

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
Convent, Louisiana

Financial Report

Year Ended December 31, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Glenn Waguespack
St. James Parish Assessor
Convent, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the St. James Parish Assessor ("Assessor") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the St. James Parish Assessor's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of the St. James Parish Assessor, as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the St. James Parish Assessor, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the St. James Parish Assessor's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. We obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the St. James Parish Assessor's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed. We evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements. We conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the St. James Parish Assessor's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable amount of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedule on page 33 and the schedule of changes in net OPEB liability and related ratios, employer's share of net pension liability and employer contributions on pages 34-36 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management’s discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the St. James Parish Assessor basic financial statements. The comparative statement of net position and individual fund statements on pages 39 through 41 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, these statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole. The prior year comparative information was derived from the Assessor’s 2020 financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financials or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and, in our opinion, were fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole from which they have been derived.

The individual fund schedule of expenditures on page 42 has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 10, 2022 on our consideration of the Assessor’s internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Assessor’s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana
June 10, 2022

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**GOVERNMENT-WIDE
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)**

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
Convent, Louisiana

Statement of Net Position
December 31, 2021

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 1,519,684
Investments	2,488,460
Revenue receivable, net	<u>1,486,636</u>
Total current assets	5,494,780
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets, net	59,328
Net pension asset	<u>409,415</u>
Total noncurrent assets	<u>468,743</u>
 Total assets	 <u>5,963,523</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB	479,712
Deferred outflows of resources - pension	<u>479,117</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>958,829</u>
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	<u>10,474</u>
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Compensated absences	9,680
Other postemployment benefits payable	<u>1,573,964</u>
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>1,583,644</u>
Total liabilities	<u>1,594,118</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	93,174
Deferred inflows of resources - pension	<u>761,099</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>854,273</u>
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	59,328
Unrestricted	<u>4,414,633</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ 4,473,961</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
Convent, Louisiana

Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Activities	Expenses	<u>Program Revenues</u> Charges for Services	<u>Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Position</u> Governmental Activities
Governmental activities:			
General government	<u>\$ 1,368,350</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (1,368,350)</u>
General revenues:			
Property taxes			1,455,428
State revenue sharing			11,490
Payments in lieu of taxes			19,955
Interest and investment earnings			7,670
Non-employer contributions			186,014
Miscellaneous			<u>21,977</u>
Total general revenues			<u>1,702,534</u>
Change in net position			334,184
Net position - January 1, 2021			<u>4,139,778</u>
Net position - December 31, 2021			<u>\$ 4,473,961</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
Convent, Louisiana

Balance Sheet
Governmental Fund
December 31, 2021

	<u>General Fund</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 1,519,684
Investments	2,488,460
Revenue receivable-	
Ad valorem taxes, net of allowance for uncollectible taxes of \$29,900	1,463,003
Payments in lieu of taxes	17,898
Accrued interest	<u>5,735</u>
 Total assets	 <u>\$ 5,494,780</u>
 LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	
 Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	<u>\$ 10,474</u>
 Deferred inflows of resources:	
Unavailable revenue - ad valorem taxes	<u>38,964</u>
 Fund balance:	
Unassigned	<u>5,445,342</u>
 Total liabilities and fund balance	 <u>\$ 5,494,780</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
Convent, Louisiana

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet
to the Statement of Net Position
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Total fund balance for the governmental fund at December 31, 2021		\$ 5,445,342
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Capital assets, net		59,328
The deferred outflows of expenditures for the assessor employees' retirement system are not available resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
		479,117
The deferred outflows of expenditures for the postemployment benefit obligation are not a use of current resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
		479,712
Long-term liabilities are not payable from current resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Long-term liabilities at December 31, 2021 consist of:		
Compensated absences	\$ (9,680)	
Other postemployment benefits payable	(1,573,964)	
Net pension asset	<u>409,415</u>	(1,174,229)
The deferred inflows of contributions for the postemployment benefit are not available resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds		
		(93,174)
The deferred inflows of contributions for the assessor employees' retirement system are not available resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
		(761,099)
Some of the Assessor's ad valorem taxes will be collected after year end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.		
		<u>38,964</u>
Net position at December 31, 2021		<u>\$ 4,473,961</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
Convent, Louisiana

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance
Governmental Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	<u>General Fund</u>
Revenues:	
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,416,464
Intergovernmental revenues -	
State revenue sharing	11,490
Payment in lieu of taxes	19,955
Interest income	7,670
Miscellaneous income	<u>21,977</u>
Total revenues	<u>1,477,556</u>
Expenditures:	
Current -	
General government:	
Personnel services and related benefits	887,751
Operating services	71,999
Materials and supplies	274,921
Capital outlay	<u>53,079</u>
Total expenditures	<u>1,287,750</u>
Net change in fund balance	189,806
Fund balance, beginning of year	<u>5,255,536</u>
Fund balance, ending of year	<u>\$ 5,445,342</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
Convent, Louisiana

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Fund
to the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Total net change in fund balance for the year ended December 31, 2021 per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance		\$ 189,806
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay	\$ 53,079	
Depreciation expense	<u>(10,534)</u>	42,545
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental fund:		
Compensated absences	(745)	
OPEB benefits	(93,726)	
Pension expense	<u>(28,674)</u>	(123,145)
Nonemployer's contribution to the assessor employees' pension plan		186,014
Revenues that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental fund:		
Ad valorem taxes		<u>38,964</u>
Change in net position of governmental activities		<u>\$ 334,184</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
Convent, Louisiana

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

As provided by Article VII, Section 24 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, the Assessor is elected by the voters of the parish and serves a term of four years. The Assessor assesses all real and movable property in the parish, prepares the tax rolls and submits the rolls to the Louisiana Tax Commission as prescribed by law.

The accompanying financial statements of the St. James Parish Assessor (Assessor) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this note.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the Assessor includes all funds that are controlled by the Assessor as an independently elected parish official.

The Assessor is a “primary government” as defined in GASB pronouncements, since the Assessor has the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations of his office (which includes the hiring or retention of employees, Assessor over budgeting, responsibility for deficits, and the receipt and disbursement of funds), and primary accountability for fiscal matters. The Assessor has no component units.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include the fund of the reporting entity, which is considered to be a governmental activity.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Assessor’s governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients for goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
Convent, Louisiana

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

The accounts of the Assessor are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The fund of the Assessor is classified as a governmental fund. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the entity or meets the following criteria:

1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The major fund of the Assessor is described below:

Governmental Fund -

General Fund

The General Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:781, is the principal fund of the Assessor and is used to account for the operations of the Assessor's office. The various fees and charges due to the Assessor's office are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures are paid from this fund.

