ST. LANDRY PARISH DISTRICT ATTORNEY
OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
Independent Auditor's Report	1-2
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-wide Financial Statements (GWFS) Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	5 6
Fund Financial Statements Balance Sheet Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds' Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	8 9 10-11 12 13
Notes to Financial Statements	14-28
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Budgetary Comparison Schedules General Fund IV-D Fund	30 31
Pension Plan Schedules Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability Schedule of Employer Contributions	32 33
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	34
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Major Governmental Funds General Fund -	27
Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual	37 38-39
Special Revenue Fund -	
IV-D Fund - Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget	41
(GAAP Basis) and Actual	42

RELATED REPORTS

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed	
In Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	44-45
Schedule of Findings and Responses	46
Schedule of Prior Year Findings and Responses	47
Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer	48

VIGE, TUJAGUE 🧠 NOEL

A CORPORATION OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

151 N. 2W STREET P. O. BOX 1006 EUNICE, LOUISIANA 70535

SHIRLEY VIGE, JR., C.P.A. FRANK G. TUJAGUE, C.P.A. DOMINIOUE M. NOEL, C.P.A. TELEPHONE: 337-457-9324 FAX 337-457-8743

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Charles Cravins St. Landry Parish District Attorney St. Landry Parish Opelousas, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the St. Landry Parish District Attorney as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the St. Landry Parish District Attorney's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the St. Landry Parish District Attorney, as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in

the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability, and schedule of employer pension contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The St. Landry Parish District Attorney has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the St. Landry Parish District Attorney's basic financial statements. The combining financial statements, and schedules, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of compensation, benefits and other payments to agency head, as listed in the table of contents, as required by the State of Louisiana, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The other supplementary information and schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 23, 2020, on our consideration of the St. Landry Parish District Attorney's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the St. Landry Parish District Attorney's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Vige, Jujague & Noel, CPA's

Eunice, Louisiana June 23, 2020

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

*

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

5

ST. LANDRY PARISH DISTRICT ATTORNEY OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2019

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
<u>ASSETS</u>	ACTIVITIES
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 251,667
Due from other governmental units	156,983
Security deposits	502
Capital assets, net	1,438,000_
Total assets	1,847,152
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related	157,713
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	94,610
LACE payroll payable	46 ,780
LACE fuel payable	4,550
LACE Medicare payable	560
Capital lease payable	
Due within one year	1,589
Due in more than one year	-
Net pension liability	232,249
<u>Total liabilities</u>	380,338
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related	85,317
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	1,436,411
Restricted for grants	76,087
Unrestricted	26,712
Total net position	1,539,210

ST. LANDRY PARISH DISTRICT ATTORNEY OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

		Program	Revenues	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Change in Net Position
Activities	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities Judicial system	\$ 4,336,528	\$ 1,322,105	\$ 2,679,503	\$ (334,920)
Total governmental activities	4,336,528	1,322,105	2,679,503	(334,920)
	General Revenues Interest and investment earnings Non-employer contributions Miscellaneous Total general revenues			988 67,790 57,347 126,125
	Change in	net position		(208,795)
	Net position – Ja	anuary 1, 2019		1,748,005
	Net position – D	ecember 31, 2019		1,539,210

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ST. LANDRY PARISH DISTRICT ATTORNEY OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2019

	SPECIAL REVENUE FLIND		TOTAL GÖVERNMENTAL		
	GENERAL	REVENUE FUND IV-D	FUNDS		
ASSETS					
Cash	\$ 213,175	\$ 38,492	\$ 251,667		
Due from other governmental units	114,851	39,632	154,483		
Due from other funds	•	2,926	2,926		
Security deposits	502	- Max	502		
<u>Total assets</u>	328,528	81,050	409,578		
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 88,624	\$ 4,963	\$ 93,587		
Due to other funds	3,949	•	3,949		
LACE payroll payable	46,780	-	46,780		
LACE fuel payable	4,550	•	4,550		
LACE Medicare payable	560		560_		
Total liabilities	144,463	4,963	149,426		
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted for grants	**	76,087	76,087		
Unassigned fund balance	184,065_		184,065		
Total fund balances	184,065	76,087	260,152		
Total liabilities and fund balances	328,528	81,050	409,578		

ST. LANDRY PARISH DISTRICT ATTORNEY OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS' BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2019

Total fund balances for governmental funds at December 31, 2019	\$ 260,152
Cost of capital assets at December 31, 2019 \$ 2,914,381	
Less: Accumulated depreciation as of December 31, 2019 (1,476,381)	1,438,000
Long-term asset (revenue not collected within 60 days of year-end) is not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, is unavailable in the governmental funds	2,500
Long-term liabilities (capital lease payable and deferred compensation) are not due and payable in the current period and therefore they are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	(1,589)
Amounts related to pension recognition are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	(159,853)
Net position at December 31, 2019	1,539,210

ST. LANDRY PARISH DISTRICT ATTORNEY OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE FUND IV-D	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES			
Commissions on fines and bond forfeitures Intergovernmental	\$ 1,325,725	\$ -	\$1,325,725
Parish Government reimbursements	354,991	-	354,991
Criminal Court Fund On-behalf payments	51,930	-	51,930
Parish Government	730,589	~~	730,589
State	567,125	_	567,125
Share of Racino income	91,184	-	91,184
Sheriff's and City Court's reimbursements	127,676	-	127,676
Federal grants	225,218	515,640	740,858
State grants	30,000	-	30,000
Miscellaneous			
Drug seizure income	29,072	•	29,072
Interest earned	896	92	988
Rental income	22,384	_	22,384
Other	5,891	**	5,891
Total revenues	3,562,681	515,732	4,078,413
EXPENDITURES			
Judicial			
Personal and contracted services	2,692,761	425,516	3,118,277
Supplies and materials	156,968	26,075	183,043
Repairs and maintenance	53,446	2,447	55,893
Other services and charges	393,158	82,568	475,726
Payments to other governmental entities	301,125	•	301,125
Debt service	9,538	-	9,538
Capital outlay	37,687_		37,687
Total expenditures	3,644,683	536,606	4,181,289

Continued on next page.

