ST. LANDRY PARISH SHERIFF

Opelousas, Louisiana

Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2020

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The Honorable Bobby Guidroz St. Landry Parish Sheriff Opelousas, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the St. Landry Parish Sheriff (hereinafter "Sheriff") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Sheriff's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

The audit involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Member of: AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Sheriff as of June 30, 2020 and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedule, schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability, and employer contributions on pages 39 through 42 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtain during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Sheriff has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Sheriff's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information on pages 45 through 52 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The comparative and combining statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards on pages 45, 46, 50, and 51 are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the comparative and combining statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The prior year comparative amounts on the comparative and combining statements were derived from the Sheriff's 2019 financial statements, which were subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, were fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The comparative detailed budgetary comparison schedules on pages 47 and 48 and the affidavit on page 52 have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 27, 2021 on our consideration of the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Sheriff's internal over financial reporting and compliance.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana January 27, 2021 BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	2 1
Current assets:	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 4,825,832
Due from other governmental units	2,522,802
Prepaid expenditures	10,000
Other	500
Total current assets	7,359,134
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets, net	6,742,231
Total assets	_14,101,365
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	3,632,877
Deferred outflows related to pension	3,151,106
Total deferred outflows of resources	6,783,983
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts, salaries, and other payables	434,911
Noncurrent liabilities:	line to a
Long-term liabilities	268,951
Net OPEB obligation	12,187,196
Net pension liability	5,389,874
Total noncurrent liabilities	17,846,021
Total liabilities	18,280,932
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows related to pension	1,349,620
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	6,742,231
Unrestricted (deficit)	(5,487,435)
Total net position	\$ 1,254,796

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense)
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Revenue And Changes in Net Position
Governmental activities: Public safety:			and a		
Police	\$15,924,905	\$1,692,426	\$ 2,446,207	<u>s</u> -	\$ (11,786,272)
	Taxes:				
		s, levied for gene	ral nurnoses		2,802,958
	Sales taxes	d to the tot Brin			8,988,822
	State sources:				
	Commissions				513,279
	Revenue shar	ing			266,386
	Supplemental	pay			629,694
	Interest and inv	estment earning	5		49,973
	Non-employer	pension contribu	tion		482,678
	Miscellaneous				213,364
	Total gener	al revenues			13,947,154
	Change in net p	osition			2,160,882
	Net position (de	eficit) - July 1, 2	019		(906,086
	Net position - J	une 30, 2020			\$ 1,254,796

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

FUND DESCRIPTIONS

General Fund

The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with governments which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund

Contraband Fund -

The Contraband Fund is used to account for receipt and disbursement of contraband received.

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

		neral und		ontraband Fund on-major)		Total
ASSETS	0.0	0			-	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 4,0	596,636	\$	129,196	\$	4,825,832
Receivables -						
Due from other governmental units	2,	522,802		-		2,522,802
Prepaid expenditures		10,000		-		10,000
Other		500	-		-	500
Total assets	\$ 7,2	229,938	\$	129,196	\$	7,359,134
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	72,609	\$		\$	72,609
Accrued liabilities		362,302	1	-	_	362,302
Total liabilities		434,911	-		-	434,911
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable (prepaid expenditures)		10,000		-		10,000
Assigned for construction	1,	000,000		-		1,000,000
Assigned for grants	2,	312,026				2,312,026
Assigned for operations of Contraband Fund				129,196		129,196
Unassigned -						
General Fund	3,	473,001		-	1	3,473,001
Total fund balances	6,	795,027	-	129,196	-	6,924,223
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$</u> 7,	229,938	5	129,196	\$	7,359,134

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Total fund balance for governmental funds at June 30, 2020		\$ 6,924,223
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:		
Land	\$ 585,699	
Buildings, net of \$985,746 accumulated depreciation	4,974,472	
Vehicles, net of \$2,276,828 accumulated depreciation	563,015	
Equipment, net of \$2,021,280 accumulated depreciation	619,045	6,742,231
The deferred outflows of resources are not available, and therefore are not reported in the fund financial statements. The deferred outflows of resources are related to the following:		
Net OPEB obligation	3,632,877	
Net Pension liability	3,151,106	6,783,983
Long-term liabilities at June 30, 2020:		
Compensated absences payable	(173,951)	
Other claims payable	(95,000)	
Net OPEB obligation	(12,187,196)	
Net pension liability	(5,389,874)	(17,846,021)
The deferred inflows of contributions for the Sheriffs' Pension and Relief		
Fund are not available resources, and therefore, are not reported in the		
fund financial statements		(1,349,620)
Net position at June 30, 2020		\$ 1,254,796

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

Balance	General	Contraband Fund	Total
Revenues:	Fund	(Non-major)	Total
Taxes - Ad valorem taxes	\$ 2,802,958	s -	\$ 2,802,958
Sales taxes	8,988,822	3 -	8,988,822
	0,900,022		0,700,022
Intergovernmental revenues -	97,424		07 474
Federal grants			97,424
Federal grants - Coronavirus Relief Fund	2,312,026		2,312,026
Federal forfeited revenue	26.764	3	3
State grants	36,754	-	36,754
State grants - state revenue sharing (net)	266,386	~	266,386
State supplemental pay	629,694		629,694
Video poker commissions	513,279	-	513,279
Fees charges and commissions for services -	1 017 202		1
Civil and criminal fees	1,017,283	1.0	1,017,283
Special duty detail	196,226	-	196,226
Feeding, keeping, and transporting prisoners	478,917	-	478,917
Interest income	48,610	1,363	49,973
Contraband		28,135	28,135
Miscellaneous	185,229	<u> </u>	185,229
Total revenues	17,573,608	29,501	17,603,109
Expenditures:			
Current -			
Public safety:			
Personal services and related benefits	9,676,514	-	9,676,514
Operating services	2,660,468		2,660,468
Operations and maintenance	1,949,148	6,819	1,955,967
Travel and other charges	13,117		13,117
Capital outlay	473,563	1	473,563
Total expenditures	14,772,810	6,819	14,779,629
Net change in fund balances	2,800,798	22,682	2,823,480
Fund balances, beginning	3,994,229	106,514	4,100,743
Fund balances, ending	\$ 6,795,027	\$ 129,196	\$ 6,924,223

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Total net changes in fund balance for the year ended June 30, 2020 per statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance		\$ 2,823,480
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over		
their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay which is considered expenditures on statement		
of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance \$ Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2020	473,563 (531,349)	(57,786)
Differences between the amounts reported as expenses in the statement of activities and those reported as expenditures in the fund financial statements:		
Compensated absences	(7,004)	
OPEB benefits	(639,909)	
Claims Payable	(45,000)	
Pension expense	(395,577)	(1,087,490)
Non-employer's contributions to the Sheriffs' Pension and Relief Fund		482,678
Total changes in net position for the year ended June 30, 2020 per		
Statement of Activities		\$ 2,160,882

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2020

	Agency Funds
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 61,910
Interest-bearing deposits	2,197,898
Total assets	\$2,259,808
LIABILITIES	
Liabilities:	
Due to other taxing bodies	\$ 2,228,893
Due to inmates	
Total liabilities	\$ 2,259,808

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

INTRODUCTION

As provided by Article V, Section 27 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, the Sheriff serves a fouryear term as the chief executive officer of the law enforcement district and ex-officio tax collector of the parish. The Sheriff administers the parish jail system and exercises duties required by the parish court system, such as providing bailiffs, executing orders of the court, and serving subpoenas.

As the chief law enforcement officer of the parish, the Sheriff has the responsibility for enforcing state and local laws and ordinances within the territorial boundaries of the parish. The Sheriff provides protection to the residents of the parish through on-site patrols and investigations and serves the residents of the parish through the establishment of neighborhood watch programs, anti-drug abuse programs, et cetera. In addition, when requested, the Sheriff provides assistance to other law enforcement agencies within the parish.

As the ex-officio tax collector of the parish, the Sheriff is responsible for collecting and distributing ad valorem property taxes, parish occupational licenses, state revenue sharing funds, and fines, costs, and bond forfeitures imposed by the district court.

