## TANGIPAHOA PARISH CLERK OF COURT

Amite, Louisiana

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

## TANGIPAHOA PARISH CLERK OF COURT

Amite, Louisiana ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

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## Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Gary Stanga, Clerk of Court Tangipahoa Parish Clerk of Court Amite, Louisiana

## Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the general fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tangipahoa Parish Clerk of Court, a component unit of Tangipahoa Parish Government, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Tangipahoa Parish Clerk of Court's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the general fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tangipahoa Parish Clerk of Court as of June 30, 2021 and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Honorable Gary Stanga, Clerk of Court Tangipahoa Parish Clerk of Court

#### Other Matters

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Budgetary Comparison Information, the Schedule of the Clerk's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of the Clerk's Contributions, and the Schedule of Changes in the Clerk's total OPEB Liability and related ratios on pages 4 through 9, pages 40 through 42, page 43, page 44, and page 45, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Tangipahoa Parish Clerk of Court's basic financial statements. The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Agency Funds; the Schedule of Changes in Unsettled Deposits – Agency Funds; the Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to the Clerk of Court, the Justice System Funding Schedule – Collecting / Disbursing Entity, and the Justice System Funding Schedule – Receiving Entity reports are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Agency Funds; the Schedule of Changes in Unsettled Deposits – Agency Funds; and the Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Clerk of Court, the Justice System Funding Schedule – Collecting / Disbursing Entity, and the Justice System Funding Schedule – Receiving Entity are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Agency Funds; the Schedule of Changes in Unsettled Deposits – Agency Funds; and the Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Clerk of Court, the Justice System Funding Schedule – Receiving Entity are fairly stated, in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 21, 2021, on our consideration of the Tangipahoa Parish Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tangipahoa Parish Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Tangipahoa Parish Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

James Lambert Riggs & Associates, Inc.

James, Kambert Riggs

Hammond, Louisiana December 21, 2021 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (PART I)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Amite, Louisiana

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### Introduction

The Tangipahoa Parish Clerk of Court (the Clerk) is pleased to present its Annual Financial Report developed in compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - Management's Discussion and Analysis - For State and Local Governments (GASB 34), and related standards.

The Clerk's discussion and analysis is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the Clerk's financial activity, (c) identify changes in the Clerk's financial position, (d) identify any significant variations from the Clerk's financial plan, and (e) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the Clerk's financial statements on pages 11 through 38 of this report.

## Financial Highlights

- At June 30, 2021, the Clerk's governmental fund reported an ending fund balance of \$5,201,647, an increase of \$675,439 for the year. All of this amount is available for spending at the Clerk's discretion.
- For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Clerk's total debt increased by \$2,232,617, or approximately 22.53%, primarily due to an increase in the OPEB liability and net Pension Liability.

## Overview of the Financial Statements

The financial statement focus is on both the Clerk as a whole and on the major individual funds. Both perspectives, government-wide and major funds, allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison, and enhance the Clerk's accountability. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the Clerk's basic financial statements, which consist of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements.

## **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Clerk's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on the Clerk's assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, in a manner similar to the accounting used by private business enterprises. The difference between the assets and liabilities is reported as net position. Over time, the increases or decreases in net position and changes in the components of net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Clerk is improving or deteriorating.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Clerk's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year, focusing on both the gross and net costs of various activities that are supported by the Clerk's various revenues. This is intended to summarize and simplify the reader's analysis of the cost and/or subsidy of various governmental services.

In both of the government-wide financial statements, the Clerk's activities are of a single type:

 Governmental Activities - Most of the Clerk's basic services are reported here and are financed primarily through charges for services.

The government-wide financial statements include the Tangipahoa Parish Clerk of Court (component unit of Tangipahoa Parish Government) and can be found on pages 11 and 12 of this report.

## **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Clerk, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related and legal requirements. The Clerk uses two categories of funds to account for financial transactions: governmental funds and fiduciary funds. Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the fund financial statements presentation more familiar.

Governmental funds are used to account for most of the Clerk's basic services. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances that are left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Clerk's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Clerk's programs. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 13 through 18 of this report.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties. The only funds accounted for in this category by the Clerk are custodial funds. The custodial funds account for assets held by the Clerk as an agent for others. These funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 19 of this report.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, there are differences in the information presented for governmental funds and for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Review of these differences provides the reader of the financial statements, insight on the long-term impact of the Clerk's more immediate decisions on the current use of financial resources. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. The reconciliations can be found on pages 14 and 18 of this report.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANANLYSIS

As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 21 through 38 of this report.

## Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The following table provides a summary of the Clerk's net position for the current year as compared to the prior year. For more detailed information, see the Statement of Net Position on page 11 of this report.

## Net Position June 30, 2021, and 2020

		Governmental Activities				
		2021		2020		\$ Change
Assets:						
Current and Other Assets	\$	5,304,655	\$	4,603,215	\$	701,440
Restricted Assets		2,581,041		·		2,581,041
Capital Assets		220,201		250,056		(29,855)
Total Assets	-	8,105,897	-	4,853,271		3,252,626
Deferred outflow of resources	_	3,665,542	(***	2,137,282	_	1,528,260
Liabilities:						
Long-Term Liabilities		11,892,679		9,707,868		2,184,811
Other Liabilities		250,234		202,821		47,413
Total Liabilities	_	12,142,913	-	9,910,689	_	2,232,224
Deferred inflow of resources	_	4,951,986	_	2,572,902	1	2,379,084
Net Position:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		220,201		250,056		(29,855)
Unrestricted (Deficit)	-	(5,543,661)	-	(5,743,094)	-	199,433
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$	(5,323,460)	\$	(5,493,038)	\$	169,578

\$220,201 of the Clerk's net (deficit) position reflects its investment in capital assets (land, buildings, furniture, and equipment). These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and do not represent resources available for future spending.

The Clerk's activities decreased its total net (deficit) by \$169,578; the decrease is primarily attributable to an increase in Total Assets.

In order to further understand what makes up the changes in net position (deficit), the following table provides a summary of the results of the Clerk's activities for the current year as compared to the prior year. An analysis of the primary sources of these changes follows the table. For more detailed information, see the Statement of Activities on page 12 of this report.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

# Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2021, and 2020

	Governmental Activities			
		2021	2020	\$ Change
Revenues:	_			
Program Revenues:				
Charges for Services Operating grant General Revenues:	\$	6,144,245 \$ 56,000	5,222,293 \$ 12,880	921,952 43,120
Interest Income		11,543	95,609	(84,066)
Support Revenue		325,997	298,232	27,765
Total Revenues	_	6,537,785	5,629,014	908,771
Expenses:				
General Government		6,368,207	5,736,039	632,168
Total Expenses	_	6,368,207	5,736,039	632,168
Change in Net Position		169,578	(107,025)	276,603
Net Position (Deficit), Beginning,		(5,493,038)	(5,386,013)	(107,025)
Net Position (Deficit), Ending	\$_	(5,323,460) \$	(5,493,038) \$_	169,578

## **Governmental Activities**

The Clerk's governmental net (deficit) decreased by \$169,578 or 3.09% of the prior year ending net (deficit), to \$5,323,460.

The increase in revenues noted above is primarily comprised of an increase in recording fees, internet copy fees, and criminal eSearch fees.

The increase in expenses noted above is primarily comprised of an increase in the OPEB expense and salary of deputies expense.

## **Fund Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, the Clerk uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### Governmental Funds

The focus of the Clerk's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Clerk's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the Clerk's net resources available for spending at the end of the year. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 13 through 18 of this report.

At the end of the current year, the Clerk's governmental fund reported an ending fund balance of \$5,201,647 all of which was available for spending at the Clerk's discretion. This represents an increase of \$675,439 or 14.92% of the prior year's ending balance.

