R E P O R T

LOUISIANA CLERKS' REMOTE ACCESS AUTHORITY BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA

JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

LOUISIANA CLERKS' REMOTE ACCESS AUTHORITY BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA

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Duplantier Hrapmann Hogan & Maher, LLP

A.J. Duplantier, Jr., CPA (1919-1985)

Felix J. Hrapmann, Jr., CPA (1919-1990)

William R. Hogan, Jr., CPA (1920-1996)

James Maher, Jr., CPA (1921-1999)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

November 9, 2020

Lindsay J. Calub, CPA, LLC Guy L. Duplantier, CPA Michelle H. Cunningham, CPA Dennis W. Dillon, CPA Grady C. Lloyd, III CPA

Heather M. Jovanovich, CPA Terri L. Kitto, CPA

Robynn P. Beck, CPA John P. Butler, CPA Jason C. Montegut, CPA Paul M. Novak, CPA, AVB, CVA Wesley D. Wade, CPA

Michael J. O' Rourke, CPA David A. Burgard, CPA Clifford J. Giffin, Jr., CPA William G. Stamm, CPA

New Orleans

1615 Poydras Street, Suite 2100 New Orleans, LA 70112 Phone: (504) 586-8866 Fax: (504) 525-5888

Northshore 1290 Seventh Street Slidell, LA 70458 Phone: (985) 641-1272 Fax: (985) 781-6497

Houma

247 Corporate Drive Houma, LA 70360 Phone: (985) 868-2630 Fax: (985) 872-3833

Napoleonville

5047 Highway 1 P.O. Box 830 Napoleonville, LA 70390 Phone: (985) 369-6003 Fax: (985) 369-9941 Board of Commissioners of the Louisiana Clerks' Remote Access Authority Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Louisiana Clerks' Remote Access Authority as of and for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Louisiana Clerks' Remote Access Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the index to the report.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

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Members American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Society of LA CPAs An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Louisiana Clerks' Remote Access Authority as of June 30, 2020 and 2019 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information as listed in the index to report is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing

procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 9, 2020, on our consideration of the Louisiana Clerks' Remote Access Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Louisiana Clerks' Remote Access Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Duplantier, shapmann, Agan and Okaher, LCP

New Orleans, Louisiana

The Louisiana Clerks' Remote Access Authority (LCRAA) was created in June 2014 by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:754 to provide a state-wide portal for secure remote access by internet users to certain records maintained by LCRAA members and to provide for document preservation.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis of LCRAA's financial performance presents a narrative overview and analysis of LCRAA's financial activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019. This document focuses on the current year's activities. Please read this document in conjunction with the additional information contained in LCRAA's financial statements which begin on page 8.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- LCRAA's net position increased \$769,256, or 18% over the prior year
- Fee receipts decreased \$33,908, or 2%, due to complications from the COVID-19 Pandemic, fees during the month of May were waived during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020
- LCRAA contracted with a software company to develop recording software for all participating clerks' offices to use. As of June 30, 2020, \$902,753 has been spent toward the development of the software.
- Grant awards paid were \$320,217 for the year ended June 30, 2020 as compared to \$554,972 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

The following graphic illustrates the minimum requirements for special purpose governments engaged in business type activities established by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments.*



These financial statements consist of two sections - Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section) and the basic financial statements (including the notes to the financial statements).

Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements present information for LCRAA as a whole, in a format designed to make the statements easier for the reader to understand. The statements in this section include the statement net position, statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and statement of cash flows. The *financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of LCRAA's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The <u>Statements of Net Position</u> presents the current and long-term portions of assets and liabilities separately. The difference between total assets and total liabilities is net position and may provide a useful indicator of whether the financial position of LCRAA is improving or deteriorating.

The <u>Statements of Revenues</u>, <u>Expenses</u>, and <u>Changes in Net Position</u> presents information showing LCRAA's net position as a result of current period operations. Regardless of when cash is affected, all changes in net position are reported when the underlying transactions occur. As a result, there are transactions included that will not affect cash until future fiscal periods.