The accounts of the tax collector are established to reflect the collections imposed by law, distributions pursuant to such law, and unsettled balances due various taxing bodies and others.

The accounting and reporting policies of the Sheriff conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. Such accounting and reporting procedures also conform to the requirements of the industry audit guide, *Audits of State and Local Governmental Units*.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the Sheriff includes all funds, account groups, activities, et cetera, that are controlled by the Sheriff as an independently elected parish official. As an independently elected parish official, the Sheriff is solely responsible for the operations of his office, which include the hiring and retention of employees, authority over budgeting, responsibility for deficits, and the receipt and disbursement of funds. Other than certain operating expenditures of the Sheriff's office that are paid or provided by the parish council (government) as required by Louisiana law, the Sheriff is financially independent.

Accordingly, the Sheriff is a separate governmental reporting entity. Certain units of local government, over which the Sheriff exercises no oversight responsibility, such as the parish council, parish school board, other independently elected parish officials, and municipalities within the parish, are excluded from the accompanying financial statements. These units of government are considered separate reporting entities and issue financial statements separate from those of the Sheriff.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying basic financial statements of the St. Landry Parish Sheriff have been prepared in conformity with governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Sheriff as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the Sheriff. Information contained in these statements reflects the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange or exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange occurs (regardless of when cash is received or disbursed). Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with professional standards.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the Sheriff's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of services offered by the Sheriff, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirement of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

The Sheriff uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain Sheriff functions and activities. A fund is defined as a separate fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the Sheriff are classified into two categories: governmental and fiduciary. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Sheriff or its total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures of the individual governmental fund is at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds. The General Fund of the Sheriff is considered to be a major fund.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The funds of the Sheriff are described below:

Governmental Funds -

General Fund – This fund is the primary operating fund of the Sheriff and it accounts for the operations of the Sheriff's office. The General Fund is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred in accordance with state and federal laws and according to sheriff policy.

Special Revenue Fund - Contraband Fund - This fund is used to account for the receipt and disbursement of contraband received.

Fiduciary Funds -

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The only funds accounted for in this category by the Sheriff are agency funds. The agency funds account for assets held by the Sheriff as an agent for various taxing bodies (tax collections) and for deposits held pending court action. These funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Accordingly, it presents only a statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities and does not present a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Sheriff's own programs. Fiduciary funds are presented on an economic resource's measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

The amounts reflected in the governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financial resources. This approach is then reconciled, through adjustment, to a government-wide view of Sheriff operations.

The amounts reflected in the governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The Sheriff considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after the fiscal year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for interest and principal payments on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The governmental fund uses the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

Revenues

Ad valorem taxes and the related state revenue sharing are recorded in the year taxes are due and payable. Ad valorem taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis, generally become due on November 15 of each year, and become delinquent on December 31. The taxes are generally collected in December, January, and February of the fiscal year.

Sales taxes are considered as "measurable" when in the hands of the sales tax collector and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Intergovernmental revenues and fees, charges and commissions for services are recorded when the Sheriff is entitled to the funds.

Interest on interest-bearing deposits is recorded or accrued as revenues when earned. Substantially all other revenues are recorded when received.

Expenditures

The Sheriff's primary expenditures include salaries and insurance, which are recorded when the liability is incurred. Capital expenditures and purchases of various operating supplies are regarded as expenditures at the time purchased.

Other Financing Sources (Uses)

Transfers between funds that are not expected to be repaid are accounted for as other financing sources (uses) when the transfer is authorized by the Sheriff.

Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the Sheriff before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received before the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the Sheriff has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned income is removed from the combined balance sheet and the revenue is recognized.

D. Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits

Cash and interest-bearing deposits include amounts in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, and time deposits. They are stated at cost, which approximates market.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

E. Internal Balances

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as due from other funds or due to other funds on the balance sheet. Short-term interfund loans are classified as interfund receivables/payables.

F. Inventory

Inventory of the Sheriff's General Fund consists of commodities granted by the United States Department of Agriculture through the Louisiana Department of Agriculture and Forestry. The commodities are recorded as revenues when received; however, all inventory items are recorded as expenditures when consumed. All purchased inventory items are stated at cost, which is determined by the first-in, firstout method and commodities are assigned values based on information provided by the United States Department of Agriculture and Forestry. There was no inventory at June 30, 2020.

G. Prepaid Expenditures

Payments made for maintenance agreements and insurance premiums that will benefit periods beyond the end of the fiscal year are recorded as prepaid expenditures.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost (the extent to which fixed asset costs have been estimated and the methods of estimation should be disclosed) if historical cost is not available (or describe other method of valuation). Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Sheriff maintains a threshold level of \$2,500 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

Capital assets are recorded in the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for public purposes, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes.

All capital assets, other than land, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Asset Class	Useful Lives
Buildings	40 years
Improvements other than buildings	10-15 years
Vehicles	5 years
Office furniture	5-10 years
Equipment	5-10 years

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

I. Compensated Absences

Employees of the St. Landry Parish Sheriff earn from 12 to 15 days of annual leave each year, depending on their length of service. Sick leave is earned at the rate of 1 day for each month worked. Accrued sick leave is not limited and not payable upon termination. Only 48 hours of annual leave can be carried forward from one year to the next, and it is not payable upon retirement or termination. Compensatory time is not limited and is paid upon retirement or termination. At June 30, 2020, employees of the Sheriff have accumulated and vested \$173,951 of compensated absence benefits. This amount is included in noncurrent liabilities in the statement of net position.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In some instances, the GASB requires a government to delay recognition of decreases in net position as expenditures until a future period. In other instances, governments are required to delay recognition of increases in net position as revenues until a future period. In these circumstances, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources result from the delayed recognition of expenditures or revenues, respectively.

K. Equity Classifications

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted."

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. As such, fund balance of the governmental fund is classified as follows:

a. Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because that are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

- b. Restricted amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Committed amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal decision of the Sheriff, which is the highest level of decision-making authority.
- d. Assigned amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the Sheriff's adopted policy, only he may assign amounts for specified purposes.
- e. Unassigned all other spendable amounts.

When an expenditure is incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Sheriff considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Sheriff considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Sheriff has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

L. Interfund Transactions

Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions are reported as transfers.

M. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(2) Ad Valorem Taxes

The Sheriff is the ex-officio tax collector of the parish and is responsible for the collection and distribution of ad valorem property taxes. Ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied by the parish government in June and are actually billed to taxpayers by the Sheriff in October or November. Billed taxes are due by December 31, becoming delinquent on January 1 of the following year. The taxes are based on assessed values determined by the Tax Assessor of St. Landry Parish and are collected by the Sheriff. The taxes are remitted to the appropriate taxing bodies net of deductions for assessor's compensation and pension fund contributions.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Ad valorem taxes are budgeted and recorded in the year levied and billed. For the year ended June 30, 2020, law enforcement taxes applicable to the Sheriff's General Fund were levied at the rate of 4.18 mills on property with approximate net assessed valuations (after homestead exemption) totaling \$67,132,201.

Total law enforcement taxes levied during 2020 were \$2,806,126.

(3) Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits

Under state law, the Sheriff may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The Sheriff may invest in certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana.

