RED RIVER PARISH SCHOOL BOARD COUSHATTA, LOUISIANA

Financial Report

June 30, 2021

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Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 1000 East Preston Avenue Suite 200 Shreveport, LA 71105

Mailing Address: P.O. Box 4278 Shreveport, LA 71134-0278

(318) 222-2222 (318) 226-7150 (fax) CRIcpa.com

Independent Auditors' Report

Board Members Red River Parish School Board Coushatta, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Red River Parish School Board (the "School Board") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our audit opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Red River Parish School Board as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of Employer Contributions for Other Postemployment Benefit Plan, Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability, Schedule of Employer's Contributions, and the budgetary comparison schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, schedule of compensation to board members, and schedule of compensation, benefits and other payments to agency head, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, schedule of compensation paid to board members, schedule of compensation, benefits and other payments to agency head, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, schedule of compensation paid to board members, schedule of compensation, benefits and other payments to agency head, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, are fairly stated, in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 3, 2022, on our consideration of the School Board's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School Board's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Can, Riggs & Ingram, L.L.C.

CARR, RIGGS & INGRAM, LLC Shreveport, Louisiana

January 3, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As the management of the Red River Parish School Board (the "School Board"), we offer the readers of the School Board's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the School Board for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. It is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues and identifying changes in the School Board's financial position.

FINANICAL HIGHLIGHTS

Government-wide financial highlights for the 2020-2021 fiscal year include the following:

- <u>Statement of Net Position</u> The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the School Board exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$535,692 (net deficit).
- <u>Capital Assets</u> Total capital assets (net of depreciation) were \$30.4 million or 40.6% of the total assets. The School Board uses these assets to provide educational services to children and adults; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.
- <u>Long-Term Obligations</u> The School Board's total obligations increased by approximately \$4.4 million.
- <u>Statement of Activities</u> The total net deficit of the Red River Parish School Board decreased by approximately \$346,469 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

The School Board ended the 2020-2021 fiscal year with a fund balance in the General Fund of approximately \$18.8 million.

- <u>Governmental Funds Balance Sheet</u> As of the close of the 2020-2021 fiscal year, the Red River Parish School Board's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$40.9 million, a decrease of approximately \$7.1 million in comparison with the prior fiscal year. This fund balance is comprised of approximately (1) \$18.8 million in General Fund, (2) \$8.5 million in the Employee Salaries and Benefits fund, (3) \$10.9 million in the capital projects fund, (4) \$1.5 million in Debt Service fund, and (5) \$1.1 million in nonmajor special revenue funds.
- <u>Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances</u> Total revenues for the year ended June 30, 2021 for the governmental funds of the Red River Parish School Board amounted to \$29.0 million. Approximately 77% of this amount is received from three major revenue sources: (1) \$4.6 million from Minimum Foundation Program, (2) \$13 million from local ad valorem taxes, and (3) \$4.5 million from local sales and use taxes.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School Board's basic financial statements. The Red River Parish School Board's basic financial statements comprise three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u>. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Red River Parish School Board's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

- The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the School Board's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Red River Parish School Board is improving or deteriorating.
- The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the School Board's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u>. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Red River Parish School Board, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Red River Parish School Board can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions
reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However,
unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus
on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable
resources at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Red River
Parish School Board near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Red River Parish School Board's near-term financing decision. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Red River Parish School Board maintains twenty-five governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund, Employee Salaries and Benefits Special Revenue Fund, Head Start, Capital Projects Fund, and Debt Service Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data for the other twenty governmental fund groups are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The Red River Parish School Board adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund and all Special Revenue Funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

<u>Notes to the basic financial statements</u>. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

<u>Other information</u>. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the School Board's compliance with budgets for its major funds. The combining statements for non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The largest portion of the Red River Parish School Board's total assets, totaling approximately \$42.5 million, reflects its cash and investment balances. The capital assets, net of depreciation, is the next largest asset grouping totaling \$30.4 million. The investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding, of \$13.1 million. The School Board has restricted \$10.9 million for construction projects from unspent bond proceeds. The School Board uses these capital assets to provide educational services to children and adults; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Red River Parish School Board's investment in its capital assets net position is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

			Dollar	Percentage	
June 30,	 2021	 2020	Change	Change	
Current and other assets	\$ 44,443,429	\$ 50,316,630	\$ (5,873,201)	-11.7%	
Capital assets, net	30,426,324	22,648,928	7,777,396	34.3%	
Total assets	74,869,753	72,965,558	1,904,195	2.6%	
Deferred outflows of resources	14,655,124	11,859,053	2,796,071	23.6%	
Current and other liabilities	5,837,723	4,631,883	1,205,840	26.0%	
Long-term liabilities	79,833,678	75,421,750	4,411,928	5.8%	
Total liabilities	85,671,401	80,053,633	5,617,768	7.0%	
Deferred inflows of resources	4,389,168	5,653,139	(1,263,971)	-22.4%	
Net position					
Net invested in capital assets	13,146,468	12,600,604	545,864	4.3%	
Restricted	22,083,393	30,211,716	(8,128,323)	-26.9%	
Unrestricted	(35,765,553)	(43,694,481)	7,928,928	-18.1%	
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (535,692)	\$ (882,161)	\$ 346,469	39.3%	

The following analysis focuses on the net position of the School Board's governmental-wide activities:

Restricted net position of \$22.1 million is reported separately to show the legal constraints for the payment of outstanding long-term debt obligations and future construction projects and to limit the School Board from using these funds for day-to-day operations. The Capital Projects Fund accounts for \$10.9 million of the total, with Employee Salaries and Benefits fund accounting for \$8.5 million. The remaining balance is monies restricted for debt service, and instructional and maintenance costs.