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery) and financial position. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with its activities are reported. Government-wide fund equity is classified as net position. In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus is used. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on its balance sheet. Their operating statement presents sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. This fund uses fund balance as its measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
Convent, Louisiana

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, the governmental activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues are classified by source and expenditures are classified by function and character. Expenditures (including capital outlay) generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Assessor's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Equity

Cash and interest-bearing deposits

For purposes of the statement of net position, cash and interest-bearing deposits include all demand accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the Assessor.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Assessor maintains a threshold level of \$1,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Autos and equipment	5 years
Office furniture	7 years

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
Convent, Louisiana

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In some instances, the GASB requires an entity to delay recognition of decreases in net position as expenditures until a future period. In other instances, entities are required to delay recognition of increases in net position as revenues until a future period. In these circumstances, deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources result from the delayed recognition of expenditures or revenues, respectively.

Compensated Absences

All full-time employees of the Assessor's office earn 12 vacation days each year starting January 1st. New employees receive one vacation day per month starting from their hire date until the end of their year of hire. Employees are allowed to carry over a maximum of five vacation days to the following year. Upon resignation or retirement, employees are paid any unused vacation leave at the employee's current rate of pay. At December 31, 2021, the Assessor has \$9,860 of non-current accumulated leave benefits required to be reported in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16 "Accounting for Compensated Absences" which is for governmental activities.

Equity Classifications

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in two components:

1. Net investment in capital assets – Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
2. Unrestricted net position – All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The Assessor had no restricted net position at December 31, 2021.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as follows:

1. Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
2. Restricted – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.
3. Committed – amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal decision of the Assessor, which is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Assessor.

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
Convent, Louisiana

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

4. Assigned – amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the Assessor’s adopted policy, only the Assessor may assign amounts for specific purposes.
5. Unassigned – all other spendable amounts.

When an expenditure is incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Assessor considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Assessor considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Assessor has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

E. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(2) Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits

Under state law, the Assessor may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the union, or the laws of the United States. The Assessor may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes, or certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. At December 31, 2021, the Assessor has cash and interest bearing deposits (book balances) totaling \$1,519,684.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Assessor’s deposits may not be recovered or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits, (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or similar federal security or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the Assessor or the pledging fiscal agent bank by a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
Convent, Louisiana

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Deposit balances (bank balances) at December 31, 2021 in the amount of \$1,531,347 were secured with \$500,000 of federal deposit insurance and pledged securities of \$1,031,347. Deposits secured by pledged securities were exposed to custodial credit risk. These deposits are uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent, but not in the Assessor's name. Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the Assessor that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand. The Assessor does not have a policy for custodial credit risk.

(3) Investments

LAMP is administered by LAMP, Inc., a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana. Only local government entities having contracted to participate in LAMP have an investment interest in its pool of assets. The primary objective of LAMP is to provide a safe environment for the placement of public funds in short-term, high quality investments. The LAMP portfolio includes only securities and other obligations in which local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in accordance with LA-R.S. 33:2955.

GASB Statement No. 40 Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosure, requires disclosure of credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk for all public entity investments.

LAMP is an investment pool that, to the extent practical, invest in a manner consistent with GASB Statement No. 79. The following are relevant for investment pools:

1. Credit risk: LAMP is rated AAA by Standard & Poor's.
2. Custodial credit risk: LAMP participants' investments in the pool are evidenced by shares of the pool. Investments in pools should be disclosed, but not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form. The public entity's investment is with the pool, not the securities that make up the pool; therefore, no disclosure is required.
3. Concentration of credit risk: Pooled investments are excluded from the 5 percent disclosure requirement.
4. Interest rate risk: LAMP is designed to be highly liquid to give its participants immediate access to their account balances. LAMP prepares its own interest rate risk disclosure using the weighted average maturity (WAM) method. The WAM of LAMP assets is restricted to not more than 90 days and consists of no securities with a maturity in excess of 397 days or 762 days for U.S. Government floating/variable rate investments. The WAM for LAMP's total investments is 58 days (from LAMP's monthly Portfolio Holdings) as of December 31, 2021.
5. Foreign currency risk: Not applicable.

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
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Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The investments in LAMP are stated at fair value. The fair value is determined on a weekly basis by LAMP and the value of the position in the external investment pool is the same as the net asset value of the pool shares.

LAMP, Inc. is subject to the regulatory oversight of the state treasurer and the board of directors. LAMP is not registered with the SEC as an investment company.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact the LAMP administrative office at 800-249-5267.

At December 31, 2021, the Assessor had investments in LAMP in the amount of \$2,488,460.

(4) Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended December 31, 2021 is as follows:

	Balance 01/01/21	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/21
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	\$ 91,040	\$ 6,879	\$ -	\$ 97,919
Auto	64,650	46,200	-	110,850
Totals	155,690	53,079	-	208,769
Less: Accumulated depreciation	138,907	10,534	-	149,441
Net capital assets	<u>\$ 16,783</u>	<u>\$ 42,545</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 59,328</u>

Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2021 of \$10,534 was charged to the general government function.

(5) Post-Retirement Health Care and Life Insurance Benefits

Plan Description - The St. James Parish Assessor (the Assessor) provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for its retired employees. The St. James Parish Assessor's OPEB Plan (the OPEB Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Assessor. The authority to establish and/or amend the obligation of the employer, employees and retirees rests with the Assessor. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification Section P52 *Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension-Reporting For Benefits Not Provided Through Trusts That Meet Specified Criteria-Defined Benefit*.

Benefits Provided - Medical, dental, and life benefits are provided through comprehensive plans and are made available to employees upon actual retirement. Employees are covered by the Louisiana Assessor's Retirement Fund, whose retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions are as follows: Attainment of age 55 and 12 years of service; or, any age and 30 years of service; employees hired on and after October 1, 2013 are not able to retire or enter DROP until age 60 with 12 years of service; or, age 55 with 30 years of service. The retiree must also have 20 years of service for the retiree to receive employer contributions.

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
Convent, Louisiana

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Life insurance coverage is provided to retirees and 100% of the blended rate (active and retired) is paid by the employer. The amount of insurance coverage while active is continued after retirement, but insurance coverage amounts are reduced to 50% of the original amount at age 70 or at retirement.

Employees covered by benefit terms - At December 31, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	4
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	<u>7</u>
Total	<u><u>11</u></u>

Total OPEB Liability

The Assessor's total OPEB liability of \$1,573,964 was measured as of December 31, 2021 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and other inputs: The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.0%
Salary increases	3.0%, including inflation
Discount rate	2.12% annually (Beginning of Year to Determine ADC) 2.06%, annually (As of End of Year Measurement Date)
Healthcare cost trend rates	Flat 5.5% annually until 2030, Then 4.5%.
Mortality	SOA RP-2014 Table

The discount rate was based on the average of the Bond Buyers' 20 Year General Obligation municipal bond index as of December 31, 2021, the end of the applicable measurement period.