## **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary funds reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The only funds accounted for in this category by the Clerk are custodial funds. The custodial funds account for assets held by the Clerk as an agent for others.

These funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 19 of this report.

## **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The Tangipahoa Parish Clerk of Court demonstrated legal compliance by adopting and amending its budget in accordance with provisions of the Local Government Budget Act. As required by state law, actual revenues were within 5% of budgeted revenues and actual expenditures were within 5% of budgeted expenditures.

For the general fund, actual revenue amounts exceeded final budgeted revenues by \$300,617. Actual expenditures were more than final budgeted expenditures amounts by \$9,333.

For the general fund, original budgeted revenues were \$5,189,200 and final budgeted revenues were \$5,911,171. Original budgeted expenditures were \$5,162,624 and final budgeted expenditures were \$5,527,016.

The general fund's original budget was amended primarily to reflect an increase in revenues and an increase in expenditures.

## Capital Assets and Debt Administration

## Capital Assets

The Clerk's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2021, amounts to \$220,201 (net of depreciation). The total decrease in the Clerk's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$29,855 (net of depreciation).

The major capital asset additions during the current year were the purchases of office equipment, data processing equipment, and software.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

The following table provides a summary of the Clerk's capital assets (net of depreciation) at the end of the current year as compared to the prior year. For more detailed information, see Note 6 to the financial statements on page 30 of this report.

## Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation) June 30, 2021, and 2020

,		Governmental Activities		
		2021	_	2020
Land	\$	27,800	\$	27,800
Buildings Furniture		64,852 50,801		72,858 61,464
Office Equipment		29,501		31,189
Data Processing Equipment / Software		45,526		53,879
Internet Conversion		21,085		21,085
Microfilm Conversion	-	(19,364)	-	(18,219)
Capital Assets, Net	\$	220,201	\$	250,056

## Long-term Debt

At June 30, 2021, the Clerk had total long-term debt outstanding of \$12,043,475. The following table provides a summary of the Clerk's outstanding debt at the end of the current year as compared to the prior year.

## Outstanding Long-Term Debt June 30, 2021, and 2020

	Governmental Activities			
		2021	_	2020
Compensated Absences	\$	234,026	\$	215,061
Advanced Deposits Due to Others		2,584,611		
Postemployment Healthcare Benefits Payable		5,032,762		4,693,213
Net Pension Liability	-	6,776,687	=	4,925,408
Total Long-term Debt	\$	14,628,086	_	9,833,682

## Contacting the Clerk's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the citizens of Tangipahoa Parish with a general overview of the Clerk's finances and show the Clerk's accountability for the money it receives. Questions regarding this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Tangipahoa Parish Clerk of Court, Tangipahoa Parish Courthouse, Post Office Box667, Amite, Louisiana 70422, telephone (985) 748-4146.

**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

## Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

Statement A

	Governmental Activities
Assets  Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Receivables Due from Others Due from Other Funds Restricted Cash Capital Assets, Net Total Assets	\$ 4,954,088 200,000 145,874 4,654 39 2,581,041 220,201 8,105,897
Deferred Outflow of Resources GASB 68 - Pension GASB 75 - OPEB Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	2,984,389 681,153 3,665,542
Liabilities  Accounts, Salaries, and Other Payables Noncurrent Liabilities:  Due Within One Year	99,438
Accrued Compensated Absences Due in More Than One Year Accrued Compensated Absences Postemployment Healthcare Benefits Payable Net Pension Liability Total Liabilities	150,796 83,230 5,032,762 6,776,687 12,142,913
Deferred Inflow of Resources  GASB 68 – Pension  GASB 75 – OPEB  Advanced Deposits Due to Others  Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	168,999 2,198,376 2,584,611 4,951,986
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted (Deficit)	220,201 (5,543,661)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (5,323,460)

## Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Statement B

Net (Expense)

				Program	n Rev	enues		Revenue and Changes in Net Position
		Expenses		Charges for Services	O	perating Grants d Contributions		Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities General Government	\$	6,368,207	\$	6,144,245	\$	56,000	\$	(167,962)
		neral Revenues Interest Income Support Revenu						11,543 325,997
		Total Genera	al Re	venues			-	337,540
	Ch	ange in Net Po	sition	ı				169,578
	Ne	t (Deficit), Begi	nning	of Year				(5,493,038)
	Ne	t (Deficit), End	of Ye	ar			\$	(5,323,460)

## Balance Sheet Governmental Fund June 30, 2021

Statement C

		General Fund
Assets	-	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,954,088
Investments		200,000
Receivables		145,874
Due from Others		4,654
Due from Other Funds		39
Restricted Cash		2,581,041
Total Assets	\$	7,885,696
Liabilities and Fund Balance Liabilities:		
Accounts, Salaries, and Other Payables	S	99,438
Total Liabilities		99,438
Deferred Inflow of Resources		
Advanced Deposits Due to Others		2,584,611
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	8	2,584,611
Fund Balance:		
Unassigned		5,201,647
Total Fund Balance		5,201,647
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	7,885,696

Statement D

## Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

\$ 5,201,647

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of:

Governmental capital assets, net of depreciation

220,201

Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. These liabilities consist of:

Compensated absences payable	(234,026)
Other postemployment obligations liability	(5,032,762)
Net Pension Liability	(6.776,687)

Deferred outflows and inflows are not financial resources or currently payable. These consist of:

Deferred outflows	3,665,542
Deferred inflows	(2,367,375)

## Net Position (Deficit) of Governmental Activities \$ (5,323,460)

Statement E

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Revenues	General Fund
Licenses and Permits:	
Marriage Licenses	\$ 32,590
Fees, Charges, and Commissions for Services:	
Court Cost, Fees, and Charges:	
Criminal Fees	293,480
Suits & Successions	1,762,041
Bond Fees	5,710
Remote Access Fees	128,349
Court Attendance Internet Fees	12,480 151,257
Fees for Recording Legal Documents:	131,237
Recordings, Cancellations, and Mortgages	3,004,967
Use of Money and Property:	3,004,907
Interest	11,543
Miscellaneous Revenues:	11,040
Internet Copies	350,836
Copy Room Copies	22,481
Abstractor Copies	13,000
Minute Clerk Reimbursement	14,410
Birth Certificates	175,402
Death Certificates	5,826
Election Reimbursement	67,505
Parish Council Reimbursement - Jury Commissioners	316
Passports	14,700
Clerk's Supplemental Compensation	24,600
Election Qualifying Fees	11,558
Miscellaneous	2,793
Expungement	6,940
Map Copies	2,827
Sale of Traffic Data	12,000
Criminal eSearch	28,177
Grant Revenues	56,000
Total Revenues	\$ 6,211,788

(Continued)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Statement E

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Expenditures	General Fund
General Government:	
Clerk's Supplemental Compensation	\$ 24,600
Clerk's Vehicle Expense Allowance	24,300
Custodian of Voting Machines	2,400
Election Expense	7,108
Employee Health Insurance	577,127
Payroll Taxes	46,500
Retirement Contributions	856,502
Salary of Election Employees	58,993
Salary of Deputies	2,864,059
Salary of Deputies - Overtime	7,567
Salary of Official	123,112
Salary of Other Employees	4,429
Supplemental Comp Fund	64,598
Compensated Absences Pay	5,858
Uniforms	4,461
Total General Government	4,671,614
Operating Services:	
Building Maintenance & Security	2,503
Clerk's Expense Allowance	14,727
Remote Access Fees	64,503
Courier Service	19,471
Dues & Association Fees	3,795
Insurance Expense	36,052
Janitorial Service	29,130
Jury Commission	1,066
Legal Fees	19,973
Marriage License - Spouse Abuse	15,053
Miscellaneous/ Refund/ Disaster Recovery Documents	4,279
Birth Certificates	100,806
Utilities	1,755
Office Equipment Rental & Maintenance	115,017
Professional Fees	61,110
Qualifying Expense	10,645
Appeal Expense	3,756
Telephone	18,020
UCC Billings	258
Total Operating Services	521,919