At June 30, 2020, the Sheriff has cash and interest-bearing deposits (book balances) totaling \$7,085,640, as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Fiduciary Funds	Total
Noninterest-bearing deposits Interest-bearing deposits	\$ 130,315 <u>4,695,517</u>	\$ 61,910 2,197,898	\$ 192,225 6,893,415
Total	\$ 4,825,832	\$2,259,808	\$ 7,085,640

The deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Sheriff will not be able to recover deposits. The Sheriff does not have a policy for custodial credit risk; however, under state law these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

Deposit balances (bank balances) at June 30, 2020, are secured as follows:

Bank balances	\$ 7,241,311
Federal deposit insurance	2,000,000
Pledged securities	5,241,311
Total	\$ 7,241,311

Deposits in the amount of \$5,241,311 were exposed to custodial credit risk. The securities pledged for these deposits are held by the bank, or its trust department or agent, but not in the Sheriff's name. Even though the pledged securities are not held in the name of the Sheriff, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the Sheriff that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(4) <u>Due from Other Governmental Units</u>

Amounts due from other governmental units at June 30, 2020 consist of the following:

St. Landry Parish and others for	
prisoner maintenance, fees, and other charges	\$ 210,776
Department of Treasury for grants	2,312,026
Total	\$2,522,802

(5) Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

Balance 7/1/2019	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/2020
\$ 585,699	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 585,699
5,959,948	A		5,959,948
2,668,517	217,681	46,352	2,839,846
2,390,403	255,882	5,960	2,640,325
11,604,567	473,563	52,312	12,025,818
820,663	164,813	4	985,476
2,159,802	163,381	46,352	2,276,831
1,824,085	203,155	5,960	2,021,280
4,804,550	531,349	52,312	5,283,587
\$6,800,017	\$ (57,786)	<u>s</u> -	\$ 6,742,231
	7/1/2019 \$ 585,699 5,959,948 2,668,517 2,390,403 11,604,567 820,663 2,159,802 1,824,085 4,804,550	7/1/2019 Additions \$ 585,699 - 5,959,948 - 2,668,517 217,681 2,390,403 255,882 11,604,567 473,563 820,663 164,813 2,159,802 163,381 1,824,085 203,155 4,804,550 531,349	7/1/2019 Additions Deletions \$ 585,699 \$ - \$ - 5,959,948 - - 2,668,517 217,681 46,352 2,390,403 255,882 5,960 11,604,567 473,563 52,312 820,663 164,813 - 2,159,802 163,381 46,352 1,824,085 203,155 5,960 4,804,550 531,349 52,312

Depreciation expense in the amount of \$531,349 was charged to public safety.

(6) Accounts, Salaries, and Other Payables

The accounts, salaries, and other payables consisted of the following at June 30, 2020:

Accounts	\$ 72,609
Salaries	304,947
Payroll withholdings	57,355
Total	\$ 434,911

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(7) Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities transactions and balances:

	Balance 7/1/2019	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2020
Compensated absences	\$ 166,947	\$ 257,472	\$ 250,468	\$ 173,951
Other claims	50,000	45,000		95,000
	\$ 216,947	\$ 302,472	\$ 250,468	\$ 268,951

(8) Postemployment Healthcare and Life Insurance Benefits

Plan Description: The St. Landry Parish Sheriff's Office (the Sheriff) provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for its retired employees. The St. Landry Parish Sheriff's OPEB Plan (the OPEB Plan) is an agent multiple employer defined benefit plan administered by the Louisiana Sheriff's Association Office of Group Benefits. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report. LRS 42:8201-883 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the plan. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75 to pay the related benefits.

Benefits Provided: Medical and life insurance benefits are provided to employees upon actual retirement. The employer pays 100% of the medical coverage for the retiree (not dependents). Employees are covered by a retirement system whose retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions are as follows: age 55 and 12 years of service; or, 30 years of service at any age. Retirees must have at least 15 years of service to be eligible for retiree medical benefits. The monthly premiums of these benefits for retirees and similar benefits for active employees are paid by the Sheriff. The Sheriff recognizes the cost of providing these benefits as an expenditure when the monthly premiums are due. The benefits are financed on a pay-as-you go basis.

Life insurance coverage is continued to retirees by election. The employer pays 100% of the cost of life insurance after retirement for the retiree. However, rates are based on the blended active/retired rate and there is thus an implied subsidy. Since GASB 74/75 requires the use of "unblended" rates, we have used the valuation mortality table to "unblend" the rates so as to reproduce the composite blended rate overall as the rate structure to calculate the actuarial valuation results for life insurance. Insurance coverage amounts are reduced to 75% of the original amount at age 65 and to 50% of the original amount at age 70. All of the assumptions used for the valuation of the medical benefits have been used except for the trend assumption; zero trend was used for life insurance.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Employees covered by benefit terms: At July 1, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	33
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	14
Active employees	207
Total	240

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, the Sheriff recognizes the cost of postemployment healthcare and life insurance benefits in the year when the employee services are received and records the liability for OPEB obligations, known as the net OPEB liability, on the statement of net position. Changes in the net OPEB liability will be immediately recognized as OPEB expense on the statement of activities or reported as deferred inflows/outflows of resources depending on the nature of the change.

Total OPEB Liability

The Sheriff's total OPEB liability of \$12,187,196 was measured as of June 30, 2019 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions and other inputs: The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases	3.0% annually
Discount rate	2.21%
Healthcare cost trend rates	Flat 5.5% annually

The discount rate was based on the average of the Bond Buyers' 20 Year General Obligation municipal bond index over the 52 weeks immediately preceding the applicable measurement dates.

The RP-2000 Table without projection with 50%/50% unisex blend has been used.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019 valuation were based on the results of ongoing evaluations of the assumptions from July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2019.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ 8,482,965
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	285,721
Interest	301,904
Changes in assumptions/inputs	2,088,451
Changes of benefit terms	
Difference between expected and actual experience	1,266,151
Benefit payments and net transfers	(237,996)
Net changes	3,704,231
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$12,187,196

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Sheriff, as well as what the Sheriff's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using discount rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (1.21%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.21%) than the current discount rate:

		Current	
	1.0% Decrease	Discount Rate	1.0 % Increase
	(1.21%)	(2.21%)	(3.21%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 14,765,174	\$ 12,187,196	\$ 10,187,716

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates: The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Sheriff, as well as what the Sheriff's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (4.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.5%) than the current healthcare trend rate:

	Current Trend		
	1.0% Decrease	Rate	1.0 % Increase
	(4.5%)	(5.5%)	(6.5%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 10,201,839	\$ 12,187,196	\$ 14,741,234

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Sheriff recognized OPEB expense of \$491,613. At June 30, 2020, the Sheriff reported deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB for the differences between expected and actual experience in the amount of \$3,632,877.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

\$ 290,280
290,280
290,280
290,280
290,280
2,181,477
\$3,632,877

Actuarial Value of Plan Assets: There are not any plan assets. It is anticipated that in future valuations, should funding take place, a smoothed market value consistent with Actuarial Standards Board ASOP 6, as provided in paragraph number 125 of GASB Codification Section P50.

Turnover Rate: An age-related turnover scale based on actual experience has been used. The rates, when applied to the active employee census, produce a composite average annual turnover of approximately 15%.

Investment Return Assumption (Discount Rate): GASB Codification Section P50 states that the investment return assumption should be the estimated long-term investment yield on the investments that are expected to be used to finance the payment of benefits (that is, for a plan which is funded). Based on the assumption that the ARC will not be funded, a 4% annual investment return has been used in this valuation.

Health Care Cost Trend Rate: The expected rate of increase in medical cost is based on a graded schedule beginning with 5.5% annually, down to an ultimate annual rate of 5% for ten years out and later.

Mortality Rate: The RP-2000 Table without projection based on a fixed blend of 50% of the unloaded male mortality rates and 50% of the unloaded female mortality rates, is used. This is a recently published mortality table which has been used in determining the value of accrued benefits in defined benefit pension plans. Projected future mortality improvement has not been used since it is our opinion that this table contains sufficiently conservative margin for the population involved in this valuation.

Inflation Rate: Included in both the Investment Return Assumption and the Healthcare Cost Trend rates above is an implicit inflation assumption of 2.50% annually.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Projected Salary Increases: This assumption is not applicable since neither the benefit structure nor the valuation methodology involves salary.

Post-retirement Benefit Increases: The plan benefit provisions in effect for retirees as of the valuation date have been used and it has been assumed for valuation purposes that there will not be any changes in the future.

At June 30, 2020, the Sheriff did not owe any amounts to the OPEB plan.

(9) Pension Plan

Employees of the Sheriff are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan established in accordance with the provisions of Louisiana Revised Statute 11:2171 to provide retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to employees of sheriff's offices throughout the State of Louisiana, employees of the Louisiana Sheriffs' Association and the Sheriff's Pension and Relief Fund's office. The Fund issues a publicly available financial report that may be obtained by writing to the Louisiana Sheriffs' Pension and Relief Fund, 1225 Nicholson Drive, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70802, or by calling (225) 219-0500.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Sheriffs' Pension and Relief Fund (Fund) and additions to/deductions from the Fund's fiduciary net position have been determined on the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions are recognized in the period in which the employee is compensated for services performed. Investments are reported at fair value.