ST. LANDRY PARISH DISTRICT ATTORNEY OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE FUND IV-D	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ (82,002)	\$ (20,874)	\$ (102,876)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in/out Total other financing sources (uses)	(23,780) (23,780)	23,780 23,780	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(105,782)	2,906	(102,876)
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	289,847	73,181	363,028
FUND BALANCES, end of year	184,065	76,087	260,152

ST. LANDRY PARISH DISTRICT ATTORNEY OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Total net change in fund balances for the year ended December 31, 2019, per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances		\$	(102,876)
Capital outlay which is considered expenditures on Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance \$	37,687		
Depreciation expense for year ended December 31, 2019	(78,260)		(40,573)
Some revenues reported in the Statement of Activities are not yet available and therefore are not reported as revenue in governmental funds			(18,470)
The issuance of long-term debt (capital lease) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This is the amount by which repayments exceeded proceeds: Principal payments on capital lease			9,53 8
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds			704
Net effect of pension liability recognition		***************************************	(57,118)
Total change in net position for the year ended December 31, 2019, per Statement of Activities			(208,795)

ST. LANDRY PARISH DISTRICT ATTORNEY OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUND DECEMBER 31, 2019

<u>ASSETS</u>

Cash Due from other funds	\$ 28,975 1,830_
Total assets	<u>30,805</u>
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	
Due to other funds Due to others	\$ 807
Total liabilities	30,805

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The District Attorney of St. Landry Parish, as provided by <u>Article VI of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974</u>, is elected by the voters of the parish and serves a six-year term. The District Attorney prosecutes criminals; provides legal assistance, counsel, and opinions; and enforces parents' obligation to provide support to their children.

The following is a summary of certain significant accounting policies and practices.

A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The St. Landry Parish District Attorney is an independently elected official and is legally separate from the St. Landry Parish Government. As the governing authority of the parish, for reporting purposes, the St. Landry Parish Government is the financial reporting entity for St. Landry Parish.

The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government (Parish Government) (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the St. Landry Parish government for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes:

- Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and
 - The ability of the parish government to impose its will on that organization and/or
 - b. The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the parish government
- Organizations for which the parish government does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the parish government.
- Organizations for which the reporting entity's financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

Based on the criteria described above, the St. Landry Parish District Attorney is not a component unit of the St. Landry Parish Government due to the following:

- The District Attorney is an independently elected official.
- 2. The District Attorney is not fiscally dependent on the parish government.
- The reporting entity's financial statements are not misleading.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying basic financial statements of the St. Landry Parish District Attorney have been prepared in conformity with governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity with GASB Statement 34, <u>Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local governments, issued in June, 1999.</u>

Government-wide Financial Statements (GWFS). The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the St. Landry Parish District Attorney. They include all funds of the reporting entity. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Fiduciary funds are not included in the GWFS. Fiduciary funds are reported only in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position at the fund financial statement level.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u>. The St. Landry Parish District Attorney uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operation. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures, or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for, in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The funds presented in the financial statements are described as follows:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund was established to comply with the requirements of Louisiana Revised Statute 15:571.11, which provides that 12 percent of the fines collected and 30 percent of the bonds forfeited be transmitted to the District Attorney to defray the necessary expenditures of his office. The general operating fund accounts for all financial resources of the District Attorney's office, except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Fund

The Special Revenue Fund consists of the IV-D Fund. The IV-D Fund accounts for grants from the Louisiana Department of Social Services, a pass-through agency, and the United States Department of Health and Human Services, authorized by Act 117 of 1975, to establish family and child support programs compatible with Title IV-D of the Social Security Act for the provision of child support services. The purpose of the Fund is to enforce the support obligation owed by absent parents to their children, to locate absent parents, to establish paternity, and to obtain child and spousal support.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Fiduciary Fund

Agency Fund

The Agency Fund is used as a depository for collections of NSF checks, fees for substance abuse classes and general restitutions, etc. Disbursements from the Fund are made to merchants who received the NSF checks, various parish agencies, class coordinators and litigants in suits in the manner prescribed by law. The Agency Fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, the governmental activities are presented using the "economic resources" measurement focus as defined in Item b below. In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus is used:

- a. The fund financial statements utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The government-wide financial statements utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objective of this measurement focus is the determination of operating income, changes in net position and financial position. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, the governmental activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, including grants, entitlements, and shared revenues, are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be measurable when the amount of the transaction can be determined. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. Exception to this general rule is principal and interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due.

Purchase of various operating supplies are regarded as expenditures at the time purchased, and inventories of such supplies (if any) are not recorded as assets at the close of the fiscal year.

Expenditures for insurance and similar services which extend over more than one accounting period are accounted for as expenditures of the period of acquisition.

D. DEFERRED INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets and liabilities, the statement of net position and balance sheet will sometimes report separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. These separate financial statement elements, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, represent a consumption or acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) or inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The governmental activities have deferred outflows and inflows that relate to the net pension liability, which include that District Attorney's contributions subsequent to the measurement date, which is recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent year. They also include changes in assumptions, differences between expected and actual experience, and changes in proportion and differences between District Attorney contributions and proportionate share of contributions, which are deferred and amortized over the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in the plan. They also include the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, which is deferred and amortized over the expected remaining service life.

E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position.

F. CAPITAL ASSETS

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are capitalized at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated assets, which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings	40 years
Building improvements	40 years
Furniture, fixtures, and office equipment	10-20 years
Law books	30 years
Vehicles	10 years

The St. Landry Parish District Attorney maintains a threshold level of \$1,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

The St. Landry Parish District Attorney has no infrastructure asset expenditures.

G. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

As required by the Louisiana Revised Statutes 39:1303, the District Attorney adopted a budget for its General Fund and Special Revenue Fund. The budgetary practices included public notice of the proposed budget, public inspection of the proposed budget, and public hearings on the budget prior to adoption.

Any amendment involving the transfer of monies from one function to another or increases in expenditures at the functional level must be approved by the District Attorney. All budget amounts which are not expended, or obligated through contracts, lapse at year-end.