The following analysis focuses on the change in net position of the School Board's governmental activities:

For the years ended June 30,		2021	2020	Dollar Change	Percentage Change
Revenues					
Program revenues					
Charges for services	\$	954	\$ 12,170	\$ (11,216)	-92.2%
Operating and capital grants and contributions		6,163,352	5,271,007	892,345	16.9%
General revenues					
Ad valorem taxes		12,972,565	12,053,991	918,574	7.6%
Sales taxes		4,548,352	4,581,902	(33,550)	-0.7%
Minimum foundation program		4,600,896	5,195,357	(594,461)	-11.4%
Interest on investments		337,912	785,970	(448,058)	-57.0%
Other general revenues		444,936	286,635	158,301	55.2%
Total revenues		29,068,967	28,187,032	881,935	3.1%
Total revenues		29,008,907	20,107,032	881,955	5.176
Expenses					
Instruction		14,243,159	13,877,343	365,816	2.6%
Support services					
Pupil support services		1,793,424	1,686,281	107,143	6.4%
Instructional staff support		1,830,218	1,890,915	(60,697)	-3.2%
General administration		1,288,210	1,298,057	(9,847)	-0.8%
School administration		2,357,436	2,085,085	272,351	13.1%
Business services		447,137	446,610	527	0.1%
Plant services		2,646,153	2,436,925	209,228	8.6%
Student transportation services		1,538,706	1,645,255	(106,549)	-6.5%
Central services		116,566	118,799	(2,233)	-1.9%
School food services		1,648,552	1,512,943	135,609	9.0%
Facility acquisition and construction		<u>_</u>		1 <u></u>	#DIV/0!
Debt service - interest on long-term obligations		952,510	851,571	100,939	11.9%
Total expenses		28,862,071	27,849,784	1,012,287	3.6%
Increase in net position (deficit)	\$	206,896	\$ 337,248	\$ (130,352)	-38.7%

Governmental Activities

Expenses are classified by functions/programs. Instructional services for fiscal year 2021 totaled \$14,243,159, compared to a total of \$13,877,343 for 2020. The remaining functions are considered support services and relate to those functions that support the instructional services provided, such as pupil support, instructional staff support, administration, transportation, and plant services. Support services for fiscal 2021 totaled \$12,017,850 compared to \$11,607,932 for 2020.

The remaining expenditures of \$2,601,062 consist of \$1,648,552 for food and service operations and \$952,510 for interest expense on long-term obligations.

The related program revenues for fiscal year 2021 directly related to these expenses totaled \$6,164,306, including \$954 in charges for such services. The balance of expenses represents the cost to the taxpayers. The costs of governmental activities exceeding restricted state and federal grants are paid primarily from the following sources:

- Minimum Foundation Program (MFP) MFP is the funding formula for the 69 school districts in the state of Louisiana. The School Board was allocated \$4,600,896 in MFP funds in FY21.
- <u>Sales Tax revenues</u> Sales tax revenues are the second largest source of revenue for the School Board, generating \$4,548,352 in revenue, or 15,.6% of total revenue.
- <u>Ad Valorem tax revenues</u> Ad valorem, or property tax revenues, the third largest source of revenues, accounts for \$12,972,565 in revenue, or 44.6% of total revenues.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL BOARD'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Red River Parish School Board uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The focus of the Red River Parish School Board's government funds is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Red River Parish School Board's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a School Board's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Red River Parish School Board's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$40.9; a decrease of \$7.2 million in comparison with the prior fiscal year.
- The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Red River Parish School Board. At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the General Fund is \$18,786,725.
- The Special Revenue Funds, including nonmajor special revenue funds, have a total fund balance of \$9,665,796 of which \$44,347 is nonspendable, \$8,498,050 is restricted for salaries and related benefits, and \$1,104,173 is restricted for food services.
- The Debt Service Funds have a total fund balance of \$1,540,247 all of which is restricted for the payment of debt service.
- The Capital Projects Funds have a fund balance of \$10,877,350, all of which is restricted for construction projects.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statutes Title 39, Chapter 9, Louisiana Local Government Budget Act (LSA-R.S 39:1301 et seq), the Red River Parish School Board must adopt a budget for the General Fund and all Special Revenue funds prior to September 15th. The original budget for the School Board was adopted on September 14, 2020.

The original and amended General Fund budgets projected an ending fund balance \$17.8 million and \$15.6 million, respectively. The actual ending balance for the General Fund came in at \$18.8 million.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

<u>Capital Assets</u>: The Red River Parish School Board's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2021, amounts to \$30,426,323 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and construction in progress. The table below shows the value at the end of the fiscal year.

June 30,	 2021	2020
Land	\$ 585,605	\$ 585,605
Buildings and improvements	9,269,819	9,716,012
Furniture and equipment	923,265	874,716
Construction in progress	19,647,635	11,472,595
Total capital assets, net of depreciation	\$ 30,426,324	\$ 22,648,928

Long-Term Debt: At the end of the current fiscal year, the Red River Parish School Board had total debt outstanding of \$27.3 million. This amount comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government. The following table summarizes bonds outstanding at June 30, 2021 and 2020.

June 30,	2021		2020
General Obligation Bonds Series 2018	\$ 20,155,000	\$	20,965,000
General Obligation Bonds Series 2020	7,135,000	•	7,400,000
Total outstanding debt	\$ 27,290,000	\$	28,365,000

Debt Administration: As of June 30, 2021, the School Board had \$81.7 million in long-term liabilities outstanding, of which \$1,110,000 is due within one year. The School Board's long-term liabilities increase is attributable an increase in Other Post-Employment Benefits of \$1.3 million and an increase in Net Pension Liability of \$4.3 million, and a decrease in debt principal retirement, amortization of bond premium and compensated absences totaling \$1.2 million. The following schedule presents a summary of the outstanding long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021:

Description	Amount
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 27,290,000
Unamortized Bond Premium	2,169,359
Compensated Absences	1,289,483
Other Post-Employment Benefits	21,036,399
Net Pension Liability	29,959,188
Total long-term debt	\$ 81,744,429

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND FUTURE OPERATIONS

The financial stability that is necessary to fund services provided by the School Board is achieved through federal, state, and local funding. In the General Fund, State revenues (primarily MFP) make up 32.9% of total projected 2021 proceeds. Local revenues (primarily sales and use and ad valorem taxes) represent approximately 64.2% of total projected proceeds.

The Red River Parish School Board's elected and appointed officials considered the following factors and indicators when setting next year's budget, rates, and fees. These factors and indicators include:

- 1. Minimum foundation program revenues
- 2. Taxes (ad valorem and sales)
- 3. Intergovernmental revenues (federal and state grants)

The School Board expects revenues to remain consistent in the coming year.