Plan Description:

Benefits Provided: The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Retirement Benefits: For members who become eligible for membership on or before December 31, 2011, members with twelve years of creditable service may retire at age fifty-five; members with thirty years of service may retire regardless of age. The retirement allowance is equal to three and one- third percent of the member's average final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service, not to exceed (after reduction for optional payment form) 100% of average final compensation. Active, contributing members with at least ten years of creditable service may retire at age sixty. The accrued normal retirement benefit is reduced actuarially for each month or fraction thereof that retirement begins prior to the member's earliest normal retirement date assuming continuous service.

For members, whose first employment making them eligible for membership in the system began on or after January 1, 2012, members with twelve years of creditable service may retire at age sixty-two; members with twenty years of service may retire at age sixty; members with thirty years of creditable service may retire at age fifty-five. The benefit accrual rate for such members with less than thirty years of service is three percent; for members with thirty or more years of service; the accrual rate is three and one-third percent.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The retirement allowance is equal to the benefit accrual rate times the member's average final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service, not to exceed (after reduction for optional payment form) 100% of average final compensation. Members with twenty or more years of service may retire with a reduced retirement at age fifty.

For a member whose first employment making him eligible for membership in the system began on or before June 30, 2006, final average compensation is based on the average monthly earnings during the highest thirty-six consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted. The earnings to be considered for each twelve-month period within the thirty-six month period shall not exceed 125% of the preceding twelve-month period.

For a member whose first employment making him eligible for membership in the system began after June 30, 2006 and before July 1, 2013, final average compensation is based on the average monthly earnings during the highest sixty consecutive months or joined months is service was interrupted. The earnings to be considered for each twelve-month period within the sixty month period shall not exceed 125% of the preceding twelve-month period.

For a member whose first employment making him eligible for membership in the system began on or after July 1, 2013, final average compensation is based on the average monthly earnings during the highest sixty consecutive months or joined months is service was interrupted. The earnings to be considered for each twelve-month period within the sixty-month period shall not exceed 115% of the preceding twelve-month period.

Disability Benefits: A member is eligible to receive disability benefits if he has at least ten years of creditable service when a non-service-related disability is incurred; there are no service requirements for a non-service related disability. Disability benefits shall be the lesser of 1) a sum equal to the greatest of 45% of final average compensation or the members' accrued retirement benefit at the time of termination of employment due to disability, or 2) the retirement benefit which would be payable assuming continued service to the earliest normal retirement age. Members who become partially disabled receive 75% of the amount payable for total disability.

Survivor's Benefit: Survivor benefits for death solely as a result of injuries received in the line of duty are based on the following. For a spouse alone, a sum equal to 50% of the member's final average compensation with a minimum of \$150 per month. If a spouse is entitled to benefits and has a child or children under eighteen years of age (or over said age if physically or mentally incapacitated and dependent upon the member at the time of his death), an additional sum of 15% of the member's final average compensation is paid to each child with total benefits paid to spouse and children not to exceed 100%.

If a member dies with no surviving spouse, surviving children under age eighteen will receive monthly benefits of 15% of the member's final average compensation up to a maximum of 60% of final average compensation if there are more than four children. If a member is eligible for normal retirement at the time of death, the surviving spouse receives an automatic option 2 benefit. The additional benefit payable to children shall be the same as those available for members who die in the line of duty. In lieu of receiving option 2 benefit, the surviving spouse may receive a refund of the member's accumulated contributions. All benefits payable to surviving children shall be extended through age twenty-three, if the child is a full-time student in good standing enrolled at a board approved or accredited school, college, or university.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Deferred Retirement Benefits: The Fund does provide for deferred benefits for vested members who terminate before being eligible for retirement. Benefits become payable once the member reaches the appropriate age for retirement.

Back Deferred Retirement Option Plan (Back-DROP): In lieu of receiving a service retirement allowance, any member of the Fund who has more than sufficient service for a regular service retirement may elect to receive a "Back-DROP" benefit. The Back-DROP benefit is based upon the Back-DROP period selected and the final average compensation prior to the period selected. The Back-DROP period is the lesser of three years or the service accrued between the time a member first becomes eligible for retirement and his actual date of retirement. For those individuals with thirty or more years, the Back-DROP period is the lesser of four years or service accrued between the time a member first becomes eligible for retirement and his actual date of retirement.

At retirement, the member's maximum monthly retirement benefit is based upon his service, final average compensation and plan provisions in effect on the last day of creditable service immediately prior to the commencement of the Back-DROP period. In addition to the monthly benefit at retirement, the member receives a lump-sum payment equal to the maximum monthly benefit as calculated above multiplied by the number of months in the Back-DROP period. In addition, the member's Back-DROP account will be credited with employee contributions received by the retirement fund during the Back-DROP period. Participants have the option to opt out of this program and take a distribution, if eligible, or to rollover the assets to another qualified plan.

Cost-of-Living Adjustments: Cost of living provisions for the Fund allows the board of trustees to provide an annual cost of living increase of 2.5% of the eligible retiree's original benefit if certain funding criteria are met. Members are eligible to receive a cost of living adjustment once they have attained the age of sixty and have been retired at least one year. Funding criteria for granting cost of living adjustments is dependent on the funded ratio.

Employer Contributions: According to state statute, contribution requirements for all employers are actuarially determined each year. For the year ending June 30, the actual employer contribution rate was 12.25%. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2020 were \$1,001,569.

In accordance with state statute, the Fund receives ad valorem taxes, insurance premium taxes and state revenue sharing funds. These additional sources of income are used as employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities, but are not considered special funding situations. Non-employer contributions are recognized as revenue in the amount of \$482,678 and included in pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: At June 30, 2020, the Sheriff reported a liability of \$5,389,874 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Sheriff's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Sheriff's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the Sheriff's proportion was 1.139453% which was an increase of 0.011554% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Sheriff recognized pension expense of \$ 1,397,146 less the employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of \$3,590.

Contributions – Proportionate Share: Differences between contributions remitted to the Fund and the employer's proportionate share are recognized in pension expense (benefit) using the straight line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with a pension through the pension plan. The resulting deferred inflow/outflow and amortization is not reflected in the schedule of employer amounts due to differences that could arise between contributions reported by the Fund and contributions reported by the participating employer.

Actuarial Assumptions: The net pension liability was measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position.

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Expected Remaining Service Lives	6 years
Investment Rate of Return	7.10%, net of investment expense
Discount Rate	7.10%
Projected Salary Increases	5.5% (2.5% inflation, 3.00% merit)
Mortality	RP-2000 Combined Healthy with Blue Collar Adjustment Sex Distinct Table for active members, healthy annuitants, and beneficiaries, RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Table for disabled annuitants
Cost of Living Adjustments	The present value of future retirement benefits is based on benefits currently being paid by the Fund and includes previously granted cost of living increases. The present values do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees as they were deemed not to be substantively automatic.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The mortality rate assumptions were set after reviewing an experience study performed over the period July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2014. The data was then assigned credibility weighting and combined with a standard table to produce current levels of mortality. This mortality was then projected forward to a period equivalent to the estimated duration of the Fund's liabilities. Annuity values calculated based on this mortality were compared to those produced by using a setback of standard tables. The result of the procedure indicated that these tables would produce liability values approximating the appropriate generational mortality tables used.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation.

Estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class based on the Fund's target allocation as of June 30, 2019 were as follows:

Asset Class	Expected Rate of Return		
	Target Allocation	Real Return Arithmetic Basis	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Equity Securities	62%	7.1%	4.4%
Bonds	23%	3.0%	0.7%
Alternative Investments	15%	4.6%	0.6%
Totals	100%		5.7%
Inflation			2.4%
Expected Nominal Return			8.1%

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the Fund's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.10%) or one percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate.

