
Other	3.65%	1.33%	5.06%		
Total fund		6.76%	6.09%		
Inflation		2.00%			
Expected Arithmetic Nominal Return		8.76%			

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Discount Rate: The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Based on those assumptions, each of the pension plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rates used for each respective plan is displayed in the Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to changes in the discount rate table.

Sensitivity to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following table presents the School Board's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability (NPL) using the discount rate of each Retirement System as well as what the School Board's proportionate share of the NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1	% Decrease	Cu	rrent Rate	19/	6 Increase
TRSL						
Discount Rates		6.55%		7.55%		8.55%
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	122,918,327	\$9	2,340,431	\$6	6,567,934
Change in rate from prior year				-0.10%		
LSERS						
Discount Rates		6.00%		7.00%		8.00%
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	13,599,607	\$1	0,035,126	\$	6,987,995
Change in rate from prior year				-0.0625%		
LASERS						
Discount Rates		6.60%		7.60%		8.60%
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	299,832	\$	237,561	\$	184,962
Change in rate from prior year				-0.05%		

(11) <u>Self-insurance Group Health Insurance Program</u>

On April 25, 2002, the School Board began a partially self-insured group health insurance program. A separate internal service fund was created to accumulate funds designated for the payment of health care claims, insurance and associated costs of school system employees, retirees and their covered dependents. The School Board has procured specific-loss insurance with a self-insured retention of \$175,000 per individual and aggregate-loss insurance with an attachment point of approximately \$23,016,231 based on projected enrollment of 1,544 subscribers.

The liability for unpaid claims of \$566,718 as of June 30, 2020 was determined based on reports obtained from third party administrator regarding claims incurred prior to June 30, 2020 paid out during the subsequent period ending September 2020.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Changes in the claims liability amount for the group health insurance program are as follows:

	F	eginning of Siscal Year Liability	Claims and Changes in Estimates	Benefit Payments and Claims	alance at Fiscal ear-End
2017 - 2018	\$	1,105,685	\$ 14,402,734	\$ 14,661,982	\$ 846,437
2018 - 2019	\$	846,437	\$ 13,887,783	\$ 13,913,304	\$ 820,916
2019 - 2020	\$	820,916	\$ 13,839,589	\$ 14,093,787	\$ 566,718

(12) Commitments and Contingencies

A. <u>Litigation</u>

There are several lawsuits presently pending against the School Board. The School Board's management and legal counsel is of the opinion that any unfavorable outcome in these cases would not materially affect the financial statements.

B. Grant Audits

The School Board receives federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by governmental agencies. Such audits could result in a request for reimbursement by the grantor for expenditures disallowed under the terms and conditions of the appropriate agency. In the opinion of the School Board, such disallowances, if any, will not be significant.

C. Intergovernmental Agreement

On January 19, 2000 the Vermilion Parish School Board negotiated an intergovernmental agreement with the Iberia Parish School Board to establish certain parameters for calculating annual payments that the School Board shall remit to the Iberia Parish School Board for Vermilion Parish resident students attending Iberia Parish Schools. This agreement is effective for a twenty-year period ending June 30, 2020 but is subject to renegotiation every five years.

(13) Risks and Uncertainties

Subsequent to February 28, 2020, local, U.S. and world governments have encouraged self-isolation to curtail the spread of the global pandemic, coronavirus disease (COVID-19), by mandating temporary work stoppage in many sectors and imposing limitations on travel and size and duration of group meetings. Most industries are experiencing disruption to operations and the impact of reduced consumer spending. There is unprecedented uncertainty surrounding the duration of the pandemic, its potential economic ramifications, and any government actions to mitigate them. Accordingly, while management cannot quantify the financial and other impact to the School Board as of June 30, 2020, management does not believe that a material impact on the School Board's financial position and results of future operations is reasonably possible.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(14) Interfund Transactions

A. Interfund receivables and payables, by fund, at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

	Interfund Receivables	Interfund Payables	
Major funds: General Fund	\$ 1,432,029	\$ -	
Nonmajor funds		1,432,029	
Total	<u>\$ 1,432,029</u>	\$ 1,432,029	

The amounts due to the General Fund from various other funds are for reimbursements owed for expenditures paid for those funds.

B. Transfers consisted of the following at June 30, 2020:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out	
Major funds:			
General Fund	\$ 10,861,878	\$	239,922
Dr. Daniel Dartez Educational Trust			414,976
Total major funds	10,861,878		654,898
Nonmajor funds	938,758	1	1,145,738
Total	\$ 11,800,636	<u>\$ 1</u>	1,800,636

Transfers are used to (a) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to (b) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

(15) Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

Plan Description: The Vermilion Parish School Board administers a partially self-insured group health insurance program. The program provides for the payment of health care claims, insurance and associated costs of the school system employees, retirees and their covered dependents.

Vermilion Parish School Board covers up to a \$15,000 of basic life insurance. Premiums are assessed on amounts in excess of \$15,000 and all supplemental life insurance. No trend is assumed for life insurance coverage or contributions.

Postemployment Benefit Plan Eligibility Requirements: An employee is eligible to elect medical coverage upon retiring or disability. Employees are covered by the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL), whose retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions are as follows: 30 years of service at any age; age 55 and 25 years of service; age 60 and 5 years of service; or early retirement with

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

20 years of service at any age. Coverage is also provided to spouses of retirees who are currently receiving benefits. If the retiree pre-deceases the spouse, coverage for the surviving spouse continues.

Monthly retiree contributions: Below are the total monthly retiree premiums as determined by Vermilion Parish School Board.

2019	Ret	Retiree only		Retiree + Spouse	
Pre-65	\$	273.08	\$	576.33	
Post-65	\$	149.00	\$	394.00	

For participants hired or re-hired on or after May 1, 2005, the following schedule applies to the Board subsidy based upon a participant's service at retirement: less than 10 years of participation with 25% of board subsidy paid by retirees; 10-14.99 years of participation with 50% of board subsidy paid by retirees; 15-19.99 years of participation with 75% of board subsidy paid by retirees; or 20 plus years of participation with 100% of board subsidy paid by retirees.

Additionally, employees hired after May 1, 2005 who were previously employed by another Louisiana public school system(s), and are able to provide proof of health insurance coverage of at least ten years with said employer(s) and are then members of Vermilion Parish School System's group health insurance plan for five or more years, will be given credit for the years in the previous school system's health insurance plan, in addition to the years in Vermilion Parish School System's health insurance plan, when calculating participating years for retiree vesting purposes. Any new hired employee wishing to take advantage of the provisions of this paragraph will assume the responsibility of furnishing documented verification of coverage from another public-school district within ninety days of the date of hire.

Employees covered by benefit terms: At June 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms: 743 active participants, 949 retirees, and 209 spouses of current retirees.

The School Board's total OPEB liability of \$166,005,756 was measured as of June 30, 2020, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019, calculated based on the following discount rate and actuarial assumptions.

The employer does not pre-fund benefits. The current funding policy is to pay benefits directly from general assets on a pay-as-you-go basis and there is not a trust for accumulating plan assets. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the July 1, 2019 accounting valuation.

Valuation Timing	Actuarial valuations are performed biennially as of July 1 for accounting purposes only. The most recent valuation was performed as of July 1, 2019.
Measurement date	June 30, 2020
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Salary increases 3.00%

Discount Rate 2.21% (based on the Bond Buyer's General Obligation 20-Bond

Municipal index)

Health Care Cost Trend Rates

Pre-65 6.6% for 2019, gradually decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.7%

for 2084 and beyond

Post-65 5.4% for 2019, gradually decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.7%

for 2084 and beyond

Mortality Rates:

Pre-retirement – PUB-2010 General Employees Amount-Weighted Table with Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2019 on a generational basis with healthy annuitant rates after benefit commencement.

Post-retirement – PUB-2010 General Retirees Amount-Weighted Table with Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2019 on a generational basis.

Disability retirement – PUB-2010 General Retirees Amount-Weighted Table with Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2019 on a generational basis.

Survivor – PUB-2010 Contingent Survivors Amount-Weighted Table with Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2019 on a generational basis.

The plan has not had a formal actuarial experience study performed.

Actuarial Cost Method: The actuarial cost method determines, in a systematic way, the incidence of plan sponsor contributions required to provide plan benefits. It also determines how actuarial gains and losses are recognized in OPEB costs. These gains and losses result from the difference between the actual experience under the plan and what was anticipated by the actuarial assumptions.

The cost of the Plan is derived by making certain specific assumptions as to rates of interest, mortality, turnover, etc. which are assumed to hold for many years into the future. Since actual experience may differ somewhat from the long-term assumptions, the costs determined by the valuation must be regarded as estimates of the true costs of the Plan.

Under the Entry Age Normal Cost method a projected retirement benefit at assumed retirement age is computed for each participant using anticipated future pay increases. The normal cost for each participant is computed as the level percentage of pay which, if paid from each participant's date of employment by the employer or any predecessor employer (thus, entry age) to his assumed retirement date, would accumulate with interest at the rate assumed in the valuation to an amount sufficient to fund his projected retirement benefit. The normal cost for the plan is the total of the individually computed normal costs for all participants including the costs for any death or disability benefits under the plan.

The accrued liability at any point in time for an active participant is the theoretical fund that would have been accumulated on his behalf from his normal cost payments and the earnings thereon for all prior

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

years if the plan had always been in effect. For persons receiving benefits or entitled to a deferred vested retirement income, the accrued liability cost is equal to the present value of their future benefit payments. The accrued liability for the plan is the total of the individually computed accrued liability for all participants. The unfunded accrued liability for the plan is the excess of the accrued liability over the assets which have been accumulated for the plan.

