

**CITY COURT OF OAKDALE AND WARD 5
OF ALLEN PARISH, LOUISIANA**

Oakdale, Louisiana

Financial Report

Year Ended December 31, 2025

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Luke Abrusley, Judge
City Court of Oakdale and
Ward 5 of Allen Parish, Louisiana
Oakdale, Louisiana

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City Court of Oakdale and Ward 5 of Allen Parish, Louisiana (hereinafter "Court"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Court's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Court as of December 31, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Court and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Court's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Governmental Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Court's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Court's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedules, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability, and the schedule of employer contributions on pages 39 through 43 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Court has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Court's basic financial statements. The accompanying justice system funding schedule is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the justice system funding schedule is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 18, 2026, on our consideration of the Court's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Court's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Court's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Ville Platte, Louisiana
June 18, 2026

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**GOVERNMENT-WIDE
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)**

CITY COURT OF OAKDALE AND WARD 5 OF ALLEN PARISH, LOUISIANA
Oakdale, Louisiana

Statement of Net Position
December 31, 2025

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
 ASSETS	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 401,894
Receivables	12,499
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	<u>149,899</u>
Total assets	<u>564,292</u>
 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension plan	<u>3,106</u>
 LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts and other payables	4,618
Interest payable	420
Bonds due within one year	14,000
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Bonds due after one year	98,000
Net pension liability	<u>25,200</u>
Total liabilities	<u>142,238</u>
 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension plan	<u>4,620</u>
 NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	37,899
Unrestricted	<u>382,641</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ 420,540</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

CITY COURT OF OAKDALE AND WARD 5 OF ALLEN PARISH, LOUISIANA
Oakdale, Louisiana

Statement of Activities
Year Ended December 31, 2025

Activities	Expenses	Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities
		Fees, Fines, and Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	
Governmental activities:				
General government	<u>\$ 412,138</u>	<u>\$ 130,240</u>	<u>\$ 293,506</u>	<u>\$ 11,608</u>
		General revenues:		
		Miscellaneous		<u>880</u>
		Change in net position		12,488
		Net position - beginning, as restated		<u>408,052</u>
		Net position - ending		<u>\$ 420,540</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

MAJOR FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with governments which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

Building Fund

To account for the receipt and use of fines collected for the purchase and maintenance of the City Court building.

CITY COURT OF OAKDALE AND WARD 5 OF ALLEN PARISH, LOUISIANA
Oakdale, Louisiana

Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
December 31, 2025

	<u>General</u>	<u>Building Fund</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
ASSETS			
Assets:			
Cash	\$ 315,656	\$ 86,238	\$ 401,894
Receivables	10,860	1,639	12,499
Due from other funds	<u>2,520</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,520</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 329,036</u>	<u>\$ 87,877</u>	<u>\$ 416,913</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 2,990	-	\$ 2,990
Accrued payroll liabilities	1,628	-	1,628
Due to other funds	<u>-</u>	<u>2,520</u>	<u>2,520</u>
Total liabilities	<u>4,618</u>	<u>2,520</u>	<u>7,138</u>
Fund balances:			
Assigned	-	85,357	85,357
Unassigned	<u>324,418</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>324,418</u>
Total fund balances	<u>324,418</u>	<u>85,357</u>	<u>409,775</u>
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 329,036</u>	<u>\$ 87,877</u>	<u>\$ 416,913</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

CITY COURT OF OAKDALE AND WARD 5 OF ALLEN PARISH, LOUISIANA

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet
to the Statement of Net Position
December 31, 2025

Total fund balances for governmental funds at December 31, 2025		\$ 409,775
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:		
Capital assets, net of \$94,654 accumulated depreciation		149,899
The deferred outflows of contributions to the retirement system are not a use of current resources, and therefore, are not reported in the funds.		3,106
Some liabilities are not due and payable from current financial resources and are, therefore not reported in the funds. These liabilities consist of the following:		
Bonds payable	\$ (112,000)	
Accrued interest payable	(420)	
Net pension liability	<u>(25,200)</u>	(137,620)
The deferred inflows of contributions to the retirement system are not payable from available resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		<u>(4,620)</u>
Total net position of governmental activities at December 31, 2025		<u>\$ 420,540</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

CITY COURT OF OAKDALE AND WARD 5 OF ALLEN PARISH, LOUISIANA
Oakdale, Louisiana

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2025

	<u>General</u>	<u>Building Fund</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Revenues:			
Fees, charges and commissions -			
Court costs, fees, and fines	\$ 109,500	\$ 20,740	\$ 130,240
Intergovernmental	293,506	-	293,506
Other income	880	-	880
Total revenues	<u>403,886</u>	<u>20,740</u>	<u>424,626</u>
Expenditures:			
Current-			
General government-			
Dues and subscriptions	4,916	-	4,916
Insurance	287	-	287
Office	13,864	-	13,864
Payroll taxes	13,255	-	13,255
Postage	2,767	-	2,767
Professional fees	28,215	-	28,215
Repairs and maintenance	236	-	236
Retirement	66,837	-	66,837
Salaries	235,779	-	235,779
Telephone and utilities	15,615	-	15,615
Continuing education	5,027	-	5,027
Travel	7,195	-	7,195
Other	6,622	-	6,622
Debt service	-	18,333	18,333
Total expenditures	<u>400,615</u>	<u>18,333</u>	<u>418,948</u>
Net change in fund balances	3,271	2,407	5,678
Fund balances, beginning, as restated	<u>321,147</u>	<u>82,950</u>	<u>404,097</u>
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$ 324,418</u>	<u>\$ 85,357</u>	<u>\$ 409,775</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

CITY COURT OF OAKDALE AND WARD 5 OF ALLEN PARISH, LOUISIANA

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
to the Statement of Activities
Year Ended December 31, 2025

Total net changes in fund balances for the year ended December 31, 2025 per the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances	\$ 5,678
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2025	(7,335)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized in the statement of activities over multiple periods. Repayment of long-term debt	13,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Net pension liability	1,096
Difference between interest on long-term debt on modified accrual basis versus interest on long-term debt on accrual basis	<u>49</u>
Total changes in net position for the year ended December 31, 2025 per the statement of activities	<u>\$ 12,488</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

CITY COURT OF OAKDALE AND WARD 5 OF ALLEN PARISH, LOUISIANA
Oakdale, Louisiana

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
Fiduciary Funds
December 31, 2025

	<u>Custodial Funds</u>
 ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 165,835
Receivables	<u>8,487</u>
 Total assets	 <u>174,322</u>
 LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	<u>43,809</u>
 NET POSITION	
Restricted for individuals, organizations, other governments	 <u>\$ 130,513</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

CITY COURT OF OAKDALE AND WARD 5 OF ALLEN PARISH, LOUISIANA
Oakdale, Louisiana

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
Fiduciary Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2025