Contacting the School Board's Financial Management

If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact David Jones, Business Manager, of the Red River Parish School Board, 1922 Alonzo Street, Coushatta, LA 71019, or call at (318) 932-4081.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Red River Parish School Board Statement of Net Position

	Primary Government Governmental
June 30, 2021	Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 29,771,389
Investments	12,748,856
Receivables	
Sales and use taxes	480,725
Federal grants	1,291,601
State grants	52,556
Other	53,955
Inventory	44,347
Capital assets, net	30,426,324
Total assets	74,869,753
Deferred outflows of resources	
Deferred outflows related to Pension	11,716,437
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	2,938,687
Total deferred outflows of resources	14,655,124
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	1,421,533
Salaries and wages payable	2,151,778
Interest payable - bonds	353,661
Long-term liabilities	
Due within one year	200 754
Compensated absences	800,751
Bonds payable	1,110,000
Due in more than one year	400 722
Compensated absences	488,732
Other postemployment benefits	21,036,399
Net pension liability	29,959,188
Bonds payable	28,349,359
Total liabilities	85,671,401
Deferred inflows of resources	
Deferred inflows related to Pension	3,713,510
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	675,658
Total deferred inflows of resources	4,389,168
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	13,146,468
Restricted for	
Instructional costs	
Capital projects	10,877,350
Debt service	1,540,247
Salaries and related benefits	8,498,050
Food services	1,058,520
School activities	109,226
Unrestricted	(35,765,553
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (535,692)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Red River Parish School Board Statement of Activities

							R	Net (Expense) Revenues and hanges in Net Position
For the year ended June 30, 2021				Program	Prim	ary Government		
			 Charge			rating Grants		overnmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Servi		10000000	Contributions		Activities
Deleter Contract								
Primary Government								
Governmental activities								
Instructional services		0.064.000			~	1 601 250	~	(6,670,052)
Regular programs	\$	8,361,202	\$	5	\$	1,681,350	\$	(6,679,852)
Special education programs		1,891,638		-		185,030		(1,706,608)
Vocational programs		707,273		-		20,713		(686,560)
Other instructional programs		1,395,484		-		71,122		(1,324,362)
Special programs		1,886,661		5		1,684,411		(202,250)
Adult/continuing education		901		-		10		(891)
Support services								
Pupil support services		1,793,424		1		192,005		(1,601,419)
Instructional staff support services		1,830,218		-		737,145		(1,093,073)
General administration		1,288,210		-		14		(1,288,196)
School administration		2,357,436		-		183,630		(2,173,806)
Business services		447,137						(447,137)
Plant services		2,646,153		-		4,316		(2,641,837)
Student transportation services		1,538,706		-		82,396		(1,456,310)
Central services		116,566		12		31		(116,535)
Noninstructional services								
Food service operations		1,648,552		954		1,321,179		(326,419)
Debt service								
Payments on long-term obligations		0						-
Interest on long-term obligations		952,510		-		5		(952,510)
Total Primary Government	\$	28,862,071	\$	954	\$	6,163,352	\$	(22,697,765)
verte la								
General revenues								
Taxes								
Ad valorem taxes levied for								
General purposes								10,681,173
Debt service purposes								2,291,392
Sales taxes levied for								
General purposes								2,274,196
Salaries and Related Benefits								2,274,156
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific program	ns							
Minimum foundation program								4,600,896
State revenue sharing								44,271
Interest and investment earnings								337,912
Gain on disposals of assets								11,099
Other								389,566
Total general revenues								22,904,661
Changes in net position								206,896
Net position (deficit) at beginning of year								(882,161)
Prior period adjustment								139,573
Net position (deficit), beginning of year								(742,588)
Net position (deficit), end of year							\$	(535,692)
net position (denote), end or year							4	(353,032)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Red River Parish School Board Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds

	-	MAJOR FUNDS												
June 30, 2021						UE FUNDS								
	G	eneral Fund	Employee Salaries and Benefits			Head Start	Capital Projects		Debt Service		Non-major Special Reven e Funds		G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets														
Cash and cash equivalents	Ś	19,103,164	\$	8,256,225	Ś	2	Ś	20,569	Ś	1,539,411	Ś	852,020	Ś	29,771,389
Investments	Ŷ	384,625	÷.	0,230,223	Ŷ		Ŷ	12,179,502	Υ	1,555,411	.	184,729	Ŷ	12,748,856
Accounts receivable		291,835		241,825		305,661		12,175,502		836		1,038,680		1,878,837
Due from other funds		1,212,205		241,025		505,001		-		-		1,050,000		1,212,205
Inventory		-		(<u>14</u> 1)		<u>e</u>		(<u>) (19</u> 2		2		44,347		44,347
Total assets	\$	20,991,829	\$	8,498,050	\$	305,661	\$	12,200,071	\$	1,540,247	\$	2,119,776	\$	45,655,634
Liabilities Accounts payable Salaries and wages payable Due to other funds	\$	53,326 2,151,778 -	\$	-	\$	- - 305,661	\$	1,322,721 - -	\$	-	\$	45,486 - 906,544	\$	1,421,533 2,151,778 1,212,205
Total liabilities		2,205,104		9 7 5		305,661		1,322,721		6		952,030		4,785,516
Fund balances Nonspendable														
Inventory and other assets		a.				5		4 10 6		7		44,347		44,347
Restricted for														10 10010-00
Salaries and related benefits		-		8,498,050		-				2		0 <u>1</u> 22		8,498,050
Instructional costs		Ē.				5		15		5		955 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997		172 - 172 - 172 - 172 - 172 - 172 - 172 - 172 - 172 - 172 - 172 - 172 - 172 - 172 - 172 - 172 - 172 - 172 - 172
Food services		=		-		-				-		1,014,173		1,014,173
Debt service		2 		-				120		1,540,247		-		1,540,247
Capital projects				-		5		10,877,350		114		-		10,877,350
School activities		-				-		170				109,226		109,226
Unassigned		18,786,725		-		-								18,786,725
Total fund balances		18,786,725		8,498,050		÷		10,877,350		1,540,247		1,167,746		40,870,118
Total Liabilities and fund balances	\$	20,991,829	\$	8,498,050	\$	305,661	\$	12,200,071	\$	1,540,247	\$	2,119,776	\$	45,655,634