It should be noted that the accrued liability as of any date is not the actuarially computed present value of accrued or accumulated plan benefits as of that date. The accrued liability is the portion of the ultimate cost assigned to prior years by the cost method being used.

Changes in actuarial methods since prior valuation: The actuarial cost method has not changed since the prior year valuation.

In addition to the actuarial method used, actuarial cost estimates depend to an important degree on the assumptions made relative to various occurrences, such as rate of expected investment earnings by the fund, rates of mortality among active and retired employees, rates of termination from employment, and retirement rates.

The following presents changes in the total OPEB liability:

Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$ 167,347,235
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	3,757,879
Interest on total OPEB liability	5,930,125
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	6,775,013
Effect of assumptions, changes, or inputs	(14,429,521)
Benefit payments	(3,374,975)
Balance as of June 30, 2020	\$ 166,005,756

There have been no significant changes between the valuation date and the fiscal year end.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Vermilion Parish School Board, calculated using the discount rate of 2.21%, a decrease of 1.29% from the prior year, as well as what the School Board's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	1.21%	2.21%	3.21%
Total OPEB liability	\$ 198,113,538	\$ 166,005,756	\$ 141,383,584

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates: The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Vermilion Parish School Board, calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rates as well as what the School Board's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current trend rates.

		Current		
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase	
Total OPEB liability	\$ 139,813,440	\$ 166,005,756	\$ 200,617,228	

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School Board recognized OPEB expense of \$17,592,312. At June 30, 2020, the School Board reported deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experiences	\$11,178,866	\$ -
Changes of assumptions	8,868,546	14,769,876
Total	\$20,047,412	\$14,769,876

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2021	\$ 5,606,944
2022	747,462
2023	(712,370)
2024	(364,500)
	\$ 5,277,536

(16) Risk Management

Commercial Insurance Coverage

The School Board purchases commercial insurance for property coverage, general liability, fleet liability, errors and omissions and flood. The deductibles per occurrence for these coverages are \$100,000, \$25,000, \$25,000 and \$25,000, respectively. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, the deductible for property coverage for named storms is 2% of total insured value per building subject to a minimum of

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

\$250,000 per occurrence. There has been no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year. The School Board has had no settled claims resulting from these risks that exceeded its commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

(17) Excess Oil and Gas Revenue Policy

The School Board has adopted a policy on excess oil and gas royalty revenues whereby mineral revenues over \$6,250,000 will be reserved in the following manner:

- A. 50% of the amount over \$6,250,000 is to be placed in the Vermilion Parish Education Public Trust.
- B. 50% of the amount over \$6,250,000 is to be used for employee salary supplements.

For the year ended June 30, 2020 oil and gas royalty revenues did not exceed the \$6,250,000 threshold; therefore, a transfer was not made to the trust and for employee salary supplements.

(18) Non-expendable Trust Fund

On June 11, 1996, pursuant to Louisiana Revised Statute (LSA-RS) 17:81(m), the School Board established the Vermilion Parish Education Trust (a non-expendable trust fund). Trust principal is derived from excess revenues and may not be used for expenditures. Income from the investment of fund principal is restricted to meeting the capital outlay needs of the school system.

The trust is administered by a board of trustees which consists of individuals who occupy the following positions:

- A. Vermilion Parish School Board President
- B. Vermilion Parish School Board Vice-President
- C. Vermilion Parish School System Superintendent
- D. Vermilion Parish School System Chief Financial Officer
- E. Vermilion Association of Educators President
- F. Vermilion Parish School Board legal advisor

The trustees of the Daniel R. Dartez Educational Trust believe that the following asset mixes will produce a pattern of returns over time that will conform to the desired return requirements, risk tolerance and liquidity:

Asset Class	Minimum	Target	Maximum
Intermediate Fixed Income	60%	75%	85%
Fauities	15%	25%	35%

Cash equivalents may be held in lieu of equities or intermediate fixed income at the discretion of the investment advisor.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(19) Compensation of Board Members

A detail of the compensation paid to individual board members for the year ended June 30, 2020 follows:

David Dupuis	\$ 9,600
Christopher Gautreaux	9,600
Laura LeBeouf	9,600
Dale Stelly	10,200
Charlotte Detraz	9,600
Kibbie Pillette	10,200
Jason Roy	9,600
Kristy Hebert	9,600
	\$ 78,000

(20) Compensation, benefits, and other payments to Agency Head

A detail of compensation, benefits, and other payments paid the Superintendent, for the year ended June 30, 2020 follows:

Jerome Puyau - Superintendent (July 2019 - January 2020):

Purpose	Amount
g 1	Ф 02 (22
Salary	\$ 83,633
Benefits - insurance	73
Benefits - retirement	25,801
Benefits - medicare	1,439
Travel expense reimbursement	15,600
Legal expense reimbursement	20,000
	<u>\$ 146,546</u>

James Prudhomme - Interim Superintendent (January 2020 - June 2020):

Purpose	Amount
Salary	\$ 68,581
Benefits - insurance	2,563
Benefits - retirement	17,831
Supply reimbursement	221
Dues	350
Conference travel	984
	\$ 90,530

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(21) On-Behalf Payments

The accompanying financial statements include on-behalf payments made by the Vermilion Parish Tax Collector in the amount of \$295,424 to the Teacher's Retirement System of Louisiana for employee retirement benefits, as required by GASB Statement No. 24 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Grants and Other Financial Assistance. The amount of \$295,424 is recorded in the accounting system of the Vermilion Parish School Board.

(22) <u>Subsequent Events</u>

During the months of August and October 2020, Hurricanes Laura and Delta directly impacted the School Board causing damage to certain School Board owned buildings and other properties. Cost estimates to repair or replace these buildings and properties are not known at this time but are expected to be substantially recovered from a variety of sources, including insurance proceeds and federal and state assistance programs.

(23) New Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of local governments. Governments with activities meeting the criteria should present a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 84 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. In April of 2020, GASB extended the implementation date of this standard by one year. The effect of implementation on the School Board's financial statements has not yet been determined.

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 87, Leases. The statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 87 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. In April of 2020, GASB extended the implementation date of this standard by one year. The effect of implementation on the School Board's financial statements has not yet been determined.

OTHER REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Buc	lget		Variance Positive
•	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues				
Local sources:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,750,000	\$ 1,665,000	\$ 1,679,015	\$ 14,015
Sales taxes	7,500,000	7,700,000	7,723,635	23,635
Other	2,106,000	1,875,000	3,003,793	1,128,793
Total local sources	11,356,000	11,240,000	12,406,443	1,166,443
State sources	57,332,209	57,960,909	58,157,052	196,143
Federal sources	-	-	8,970	8,970
Total revenues	68,688,209	69,200,909	70,572,465	1,371,556
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction -				
Regular programs	34,887,485	34,358,103	34,103,627	254,476
Special education programs	8,627,500	8,779,500	8,600,631	178,869
Vocational education programs	2,280,800	2,283,367	2,152,467	130,900
Other instructional programs	1,599,750	1,696,500	1,670,984	25,516
Special programs	717,500	675,500	637,159	38,341
Support services -				
Pupil support services	4,723,500	4,787,500	4,770,728	16,772
Instructional staff support services	3,941,800	3,855,000	3,830,110	24,890
General administration	2,539,100	2,719,100	2,660,604	58,496
School administration	5,432,000	5,352,500	5,332,566	19,934
Business services	958,500	902,800	871,133	31,667
Operation and maintenance of plant services		8,538,800	8,388,152	150,648
Student transportation services	4,843,500	4,527,300	4,447,915	79,385
Central services	897,700	957,500	937,155	20,345
Non-instructional services -				
Community service programs	82,000	82,000	79,693	2,307
Facilities acquisition and construction	388,905	516,380	506,810	9,570
Total expenditures	80,541,090	80,031,850	78,989,734	1,042,116
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(11,852,881)	(10,830,941)	(8,417,269)	2,413,672
Other financing sources (uses)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	4,000	4,000	23,757	19,757
Transfers in	10,999,562	10,891,355	10,861,878	(29,477)
Transfers out	(188,842)	(244,931)	(239,922)	5,009
Total other financing sources (uses)	10,814,720	10,650,424	10,645,713	(4,711)
Net change in fund balance	(1,038,161)	(180,517)	2,228,444	2,408,961
Fund balances, beginning	9,727,444	9,727,444	9,727,444	
Fund balances, ending	\$ 8,689,283	\$ 9,546,927	\$ 11,955,888	\$ 2,408,961

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Budget Practices

The proposed budget for 2020 was completed and made available for public inspection at the School Board office prior to the required public hearing held for suggestions and comments from taxpayers. In accordance with R.S.17:88(A), parish school boards must adopt the budget no later than September fifteenth of each year. The budget, which included proposed expenditures and the means of financing them, for the General and Special Revenue Funds, was published in the official journal ten days prior to the public hearing.

The budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds were prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

The level of control over the budget is exercised at the function or program level for the General and Special Revenue. The Superintendent and/or assistant superintendents are authorized to transfer budget amounts within each fund; however, any supplemental appropriations that amend the total expenditures of any fund require School Board approval. As required by state law, when actual revenues within a fund are failing to meet estimated annual budgeted revenues by five percent or more, and/or actual expenditures within a fund are exceeding estimated budgeted expenditures by five percent or more, a budget amendment to reflect such changes is adopted by the School Board in an open meeting. Budgeted amounts included in the financial statements include the original adopted budget and all subsequent amendments.