The <u>Statements of Cash Flows</u> presents information showing how LCRAA's cash changed as a result of current period operations. The cash flow statement is prepared using the direct method and includes the reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities (indirect method) as required by GASB 34.

Condensed Statements of Net Position

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

	June 30, 2020 a			
ASSETS:	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	Change	Percentage Change
Current assets	\$ 4,066,044	\$ 3,694,253	\$ 371,791	10.06%
Capital assets, net	1,151,306	654,224	497,082	75.98%
Total assets	\$ 5,217,350	\$ 4,348,477	\$ 868,873	19.98%
LIABILITIES:				
Current liabilities	\$ 125,097	\$ 25,480	\$ 99,617	390.96%
Total liabilities	125,097	25,480	99,617	390.96%
NET POSITION:				
Invested in capital assets	1,151,306	654,224	497,082	75.98%
Unrestricted	3,940,947	3,668,773	272,174	7.42%
Total net position	5,092,253	4,322,997	769,256	17.79%
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND				
NET POSITION	\$ 5,217,350	\$ 4,348,477	\$ 868,873	19.98%

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	Change	Percentage Change
Operating revenues Operating expenses Net operating income	\$ 1,385,013 354,232 1,030,781	\$ 1,418,921 290,312 1,128,609	\$ (33,908) 63,920 (97,828)	-2.39% 22.02% -8.67%
Non-operating revenue (expenses)	(261,525)	(477,185)	215,660	-45.19%
Change in net position	769,256	651,424	117,832	18.09%
Net Position, beginning of year	4,322,997	3,671,573	651,424	17.74%
Net position, end of year	\$ 5,092,253	\$ 4,322,997	\$ 769,256	17.79%

Capital Assets

Net capital assets increased by \$497,082 or 76%, as compared to the prior year. The net increase is mainly a result of the development of new software for recordings in clerks' offices. In the current year, LCRAA invested an additional \$413,950 in this project. Current year amortization in the amount of \$84,468 and additions to the state-wide portal in the amount of \$167,600 also affected net capital assets.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

LCRAA expects that next year's results will be based on the following:

- Revenues should remain fairly constant depending on any effect from COVID-19.
- Portal costs should increase due to the anticipation of several large projects being undertaken next fiscal year.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the Louisiana Clerks' Remote Access Authority's finances and to show the Louisiana Clerks' Remote Access Authority's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact Debbie Hudnall at (225) 293-1162 or www.laclerksportal.org.

LOUISIANA CLERKS' REMOTE ACCESS AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

	<u>2020</u>	2019
ASSETS:		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,898,857	\$ 3,541,661
Accounts receivable	167,187	152,592
Total Current Assets	4,066,044	3,694,253
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets, net	1,151,306	654,224
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,151,306	654,224
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 5,217,350	\$ 4,348,477
LIABILITIES:		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 84,117	\$ 2,980
Retention Payable	40,980	22,500
Total Current Liabilities	125,097	25,480
NET POSITION:		
Net investment in capital assets	1,151,306	654,224
Unrestricted	3,940,947	3,668,773
Total Net Position	5,092,253	4,322,997
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 5,217,350	\$ 4,348,477

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

LOUISIANA CLERKS' REMOTE ACCESS AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
OPERATING REVENUES:		
Fee receipts from members	\$ 1,385,013	\$ 1,418,921
Total Operating Revenues	1,385,013	1,418,921
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Advertising	-	52
Amortization	84,468	71,371
Audit	6,070	6,070
Bank fees	1,376	1,657
Insurance	1,562	4,239
Legal expenses	14,061	35,058
Meetings	2,636	2,537
Portal maintenance and connectivity	113,301	82,798
Portal hosting fee	45,000	-
Promotional expense	1,758	2,530
Reimbursement to affiliate for administrative expenses	84,000	84,000
Total Operating Expenses	354,232	290,312
NET OPERATING INCOME	1,030,781	1,128,609
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		
Interest income	58,692	77,787
Grant awards	(320,217)	(554,972)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(261,525)	(477,185)
Change in Net Position	769,256	651,424
Net Position, Beginning of Year	4,322,997	3,671,573
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 5,092,253	\$ 4,322,997