(Continued)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Statement E

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		General Fund
Materials and Supplies:		
Office Supplies	\$	132,061
Postage		50,933
Computer Expense		134,225
Bank / Credit Card Charges		240
Total Materials and Supplies		317,459
Travel and Education:		
Travel & Conventions		1,709
Training & Education		225
Total Travel and Education		1,934
Capital Expenditures:		
Computers / Archive		10,801
Equipment		7,423
Furniture / Renovation	- 19	5,199
Total Capital Expenditures		23,423
Total Expenditures		5,536,349
	,	
Excess of Revenues		675,439
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	ě	4,526,208
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	5,201,647

Statement F

169,578

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds	\$	675,439
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. These differences consist of:		
Capital Outlay Depreciation		24,711 (54,566)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These differences consist of:		
Change in compensated absences payable  Net change in liability for postemployment healthcare  Pension expense per GASB 68  OPEB expenses per GASB 75		(18,965) 164,593 (810,168) (137,463)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the government funds.	_	325,997

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

Statement G

## Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds June 30, 2021

	Registry Of Court Fund	Civil Jury Fund	Total
Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,586,795	\$2,382	\$ 3,589,177
Total Assets	3,586,795	2,382	_3,589,177
Liabilities			
Due to General Fund	34	5	39
Due to Others - Civil Suits	3,586,761	120	3,586,761
Due to Others		2,377	2,377
Total Liabilities	3,586,795	2,382	_3,589,177
Net Position	\$	\$	\$

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## TANGIPAHOA PARISH CLERK OF COURT

Amite, Louisiana

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### Introduction

As provided by Article V, Section 28 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, the Tangipahoa Parish Clerk of Court (Clerk) serves as the ex-officio notary public; the recorder of conveyances, mortgages, and other acts; and has other duties and powers provided by law. The Clerk is elected for a four-year term that expires June 30, 2021.

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### A. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying component unit financial statements of the Tangipahoa Parish Clerk of Court have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

This financial report has been prepared in conformity with GASB Statement 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, issued in June 1999.

## B. Reporting Entity

The Clerk of Court is an independently elected official: however, the Clerk of Court is fiscally dependent on Tangipahoa Parish Government. Tangipahoa Parish Government maintains and operates the parish courthouse in which the Clerk of Court's office is located, pays the rent for an additional office in Hammond, Louisiana, and provides funds for equipment and furniture of the Clerk of Court's office if requested to do so by the Clerk of Court. Because the Clerk of Court is fiscally dependent on parish government, the Clerk of Court was determined to be a component unit of Tangipahoa Parish Government, the financial reporting entity.

The accompanying financial statements present information only on the funds maintained by the Clerk of Court and do not present information on the parish government, the general government services provided by that governmental unit, or the other governmental units that comprise the financial reporting entity.

#### C. Fund Accounting

The Clerk of Court uses fund accounting to maintain its financial records and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions relating to certain Clerk functions and activities. A fund is defined as a separate fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

## **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds account for all or most of the Clerk's general activities. These funds focus on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between a governmental fund's assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. In general, fund balance represents the accumulated expendable resources which may be used to finance future period programs or operations of the Clerk of Court.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Fund balance is further classified on a hierarchy that shows, from the highest to the lowest, the level or form of constraints on fund balance and accordingly, the extent to which the Clerk is bound to honor them: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

The following are the Clerk's governmental funds:

General Fund - the primary operating fund of the Clerk which accounts for the operations of the Clerk's office, including internet document access fees. Internet document access fees are statutory fees that may be expended for funding costs associated with the Internet-based Document Electronic Access System as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:841.2. The Advance Deposit Fund as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:842, accounts for advance deposits on suits filed by litigants. The advances are refundable to litigants after all costs have been paid. Accordingly, these funds are reported in the General Fund effective for FYE June 30, 2021.

The General Fund is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred in accordance with state and federal laws and according to the Clerk's policy.

Fiduciary Funds - focuses on net position and changes in net position. The funds accounted for in this category by the Clerk are custodial funds. The Registry of Court Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:475, accounts for funds which have been ordered by the court to be held until judgment has been rendered in court litigation. Withdrawals of the funds can be made only upon order of the court. The Civil Jury Fund accounts for civil jury fees transferred from the Advance Deposit Fund and paid to civil jurors. These funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Consequently, the custodial funds have no measurement focus but use the accrual basis of accounting.

## D. Measurement Focus / Basis of Accounting

## Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Clerk as a whole. These statements include all the non-fiduciary activities of the Clerk with most of the interfund activities removed. Information contained in these statements reflects the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange or exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange occurs (regardless of when cash is received or disbursed). Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment. Interest earnings and other revenues not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The Clerk does not allocate indirect expenses.

The Clerk implemented GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows, or Resources and Net Position. GASB 63 provides guidance for reporting deferred outflows or resources, deferred inflows or resources, and net position in a statement of financial position and related disclosures.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, was implemented which establishes new financial reporting requirements for governments that provide their employees with pension benefits. Additional information about the Clerk's net pension liability is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pension, was implemented which establishes new financial reporting requirements for governments that provide their employees with postemployment benefits other than pensions. Additional information about the clerk's postemployment healthcare benefit liability is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, defines and establishes criteria for identifying and reporting fiduciary activities. The focus of the criteria is on (1) whether the Clerk controls the assets in a fiduciary activity and (2) if there are separate identifiable beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. The standard is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The Clerk implemented this standard during the fiscal year. This changes the presentation of advance deposit funds which were previously presented as fiduciary funds but now are reported in the general fund.

#### **Basic Financial Statements - Governmental Funds**

The amounts reflected in the General Fund are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of the current financial resources. This approach is then reconciled, through adjustment, to a government-wide view of the Clerk's operations.

The amounts reflected in the General Fund use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The Clerk considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after the fiscal year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for interest and principal payments on general long-term debt which are recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

## Revenues

Revenues from recordings, copies, and other services are recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets (i.e. when the service is performed). Substantially all other revenues are recorded when received.

## **Expenditures**

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### Reconciliation

Explanation of differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position is presented in Statement D of the basic financial statements. Explanation of differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance and the government-wide statement of activities is presented in Statement F of the basic financial statements.

## E. Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The Clerk uses the following budget practices:

- The budget is adopted or amended by the Clerk of Court.
- The budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- All appropriations lapse at year end.
- The budget was published in the official journal on May 26, 2020.
- The budget was made available for public inspection at the Clerk's office on June 10, 2020.
- The budget hearing was held at the Clerk's office on June 10, 2020.
- The budget was adopted by the Clerk on June 10, 2020.
- The budget was amended by the Clerk on May 19, 2021.

Formal budget integration (within the accounting records) is employed as a management control device. Budget amounts included in the accompanying financial statements include the original adopted budget and the final amended budget of May 19, 2021.

## F. Deposits and Investments

The Clerk's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State law allows the Clerk to invest in collateralized certificates of deposits, government backed securities, commercial paper, the state sponsored investment pool, and mutual funds consisting solely of government backed securities. Investments for the reporting entity consist primarily of U.S. Treasury obligations and obligations of the U.S. agencies.