Red River Parish School Board Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 40,870,118
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation	43,811,853 (13,385,529)	30,426,324
Deferred outflow of resources related to pension earnings are not recognized in the governmental funds; however, they are recorded in the statement of net position under full accrual accounting.		11,716,437
Deferred inflow of resources related to pension earnings are not recognized in the governmental funds; however, they are recorded in the statement of net position under full accrual accounting.		(3,713,510)
Deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB earnings are not recognized in the governmental funds; however, they are recorded in the statement of net position under full accrual accounting.		2,938,687
Deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB earnings are not recognized in the governmental funds; however, they are recorded in the statement of net position under full accrual accounting.		(675,658)
Long-term liabilities, including OPEB liability, net pension liability and compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Compensated absences payable General obligation bonds payable Interest payable Other post employment benefits	(1,289,483) (29,459,359) (353,661) (21,036,399)	
Net pension obligations	(29,959,188)	(82,098,090)
Net position (deficit) of governmental activities		\$ (535,692)

Red River Parish School Board Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds

		MAJOR FUNDS									
			SPECIAL REVE	NU	E FUNDS						
			Employee		N.				1	Non-major	Total
	General	S	alaries and		Head		Capital	Debt	Spe	cial Revenue	Governmental
For the year ended June 30, 2021	Fund		Benefits		Start		Projects	Service	- 52	Funds	Funds
Revenues											
Local sources											
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 6,671,256	\$	4,009,916	Ś	-	\$	- \$	2,291,392	\$		\$ 12,972,564
Sales and use taxes	2,274,196	Ŷ	2,274,156	Υ.	2.00	7	- 4	2,201,552	7		4,548,352
Earnings on investments	255,970		660		-		76,524	2,585		2,173	337,912
Cash payments for meals			-		-		-	-		954	954
Other local revenue	57,343		-		-			-		223,974	281,317
State sources	57,515									220,071	202,027
State equalization	4,580,896		7727		120		91 <u>4</u> 13	5 <u>4</u> 15		144	4,580,896
Revenue sharing	44,271		7727		1920		0120	5235		120	44,271
Other unrestricted revenue	-						120			368,378	368,378
Other restricted revenue	38,234		-		-		-	-		6,509	44,743
Federal sources	50,254									0,000	11,715
Federal restricted grants-in-aid	2,627				1,531,414		-	-		4,236,190	5,770,231
Total revenues	13,924,793		6,284,732		1,531,414		76,524	2,293,977		4,838,178	28,949,618
	10,52 (),50		0,20 1,702		1,002/121		10,021	2,230,017		1,000,170	20,5 10,020
Expenditures											
Current											
Instructional services											
Regular programs	4,373,804		1,779,849				(.	(1		1,616,814	7,770,467
Special education programs	1,163,138		482,391		1.5		0 7 3	(7)		105,811	1,751,340
Vocational programs	451,837		177,049		-		•	-		20,702	649,588
Other instructional programs	731,899		216,511		-		-	-		325,443	1,273,853
Special programs	85,717		30,896		1,078,888		61 <u>0</u> 03	6 <u>4</u> 8		573,661	1,769,162
Adult/Continuing education programs	893		-		1.0		51 <u>6</u> 03	120		120	893
Support services							-	-			
Pupil support services	1,050,910		392,926				-			191,785	1,635,621
Instructional staff support	701,629		216,498		206,553		-			531,645	1,656,325
General administration	917,346		227,488		(i=)		14,730	80,459		-	1,240,023
School administration	1,489,162		484,657		79,146		-	-		104,285	2,157,250
Business services	316,117		97,535					100		-	413,652
Plant services	1,642,450		206,258		2,883		-	1.00		1,421	1,853,012
Student transportation services	1,128,330		320,370		82,396		-				1,531,096
Central services	76,887		30,474		2 7 5		1.00			100	107,361
Other support services			1.00				1.00	6,621			6,621.00
Noninstructional services											
Food service operations	138,517		251,384		1.5		(1)	1.74		1,263,176	1,653,077
Debt service								-			
Principal	-		-		-			1,075,000		-	1,075,000
Interest	11221		1121		-		0.00	1,073,517		140	1,073,517
Capital outlay	121		-		12		8,505,402	140		1441	8,505,402
Total expenditures	14,268,636		4,914,286		1,449,866		8,520,132	2,235,597		4,734,743	36,123,260
Excess (deficiency) of revenues											
over expenditures	(343,843)		1,370,446		81,548		(8,443,608)	58,380		103,435	(7,173,642)
					an ann ANN H. I MNN H						
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2 246 017				4 005					C4 400	2 442 272
Transfers in	2,346,847		-		4,935		(#)	1.00		61,490	2,413,272
Transfers out	(908,750)		(1,291,639)		(86,483)		11-2			(126,400)	(2,413,272)
Proceeds from sale of assets	11,099		-		-		199	59) 		-	11,099
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,449,196		(1,291,639)		(81,548)					(64,910)	11,099
Net change in fund balances	1,105,353		78,807				(8,443,608)	58,380		38,525	(7,162,543)
Fund balances as originally stated	17,681,372		8,419,243		120		19,320,958	1,481,867		989,648	47,893,088
Prior Period Adjustment	100 (200 - 100 - 100 (200 - 100 (200 - 100 - 100 - 100 (200 - 100		71 <u>1</u> 1		120		1120	1 <u>1</u> 1		139,573	139,573
Fund balances, beginning of year	17,681,372		8,419,243		590 C		19,320,958	1,481,867		1,129,221	48,032,661
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 18,786,725	\$	8,498,050	\$	3 - 3	\$	10,877,350 \$	1,540,247	\$	1,167,746	\$ 40,870,118
and the second		See.		18.8			· · · · · ·	1 -1 - 1	100	1. C.	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Red River Parish School Board