The General Fund and the Special Revenue Fund were adopted and amended on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The budgeted amounts of the General Fund in the accompanying financial statements are in the original adopted budgets and subsequent adopted amendments.

H. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Louisiana state law allows all political subdivisions to invest excess funds in obligations of the United States, certificates of deposit in state or national banks having their principal office in Louisiana or any other federally insured investment.

State law also requires that deposits of all political subdivisions be fully collateralized at all times. Acceptable collateralization includes the FDIC insurance and the market value of securities purchased and pledged to the political subdivision. Obligations of the United States, the State of Louisiana, and certain political subdivisions are allowed as security for deposits. Obligations furnished as security must be held by the political subdivision or with an unaffiliated bank or trust company for the account of the political subdivision.

I. ACCUMULATED COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The District Attorney's employees earn and use their vacation and sick leave during the year. Therefore, there is no provision for compensated absences.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

J. **ENCUMBRANCES**

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments are recorded in the fund, is not utilized by the District Attorney.

K. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The St. Landry Parish District Attorney does not provide any post-employment benefits to retirees other than pension and therefore is not required to report under GASB Statement No. 45, <u>Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions.</u>

L. EQUITY CLASSIFICATIONS

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of
 accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or
 other borrowing that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position—Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. <u>Unrestricted net position</u> All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance reports aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form – prepaid items or inventories; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The spendable portion of the fund balance comprises the remaining four classifications: restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

- Restricted fund balance This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a)
 externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b)
 imposed by law through constitutional provisions for enabling legislation.
- 2. Committed fund balance These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions or ordinances of the Board of Directors the government's highest level of decision making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

L. EQUITY CLASSIFICATIONS (Continued)

- 3. <u>Assigned fund balance</u> This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the District Attorney's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board of Directors have the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.
- 4. <u>Unassigned fund balance</u> This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the St. Landry Parish District Attorney's policy to use externally restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources – committed, assigned and unassigned – in order as needed.

The St. Landry Parish District Attorney considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the District Attorney would first use committed, then assigned and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

M. ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

At December 31, 2019, the carrying amount of the District Attorney's deposits was \$280,642, and the bank balances were \$344,826. The bank balances were collateralized as follows:

Institution	Bank Balances	Amount Insured by FDIC	Collater Securit	ount alized by ies held arty Bank	Collate	int Not eraliz e d sured
Demand deposit accounts	1	***************************************				
St. Landry Bank	\$20,484	\$20,484	\$	-	\$	•
Washington State Bank	179,711	179,711		-		=
American Bank	64,833	64,833		-		-
Hancock Whitney	7,780	7,780		NA		-
St. Landry Homestead	4,934	4,934		-		-
JD Bank	63,964	63,964		•••		-
Iberia Bank	3,120	3,120	***************************************		F	
Totals	344,826	344,826			,	

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the District Attorney's deposits may not be recovered or will not be able to recover the collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits, (or the resulting balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or similar federal security or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities held in the name of the District Attorney or the pledging fiscal agent bank by a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. At December 31, 2019, the District Attorney had \$344,826 in bank deposits and all of the bank deposits were fully covered by FDIC insurance and none were exposed to custodial credit risk. Deposits exposed to custodial credit risk are collateralized with securities held by the pledging institutions' trust department or agent, but not in the District Attorney's name. The District Attorney does not have a policy for custodial credit risk.

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts) and \$250,000 for demand deposit accounts (interest bearing and non-interest bearing).

NOTE 3 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances at December 31, 2019 are as follows:

		from Funds		Due to er Funds	Trans	fers In	Transfers Out
General Fund	\$	-	\$	3,949	\$	**	\$ 23,780
Special Revenue Funds							
IV-D	2	2,926		-	23	,780	-
Agency Fund	1	,830		807	***************************************		-
Totals	4	,758	********	4,756	23	,780	23,780

Interfund receivables and payables represent outstanding balances between funds that result from timing differences between when transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and when payments between funds are settled. Transfers are used to move revenues from the general fund to finance various other fund's programs or activities in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The District Attorney entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of a 2015 Buick Lacrosse. The lease qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes, and therefore, has been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the date of its inception. At December 31, 2018, the amount capitalized under capital leases totals \$16,691. Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2019 was as follows:

	В	alance					В	alance	Ðυ	e Within
	1/	1/2019	Add	ditions	De	eletions	12/	31/2019	Or	ie Year
Governmental activities:	-									
Capital lease payable	\$	11,127	\$	-	\$	9,538	5	1,589	\$	1,589
Total long-term liability		11,127		-		9,538	***********	1,589		1,589

Annual capital lease requirements are as follows:

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets and depreciation activity, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, for the St. Landry Parish District Attorney are as follows:

ŕ		Balance 1/1/2019	A	dditions	D	eletions	1	Balance 2/31/2019
Governmental Activities								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	100,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	100,000
Construction in progress		34,124		-		34,124		
Other capital assets:								
Buildings		1,875,065		-		-		1,875,065
Building improvements		127,925		54,288		-		182,213
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		557,113		1,223		-		558,336
Law books		9,548		-		-		9,548
Vehicles		172,919		16,300		-		189,219
Totals at historical cost		2,876,694		71,811		34,124		2,914,381
Less accumulated depreciation								
Buildings		724,608		46,877		**		771,485
Building improvements		59,804		7,287		-		67,091
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		462,671		16,936		u		479,607
Law books		7,320		318		-		7,638
Vehicles		143,718		6,842		-		150,560
Total accumulated depreciation	***************************************	1,398,121		78,260		*		1,476,381
Governmental Activities								
Capital assets, net		1,478,573	-	(6,449)	***************************************	34,124		1,438,000

Depreciation expense \$ 78,260

NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN

PLAN DESCRIPTION

The District Attorneys' Retirement System, State of Louisiana is the administrator of a cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. The System was established on the first day of August, 1956 and was placed under the management of the Board of Trustees for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits as stated under the provisions of R.S. 11, Chapter 3 for district attorneys and their assistants in each parish.