	<u>Custodial Funds</u>
Additions:	
Fines and court costs	\$411,350
Cash bonds	<u>3,550</u>
Total additions	<u>414,900</u>
Deductions:	
Deposits settled to -	
State agencies	54,859
Clerk of Court	3,195
Police Jury	38,423
District Attorney	15,124
City of Oakdale	168,652
Ward Marshal	67,991
Indigent defender board	94,001
Other	<u>1,819</u>
Total deductions	<u>444,064</u>
Net change in fiduciary net position	(29,164)
Net position - beginning	<u>159,677</u>
Net position - ending	<u>\$130,513</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

CITY COURT OF OAKDALE AND WARD 5
OF ALLEN PARISH, LOUISIANA
Oakdale, Louisiana

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

INTRODUCTION

As provided by LSA-RS 13:1871 et seq, the City Court of Oakdale and Ward 5 of Allen Parish, Louisiana (the “Court”) accounts for the operation of the Court’s office. The Court’s jurisdiction extends throughout Ward 5 of Allen Parish in which the City of Oakdale is located. The Court officials include the City Court Judge (elected for a term of six years) and the City Clerk (appointed by the City Court Judge). The City Court Judge assesses court costs in civil and criminal matters including traffic violations. These costs are utilized in the operation of the Court. Costs are deposited into separate special accounts of the Court.

The accounting and reporting policies of the Court conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. Such accounting and reporting procedures also conform to the requirements of the industry audit guide, *Audits of State and Local Governmental Units*.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying basic financial statements of the Court have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this note.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the Court includes all funds and activities that are controlled by the City Court Judge. As an independently elected official, the City Court Judge is solely responsible for the operations of his office, which includes the hiring and retention of employees, authority over budgeting, responsibility for deficits, and the receipt and disbursement of funds. Other than certain operating expenditures of the Court that are paid or provided by the City of Oakdale as required by Louisiana law, Court is financially independent. Accordingly, the Court is a separate government reporting entity.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Court as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the Court. Information contained in these statements reflects the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange or exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange occurs (regardless of when cash is received or disbursed). Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions*.

CITY COURT OF OAKDALE AND WARD 5
OF ALLEN PARISH, LOUISIANA
Oakdale, Louisiana

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the Court's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) court costs, fees, and fines paid by the recipients of services offered by the Court, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirement of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The Court uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain Court functions and activities. A fund is defined as a separate fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the Court are classified into two categories: governmental and fiduciary. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the entity or its total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures of the individual governmental fund is at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds. The General Fund and Building Special Revenue Fund of the Court are considered to be major funds.

The funds of the Court are described below:

Governmental Funds –

General Fund – This fund is the primary operating fund of the Court and is used to account for the operations of the Court's office. The General Fund is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred in accordance with state and federal laws and according to the Court's policy.

Building Fund – This fund is used to account for the receipt and use of fines collected for the purchase and maintenance of a building.

Fiduciary Funds –

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or custodial capacity for others and therefore are not available to support the Court's programs. The Court has adopted GASB No. 84 for the reporting and classification of its fiduciary activities. Fiduciary reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and are reported using the accrual basis of accounting.

The Court's fiduciary funds (custodial) are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements. Because, by definition, these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other governments, private parties, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the Court, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements. The custodial funds of the Court are as follows:

CITY COURT OF OAKDALE AND WARD 5
OF ALLEN PARISH, LOUISIANA
Oakdale, Louisiana

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Fines and Restitution Fund – accounts for funds held pending adjudication to be distributed to others.

Civil Court Fund – accounts for deposits on civil and small claims matters held pending adjudication to be distributed to other.

Cash Bond Fund – accounts for bonds collected prior to arraignment and assignment to the Court docket.

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe “which” transactions are recorded with the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to “when” transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b. below. In the fund financial statements, the “current financial resources” measurement focus or the “economic resources” measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. Governmental funds utilize a “current financial resources” measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on its balance sheet. Their operating statement presents sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. This fund uses fund balance as its measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of a period.
- b. The government-wide financial statement utilizes an “economic resources” measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), and financial position. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources (whether current or noncurrent) associated with its activities are reported. Government-wide fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, the governmental activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. The types of transactions reported as program revenues for the Court are reported in two categories: 1) charges for services and 2) operating grants and contributions.

CITY COURT OF OAKDALE AND WARD 5
OF ALLEN PARISH, LOUISIANA
Oakdale, Louisiana

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures (including capital outlay) generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

Cash and interest-bearing deposits

For purposes of the statement of net position, cash and interest-bearing deposits include all demand accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the Court.

The Court has established the policy of including all short-term, highly liquid investments with maturities of 90 or fewer days in cash and cash equivalents. Under state law, the Court may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law or any other state of the United States, or under the laws of the United States.

Short-term interfund receivables/payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as due from other funds or due to other funds on the balance sheet. Short-term interfund loans are classified as interfund receivables/payables.

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at acquisition value at the date of donation. The Court maintains a threshold level of \$750 for capitalizing assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

CITY COURT OF OAKDALE AND WARD 5
OF ALLEN PARISH, LOUISIANA
Oakdale, Louisiana

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for public purposes, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Estimated useful lives</u>
Office furniture	5-7 years
Equipment	5-10 years
Improvements	10-20 years

Equity Classifications

Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components

1. Net investment in capital assets - consists of capital assets (including restricted capital assets), net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, certificates of indebtedness, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
2. Restricted - consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
3. Unrestricted - all other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

Fund financial statements

Fund balance for the Court's governmental funds is displayed depicting the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used. In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

1. Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
2. Restricted - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

CITY COURT OF OAKDALE AND WARD 5
OF ALLEN PARISH, LOUISIANA
Oakdale, Louisiana

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

3. Committed - amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal decision of the Judge, which is the highest level of decision-making authority.
4. Assigned - amounts the government intends to use for specific purposes determined by the Judge that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.
5. Unassigned - amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts can be reported only in the Court's General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Court considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Court considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Judge has provided otherwise in commitment or assignment actions.

E. Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

F. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses

Operating revenues and expenses are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. Revenues and fees, charges and commissions for services are recorded when the Court is entitled to the funds.

Interest on interest-bearing deposits is recorded or accrued as revenue when earned. Substantially all other revenues are recorded when received.

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function. In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified by character.

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

G. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (the Plan), and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

H. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(2) City Court Operations

Fines collected by the Court are required to be remitted to the City of Oakdale, Louisiana (City), when the prosecutions are on behalf of the City; to the Allen Parish Police jury when the prosecutions are on behalf of the state or parish; and to other various state agencies as required by law.

The City Court Judge assesses court costs in both criminal and civil cases under the authority of Louisiana Revised Statutes 13:2110, 13:841, and 13:1899. Costs collected in criminal matters (including traffic violations) are used to pay the operational expenses of the Court. Court costs collected in civil cases are paid to the City Court Judge, the Ward Marshal, and other agencies.