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Total net change in fund balances - Governmental Funds	\$ (7,162,543)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay (\$8,647,300) exceeds depreciation expense (\$869,904)	
in the current period.	7,777,396
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	1,075,000
Compensated absences are reported in the statement of activities when earned. As they do not require the use of current financial resources, they are not reported as expenditures on governmental funds until they have matured. This is the amount of compensated absences reported in the statement of activities in the prior year that has matured in the current year. In the current year, compensated absences earned (\$816,652) exceeded amounts used (\$774,698)	(41,954)
Other postemployment benefit obligation reported in the statement of activities does not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds.	(921,911)
Cash pensions contributions reported in the funds were greater than the calculated pension expense on the statement of activities and therefore increase net position.	(622,855)
Revenue included in the Statement of Activties due to Non-Contributing Entity revenues for GASB 68 implementation	103,763
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 206,896

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Red River Parish School Board ("School Board") was created by Louisiana Revised Statute 17:51 for the purpose of providing public education for the residents of Red River Parish. The School Board is authorized by Louisiana Revised Statute 17:81 to establish policies and regulations for its own government consistent with the laws of the State of Louisiana and the regulations of the Louisiana Board of Elementary and Secondary Education. The School Board is authorized to establish public schools as it deems necessary, to provide adequate school facilities for the children of the parish, to determine the number of teachers to be employed, and to determine local supplement to their salaries. The School Board is currently comprised of seven (7) members who are elected from seven (7) districts for a term of four (4) years.

The School Board operates four (4) schools within the parish with a total enrollment of approximately 1,500 students. In conjunction with the regular education programs, some of these schools offer special education and/or adult education programs. Additionally, the School Board provides transportation and school food services for the students.

Reporting Entity

The School Board is considered a primary government, since it is a special-purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. Fiscally independent means that the School Board may, without the approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes or set rates or charges, and issue bonded debt. The School Board's financial statements do not include any component units. Additionally, the School Board is a legally separate elected governing body and does not meet the definition of a component unit of any other entity.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary fund and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the School Board.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the School Board's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The School Board reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School Board. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is always a major fund.

Special Revenue Funds – Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The following Special Revenue Funds are major funds:

Employee Salaries & Benefits Fund accounts for the collection and distribution of the sales tax levies to provide additional support to the school system to include funding of employee salaries and benefits.

Head Start Fund is a federally funded program which promotes school readiness of infants, toddlers, and preschool-aged children from low-income families.

Capital Projects Funds – Capital Projects Funds account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and improvements. The Capital Projects Fund is for the purpose of acquiring and/or improving lands for building sites and playgrounds, including construction of necessary sidewalks and streets adjacent thereto; purchasing, erecting and/or improving school buildings and other school related facilities.

Debt Service Funds – Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. Debt service funds should be used to report resources if legally mandated. Financial resources that are being accumulated for principal and interest maturing in future years also should be reported in debt service funds.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Nonmajor Funds:

The School Board has seven nonmajor Special Revenue Funds. For a description of these funds, see the Nonmajor Funds section of this report.

During the course of operations, the School Board has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

Budgetary Information

Budgetary basis of accounting

Formal budgetary accounting is employed as a management control. The School Board prepares and adopts a budget prior to July 1 of each year for its general and all special revenue funds in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statutes. The operating budget is prepared based on prior year's revenues and expenditures and the estimated increase or decrease therein for the current year, using the full accrual basis of accounting. The School Board amends its budget(s) when projected revenues are expected to be less than budgeted revenues by an amount greater than five percent (5%) or actual expenditures are expected to be greater than budgeted expenditures by an amount greater than five percent (5%). The School Board approves the overall budget at the function level and management has the authority to transfer amounts between line items within a function. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in interest-bearing demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired. Short-term investments are stated at cost, which approximates fair value.

Interest earned on balances maintained in the pooled bank account was distributed to the individual funds based on the cash balance maintained by the unrestricted participating fund during the year.

The School Board maintains separate "book" cash accounts for each fund that is pooled within the master bank account. Negative book cash balances appear in the financial statements as a liability, "Due to Other Funds." The balance of these amounts will be paid primarily through collections of grants receivable reimbursements from the Federal and State Departments of Education.

Investments

Investments for the School Board are reported at fair value (generally based on quoted market prices) except for certain certificates of deposit which are reported at cost in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 72.

Receivables and payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as due from other funds or due to other funds on the fund financial statements balance sheet.

Interfund Activities and Transactions

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" within the fund financial statements. Long-term borrowings between funds are classified as "advances to other funds" or "advances from other funds" in the fund financial statements. These amounts are eliminated in the statement of net position, except for any residual balance outstanding between the governmental activities at the end of the fiscal year, which are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Interfund Activities and Transactions (Continued)

Interfund transactions are reflected as services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Services provided, deemed to be at or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when on fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefitting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

Inventory

Inventories of the School Food Service Fund consist of food and supplies. Inventories are recorded as an expenditure as it is consumed. Inventory is valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value on the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Commodities provided to the School Board by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) through the State Department of Education are reflected as revenue when received and as an expenditure when consumed. Commodities are valued at amounts assigned by the USDA.

Capital Assets

Capital Assets, which include land, buildings, and equipment, are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School Board as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Estimated useful life is management's estimate of how long the asset is expected to meet service demands. Capital assets have not been assigned a salvage value because management feels that the salvage value is immaterial.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Capital Asset Class	Lives	
Buildings and improvements	40 years	
Furniture and equipment	3-15 years	

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then.

The School Board has two (2) items that qualify for reporting as deferred outflows of resources, the *deferred outflows related to other post-employment benefits* and the *deferred outflows related to pensions*, reported in the government-wide statement of net position..

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School Board has two (2) items that qualify for reporting as deferred inflows of resources, the *deferred inflows related to other post-employment benefits* and the *deferred inflows related to pensions*, reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

Compensated Absences

The School Board employees earn annual and sick leave at various rates depending on the number of years in service. The maximum amount of annual and sick leave that may be accumulated and carried forward is 480 hours and unlimited, respectively. Several employees have been allowed accumulated annual leave in excess of the 480 hours for time accumulated under previous policies, which allowed for unlimited annual leave. Upon termination, an employee is compensated for up to 640 hours of unused annual leave. Upon retirement or death, an employee is compensated for up to 200 hours of sick leave. Compensation is provided at the employee's hourly rate of pay at the time of termination, retirement or death.