Investments for the Clerk are reported at fair market value. The state investment pool (LAMP) operates in accordance with state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

## G. Short-Term Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as due from other funds or due to other funds on the balance sheet. Short-term interfund loans are classified as interfund receivables/payables.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

## H. Capital Assets

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Clerk maintains a threshold level of \$1,000 or more for capitalizing assets.

Capital assets are recorded in the statement of net position and statement of activities. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for public purposes, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. All capital assets, other than land, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings	40 Years
Building Improvements	20 Years
Furniture	7 Years
Office Equipment	7 Years
Data Processing Equipment / Software	5 Years
Internet Conversion	10 Years
Microfilm Conversion	20 Years

## I. Compensated Absences

The Clerk has the following policy relating to sick/personal and vacation leave:

#### Sick/Personal Leave

After six months of employment, each employee is granted 5 days (35 hours) sick (personal) leave. After one year of employment, each employee is granted 8 days (56 hours) of sick (personal) leave. At the beginning of each calendar year after the first full year of employment, each employee is granted 13 days (91 hours) of sick (personal) leave. Full time employees are allowed to carry over 30 leave days from year to year; any employee having in excess of 30 leave days as of December 31, shall forfeit the days in excess of 30 days. Employees in good standing are compensated for unused leave at their termination of employment at the rate of \$80 per day.

Each employee will be granted 1 paid leave day (7 hours) for their birthday, to be used at the discretion and approval of the Supervisor. This leave cannot be carried over.

After five years of employment, employees, at the Clerk's discretion, receive a total of 30 days leave for hospital confinement, surgery, or recovery from surgery, if ordered by a doctor. This is a one-time benefit. After the 30 days, the employee is considered on leave without pay, provided all other leave has been exhausted. This leave is not compensated for upon termination.

#### Vacation Leave

After six months of employment, each employee is granted 5 days (35 hours) vacation leave. After one year of employment, each employee is granted an additional 5 days (35 hours) of vacation leave. At the beginning of each calendar year after the first full year of employment, each employee is granted 10 days (70 hours) of vacation leave. Employees with ten years of full-time service receive 15 vacation days, employees with twenty years of service receive 20 vacation days, and employees with thirty years of service receive 25 vacation days. Employees are paid for unused vacation or have withheld from their final check any vacation owed. Vacation may be taken for sick leave if no sick leave is accrued. Vacation shall be taken in no less than 3-day intervals. One day at a time is not allowed. Vacation must be taken in the calendar year it is granted. Vacation not taken by December 31 of each year is forfeited.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### J. Restricted Net Position

For the government-wide statement of net position, net position is reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position use are either:

- externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; and
- imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Clerk's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

## K. Fund Equity

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purpose for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The Clerk did not have any nonspendable fund balance at June 30, 2021.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the
  use of resources that are either:
  - Externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or
  - Imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The Clerk did not have any restricted fund balance at June 30, 2021.

- Committed: This classification includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the Tangipahoa Parish Clerk of Court. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Tangipahoa Parish Clerk of Court removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The Clerk did not have any committed resources as of year end.
- Assigned: This classification includes spendable amounts that are reported in governmental funds other than the General Fund, that are neither restricted nor committed, and amounts in the General Fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement 54. The intent of an assigned fund balance should be expressed by the Tangipahoa Parish Clerk of Court who has the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The Clerk did not have any assigned resources as of year end.
- Unassigned: This classification is the residual fund balance for the General Fund. It also represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. All of the Clerk's General Fund balance at June 30, 2021, is unassigned.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in multiple classifications, the Clerk would use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed. However, it reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first and to defer the use of the other classified funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Louisiana Revised Statute 13:785 requires that every four years (at the close of the term of office) the Clerk of Court must pay the parish treasurer the portion of the General Fund's fund balance that exceeds one-half of the revenues of the Clerk's last year of his term of office, which amount shall be limited to no more than that which was received by the Clerk in accordance with R.S. 13:784(A) during his term of office.

## L. Interfund Transactions

Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed. Nonrecurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transactions are reported as transfers.

#### M. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## 2. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Statement of net position (Statement A):

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments as of June 30, 2021, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents Investments Restricted Cash	\$	4,954,088 200,000 2,581,041
Fiduciary funds (Statement G):  Cash and cash equivalents		3,589,177
Total cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$ _	11,324,306
Deposits, investments, and other (GASB 3 and 40 disclosures) as of June 30, 2021, co	onsist of	the following:
Deposits with financial institutions:		
Deposits in bank accounts	\$	3,485,619
Certificates of deposit		200,000
Total deposits with financial institutions		3,685,619
Investments:		
Louisiana Asset Management Pool		7,638,689
Total investments		7,638,689
Total deposits and investments	\$_	11,324,308

Notes to the Financial Statements
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

The deposits with financial institutions are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

At June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of the Clerk's deposits is \$3,685,619 and the bank balances are \$4,383,449. Of these bank balances, \$350,000 is covered by FDIC insurance and \$4,033,449 is uninsured but collateralized with securities held by Federal Home Loan Bank in the name of the fiscal agent bank.

Even though the pledged securities are not held in the entity's name, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the Clerk of Court that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

In accordance with GASB 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, all investments are carried at fair market value, with the estimated fair market value based on quoted market prices.

At fiscal year-end, the Clerk of Court's investment balances are as follows:

	 Cost		Fair Value
Louisiana Asset Management Pool	\$ 7,638,689	\$	7,638,689

Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP) is administered by LAMP, Inc., a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana. Only local government entities having contracted to participate in LAMP have an investment interest in its pool of assets. The primary objective of LAMP is to provide a safe environment for the placement of public funds in short-term, high quality investments. The LAMP portfolio includes only securities and other obligations in which local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in accordance with LSA-R.S. 33:2955.

GASB Statement No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosure, requires disclosure of credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk for all public entity investments.

LAMP is a 2a7-like investment pool. The following facts are relevant for 2a7-like investment pools:

- Credit risk: LAMP is rated AAAm by Standard's & Poor's.
- Custodial credit risk: LAMP participants' investments in the pool are evidenced by shares of the pool.
   Investments in pools should be disclosed, but not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form. The public entity's investment is with the pool, not the securities that make up the pool; therefore, no disclosure is required.
- Concentration of credit risk: Pooled investments are excluded from the 5 percent disclosure requirement.
- Interest rate risk: LAMP is designed to be highly liquid to give its participants immediate access to their account balances. LAMP prepares its own interest rate risk disclosure using the weighted average maturity (WAM) method. The WAM of LAMP assets is restricted to not more than 90 days, and consists of no securities with a maturity in excess of 397 days or 762 days for U.S. Government floating/variable rate investments. The WAM for LAMP's total investments is 53 as of June 30, 2021.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Foreign currency risk: Not applicable to 2a7-like pools.

The investments in LAMP are stated at fair value based on quoted market rates. The fair value is determined on a weekly basis by LAMP and the value of the position in the external investment pool is the same as the net asset value of the pool shares.

LAMP, Inc. is subject to the regulatory oversight of the state treasurer and the board of directors. LAMP is not registered with the SEC as an investment company.

LAMP, Inc. issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LAMP, Inc. That report may be obtained by writing to LAMP, Inc., 228 St. Charles Avenue, Suite 1123, New Orleans, Louisiana 70130, or by calling (504) 525-5267.

#### 3. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the Clerk's deposits may not be returned to it. The Clerk does not have a separate deposit policy for custodial credit risk but follows the requirements under state law.

As of June 30, 2021, \$4,033,449 of the Clerk's bank balances are exposed to custodial credit risk. The \$4,033,449 is uninsured but collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent, but not in the Clerk's name.