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

LOUISIANA CLERKS' REMOTE ACCESS AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

	2020	<u>2019</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Fee receipts from members	\$ 1,370,418	\$ 1,386,422
Payments to suppliers for services	(84,771)	(127,792)
Payments to affiliate for administrative services	(84,000)	(84,000)
Other payments	(1,376)	(1,658)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	1,200,271	1,172,972
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Grant awards	(320,217)	(554,971)
Net Cash Used by Noncapital Financing Activities	(320,217)	(554,971)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Additions to capital assets	(581,550)	(514,104)
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(581,550)	(514,104)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Interest income	58,692	77,787
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	58,692	77,787
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	357,196	181,684
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	3,541,661	3,359,977
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 3,898,857	\$ 3,541,661
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH		
PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net operating income	\$ 1,030,781	\$ 1,128,609
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash		
provided by operating activities:		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(14,595)	(32,499)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	81,137	(17,009)
Increase (decrease) in retention payable	18,480	22,500
Amortization expense	84,468	71,371
Total adjustments	169,490	44,363
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 1,200,271	\$ 1,172,972

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

The Louisiana Clerks' Remote Access Authority (LCRAA) was established during June 2014 by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:754 to provide for infrastructure, governance, standard operating procedures, technology, and training to support a state-wide portal for secure remote access by internet users to certain records maintained by LCRAA members and to provide for document preservation. LCRAA's Board of Commissioners is composed of seven members. Five commissioners are elected by the LCRAA membership and serve two-year terms. One commissioner is designated by the Louisiana Bankers Association and one commissioner is designated by the Louisiana Land Title Association or the Louisiana Association of Independent Land Title Agents. The commissioners designated by associations serve one-year terms.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>:

Financial Reporting Entity:

The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the primary government is not accountable, but for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. In addition, component units can be other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. There are no component units which are required to be included in LCRAA's financial statements.

The accompanying financial statements of LCRAA present information only as to the transactions of the programs of LCRAA as authorized by Louisiana statutes and administrative regulations.

Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying financial statements of LCRAA have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are used to account for governmental activities that are similar to what is found in the private sector. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. In addition, these financial statements include the provisions of GASB Statement Number 34, *Basic Financial Statements – Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, and related standards.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

The financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>: (Continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents:

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include amounts in interest bearing demand deposits and money market-like investment pools.

State law allows investments in direct United States Treasury obligations, bonds, debentures, notes, or other evidence of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by federal agencies or U.S. Government instrumentalities, which are federally sponsored; direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry only securities guaranteed by the U.S. Government; time certificates of deposit of any bank domiciled or having a branch office in the State of Louisiana; certain mutual or trust fund institutions; certain guaranteed investment contracts; and investment grade commercial paper of domestic U.S. corporations. In addition, LCRAA may invest in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool, Inc. (LAMP), a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana. It is LCRAA's policy to invest in LAMP.

Accounts Receivable:

Accounts receivable are comprised of user fees due from members. No allowance is provided for receivables from member Clerks of Court because, in the opinion of management, all such accounts are collectible.

Capital Assets:

Equipment and computer software are recorded at cost. Equipment with a cost of \$1,000 or more and an estimated life in excess of one year are depreciated over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. Computer software developed or modified internally (reported as intangible asset) with a cost of \$1,000 or more and an estimated life in excess of one year is amortized over five years using the straight-line method. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add value to the asset or extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Revenue and Expenses:

Operating revenue consists of user fees charged to members to administer and maintain the state-wide portal. LCRAA collects a user fee from each member Clerk's office based on the number of documents recorded by the Clerk of Court. All expenses incurred for the purpose of administering and maintaining the state-wide portal are classified as operating expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>: (Continued)

<u>Use of Estimates</u>: (Continued)

that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets andliabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. <u>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</u>:

At June 30, 2020 and 2019, LCRAA had the following cash and cash equivalents:

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Cash deposits	\$ 60,461	\$ 186,406
Cash equivalents - LAMP	 3,838,396	 3,355,255
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,898,857	\$ 3,541,661

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, LCRAA's deposits might not be recovered. At June 30, 2020 and 2019, LCRAA had \$61,211 and \$226,870 in interest bearing bank accounts (collective bank balances), respectively. Under state law, deposits within a bank must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledged securities in joint custody. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the bank. All deposits were fully secured through FDIC insurance.