All persons who are district attorneys of the State of Louisiana, assistant district attorneys in any parish of the State of Louisiana, or employed by this retirement system and the Louisiana District Attorneys' Association, except for elected or appointed officials who have retired from service under any publicly funded retirement system within the state and who are currently receiving benefits, shall become members as a condition of their employment; provided, however, that in the case of assistant district attorneys, they must be paid an amount not less than the minimum salary specified by the Louisiana District Attorneys' Retirement System's Board of Trustees.

NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN (Continued)

PLAN DESCRIPTION (CONTINUED)

The projection of benefit payments in the calculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive employees through the System in accordance with the benefit terms and any additional legal agreements to provide benefits that are in force at the measurement date.

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Normal Retirement Benefit	Type of Member	Years of Service
3% of member's average average final compensation for each year of creditable service	Members joined system before 7/1/90 and elected not to be covered by new provisions	10 years of service at age 62, 18 years of service at age 60, 23 years of service at age 55 or 30 years of service at any age
3.5% of member's average average final compensation for each year of creditable service	Members joined system after 7/1/90 or elected to be covered by new provisions	10 years of service at age 60, 24 years of service at age 55, or 30 years of service at any age

EMPLOYEE & EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Covered employees are required to contribute 8% of their salary to the plan. According to state statue, contribution requirements for all employers are actuarially determined each year. For the pension plan year ending June 30, 2019, the actual employer contribution rate was 0%. For the year ending June 30, 2019, the actual employer contribution rate was 1.25%. The St. Landry Parish District Attorney reported a deferred outflow of resources for employer contributions made after the pension plan measurement date of June 30, 2019.

The St. Landry Parish District Attorney's employee contributions for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018, and 2017 were \$34,014, \$35,156, and \$36,113, respectively.

<u>The St. Landry Parish District Attorney's employer contributions for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018, and 2017 were \$11,201, \$2,666, and \$0, respectively.</u>

NON-EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

In accordance with state statute, the System receives ad valorem taxes and state revenue sharing funds. These additional sources of income are used as employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities. Non-employer contributions were recognized as revenue during the year ended June 30, 2019, and excluded from pension expense.

NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN (Continued)

NET PENSION LIABILITY

At December 31, 2019, the District Attorney's net pension liability is comprised of its proportionate share of the net pension liability related to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit plan in which the District Attorney is a participating employer. The net pension liability was measured as of the plan's measurement date. June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District Attorney's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on a projection of the District Attorney's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. As of the most recent measurement date, the District Attorney's proportion and the change in proportion from the prior measurement date were as follows:

of Ne	onate Share t Pension ability	Proportionate Share (%) of Net Pension Liability	Increase/(Decrease) from Prior Measurement Date
\$	232,249	0.721937%	-0.014533%

Since the measurement date of the net pension liability was June 30, 2019, the net pension liability is based upon fiduciary net position of the plan as of that date. Detailed information about the pension plan's assets, deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and fiduciary net position that was used in the measurement of the District Attorney's net pension liability is available in the separately issued plan financial reports for the fiscal year. The financial report may be accessed on their website, www.ladars.org/

ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Valuation Date June 30, 2019

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal Cost

Actuarial Assumptions:

Investment Rate of Return 6.50%, net of Pension Plan investment expense, including inflation

Projected Salary Increases 5.50% (2.40% Inflation, 3.10% Merit)

Mortality Rates RP-2000 Combined Healthy with White Collar Adjustment Sex Distinct Tables

(setback 1 year for females) projected to 2032 using scale AA were selected for employees, annuitants, and beneficiaries. RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Table (setback 5 years for males and 3 years for females) for disabled annuitants. Assumption set based upon an experience study

performed on plan date for the period 7/1/09 through 6/30/14.

Expected Remaining

Service Lives 6 years - June 30, 2019

Cost of Living Adjustments Only those previously granted

NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN (Continued)

DISCOUNT RATE

The discount rate used to measure the District Attorney's total pension liability for each plan and the significant assumptions used in the

Discount rate	6.50%
Change in discount rate from prior valuation	0%
Plan cash flow assumptions	(1)
Rates incorporate in the discount rate:	
Long-term rate of return	7.56%
Periods applied	All
Municipal bond rate	N/A

(1) Contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class based on the system's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019, were as follows:

	Long-Term Target	Rates	of Return
Asset Class	Asset Allocation	Real	Nominal
Equities	48.42%	5.13%	
Fixed Income	40.10%	1.65%	
Alternatives	10.99%	0.78%	
Cash	0.49%	0.00%	
System Total	100.00%		5.07%
Inflation			2.49%
Expected Arithmetic Nominal Return			7.56%

NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN (Continued)

<u>PENSION EXPENSE, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS</u>

Changes in the net pension liability may either be reported in pension expense in the year the change occurred or recognized as a deferred outflow of resources or a deferred inflow of resources in the year the change occurred and amortized into pension expense over a number of years. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the District Attorney recognized \$124,907 in pension expense related to the pension plan. The District Attorney also recognized revenues in the amount of \$67,790 in ad valorem taxes and state revenue sharing funds collected from non-employer contributing entities.

At December 31, 2019, the District Attorney reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	998	\$	72,489
Changes of assumptions		105,780		7,660
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		32,571		•
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions and deferred outflows and inflows of				
resources		9,802		5,168
Employer contributions subsequent to				
the measurement date		8,562		
Total		157,713		85,317

Deferred outflows of resources of \$8,562 resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:	
2020	\$ 35,822
2021	14,478
2022	18,082
2023	28,358
2024	(11,536)
Tota	85,204

NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN (Continued)

SENSITIVITY TO CHANGES IN DISCOUNT RATE

The following presents the net pension liability of the participating employers calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the employers' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.50%) or one percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate.

	Changes in Discount Rate 2019				
31	1%	Current			
	Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase		
	5.50%	6.50%	7.50%		
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 632,626	\$ 232,249	\$ (108,671)		

PAYABLES TO THE PENSION PLAN

At December 31, 2019, the St. Landry Parish District Attorney reported a payable to the District Attorneys' Retirement System of Louisiana of \$0 for the employer's portion of contractually required contributions to the pension plan for the month of December.