The City of Oakdale, Louisiana, and the Allen Parish Police Jury pay salary payments directly to the City Court Judge and the Court's employees. The Court supplements Court employees' salaries. The Court is provided office and courtroom space by the City of Oakdale, Louisiana, without charge.

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

(3) Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits

Under state law, the Court may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The Court may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes, or certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. At December 31, 2025, the Court has cash and cash equivalents (book balances) totaling \$567,729 as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Fiduciary Funds	Total
Demand deposits	\$ 351,184	\$ 165,835	\$ 517,019
Certificates of deposit	<u>50,710</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>50,710</u>
	<u>\$ 401,894</u>	<u>\$ 165,835</u>	<u>\$ 567,729</u>

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Court's deposits may not be recovered or the collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party will not be recovered. Under state law, deposits, (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or similar federal security or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank by a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. The following is a summary of deposit balances (bank balances) at December 31, 2025, and the related federal insurance and pledged securities:

Bank balances	<u>\$ 476,467</u>
Federal deposit insurance	\$ 408,799
Uninsured and collateralized by pledged securities	<u>67,668</u>
Total FDIC insurance and pledged securities	<u>\$ 476,467</u>

Deposits in the amount of \$67,668 were exposed to custodial credit risk. These deposits are uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent, but not in the Court's name. The Court does not have a policy to monitor or reduce exposure to custodial credit risk.

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

(4) Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2025 was as follows:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
Governmental activities:				
Buildings	\$ 163,800	\$ -	\$ -	\$163,800
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	80,753	-	-	80,753
Less: accumulated depreciation	<u>87,319</u>	<u>7,335</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>94,654</u>
Net capital assets	<u>\$ 157,234</u>	<u>\$ (7,335)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 149,899</u>

Depreciation expense of \$7,335 was charged to the general government function.

(5) Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of long-term liability transactions of the Court for the year ended December 31, 2025:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>	<u>Amount due in one year</u>
Long-term debt:					
Direct placements:					
Revenue bonds	<u>\$ 125,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 13,000</u>	<u>\$ 112,000</u>	<u>\$ 14,000</u>

Revenue bonds are associated with governmental activities and are liquidated by the Building Fund.

Bonds payable at December 31, 2025 is comprised of the following:

Governmental Activities -

Revenue bonds:

\$150,000 City Court Revenue Bond, Series 2022 due in annual installments of \$13,000 - \$14,000 through June 1, 2027; interest at 4.50 percent; secured by court costs.

\$ 112,000

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Annual debt service requirements of bonds outstanding are as follows:

<u>Year ending December 31,</u>	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	
	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2026	\$ 14,000	\$ 4,725
2027	<u>98,000</u>	<u>2,205</u>
Total	<u>\$ 112,000</u>	<u>\$ 6,930</u>

(6) On-Behalf Payments for Salaries and Benefits

GASB Statement No. 24, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Grants and Other Financial Assistance*, requires the Court to report in the financial statements on-behalf salary and fringe benefit payments made by the State of Louisiana, parish, and local governments to certain employees of the Court. Supplemental salary payments are made by the state, parish, and local governments directly to the Court's employees. The Court is not legally responsible for these salary and benefit payments. Therefore, the basis for recognizing the revenue and expenditures payments is the actual contributions made by the state, parish, and local governments. On-behalf salary and fringe benefit payments recorded as intergovernmental revenues and expenditures in the 2025 financial statements are as follows:

General Fund:

State of Louisiana - Judicial Branch	\$ 89,150
Allen Parish Police Jury	13,734
City of Oakdale	<u>166,127</u>
Total	<u>\$ 269,011</u>

Included in the above on-behalf payments are \$60,037 in employer pension contributions to pension plans for which the Court is not legally responsible. Those plans include the Louisiana State Employees Retirement System (\$30,017 in employer contributions) and the Municipal Employees Retirement System (\$30,020 in employer contributions).

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

(7) Retirement

A. *Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System*

The Court's judge participates in the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS). LASERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by Section 401 of Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes (LA R.S. 11:401) to provide retirement allowances and other benefits to eligible officers, employees, and their beneficiaries. The employer pensions schedules for the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Retirement Benefits

The age and years of creditable service required in order for a member to retire with full benefits are established by statute, and vary depending on the member's hire date, employer, and job classification. Our rank-and-file members hired prior to July 1, 2006, may either retire with full benefits at any age upon completing 30 years of creditable service, at age 55 upon completing 25 years of credible service, and at age 60 upon completing 10 years of creditable service depending on their plan. Those members hired between July 1, 2006 and June 30, 2015, may retire at age 60 upon completing five years of creditable service and those hired on or after July 1, 2015 may retire at age 62 upon completing five years of creditable service. The basic annual retirement benefit for members is equal to 2.5% to 3.5% of average compensation multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Additionally, members may choose to retire with 20 years of service at any age, with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Average compensation is defined as the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 36 consecutive months of employment for members employed prior to July 1, 2006. For members hired July 1, 2006 or later, average compensation is based on the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment. The maximum annual retirement benefit cannot exceed the lesser of 100% of average compensation or a certain specified dollar amount of actuarially determined monetary limits, which vary depending upon the member's age at retirement. Judges, court officers, and certain elected officials receive an additional annual retirement benefit equal to 1.0% of average compensation multiplied by the number of years of creditable service in their respective capacity. As an alternative to the basic retirement benefits, a member may elect to receive their retirement throughout their life, with certain benefits being paid to their designated beneficiary after their death.

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Act 992 of the 2010 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session changed the benefit structure for LASERS members hired on or after January 1, 2011. This resulted in three new plans: regular, hazardous duty, and judges. The new regular plan includes regular members and those members who were formerly eligible to participate in specialty plans, excluding hazardous duty and judges. Regular members and judges are eligible to retire at age 60 after five years of creditable service and, may also retire at any age, with a reduced benefit, after 20 years of creditable service. Hazardous duty members are eligible to retire with twelve years of creditable service at age 55, 25 years of creditable service at any age or with a reduced benefit after 20 years of creditable service. Average compensation will be based on the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment for all three new plans. Members in the regular plan will receive a 2.5% accrual rate, hazardous duty plan a 3.33% accrual rate, and judges a 3.5% accrual rate. The extra 1.0% accrual rate for each year of service for court officers, the governor, lieutenant governor, legislators, House clerk, sergeants at arms, or Senate secretary, employed after January 1, 2011, was eliminated by Act 992. Specialty plan and regular members hired prior to January 1, 2011, who are hazardous duty employees have the option to transition to the new hazardous duty plan.

Act 226 of the 2014 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session established new retirement eligibility for members of LASERS hired on or after July 1, 2015, excluding hazardous duty plan members. Regular members and judges under the new plan are eligible to retire at age 62 after five years of creditable service and, may also retire at any age, with a reduced benefit, after 20 years of creditable service. Average compensation will be based on the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment. Members in the regular plan will receive a 2.5% accrual rate, and judges a 3.5% accrual rate, with the extra 1.0% accrual rate based on all years of service as a judge.