## 4. Receivables

The receivables of \$145,874 at June 30, 2021, are as follows:

	General Fund
Accounts Criminal Fees Grant	\$ 63,298 37,576 45,000
	\$ 145,874

The Clerk considers all receivables to be collectible; therefore, no allowance has been established for doubtful accounts.

#### 5. Interfund Receivables / Payables

Summary of balances due from (to) other funds reported in fund financial statements:

		From Funds	ue To er Funds
General Fund Fiduciary Funds	\$	39	\$ 39
,	\$	39	\$ 39
Balances due to/from other funds at June 30, 2021, consist of the	ne following;		
Civil Jury Fund owes General Fund interest Registry of Court Fund owes General Fund for bank and credit	card foos		\$ 5
Registry of Court Fund owes General Fund for bank and Gredit	Card Ices		\$ 34 39

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

## 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets and depreciation activity as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, for governmental activities are as follows:

are as follows:	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 27,800	\$ -:	\$ -	\$ 27,800
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	27,800		) <del>-</del>	27,800
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Buildings	316,507	3,324	-	319,831
Furniture	591,996	1,875	-	593,871
Office Equipment	153,579	7,423	-	161,002
Data Processing Equipment / Software	603,711	12,089	-	615,800
Internet Conversion	149,595	140		149,595
Microfilm Conversion	166,141	*	-	166,141
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	1,981,529	24,711		2,006,240
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings	243,649	11,330	-	254,979
Furniture	530,532	12,538	100	543,070
Office Equipment	122,390	9,111		131,501
Data Processing Equipment / Software	549,832	20,442	-	570,274
Internet Conversion	128,510	15	-	128,510
Microfilm Conversion	184,360	1,145	-	185,505
Total Accumulated Depreciation	1,759,273	54,566		1,813,839
Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	222,256	(29,855)		192,401
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 250,056	\$ (29,855)	\$	\$ 220,201

Depreciation expenses of \$54,566 for the year ended June 30, 2021, was charged to the governmental activities.

## 7. Compensated Absences

At June 30, 2021, employees of the Clerk of Court have accumulated and vested \$234,026 of employee leave benefits. This amount is recorded as a liability on the statement of net position.

## 8. Pension Plan

Plan Description. Substantially all employees of the Tangipahoa Parish Clerk of Court are members of the Louisiana Clerks of Court Retirement and Relief Fund (System), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by a separate board of trustees.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

All regular employees who are under the age of 60 at the time of original employment are required to participate in the System. Employees hired on or before December 31, 2010, who retire at or after age 55 with at least 12 years of credited service are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 3 per cent of their monthly average final compensation for each year of credited service accrued on and before June 30, 1999; and 31/4 per cent of their monthly average final compensation for each year of credited service accrued on and after July 1, 1999, not to exceed 100 per cent of their final-average salary. Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, who retire at or after age 60 with at least 12 years of credited service are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 3 percent of their monthly average final compensation, not to exceed 100 per cent of their final average salary. Monthly average final compensation means the average of a member's monthly salary during the highest compensated sixty consecutive months or successive joined months if service was interrupted. However, the salary to be considered for the thirteenth through the twentyfourth month may not exceed one hundred ten percent of the salary for the first through the twelfth month. The salary to be considered for the twenty-fifth through the thirty-sixth month may not exceed one hundred ten percent of the salary for the thirteenth through the twenty-fourth month. The salary to be considered for the thirty-seventh through the forty-eight month may not exceed one hundred ten percent of the salary for the twenty-fifth through the thirty-sixth month. The salary to be considered for the forty-ninth through the sixtieth month may not exceed one hundred ten percent of the salary for the thirty-seventh through the forty-eighth month.

The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established and amended by state statute.

The System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplemental information of the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Louisiana Clerks of Court Retirement and Relief Fund, 10202 Jefferson Highway, Building A, Baton Rouge, LA 70809, or by calling (225) 293-1162.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required by state statute to contribute 8.25 percent of their annual covered salary and the Tangipahoa Parish Clerk of Court is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate which is presently 21.00 percent of annual covered payroll. Contributions to the System also include one-fourth of one percent (one-half of one percent for Orleans Parish) of the taxes shown to be collected by the tax rolls of each parish. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Tangipahoa Parish Clerk of Court are established and may be amended by state statute. As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. In accordance with state statute, the System receives ad valorem taxes, insurance premium taxes and state revenue sharing funds. These additional sources of income are used as employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities, but are not considered special funding situations. Non-employer contribution are recognized as revenue and excluded from pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2021.

R.S. 11:1562(C) allows the Clerk of Court to pay out of the Clerk's operating funds all or any portion of the employee's required contributions which would otherwise be deducted from the employee's salary. The Clerk has elected to pay 100% of all retirement system contributions to the Louisiana Clerks of Court Retirement and Relief Fund, which is 27.27% of annual covered payroll.

The Tangipahoa Parish Clerk of Court's contributions to the System for the years ending June 30, 2021, 2020, and 2019, were \$856,174, \$731,346 and \$689,661, respectively, equal to the employer's and employees' required contributions for each year.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions.

At June 30, 2021, the Clerk reported a liability of \$6,776,687 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Clerk's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Clerk's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating clerks, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the Clerk's proportion was 2.817 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Clerk recognized pension expense of \$1,443,253. At June 30, 2021, the Clerk reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	erred Outflows of Resources	ferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projections and actual	\$ 84,672 601,034	\$ 83,825
earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between Clerk contributions and proportionate share	1,452,415 213,738	85,174
of contributions Clerk contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total	\$ 632, <u>530</u> 2,984,389	\$ 168,999

\$632,530 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Clerk contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June	30:
2022	\$ 551,640
2023	\$ 644,442
2024	\$ 569,037
2025	\$ 417,756
2026	\$ -
Thereafter	-

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Valuation date	June 30, 2020	
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal	

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expense

Projected salary increase 1-5 years service – 6.2 % 5 years or more – 5%

Inflation Rate 2.50%

Mortality rates Pub - 2010 Public Retirement Plans multiplied by 120%. Mortality

Table with full generational projection using the appropriate MP-2019

improvement scale.

Expected remaining service lives 2020 – 5 years, 2019 - 5 years, 2018 - 5 years, 2017 - 5 years,

2016 - 5 years

Cost of living adjustments The present value of future retirement benefits is based on benefits

currently being paid by the Fund and includes previously granted cost of living increases. The present values do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees

as they were deemed not to be substantively automatic.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation (excluding Mortality) was based on actuarial funding valuation and results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014, to June 30, 2019, unless otherwise specified.

The long-term expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The long term expected rate of return was 6.18% as June 30, 2020. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Funds target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020, are summarized in the following table:

Target Asset Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
	-
20%	2.50% 3.50%
33%	7.50%
22%	8.50%
15%	4.50%
10%	6.59%
100%	
	Allocation  20%  33%  22%  15%  10%

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the Fund's actuary. Based on these assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investment was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine pension liability.

Sensitivity to Changes in Discount Rate:

The following presents the net pension liability of the participating employers calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the employers' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower 5.75% or one percentage point higher 7.75% that the current date.