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB Liability*				
Service cost	\$ 3,757,879	\$ 4,512,802	\$ 5,414,625	\$ 2,505,723
Interest on total OPEB liability	5,930,125	5,928,501	4,139,527	4,133,251
Effect of economic/demographic gains or (losses)	6,775,013	-	14,475,189	8,002,694
Effect of assumptions, changes, or inputs	(14,429,521)	9,991,185	(11,327,864)	23,735,647
Benefit payments	(3,374,975)	(3,494,256)	(4,219,147)	(4,813,427)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(1,341,479)	16,938,232	8,482,330	33,563,888
Total OPEB liability, beginning	167,347,235	_150,409,003	141,926,673	108,362,785
Total OPEB liability, ending *	\$ 166,005,756	\$ 167,347,235	\$ 150,409,003	\$ 141,926,673
Covered payroll	\$ 51,174,088	\$ 50,603,474	\$ 53,723,470	\$ 52,944,472
Total OPEB liability as a % of covered payroll	<u>324.39</u> %	<u>330.70</u> %	<u>279.97</u> %	<u>268.07</u> %

^{*} Equal to net OPEB liability

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Employer's	
Employer	Employer		Proportionate Share	
Proportion	Proportionate		of the Net Pension	Plan Fiduciary
of the	Share of the		Liability (Asset) as a	Net Position
Net Pension	Net Pension	Employer's	Percentage of its	as a Percentage
Liability	Liability	Covered	Covered	of the Total
(Asset)	(Asset)	Payroll	Payrol1	Pension Liability
1.04730%	\$107,048,569	\$45,851,508	233.5%	63.70%
1.02119%	\$109,801,073	\$45,770,167	239.9%	62.50%
0.98536%	\$115,651,221	\$45,812,785	252.4%	59.90%
0.97360%	\$ 99,812,481	\$44,398,495	224.8%	65.60%
0.93179%	\$ 91,576,802	\$44,714,948	204.8%	68.20%
0.93042%	\$ 92,340,431	\$44,575,580	207.2%	68.60%
	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) 1.04730% 1.02119% 0.98536% 0.97360% 0.93179%	Proportion of the of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) 1.04730% \$107,048,569 1.02119% \$109,801,073 0.98536% \$115,651,221 0.97360% \$99,812,481 0.93179% \$91,576,802	Proportion of the of the Net Pension Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Employer's Covered Payroll Liability (Asset) (Asset) Payroll 1.04730% \$107,048,569 \$45,851,508 1.02119% \$109,801,073 \$45,770,167 0.98536% \$115,651,221 \$45,812,785 0.97360% \$ 99,812,481 \$44,398,495 0.93179% \$ 91,576,802 \$44,714,948	Employer Employer Proportionate Share Proportion of the Proportionate of the Share of the Share of the Net Pension Of the Share of the Net Pension Description Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered (Asset) Payroll Payroll Liability (Asset) Payroll Payroll Payroll 1.04730% \$107,048,569 \$45,851,508 \$109,801,073 \$45,770,167 \$239.9% \$109,801,073 \$45,770,167 \$239.9% \$115,651,221 \$45,812,785 \$252.4% \$115,651,221 \$45,812,785 \$252.4% \$115,651,221 \$44,398,495 \$224.8% \$115,651,241 \$44,398,495 \$224.8% \$115,651,241 \$44,398,495 \$224.8% \$115,651,241 \$44,398,495 \$224.8% \$115,651,241 \$44,398,495 \$224.8% \$115,651,241 \$44,398,495 \$224.8% \$115,651,241 \$44,398,495 \$224.8% \$115,651,241 \$44,398,495 \$224.8% \$115,651,241 \$44,398,495 \$224.8% \$115,651,241 \$44,398,495 \$224.8% \$115,651,241 \$44,398,495 \$224.8% \$115,651,241 \$44,398,495 \$224.8% \$115,651,241 \$44,398,495 \$224.8% \$115,651,241 \$44,398,495 \$224.8% \$115,651,241 \$44,398,495 \$224.8% \$115,651,241 \$44,398,495 \$224.8% \$115,651,241 \$45,812,785 \$224.8% \$115,651,241 \$45,812,785 \$224.8% \$115,651,241 \$44,398,495 \$224.8% \$115,651,241 \$45,812,785 \$224.8% \$115,651,241 \$45,812,785 \$224.8% \$115,651,241 \$44,398,495 \$224.8% \$115,651,241 \$45,812,785 \$224.8% \$115,651,241 \$45,812,785 \$224.8% \$115,651,241 \$45,812,785 \$224.8% \$115,651,241 \$45,812,785 \$224.8% \$115,651,241 \$45,812,785 \$224.8% \$115,651,241 \$45,812,785 \$224.8% \$115,651,241 \$45,812,785 \$224.8% \$115,651,241 \$45,812,785 \$224.8% \$115,651,241 \$45,812,785 \$224.8% \$115,651,241 \$45,812,785 \$224.8% \$115,651,241 \$45,812,785 \$224.8% \$115,651,241 \$115,651,24

^{*} The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

Schedule of Employer Contributions Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Co	ntributions in				
]	Relation to				Contributions
	Contractually	(Contractual	Cont	ribution	Employer's	as a % of
Year ended	Required		Required		iciency	Covered	Covered
June 30,	Contribution	C	Contribution		xcess)	Payroll	Payrol1
2015	\$12,208,904	\$	12,208,904	\$	-	\$45,770,167	26.7%
2016	\$12,047,589	\$	12,047,589	\$	-	\$45,812,785	26.3%
2017	\$11,310,713	\$	11,310,713	\$	-	\$44,398,495	25.5%
2018	\$11,896,064	\$	11,896,064	\$	-	\$44,714,948	26.6%
2019	\$11,899,625	\$	11,899,625	\$	-	\$44,575,580	26.7%
2020	\$11,746,834	\$	11,746,834	\$	-	\$45,186,053	26.0%

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability School Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Employer's	
Employer	Employer		Proportionate Share	
Proportion	Proportionate		of the Net Pension	Plan Fiduciary
of the	Share of the		Liability (Asset) as a	Net Position
Net Pension	Net Pension	Employer's	Percentage of its	as a Percentage
Liability	Liability	Covered	Covered	of the Total
(Asset)	(Asset)	Payroll	Payroll	Pension Liability
1.48580%	\$ 8,612,797	\$ 4,160,675	207.0%	76.18%
1.50196%	\$ 9,524,353	\$ 4,132,523	230.5%	74.49%
1.42043%	\$ 10,714,997	\$ 4,035,465	265.5%	70.09%
1.39708%	\$ 8,940,292	\$ 3,999,683	223.5%	75.03%
1.40141%	\$ 9,363,330	\$ 4,044,936	231.5%	74.44%
1.43346%	\$ 10,035,126	\$ 4,166,859	240.8%	73.49%
	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) 1.48580% 1.50196% 1.42043% 1.39708% 1.40141%	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) 1.48580% \$ 8,612,797 1.50196% \$ 9,524,353 1.42043% \$ 10,714,997 1.39708% \$ 8,940,292 1.40141% \$ 9,363,330	Proportion of the of the Net Pension Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Employer's Covered Payroll Liability (Asset) (Asset) Payroll 1.48580% \$ 8,612,797 \$ 4,160,675 1.50196% \$ 9,524,353 \$ 4,132,523 1.42043% \$ 10,714,997 \$ 4,035,465 1.39708% \$ 8,940,292 \$ 3,999,683 1.40141% \$ 9,363,330 \$ 4,044,936	Employer Employer Proportionate of the Net Pension Proportion Share of the Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Net Pension Employer's Covered (Asset) Payroll Payroll 1.48580% \$ 8,612,797 \$ 4,160,675 207.0% 1.50196% \$ 9,524,353 \$ 4,132,523 230.5% 1.42043% \$ 10,714,997 \$ 4,035,465 265.5% 1.39708% \$ 8,940,292 \$ 3,999,683 223.5% 1.40141% \$ 9,363,330 \$ 4,044,936 231.5%

^{*} The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

Schedule of Employer Contributions School Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Con	tributions in					
			F	Relation to					Contributions
	Co	ontractually	C	ontractual	Con	tribution	E	mployer's	as a % of
Year ended]	Required		Required	Def	ficiency		Covered	Covered
June 30,	Co	ontribution	C	Contribution		xcess)		Payroll Payroll	Payroll
						_			
2015	\$	1,364,981	\$	1,364,981	\$	-	\$	4,132,523	33.0%
2016	\$	1,219,398	\$	1,219,398	\$	-	\$	4,035,465	30.2%
2017	\$	1,094,450	\$	1,094,450	\$	-	\$	3,999,683	27.4%
2018	\$	1,117,068	\$	1,117,068	\$	-	\$	4,044,936	27.6%
2019	\$	1,168,194	\$	1,168,194	\$	-	\$	4,166,859	28.0%
2020	\$	1,236,832	\$	1,236,832	\$	-	\$	4,221,263	29.3%