Members of the Harbor Police Retirement System who were members prior to July 1, 2014, may retire after 25 years of creditable service at any age, 12 years of creditable service at age 55, 20 years of creditable service at age 45, and 10 years of creditable service at age 60. Average compensation for the plan is the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 36 consecutive months of employment, with a 3.33% accrual rate.

A member leaving employment before attaining minimum retirement age, but after completing certain minimum service requirements, becomes eligible for a benefit provided the member lives to the minimum service retirement age, and does not withdraw their accumulated contributions. The minimum service requirement for benefits varies depending upon the member's employer and service classification.

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Deferred Retirement Benefits

The State Legislature authorized LASERS to establish a Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP). When a member enters DROP, their status changes from active member to retiree even though they continue to work and draw their salary for a period of up to three years. The election is irrevocable once participation begins. During DROP participation, accumulated retirement benefits that would have been paid to each retiree are separately tracked. For members who entered DROP prior to January 1, 2004, interest at a rate of one-half percent less than the System's realized return on its portfolio (not to be less than zero) will be credited to the retiree after participation ends. At that time, the member must choose among available alternatives for the distribution of benefits that have accumulated in the DROP account. Members who enter DROP on or after January 1, 2004, are required to participate in LASERS Self-Directed Plan (SDP) which is administered by a third-party provider. The SDP allows DROP participants to choose from a menu of investment options for the allocation of their DROP balances. Participants may diversify their investments by choosing from an approved list of mutual funds with different holdings, management styles, and risk factors.

Members eligible to retire and who do not choose to participate in DROP may elect to receive at the time of retirement an initial benefit option (IBO) in an amount up to 36 months of benefits, with an actuarial reduction of their future benefits. For members who selected the IBO option prior to January 1, 2004, such amount may be withdrawn or remain in the IBO account earning interest at a rate of one-half percent less than the System's realized return on its portfolio (not to be less than zero). Those members who select the IBO on or after January 1, 2004, are required to enter the SDP as described above.

For members who are in the Harbor Police Plan, the annual DROP Interest Rate is the three-year average (calculated as the compound average of 36 months) investment return of the plan assets for the period ending the June 30th immediately preceding that given date. The average rate so determined is to be reduced by a "contingency" adjustment of 0.5%, but not to below zero. DROP interest is forfeited if member does not cease employment after DROP participation.

Disability Benefits

Generally, active members with ten or more years of credited service who become disabled may receive a maximum disability retirement benefit equivalent to the regular retirement formula without reduction by reason of age.

Upon reaching retirement age, the disability retiree may receive a regular retirement benefit by making application to the Board of Trustees.

For injuries sustained in the line of duty, hazardous duty personnel in the Hazardous Duty Services Plan will receive a disability benefit equal to 75% of final average compensation or 100% of the final average compensation if the injury was the result of an intentional act of violence.

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Members of the Harbor Police Retirement System who become disabled may receive a non-line of duty disability benefit after five years or more of credited service. Members age 55 or older may receive a disability benefit equivalent to the regular retirement benefit. Under age 55, the disability benefit is equal to 40% of final average compensation. Line of duty disability benefits are equal to 60% of final average compensation, regardless of years of credited service or 100% of final average compensation if the injury was an intentional act of violence. If the disability benefit retiree is permanently confined to a wheelchair, or, is an amputee incapable of serving as a law enforcement officer, or the benefit is permanently legally binding, there is no reduction to the benefit if the retiree becomes gainfully employed.

Survivor Benefits

Certain eligible surviving dependents receive benefits based on the deceased member's compensation and their relationship to the deceased. The deceased regular member hired before January 1, 2011 who was in state service at the time of death must have a minimum of five years of service credit, at least two of which were earned immediately prior to death, or who had a minimum of twenty years of service credit regardless of when earned in order for a benefit to be paid to a minor or handicapped child. Benefits are payable to an unmarried child until age 18, or age 23 if the child remains a full-time student. The aforementioned minimum service credit requirement is ten years for a surviving spouse with no minor children, and benefits are to be paid for life to the spouse or qualified handicapped child.

The deceased regular member hired on or after January 1, 2011, must have a minimum of five years of service credit regardless of when earned in order for a benefit to be paid to a minor child. The aforementioned minimum service credit requirements for a surviving spouse are 10 years, 2 years being earned immediately prior to death, and active state service at the time of death, or a minimum of 20 years of service credit regardless of when earned. A deceased member's spouse must have been married for at least one year before death.

A Hazardous Duty Services Plan member's surviving spouse and minor or handicapped or mentally incapacitated child or children are entitled to survivor benefits of 80% of the member's final average compensation if the member was killed in the line of duty. If the member dies in the line of duty as a result of an intentional act of violence, survivor benefits may be increased to 100% of the members final average compensation.

Non-line of duty survivor benefits of the Harbor Police Retirement System may be received after a minimum of five years of credited service. Survivor benefits paid to a surviving spouse without children are equal to 40% of final average compensation and cease upon remarriage. Surviving spouse with children under 18 benefits are equal to 60% of final average compensation, and cease upon remarriage, and children turning 18. No minimum service credit is required for line of duty survivor benefits which are equal to 60% of final average compensation to surviving spouse, or 100% of final average compensation if the injury was the result of an intentional act of violence regardless of children. Line of duty survivor benefits cease upon remarriage, and then benefit is paid to children under 18.

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Permanent Benefit Increases/Cost-of-Living Adjustments

As fully described in Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes, LASERS allows for the payment of permanent benefit increases, also known as cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) that are funded through investment earnings when recommended by the Board of Trustees and approved by the State Legislature.

Contributions

The employer contribution rate is established annually under La. R.S. 11:401-11:104 by the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee (PRSAC), taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's Actuary. Each plan pays a separate actuarially-determined employer contribution rate. However, all assets of LASERS are used for the payment of benefits for all classes of members, regardless of their plan membership. The rates for the year ended June 30, 2025, for the various plans are as follows:

Plan	Plan Status	Employer Rate
Appellate Law Clerks	Closed	34.74%
Appellate Law Clerks hired on or after 7/01/06	Open	34.74%
Alcohol Tobacco Control	Closed	35.77%
Bridge Police	Closed	33.68%
Bridge Police hired on or after 7/01/06	Closed	33.68%
Corrections Primary	Closed	32.35%
Corrections Secondary	Closed	37.91%
Harbor Police	Closed	40.39%
Hazardous Duty	Open	40.41%
Judges hired before 1/1/2011	Closed	40.17%
Judges hired after 12/31/2010	Closed	38.31%
Judges hired on or after 7/01/15	Open	38.31%
Legislators	Closed	30.67%
Optional Retirement Plan (ORP) before 7/01/06	Closed	32.39%
Optional Retirement Plan (ORP) on or after 7/01/06	Closed	32.39%
Peace Officers	Closed	35.58%
Regular Employees hired before 7/01/06	Closed	34.74%
Regular Employees hired on or after 7/01/06	Closed	34.74%
Regular Employees hired on or after 1/1/11	Closed	34.74%
Regular Employees hired on or after 7/1/15	Open	34.74%
Special Legislative Employees	Closed	32.67%
Wildlife Agents	Closed	46.38%
Aggregate Rate		35.42%

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

The Court's contractually required composite contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2025, was 38.31% of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year with an additional amount to finance any Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Court were \$5,536 for the year ended June 30, 2025.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2025, the Court reported a liability of \$25,200 for its proportionate share of the LASERS net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2025, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension obligation was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Court's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Court's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2025, the Court's proportion was 0.000559%, which was a decrease of 0.000011% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2024.