Changes in the OPEB Liability

Balance at December 31, 2020	<u>\$1,520,046</u>
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	40,229
Interest	32,651
Difference between expected and actual experience	(14,761)
Changes in assumptions	17,207
Benefit payments and net transfers	<u>(21,408)</u>
Net changes	<u>53,918</u>
Balance at December 31, 2021	<u><u>\$1,573,964</u></u>

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
Convent, Louisiana

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021 valuation were based on the results of ongoing evaluations of the assumptions from January 1, 2009 to December 31, 2021.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Assessor, as well as what the Assessor's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.06%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.06%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease 1.06%	Current Discount Rate 2.06%	1% Increase 3.06%
Total OPEB liability	<u>\$1,909,891</u>	<u>\$1,573,964</u>	<u>\$1,314,652</u>

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates: The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Assessor, as well as what the Assessor's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (4.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.5%) than the current healthcare trend rates:

	1% Decrease 4.50%	Current Trend 5.50%	1% Increase 6.50%
Total OPEB liability	<u>\$1,320,678</u>	<u>\$ 1,573,964</u>	<u>\$1,913,388</u>

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Assessor recognized OPEB expense of \$115,134. At December 31, 2021, the Assessor reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 178,863	\$ 22,083
Change in assumptions	<u>300,849</u>	<u>71,091</u>
Total	<u>\$ 479,712</u>	<u>\$ 93,174</u>

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
Convent, Louisiana

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year Ended</u> <u>December 31</u>	
2022	\$ 42,253
2023	42,253
2024	42,253
2025	42,253
2026	42,253
Thereafter	<u>175,273</u>
Total	<u>\$ 386,538</u>

(6) Ad Valorem Taxes

Pursuant to Act 174 of 1990, Louisiana Revised State Statute 47:1925.2 created a special assessment district to provide ad valorem taxes revenue to fund the Assessor's office.

Ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied in September or October and billed to the taxpayers by the St. James Parish Sheriff in December. Billed taxes are due by December 31, becoming delinquent on January 1 of the following year. The taxes are based on assessed values determined by the St. James Parish Assessor and are collected by the Sheriff.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, taxes were levied at the rate of 2.26 mills on property with net assessed valuations totaling \$703,862,295.

Net taxes levied during 2021, after exclusion of \$95,445 for homestead exemption, were \$1,495,006. Taxes receivable at December 31, 2021 were 1,463,003 net of allowance for uncollectible taxes of \$29,900.

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
Convent, Louisiana

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(7) Pension Plan

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Louisiana Assessors' Retirement and Relief Fund, and additions to/deductions from the system's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Plan Description: Substantially all employees of the Assessor, except part-time and temporary employees, are members of the Louisiana Assessors' Retirement and Relief Fund (System), a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by a separate board of trustees.

The following brief description of the Louisiana Assessors' Retirement Fund and Subsidiary (collectively referred to as the "Fund") is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the Plan Agreement for more complete information.

Pension Benefits: Employees who were hired before October 1, 2013, will be eligible for pension benefits once they have either reached the age of fifty-five and have at least twelve years of service or have at least thirty years of service, regardless of age. Employees who were hired on or after October 1, 2013, will be eligible for pension benefits once they have either reached the age of sixty and have at least twelve years of service or have reached the age of fifty-five and have at least thirty years of service.

Employees who became members prior to October 1, 2006 are entitled to annual pension benefits equal to three and one-third percent of their average final compensation based on the 36 consecutive months of highest pay, multiplied by their total years of service, not to exceed 100% of final compensation. Employees who become members on or after October 1, 2006 will have their benefit based on the highest 60 months of consecutive service. Employees may elect to receive their pension benefits in the form of a joint/survivor annuity.

If employees terminate before rendering 12 years of service, they forfeit the right to receive the portion of their accumulated plan benefits attributable to the employer's contributions. Benefits are payable over the employees' lives in the form of a monthly annuity. Employees may elect a reduced benefit or any of four options at retirement:

1. At death, the beneficiary will receive a lump sum payment based on the present value of the employee's annuity account balance.
2. At death, the beneficiary will receive a life annuity based on their reduced retirement allowance.
3. At death, the beneficiary will receive a life annuity equal to one-half of their reduced retirement allowance.
4. Any other benefit certified by the actuary and approved by the Board of Trustees that will be equivalent in value to their retirement allowance.

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
Convent, Louisiana

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Death Benefits: As set forth 11:1441, benefits for members who die in service are as follows:

1. If a member of the Fund dies in service with less than 12 years of creditable service and leaves a surviving spouse, their accumulated contributions shall be paid to the surviving spouse.
2. If a member dies and has 12 or more years of creditable service and is not eligible for retirement, the surviving spouse shall receive an automatic optional benefit which is equal to the joint and survivorship amounts provided in Option 2 as provided for in R.S. 11:1423, which shall cease upon a subsequent remarriage, or a refund of the member's accumulated contributions, whichever the spouse elects to receive.
3. If a member dies and is eligible for retirement, the surviving spouse shall receive an automatic optional benefit which is equal to the Option 2 benefits provided for in R.S. 11:1423, which shall not terminate upon a subsequent remarriage.
4. Benefits set forth in item number 2 above, shall cease upon remarriage and shall resume upon a subsequent divorce or death of a new spouse. The spouse shall be entitled to receive a monthly benefit equal to the amount being received prior to remarriage.

Disability Benefits: The Board of Trustees shall award disability benefits to eligible members who have been officially certified as disabled by the State Medical Disability Board. The disability benefit shall be the lesser of (1) or (2) as set forth below:

1. A sum equal to the greater of forty-five percent (45%) of final average compensation, or the member's accrued retirement benefit at the time of termination of employment due to disability; or
2. The retirement benefit which would be payable assuming accrued creditable service plus additional accrued service, if any, to the earliest normal retirement age based on final average compensation at the termination of employment due to disability.

Upon approval for disability benefits, the member shall exercise an optional retirement allowance as provided in R.S. 11:1423 and no change in the option selected shall be permitted after it has been filed with the board. The retirement option factors shall be the same as those utilized for regular retirement based on the age of the retiree and that of the spouse, had the retiree continued in active service until the earliest normal retirement date.

Back-deferred Retirement Option Plan (Back-DROP): In lieu of receiving a normal retirement benefit pursuant to R.S. 11:1421 through 1423, an eligible member of the Fund may elect to retire and have their benefits structured, calculated, and paid as provided in this section.