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	6.10%	7.10%	8.10%
Employer's proportionate share of the net			
pension liability	\$11,271,050	\$5,389,874	\$ 440,328

At June 30, 2020, the Sheriff reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 193,957	\$ 1,032,591
Change of assumptions	1,647,218	4-
Change in proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions	308,362	317,029
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,001,569	
Total	\$3,151,106	\$ 1,349,620

Deferred outflows of resources of \$ 3,151,106 related to pensions resulting from the Sheriff's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,

\$ 267,906
(133,110)
274,655
279,199
111,270
\$ 799,920

At June 30, 2020, the Sheriff recorded an accrued liability to the pension plan for the contractually required contribution for the month of June 2020 in the amount of \$ 0.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(10) Taxes Paid Under Protest

The unsettled balances due to taxing bodies and others in the agency funds at June 30, 2020, include \$ 1,295,022 of taxes paid under protest plus interest earned to date on the investment of these funds. These funds are held pending resolution of the protest and are accounted for in the Tax Collector Agency Fund.

(11) Expenditures of the Sheriff's Office Paid by the Parish Council

The Sheriff's offices are located in the parish courthouse and/or other buildings owned by the St. Landry Parish Government. The cost of maintaining the parish courthouse and jail, as required by statute, is paid by the St. Landry Parish Government. These expenditures are not included in the accompanying financial statements.

(12) Changes in Agency Fund Balances

A summary of changes in agency fund balances due to taxing bodies and others and due to prisoners follows:

		Balance 7/01/19		Additions	H	Reductions		Balance)6/30/20
Agency Funds:								
Sheriff's Fund	\$	53,395	\$	1,760,152	\$	1,735,772	\$	77,775
Bond Fund		563,273		1,692,921		1,708,319		547,875
Tax Collector Fund	1	,355,295	2	39,355,785		39,199,499		1,511,581
License Fund		44,544		651,455		634,132		61,867
Prisoners' Money Fund		52,976		51,728		45,480		59,224
Drug Seizure Fund	-	1,486	1000		100		12.4	1,486
Total	\$ 2	2,070,969	\$	43,512,041	\$	43,323,202	\$	2,259,808

(13) Operating Leases

The Sheriff is contracted under a vehicle fleet lease agreement. The monthly lease payments per vehicle range from \$410 to \$1,169 for 60 months and expire at various dates.

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

2021	\$ 122,412
2022	112,197
2023	81,894
2024	45,871
Total	\$ 362,374
Lease expense for the year ended June 30, 2	2020 was \$ 175.613.

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(14) Litigation and Claims

At June 30, 2020, the Sheriff's involved in several lawsuits claiming damages. The Sheriff's legal counsel has reviewed the Sheriff's claims and lawsuits, which are primarily personal injury claims and automobile accident claims, in order to evaluate the likelihood of an unfavorable outcome to the Sheriff and to arrive at an estimate, if any, of the amount or range of potential loss to the Sheriff. As a result of the review, the various claims and lawsuits have been categorized into "probable", "reasonably possible", or "remote", as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The Sheriff is involved in three lawsuits that are classified as "probable". It is estimated that any unfavorable outcome to the Sheriff should not exceed \$95,000, which is accrued in the government-wide financial statements. It is the opinion of legal counsel that all remaining lawsuits would not create a material liability to the Sheriff in excess of insurance coverage.

(15) Risk Management

The Sheriff is exposed to risks of loss in the areas of auto liability, professional law enforcement liability, and workers' compensation. All of these risks are handled by purchasing commercial insurance coverage. There have been no significant reductions in the insurance coverage during the year, nor have settlements exceeded coverage for the past three years.

(17) Ex-officio Tax Collector

The amount of cash on hand at year end was \$1,511,581. The unsettled balances of the Tax Collector Fund at June 30, 2020 consist of the following:

Collection of current and prior year taxes, not settled	\$ 200,328
Refunds and redemptions	16,231
Protest taxes	1,295,022
Total	\$ 1,511,581
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The amount of taxes collected for the current year by taxing authority was as follows:

Bobby Guidroz, Sheriff	\$ 2,694,419
St. Landry Parish School Board	13,227,148
St. Landry Parish Government	5,109,432
St. Landry Parish Assessor	1,308,534
Gravity Drainage Districts	2,642,910
Public Works Commission	3,424,758
Fire Districts	7,004,036
Forestry Tax	13,219
Louisiana Tax Commission	48,618
Acadia-St. Landry Hospital	80,987
Consolidated District 1, Ward 3	763,456
Red River Levee	342,659
Retirement Plans	1,067,630
Total	\$ 37,727,806

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the taxes assessed and uncollected are as follows:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

	Louisiana Tax Commission Decreases	Unpaid
Bobby Guidroz, Sheriff	\$ 20,045	\$ 76,943
St. Landry Parish School Board	98,402	377,718
St. Landry Parish Government	47,903	136,134
St. Landry Parish Assessor	9,735	37,367
Gravity Drainage Districts	19,620	47,298
Public Works Commission	22,247	21,320
Fire Districts	60,423	237,429
Acadia-St. Landry Hospital	1,519	2,074
Forestry Tax	3	57
Consolidated District 1, Ward 3	11,399	5,566
Red River Levee	3,771	2,172
Louisiana Tax Commission		 149
Total	\$ 295,067	\$ 944,227

(18) Sheriff Collections on Behalf of Other Taxing Authorities

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the collection and distribution of on-behalf payments were as follows:

	Total Collections	St. Landry Parish Government	St. Landry Parish Sheriff	
Occupational Licenses	\$ 642,842	\$ 546,416	\$ 96,426	

(19) Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head

The schedule of compensation and benefits paid to Bobby Guidroz, Sheriff, for the year ended June 30, 2020 follows:

Purpose	Amount
Salary	\$ 159,540
Benefits-insurance	10,320
Benefits-retirement	19,544
Per diem	540
Conference travel	3,169
Registration fees	595
Total	\$ 193,708

(20) Tax Abatement

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Louisiana's State Constitution Chapter VII Section 21 authorizes the State Board of Commerce and Industry to create a ten (10) year ad valorem tax abatement program for new manufacturing establishments in the State. Under the terms of this program, qualified businesses may apply for an exemption of local ad valorem taxes on capital improvements and equipment related to manufacturing for the first ten years of its operation; after which the property will be added to the local tax roll and taxed at the value and millage in force at that time. The future value to this exempt property could be subject to significant fluctuations from today's value; however, the Sheriff could receive a substantial increase in ad valorem tax revenues once the exemption on this property expires. Because these taxes are not assessed, no adjustments have been made to the Sheriff's financial statements to record the exempt amounts. At June 30, 2020, the Sheriff's ad valorem revenues were reduced by \$489,804 for industrial exemptions issued related to these abatements.

(21) Uncertainties Arising During and After Financial Statement Date

As a result of the spread of the COVID-19 corona virus, economic uncertainties have arisen which may have and may continue to impact the Sheriff's ongoing operations. The extent and severity of the potential impact on future operations is unknown at this time.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

2.1

				Variance with Final Budget		
	Original	Amended	Actual	Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:	Original	Amended	Actual	(Negative)		
Taxes and licenses -						
Ad valorem taxes	\$2,830,000	\$2,810,000	\$2,802,958	\$ (7,042)		
Sales taxes	8,800,000	8,850,000	8,988,822	138,822		
Intergovernmental revenues -		-,,				
Federal grants	35,000	40,000	97,424	57,424		
Federal grants - Coronavirus relief fund		2,312,026	2,312,026			
State grants	35,000	40,000	36,754	(3,246)		
State grants - state revenue sharing (net)	265,000	266,000	266,386	386		
State supplemental pay	590,000	630,000	629,694	(306)		
Video poker commissions	570,000	506,500	513,279	6,779		
Fees charges and commissions for services -				10.12		
Civil and criminal fees	1,170,500	1,056,300	1,017,283	(39,017)		
Special duty detail	125,000	155,000	196,226	41,226		
Feeding, keeping, and transporting prisoners	345,000	470,000	478,917	8,917		
Interest income	45,000	45,000	48,610	3,610		
Sale of equipment	10,000		-	-		
Miscellaneous	200,000	188,000	185,229	(2,771)		
Total revenues	15,020,500	17,368,826	17,573,608	204,782		
Expenditures:						
Current -						
Public safety:						
Personal services and related benefits	9,300,000	9,680,000	9,676,514	3,486		
Operating services	2,595,000	2,676,000	2,660,468	15,532		
Operations and maintenance	2,067,000	2,076,000	1,949,148	126,852		
Travel and other charges	60,000	38,500	13,117	25,383		
Capital outlay	550,000	525,000	473,563	51,437		
Total expenditures	14,572,000	14,995,500	14,772,810	222,690		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	448,500	2,373,326	2,800,798	427,472		
Fund balance, beginning	3,994,229	3,994,229	3,994,229			
Fund balance, ending	\$4,442,729	\$6,367,555	\$6,795,027	\$ 427,472		
	30					
	19					