For the year ended December 31, 2025, the Court recognized pension expense (benefit) of \$4,051 in its governmental activities.

At December 31, 2025, the Court reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 350	\$ -
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	4,316
Change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	366	304
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>2,390</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 3,106</u>	<u>\$ 4,620</u>

Deferred outflows of resources of \$2,390 related to pensions resulting from Court's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the subsequent year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

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Year	
2026	\$ 611
2027	(2,134)
2028	(1,644)
2029	(737)
	<u>\$ (3,904)</u>

Contributions – Proportionate Share

Differences between contributions remitted to the System and the employer's proportionate share are recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with a pension through the pension plan. The resulting deferred inflow/outflow and amortization is not reflected in the Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer due to differences that could arise between contributions reported by the System and contributions reported by the participating employer.

Actuarial Assumptions

The net pension liability was measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2025 are as follows:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2025
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Expected Remaining Service Lives	2 years
Investment Rate of Return	7.25% per annum, net of investment expenses
Inflation Rate	2.4% per annum
Mortality Rates	Non-disabled members - The PubG-2010 Healthy Retiree on a fully generational basis by Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2021. Disabled members - Mortality rates based on the RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, with no projection for mortality improvement.
Termination, Disability, and Retirement	Termination, disability, and retirement assumptions were projected based on a five year (2019-2023) experience study of the System's members.

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Salary Increases

Salary increases were projected based on a 2019-2023 experience study of the System's members. The salary increase ranges for specific types of members are:

Member Type	Lower Range	Upper Range
Regular	3.3%	14.0%
Judges	2.4%	4.8%
Corrections	4.4%	15.3%
Hazardous Duty	4.4%	15.3%
Wildlife	4.4%	15.3%

Cost of Living Adjustments

The present value of future retirement benefits is based on benefits currently being paid by the System and includes previously granted cost of living increases. The projected benefit payments do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees as they were deemed not to be substantively automatic.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation of 2.40% and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The resulting expected long-term rate of return is 8.30% for 2025. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2025, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	0.85%
Domestic equity	4.42%
International equity	5.22%
Domestic fixed income	2.53%
International fixed income	5.37%
Alternative investments	7.43%
Total Fund	5.75%

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions from participating employers will be made at contractually required rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.25%) or one percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1.00% Decrease 6.25%	Current Discount Rate 7.25%	1.00% Increase 8.25%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	<u>\$ 38,361</u>	<u>\$ 25,200</u>	<u>\$ 16,438</u>

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Positions

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued LASERS 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report at www.lasersonline.org.

Payables to the Pension Plan

The Court recorded accrued liabilities totaling \$541 related to the pension plan for the year ended December 31, 2025.

B. Municipal Employees' Retirement System

On behalf of eligible employees, other than the City Court Judge, the City Court contributes to the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (the System), a cost-sharing multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan administered by a separate board of trustees. The System is composed of two distinct plans (Plan A and Plan B). Employees are members of Plan A.

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All permanent employees working at least 35 hours per week who are not covered by another pension plan and are paid wholly or in part from municipal funds are eligible to participate in the System. Under Plan A, employees who retire at or after age 60 with at least 10 years of creditable service, at or after age 55 with at least 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with at least 30 years of creditable service are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 3% of their final-average salary for each year of creditable service. Final-average salary is the employee's average salary over the 36 consecutive or joined months that produce the highest average. Employees who terminate with at least the amount of creditable service stated above, and do not withdraw their employee contributions, may retire at the ages specified above and receive the benefit accrued to their date of termination.

The System also provides death and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by state statute. The System issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana, 7937 Office Park Blvd., Baton Rouge, LA 70809, by calling (225) 925-4810, or online at www.mersla.com.

Under Plan A, members are required by state statute to contribute 10% percent of their annual covered salary for the year ended December 31, 2025. The Court is required by the same statute to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The rate was 29.5% for the year ended December 31, 2025. In addition, contributions to the System include 1/4th of one percent of the taxes shown to be collectible by the tax rolls of each respective parish, except Orleans Parish. The tax dollars are divided between Plan A and Plan B based proportionately on the salaries of active members of each plan. The contributions requirements of plan members and the Court are established and may be amended by state statute. As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The Court's contributions to Plan A of the System for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024, and 2023 were \$1,652, \$1,016, and \$1,042, respectively. There were no contributions payable to the plan at December 31, 2025.

(8) Compensation and Other Payments to Chief Officer

Act 706 of the 2014 Legislative Session amended R.S. 24:513(A) requiring additional disclosure of total compensation, reimbursements, benefits, or other payments made to an agency head or chief officer. Expenses paid to Judge Luke Abrusley for the year ended December 31, 2025 are as follows:

Wages	\$ 36,832
Benefits - Retirement	5,148
Benefits - Payroll taxes	220
Wages and benefits paid on behalf by:	
State of Louisiana - Judicial Branch	89,150
Allen Parish Police Jury	13,734
City of Oakdale	26,138
Reimbursements - Continuing education	2,984
Reimbursements - Dues	150
	<u>\$ 174,356</u>

CITY COURT OF OAKDALE AND WARD 5
OF ALLEN PARISH, LOUISIANA
Oakdale, Louisiana

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

(9) Risk Management

The Court is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; error and omissions; injuries to employees and the public; and natural disasters. The Court is covered by the City of Oakdale's commercial insurance, including workers' compensation and employee health and accident insurance. No claims from these risks have exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

(10) Expenditures of the City Court Paid by the City of Oakdale, Louisiana

The Court is located in Oakdale City Hall. The City of Oakdale, Louisiana, as required by statute, pays the cost of maintaining and operating the Court. These expenditures, except those noted in Note 6, are not included in the accompanying financial statements.