	Changes in Discount Rate		
	1% Decreased	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
	5.75%	6.75%	7.75%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 335,734,995	\$ 240,586,507	\$ 160,388,205

## 9. Deferred Compensation Plan

Certain employees of the Tangipahoa Parish Clerk of Court participate in the Louisiana Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan adopted under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Complete disclosures relating to the Plan are included in the separately issued audit report for the Plan, available from the Louisiana Legislative Auditor, Post Office Box 94397, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9397. The Clerk does not contribute to the deferred compensation plan. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

## 10. Postemployment Healthcare Benefits

Plan description: The Clerk's defined benefit postemployment health care plan provides OPEB to eligible retired employees and their beneficiaries. The plan provides OPEB for permanent full-time employees of the Clerk. The Clerk's OPEB plan is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Clerk. Benefits are provided through the Louisiana Clerks of Court Insurance Trust ("LCCIT"), a multiple-employer healthcare plan administered by the Louisiana Clerks of Court Association. Louisiana Revised Statute §13:783 grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75. The premium rates are established and may be amended by the LCCIT board of trustees, with the Clerk determining the contribution requirements of the retirees.

Benefits provided. The Clerk provides medical, dental, vision, and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms provide for payment of 100% of retiree and 50% of dependent pre-Medicare Health, Medicare Advantage, vision and dental insurance premiums. The plan also provides for payment of 100% of retiree life insurance premiums.

Employees covered by benefit terms. At January 1, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefits payments	23
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	0
Active Employees	58
Total	81

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### **Total OPEB Liability**

The Clerk's total OPEB liability of \$5,032,762 was measured as of June 30, 2021, and was determined by an actuarial valuations of January 1, 2020.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation:

2.40%

Salary Increases, including inflation: Discount Rate: 3.25%

Health Care Cost Trend Rates

Medical:

4.95% for 2021, decreasing 0.25% per year to an ultimate rate

of 5% for 2027 and later years.

Medicare Advantage:

0% for 2021, decreasing 0.25% per year to an ultimate rate of 3% for 2029 and later years. Include 2% per year for

aging.

Dental: Vision: 3.0% annual trend 3.0% annual trend

Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related

Medical:

Costs:

0% for retirees and 50% for dependents.

Medicare Advantage:

0% for retirees and 50% for dependents.

Dental:

0% for retirees and 50% for dependents.

Vision:

100% for retirees and 100% for dependents.

Basic Life Insurance:

0%

The discount rate was based on the 6/30/2021 Fidelity General Obligation AA 20-Year Yield.

Mortality rates for active employees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Employee mortality table, Generational with Projection Scale MP-2020 for males or females, as appropriate.

Mortality rates for retired employees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Healthy Retiree mortality table, Generational with Projection Scale MP-2020 for males and females, as appropriate.

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were based on those used in the Louisiana Clerks of Court Retirement and Relief Fund valuation and actuarial experience.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	rt.	
Balance at 6/30/2020	\$	4,693,213
Changes for the year:		
Service Cost		166,522
Interest		117,047
Differences between expected and actual experience		20,921
Changes in Assumptions/Inputs		199,652
Change in Benefit Terms		-
Benefit payments		(164,593)
Administrative Expense	-	•
Net Changes	_	339,549
Balance at 6/30/2021	\$	5,032,762

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to change in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Clerk, as well as what the Clerk's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percent-point lower (.92 percent) or 1-percent-point higher (2.92 percent) than the current discount rate:

	_ <u>1% Decrease</u>	Discount Rate	1% Increase
		1.92(%)	2.92(%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 5,880,329	\$ 5,032,762	\$ 4,258,740

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Clerk, as well as what the Clerk's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percent-higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 4,334,359	\$ 5,032,762	\$ 5,953,991

#### OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Clerk recognized an OPEB expense of \$137,462. At June 30, 2021, the Clerk reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	1000	ferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	34,713	\$	663,945		
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		646,440		1,534,431		
Totals	\$	681,153	\$	2,198,376		
lotais	Ψ	001,100	Ψ	2,100,070		

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

#### Year Ended June 30:

2022	(\$146,107)
2023	(\$146,107)
2024	(\$146,107)
2025	(\$146,107)
2026	(\$146,107)
Thereafter	(\$786,685)

#### 11. Deficit and Net Position

As a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than pension, net position resulted in a deficit of \$5,323,460. Net Position was significantly affected by the recognition of additional amounts for net pension liability and total OPEB liability.

#### 12. Accounts, Salaries, and Other Payables

The accounts, salaries, and other payables of \$99,438 at June 30, 2021, consist of the following:

Accounts payable	\$ 28,712
Accrued payroll	70,726
	\$ 99,438

#### 13. Short-Term Debt

The Clerk had no short-term debt outstanding at June 30, 2021, and had no short-term debt activity during the year then ended.

#### 14. Long-term Obligations

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### Governmental activities

		Beginning Balance		Additions	Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year
Total OPEB Liability	\$	4,693,213	\$	339,549	\$ *	\$	5,032,762	\$	-
Compensated Absences		215,061		18,965	-		234,026		150,796
Advance Deposits Due to others		1,922,024		3,404,620	2,742,033		2,584,611		(4)
Net Pension Liability	-	4,925,408		1,851,279	-		6,776,687		-
Total	\$_	11,755,706	\$_	5,614,413	\$ 2,742,033	\$_	14,628,086	\$,	150,796

#### 15. Leases

The Clerk of Court records items under capital leases, if any, as an asset and an obligation in the accompanying financial statements. The Clerk has no capital leases outstanding at June 30, 2021, and had no capital lease activity during the year then ended.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

The Clerk has no non-cancelable operating leases outstanding at June 30, 2021, and had no operating lease activity during the year then ended.

#### 16. Interfund Transfers

The Clerk made no interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2021

#### 17. Risk Management

The Clerk is exposed to various risks of loss related to theft, damage, or destruction of assets, torts, errors and omissions, injuries, natural disasters, and many other unforeseeable events. The Clerk purchases commercial insurance policies and bonds for any and all claims related to the aforementioned risks. The Clerk's payment of the insurance policy deductible is the only liability associated with these policies and bonds. There has been no significant decrease in insurance coverage from prior years, and the amount of settlements has not exceeded the insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

#### 18. Subsequent Events

Subsequent to June 30, 2021, the following events occurred:

Subsequent events have been evaluated by management through December 21, 2021, the date the financial statements were available for issuance. No other events are noted requiring recording or additional disclosure in the financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2021.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (PART II)

Schedule 1

Bud		Schedule 1 Variance with		
For	the rear Ende	ed June 30, 2021	Actual	Final Budget
	Original	Final	Amounts	Favorable
Revenues	Budget	Budget	<b>GAAP Basis</b>	(Unfavorable)
Licenses and permits:			,	
Marriage Licenses	\$ 25,500	\$ 32,385	\$ 32,590	\$ 205
Court Cost, Fees, and Charges:				
Criminal Fees	228,100	240,556	293,480	52,924
Suits & Successions	1,800,000	1,700,000	1,762,041	62,041
Bond Fee	5,000	5,000	5,710	710
Remote Access Fee	95,000	126,000	128,349	2,349
Court Attendance Fee	12,000	12,000	12,480	480
Internet Fee	114,000	148,200	151,257	3,057
Fees for Recording Legal Documents:				
Recordings, Cancellations, and Mortgages	2,250,000	2,920,000	3,004,967	84,967
Use of Money and Property:				
Interest	50,000	11,900	11,543	(357)
Miscellaneous Revenues:		8 (4.55.5)	1 (12 (2)	1/
Internet Copies	280,000	322,000	350,836	28,836
Copy Room Charges	25,000	21,500	22,481	981
Abstractor Copies	10,000	11,750	13,000	1,250
Minute Clerk Reimbursement	14,400	14,400	14,410	10
Birth Certificates	136,700	170,500	175,402	4,902
Death Certificates	2,600	5,400	5,826	426
Election Reimbursement	38,500	58,606	67,505	8,899
Parish Council Reimb-Jury	400	316	316	en penanta.
Passports	17,500	14,300	14,700	400
Clerk's Supplemental Compensation	24,600	24,600	24,600	10 to
Election Qualifying Fees	20,000	11,558	11,558	-
Miscellaneous	500	500	2,793	2,293
Expungement	5,000	6,500	6,940	440
Map Copies	2,000	2,200	2,827	627
Sale of Traffic Data	14,400	12,000	12,000	<b>F</b>
Criminal eSearch	18,000	28,000	28,177	177
State Funds:	Cotta Little Control		ಬದಾಡಲ್ಲ್ 100 ಡಿ	704 N
LCRAA Marriage License Grant	-	11,000	56,000	45,000
Total Revenues	5,189,200	5,911,171	6,211,788	300,617

(Continued)

See independent auditor's report.

## BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Schedule 1

Variance with

				Valiatice with
			Actual	Final Budget
	Original	Final	Amounts	Favorable
Expenditures	Budget	Budget	GAAP Basis	(Unfavorable)
General Government:				
Clerk's Supplemental Compensation	24,600	24,600	24,600	*
Clerk's Vehicle Expense Allowance	24,300	24,300	24,300	*
Custodian of Voting Machines	2,400	2,400	2,400	-
Election Expense	3,500	7,108	7,108	*
Employee Health Insurance	607,640	578,640	577,127	1,513
Payroll Taxes	44,500	47,670	46,500	1,170
Retirement Contributions	639,795	889,500	856,502	32,998
Salary of Election Employees	35,000	58,993	58,993	. <del></del>
Salary of Deputies	2,789,000	2,806,000	2,864,059	(58,059)
Salary of Deputies-Overtime	1,000	7,000	7,567	(567)
Salary of Official	166,800	122,671	123,112	(441)
Salary of Other Employees	5,000	6,000	4,429	1,571
Supplemental Compensation Fund	64,800	64,800	64,598	202
Compensated Absences Pay	*	5,858	5,858	*
Uniforms	10,000	5,000	4,461	539
Total General Government	4,418,335	4,650,540	4,671,614	(21,074)
Operating Services:				
Building Maintenace & Security	5,000	2,000	2,503	(503)
Clerk's Expense Allowance	14,727	14,727	14,727	*
Remote Access Fees	50,000	63,000	64,503	(1,503)
Courier Service	18,500	18,500	19,471	(971)
Dues & Association Fees	3,000	3,800	3,795	5
Insurance Expense	39,000	39,000	36,052	2,948
Janitorial Service	35,000	35,000	29,130	5,870
Jury Commission	400	1,075	1,066	9
Appeal Expense	1,000	4,000	3,756	244
Legal Fees	18,000	20,000	19,973	27
Marriage License-Spouse Abuse	12,112	16,200	15,053	1,147
Miscellaneous/Refund/Disaster Recov	1,000	5,805	4,279	1,526
Birth Certificates	77,250	97,100	100,806	(3,706)
Utilities	1,800	2,000	1,755	245
Office Equipment Rental & Maint.	110,000	115,000	115,017	(17)
Professional Fees	50,000	57,500	61,110	(3,610)
Qualifying Fees	18,600	10,645	10,645	
Telephone	10,000	19,000	18,020	980
UCC Billings	12,000	2,000	258	1,742
Bad Debt Expense	300	300		300
Total Operating Services	477,689	526,652	521,919	4,733

(Continued)

## BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Schedule 1

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts GAAP Basis	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Materials and Supplies:			-	
Office Supplies	100,000	125,000	132,061	(7,061)
Postage	48,100	51,000	50,933	67
Computer Expense	75,000	140,000	134,225	5,775
Bank/Credit Card Charges	500	500	240	260
Total Materials and Supplies	223,600	316,500	317,459	(959)
Travel and Education:				
Travel & Conventions	10,000	2,000	1,709	291
Training & Education	3,000	3,000	225	2,775
Total Travel and Education	13,000	5,000	1,934	3,066
Capital Expenditures:				
Computers/Archive	15,000	15,000	10,801	4,199
Equipment	15,000	10,000	7,423	2,577
Furniture/Renovation		3,324	5,199	(1,875)
Total Capital Expenditures	30,000	28,324	23,423	4,901
Total Expenditures	5,162,624	5,527,016	5,536,349	(9,333)
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures	26,576	384,154	675,439	291,285
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	4,322,009	4,322,009	4,526,208	204,199
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 4,348,585	\$ 4,706,163	\$ 5,201,647	\$ 495,484

Schedule 2

# Schedule of the Clerk's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Louisiana Clerks of Court Retirement and Relief Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Clerk's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	2.817%	2.712%	2.678%	2.83%	2.628%	2.44%	2.43%
Clerk's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	6,776,687	4,925,408	4,454,279	4,278,416	4,862,809	3,662,870	3,354,998
Clerk's covered-employee payroll	3,139,751	2,885,927	2,727,695	2,591,056	2,647,249	2,496,029	2,308,609
Clerk's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	215.84%	170.67%	163.30%	165.12%	183.69%	146.758%	145.32%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	72.09%	77.93%	79.07%	79.69%	74.17%	78.138%	79.34%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

Data reported is measured as of July 1, 2020, (measurement date).

Schedule 3

#### Schedule of the Clerk's Contributions Louisiana Clerks of Court Retirement and Relief Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 632,530	\$ 530,639	\$ 501,069	\$ 472,421	\$ 484,719	\$ 455,854	\$ 419,739
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	632,530	530,639	501,069	472,421	484,719	455,854	419,739
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ <del>127</del> 4	\$	\$ H	\$ <u>0:</u> 0:	\$ -	\$ 器	\$ 121
Clerk's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,139,751	\$ 2,885,927	\$ 2,727,695	\$ 2,591,056	\$ 2,647,249	\$ 2,496,029	\$ 2,308,609
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	27.27%	18.39%	18.37%	18.23%	18.31%	18.26%	18.18%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

Data reported is measured as of July 1, 2020, (measurement date).

Schedule 4

#### Schedule of Changes in the Clerk's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Total	OPEB	Liability
-------	------	-----------

Total OFED Clability					-			
		2021	_	2020		2019	((	2018
Service Cost	\$	166,522	\$	135,882	\$	139,951	\$	139,145
Interest		117,047		224,975		178,918		201,533
Change of benefit term				*		731,199		7
Differences between expected and actual experiences		20,921		(755,958)		(68,150)		28,250
Changes in assumptions or other in	nputs	199,652		(1,875,415)		697,407		100
Benefit payments		(164,593)		(176,178)	-	(231,380)	_	(210,086)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		339,549	-	(2,446,694)	-	1,447,945	_	158,842
Total OPEB Liability - beginning		4,693,213	-	7,139,907	-	5,691,962	-	5,533,120
Total OPEB Liability - end	\$	5,032,762	\$_	4,693,213	\$	7,139,907	\$_	5,691,962
Covered Employee payroll	\$	3,139,751	\$	2,885,927	\$	2,727,695	\$	2,590,632
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage covered employee payroll	of	160%		163%		262%		220%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

#### Notes to schedule

Changes of Benefit Terms:

Changes of Assumptions:

Effective January 1, 2019, medical plan contributions were changed to 0 % for retirees with no change for dependents.