St. Landry Parish Sheriff Opelousas, Louisiana

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Total OPEB Liability	_	2020	_	2019	-	2018
Service cost	\$	285,721	\$	186,252	\$	204,524
Interest		301,904		273,127		255,018
Changes in benefit terms		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		1,266,151		447,002		66,004
Changes of assumptions		2,088,451		91,665		11.5
Benefit payments and net transfers	_	(237,996)	2	(225,589)	4	(202,515)
Net changes		3,704,231		772,457		323,031
Total OPEB liability - beginning	_	8,482,965	1	7,710,508	2	7,387,477
Total OPEB liability - ending	5	12,187,196	5	8,482,965	5	7,710,508
Covered employee payroll	\$	8,413,406	\$	8,168,355	\$	7,622,252
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		144.85%		103.85%		101.16%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability For the Year Ended June 30, 2020*

Year ended June 30,	Employer Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Employer Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Employer's Covered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2020	1.139453%	\$ 5,389,874	\$ 7,967,181	67.7%	88.91%
2019	1.127899%	4,325,096	7,764,682	55.7%	90.41%
2018	1.104272%	4,781,800	7,648,730	62.5%	88.49%
2017	1.187031%	7,533,961	8,110,274	92.9%	82.10%
2016	1.098046%	4,894,559	7,567,230	64.7%	86.61%
2015	1.184180%	4,689,359	7,548,660	62.1%	87.34%

* The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule of Employer Pension Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Year ended June 30,	Contractually Required Contribution	Contributions in Relation to Contractual Required Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Employer's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
2020	\$ 1,001,569	\$ 1,001,569	s -	\$ 8,176,077	12.25%
2019	975,980	975,980	-	7,967,181	12.25%
2018	989,997	989,997	-	7,764,682	12.75%
2017	1,013,457	1,013,457	114	7,648,730	13.25%
2016	1,115,163	1,115,163	÷ .	8,110,274	13.75%
2015	1,078,330	1,078,330	1.00	7,567,230	14.25%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

(1) Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Sheriff follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. The chief administrative deputy prepares a proposed budget for the General and special revenue funds and submits it to the Sheriff for the fiscal year no later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year.
- b. A summary of the proposed budget is published, and the public notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for the hearing.
- d. After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is legally adopted prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- e. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- f. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as finally amended by the Sheriff. Such amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations.

(2) Pension Plans

Changes of Assumptions – Changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or of other inputs were recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan. These assumptions include the rate of investment return, mortality of plan members, rate of salary increase, rates of retirement, rates of termination, rates of disability, and various other factors that have an impact on the cost of the plan.

(3) Other Postemployment Benefits

- Benefit Changes There were no changes of benefit terms.
- b. Changes of Assumptions The discount rate decreased from 3.50% to 2.21% for the year ended June 30, 2020.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Comparative Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020 and 2019

	Governmental Activitie		
	2020	2019	
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 4,825,832	\$ 4,449,767	
Due from other governmental units	2,522,802	180,661	
Prepaid expenditures	10,000	15,716	
Other	500	500	
Total current assets	7,359,134	4,646,644	
Noncurrent assets:		Same and	
Capital assets, net	6,742,231	6,800,017	
Total assets	14,101,365	11,446,661	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	3,632,877	568,555	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension	3,151,106	2,608,513	
Total deferred outflows or resources	6,783,983	3,177,068	
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts, salaries, and other payables	434,911	545,901	
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Long-term liabilities	268,951	216,947	
Net OPEB obligation	12,187,196	8,482,965	
Net pension liability	5,389,874	4,325,096	
Total noncurrent liabilities	17,846,021	13,025,008	
Total liabilities	18,280,932	13,570,909	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension	1,349,620	1,958,906	
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	6,742,231	6,800,017	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(5,487,435)	(7,706,103	
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 1,254,796	\$ (906,086	

ST. LANDRY PARISH SHERIFF Opelousas, Louisiana General Fund

Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
ASSETS		
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$4,696,636	\$4,343,253
Receivables -		
Due from other governmental units	2,522,802	180,661
Prepaid expenditures	10,000	15,716
Other	500	500
Total assets	\$7,229,938	\$4,540,130
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 72,609	\$ 177,345
Retainage payable		5,804
Accrued liabilities	362,302	362,752
Total liabilities	434,911	545,901
Fund balance:		
Nonspendable (prepaid expenditures)	10,000	15,716
Assigned for construction	1,000,000	1,000,000
Assigned for grants	2,312,026	
Unassigned	3,473,001	2,978,513
Total fund balance	6,795,027	3,994,229
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$7,229,938	\$4,540,130

ST. LANDRY PARISH SHERIFF Opelousas, Louisiana General Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule -Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 With Comparative Actual Amounts for Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Buc	dget	2020	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Amended	Actual	(Negative)	2019
Revenues:					
Taxes -					
Ad valorem taxes	\$2,830,000	\$2,810,000	\$2,802,958	\$ (7,042)	\$ 2,823,159
Sales taxes	8,800,000	8,850,000	8,988,822	138,822	8,877,265
Intergovernmental revenues -					
Federal grants	35,000	40,000	97,424	57,424	31,897
Federal grants - Coronavirus relief fund	-	2,312,026	2,312,026		
State grants	35,000	40,000	36,754	(3,246)	38,807
State grants - state revenue sharing (net)	265,000	266,000	266,386	386	266,292
State supplemental pay	590,000	630,000	629,694	(306)	580,679
Video poker commissions	570,000	506,500	513,279	6,779	536,057
Fees, charges and commissions for services -					
Civil and criminal fees	1,170,500	1,056,300	1,017,283	(39,017)	1,232,535
Special duty detail	125,000	155,000	196,226	41,226	179,393
Feeding, keeping, and transporting prisoners	345,000	470,000	478,917	8,917	342,422
Interest income	45,000	45,000	48,610	3,610	51,540
Sale of equipment	10,000	-	-	-	6,369
Miscellaneous	200,000	188,000	185,229	(2,771)	161,636
Total revenues	15,020,500	17,368,826	17,573,608	204,782	15,128,051
Expenditures:					
Current -					
Public safety:					
Personal services and related benefits	9,300,000	9,680,000	9,676,514	3,486	9,428,141
Operating services	2,595,000	2,676,000	2,660,468	15,532	2,511,003
Operations and maintenance	2,067,000	2,076,000	1,949,148	126,852	2,525,072
Travel and other charges	60,000	38,500	13,117	25,383	33,888
Capital outlay	550,000	525,000	473,563	51,437	1,538,051
Total expenditures	14,572,000	14,995,500	14,772,810	222,690	16,036,155
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	448,500	2,373,326	2,800,798	427,472	(908,104)
Fund balance, beginning	3,994,229	3,994,229	3,994,229		4,902,333
Fund balance, ending	\$4,442,729	\$6,367,555	\$6,795,027	<u>\$ 427,472</u>	\$ 3,994,229

ST. LANDRY PARISH SHERIFF Opelousas, Louisiana General Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 With Comparative Actual Amounts for Year Ended June 30, 2019