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Employer's						
Employer	Employer		Proportionate Share					
Proportion	Proportionate		of the Net Pension	Plan Fiduciary				
of the	Share of the		Liability (Asset) as a	Net Position				
Net Pension	Net Pension	Employer's	Percentage of its	as a Percentage				
Liability	Liability	Covered	Covered	of the Total				
(Asset)	(Asset)	Payroll Payroll		Pension Liability				
0.00238%	\$ 148,631	\$ 36,653	405.5%	65.00%				
0.00607%	\$ 413,056	\$ 90,470	456.6%	62.70%				
0.00589%	\$ 462,123	\$ 119,294	387.4%	57.70%				
0.00583%	\$ 410,434	\$ 94,726	433.3%	62.50%				
0.00565%	\$ 385,530	\$ 107,048	360.1%	64.30%				
0.00328%	\$ 237,561	\$ 97,690	243.2%	62.90%				
	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) 0.00238% 0.00607% 0.00589% 0.00583% 0.00565%	Proportion of the of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) 0.00238% \$ 148,631 0.00607% \$ 413,056 0.00589% \$ 462,123 0.00565% \$ 385,530	Proportion of the of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Net Pension Liability (Asset) Employer's Covered Payroll 0.00238% \$ 148,631 \$ 36,653 0.00607% \$ 413,056 \$ 90,470 0.00589% \$ 462,123 \$ 119,294 0.00565% \$ 385,530 \$ 107,048	Employer Employer Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Net Pension Net Pension Employer's Covered Percentage of its Liability Liability Covered Payroll 0.00238% \$ 148,631 \$ 36,653 405.5% 0.00607% \$ 413,056 \$ 90,470 456.6% 0.00589% \$ 462,123 \$ 119,294 387.4% 0.00583% \$ 410,434 \$ 94,726 433.3% 0.00565% \$ 385,530 \$ 107,048 360.1%				

^{*} The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

Schedule of Employer Contributions Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		ıtractually	Re Co	ributions in clation to ntractual		tribution		nployer's	Contributions as a % of
Year ended	R	equired	R	equired	Def	ficiency	(Covered	Covered
June 30,	Cor	ntribution	Co	ntribution	Œ	xcess)		Payroll	Payroll
2015	\$	39,568	\$	39,568	\$		\$	105,797	37.4%
2016	\$	40,683	\$	40,683	\$	-	\$	109,363	37.2%
2017	\$	34,844	\$	34,844	\$	-	\$	94,726	36.8%
2018	\$	38,426	\$	38,426	\$	-	\$	107,048	35.9%
2019	\$	37,025	\$	37,025	\$	-	\$	97,690	37.9%
2020	\$	30,253	\$	30,253	\$	-	\$	74,333	40.7%

Notes to Retirement System and OPEB Schedules

(1) Retirement Systems

A. Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana

Changes of benefit terms –

There were no changes of benefit terms.

Changes of Assumptions -

*	Investment			Expected	Projected Salary Increase	
Year ended	Discount	Rate	Inflation	Remaining	Lower	Upper
June 31,	Rate	of Return	Rate	Service Lives	Range	Range
2015	7.75%	7.75%	2.50%	5	3.50%	10.00%
2016	7.75%	7.75%	2.50%	5	3.50%	10.00%
2017	7.75%	7.75%	2.50%	5	3.50%	10.00%
2018	7.70%	7.70%	2.50%	5	3.50%	10.00%
2019	7.65%	7.65%	2.50%	5	3.30%	4.80%
2020	7.55%	7.55%	2.50%	5	3.30%	4.80%

^{*} The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

B. Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System

Changes of benefit terms –

There were no changes of benefit terms.

Changes of Assumptions -

*	Investment			Expected	pected Projected Salary Increa		
Year ended	Discount	Rate	Inflation	Remaining	Lower	Upper	
June 31,	Rate	of Return	Rate	Service Lives	Range	Range	
2015	7.2500%	7.2500%	2.750%	3	2.750%	2.750%	
2016	7.0000%	7.0000%	2.750%	3	3.200%	5.500%	
2017	7.1250%	7.1250%	2.625%	3	3.075%	5.375%	
2018	7.1250%	7.1250%	2.625%	3	3.075%	5.375%	
2019	7.0625%	7.0625%	2.500%	3	3.250%	3.250%	
2020	7.0000%	7.0000%	2.500%	3	3.250%	3.250%	

^{*} The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

Notes to Retirement System and OPEB Schedules (Continued)

C. Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System

Changes of benefit terms –

There were no changes of benefit terms.

Changes of Assumptions -

Investment			Expected	Projected Sa	Projected Salary Increase		
Discount	Rate	Inflation	Remaining	Lower	Upper		
Rate	of Return	Rate	Service Lives	Range	Range		
7.75%	7.75%	3.00%	3	3.00%	14.50%		
7.75%	7.75%	3.00%	3	3.00%	14.50%		
7.75%	7.75%	3.00%	3	3.00%	14.50%		
7.70%	7.70%	2.75%	3	2.80%	14.30%		
7.65%	7.65%	2.75%	3	2.80%	14.30%		
7.60%	7.60%	2.50%	2	2.80%	14.00%		
	7.75% 7.75% 7.75% 7.70% 7.65%	Discount Rate Rate of Return 7.75% 7.75% 7.75% 7.75% 7.75% 7.75% 7.75% 7.75% 7.70% 7.70% 7.65% 7.65%	Discount Rate Rate of Return Inflation Rate 7.75% 7.75% 3.00% 7.75% 7.75% 3.00% 7.75% 7.75% 3.00% 7.75% 7.75% 3.00% 7.70% 7.70% 2.75% 7.65% 7.65% 2.75%	Discount Rate Inflation Remaining Rate of Return Rate Service Lives 7.75% 7.75% 3.00% 3 7.75% 7.75% 3.00% 3 7.75% 7.75% 3.00% 3 7.70% 7.70% 2.75% 3 7.65% 7.65% 2.75% 3	Discount Rate Rate of Return Inflation Remaining Rate Lower Range 7.75% 7.75% 3.00% 3 3.00% 7.75% 7.75% 3.00% 3 3.00% 7.75% 7.75% 3.00% 3 3.00% 7.75% 7.75% 3.00% 3 3.00% 7.70% 7.70% 2.75% 3 2.80% 7.65% 7.65% 2.75% 3 2.80%		

^{*} The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

(2) <u>OPEB</u>

Benefit changes -

There were no changes of benefit terms.

Change of assumptions –

*	*			Care Cost tes - Pre-65	Health Care Cost Trend Rates - Post-65	
Year ended June 30,	Discount Rate	Inflation Rate	Lower Range	Upper Range	Lower Range	Upper Range
2018 2019 2020	3.80% 3.50% 2.21%	2.30% 2.30% 2.30%	4.00% 4.00% 3.70%	5.20% 5.20% 6.60%	4.10% 4.10% 3.70%	6.50% 5.90% 5.40%

^{*} Amounts presented have valuation date of July 1 of the previous year.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

VERMILION PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Abbeville, Louisiana Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2020 With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2019

	Special	Debt	Capital	Totals	
	Revenue	Service	Projects	2020	2019
ASSETS					
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 6,226,567	\$ 149,726	\$ 57,786	\$ 6,434,079	\$ 7,503,121
Receivables	2,461,158	-	-	2,461,158	3,332,247
Inventory	458,059			458,059	342,592
Total assets	\$ 9,145,784	\$149,726	\$ 57,786	\$ 9,353,296	\$ 11,177,960
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 149,482	\$ -	\$ 57,786	\$ 207,268	\$ 555,395
Accrued salaries and related benefits	1,457,159	-	-	1,457,159	1,460,171
Retainage payable	192,618	-	-	192,618	61,050
Due to other funds	1,432,029			1,432,029	1,728,303
Total liabilities	3,231,288		57,786	3,289,074	3,804,919
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable	458,059	_	-	458,059	342,592
Restricted	5,456,437	_149,726		5,606,163	7,030,449
Total fund balances	5,914,496	149,726		6,064,222	7,373,041
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 9,145,784	\$149,726	\$ 57,786	\$ 9,353,296	\$ 11,177,960

VERMILION PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Abbeville, Louisiana Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2020 With Comparative Totals for Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Special	Debt	Capital	Totals	
	Revenue	Service	Projects	2020	2019
Revenues					
Local sources -					
Ad valorem taxes	\$10,414,040	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,414,040	\$10,714,732
Sales tax	3,861,746	-	-	3,861,746	3,710,854
Investment earnings	108,751	2,001	-	110,752	120,195
Food services	102,690	-	-	102,690	121,296
Other	499	-	-	499	418
State sources	1,958,541	-	-	1,958,541	1,080,447
Federal sources	10,463,504	-	-	10,463,504	13,075,586
Other commodities	360,270			360,270	339,985
Total revenues	27,270,041	2,001		27,272,042	29,163,513
Expenditures					
Current:					
Instruction -					
Regular programs	1,251,663	-	-	1,251,663	1,321,257
Special education programs	1,391,626	-	-	1,391,626	1,544,928
Vocational education programs	101,748	-	-	101,748	114,905
Other instructional programs	6,621	-	-	6,621	7,581
Special programs	3,882,654	-	-	3,882,654	3,623,851
Support services -					
Pupil support services	1,144,396	-	-	1,144,396	1,220,850
Instructional staff support services	858,590	-	-	858,590	1,164,607
General administration	482,507	-	-	482,507	489,514
Business services	11,442	-	-	11,442	13,435
Operation and maintenance of plant services	166,779	-	-	166,779	163,296
Student transportation services	639,634	-	-	639,634	680,897
Central services	113,014	-	-	113,014	144,049
Non-instructional services -					
Food service operations	4,798,125	-	-	4,798,125	5,690,400
Facilities acquisition and construction	2,720,104	-	401,282	3,121,386	2,273,285
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	-	352,000	-	352,000	424,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-	51,296	-	51,296	52,862
Legal and technical fees		400		400	633
Total expenditures	17,568,903	403,696	401,282	18,373,881	18,930,350
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	9,701,138	(401,695)	_(401,282)	8,898,161	10,233,163
Other financing sources (uses)					
Proceeds from issuance of debt	-	-	-	-	950,000
Transfers in	441,020	414,976	82,762	938,758	949,520
Transfers out	(11,145,738)	-	-	(11,145,738)	(11,309,322)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(10,704,718)	414,976	82,762	(10,206,980)	(9,409,802)
Net change in fund balances	(1,003,580)	13,281	(318,520)	(1,308,819)	823,361
Fund balances, beginning	6,918,076	136,445	318,520	7,373,041	6,549,680
Fund balances, ending	\$ 5,914,496	\$149,726	<u>s - </u>	\$ 6,064,222	\$ 7,373,041

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for special revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for expenditures for specific purposes.