Under the Louisiana Teachers Retirement System, the total unused accumulated sick leave, including the 200 hours paid, is used in the retirement benefit computation as earned service for leave earned prior to July 1, 1988. For sick leave earned after July 1, 1988, under the Louisiana Teachers Retirement System, and for sick leave earned under the Louisiana School Employees Retirement System, all unpaid sick leave which excludes the 20 hours paid, is used in the retirement benefit computation as earned service. Sabbatical leave may be granted for the rest and recuperation and for professional and cultural improvement. Any employee with a teaching certificate is entitled, subject to approval by the School Board, to one semester of sabbatical leave after three years of continuous service and two semesters of sabbatical leave after six or more years of continuous service. Sabbatical leave benefits are recorded as expenditures in the period paid.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds and is recorded as an adjustment to interest expense. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. In accordance with GASB Codification Section I30: Interest Costs – Imputation, bond issuance costs are expensed in the period incurred except for prepaid insurance costs.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

Pensions

The School Board is a participating employer in three defined benefit pension plans as described in Note 8. For purposes of measuring Net Pension Liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of each of the plans, and additions to / deductions from each plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by each of the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Liability

For purposes of measuring the net other post-employment benefit liability ("OPEB"), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expenses, additions to/deductions from the OPEB has been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The OPEB plan does not have any assets.

Categories and Classifications of Fund Equity

Net position flow assumption – Sometimes the School Board will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the School Board's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Categories and Classifications of Fund Equity (Continued)

Fund balance flow assumptions – Sometimes the School Board will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the School Board's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund balance policies – Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The School Board itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, specifies the following classifications:

Nonspendable fund balance – Nonspendable fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance – Restricted fund balances are restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School Board's highest level of decision-making authority. The governing council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the School Board that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned fund balance – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School Board for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The governing council (council) has by resolution authorized the finance director to assign fund balance. The council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Categories and Classifications of Fund Equity (Continued)

Unassigned fund balance - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund.

Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

Property taxes – Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property and are levied as of July 1st. The tax levy is divided into two billings: the first billing (mailed on July 1) is an estimate of the current year's levy based on the prior year's taxes; the second billing (mailed on January 1) reflects adjustments to the current year's actual levy. The billings are considered past due 30 days after the respective tax billing date, at which time the applicable property is subject to lien, and penalties and interest are assessed.

Sales and Use Taxes – The School Board collects a one percent (1%) parish-wide sales and use tax with the net proceeds, after deducting costs of collection and administration, dedicated to supplement salaries of School Board employees and/or operations of the public schools within the parish. In accordance with a School Board resolution adopted on March 14, 2016, the proceeds of the tax are committed as follows: forty percent (40%) for salaries, five percent (5%) for transportation, ten percent (10%) for classroom activities, five percent (5%) for technology, and forty percent (40%) for general purposes, which was assigned by management for classroom activities. The tax, authorized under the provisions of Louisiana Revised Statute 33:2737 and approved by the voters on June 24, 1974, has no expiration date. The School Board also collects a one percent (1%) parish-wide sales and use tax with the net proceeds, dedicated to employee salaries and benefits. The tax receipts and expenditures are accounted for in a special revenue fund entitled Employee Salaries and Benefits.

Allocation of Indirect Expenses

The School Board reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Indirect expenses (long-term debt interest) of other functions are not allocated to those functions but are reported separately in the Statement of Activities. Depreciation expense, OPEB expense and Pension Expense are specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Newly Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This Statement seeks to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The School Board has implemented GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The School Board has evaluated these criteria and determined that the School Activity Funds previously reported as agency funds should now be classified as special revenue funds. Additional information can be found in Note 17.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued statements that will become effective in future years. These statements are as follows:

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

In June 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period*. The objectives of this Statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. Early implement is allowed.

In May 2019, the GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The primary objectives of this statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

In January 2020, GASB Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*, was issued. The requirements of this Statement will enhance comparability in the application of accounting and financial reporting requirements and will improve the consistency of authoritative literature. More comparable reporting will improve the usefulness of information for users of state and local government financial statements. The requirements of this statement are effective periods beginning after June 15, 2021. Earlier application is encouraged and is permitted by topic.

In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*. The exceptions to the existing provisions for hedge accounting termination and lease modifications in this Statement will reduce the cost of the accounting and financial reporting ramifications of replacing Interbank Offered Rates with other reference rates. The reliability and relevance of reporting information will be maintained by requiring that agreements that effectively maintain an existing hedging arrangement continue to be accounting for in the same manner as before the replacement of a reference rate. As a result, this Statement will preserve the consistency and comparability of reporting hedging derivative instruments and leases after governments amend or replace agreements to replace an Interbank Offer Rate. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

In March of 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements. The requirements of this Statement will improve financial reporting by establishing the definitions of PPPs and APAs and providing uniform guidance on accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet those definitions. That uniform guidance will provide more relevant and reliable information for financial statement users and create greater consistency in practice. This Statement will enhance the decision usefulness of a government's financial statements by requiring governments to report assets and liabilities related to PPPs consistently and disclose important information about PPP transactions. The required disclosures will allow users to understand the scale and important aspects of a government's future obligations and assets resulting from PPPs. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

In October 2021, GASB issued Statement No. 98, The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. This Statement establishes the term annual comprehensive financial report and its acronym ACFR. That new term and acronym replace instances of comprehensive annual financial report and its acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. This Statement was developed in response to concerns raised by stakeholders that the common pronunciation of the acronym for comprehensive annual financial report sounds like a profoundly objectionable racial slur. This Statement's introduction of the new term is founded on a commitment to promoting inclusiveness. The requirement of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021.

The School Board is evaluating the requirements of the above statements and the impact on reporting.

NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Custodial credit risk - deposits. The School Board's cash and cash equivalents and investments consist of deposits with financial institutions. State statutes govern the School Board's investment policy. Permissible investments include direct obligations of the U.S. Government and agency securities, certificates of deposit, and savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations and repurchase agreements.

Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States government and its agencies and obligations of the state and its subdivisions. Per Louisiana State law, collateral is not required for funds invested in LAMP.