(11) Correction of an Error

During the year, the Court identified an error related to the overstatement of accounts and other payables in a prior year. To correct this error, the Court has restated its financial statements for prior periods. The cumulative effect of this error correction as of the beginning of the year is as follows:

- Governmental activities –
 - Net position: Increased by \$17,612
 - Accounts and other payables: Decreased by \$17,612
- General Fund –
 - Fund balance: Increased by \$17,612
 - Accrued payroll liabilities: Decreased by \$17,612

Financial Statement Line Item	FY2024		Adjustment
	As Previously Reported	FY2024 As Restated	
Governmental Activities:			
Net position	\$ 390,440	\$ 408,052	\$ 17,612
Accounts and other payables	18,042	430	(17,612)
General Fund:			
Fund balance	\$ 303,535	\$ 321,147	\$ 17,612
Accrued payroll liabilities	18,042	430	(17,612)

This correction was made in accordance with GASB Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*. Management has taken steps to prevent similar errors in the future by enhancing internal controls over the recording of accruals.

CITY COURT OF OAKDALE AND WARD 5
OF ALLEN PARISH, LOUISIANA
Oakdale, Louisiana

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)

(12) New Accounting Pronouncements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following pronouncements:

GASB Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*. The objective of this Statement is to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. This standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025. The effect of implementation on the Court's financial statements has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets*. The objective of this Statement is to provide users of governmental financial statements with essential information about certain types of capital assets in order to make informed decisions and assess accountability. This standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025, and all reporting periods thereafter. The effect of implementation on the Court's financial statements has not yet been determined.

**REQUIRED
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

CITY COURT OF OAKDALE AND WARD 5 OF ALLEN PARISH, LOUISIANA
Oakdale, Louisiana

Budgetary Comparison Schedule
General Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2025

	Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Revenues:				
Fees, charges and commissions -				
Court costs, fees, and fines	\$ 110,000	\$ 110,000	\$ 109,500	\$ (500)
Intergovernmental	300,000	300,000	293,506	(6,494)
Other income	<u>1,000</u>	<u>1,000</u>	<u>880</u>	<u>(120)</u>
Total revenues	<u>411,000</u>	<u>411,000</u>	<u>403,886</u>	<u>(7,114)</u>
Expenditures:				
Current-				
General government-				
Dues and subscriptions	5,000	5,000	4,916	84
Insurance	500	500	287	213
Office	17,500	17,500	13,864	3,636
Payroll taxes	15,000	15,000	13,255	1,745
Postage	3,000	3,000	2,767	233
Professional fees	30,000	30,000	28,215	1,785
Repairs and maintenance	500	500	236	264
Retirement	65,000	65,000	66,837	(1,837)
Salaries	235,000	235,000	235,779	(779)
Telephone and utilities	16,000	16,000	15,615	385
Continuing education	5,000	5,000	5,027	(27)
Travel	7,500	7,500	7,195	305
Other	<u>7,500</u>	<u>7,500</u>	<u>6,622</u>	<u>878</u>
Total expenditures	<u>407,500</u>	<u>407,500</u>	<u>400,615</u>	<u>6,885</u>
Net change in fund balance	3,500	3,500	3,271	(229)
Fund balance, beginning	<u>321,147</u>	<u>321,147</u>	<u>321,147</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ 324,647</u>	<u>\$ 324,647</u>	<u>\$ 324,418</u>	<u>\$ (229)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

CITY COURT OF OAKDALE AND WARD 5 OF ALLEN PARISH, LOUISIANA
Oakdale, Louisiana

Budgetary Comparison Schedule
Building Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2025

	<u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance Positive (Negative)</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
Revenues:				
Fees, charges and commissions -				
Court costs, fees, and fines	\$ 21,000	\$ 21,000	\$ 20,740	\$ (260)
Expenditures:				
Debt service	<u>18,333</u>	<u>18,333</u>	<u>18,333</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	2,667	2,667	2,407	(260)
Fund balance, beginning	<u>82,950</u>	<u>82,950</u>	<u>82,950</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ 85,617</u>	<u>\$ 85,617</u>	<u>\$ 85,357</u>	<u>\$ (260)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

CITY COURT OF OAKDALE AND WARD 5 OF ALLEN PARISH, LOUISIANA
Oakdale, Louisiana

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability
Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System
Year Ended December 31, 2025 *

Plan Year Ended June 30,	Employer Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Employer Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a)	Covered Payroll (b)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll (a/b)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2025	0.000559%	\$ 25,200	\$ 14,451	174.38%	79.30%
2024	0.000570%	30,943	12,416	249.22%	74.60%
2023	0.000448%	29,987	20,751	144.51%	68.40%
2022	0.000724%	54,733	14,201	385.42%	63.70%
2021	0.000753%	41,445	15,670	264.49%	72.80%
2020	0.000890%	73,609	17,604	418.14%	58.00%
2019	0.001000%	72,522	19,113	379.44%	62.90%
2018	0.001230%	84,226	22,589	372.86%	64.30%
2017	0.000900%	63,420	19,005	333.70%	62.54%
2016	0.000990%	77,348	17,456	443.10%	57.70%

* The amounts presented have a measurement date of June 30th of each fiscal year.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

CITY COURT OF OAKDALE AND WARD 5 OF ALLEN PARISH, LOUISIANA
Oakdale, Louisiana

Schedule of Employer Contributions
Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System
Year Ended December 31, 2025

Fiscal Year Ended Dec 31,	Contractually Required Contribution	Employer Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
2025	\$ 5,148	\$ 5,148	\$ -	\$ 13,982	36.82%
2024	5,758	5,758	-	13,801	41.72%
2023	7,878	7,878	-	17,977	43.82%
2022	6,902	6,902	-	15,889	43.44%
2021	6,276	6,276	-	14,268	43.99%
2020	8,077	8,077	-	19,029	42.45%
2019	8,136	8,136	-	19,689	41.32%
2018	9,058	9,058	-	22,589	40.10%
2017	7,616	7,616	-	19,577	38.90%
2016	6,370	6,370	-	16,740	38.05%

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

CITY COURT OF OAKDALE AND WARD 5
OF ALLEN PARISH, LOUISIANA
Oakdale, Louisiana

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

(1) Budgeting and Budgetary Accounting

The Court follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. A proposed budget is prepared and submitted to the City Court Judge for the fiscal year prior to the beginning of each fiscal year.
2. If proposed expenditures exceed \$500,000, a summary of the proposed budget is published, and the public is notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called, if required.
3. If required, a public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for a hearing.
4. After the holding of the public hearing, if required, and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is legally adopted prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
5. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

(2) Pension Plan

A. Changes of Benefit Terms

There were no changes of benefit terms

B. Changes of Assumptions

Plan Year ended June 30,	Discount Rate	Investment Rate of Return	Inflation Rate	Expected Remaining Service Lives	Projected Salary Increase
2025	7.25%	7.25%	2.40%	2	2.4% - 4.8%
2024	7.25%	7.25%	2.40%	2	2.4% - 4.8%
2023	7.25%	7.25%	2.30%	2	2.6% - 5.1%
2022	7.25%	7.25%	2.30%	2	2.6% - 5.1%
2021	7.40%	7.40%	2.30%	2	2.6% - 5.1%
2020	7.55%	7.55%	2.30%	2	2.6% - 5.1%
2019	7.60%	7.60%	2.50%	2	2.8% - 5.3%
2018	7.65%	7.65%	2.75%	3	2.8% - 5.3%
2017	7.70%	7.70%	2.75%	3	2.8% - 5.3%
2016	7.75%	7.75%	3.00%	3	3.0% - 5.5%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY COURT OF OAKDALE AND WARD 5 OF ALLEN PARISH, LOUISIANA
Oakdale, Louisiana