1998 Ad valorem Tax Fund

In January, 1998 Vermilion Parish voters approved a 25.00 mills ad valorem tax dedicated solely for the purpose of increasing the salaries and benefits of school employees to a level comparable with surrounding parishes.

1996 Ad valorem Tax Fund

In April, 1996 Vermilion Parish voters approved a rededication of a 10.00 mills ad valorem tax. The proposition provided that 3.00 mills be used for acquiring and maintaining equipment and supplies for educational and instructional services including library books and textbooks, 5.00 mills for maintaining and improving public school buildings including roof replacement, and heating and air conditioning systems, and 2.00 mills for acquiring and maintaining school buses.

No Child Left Behind (NCLB):

Title I

Title I of the NCLB is a program for economically and educationally deprived school children that is federally financed, state administered, and locally operated by the School Board. Title I services are provided through various projects that are designed to meet the special needs of educationally deprived children. The activities supplement, rather than replace, state and locally mandated activities.

Title II

Title II of the NCLB is a program by which the federal government provides funds to the School Board for projects that are designed to improve the skills of teachers in the areas of mathematics, science, computer learning, and to increase the accessibility of such instructions to all students.

Title III

Title III of the NCLB is a program to help ensure that children who are limited English proficient, including immigrant children and youth, attain English proficiency, develop high levels of academic attainment in English, and meet the same challenging State academic content and student academic achievement standards as all children are expected to meet.

Title IV

Title IV of NCLB is a program by which the federal government provides funds to the School Board for the Drug Free Schools program.

Education Excellence Fund

The Education Excellence Fund accounts for restricted revenues derived from the state's tobacco settlement. Expenditures from this fund are restricted to instructional enhancements for pre-kindergarten to twelfth grade students.

Individuals With Disabilities Education Act Fund

The IDEA Fund is a federally financed program of free education in the least restricted environment to children with exceptionalities.

(continued)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (continued)

Preschool Flow-Through Fund

Preschool Flow-Through Fund is a program by which the federal government provides funds to the Vermilion School Board for providing a free appropriate public education to preschool-age handicapped children.

School Lunch/Breakfast Fund

The School Lunch/Breakfast Fund is a program that provides nourishing morning and noon meals for students in all grades. This fund is supplemented by both federal and state funds that are based on reimbursement and participation.

Truancy Assessment and Service Centers (TASC) Fund

The TASC Fund accounts for programs to provide for early identification and assessment of truants and the delivery of coordinated interventions to prevent unauthorized school absences.

Preschool LA-4 Fund

The Preschool LA-4 Fund accounts for the Early Childhood Development program for four year old children considered to be at risk of achieving academic success.

2009 Sales Tax Fund

In May, 2009 Vermilion Parish voters approved a 1/2 cent sales tax dedicated solely for the purpose of increasing the salaries and benefits of school employees to a level comparable with surrounding parishes.

School Wide Positive Behavior Fund

The School Wide Positive Behavior Fund is a program that aims to provide positive behavior support in the form of training and professional development to teachers and administrators in the district. This program is financed pursuant to a subcontract between the Vermilion Parish School Board and Louisiana State University which is the primary grantee.

Child Care and Development (CCDF) Fund

The CCDF Fund accounts for a federal program that unifies publicly-funded preschool, Head Start, and child care programs into a statewide network to prepare our youngest learners for Kindergarten.

Carl Perkins

The Carl Perkins Fund is a federal program that more fully develops the academic, vocational, and technical skills of secondary students who elect to enroll in career and technical educational programs.

Striving Readers Fund

The purpose of the Striving Readers Comprehensive Literacy Program advances literacy skills for students from birth to grade 12.

VERMILION PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Abbeville, Louisiana Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2020 With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2019

	1998	1996	No (No Child Left Behind			
	Ad valore:	m Ad valorem	Title I	Title II	Title III		
	Tax Fund	1 Tax Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund		
ASSETS							
Cash and interest bearing deposits Receivables Inventories	\$ 16,53 42,66		\$ 739 1,114,014 ————————————————————————————————————	\$ - 135,886 -	\$ - 2,231 -		
Total assets	\$ 59,19	9 \$ 2,212,894	\$ 1,114,753	\$ 135,886	\$ 2,231		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 81,743	\$ 1,130	\$ 2,064	\$ -		
Accrued salaries and related benefits	-	3,929	445,312	57, 099	643		
Retainage payable	-	192,618	-	-	-		
Due to other funds	-	-	668,311	76,723	1,588		
Total liabilities	-	278,290	1,114,753	135,886	2,231		
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable	-	-	-	_	-		
Restricted	5 9,19	9 1,934,604	-	-	-		
Total fund balances	59,19						
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 59,19	9 \$ 2,212,894	\$ 1,114,753	\$ 135,886	\$ 2,231		

No Child Left Behind Title IV Fund	Education Excellence Fund	Individuals With Disabilities Education Act Fund	Pre-School Flow-Through Fund	School Lunch/ Breakfast Fund	TASC Fund	Preschool LA-4 Fund	2009 Sales Tax Fund
\$ - 110,127 - \$ 110,127	\$ 26,762 - - \$ 26,762	\$ - 730,414 \$ 730,414	\$ - 5,126 - \$ 5,126	\$ 3,208,313 78,965 458,059 \$ 3,745,337	\$ - 64,591 - \$ 64,591	\$ 236,042 73,260 \$ 309,302	\$ 542,344 - - \$ 542,344
\$ 47,202 663 - 62,262 110,127	\$ - 26,762 - - 26,762	\$ 4,733 244,271 - 481,410 730,414	\$ - 3,493 - 1,633 5,126	\$ 6,950 361,070 - - 368,020	\$ - 1,187 - 62,372 63,559	\$ - 309,302 - - 309,302	\$ - - - -
- - - - - -		- - - - - - - -		458,059 2,919,258 3,377,317	1,032 1,032		542,344 542,344
\$ 110,127	\$ 26,762	\$ 730,414	\$ 5,126	\$3,745,337	\$ 64,591	\$309,302	\$ 542,344 (continued)

(continued)

Abbeville, Louisiana Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Combining Balance Sheet (continued)
June 30, 2020
With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2019

	School Wide Positive Behavior Fund		Child Care and Development Fund	
ASSETS				
Cash and interest bearing deposits Receivables Inventories	\$	35,151	\$	- 17,080 -
Total assets	\$	35,151	\$	17,080
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable Accrued salaries and related benefits Retainage payable Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$	1,275 - 33,876 35,151	\$ 	5,660 2,153 - 9,267 17,080
Fund balances:				
Nonspendable Restricted		- -		- -
Total fund balances		-		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	35,151	\$	17,080

	Carl	St	Striving					
Perkins		Re	eaders	Totals				
	Fund	I	Fund		2020		2019	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,226,567	\$	6,901,805	
	34,587		-		2,461,158		3,332,247	
	-		-		458,059		342,592	
							<u> </u>	
\$	34,587	\$		\$	9,145,784	\$	10,576,644	
\$	- - 34,587 34,587	\$	- - - -	\$ 	149,482 1,457,159 192,618 1,432,029 3,231,288	\$	451,994 1,460,171 18,100 1,728,303 3,658,568	
	-		-		458,059		342,592	
	-			_	5,456,437		6,575,484	
				_	5,914,496		6,918,076	
\$	34,587	\$		\$	9,145,784	\$	10,576,644	

VERMILION PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Abbeville, Louisiana Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2020 With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2019

	_		No Child Left Behind			
	1998 Ad valorem Tax Fund	1996 Ad valorem Tax Fund	Title I Fund	Title II Fund	Title III Fund	
Revenues						
Local Sources:						
Taxes:						
Ad valorem tax	\$ 7,438,608	\$ 2,975,432	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Sales tax	-	-	-	-	-	
Interest income	22,370	33,176	-	-	-	
Food services	-	-	-	-	-	
Other	-	-	-	-	-	
State sources	-	-	-	-	-	
Federal sources	-	-	2,959,210	360,388	19,943	
Other commodities						
Total revenues	7,460,978	3,008,608	2,959,210	360,388	19,943	
Expenditures						
Current:						
Instruction -						
Regular programs	-	699,573	-	302,680	-	
Special education programs	-	-	-	-	-	
Vocational education programs	-	-	-	-	-	
Other instructional programs	-	-	-	-	-	
Special programs	-	-	2,133,243	11,956	19,943	
Support services -						
Pupil support services	-	-	314,957	-	-	
Instructional staff support services	-	3,721	548,367	40,402	-	
General administration	251,812	100,724	87,196	39,775	-	
Business services	-	-	11,442	-	-	
Operation and maintenance of plant services	-	136,686	11,395	-	-	
Student transportation services	-	584,153	3,829	-	-	
Central services	-	70,543	42,471	-	-	
Non-instructional services -						
Food service operations	-		-	-	-	
Facility acquisition and construction		2,720,104				
Total expenditures	251,812	4,315,504	3,152,900	394,813	19,943	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	7,209,166	(1,306,896)	(193,690)	(34,425)		
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	-	2,529	136,623	18,331	-	
Transfers out	(7,193,803)		(31,675)	<u> </u>		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(7,193,803)	2,529	104,948	18,331		
Net change in fund balances	15,363	(1,304,367)	(88,742)	(16,094)	-	
Fund balances, beginning	43,836	3,238,971	88,742	16,094		
Fund balances, ending	\$ 59,199	\$ 1,934,604	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	