Differences between School Board balances and the bank balances arise because of the net effect of deposits-in-transit and outstanding checks. The following is a schedule of the School Board's cash and cash equivalents and investments at June 30, 2021:

	School Board Balances		B	Bank Balance	
Cash on deposit	\$	29,771,389	\$	30,486,213	
Investments:					
Certificates of deposit		569,353		569,353	
LAMP investments		12,179,503		12,179,503	
Total cash and investments	\$	42,520,245	\$	43,235,069	

NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The School Board's deposits are collateralized as follows:

Federal Deposit Insurance Pledged Securities	\$ 250,000 31,995,292
Total collateralized deposits	\$ 32,245,292

Credit risk. The School Board's investments consist of the certificate of deposit mentioned above and State and Local Government Series (SLGS) securities held by the paying agent thus limiting the School Board's credit risk at June 30, 2021.

Concentration of credit risk. The School Board does not limit the amount that may be invested in securities of any one issuer. Applicable state statutes do not place limits on credit concentration.

Interest rate risk. The School Board manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the maturity of its investments to no longer than one year.

In addition, local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool, Inc. (LAMP), a non-profit corporation formed by an initiative of the State Treasurer and organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, which operates the local government investment pool. Collateral is required for demand deposits, certificates of deposit, savings certificates of savings and loan associations and repurchase agreements at 100% of all amounts not covered by deposit insurance.

NOTE 3: FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The School Board had \$12,179,503 invested with LAMP at June 30, 2021. Because these investments are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form, they are not categorized for the purposes of this note. LAMP is administered by LAMP, Inc., a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana. Only local governments may participate in LAMP. The primary objective of LAMP is to provide a safe environment for the placement of public funds in short-term, high quality investments. The LAMP portfolio includes only securities and other obligations in which local governments are authorized to invest. The dollar weighted average portfolio maturity of LAMP is restricted to not more than 90 days and consists of no securities with a maturity in excess of 397 days. The fair value of investments is determined on a weekly basis to monitor any variances between amortized cost and fair value.

Level 1 - Investments reflect prices quoted in active markets.

Level 2 - Investments reflect prices that are based on a similar observable asset either directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.

Level 3 - Investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources.
NOTE 3: FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

As of June 30, 2021, the School Board's investments were invested with LAMP. The fair value of a share in LAMP is the same as the book value (i.e., a share in the pool is always worth \$1.00 per share.

The School Board has \$569,353 invested in a certificate of deposit with a local bank that is recorded at cost .

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets during the year ended June 30, 2021:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Governmental activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 585,605	\$-	\$-	\$ 585,605
Construction in progress	11,472,595	8,207,240	32,200	19,647,635
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	12,058,200	8,207,240	32,200	20,233,240
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Land - Cooperative Endeavor Agreement	50,000	-	71 - 1	50,000
Buildings and improvements	18,285,208	202,913		18,488,121
Furniture and equipment	4,771,145	269,347		5,040,492
Total capital assets, being depreciated	23,106,353	472,260	8 4	23,578,613
Less accumulated depreciation				
Building and improvements	8,619,196	646,606		9,265,802
Furniture and equipment	3,896,429	220,798	-	4,117,227
Land - Cooperative Endeavor Agreement	40 UL - 52	2,500	-	2,500
Total accumulated depreciation	12,515,625	869,904	88 7 9	13,385,529
Total capital assets				
being depreciated, net	10,590,728	(397,644)	17-	10,193,084
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 22,648,928	\$ 7,809,596	\$ 32,200	\$ 30,426,324

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was allocated to the governmental functions in the statement of activities as follows:

For the year ended June 30,		2021
Instructional services:		
Regular programs	\$ 6	67,359
Special education programs	1	15,182
Vocational programs		5,631
Other instructional programs	1	11,116
Special programs	1	15,343
Total depreciation expense - instructional services	11	14,631
Support services:		
Pupil support services	1	4,178
Instructional staff support services	1	4,358
General administration	1	0,749
School administration	1	8,700
Business services		3,586
Plant services	66	5,170
Student transportation services	1	3,272
Central services		930
Food service operations	1	4,330
Total depreciation expense - support services	75	5,273
Total depreciation expense	\$ 86	59,904

NOTE 5: LONG-TERM DEBT AND LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in Long-Term Obligations for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	Beginning			5 K 75	Ending	-	Due Within
	 Balances	 Additions	F	Reductions	 Balance		One Year
Bonds Payable							
General Obligation Bond, Series 2018	\$ 20,965,000	\$ -	\$	810,000	\$ 20,155,000	\$	835,000
Unamortized bond premium, Series 2018	1,168,011	-		64,890	1,103,121		(-)
General Obligation Bond, Series 2020	7,400,000	-		265,000	7,135,000		275,000
Unamortized bond premium, Series 2020	1,122,355	-		56,117	1,066,238		3.=1
Total bonds payable	30,655,366	=		1,196,007	29,459,359		1,110,000
Other post employment benefits	19,685,839	1,350,560		-	21,036,399		
Net Pension Liability	25,687,696	4,271,492			29,959,188		2 1.
Compensated absences, net	1,247,529	816,652		774,698	1,289,483		800,751
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 77,276,430	\$ 6,438,704	\$	1,970,705	\$ 81,744,429	\$	1,910,751

NOTE 5: LONG-TERM DEBT AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

Long-term bonds outstanding at June 30, 2021 are comprised of the Series 2018 General Obligation Bonds issued in 2018 with a maturity date of March 1, 2038 with interest rates varying from 3% to 5% and Series 2020 General Obligation Bonds issued in 2020 with a maturity date of March 1, 2040 with interest rates varying from 3% to 5%.

The Series 2018 and Series 2020 General Obligation Bonds were authorized by the voters of the District in a special election held therein on October 14, 2017.