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

ill cault p	anou.
2018	3.62%
2019	3.13%
2020	2.45%
2021	1.92%
Mortality	Rates
2018	RPH-2014 Employee and Healthy Annuity,
	Generational with MP-2018
2019	PubG.H-2010 Employee and Healthy
	Annuitant, Generational
2020	PubG.H-2010 Employee and Healthy

Retiree, Generational with MP-2019.
2021 PubG.H-2010 Employee & Healthy Retiree,

Generational with MP-2020

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75 to pay related benefits.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Schedule 5

## Fiduciary Funds - Custodial Funds

## Schedule of Changes in Unsettled Deposits - Custodial Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Registry Of Court Fund	Civil Jury Fund	Total
Unsettled Deposits at Beginning of Year	\$_1,115,294_\$_	\$	1,115,294
Additions: Deposits:			
Judgments	3,592,426	-	3,592,426
Total Additions	_3,592,426 _		3,592,426
Reductions:			
Settlements to litigants	1,120,925		1,120,925
Total Reductions	\$_1,120,92 <u>5</u> \$_	-\$.	1,120,925
Unsettled Deposits at End of Year	\$ <u>3,586,795</u> \$_	- \$	3,586,795

Schedule 6

## Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and other Payments to Clerk of Court For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

### GARY STANGA, CLERK OF COURT

Purpose	Amount
Salary Clerk's Supplemental Compensation Vehicle Expense Allowance Clerk's Expense Allowance Custodian of Voting Machines Benefits - Insurance Benefits - Medicare	\$ 123,112 24,600 24,300 14,727 2,400 2,096 1,608
Benefits – Retirement (21%) Benefits – Retirement (8.25%) Registration Fees to Conferences Travel (Hotels & Meals)	34,020 13,365 300 417 \$ 240,945

Schedule 7

### JUSTICE SYSTEM FUNDING SCHEDULE - COLLECTING/DISBURSING ENTITY For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	First Six- Month Period Ended 12/31/2020	Second Six- Month Period Ended 6/30/2021
Amounts Collected – Beginning Balance	\$	\$ 822,149
Collections:		
Civil Fees	2,087,451	1,317,169
Total Collections	2,087,451	1,317,169
Disbursements To Governments and Nonprofits  Tangipahoa Parish Sheriff's Office, Civil Fees Southeast Louisianan Legal Services, Civil Fees Ascension Parish Sheriff's Office, Civil Fees Assumption Parish Sheriff's Office, Civil Fees Avoyelles Parish Sheriff's Office, Civil Fees Bossier Parish Sheriff's Office, Civil Fees Caddo Parish Sheriff's Office, Civil Fees Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's Office, Civil Fees Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's Office, Civil Fees East Baton Rouge Parish Sheriff's Office, Civil Fees East Feliciana Sheriff's Office, Civil Fees East Feliciana Sheriff's Office, Civil Fees Iberia Parish Sheriff's Office, Civil Fees Iberville Parish Sheriff's Office, Civil Fees Iberville Parish Sheriff's Office, Civil Fees Iberville Parish Sheriff's Office, Civil Fees Lafourche Parish Sheriff's Office, Civil Fees Lafourche Parish Sheriff's Office, Civil Fees Livingston Parish Sheriff's Office, Civil Fees Livingston Parish Sheriff's Office, Civil Fees Culvingston Parish Sheriff's Office, Civil Fees Orleans Parish Sheriff's Office, Civil Fees Ouachita Parish Sheriff's Office, Civil Fees Rapides Parish Sheriff's Office, Civil Fees St. Bernard Parish Sheriff's Office, Civil Fees St. Bernard Parish Sheriff's Office, Civil Fees St. Helena Parish Sheriff's Office, Civil Fees St. James Parish Sheriff's Office, Civil Fees St. James Parish Sheriff's Office, Civil Fees St. James Parish Sheriff's Office, Civil Fees St. Landry Parish Sheriff's Office, Civil Fees St. Landry Parish Sheriff's Office, Civil Fees St. Tammany Parish Sheriff's Office, Civil Fees Vermillion Parish Sheriff's Office, Civil Fees	82,776 1,533 713 64 95 100 36 439 51 62 104 220 1,162 382 6,394 33 3,690 213 49 99 235 844 41 223 9 987 16 36 850	88,405 5,889 582 34 51 10 239 742 36 158 62 50 57 140 1,979 310 31 6,869 2,441 104 192 20 45 174 521 834 41 299 103 61 444 499 102 1,016

(Continued) See independent auditor's report.

Schedule 7

## JUSTICE SYSTEM FUNDING SCHEDULE - COLLECTING/DISBURSING ENTITY For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Webster Parish Sheriff's Office, Civil Fees	*		50 34
West Feliciana Parish Sheriff's Office, Civil Fees The Louisiana Court of Appeal, First Circuit, Civil Fees	2,939		3,592
Office of Indigent Defender's, Civil Fees	2,010		2,475
Indigent Transcript Fund, Civil Fees	765		901
Judicial Expense Fund, Civil Fees	30,320		35,957
Louisiana State Treasurer, Civil Fees	37,204		44,787
Amounts Retained by Collecting Agency			
Tangipahoa Parish Clerk of Court, Civil Fees	838,210		951,855
Disbursements to Individual/3rd Party Collection or Processing Agencies			
Civil Fee Refunds	252,398		309,115
Total Disbursements/Retainage	\$ 1,265,302	\$	1,461,306
Amounts Collected/Not Disbursed/Retained - Ending Balance	\$ 822,149	\$ .	678,012

Schedule 8

## JUSTICE SYSTEM FUNDING SCHEDULE - RECEIVING ENTITY For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	M	rst Six- onth Period nded 2/31/2020	Mo En	econd Six- onth Period ided 30/2021
Receipts From: 21st JDC Criminal Court Fund, Criminal Court Costs / Fees 21st JDC Criminal Court Fund, Bond Fees	\$_	129,901 2,408	\$ _	128,545 3,302
Total Receipts	\$ _	132,309	. \$ _	131,847
Amounts Assessed but Not Received – Ending Balance	\$_	-	\$_	

OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS AND FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Dennis E. James, CPA Lyle E. Lambert, CPA Paul M. Riggs, Jr., CPA J. Bryan Ehricht, CPA

Megan E. Lynch, CPA
B. Jacob Steib, CPA
Brody A. Howes, CPA
Lauren Kimble Smith, CPA
Christie J. Barado
Connor J. Collura
Sharon B. Bravata
Krystal L. Waddell
Debbie G. Faust, EA
Laci L. Brignac





Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

The Honorable Gary Stanga, Clerk of Court Tangipahoa Parish Clerk of Court Amite, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the general fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tangipahoa Parish Clerk of Court, a component unit of Tangipahoa Parish Government, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Tangipahoa Parish Clerk of Court's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 21, 2021.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Tangipahoa Parish Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tangipahoa Parish Clerk of Court's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tangipahoa Parish Clerk of Court's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weakness. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Tangipahoa Parish Clerk of Court's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The Honorable Gary Stanga, Clerk of Court Tangipahoa Parish Clerk of Court

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

James Lambert Riggs & Associates, Inc.

James, Kambert Riggs

Hammond, Louisiana December 21, 2021

## SCHEDULE OF CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS, RECOMMENDATIONS, AND RESPONSES As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the general fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tangipahoa Parish Clerk of Court as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Tangipahoa Parish Clerk of Court's basic financial statements, and have issued our issued our report thereon dated December 21, 2021. Our audit of the basic financial statements resulted in an unmodified opinion.

#### Section I Summary of Auditor's Reports

1.	Report on Internal Control and Compliance Material to the Financial Statements				
	Internal Control: Material Weakness Significant Deficiencies	_	Yes Yes	<u>X</u> <u>X</u>	No No
	Compliance: Compliance Material to the Financial Statements	/ <del></del>	Yes	<u>X</u>	No
2.	Management Letter				
	Was a management letter issued?	7	Yes	<u>X</u>	No
<u>Se</u>	ction II Financial Statement Findings				
<u>Int</u>	ernal Control over Financial Reporting				
	None				
Co	mpliance and Other Matters				
	None				

## SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

## **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

None	
	Compliance and Other Matters
None	