ESTIMATES

The process of preparing the schedule of employer allocations and schedule of pension amounts in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Accordingly, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

NOTE 7 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The District Attorney or the Assistant District Attorney is eligible to participate in the District Attorneys' Deferred Compensation Plan authorized by R.S. 42:1309. This deferred compensation plan provides a supplemental retirement income by using pretax dollars and deferring income on these contributions. The District Attorney's office matches employee contributions up to 3.00% dollar for dollar. The total employer contributions made to the plan for the year ended December 31, 2019 were \$9,153.

NOTE 8 - LEASE COMMITMENTS

Commitments under operating lease arrangements for office equipment provide for future minimum rental payments as follows:

2020	\$ 17,441
20 21	10,863
2022	2,645
2023	1,763
2024	·····
<u>Total</u>	32,712

Rental expenditures on operating leases incurred for the year ended December 31, 2019 were \$27,161 and \$5,551 for the General Fund and the IV-D Fund, respectively.

NOTE 9 - OTHER AGREEMENTS

Louisiana Revised Statute 16:6 mandates the Parish Government to pay from their General Fund, any expenses incurred by the parish District Attorney in the discharge of his official duties. These expenses include salaries of stenographers, clerks, secretaries, investigators and other employees' expense allowances, telephone, transportation, travel, postage, hotel and other expenses.

NOTE 10 - RESTRICTED NET POSITION

The net position of the Special Revenue Fund is reserved for \$76,087, which are the unexpended IV-D funds on hand.

NOTE 11 - ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

Several employees of the St. Landry Parish District Attorney receive payments directly from the St. Landry Parish Government and the State of Louisiana for salaries. Salaries paid to these employees include \$648,625 from the St. Landry Parish Government and \$543,514 from the State. The St. Landry Parish Government and the State of Louisiana also pay fringe benefits on behalf of certain employees of the St. Landry Parish District Attorney. Fringe benefits paid on behalf of these employees amount to \$75,154 for retirement and workers compensation and \$17,286 for payroll taxes. The retirement plan that covers these employees is the Parochial Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana.

NOTE 12 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events were evaluated through June 23, 2020, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. As of June 23, 2020, there were no subsequent events noted.

NOTE 13 - FUND BALANCE

The constraints on fund balance as listed in aggregate in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance are detailed according to balance classification and fund.

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund IV-D		
Fund Balance: Nonspendable:	\$ -	\$ -		
Restricted: Grants		76,087		
Committed:	1861			
Assigned:	••	**		
Unassigned:	184,065	***		
Total Fund Balances	184,065	76,087		



ST. LANDRY PARISH DISTRICT ATTORNEY OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA

SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019							
,	BUDGET			VARIANCE FAVORABLE			
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(UNFAVORABLE)			
REVENUES							
Commissions on fines and bond							
forfeitures	\$ 1,800,500	\$ 1,319,686	\$ 1,325,725	\$ 6,039			
Intergovernmental							
Parish Government reimbursements	350,000	348,336	354,991	6,655			
Criminal Court Fund	65,000	45,935	51,930	5,995			
On-behalf payments							
Parish Government	730,000	730,589	730,589				
State	554,000	567,125	567,125	- *			
Share of Racino income	90,000	89,819	91,184	1,365			
Sheriff's and City Court's			* _ *				
reimbursements	95,000	114,616	127,676	13,060			
Federal grants	168,000	196,153	225,218	29,065			
State grants	30,000	30,000	30,000	•			
Miscellaneous							
Drug seizure income	65,000	45,928	29,072	(16,856)			
Interest earned	500	996	896	(100)			
Rental income	15,000	14,947	22,384	7,437			
Other	5,000		5,891	5,891			
Total revenues	3,968,000	3,504,130	3,562,681	58,551			
EXPENDITURES							
Judicial							
Personal and contracted							
services	2,644,000	2,693,819	2,692,761	1,058			
Supplies and materials	145,000	164,180	156,968	7,212			
Repairs and maintenance	65,000	69,478	53,446	16,032			
Other services and charges	440,000	438,378	393,158	45,220			
Payments to other							
governmental entities	400,000	303,710	301,125	2,585			
Debt service	9,538	9,538	9,538	**			
Capital outlay	10,000	59,330	37,687	21,643			
Total expenditures	3,713,538	3,738,433	3,644,683	93,750			
EVACAA (RECIAICIA)A AC ACICENIICA				***************************************			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES	054 400	(004.000)	(00,000)	450.004			
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	254,462	(234,303)	(82,002)	152,301			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Operating transfers out	-	•	(23,780)	(23,780)			
Total other financing	***************************************						
sources (uses)		*	(23,780)	(23,780)			
	254 422	(324 333)					
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	254,462	(234,303)	(105,782)	128,521			
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year			289,847				
FUND BALANCE, end of year			184,065				

See notes to required supplementary information.

ST. LANDRY PARISH DISTRICT ATTORNEY

OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA

SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

IV-D FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	BUD	GET		VARIANCE FAVORABLE	
-	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(UNFAVORABLE)	
<u>REVENUES</u>					
Intergovernmental					
Federal grants	\$ 515,000	\$ 509,538	\$ 515,640	\$ 6,102	
Miscellaneous					
Interest earned	100	77	92_	15	
Total revenues	515,100	509,615	515,732	6,117	
EXPENDITURES Judicial					
Personal and contracted services	425,500	428,305	425,516	2,789	
Supplies and materials	14,800	26,107	26,075	32	
Repairs and maintenance	2,800	2,965	2,447	518	
Other services and charges	72,000	82,195	82,568	(373)	
Capital outlay					
Total expenditures	515,100	539,572	536,606	2,966	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(29,957)	(20,874)	9,083	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating transfers in Total other financing sources		<u></u>	23,780 23,780	23,780 23,780	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(29,957)	2,906	32,863	
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year			73,181		
FUND BALANCE, end of year			76,087		

See notes to required supplementary information.