Louisiana Asset Management Pool, Inc. (LAMP):

LAMP is a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana. Only local government entities having contracted to participate in LAMP have an investment interest in its pool of assets.

The primary objective of LAMP is to provide a safe environment for the placement of public funds in short-term, high-quality investments. The LAMP portfolio includes only securities and other obligations in which local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in accordance with LA-R.S. 33:2955.

LAMP is a money market-like investment pool. The following facts are relevant for money market-like investments pools:

- <u>Credit risk</u>: Lamp is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.
- <u>Custodial credit risk</u>: LAMP participants' investments in the pool are evidenced by shares of the pool. Investments in pools should be disclosed, but not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form. The public entity's

2. <u>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</u>: (Continued)

Louisiana Asset Management Pool, Inc. (LAMP): (Continued)

- <u>Custodial credit risk</u>: (Continued) investment is with the pool, not the securities that make up the pool; therefore, no disclosure is required.
- <u>Concentration of credit risk</u>: Pooled investments are excluded from the five percent disclosure requirement.
- <u>Interest rate risk</u>: Money market-like investment pools are excluded from this disclosure requirement, per paragraph 15 of GASB Statement No. 40.
- <u>Foreign currency risk</u>: Not applicable to money market-like pools.

The dollar weighted average portfolio maturity of LAMP assets is restricted to not more than 90 days, and consists of no securities with a maturity in excess of 397 days. LAMP is designed to be highly-liquid to give its participants immediate access to their account balances. The investments in LAMP are stated at fair value based on quoted market rates. The fair value is determined on a weekly basis by LAMP and the value of the position in the external investment pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

LAMP is subject to the regulatory oversight of the State Treasurer and the Board of Directors. LAMP is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The LAMP administrative office can be reached at 800-249-5267 for any questions.

3. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>:

The following is a summary of LCRAA's capital assets less accumulated amortization:

8	Beginning	L		Ending
June 30, 2020	<u>Balance</u>	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Non-amortizable asset:				
Software under development	\$ 488,803	\$ 413,950	\$ -	\$ 902,753
Total non-amortizable asset	488,803	413,950		902,753
Intangible asset:				
State-wide portal	390,372	167,600		557,972
Total intangible asset	390,372	167,600		557,972
Total capital assets	879,175	581,550		1,460,725
Accumulated amortization:				
State-wide portal	(224,951)	(84,468)		(309,419)
Total amortization	(224,951)	(84,468)		(309,419)
Amortizable asset, net	165,421	83,132		248,553
Capital assets, net	\$ 654,224	\$ 497,082	\$ -	\$ 1,151,306

3. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>: (Continued)

	Beginning			Ending
June 30, 2019	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Non-amortizable asset:				
State-wide portal under construction	\$ 28,850	\$-	\$ (28,850)	\$ -
Software under development	-	488,803	-	488,803
Total non-amortizable asset	28,850	488,803	(28,850)	488,803
Intangible asset:				
State-wide portal	336,221	54,151	-	390,372
Total intangible asset	336,221	54,151	-	390,372
Total capital assets	365,071	542,954	(28,850)	879,175
Accumulated amortization:				
State-wide portal	(153,580)	(71,371)		(224,951)
Total amortization	(153,580)	(71,371)		(224,951)
Amortizable asset, net	182,641	(17,220)		165,421
Capital assets, net	\$ 211,491	\$ 471,583	\$ (28,850)	\$ 654,224

Amortization expense for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 was \$84,468 and \$ 71,371, respectively.

4. <u>RELATED PARTY</u>:

Members of LCRAA are also members of the Louisiana Clerks of Court Association (Association). The Association operates as a nonprofit organization for the purpose of providing the opportunity for Clerks of Court to exchange ideas in the operation of their offices and offer ways and means to service the public better.