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
Convent, Louisiana

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

An active, contributing member of the Fund shall be eligible for Back-DROP only if all of the following apply:

1. The member has accrued more service credit than the minimum required for eligibility for a normal retirement benefit.
2. The member has attained an age that is greater than the minimum required for eligibility for a normal retirement benefit, if applicable.
3. The member has revoked their participation, if any, in the Deferred Retirement Option Plan pursuant to R.S. 11:14568.2.

At the time of retirement, a member who elects to receive a Back-DROP benefit shall select a Back-DROP period to be specified in whole months. The duration of the Back-DROP period shall not exceed the lesser of thirty-six months or the number of months of creditable service accrued after the member first attained eligibility for normal retirement. The Back-DROP period shall be comprised of the most recent calendar days corresponding to the member's employment for which service credit in the Fund accrued.

The Back-DROP benefit shall have two portions: a lump-sum portion and a monthly benefit portion. The member's Back-DROP monthly benefit shall be calculated pursuant to the provisions applicable for service retirement set forth in R.S. 11:1421 through 1423, subject to the following conditions:

1. Creditable service shall not include service credit reciprocally recognized pursuant to R.S. 11:142.
2. Accrued service at retirement shall be reduced by the Back-DROP.
3. Final average compensation shall be calculated by excluding all earnings during the Back-DROP period.
4. Contributions received by the Fund during the Back-DROP period and any interest that has accrued on employer and employee contributions received during the period shall remain with the Fund and shall not be refunded to the employee or to the employer.
5. The member's Back-DROP monthly benefit shall be calculated based upon the member's age and service and the Fund provisions in effect on the last day of creditable service before the Back-DROP period.
6. At retirement, the member's maximum monthly retirement benefit payable as a life annuity shall be equal to the Back-DROP monthly benefit.
7. The member may elect to receive a reduced monthly benefit in accordance with the options provided in R.S. 11:1423 based upon the member's age and the age of the member's beneficiary as of the actual effective date of retirement. No change in the option selected of beneficiary shall be permitted after the option is filed with the Board of Trustees.

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
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Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

In addition to the monthly benefit received, the member shall be paid a lump-sum benefit equal to the Back-DROP maximum monthly retirement benefit multiplied by the number of months selected as the Back-DROP period. Cost-of-living adjustments shall not be payable on the member's Back-DROP lump sum.

Upon death of a member who selected the maximum option pursuant to R.S. 11:1423, the member's named beneficiary or, if none, the member's estate shall receive the deceased member's contributions, less the Back-DROP benefit amount. Upon the death of a member who selected Option 1 pursuant to R.S. 11:1423, the member's named beneficiary or, if none, the member's estate, shall receive the member's annuity savings fund balance as of the member's date of retirement reduced by the portion of the Back-DROP account balance and previously paid retirement benefits that are attributable to the member's annuity payments as provided by the annuity savings fund.

Excess Benefit Plan: Under the provisions of this excess benefit plan, a member may receive a benefit equal to the amount by which the member's monthly benefit from the Fund has been reduced because of the limitations of Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Contributions: Contributions for all members are established by statute at 8.0% of earned compensation. The contributions are deducted from the member's salary and remitted by the participating agency.

Administrative costs of the Fund are financed through employer contributions. According to state statute, contributions for all employers are actuarially determined each year. The actuarially determined employer contribution rate was 2.85% and 3.01% for the years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 respectively. The actual employer contribution rate was 8.00% of members' earnings for the years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020.

The Fund also receives one-fourth of one percent of the property taxes assessed in each parish of the state as well as a state revenue sharing appropriation. According to state statute, in the event that contributions for ad valorem taxes and revenue sharing funds are insufficient to provide for the gross employer actuarially required contribution, the employer is required to make direct contributions as determined by the Public Retirement System's Actuarial Committee.

Pension Liabilities/Assets, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: At September 30, 2021, the Assessor reported an asset of \$409,415 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability/asset. The net pension liability/asset was measured as of September 30, 2021 and the total pension liability/asset used to calculate the net pension liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Assessor's proportion of the net pension liability/asset was based on a projection of the Assessor's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employer's, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2021, the Assessor's proportion was 1.245328%, which was an increase of .037784% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2020.

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
Convent, Louisiana

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Assessor recognized pension expense of \$70,844. At December 31, 2021, the Assessor reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 32,747	\$ 108,881
Change of assumptions	424,888	-
Change in proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions	14,211	-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	-	652,218
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	7,271	-
Total	\$ 479,117	\$ 761,099

Deferred outflows of resources of \$7,271 related to pensions resulting from the Assessor's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31		
2022		\$ (56,705)
2023		(60,930)
2024		(116,222)
2025		(86,351)
2026		30,955
Total		\$ (289,253)

Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer: The schedule of pension amounts by employer displays each employer's allocation of the net pension liability. The schedule of pension amounts by employer was prepared using all the allocations included in the schedule of employer allocations.

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
Convent, Louisiana

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: The current year actuarial assumptions utilized for this report are based on the assumptions used in the September 30, 2021 actuarial funding valuation, which (with the exception of mortality) were based on results of an actuarial experience study for the period October 1, 2014 – September 30, 2019, unless otherwise specified in this report. In cases where benefit structures were changed after the study period, assumptions were based on estimates of future experience. All assumptions selected were determined to be reasonable and represent expectations of future experience for the Fund.

	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return (discount rate)	5.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Inflation Rate	2.10%
Salary Increases	5.25%
Annuitant and beneficiary mortality	Pub2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for General Healthy Retirees multiplied by 120% with full generational projection using the appropriate MP-2019 improvement scale.
Active members mortality	Pub2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for General Healthy Retirees multiplied by 120% with full generational projection using the appropriate MP-2019 improvement scale.
Disabled Lives Mortality	Pub2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for General Healthy Retirees multiplied by 120% with full generational projection using the appropriate MP-2019 improvement scale.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2021, are summarized in the following table.

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
	<u>2021</u>
Domestic equity	7.50%
International equity	8.50%
Domestic bonds	2.50%
International bonds	3.50%
Real estate	4.50%
Alternative assets	5.87%

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
Convent, Louisiana

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return selected for this report by the Fund was 5.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from the participating employers and non-employer contributing entities will be made at actuarially determined contribution rates, which are calculated in accordance with relevant statutes and approved by the Board of Trustees and the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. Based on these assumptions and the other assumptions and methods as specified in this report, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. Thus, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.50%.

The effects of certain other changes in the net pension liability are required to be included in pension expense over the current and future periods. The effects on the total pension liability of (1) changes of economic and demographic assumptions or of other inputs and (2) differences between expected and actual experience are required to be included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees), determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. The effect on net pension liability of differences between the projected earnings on pension plan investments and actual experience with regard to those earnings is required to be included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a closed period of five years, beginning with the current period. The Expected Remaining Service Lives (ERSL) for 2021 is 6 years.