ST. LANDRY PARISH DISTRICT ATTORNEY OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	2015*	2016*	2017*	2018*	2019*
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.68734%	0.66709%	0.72732%	0.73065%	0.72194%
Employer's Proportionale Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 37,024	\$ 127,686	\$ 196,174	\$ 235,116	\$ 232,249
Employer's Covered-Employee Payroll	403,091	444,941	445,735	454,277	424,451
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered- Employee Payroll	9.19%	28.70%	44.01%	51.76%	54.72%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	98,56%	95.09%	93,57%	92.92%	93.13%

^{*}The amounts presented have a measurement date as of June 30, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018 and 2019.

ST. LANDRY PARISH DISTRICT ATTORNEY OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Contributions in

As of Measurement Date	R	ntractually lequired ntribution		Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	Defi	ribution ciency cess)		mployer's Covered Employee Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll
2015	\$	28,216	\$	28,216	\$	-	\$	403,091	7.00%
2016	•	15,573	·	15,573	·	•	,	444,941	3.50%
2017		-				**		445,735	0.00%
2018		-		-		*		454,277	0.00%
2019		5,306		5,306		-		424,451	1.25%

See notes to required supplementary information.

ST. LANDRY PARISH DISTRICT ATTORNEY OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Basis of Accounting

The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Budgetary Practices

The District prepares and adopts a budget in accordance with LSA-RS 39:1301 et seq. The annual budget for the General Fund is prepared in accordance with the basis of accounting utilized by that fund.

Neither encumbrance accounting nor formal integration of the budget into the accounting records is employed as a management control device. However, periodic comparisons of budget and actual amounts are performed.

Pension Plan

Changes of assumptions — Changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or of other inputs were recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan. These assumptions include the investment rate of return, rate of salary increases, mortality rates, expected remaining service lives, cost of living adjustments and various other factors that have an impact on the cost of the plan.

There were no changes of benefits terms for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019 and plan year ended June 30, 2019.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with governments which are not required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund has a greater number and variety of revenue sources than any other fund, and its resources normally finance a wider range of activities. The resources of the General Fund are ordinarily largely expended and replenished on an annual basis.

ST. LANDRY PARISH DISTRICT ATTORNEY OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA BALANCE SHEET – GENERAL FUND DECEMBER 31, 2019

	2019
<u>ASSETS</u>	
Cash	\$ 213,175
Due from other governmental units	114,851
Security deposits	502
Total assets	328,528
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 88,624
Due to other funds	3,949
LACE payroll payable	46,780
LACE fuel payable	4,550
LACE Medicare payable	560
<u>Total liabilities</u>	144,463
FUND BALANCE	
Unassigned fund balance	184,065
Total fund balance	184,065
Total liabilities and fund balance	328,528

ST. LANDRY PARISH DISTRICT ATTORNEY OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -- BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	2019		Variance Favorable	
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	
<u>REVENUES</u>			A TARRY SCALE IN COMMUNICATION AND VINE	
Commissions on fines and bond forfeitures				
Fines	\$ 54,592	\$ 45,547	\$ (9,045)	
LACE/LOC fines and affidavit fees	204,689	126,766	(77,923)	
Court costs	155,386	154,195	(1,191)	
NSF fees	12,987	22,703	9,716	
Probation fees	809,361	886,986	77,625	
Surety bond fees	53,180	56,966	3,786	
Department of Public Safety fees	18,675	20,738	2,063	
Criminal bond fees	10,166	11,124	958	
Expungement Fees	650	700	50	
Intergovernmental				
Parish Government reimbursements	348,336	354,991	6,655	
Criminal Court Fund	45,935	51,930	5,995	
On-behalf payments				
Parish Government	730,589	730,589	*	
State	567,125	567,125		
Share of Racino income	89,819	91,184	1,365	
Sheriff's and City Court's reimbursements	114,616	127,676	13,060	
Federal grants	196,153	225,218	29,065	
State grants	30,000	30,000		
Miscellaneous				
Drug seizure income	45,928	29,072	(16,856)	
Interest earned	996	896	(100)	
Rental income	14,947	22,384	7,437	
Other	x44	5,891	5,891	
Total revenues	3,504,130	3,562,681	58,551	
EXPENDITURES				
Judicial				
Personal and contracted services				
Salaries	862,958	871,421	(8,463)	
Salaries - on behalf of parish government	540,293	540,293		
Salaries - on behalf of state	544,920	545,000	(80)	
Fringe benefits	444,653	436,768	7,885	
Fringe benefits - on behalf of parish government	68,807	68,807		
Fringe benefits - on behalf of state	22,205	22,205	-	
Contracted services	209,983	208,267	1,716	
Continued on next page.				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

ST. LANDRY PARISH DISTRICT ATTORNEY OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Variance

	2019				variance Favorable	
	Buc	lget		Actual	(Uni	favorable)
EXPENDITURES (Continued)						
Supplies and materials	\$ 16	4,180	\$	156,968	\$	7,212
Repairs and maintenance		9,478		53,446		16,032
Other services and charges						
Insurance	6	0,653		55,019		5,634
Bailiff expenses		0,600		9,600		1,000
Telephone		4,713		76,641		(1,928)
Computer expenses		4,657		4,321		336
Dues and subscriptions	6	0,138		59,302		836
Auto expenses	3	0,476		23,434		7,042
Criminal filing		2,250		2,000		250
Conventions and seminars		9,956		4,030		5,926
Travel expenses		8,907		7,106		1,801
Meals	1	4,803		13,278		1,525
Grand Jury meals		5,092		3,732		1,360
Professional expense	3	1,101		30,100		1,001
Rentals	3	9,536		21,207		18,329
The Utilities	6	9,797		64,539		5,258
Other	1	5,699		18,849		(3,150)
Payments to other governmental entities						
City Marshal ticket fees	7	0,720		68,700		2,020
Drug forfeitures	3	1,030		22,630		8,400
Bond forfeitures		-		24		(24)
LACE payroll and fuel	20	1,960		209,771		(7,811)
Debt service		9,538		9,538		•
Capital outlay	5	9,330		37,687		21,643
Total expenditures	3,73	8,433		3,644,683	-	93,750
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(23	<u>4,303)</u>		(82,002)		152,301
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Operating transfers out				(23,780)		(23,780)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		(23,780)		(23,780)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(23	<u>4,303)</u>		(105,782)		128,521
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year				289,847		
FUND BALANCE, end of year			***************************************	184,065		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for resources legally restricted to expenditures for specified current operating purposes or the acquisition of furniture, fixtures, machinery, equipment, or other relatively minor or comparatively short-lived assets.