		2	2020		
	Bud	get		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Amended	Actual	(Negative)	2019
Current:					and the second se
Public safety -					
Personal services and related benefits:			Sec. A.		
Sheriff's salary	\$ 146,000	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,790	\$ (790)	\$ 145,036
Deputies salaries	8,020,000	8,425,000	8,382,011	42,989	8,172,206
Pension and payroll taxes	1,120,000	1,090,000	1,128,634	(38,634)	1,096,395
Sheriff's expense allowance	14,000	15,000	15,079	(79)	14,504
Total personal services and					
related benefits	9,300,000	9,680,000	9,676,514	3,486	9,428,141
Operating services:					
Deputy group insurance	2,160,000	2,180,000	2,091,378	88,622	2,012,728
Auto insurance	250,000	310,000	309,076	924	249,233
Deputy liability insurance	150,000	153,000	152,840	160	144,023
Other	35,000	33,000	107,174	(74,174)	105,019
Total operating services	2,595,000	2,676,000	2,660,468	15,532	2,511,003
Operations and maintenance:					
Auto fuel and oil	400,000	365,000	336,866	28,134	380,506
Auto maintenance	200,000	260,000	258,555	1,445	190,894
Computer and copier expenditures	90,000	89,000	84,829	4,171	92,779
Deputy uniforms, supplies, etc.	110,000	140,000	105,256	34,744	214,529
Office supplies and expenditures	197,000	147,000	162,401	(15,401)	224,459
Telephone and utilities	235,000	240,000	237,396	2,604	225,976
Liability claims	150,000	50,000	(31,958)	81,958	213,370
Maintenance of equipment and buildings	332,000	405,500	405,938	(438)	374,036
Postage	55,000	75,000	51,248	23,752	51,635
Prisoner feeding and maintenance	35,000	38,000	70,908	(32,908)	43,244
Professional fees	200,000	208,000	212,532	(4,532)	239,521
Criminal investigation expenditures	4,000	4,500	9,080	(4,580)	4,400
Other	59,000	54,000	46,097	7,903	269,723
Total operations and maintenance	2,067,000	2,076,000	1,949,148	126,852	2,525,072
Travel and other charges	60,000	38,500	13,117	25,383	33,888
Capital outlay:					
Vehicles	250,000	225,000	217,681	7,319	141,033
Equipment	300,000	300,000	255,882	44,118	51,678
Buildings			-	-	1,345,340
Total capital outlay	550,000	525,000	473,563	51,437	1,538,051
Total expenditures	\$ 14,572,000	<u>\$ 14,995,500</u>	\$ 14,772,810	\$ 222,690	\$16,036,155

AGENCY FUNDS

Sheriff's Fund -

To account for funds held in connection with civil suits, sheriff's sales, and garnishments and payment of these collections to the Sheriff's General Fund and other recipients in accordance with applicable laws.

Bond Fund -

To account for the collection of cash bonds and payment of these collections to the eligible recipients in accordance with applicable laws.

Tax Collector Fund -

Article V, Section 27 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, provides that the Sheriff will serve as the collector of state and parish taxes, fees, and licenses. The Tax Collector Fund is used to collect and distribute these taxes, fees, and licenses to the appropriate taxing bodies.

Prisoners' Money Fund -

To account for the receipts and disbursements made to the individual prison inmate accounts.

Drug Seizure Fund -

To account for monies seized during drug policing activities.

ST. LANDRY PARISH SHERIFF Opelousas, Louisiana Agency Funds

Combining Balance Sheet Year Ended June 30, 2020 With Comparative Actual Amounts for Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Tax Colle	ctor Fund	Prisoners'	Drug		
	Sheriffs	Bond	Tax	License	Money	Seizure	June	e 30,
	Fund	Fund	Collector	Account	Fund	Fund	2020	2019
ASSETS								
Cash	s -	\$ 300	\$ 750	\$ 150	\$ 59,224	\$ 1,486	\$ 61,910	\$ 55,663
Interest-bearing deposits	77,775	547,575	1,510,831	61,717	-		2,197,898	2,015,306
Total assets	<u>\$ 77,775</u>	\$ 547,875	\$1,511,581	<u>\$ 61,867</u>	<u>\$ 59,224</u>	<u>\$ 1,486</u>	\$ 2,259,808	\$ 2,070,969
LIABILITIES								
Due to taxing bodies and others	\$ 77,775	\$ 547,875	\$1,511,581	\$ 61,867	\$ 28,309	\$ 1,486	\$ 2,228,893	\$ 2,027,117
Due to inmates	(+1	-	-	-	30,915		30,915	43,852
Total liabilities	\$ 77,775	\$ 547,875	\$1,511,581	\$ 61,867	\$ 59,224	<u>\$ 1,486</u>	\$ 2,259,808	\$ 2,070,969

ST. LANDRY PARISH SHERIFF Opelousas, Louisiana Agency Funds

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Year Ended June 30, 2020 With Comparative Actual Amounts for Year Ended June 30, 2019

	ci. :ci.	P 1	Tax Collector Fund		Prisoners'	Drug	Total	
	Sheriff's Fund	Bond Fund	Tax Collector	License Account	Fund	Seizure Fund	2020	2019
Balances, beginning of year	\$ 53,395	\$ 563,273	\$ 1,355,295	\$ 44,544	\$ 52,976	\$ 1,486	\$ 2,070,969	\$2,083,816
Additions:				Contraction of the second				
Deposits -								
Sheriff's sales	1,253,625	-			-	2	1,253,625	1,691,007
Sheriff's fees	283,505	12				(Q)	283,505	382,271
Bonds	-	214,110	-			1	214,110	236,438
Fines and costs		1,447,893				÷.	1,447,893	1,816,598
Work release housing & transportation		23,730		· · ·	51,580		75,310	53,184
Garnishments	221,445					÷	221,445	288,833
Licenses and fees	-	-		650,919		-	650,919	627,388
Inmates	-	1941	• 1			*	-	
Taxes, fees, etc. paid to tax collector	•	100	39,320,626			÷ 4	39,320,626	36,964,614
Interest on interest-bearing deposits	1,577	7,188	35,159	536	148		44,608	40,360
Total additions	1,760,152	1,692,921	39,355,785	651,455	51,728		43,512,041	42,100,693
Total	1,813,547	2,256,194	40,711,080	695,999	104,704	1,486	45,583,010	44,184,509
Reductions:								
Taxes, fees, etc. distributed to taxing bodies and others		1,531,019	39,199,499	-	-		40,730,518	38,830,815
Deposits settled to -								
Sheriff's General Fund	503,427	177,300		95,120	2-	-	775,847	1,079,707
Clerk of court	70,163			-		-	70,163	104,501
Parish Government	1	-	-	539,012		-	539,012	527,652
Inmates		-	-	· ·	7,065	-	7,065	5,428
Appraisers	22,850			-	-		22,850	41,007
Attorneys, litigants, etc.	1,074,994	-	-	-		-	1,074,994	1,159,585
Other reductions	64,338		4		38,415	-	102,753	364,845
Total reductions	1,735,772	1,708,319	39,199,499	634,132	45,480	<u> </u>	43,323,202	42,113,540
Balances, end of year	\$ 77,775	\$ 547,875	\$ 1,511,581	<u>\$ 61,867</u>	\$ 59,224	<u>\$ 1,486</u>	\$ 2,259,808	\$2,070,969

STATE OF LOUISIANA, PARISH OF ST. LANDRY AFFIBAVIT

Bobby Guidroz, Sheriff of St. Land ry Earth

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, personally came and appeared, Bobby Guidroz, the sheriff of

St. Landry Parish, State of Louisiana, who after being duly sworn, deposed and seid:

The following information is true and correct;

\$1,511,581 is the amount of cash on hand in the tax collector account on June 30, 2020;

He further deposed and said:

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-

All itemized statements of the amount of taxes collected for tax year 2019, by faxing anthority, are true and correct.

All itemized statements of all taxes assessed and uncollected, which indicate the reasons for the failure to collect, by taxing anthority, are true and correct.

ida

SWORN to and subscribed before me, Notary, this /____ day of October 2026, in any office in Opelousas, Louisiana.