Sensitivity to Changes in Discount Rate: The following presents the net pension liability/asset of the Fund calculated using the discount rate of 5.50%, as well as what the Fund's net pension liability/asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate (assuming all other assumptions remain unchanged):

	1% Decrease 4.50%	Current Discount Rate 5.50%	1% Increase 6.50%
Net Pension Liability/Asset	\$ 313,968	\$ (409,415)	\$ (1,023,599)

As of December 31, 2021, the Assessor has no amounts owed to the Louisiana Assessors' Retirement Fund.

The Louisiana Assessor's Retirement Fund and Subsidiary has issued a stand-alone audit report on their financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2021. Access to the report can be found on the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's website, www.lla.la.gov, or by contracting the Louisiana Assessor's Retirement Fund, Post Office Box 14699, Baton Rouge, Louisiana, 70898.

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
Convent, Louisiana

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(8) Deferred Compensation Plan

The St. James Parish Assessor offers its employees participation in the State of Louisiana Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan adopted by the Louisiana Deferred Compensation Commission and established in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all Assessor employees, permits the employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or proof of hardship.

The assets of the plan are held in trust as described in IRC Section 457(g) for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. The custodian thereof for the exclusive benefit of the participants holds the custodial account for the beneficiaries of this plan, and the assets may not be diverted to any other use. The administrators are agents of the employer for purposes of providing direction to the custodian of the custodial account from time to time for the investment of the funds held in the account, transfer of assets to or from the account, and all other matters.

Complete disclosures relating to the plan are included in the separately issued audit report for the plan, available from the Louisiana Legislative Auditor, Post Office Box 94397, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9397.

(9) Expenditures of the Assessor Paid by the St. James Parish Council

The St. James Parish Council provided the office space and utilities for the Assessor's office for the year ended December 31, 2021. These expenditures are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

(10) Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Assessor

A detail of compensation, benefits, and other payments made to Assessor Glenn Waguespack for the year ended December 31, 2021 follows:

<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Salary	\$ 144,976
Benefits - insurance	14,719
Benefits - retirement	22,109
Deferred compensation	12,996
Cell phone	224
Registration fees	475
Conference travel	253
Total	<u>\$ 195,752</u>

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
Convent, Louisiana

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(11) Risk Management

The Assessor is exposed to risks of loss in the areas of auto and property liability and surety bonds. All of these risks are handled by purchasing commercial insurance coverage. There have been no significant reductions in the insurance coverage during the year, nor have settlements exceeded coverage for the past three years.

(12) Tax Abatement

Louisiana's State Constitution Chapter VII Section 21 authorizes the State Board of Commerce and Industry to create a ten (10) year ad valorem tax abatement program for new manufacturing establishments in the State. Under the terms of this program, qualified businesses may apply for an exemption of local ad valorem taxes on capital improvements and equipment related to manufacturing for the first ten years of its operation; after which the property will be added to the local tax roll and taxed at the value and millage in force at that time. The future value to this exempt property could be subject to significant fluctuations from today's value; however, the Assessor could receive a substantial increase in ad valorem tax revenues once the exemption on this property expires. At December 31, 2021, the Assessor's ad valorem revenues were reduced by \$843,628 as a result of these abatements.

(13) Memorandum of Understanding with Shell Oil Company

On October 6, 2021, St. James Parish Assessor entered into a memorandum of understanding with Equilon Enterprises LLC and Triton Terminating, both subsidiaries of Shell Oil Company, regarding the assessed value of the shuttered Convent Refinery. The agreement became effective for tax year 2021 and expires during the 2023 tax year. The assessed value for each year, the corresponding tax liability, and the estimated amount of ad valorem taxes for the St. James Parish Assessor is as follows:

Year Ended December 31	Total Assessed Value	Total Tax Liability	Assessor's Portion of Estimated Ad Valorem Taxes
2021	\$ 130,000,000	\$ 17,400,000	\$ 385,341
2022	85,000,000	10,000,000	221,460
2023	37,000,000	4,500,000	99,657

(14) Litigation

As of December 31, 2021, the Assessor was not involved in any litigation.

(15) Subsequent Events

As a result of the spread of the COVID-19 coronavirus, economic uncertainties have arisen which may impact the Assessor's ongoing operations; however, the extent and severity of the potential impact is unknown at this time.

**REQUIRED
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
Convent, Louisiana

Budgetary Comparison Schedule
General Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Revenues:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,275,000	\$ 1,456,041	\$ 1,416,464	\$ (39,577)
Intergovernmental revenues -				
State revenue sharing	12,000	11,577	11,490	(87)
Payments in lieu of taxes	30,000	38,697	19,955	(18,742)
Interest income	17,000	14,038	7,670	(6,368)
Miscellaneous income	40,000	35,632	21,977	(13,655)
Total revenues	<u>1,374,000</u>	<u>1,555,985</u>	<u>1,477,556</u>	<u>(78,429)</u>
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government:				
Personnel services and and related benefits	879,000	892,265	887,751	4,514
Operating services	81,000	55,398	71,999	(16,601)
Materials and supplies	326,000	299,447	274,921	24,526
Capital outlay	-	48,200	53,079	(4,879)
Total expenditures	<u>1,286,000</u>	<u>1,295,310</u>	<u>1,287,750</u>	<u>7,560</u>
Excess of revenues over expenditures	88,000	260,675	189,806	(70,869)
Fund balance, beginning of year	<u>5,255,536</u>	<u>5,255,536</u>	<u>5,255,536</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balance, ending of year	<u>\$ 5,343,536</u>	<u>\$ 5,516,211</u>	<u>\$ 5,445,342</u>	<u>\$ (70,869)</u>

See notes to required supplementary information.

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
Convent, Louisiana

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Service Cost	\$ 40,229	\$ 40,530	\$ 22,007	\$ 27,536
Interest	32,651	32,578	35,302	32,010
Differences between expected and actual experience	(14,761)	161,586	61,993	(11,949)
Changes of assumptions	17,207	136,945	219,997	(94,788)
Benefit payments	<u>(21,408)</u>	<u>(20,292)</u>	<u>(20,613)</u>	<u>(19,538)</u>
Net change in total OPEB liability	53,918	351,347	318,686	(66,729)
Total OPEB liability-beginning	<u>1,520,046</u>	<u>1,168,699</u>	<u>850,013</u>	<u>916,742</u>
Total OPEB liability-ending	<u>\$ 1,573,964</u>	<u>\$ 1,520,046</u>	<u>\$ 1,168,699</u>	<u>\$ 850,013</u>
Covered employee payroll	\$ 577,805	\$ 560,976	\$ 553,600	\$ 537,476
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered -employee payroll	272.40%	270.96%	211.11%	158.15%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See notes to required supplementary information.