No Child Left Behind Title IV Fund	Education Excellence Fund	Individuals With Disabilities Education Act Fund	Pre-School Flow-Through Fund	School Lunch/ Breakfast Fund	TASC Fund	Preschool LA-4 Fund	2009 Sales Tax Fund
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,861,746
-	-	-	-	38,123	-	-	15,082
-	-	-	-	102,690	-	-	-
-	201.072	-	-	499	- 64.501	1 250 242	-
- 223,147	381,073 -	2,170,900	- 83,296	162,634 4,420,363	64,591	1,350,243	-
223,147	-	2,170,900			-	-	-
223,147	381,073	2,170,900	83,296	<u>360,270</u> 5,084,579	64,591	1,350,243	3,876,828
_	249,410	_	_	_	_	_	_
_	212,110	1,391,626	_	_	_	_	_
_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_
6,621	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
90,758	131,663	16,439	-	-	-	1,429,230	-
103,316	_	605,969	55,564	_	64,590	_	_
22,452	-	140,146	28,165	-	-	349	-
-	-	3,000	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	13,719	-	-	-	4,979	-
-	-	51,553	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	4,798,125	-	-	-
223,147	381,073	2,222,452	83,729	4,798,125	64,590	1,434,558	
		(51,552)	(433)	286,454	1	(84,315)	3,876,828
-	-	69,602	433	129,187	-	84,315	-
		(71,160)					(3,849,100)
		(1,558)	433	129,187		84,315	(3,849,100)
-	-	(53,110)	-	415,641	1	-	27,728
		53,110		2,961,676	1,031		514,616
<u>\$ - </u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,377,317	\$ 1,032	\$ -	\$ 542,344

(continued)

Abbeville, Louisiana Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2020 With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2019

	School Wide Positive Behavior Fund	Child Care and Development Fund	
Revenues			
Local Sources:			
Taxes:			
Ad valorem tax	\$ -	\$ -	
Sales tax	-	-	
Interest income	-	-	
Food services	-	-	
Other	-	-	
State sources	-	=	
Federal sources	53,125	51,752	
Other commodities			
Total revenues	53,125	51,752	
Expenditures			
Current:			
Instruction -			
Regular programs	-	-	
Special education programs	-	-	
Vocational education programs	-	-	
Other instructional programs	-	-	
Special programs	-	49,422	
Support services -			
Pupil support services	-	-	
Instructional staff support services	53,125	2,330	
General administration	-	-	
Business services	-	-	
Operation and maintenance of plant services	-	-	
Student transportation services	-	-	
Central services	-	-	
Non-instructional services -			
Food service operations	-	-	
Facility acquisition and construction			
Total expenditures	53,125	51,752	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over expenditures			
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in	-	-	
Transfers out			
Total other financing sources (uses)			
Net change in fund balances	-	-	
Fund balances, beginning			
Fund balances, ending	\$ -	\$ -	

Carl Perkins	Striving Readers	Totals				
Fund	Fund	2020	2019			
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,414,040	\$ 10,714,732			
-	-	3,861,746	3,710,854			
-	-	108,751	117,710			
-	-	102,690	121,296			
-	-	499	418			
-	-	1,958,541	1,080,447			
108,802	12,578	10,463,504	13,075,586			
		360,270	339,985			
_108,802	12,578	27,270,041	29,161,028			
_	_	1,251,663	1,321,257			
-	-	1,391,626	1,544,928			
101,748	-	101,748	114,905			
-	-	6,621	7,581			
-	-	3,882,654	3,623,851			
-	-	1,144,396	1,220,850			
6,955	12,578	858,590	1,164,607			
-	-	482,507	471,669			
-	-	11,442	13,435			
-	-	166,779	163,296			
99	-	639,634	680,897			
-	-	113,014	144,049			
-	-	4,798,125	5,690,400			
		2,720,104	1,411,768			
108,802	12,578	17,568,903	17,573,493			
		9,701,138	11,587,535			
-	-	441,020	274,293			
		(11,145,738)	(11,309,322)			
		(10,704,718)	(11,035,029)			
-	-	(1,003,580)	552,506			
		6,918,076	6,365,570			
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,914,496	\$ 6,918,076			

NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of bonded debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Revenue Bonds, Series 2011

To accumulate monies for the payment of the Revenue Bonds, Series 2011 issued in the amount of \$2,025,000. The bonds were issued for the purpose of refinancing the Certificates of Indebtedness, Series 2008 and constructing a new Middle School complex on the North Vermilion High School campus. The bonds are secured by and payable from a pledge and dedication of the excess of annual revenues.

Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2016

To accumulate monies for the payment of Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2016 issued in the amount of \$840,000. The bonds were issued for the purpose of paying costs of acquiring and constructing improvements for Erath High School and Middle School and paying costs of issuance of the bonds. The bonds shall be secured by and payable from a pledge and dedication of the property tax revenues.

Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2018

To accumulate monies for the payment of Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2018 issued in the amount of \$950,000. The bonds were issued for the purpose of paying costs of constructing improvements at Dozier Elementary School and paying costs of issuance of the bonds. The bonds shall be secured by and payable from a pledge and dedication of the property tax revenues.

Abbeville, Louisiana Nonmajor Debt Service Fund

Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
ASSETS		
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$149,726	\$ 136,445
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities	\$ -	\$ -
Fund balance: Restricted	149,726	136,445
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$149,726	\$ 136,445

Abbeville, Louisiana Nonmajor Debt Service Fund

Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
Revenues Local Sources:		
Interest income	\$ 2,001	\$ 2,485
Expenditures Debt service:		
Principal retirement	352,000	424,000
Interest and fiscal charges	51,296	52,862
Legal and technical fees	400	633
Total expenditures	403,696	477,495
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(401,695)	(475,010)
Other financing sources:		
Transfers in	414,976	420,885
Net change in fund balance	13,281	(54,125)
Fund balance, beginning	_136,445	190,570
Fund balance, ending	\$149,726	\$ 136,445

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS

Capital projects are used to account for capital asset acquisition, construction, and improvements of public school facilities and is currently funded by bond proceeds from the Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2018, which is being used for the purpose of paying costs of constructing improvements at Dozier Elementary School.

Abbeville, Louisiana Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund

Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2020

	2020	2019
ASSETS		
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 57,786	<u>\$464,871</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 57,786	\$103,401
Retainage payable	-	42,950
Total liabilities	57,786	146,351
Fund balance:		
Restricted		318,520
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 57,786	\$464,871

Abbeville, Louisiana Nonmajor Capital Projects

Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
Revenues	<u>\$ - </u>	\$
Expenditures		
Current:		
Support Services -		
General Administration	-	17,845
Facility acquisition and construction	401,282	861,517
Total Expenditures	401,282	879,362
Deficiency of revenues		
over expenditures	(401,282)	(879,362)
Other financing sources:		
Proceeds from issuance of debt	-	950,000
Transfers in	82,762	254,342
Total other financing sources	82,762	1,204,342
Net change in fund balance	(318,520)	324,980
Fund balance, beginning	318,520	(6,460)
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ - </u>	\$ 318,520

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore can not be used to support the School Boards own programs.

Agency Funds

School Activity Fund

The School Activity Fund accounts for monies generated by the individual schools and school organizations within the parish. While the school activity accounts are under the supervision of the School Board, they belong to the individual schools or their student bodies and is not available for use by the School Board.

Sales Tax Collection Fund

The Sales Tax Collection Fund accounts for the collection and distribution of sales tax that the School Board has the responsibility of collecting. Effective March 1, 1992, the School Board was appointed the central sales tax collecting agency for all taxing bodies within Vermilion Parish. The cost of collecting the taxes is divided among all of the taxing bodies based upon their respective sales and use tax in relation to the combined total.

VERMILION PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Abbeville, Louisiana Agency Funds

Combining Statement of Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2020 With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2019

	School	Sales Tax Collection	Totals		
	Activity	Fund	2020	2019	
ASSETS					
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$2,257,719	\$3,503,997	\$5,761,716	\$ 5,652,698	
LIABILITIES					
Due to other governmental units	\$ -	\$2,426,214	\$2,426,214	\$ 2,415,514	
Deposits due others	2,257,719	1,077,783	3,335,502	3,237,184	
Total liabilities	\$2,257,719	\$3,503,997	\$5,761,716	\$ 5,652,698	

VERMILION PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Abbeville, Louisiana School Activity Agency Fund

Schedule of Changes in Deposits Due Others For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Balance			Balance
Schools	July 01, 2019	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2020
Abbeville High	\$ 121,778	\$ 304,938	\$ 302,322	\$ 124,394
Cecil Picard at Maurice Elementary	135,785	210,245	182,387	163,643
Dozier Elementary	69,099	127,499	129,091	67,507
Eaton Park Elementary	40,779	40,798	37,703	43,874
Erath High	191,363	442,284	483,049	150,598
Erath Middle	191,654	187,819	179,870	199,603
F.I./E. Broussard Elementary	108,165	216,006	194,989	129,182
Gueydan High	137,834	213,207	210,820	140,221
James Herod Elementary	37,625	34,332	36,676	35,281
Indian Bayou Elementary	54,130	71,683	68,147	57,666
J. H. Williams Middle	127,711	93,749	92,075	129,385
Jesse Owens Elementary	36,156	64,705	63,020	37,841
Kaplan Elementary	150,661	151,298	176,066	125,893
Kaplan High	222,966	638,870	610,862	250,974
LeBlanc Elementary	46,261	115,074	134,111	27,224
Meaux Elementary	96,493	97,081	73,221	120,353
North Vermilion High	207,627	824,351	849,311	182,667
North Vermilion Middle	153,783	256,438	253,916	156,305
Rene A. Rost Middle	53,325	221,156	217,214	57,267
Seventh Ward Elementary	58,979	44,675	45,813	57,841
Total balances	\$ 2,242,174	\$4,356,208	\$4,340,663	\$2,257,719