Justice System Funding Schedule - Collecting/Disbursing Entity
As Required by Act 87 of the 2020 Regular Legislative Session

Entity Name: City Court of Oakdale and Ward 5 of Allen Parish, Louisiana
LLA Entity ID#: 2134
Date that reporting period ended: December 31, 2025

	First Six Month Period Ended June 30, 2025	Second Six Month Period Ended December 31, 2025
Cash Basis Presentation		
Beginning balance of amounts collected	<u>\$ 163,833</u>	<u>\$ 163,410</u>
Add: Collections		
Civil fees	24,874	20,061
Bond fees	3,550	-
Criminal court costs/fees	126,665	187,015
Criminal fines - contempt	10,800	15,710
Criminal fines - other	91,679	112,516
Subtotal Collections	<u>257,568</u>	<u>335,302</u>
Less: Amounts Retained by Oakdale City Court Ward 5		
Civil fees/costs	9,554	8,636
Criminal court costs/fees	41,432	51,742
Criminal fines - contempt	10,800	15,710
Other	12,236	22,935
Less: Disbursements to Individuals/3rd party collection or processing agencies:		
Payment to 3rd party collecting/processing agencies	1,942	-
Less: Disbursements to Governments & Nonprofits		
Louisiana State Treasurer/Judge's Supplemental Compensation Fund	2,318	2,259
Allen Parish Clerk of Court/Criminal court costs and fees	2,150	1,045
Allen Parish Police Jury/Criminal court costs and fees	20,556	20,035
District Attorney for the 33rd Judicial District/Criminal court costs and fees	5,992	7,696
City of Oakdale/Criminal court costs and fees	69,011	89,875
Treasurer, State of Louisiana - Trial Court Case Management Information System/ Criminal court costs and fees	1,835	2,174
Louisiana Supreme Court/Criminal court costs and fees	362	595
Allen Parish Sheriff Crime Stoppers/Criminal court costs and fees	2,068	2,174
Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement/Criminal costs and fees	1,249	2,689
33rd Judicial District Public Defender/Criminal costs and fees	37,325	49,251
Oakdale City Marshal/Criminal costs and fees	27,105	35,511
Louisiana Traumatic Head and Spinal Cord Injury Trust Fund/Criminal costs and fees	4,370	5,538
Criminalistics Laboratory Southwest Louisiana/Criminal costs and fees	6,240	13,310
Rapides Parish Sheriff/Criminal court costs and fees	1,277	-
Lafayette Parish Sheriff/Criminal court costs and fees	119	-
Louisiana Secretary of State	50	1,702
Subtotal Disbursements/Retainage	<u>257,991</u>	<u>332,877</u>
Total: Ending Balance of Amounts Collected but not Disbursed/Retained	<u>\$ 163,410</u>	<u>\$ 165,835</u>

**INTERNAL CONTROL, COMPLIANCE,
AND OTHER MATTERS**

KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Honorable Luke Abrusley, Judge
City Court of Oakdale and
Ward 5 of Allen Parish, Louisiana
Oakdale, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City Court of Oakdale and Ward 5 of Allen Parish, Louisiana (hereinafter "Court"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Court's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 18, 2026.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Court's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Court's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Court's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Court's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan as item 2025-001, that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Court's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Court's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Court's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Court's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Court's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Court's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Although the intended use of this report may be limited, under the provisions of Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 44:6.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Ville Platte, Louisiana
June 18, 2026

CITY COURT OF OAKDALE AND WARD 5
OF ALLEN PARISH, LOUISIANA
Oakdale, Louisiana

Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings
and Management's Corrective Action Plan
For the Year Ended December 31, 2025

Part 1. Current Year Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan

A. Internal Control Over Financial Reporting –

2025-001 – Inadequate Segregation of Duties

Year Initially Occurring: Unknown

CONDITION: Accounting and financial functions are not adequately segregated.

CRITERIA: *Internal control* is a process – effected by those charged with governance, management, and other personnel – designed to provide reasonable assurance about the achievement of objectives with regard to reliability of financial reporting, effectiveness and efficiency of operations, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations. The Court's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that pertain to the Court's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions embodied in financial statements.

CAUSE: The cause of the condition is the fact that the Court does not have a sufficient number of individuals performing administrative and financial duties so as to provide adequate segregation of accounting and financial duties.

EFFECT: Failure to adequately segregate accounting and financial functions increases the risk that errors and/or irregularities including fraud and/or defalcations may occur and not be prevented and/or detected.

RECOMMENDATION: Management should evaluate the cost vs benefit of complete segregation and whenever possible, reassign incompatible duties among different employees to ensure that a single employee does not have a control of more than one of the following responsibilities: (1) authorization; (2) custody; (3) recording keeping; and (4) reconciliation.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE: Due to the size of the operation and the cost-benefit of additional personnel, it may not be feasible to achieve complete segregation of duties.

B. Compliance –

No items are reported under this section.

CITY COURT OF OAKDALE AND WARD 5
OF ALLEN PARISH, LOUISIANA
Oakdale, Louisiana

Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings
and Management's Corrective Action Plan (Continued)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2025

Part II. Prior Year Findings

A. Internal Control Over Financial Reporting –

2024-001 – Inadequate Segregation of Duties

CONDITION: Accounting and financial functions are not adequately segregated.

RECOMMENDATION: Management should evaluate the cost vs benefit of complete segregation and whenever possible, reassign incompatible duties among different employees to ensure that a single employee does not have a control of more than one of the following responsibilities: (1) authorization; (2) custody; (3) recording keeping; and (4) reconciliation.

CURRENT STATUS: Unresolved. See item 2025-001.

B. Compliance –

There were no compliance findings.

**CITY COURT OF OAKDALE AND WARD 5
OF ALLEN PARISH, LOUISIANA**

Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures Report

Year Ended December 31, 2025

KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

To the Honorable Luke Abrusley, City Court Judge
City Court of Oakdale and Ward 5 of Allen Parish, Louisiana
and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor:

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period January 1, 2025 through December 31, 2025. The City Court of Oakdale and Ward 5 of Allen Parish, Louisiana's management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

The City Court of Oakdale and Ward 5 of Allen Parish, Louisiana has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period January 1, 2025 through December 31, 2025. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

1) Written Policies and Procedures

- A. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe whether they address each of the following categories and subcategories, if applicable, to public funds and the entity's operations:
- i. **Budgeting**, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.
 - ii. **Purchasing**, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.
 - iii. **Disbursements**, including processing, reviewing, and approving.
 - iv. **Receipts/Collections**, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g., periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).