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
Convent, Louisiana

Louisiana Assessors' Retirement and Relief Fund
Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Plan/fiscal Year end	Employer Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Employer Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Employer's Covered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
9/30/2015	0.947327%	\$ 495,758	\$ 460,638	107.6%	85.57%
9/30/2016	0.982161%	346,575	486,816	71.2%	90.68%
9/30/2017	1.012482%	177,661	559,110	31.8%	95.61%
9/30/2018	1.129719%	219,622	497,968	44.1%	95.46%
9/30/2019	1.196031%	315,491	532,101	59.3%	94.12%
9/30/2020	1.207544%	184,484	555,101	33.2%	94.79%
9/30/2021	1.245328%	(409,415)	581,656	70.4%	106.48%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See notes to required supplementary information.

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
Convent, Louisiana

Louisiana Assessors' Retirement and Relief Fund
Schedule of Employer Contributions
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Year ended December 31,	Contractually Required Contribution	Contributions in Relation to Contractual Required Contributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Employer's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll
2015	\$ 55,269	\$ 55,269	\$ -	\$ 460,638	12.00%
2016	54,752	54,752	-	486,816	11.25%
2017	42,570	42,570	-	559,110	7.61%
2018	41,195	41,195	-	514,934	8.00%
2019	42,998	42,998	-	537,476	8.00%
2020	44,878	44,878	-	560,976	8.00%
2021	42,170	42,170	-	581,656	7.25%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See notes to required supplementary information.

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
Convent, Louisiana

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

(1) Budgetary and Budgetary Accounting

The Assessor follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. A proposed budget is prepared and submitted to the Assessor for the fiscal year no later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year.
- b. A summary of the proposed budget is published and the public is notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- c. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for a hearing.
- d. After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is legally adopted prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- e. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- f. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts included in the accompanying financial statements are as originally adopted or as finally amended by the Assessor. Such amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations.

(2) Pension Plan – Louisiana Assessors’ Retirement Fund

Changes of Assumptions – Changes of assumptions about future economic demographic factors or of other inputs were recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan. These assumptions include the rate of investment return, mortality of plan members, rate of salary increase, rates of retirement, rates of termination, rates of disability, and various other factors that have an impact on the cost of the plan.

(3) Other Postemployment Benefits

Changes of assumptions – The discount rate at December 31, 2021 was 2.06%, a decrease of .06% from the discount rate measured at December 31, 2020.

(3) Excess of Revenues over Appropriations

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Assessor had actual expenditures over appropriations at the functional level as follows:

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance</u>
Capital outlay	\$ -	\$ 48,200	\$ 53,079	\$ (4,879)

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
Convent, Louisiana

Comparative Statement of Net Position
December 31, 2021 and 2020

	Governmental Activities	
	2021	2020
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 1,519,684	\$ 2,087,227
Investments	2,488,460	2,087,159
Revenue receivable, net	1,486,636	1,096,339
Total current assets	5,494,780	5,270,725
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets, net	59,328	16,783
Net pension asset	409,415	-
Total noncurrent assets	468,743	16,783
Total assets	5,963,523	5,287,508
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB	479,712	513,070
Deferred outflows of resources - pension	479,117	447,048
Total deferred outflows of resources	958,829	960,118
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	10,474	15,189
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Compensated absences	9,680	8,935
Other postemployment benefits payable	1,573,964	1,520,046
Net pension liability	-	184,484
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,583,644	1,713,465
Total liabilities	1,594,118	1,728,654
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	93,174	86,723
Deferred inflows of resources - pension	761,099	292,471
Total deferred inflows of resources	854,273	379,194
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	59,328	16,783
Unrestricted	4,414,633	4,122,995
Total net position	\$ 4,473,961	\$ 4,139,778

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
Convent, Louisiana

Comparative Balance Sheet
General Fund
December 31, 2021 and 2020

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
ASSETS		
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 1,519,684	\$ 2,087,227
Investments	2,488,460	2,087,159
Revenue receivable-		
Ad valorem taxes, net of allowance for uncollectible taxes (2021 - \$29,900, 2020 - \$15,262)	1,463,003	1,062,380
Payments in lieu of taxes	17,898	21,706
Accrued interest	<u>5,735</u>	<u>12,253</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 5,494,780</u>	<u>\$ 5,270,725</u>
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	<u>\$ 10,474</u>	<u>\$ 15,189</u>
Deferred inflows of resources:		
Unavailable revenue - ad valorem taxes	<u>38,964</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balance:		
Unassigned	<u>5,445,342</u>	<u>5,255,536</u>
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$ 5,494,780</u>	<u>\$ 5,270,725</u>

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
Convent, Louisiana

Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance
General Fund
For the Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Revenues:		
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,416,464	\$ 1,509,913
Intergovernmental revenues -		
State revenue sharing	11,490	11,367
Payments in lieu of taxes	19,955	61,478
Interest income	7,670	29,919
Miscellaneous income	21,977	75,128
Total revenues	<u>1,477,556</u>	<u>1,687,805</u>
Expenditures:		
Current -		
General government:		
Personnel services and and related benefits	887,751	863,208
Operating services	71,999	74,418
Materials and supplies	274,921	354,109
Capital Outlay	53,079	-
Total expenditures	<u>1,287,750</u>	<u>1,291,735</u>
Excess of revenues over expenditures	189,806	396,070
Fund balance, beginning of year	<u>5,255,536</u>	<u>4,859,466</u>
Fund balance, ending of year	<u>\$ 5,445,342</u>	<u>\$ 5,255,536</u>

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
Convent, Louisiana

Schedule of Expenditures Compared to Budget (GAAP Basis)
General Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021
With Comparative Actual Amounts for Year Ended December 31, 2020