VERMILION PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Abbeville, Louisiana Sales Tax Collection Agency Fund

Schedule of Cash Receipts and Disbursements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2019

	2020	2019	
Deposits due others - beginning	\$ 995,010	\$ 180,060	
Additions:			
Sales tax collections - parishwide	39,984,358	38,492,312	
Interest earnings	54,912	45,019	
Total Additions	40,039,270	38,537,331	
Beginning balance plus additions	41,034,280	38,717,391	
Deductions:			
Transfers to:			
General Fund:			
Sales tax	11,651,303	11,124,500	
Sales tax administrative allowance	345,753	325,083	
Refunds	34,035	101,473	
Interest Earnings	15,978	13,350	
Vermilion Parish Police Jury:			
Sales Tax	11,389,615	11,025,481	
Interest Earnings	15,978	13,359	
Vermilion Parish Sheriff:			
Sales Tax	5,694,794	5,512,748	
Interest Earnings	7,990	6,678	
City of Kaplan:			
Sales Tax	697,710	662,199	
Interest Earnings	966	795	
City of Abbeville:			
Sales Tax	4,494,703	3,487,215	
Interest Earnings	6,186	4,210	
Town of Gueydan:			
Sales Tax	170,168	189,104	
Interest Earnings	237	222	
Town of Erath:			
Sales Tax	269,375	265,933	
Interest Earnings	373	321	
Town of Delcambre:			
Sales Tax	190,195	176,199	
Interest Earnings	266	214	

(continued)

Sales Tax Collection Agency Fund

Schedule of Cash Receipts and Disbursements (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2020 With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2019

	2020	2019
Deductions:		
Village of Maurice:		
Sales Tax	752,745	680,826
Interest Earnings	1,036	872
Vermilion Parish Tourist Commission:		
Sales Tax	48,009	56,100
Interest Earnings	64	68
Hospital Service District #1:		
Sales Tax	1,256,779	1,288,227
Interest Earnings	1,771	1,549
Hospital Service District #2:		
Sales Tax	2,906,401	2,782,274
Interest Earnings	4,067	3,381
Total deductions	39,956,497	37,722,381
Deposits due others - ending	\$ 1,077,783	\$ 995,010

INTERNAL CONTROL, COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

C. Burton Kolder, CPA*
Brad E. Kolder, CPA, JD*
Gerald A. Thibodeaux, Jr., CPA*
Robert S. Carter, CPA*
Arthur R. Mixon, CPA*
Stephen J. Anderson, CPA*
Christine C. Doucet, CPA
Wanda F. Arcement, CPA, CVA
Bryan K. Joubert, CPA
Matthew E. Margaglio, CPA
Casey L. Ardoin, CPA, CFE

Victor R. Slaven, CPA* - retired 2020

* A Professional Accounting Corporation

183 S. Beadle Rd. Lafayette, LA 70508 Phone (337) 232-4141 11929 Bricksome Ave. Baton Rouge, LA 70816 Phone (225) 293-8300

1428 Metro Dr. Alexandria, LA 71301 Phone (318) 442-4421 450 E. Main St. New Iberia, LA 70560 Phone (337) 367-9204

200 S. Main St. Abbeville, LA 70510 Phone (337) 893-7944 1201 David Dr. Morgan City, LA 70380 Phone (985) 384-2020

434 E. Main St. Ville Platte, LA 70586 Phone (337) 363-2792 332 W. Sixth Ave. Oberlin, LA 70655 Phone (337) 639-4737

WWW.KCSRCPAS.COM

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Mr. Thomas Byler, Superintendent, and Members of the Vermilion Parish School Board Abbeville, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Vermilion Parish School Board (the School Board), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 8, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School Board's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School Board's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Abbeville, Louisiana December 8, 2020

KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

C. Burton Kolder, CPA*
Brad E. Kolder, CPA, JD*
Gerald A. Thibodeaux, Jr., CPA*
Robert S. Carter, CPA*
Arthur R. Mixon, CPA*
Stephen J. Anderson, CPA*
Christine C. Doucet, CPA
Wanda F. Arcement, CPA, CVA
Bryan K. Joubert, CPA
Matthew E. Margaglio, CPA
Casey L. Ardoin, CPA, CFE

Victor R. Slaven, CPA* - retired 2020

* A Professional Accounting Corporation

183 S. Beadle Rd. Lafayette, LA 70508 Phone (337) 232-4141 11929 Bricksome Ave. Baton Rouge, LA 70816 Phone (225) 293-8300

1428 Metro Dr. Alexandria, LA 71301 Phone (318) 442-4421

New Iberia, LA 70560 Phone (337) 367-9204

450 E. Main St.

200 S. Main St. Abbeville, LA 70510 Phone (337) 893-7944 1201 David Dr. Morgan City, LA 70380 Phone (985) 384-2020

434 E. Main St. Ville Platte, LA 70586 Phone (337) 363-2792 332 W. Sixth Ave. Oberlin, LA 70655 Phone (337) 639-4737

WWW.KCSRCPAS.COM

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Mr. Thomas Byler, Superintendent and Members of the Vermilion Parish School Board Abbeville, Louisiana

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Vermilion Parish School Board's (the School Board) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School Board's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The School Board's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School Board's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School Board's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School Board's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the School Board complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the School Board is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School Board's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. However, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Abbeville, Louisiana December 8, 2020

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	CFDA Number	Expenditures
United States Department of Agriculture Passed through Louisiana Department of Agriculture and Forestry:			
Food Distribution Program (noncash)	N/A	10.555	\$ 360,270
Passed through Louisiana Department of Education			2 200 5 42
National School Lunch Program Total CFDA No. 10.555	N/A	10.555	3,208,542 3,568,812
School Breakfast Program Total for Child Nutrition Cluster	N/A	10.553	1,211,821 4,780,633
Total United States Department of Agriculture			4,780,633
United States Department of Education Passed through State Department of Education:			
Title I Grant to Local Education Agencies	S010A180018	84.010	203,469
Title I Grant to Local Education Agencies	S010A190018	84.010	2,538,240
Title I Grant to Local Education Agencies Total Title I (CFDA No. 84.010)	S01S190018	84.010	36,124 2,777,833
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	S011A190018	84.011	56,747
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States			
(Perkins IV)	V048A190019	84.048	108,802
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	H027A190033	84.027	2,093,311
Special Education - High Cost Services	28-20-RH-57	84.027	67,406
Total CFDA No. 84.027			2,160,717
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	H173A190082	84.173	83,296
Total for Special Education Cluster			2,244,013
Special Education - State Personnel Development: State Wide Positive Behavioral Support Project (SWPBSP)	H027A190033	84.323	53,125
English Language Acquisition Grants - Title III Immigrant Set Aside	\$365A190018	84.365	19,943
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	S367A190017	84.367	360,388
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	S424A190019	84.424	223,147
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER- Formula)	28-20-ESRF-57	84.425	124,630
Total United States Department of Education			5,968,628
			(continued)

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Pass-Through		
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/	Entity Identifying	CFDA	
Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
<u>United States Department of Health & Human Services</u> Passed through Louisiana Department of Education: Child Care and Development Block Grant - CCDF Cluster	1901LACCDF	93.575	17,670
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS			\$10,766,931

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2020

(1) General

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Vermilion Parish School Board (the School Board) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Vermilion Parish School Board, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the School Board.

(2) Basis of Accounting

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 to the School Board's basic financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(3) Noncash Programs

The commodities received, which are noncash revenues, are valued using pricing provided by the United States Department of Agriculture.

(4) Indirect Cost Rate

The School Board has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2020

Part I. <u>Summary of Auditor's Results</u>:

Financial Statements -	
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiencies identified?	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Federal Awards –	
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Internal control over major programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiencies identified?	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a) of the Uniform Guidance?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Major Programs –	
CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
84.010	Title I Grant to Local Education Agencies
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?	X Yes No

Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan Year Ended June 30, 2020

Part I. Current Year Findings and Management's Corrective Action

A. Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There were no internal control findings.

B. Compliance and Other Matters

There were no compliance and other matters.

Part II. Prior Year Findings

A. Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There were no internal control findings.

B. Compliance

2019-001 <u>Allowable Costs</u>

CONDITION: School Board funds were used to make a donation to a local non-profit organization which may be a violation of Article VII, section 14(A) of the Louisiana Constitution.

RECOMMENDATION: The School Board should not donate public funds unless they are deemed to be permissible under Louisiana laws.

CURRENT STATUS: Resolved.

2019-002 Allowable Costs

CONDITION: School Board funds may have been used to pay for the Superintendents personal legal representation involving a lawsuit against him, which may be a violation of Article VII, section 14(A) of the Louisiana Constitution.

RECOMMENDATION: The School Board should obtain a legal opinion to determine if the funds were improperly spent for the Superintendent's legal representation.

CURRENT STATUS: Resolved.

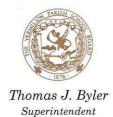
Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2020

2019-003 <u>Budget Non-compliance</u>

CONDITION: The School Board's adopted budget did not include the budget adoption instrument in accordance with LSA-R.S. 39:1305.

RECOMMENDATION: The School Board should include the budget adoption instrument each year when approving the budget.

CURRENT STATUS: Resolved.