The IV-D Fund accounts for grants received from the Louisiana Department of Social Services, a pass-through agency, and the United States Department of Health and Human Services, authorized by Act 117 of 1975, to establish family and child support programs compatible with Title IV-D of the Social Security Act for the provision of child support services. The purpose of the Fund is to enforce the support obligation owed by absent parents to their children, to locate absent parents, to establish paternity, and to obtain child and spousal support.

40

ST, LANDRY PARISH DISTRICT ATTORNEY OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA BALANCE SHEET SPECIAL REVENUE FUND IV-D FUND DECEMBER 31, 2019

\	2019
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 38,492
Due from other governmental units	39,632
Due from other funds	2,926
Total assets	81,050_
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 4,963
Total liabilities	4,963
FUND BALANCE	
Restricted for grant	76,087
Total fund balance	<u>76,087</u>
Total liabilities and fund balance	81,050

ST, LANDRY PARISH DISTRICT ATTORNEY OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

IV-D FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	2019		Variance Favorable	
_	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental				
Federal grants	\$ 509,538	\$ 515,640	\$ 6,102	
Miscellaneous				
Interest earned	77	92	<u> 15</u>	
Total revenues	509,615	515,732	6,117	
EXPENDITURES				
Judicial				
Personal and contracted services				
Salaries	225,595	225,596	(1)	
Salaries - On behalf of parish government	106,383	106,383	-	
Fringe benefits	70,241	66,431	3,810	
Fringe benefits - On behalf of parish government	15,106	15,106		
Contracted services	10,980	12,000	(1,020)	
Supplies and materials	26,107	26,075	32	
Repairs and maintenance	2,965	2,447	518	
Other services and charges				
Auto expenses	4,836	22,669	(17,833)	
Professional fees	14,625	13,625	1,000	
Rentals	14,116	5,145	8,971	
Telephone	3,054	2,621	433	
Building rent	10,147	18,430	(8,283)	
Other	35,417	20,078	15,339_	
Total expenditures	539,572	536,606	2,966	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(29,957)	(20,874)	9,083	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Operating transfers in		23,780	23,780	
Total other financing sources		23,780	23,780	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(29,957)	2,906	32,863	
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		73,181		
FUND BALANCE, end of year		76,087		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

RELATED REPORTS

VIGE, TUJAGUE 🧠 NOEL

A CORPORATION OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

151 N 2® STREET P O. BOX 1006 EUNICE, LOUISIANA 70595

SHIRLEY VIGE, JR., C.P.A. FRANK G. TUJAGUE, C.P.A. DOMINIQUE M. NOEL, C.P.A. TELEPHONE: 337-457-9324 FAX: 337-457-8743

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Charles Cravins St. Landry Parish District Attorney Opelousas, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the St. Landry Parish District Attorney, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the St. Landry Parish District Attorney's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 23, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the St. Landry Parish District Attorney's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the St. Landry Parish District Attorney's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the St. Landry Parish District Attorney's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the St. Landry Parish District Attorney's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Vige, Tujague & Noel, CPA's

Vige. Dujague & Noil

Eunice, Louisiana June 23, 2020

ST. LANDRY PARISH DISTRICT ATTORNEY OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the general purpose financial statements of the St. Landry Parish District Attorney.
- No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the financial statements were disclosed in the Report on Compliance and Other Matters and on Internal Control over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards.
- No material weaknesses relating to the audit of the financial statements were disclosed in the Report on Compliance and Other Matters and on Internal Control over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards.
- 4. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the St. Landry Parish District were disclosed during the audit.
- 5. No separate management letter was issued.

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None

ST. LANDRY PARISH DISTRICT ATTORNEY OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEARS FINDINGS AND RESPONSES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

١.	INTERNAL CONTROL AND	COMPLIANCE MATERIAL	TO THE FINANCIAL	<u>STATEMENTS</u>
	No findings.	,		

II. INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO FEDERAL AWARDS

No findings.

ST, LANDRY PARISH DISTRICT ATTORNEY OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO AGENCY HEAD OR CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Agency Head Name:	Earl Taylor,	District Attorney
Service Period	: 12 ma	onths

Purpose	Amount
Salary - St. Landry Parish D.A.'s Office	\$81,854
Salary - St. Landry Parish Government	46,586
Salary - State of Louisiana	49,920
Insurance - Health	17,928
Insurance - Life	5,696
Insurance - Other	535
Benefits - Retirement	2,149
Per Diem	300
Registration fees	0
Conference travel	572
Cell phone/lpad/Data	1,063

ST. LANDRY PARISH DISTRICT ATTORNEY STATEWIDE AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES REPORT YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

VIGE, TUJAGUE 🥯 NOEL

A CORPORATION OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

151 N. 2₩ STREET P. O. BOX 1006 EUNICE, LOUISIANA 7053S

SHIRLEY VIGE, JR., C.P.A. FRANK G. TUJAGUE, C.P.A. DOMINIQUE M. NOEL, C.P.A. TELEPHONE: 337-457-9324 FAX: 337-457-8743

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

To the Management and Board of Commissioners of the St. Landry Parish District Attorney and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor:

We have performed the procedures enumerated below, which were agreed to by St. Landry Parish District Attorney and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor (LLA) on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the LLA's Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period January 1, 2019 through December 31, 2019. The St. Landry Parish District Attorney's management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the specified users of this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

Written Policies and Procedures

No exceptions in prior year. This category was excluded from testing in the current year except for the new required written policy on Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity.

- 1. Obtain the entity's written policies and procedures and observe that they address each of the following categories and subcategories (if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations):
 - a) Budgeting, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget
 - b) **Purchasing**, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the public bid law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.