- v. **Payroll/Personnel**, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee rates of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.
- vi. **Contracting**, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.
- vii. **Travel and Expense Reimbursement**, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.
- viii. **Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, purchase cards, if applicable)**, including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).
- ix. **Ethics**, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.
- x. **Debt Service**, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.
- xi. **Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity**, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.
- xii. **Prevention of Sexual Harassment**, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

No exceptions were noted as a result of procedures i – xii.

2) Board or Finance Committee – N/A - the entity does not have a board or finance committee.

- A. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:
 - i. Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
 - ii. For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, review the minutes from all regularly scheduled board/finance committee meetings held during the fiscal year and observe whether the minutes from at least one meeting each month referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual comparisons, at a minimum, on all proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget-to-actual comparisons, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds.
 - iii. For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.
 - iv. Observe whether the board/finance committee received written updates of the progress of resolving audit finding(s), according to management's corrective action plan at each meeting until the findings are considered fully resolved.

3) Bank Reconciliations

- A. Obtain a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:

Obtained a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete.

- i. Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged);
- ii. Bank reconciliations include written evidence that a member of management or a board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation within 1 month of the date the reconciliation was prepared (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged); and
- iii. Management has documentation reflecting it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

Exceptions were noted as a result of procedures i - iii.

4) Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)

- A. Obtain a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).

Obtained a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete.

- B. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (e.g., 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if there are no written policies or procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:
- i. Employees responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers;
 - ii. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g., pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit;
 - iii. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit; and
 - iv. The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or custodial fund additions, is (are) not also responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.

No exceptions were noted as a result of procedures i – iv.

- C. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe that the bond or insurance policy for theft was in force during the fiscal period.

No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure.

- D. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and
- i. Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.
Exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure.
 - ii. Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.
No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure.
 - iii. Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.
No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure.
 - iv. Observe the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).
Exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure.
 - v. Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.
No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure.

5) Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

- A. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).
Obtained a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete.
- B. For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that:
- i. At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order or making the purchase;
No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure.
 - ii. At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors;
No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure.
 - iii. The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files;
Exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure.
 - iv. Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments; and
No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure.
 - v. Only employees/officials authorized to sign checks approve the electronic disbursement (release) of funds, whether through automated clearinghouse (ACH), electronic funds transfer (EFT), wire transfer, or some other electronic means.
No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure.

- C. For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction, and:
- Observe whether the disbursement, whether by paper or electronic means, matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates that deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity; and
 - Observe whether the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under procedure #5B above, as applicable.

No exceptions were noted as a result of procedures i – ii.

- D. Using the entity's main operating account and the month selected in Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A, randomly select 5 non-payroll-related electronic disbursements (or all electronic disbursements if less than 5) and observe that each electronic disbursement was (a) approved by only those persons authorized to disburse funds (e.g., sign checks) per the entity's policy, and (b) approved by the required number of authorized signers per the entity's policy.

No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure.

6) Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/Purchase Cards (Cards)

- A. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and purchase cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.

Obtained a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and purchase cards for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete.

- B. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement). Obtain supporting documentation, and

- Observe whether there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., itemized receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) were reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved), by someone other than the authorized card holder (those instances requiring such approval that may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials, such as the mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality, should not be reported); and

Exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure.

- Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.

No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure.

- C. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under procedure #6B above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (e.g., each card should have 10 transactions subject to inspection). For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and observe whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure.

- D. Using the list of terminated employees obtained in Payroll and Personnel procedure #9C identify those individuals who had access to cards and randomly select 5 terminated employees (or all terminated employees with card access if less than 5) from this population. Observe evidence that the cards have been deactivated for these terminated employees. In cases where a card is shared by multiple users, obtain evidence that the terminated employees' authorization has been removed. statements.

No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure.

7) Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

- A. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements and obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:

- i. If reimbursed using a per diem, observe the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov);

No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure.

- ii. If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased;

No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure.

- iii. Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by Written Policies and Procedures procedure #1A(vii); and

Exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure.

- iv. Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving the reimbursement.

Exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure.

8) Contracts – N/A – The entity did not have contracts that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period.

- A. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and:

- i. Observe whether the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law;
- ii. Observe whether the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g., Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter);
- iii. If the contract was amended (e.g., change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, the documented approval); and
- iv. Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

9) Payroll and Personnel

- A. Obtain a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.

Obtained a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete.

- B. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under procedure #9A above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and

- i. Observe that all selected employees or officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory);

No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure.

- ii. Observe whether supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials;

Exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure.

- iii. Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records; and

No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure.

- iv. Observe the rate paid to the employees or officials agrees to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.

No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure.

- C. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials and obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee's or official's cumulative leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee's or official's authorized pay rates in the employee's or official's personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.

No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure.

- D. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed by required deadlines.

No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure.

10) Ethics

- A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A obtain ethics documentation from management, and

- i. Observe whether the documentation demonstrates that each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:1170; and

Exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure.

- ii. Observe whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates that each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.

No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure.

- B. Inquire and/or observe whether the agency has appointed an ethics designee as required by R.S. 42:1170.

No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure.

11) Debt Service

- A. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued as required by Article VII, Section 8 of the Louisiana Constitution.

Not applicable.

- B. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balance and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants)

No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure.

12) Fraud Notice

- A. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled as required by R.S. 24:523.

No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure.

- B. Observe the entity has posted on its premises and website the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure.

13) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

Perform the following procedures:

- A. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe evidence that such backup (a) occurred within the past week (b) was not stored on the government's local server or network, and (c) was encrypted.
- B. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.

- C. Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.
- D. Randomly select 5 terminated employees (or all terminated employees if less than 5) using the list of terminated employees obtained in Payroll and Personnel procedures #9C. Observe evidence that the selected terminated employees have been removed or disabled from the network.
- E. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A, obtain cybersecurity training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates that the following employees/officials with access to the agency's information technology assets have completed cybersecurity training as required by R.S. 42:1267. The requirements are as follows:
 - Hired before June 9, 2020 – completed the training; and
 - Hired on or after June 9, 2020 – completed the training within 30 days of initial service or employment.

We performed procedures A-E and discussed the results with management.

14) Prevention of Sexual Harassment

- A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:343.

Exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure.

- B. Observe that the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).

No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure.

- C. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe that the report includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
 - i. Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;
 - ii. Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;
 - iii. Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;
 - iv. Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and
 - v. Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure. .

Management's Response

Management of the City Court of Oakdale and Ward 5 of Allen Parish, Louisiana concurs with the exceptions and are working to address the deficiencies identified.

We were engaged by the City Court of Oakdale and Ward 5 of Allen Parish, Louisiana to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to, and did not, conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the City Court of Oakdale and Ward 5 of Allen Parish, Louisiana and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Ville Platte, Louisiana
June 18, 2026