Ellen T. Arceneaux Assistant Superintendent Curriculum & Instruction

E. Paul Hebert
Assistant Superintendent
Administration & Personnel

VERMILION PARISH SCHOOLS

220 South Jefferson Street P.O. Drawer 520 Abbeville, Louisiana 70511-0520 Phone (337) 893-3973

MEMORANDUM

Board Members:

David Dupuis
District A

Chris Gautreaux District B

Laura Lebeouf District C

Dale Stelly
District D

Charlotte Detraz

Kibbie Pillette District F

> Jason Roy District G

Kristy Hebert District H

TO:

Robert S. Carter, Auditor

FROM:

Eric Johnson, Chief Financial Officer

SUBJECT:

Audit Findings

DATE:

November 30, 2020

Pursuant to correspondence presented to my office related to the audit of the financial statements of the Vermilion Parish School Board as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, this transmittal is prepared in response to the following prior year compliance findings:

2019-1 Allowable Costs

School Board funds were used to make a donation to a local non-profit organization which may be a violation of Article VII, section 14(A) of the Louisiana Constitution.

You have requested a response to the above finding. Accordingly, I submit the following:

CORRECTIVE ACTION:

The School Board will consult with legal counsel prior to making any future donations.

Audit Findings November 30, 2020 Page 2

2019-2 Allowable Costs

School Board funds may have been used to pay for the Superintendents personal legal representation involving a lawsuit against him, which may be a violation of Article VII, section 14(A) of the Louisiana Constitution.

You have requested a response to the above finding. Accordingly, I submit the following:

CORRECTIVE ACTION:

The School Board has consulted with legal counsel and has received a legal opinion on the matter.

2019-3 Budget Non-compliance

a) The School Board's adopted budget did not include the budget adoption instrument in accordance with LSA-R.S. 39:1305

CORRECTIVE ACTION:

The budget issue that has been raised related to the budget adoption instrument was an inadvertent oversight. Additional procedures have been implemented to assure full compliance. A budget adoption instrument will be included beginning with the 2019-20 fiscal year.

I trust this transmittal will meet your needs. If you have any questions or need additional information, please don't hesitate to contact my office.

Eric P. Johnson

Chief Financial Officer

SCHEDULES REQUIRED BY STATE LAW (R.S. 24:514 - PERFORMANCE AND STATISTICAL DATA)

KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

C. Burton Kolder, CPA*
Brad E. Kolder, CPA, JD*
Gerald A. Thibodeaux, Jr., CPA*
Robert S. Carter, CPA*
Arthur R. Mixon, CPA*
Stephen J. Anderson, CPA*
Christine C. Doucet, CPA
Wanda F. Arcement, CPA, CVA
Bryan K. Joubert, CPA
Matthew E. Margaglio, CPA
Casey L. Ardoin, CPA, CFE

Victor R. Slaven, CPA* - retired 2020

* A Professional Accounting Corporation

183 S. Beadle Rd. Lafayette, LA 70508 Phone (337) 232-4141 11929 Bricksome Ave. Baton Rouge, LA 70816 Phone (225) 293-8300

1428 Metro Dr. Alexandria, LA 71301 Phone (318) 442-4421 450 E. Main St. New Iberia, LA 70560 Phone (337) 367-9204

200 S. Main St. Abbeville, LA 70510 Phone (337) 893-7944 1201 David Dr. Morgan City, LA 70380 Phone (985) 384-2020

434 E. Main St. Ville Platte, LA 70586 Phone (337) 363-2792 332 W. Sixth Ave. Oberlin, LA 70655 Phone (337) 639-4737

WWW.KCSRCPAS.COM

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

Mr. Thomas Byler, Superintendent and the Members of the Vermilion Parish School Board, the Louisiana Department of Education, and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor

We have performed the procedures enumerated below, which were agreed to by the Vermilion Parish School Board, the Louisiana Department of Education, and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor (the specified parties), on the performance and statistical data accompanying the annual financial statements of Vermilion Parish School Board for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020; and to determine whether the specified schedules are free of obvious errors and omissions as provided by the Board of Elementary and Secondary Education (BESE), in compliance with Louisiana Revised Statute 24:514. Management of Vermilion Parish School Board is responsible for its performance and statistical data. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the specified parties. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures enumerated below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

General Fund Instructional and Support Expenditures and Certain Local Revenue Sources (Schedule 1)

- 1. We selected a random sample of 25 transactions and reviewed supporting documentation to determine if the sampled expenditures/revenues are classified correctly and are reported in the proper amounts for each of the following amounts reported on the schedule:
 - Total General Fund Instructional Expenditures,
 - Total General Fund Equipment Expenditures,
 - Total Local Taxation Revenue,
 - Total Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property,
 - Total State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes,
 - Nonpublic Textbook Revenue, and
 - Nonpublic Transportation Revenue.

There were no exceptions noted.

Class Size Characteristics (Schedule 2)

We obtained a list of classes by school, school type, and class size as reported on the schedule. We then traced a sample of 10 classes to the October 1 roll books for those classes and observed that the class was properly classified on the schedule.

There were no exceptions noted.

Education Levels/Experience of Public School Staff (NO SCHEDULE)

We obtained October 1st PEP data submitted to the Department of Education (or equivalent listing prepared by management), including full-time teachers, principals, and assistant principals by classification, as well as their level of education and experience, and obtained management's representation that the data/listing was complete. We then selected a sample of 25 individuals, traced to each individual's personnel file, and observed that each individual's education level and experience was properly classified on the PEP data or equivalent listing prepared by management.

There were no exceptions noted.

Public School Staff Data: Average Salaries (NO SCHEDULE)

We obtained June 30th PEP data submitted to the Department of Education (or equivalent listing provided by management) of all classroom teachers, including their base salary, extra compensation, and ROTC or rehired retiree status, as well as full-time equivalents, and obtained management's representation that the data/listing was complete. We then selected a sample of 25 individuals, traced to each individual's personnel file, and observed that each individual's salary, extra compensation, and full-time equivalents were properly included on the PEP data (or equivalent listing prepared by management).

There were no exceptions noted.

This agreed-upon procedures engagement was performed in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the United States Comptroller General. We were not engaged to, and did not, conduct an examination or review, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on the performance and statistical data. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of testing performed on the performance and statistical data accompanying the annual financial statements of the Vermilion Parish School Board, as required by Louisiana Revised Statute 24:514.1, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Abbeville, Louisiana December 8, 2020

Schedules Required by State Law
(R.S. 24:514 – Performance and Statistical Data)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Schedule 1 - General Fund Instructional and Support Expenditures and Certain Local Revenue Sources

This schedule includes general fund instructional and equipment expenditures. It also contains local taxation revenue, earnings on investments, revenue in lieu of taxes, and nonpublic textbook and transportation revenue. This data is used either in the Minimum Foundation Program (MFP) formula or is presented annually in the MFP 70% Expenditure Requirement Report.

Schedule 2 - Class Size Characteristics

This schedule includes the percent and number of classes with student enrollment in the following ranges: 1-20, 21-26, 27-33, and 34+ students.

Schedule 1

General Fund Instructional and Support Expenditures and Certain Local Revenue Sources For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

General Fund Instructional and Equipment Expenditures General fund instructional expenditures:	
Teacher and student interaction activities -	
Classroom teacher salaries \$27,979,376	5
Other instructional staff salaries 3,139,196)
Instructional staff employee benefits 14,408,28	1
Purchased professional and technical services 105,575	5
Instructional materials and supplies 539,886	5
Instructional equipment 11,14	<u>)</u>
Total teacher and student interaction activities	\$46,183,448
Other instructional activities	820,420
Pupil support activities 4,787,14	7
Less: Equipment for pupil support activities -	
Net pupil support activities	4,787,147
• • •	
Instructional staff services 3,813,70	I
Less: Equipment for instructional staff services	- 2.012.701
Net instructional staff services	3,813,701
School Administration 5,332,566	2
Less: Equipment for School Administration	_
Net School Administration	5,332,562
Total general fund instructional expenditures	\$60,937,278
Total general fund equipment expenditures	\$ 36,250
Certain Local Revenue Sources	
Local taxation revenue:	
Ad Valorem Taxes:	
Constitutional ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,381,210
Renewable ad valorem tax	10,416,422
Debt service ad valorem tax	_
Up to 1% of collections by the Sheriff on taxes other than school taxes	295,424
Sales and use taxes	11,585,382
Total local taxation revenue	\$23,678,438
Local earnings on investment in real property:	
Earnings from 16th section property	\$ 1,787,360
State revenue in lieu of taxes:	
Revenue sharing - constitutional tax	\$ 149,454
Nonpublic textbook revenue	\$ 13,791
Nonpublic transportation revenue	\$ -

Schedule 2 Class Size Characteristics As of October 1, 2019

		Class Size Range						
	1 - 20		21 - 26		27 - 33		34+	
School Type	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
Elementary	64.6%	698	32.0%	345	3.4%	37	0.0%	-
Elementary activity classes	55.8%	120	37.2%	80	5.6%	12	1.4%	3
Middle/Junior high	49.1%	2 7 0	34.4%	189	16.5%	91	0.0%	-
Middle/Junior high activity classes	51.0%	7 6	28.2%	42	12.8%	19	8.0%	12
High	69. 7 %	850	20.7%	252	9.4%	115	0.2%	2
High activity classes	75.5%	182	13.3%	32	8.7%	21	2.5%	6
Combination	0.0%	•	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-
Combination activity classes	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-

Note: The Board of Elementary and Secondary Education has set specific limits on the maximum size of classes at various grade levels. The maximum enrollment in grades K-3 is 26 students and maximum enrollment in grades 4-12 is 33 students. These limits do not apply to activity classes such as physical education, chorus, band, and other classes without maximum enrollment standards. Therefore, these classes are included only as separate line items.