- c) Disbursements, including processing, reviewing, and approving
- d) **Receipts/Collections**, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g. periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).
- e) *Payroll/Personnel*, including (1) payroll processing, and (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked.
- f) Contracting, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process
- g) Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable), including (1) how cards are to be eontrolled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases)
- h) *Travel and expense reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers
- i) Ethics, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) requirement that all employees, including elected officials, annually attest through signature verification that they have read the entity's ethics policy. Note: Ethics requirements are not applicable to nonprofits.
 - j) **Debt Service**, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.
 - k) Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.

The entity has written policies/procedures that address Disaster Recovery/BusinessContinuity.

Board (or Finance Committee, if applicable)

No exceptions in prior year. This category was excluded from testing in the current year.

2. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the period, and:

- a) Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
- b) For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund and major special revenue funds, as well as monthly financial statements (or budget-to-actual comparisons, if budgeted) for major proprietary funds. Alternately, for those entities reporting on the non-profit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.
- c) For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unrestricted fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unrestricted fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unrestricted fund balance in the general fund.

Bank Reconciliations

No exceptions in prior year. This category was excluded from testing in the current year.

- 3. Obtain a listing of client bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for selected each account, and observe that:
 - a) Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged);
 - b) Bank reconciliations include evidence that a member of management/board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and
 - c) Management has documentation reflecting that it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

Collections

4. Obtain a listing of <u>deposit sites</u> for the fiscal period where deposits for eash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).

- Obtained a listing of deposit sites and management's representation that the listing is complete.
- 5. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (i.e. 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:
 - a) Employees that are responsible for each collections do not share each drawers/registers.
 - Revenue is only accepted in the form of money orders and receipts are computer generated. The person collecting the money order is required to record and initial the daily collection log for each money order collected. The clerks then turn all money orders received into Victoria, and she holds and prepares the collections for deposit.
 - b) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g. pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit.
 - The entity has a formal process for reconciling cash collections to deposit documentation and the general ledger by revenue source, by a person who is not responsible for cash collections.
 - c) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.
 - Employees responsible for collecting cash are responsible for posting collections entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers; however, another employee is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.
 - d) The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee verifies the reconciliation
 - The employee responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledger, is not responsible for collecting cash.
- 6. Inquire of management that all employees who have access to cash are covered by a bond or insurance policy for theft.
 - Employees that have access to cash are covered by a bond or insurance policy for theft.
- 7. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for procedure #3 under "Bank Reconciliations" above (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Alternately, the practitioner may use a source dacument other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection

log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc. Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:

- a) Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.
 - Receipts are sequentially pre-numbered and computer generated.
- b) Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.
 - Traced receipts or collections documentation to the deposit slip with no exceptions.
- c) Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.
 - Traced the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement with no exceptions.
- d) Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100).
 - Deposits selected were made within one business day of receipt at the collection location.
- c) Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

Traced the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger with no exception.

Non-Payroll Disbursements – General (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

- 8. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).
 - Obtained a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete.
- 9. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that:
 - a) At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase.
 - Obtained written policies and procedures and examined supporting documentation and noted that at least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase and making a purchase.
 - b) At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.

 Two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.

- c) The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.
 - The employee responsible for processing payments can also add vendors; however, the District Attorney must approve all vendors and periodically reviews vendor files.
- d) Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.
 - The District Attorney signs the checks, and gives them to an employee to mail that is not responsible for processing payments.
- 10. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding eards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction and:
 - a) Observe that the disbursement matched the related original invoice/billing statement.

 Obtained management's representation that the population is complete. No exceptions noted.
 - b) Observe that the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #9, as applicable

Obtained management's representation that the population is complete. The disbursement documentation did include evidence of segregation of duties.

Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

No exceptions in prior year. This category was excluded from testing in the current year.

- 11. Obtain from management a listing of all active eredit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the eard numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.
- 12. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all eards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement), obtain supporting documentation, and:
 - a) Observe that there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the authorized card holder. [Note: Requiring such approval may constrain the

- legal authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality); these instances should not be reported.)]
- b) Observe that finance eharges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.
- 13. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (i.e. each card should have 10 transactions subject to testing). For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only).

Travel and Expense Reimbursement

No exceptions in prior year. This category was excluded from testing in the current year.

- 14. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements, obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:
 - a) If reimbursed using a per diem, agree the reimbursement rate to those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov).
 - b) If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.
 - c) Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by written policy (procedure #1h).
 - d) Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

Contracts

No exceptions in prior year. This category was excluded from testing in the current year.

15. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. Alternately, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.

Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and:

- a) Observe that the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.
- b) Observe that the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g. Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter).
- e) If the contract was amended (c.g. change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment.
- d) Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

Payroll and Personnel

No exceptions in prior year. This category was excluded from testing in the current year.

- 16. Obtain a listing of employees/elected officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees/officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.
- 17. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees/officials selected under #16 above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:
 - a) Observe that all selected employees/officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, siek, compensatory). (Note: Generally, an elected official is not eligible to earn leave and does not document his/her attendance and leave. However, if the elected official is earning leave according to policy and/or contract, the official should document his/her daily attendance and leave.)
 - b) Observe that supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees/officials.
 - c) Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records.
- 18. Obtain a listing of those employees/officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees/officials, obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations, agree the hours to the employee/officials'

cumulate leave records, and agree the pay rates to the employee/officials' authorized pay rates in the employee/officials' personnel files.

19. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, and workers' compensation premiums have been paid, and associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

Ethics

No exceptions in prior year. This category was excluded from testing in the current year.

- 20. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above obtain ethics documentation from management, and:
 - a. Observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the fiscal period.
 - b. Observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official attested through signature verification that he or she has read the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period.

Debt Service

No exceptions in prior year. This category was excluded from testing in the current year.

- 21. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all bonds/notes on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each bond/note issued.
- 22. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt eovenants.

Other

No exceptions in prior year. This category was excluded from testing in the current year.

- 23. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled.
- 24. Observe that the entity has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 eoncerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or eonclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Vige, Tujague & Noel Eunice, Louisiana June 23, 2020

. - - - -

ST. LANDRY PARISH DISTRICT ATTORNEY

Management's Response to Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Management's Response to Item:

No exceptions to report.

District Attorney

11 | Page