Signature (Print) Notary I (Commission)

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INTERNAL CONTROL, COMPLIANCE,

AND OTHER MATTERS

KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

C. Burton Kolder, CPA* Brad E. Kolder, CPA, JD* Gerald A. Thibodeaux, Jr., CPA* Robert S. Carter, CPA* Arthur R. Mixon, CPA* Stephen J. Anderson, CPA* Christine C. Doucet, CPA Wanda F. Arcement, CPA, CVA Bryan K. Joubert, CPA Matthew E. Margaglio, CPA Casey L. Ardoin, CPA, CFE

Victor R. Slaven, CPA* - retired 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

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The Honorable Bobby Guidroz St. Landry Parish Sheriff Opelousas, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the St. Landry Parish Sheriff (the Sheriff) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Sheriff's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 27, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan, we identified certain deficiencies that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan as item 2020-001 to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Sheriff's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance, item 2020-002 that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Sheriff's Response to Findings

The Sheriff's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying summary schedule of current and prior year findings and management's corrective action plan. We did not audit the Sheriff's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Although the intended use of this report may be limited under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 44:6.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana January 27, 2021

KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Bobby Guidroz St. Landry Parish Sheriff Opelousas, Louisiana

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the St. Landry Parish Sheriff's (the Sheriff) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on the Sheriff's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2020. The Sheriff's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the Sheriff's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Sheriff's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our gualified opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Sheriff's compliance

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Basis for Qualified Opinion on CFDA 21.019 Coronavirus Relief Fund

As described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, the Sheriff did not comply with requirements regarding CFDA 21.019 Coronavirus Relief Fund as described in finding numbers 2020-003 for reporting and 2020-004 for allowable costs. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for the Sheriff to comply with the requirements applicable to that program.

Qualified Opinion on CFDA 21.019 Coronavirus Relief Fund

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the Sheriff complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on CFDA 21.019 Coronavirus Relief Fund for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Other Matters

The Sheriff's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of finding and questioned costs. The Sheriff's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Sheriff is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Sheriff's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as discussed below, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2020-003 to be a material weakness.

The Sheriff's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Sheriff's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana January 27, 2021

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	CFDA Number	Pass-through Identifying Number	Expenditures
Direct Programs:	1		
U.S. Department of Justice			
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Program	16.738	N/A	\$ 13,477
Buller Proof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	N/A	3,773
COVID-19- Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental			
Funding Program	16.034	N/A	35,044
Passed through Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement			
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Program	16.738	2018-DJ01-4853	34,000
Total U.S. Department of Justice Federal Awards			86,294
U.S. Department of the Treasury *			
Passed through Louisiana Division of Administration			
COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	N/A	2,312,026
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 2,398,320

* Indicated major program

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

(1) General

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the St. Landry Parish Sheriff (Sheriff) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Sheriff, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the Sheriff.

(2) Basis of Accounting

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 to the Sheriff's basic financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Sheriff has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Part I. Summary of Auditor's Results:

- The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on whether the financial statements of the Sheriff were prepared in accordance with GAAP.
- 2. One material weakness was disclosed during the audit of the financial statements.
- One instance of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the Sheriff, which would be required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, was disclosed during the audit.
- One material weakness in internal control over the major federal program was disclosed during the audit.
- The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award program for the Sheriff expresses a qualified opinion on the major federal program.
- 6. Audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a) are reported in this schedule.
- 7. The following program is considered to be a major program: Coronavirus Relief Fund (21.019).
- The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The Sheriff did not quality as a low-risk auditee.
- Part II. Findings which are required to be reported in accordance with generally accepted Governmental Auditing Standards:

Internal Control Findings -

See Internal Control Finding 2020-001 on the summary schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan.

Compliance Findings -

See Internal Control Finding 2020-002 on the summary schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Part III. Findings and questioned costs for Federal awards which include audit findings as defined in 2 CFR section 200 of the Uniform Guidance:

U.S. Department of the Treasury

Internal Control Findings -

2020-003

Coronavirus Relief Fund (21.019)

See compliance finding 2020-004.

Compliance Findings -

2020-004: Qualified staff to review payroll function.

Coronavirus Relief Fund (21.019)

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2020.

CONDITION: The Sheriff requested reimbursement for expenditures that were not allowable.

CRITERIA: The Coronavirus relief fund sets allowable costs for reimbursement of payroll expenditures.

CAUSE: The Sheriff did not have a staff person with the necessary qualifications and training review the reimbursement requests.

EFFECT: The Sheriff requested \$39,849 of expenditures that exceeded the allowable amount.

RECOMMENDATION: The Sheriff should require that a person with the necessary qualifications and knowledge review reimbursement requests to ensure that all amounts requested are allowable in accordance with the grant agreement.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: Management has updated the Sheriff's policies and procedures to require that the Chief Finance Officer review all reimbursement requests to ensure that all amounts requested are allowable with the grant agreement.

Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Findings And Management's Corrective Action Plan

Part I. Current Year Findings and Management's Corrective Plan

A. Internal Control Findings -

2020-001: Qualified staff to review payroll function.

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2020.

CONDITION: The Sheriff did not have a staff person with the necessary qualifications and training review the payroll functions and records.

CRITERIA: The Sheriff should have a control policy in which a person with the necessary qualifications and training review all aspects of the payroll functions.

CAUSE: The Sheriff's payroll functions were not properly reviewed which led to multiple errors/irregularities.

EFFECT: Failure to properly review payroll functions or records increases the risk that errors and/or irregularities including fraud may occur and not be prevented and/or detected.

RECOMMENDATION: The Sheriff should require that a person with the necessary qualifications and training review all aspects of the payroll function monthly.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: Management has updated the Sheriff's policies and procedures that require the Chief Finance Officer review the payroll function monthly.

B. Compliance Findings -

2020-002: Incorrect calculations of compensatory time.

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2020.

CONDITION: Employees of the Sheriff compensatory time was not correctly calculated.

CRITERIA: The Sheriff should ensure that all compensatory time is calculated in accordance with the Fair Labor Standards Act.

CAUSE: The Sheriff is incorrectly awarding employees compensatory time due to miscalculation.

EFFECT: Employees of the Sheriff are not receiving the correct amount of compensation related to the number of hours they work.

RECOMMENDATION: The Sheriff should implement policies and procedures that coincide with the Fair Labor Standards Act to properly calculate and pay compensatory time to all eligible employees.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: Management will update the Sheriff's policies and procedures to ensure that all calculations of compensatory time are in agreeance with the Fair Labor Standards Act.

Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Findings And Management's Corrective Action Plan

Part II. Prior Year Findings

A. Internal Control Findings -

There are no findings to report under this section.

B. Compliance Findings -

There are no findings to report under this section.

SHERIFF ST. LANDRY PARISH

OFFICE OF THE SHERIFF . ST. LANDRY PARISH

BOBBY J. GUIDROZ Sheriff and Ex Officio Tax Collector

P.O. Box. 1029 Opelousos, UA 70571-1029 Main Office: 337-948-6516 Criminal Investigation Division: 337-594-8484

ST. LANDRY PARISH SHERIFF CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN JUNE 30, 2020

U.S. Department of the Treasury

The St. Landry Parish Sheriff respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Audit conducted by:

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC 183 S. Beadle Road Lafayette LA 70508

Audit Period: 7/1/2019-6/30/2020

The findings from the June 30, 2020 schedule of findings and questioned costs are discussed below. The findings are numbered consistently with the number assigned in the schedule.

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT:

Internal Control:

2020-001

Recommendation: The Sheriff should require that a person with the necessary qualifications and training review all aspects of the payroll function monthly.

Corrective Action Plan: Management has updated the Sheriff's policies and procedures to require the Chief Finance Officer review the payroll function monthly.

Compliance: 2020-002

2 <u>Recommendation</u>: The Sheriff should implement policies and procedures that coincide with the Fair Labor Standards Act to properly calculate and pay compensatory time to all eligible employees.

<u>Corrective Action Plan</u>: Management will update the Sheriff's policies and procedures to ensure that all calculations of compensatory time are in agreeance with the Fair Labor Standards Act.

FINDINGS - FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT:

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Coronavirus Relief Fund (21.019)

Material Weaknesses: 2020-003 Sec 2020-004



Compliance: 2020-004

Recommendation: The Sheriff should require that a person with the necessary qualifications and knowledge review reimbursement requests to ensure that all amounts requested are allowable in accordance with the grant agreement.

Corrective Action Plan: Management has updated the Sheriff's policies and procedures to require that the Chief Financial Officer will review reimbursement requests to ensure that all amounts requested are allowable with the grant agreement.

If the U.S. Department of the Treasury has questions regarding this plan, please call Lisa Cormier, Chief Finance Officer at 337-948-6516.

66

Sincerely,

DA Lisa Comiler

Chief Finance Officer