	2021		Actual	Variance - Favorable (Unfavorable)	2020 Actual
	Budget				
	Original	Final			
Current:					
Personnel services and related benefits -					
Salaries:					
Assessor	\$ 131,796	\$ 131,796	\$ 131,796	\$ -	\$ 131,796
Salaries and related benefits	555,245	565,280	561,863	3,417	538,483
Allowance	13,180	13,180	13,180	-	13,180
Deferred compensation	21,734	22,127	21,996	131	21,996
Group insurance	112,695	114,731	114,038	693	112,875
Pension	44,350	45,151	44,878	273	44,878
Total personnel services and related benefits	<u>879,000</u>	<u>892,265</u>	<u>887,751</u>	<u>4,514</u>	<u>863,208</u>
Operating services -					
Professional fees	56,876	39,330	51,918	(12,588)	59,724
Advertising	5,527	3,822	5,045	(1,223)	885
Insurance	4,945	3,419	4,515	(1,096)	4,515
Telephone	6,000	3,535	3,536	(1)	5,179
Travel and conference	7,652	5,292	6,985	(1,693)	4,115
Total operating services	<u>81,000</u>	<u>55,398</u>	<u>71,999</u>	<u>(16,601)</u>	<u>74,418</u>
Materials and supplies -					
Office supplies and expense	21,000	25,827	14,662	11,165	13,245
Computer services and supplies	263,736	250,265	242,167	8,098	253,776
Automobile supplies and maintenance	35,000	17,411	12,338	5,073	81,989
Dues and subscriptions	5,616	5,329	5,153	176	4,167
Miscellaneous	648	615	601	14	932
Total materials and supplies	<u>326,000</u>	<u>299,447</u>	<u>274,921</u>	<u>24,526</u>	<u>354,109</u>
Capital Outlay	-	48,200	53,079	(4,879)	-
Total expenditures	<u>\$ 1,286,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,295,310</u>	<u>\$ 1,287,750</u>	<u>\$ 7,560</u>	<u>\$ 1,291,735</u>

**INTERNAL CONTROL,
COMPLIANCE, AND
OTHER MATTERS**

KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Honorable Glenn Waguespack
St. James Parish Assessor
Convent, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of St. James Parish Assessor (the Assessor), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Assessor's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 10, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Assessor's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Assessor's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Assessor's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. *A material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying summary schedule of current and prior year audit findings and corrective action plan as items 2021-001 and 2021-002 which we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Assessor's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

St. James Parish Assessor's Response to Findings

The Assessor's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying summary schedule of current and prior year audit findings and corrective action plan. The Assessor's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Although the intended use of this report may be limited under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 44:6.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana
June 10, 2022

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
Convent, Louisiana

Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Findings
and Management's Corrective Action Plan
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Part I. Current Year Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan

A. Internal Control Findings -

2021-001 Inadequate Segregation of Accounting Functions

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: Unknown

CONDITION: The Organization did not have adequate segregation of functions within the accounting system.

CRITERIA: The Organization should have a control policy according to which no person should be given responsibility for more than one related function.

CAUSE: Due to the size of the Organization, there are a small number of available employees.

EFFECT: The Organization has employees that are performing more than one related function.

RECOMMENDATION: The Organization should establish and monitor mitigating controls over functions that are not completely segregated.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTION ACTION PLAN: Due to the size of the operations and the cost-benefit of additional personnel, it may not be feasible to achieve complete segregation of duties.

2021-002 Inadequate Controls Over Financial Statement Preparation

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2021

CONDITION: The Assessor should be able to record financial transactions and prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

CRITERIA: The Assessor does not have a staff person who has the qualifications and training necessary to apply GAAP in recording the Assessor's financial transactions or preparing its financial statements, including the notes.

CAUSE: The Assessor does not have the personnel with the qualifications needed to perform this function.

EFFECT: The Assessor's financials transactions and financial statements may not be prepared in accordance with GAAP.

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
Convent, Louisiana

Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Findings
and Management's Corrective Action Plan (Continued)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

RECOMMENDATION: The Assessor should outsource this task to ensure the financial statements and transactions are in accordance with GAAP.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTION ACTION PLAN: The Assessor has evaluated the cost vs. benefit of establishing internal controls over the preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP and determined that is in the best interest of the Assessor to outsource this task to its independent auditors, and to carefully review the draft financial statements and notes prior to approving them and accepting responsibility for their contents and presentation.

B. Compliance Findings -

There are no findings to report under this section.

Part II. Prior Year Findings

A. Internal Control Findings -

2020-001 Inadequate Segregation of Accounting Functions

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: Unknown

CONDITION: The Organization did not have adequate segregation of functions within the accounting system.

RECOMMENDATION: The Organization should establish and monitor mitigating controls over functions that are not completely segregated.

CURRENT STATUS: Unresolved. See finding 2021-001.

B. Compliance Findings -

There are no findings to report under this section.

ST. JAMES PARISH ASSESSOR
Convent, Louisiana

Agreed-Upon Procedures Report

Year Ended December 31, 2021

KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

St. James Parish Assessor
and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021. The Assessor's management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

St. James Parish Assessor has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

Written Policies and Procedures

1. We obtained and inspected the Assessor's written policies and procedures and observed that they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and the Assessor's operations:
 - a) **Budgeting**, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.
 - b) **Purchasing**, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.
 - c) **Disbursements**, including processing, reviewing, and approving.
 - d) **Receipts/Collections**, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g. periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).

- e) *Payroll/Personnel*, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee(s) rate of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.
- f) *Contracting*, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.
- g) *Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable)*, including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).
- h) *Travel and expense reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.
- i) *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.
- j) *Debt Service*, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.
- k) *Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity*, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.
- l) *Sexual Harassment*, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

Board or Finance Committee

(The Assessor does not have a Board or Finance Committee; therefore, this procedure is not applicable.)

2. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:
 - a) Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
 - b) Observe that the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the General Fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds.
 - c) Obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. If the General Fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unrestricted fund balance in the General Fund.

Bank Reconciliations

3. We obtained a listing of the Assessor's bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. We asked management to identify the Assessor's main operating account. We selected the Assessor's main operating account and randomly selected 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). We randomly selected one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for selected accounts, and observed that:
 - a) Bank reconciliations included evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged);
 - b) Bank reconciliations included evidence that a member of management/board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and
 - c) Management has documentation reflecting that it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

Collections (excluding electronic fund transfers)

4. We obtained a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).
5. For each deposit site selected, we obtained a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected one collection location for each deposit site (i.e. 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtained and inspected written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, inquired of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observed that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:
 - a) Employees that are responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers.
 - b) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g. pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit.
 - c) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.
 - d) The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee verifies the reconciliation.
6. We obtained from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. We observed the bond or insurance policy for theft was enforced during the fiscal period.

7. We randomly selected two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for procedure #3 under "Bank Reconciliations" above (selected the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly selected a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). *Alternately, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc.* We obtained supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:
 - a) Observed that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.
 - b) Traced sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.
 - c) Traced the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.
 - d) Observed that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).
 - e) Traced the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

8. We obtained a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing was complete. We randomly selected 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).
9. For each location selected under #8 above, we obtained a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. We obtained written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties), and we observed that job duties are properly segregated such that:
 - a) At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase.
 - b) At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.
 - c) The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.
 - d) Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.
10. For each location selected under #8 above, we obtained the Assessor's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and we obtained management's representation that the population is complete. We randomly selected 5 disbursements for each location, we obtained supporting documentation for each transaction and:
 - a) We observed whether the disbursement matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity.
 - b) We observed that the disbursement documentation includes evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #9, as applicable.

Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

11. We obtained from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. We obtained management's representation that the listing is complete.

12. Using the listing prepared by management, we randomly selected 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. We randomly selected one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, we randomly selected one monthly bank statement), we obtained supporting documentation, and:
 - a) We observed that there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) was reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved), by someone other than the authorized card holder.
 - b) We observed that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.
13. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, excluding fuel cards, we randomly selected 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (i.e. each card should have 10 transactions subject to testing). For each transaction, we observed that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, we described the nature of the transaction and noted whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a “missing receipt statement” that is subject to increased scrutiny.

Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

14. We obtained from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management’s representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. We randomly selected 5 reimbursements, we obtained the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:
 - a) If reimbursed using a per diem, we observed the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov).
 - b) If reimbursed using actual costs, we observed that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.
 - c) We observed that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, we observed that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by written policy (procedure #1h).
 - d) We observed that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

Contracts

15. We obtained from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. *Alternately, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list.* We obtained management’s representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner’s contract, and:
 - a) We observed that the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.
 - b) We observed that the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g., Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter).

- c) If the contract was amended (e.g., change order), we observed that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, was approval documented).
- d) We randomly selected one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, we obtained the supporting invoice, agreed the invoice to the contract terms, and observed that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

Payroll and Personnel

- 16. We obtained a listing of employees/elected officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected 5 employees/officials, we obtained related paid salaries and personnel files, and we agreed paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.
- 17. We randomly selected one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees/officials selected under #16 above, we obtained attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:
 - a) We observed that all selected employees/officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory). (Note: Generally, an elected official is not eligible to earn leave and does not document his/her attendance and leave. However, if the elected official is earning leave according to policy and/or contract, the official should document his/her daily attendance and leave.)
 - b) We observed that supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees/officials.
 - c) We observed that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the Assessor's cumulative leave records.
 - d) We observed the rate paid to the employees or officials agree to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.
- 18. We obtained a listing of those employees/officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. We randomly selected two employees/officials, we obtained related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the Assessor's policy on termination payments. We agreed the hours to the employee or officials' cumulate leave records, agreed the pay rates to the employee/officials' authorized pay rates in the employee or officials' personnel files, and agreed the termination payment to entity policy.
- 19. We obtained management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

Ethics

- 20. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, we obtained ethics documentation from management, and:
 - a) We observed that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the fiscal period.
 - b) We observed whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.

Debt Service

(The Assessor has not issued any debt during the fiscal period; therefore, this procedure is not applicable.)

21. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued.
22. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

Fraud Notice

23. We obtained a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing was complete. We selected all misappropriations on the listing, obtained supporting documentation, and observed that the Assessor reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the Assessor is domiciled.
24. Observed that the Assessor has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

25. We performed the following procedures, **verbally discussed the results with management, and reported "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management."**
 - a) We obtained and inspected the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observed that such backup occurred within the past week. If backups are stored on a physical medium (e.g., tapes, CDs), we observed evidence that backups are encrypted before being transported.
 - b) We obtained and inspected the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observed evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.
 - c) We obtained a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected 5 computers and observed while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.

Sexual Harassment

26. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, we obtained sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observed the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year.

27. We observed the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).
28. We obtained the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observed that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observed it includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
 - a) Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;
 - b) Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;
 - c) Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;
 - d) Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and
 - e) Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

Exceptions:

No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedures listed above except:

Written Policies and Procedures

1. The Assessor's written policies and procedures do not include sufficient information regarding how vendors are added to the vendor list.

Management's response:

The Assessor will update the written policies and procedures to include sufficient information on how vendors are added to the vendor list.

2. The Assessor's written policies and procedures do not include sufficient information on management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue.

Management's response:

The Assessor will update the written policies and procedures to include information regarding management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue.

3. The Assessor's written policies and procedures do not include sufficient information on the payroll process including: (a) approval process for employees' rate of pay, (b) approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules, and (c) how payroll timesheets and attendance records including leave and overtime are reviewed and approved.

Management's response:

The Assessor will update the written policies and procedures to include information regarding the payroll approval process for employees' rate of pay and how payroll timesheets are reviewed and approved.

4. The Assessor's written policies and procedures do not include sufficient information regarding types of services required for written contracts, standard terms and conditions, legal review, and how contracts are approved and monitored.

Management's response: The Assessor will establish written policies and procedures to include information regarding types of services required for written contracts, standard terms and conditions, legal review, and how contracts are approved and monitored.

5. The Assessor's written policies and procedures do not include sufficient information regarding ethics including the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute 42:111-1121, actions taken if an ethics violation takes place, system to monitor possible ethics violations, and requirements that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.

Management's response: The Assessor will establish written policies and procedures regarding ethics including the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute 42:111-1121, actions taken if an ethics violation takes place, system to monitor possible ethics violations, and requirements that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.

6. The Assessor's written policies and procedures do not include sufficient information regarding information technology disaster recovery/business continuity, which includes identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, storage backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, use of antivirus software on all systems, timely application of all available systems and software patches/updates, identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.

Management's response: The Assessor will establish written policies and procedures to include information regarding information technology disaster recovery/business continuity, which includes identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, storage backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, use of antivirus software on all systems, timely application of all available systems and software patches/updates, identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.

Disbursements

7. Of the 5 disbursements selected, 2 disbursements have no evidence of approval before the item was purchased.

Management's response: Management will ensure that evidence of an approval for purchase orders occurs before items are purchased.

Credit Cards

8. Of the 4 credit card statements selected, 1 credit card statement was not reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the authorized card holder.

Management's response: Management will ensure that all credit card transactions are reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the authorized card holder.

9. Of the 4 transactions selected, 1 transaction was unable to be located to trace that the transaction was supported by an original itemized receipt and obtain written documentation of its purpose.

Management's response: Management will ensure that all transactions are supported by an original itemized receipt with written documentation of its purpose.

Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements

10. Of the 5 travel and travel-related reimbursements selected, 4 were not supported by an original itemized receipt.

Management's response: Management will implement a policy requiring all employees to turn in original itemized receipts if reimbursed using actual cost.

Payroll and Personnel

11. Of the 5 employee payroll timesheets selected, no written documentation exists noting supervisor approval of attendance or sick leave.

Management's response: Management will establish policies and procedures to ensure there is written documentation for supervisors reviewing and approving time and attendance records including sick leave and overtime.

We were engaged by St. James Parish Assessor to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of St. James Parish Assessor and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana
June 10, 2022