LCRAA shares equipment and other office expenses, including salaries of employees, with the Association. For each of the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, LCRAA reimbursed the Association \$84,000 for its share of expenses.

5. <u>BOARD DESIGNATED GRANTS</u>:

The Board has designated funds for the purpose of awarding grants to assist member Clerks of Court with costs associated with computer equipment and software to access the state-wide portal. Board designated grants are included in unrestricted net position on the statement of net position. The Clerks must complete the terms of the grant agreement before LCRAA releases payment to the Clerks. Following is a summary of Board designated grants for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019:

5. <u>BOARD DESIGNATED GRANTS</u>: (Continued)

	2020	<u>2019</u>
Board designated grants, beginning of year	\$ 460,490	\$ 474,022
Add: current year Board designations	449,278	579,740
Less: current year payments to Clerks of Court	(320,217)	(554,972)
Less: amounts undesignated	(62,620)	(38,300)
Board designated grants, end of year	\$ 526,931	\$ 460,490

6. <u>COMMITMENTS:</u>

LCRAA has entered into various contracts for the purpose of creating a web based state-wide portal, maintenance of the portal, support for registered members, and connectivity of data files for registered members. LCRAA also entered into a contract for the development and hosting of recording software. The remaining commitment under these contracts was \$469,694 and \$593,600 at June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

7. <u>COMPENSATION TO BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS</u>:

The Board of Commissioners did not receive any compensation during 2020 or 2019.

8. <u>UNCERTAINTIES:</u>

As a result of the spread of the COVID-19 coronavirus, economic uncertainties have arisen which could possibly impact LCRAA. Management of the LCRAA has evaluated these events and the financial impact and duration cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

LOUISIANA CLERKS' REMOTE ACCESS AUTHORITY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO THE CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Chairman of the Board of Commissioners: Richard Arceneaux

Per diem

Total

<u>\$</u>-



Duplantier Hrapmann Hogan & Maher, LLP

A.J. Duplantier, Jr., CPA (1919-1985)

Felix J. Hrapmann, Jr., CPA (1919-1990)

William R. Hogan, Jr., CPA (1920-1996)

James Maher, Jr., CPA (1921-1999)

Lindsay J. Calub, CPA, LLC Guy L. Duplantier, CPA Michelle H. Cunningham, CPA Dennis W. Dillon, CPA Grady C. Lloyd, III CPA

Heather M. Jovanovich, CPA Terri L. Kitto, CPA

Robynn P. Beck, CPA John P. Butler, CPA Jason C. Montegut, CPA Paul M. Novak, CPA, AVB, CVA Wesley D. Wade, CPA

Michael J. O' Rourke, CPA David A. Burgard, CPA Clifford J. Giffin, Jr., CPA William G. Stamm, CPA

New Orleans 1615 Poydras Street, Suite 2100 New Orleans, LA 70112 Phone: (504) 586-8866

Fax: (504) 525-5888 Northshore 1290 Seventh Street Slidell, LA 70458 Phone: (985) 641-1272

Fax: (985) 781-6497

Houma

247 Corporate Drive Houma, LA 70360 Phone: (985) 868-2630 Fax: (985) 872-3833

Napoleonville

5047 Highway 1 P.O. Box 830 Napoleonville, LA 70390 Phone: (985) 369-6003 Fax: (985) 369-9941 INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

November 9, 2020

Board of Commissioners of the Louisiana Clerks' Remote Access Authority Baton Rouge, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Louisiana Clerks' Remote Access Authority, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Louisiana Clerks' Remote Access Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 9, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Louisiana Clerks' Remote Access Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Louisiana Clerks' Remote Access Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Louisiana Clerks' Remote Access Authority's internal control.

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Members American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Society of LA CPAs A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Louisiana Clerks' Remote Access Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Duplantier, Anapmann, Angan and Thaker, LCP

New Orleans, Louisiana

LOUISIANA CLERKS' REMOTE ACCESS AUTHORITY SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2020

CURRENT YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS:

NONE

PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS:

NONE