Debt service requirements to maturity on all School Board bonds and certificates of indebtedness outstanding at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

						Governmen	tal A	Activities			
		General Obl	igati	on Bond		General Obl	igati	on Bond			
		Series	201	.8		Series	5 2 0 2	20	То	tal	
Year ending June 30,	C.	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest
2022		835,000		796,350		275,000		257,450	1,110,000		1,053,800
2023		865,000		771,300		280,000		249,200	1,145,000		1,020,500
2024		905,000		736,700		290,000		240,800	1,195,000		977,500
2025		950,000		691,450		300,000		232,100	1,250,000		923,550
2026-2030		5,490,000		2,717,250		1,650,000		1,019,500	7,140,000		3,736,750
2031-2035		6,535,000		1,663,650		1,955,000		718,000	8,490,000		2,381,650
2036-2040		4,575,000		370,800		2,385,000		293,600	6,960,000		664,400
Total	\$	20,155,000	\$	7,747,500	\$	7,135,000	\$	3,010,650	\$ 27,290,000	\$	10,758,150
Current Portion	8	835,000	25	796,350	0821	275,000	28	257,450	 1,110,000	19	1,053,800
Payable after one year	\$	19,320,000	\$	6,951,150	\$	6,860,000	\$	2,753,200	\$ 26,180,000	\$	9,704,350

NOTE 6: NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

The net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2021, is as follows:

	G	overnmental Activities
Capital assets (net)	\$	30,426,324
Outstanding debt related to capital assets		(29,459,359)
Unspent bond proceeds		12,179,503
Net investment in capital assets	\$	13,146,468

NOTE 7: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Individual balances due to/from other funds at June 30, 2021, are as follows:

	Due					
	 From	То	Net			
Major Funds:						
General Fund	\$ 1,212,205 \$	- \$	1,212,205			
Head Start		305,661	(305,661)			
Non-major Funds:						
Lunch Fund	-	78,177	(78,177)			
Title I	a	290,309	(290,309)			
Special Education	-	134,143	(134,143)			
Strong Start (CARES)		149,169	(149,169)			
Other Federal Programs	-	202,190	(202,190)			
State Grants	-	52,556	(52,556)			
Total	\$ 1,212,205 \$	1,212,205 \$				

Transfers to/from other funds for the year ended June 30, 2021 were as follows:

		Tran				
Operating Transfers	 In			Out		Net
Major Funds:						
General Fund	\$	2,346,847	\$	908,750	\$	1,438,097
Employee Salaries and Benefits				1,291,639		(1,291,639)
Head Start		4,935		86,483		(81,548)
Non-major Funds:						
Titlel		1,305		31,821		(30,516)
Special Education		3,645		13,270		(9,625)
Strong Start (CARES)		845		56,542		(55 <i>,</i> 697)
Other Federal Programs		20,919		19,154		1,765
State Grants		34,776		5,613		29,163
Total	\$	2,413,272	\$	2,413,272	\$	-

NOTE 8: RETIREMENT PLANS

Description of Plans

Substantially all employees of the School Board are provided with pensions through cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Teachers' Retirement System Louisiana (TRSL), the Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS), or the Parochial Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (PERS), all of which are administered on a statewide basis. The authority to establish and amend the benefit terms of TRSL, LSERS, and PERS was granted to the respective Board of Trustees and the Louisiana Legislature by Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes. TRSL, LSERS, and PERS each issue publicly available financial reports that can be obtained at www.trsl.org, www.lsers.net, and www.persla.org, respectively.

<u>TRSL</u>

TRSL provides retirement, deferred retirement option (DROP), disability, and survivor's benefits. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information. Regular Plan - Members whose first employment makes them eligible for membership in a Louisiana state retirement system on or after January 1, 2011 may retire with a 2.5% accrual rate after attaining age sixty with at least 5 years of service credit and are eligible for an actuarially reduced benefit with 20 years of service at any age. All other members, if initially hired on or after July 1, 1999, are eligible for a 2.5% accrual rate at the earliest of age 60 with 5 years of service, age 55 with 25 years of service, or at any age with 30 years of service. Members may retire with an actuarially reduced benefit with 20 years of service at any age. If hired before July 1, 1999, members are eligible for a 2% accrual rate at the earliest of age 65 with 20 years of service, age 55 with 25 years of service, or at any age with 30 years of service. Plan A - Members may retire with a 3.0% annual accrual rate at age 55 with 25 years of service, age 60 with 5 years of service or 30 years of service, regardless of age. Plan A is closed to new entrants. Plan B - Members may retire with a 2.0% annual accrual rate at age 55 with 30 years of service, or age 60 with 5 years of service.

For all plans, retirement benefits are based on a formula which multiplies the final average compensation by the applicable accrual rate, and by the years of creditable service. For Regular Plan and Lunch Plan B members whose first employment makes them eligible for membership in a Louisiana state retirement system on or after January 1, 2011, final average compensation is defined as the highest average 60-month period. For all other members, final average compensation is defined as the highest average 36-month period.

NOTE 8: RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

A retiring member is entitled to receive the maximum benefit payable until the member's death. In lieu of the maximum benefit, the member may elect to receive a reduced benefit payable in the form of a Joint and Survivor Option, or as a lump sum that can't exceed 36 months of the members' maximum monthly benefit amount.

Effective July 1, 2009, members may make an irrevocable election at retirement to receive an actuarially reduced benefit which increases 2.5% annually, beginning on the first retirement anniversary date, but not before age 55 or before the retiree would have attained age 55 in the case of a surviving spouse. This option can be chosen in combination with the above options.

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement, an eligible member can begin participation in the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) on the first retirement eligibility date for a period not to exceed the 3rd anniversary of retirement eligibility. Delayed participation reduces the three year participation period. During participation, benefits otherwise payable are fixed, and deposited in an individual DROP account. Upon termination of DROP, the member can continue employment and earn additional accruals to be added to the fixed pre-DROP benefit.

Upon termination of employment, the member is entitled to the fixed benefit, an additional benefit based on post -DROP service (if any), and the individual DROP account balance which can be paid in a lump sum or an additional annuity based on the account balance.

Active members whose first employment makes them eligible for membership in a Louisiana state retirement system before January 1, 2011, and who have five or more years of service credit are eligible for disability retirement benefits if certified by the State Medical Disability Board (SMDB) to be disabled from performing their job. All other members must have at least 10 years of service to be eligible for a disability benefit. Calculation of the disability benefit as well as the availability of a minor child benefit is determined by the plan to which the member belongs and the date on which the member's first employment made them eligible for membership in a Louisiana state retirement system.

A surviving spouse with minor children of an active member with five years of creditable service (2 years immediately prior to death) or 20 years of creditable service is entitled to a benefit equal to the greater of (a) \$600 per month, or (b) 50% of the member's benefit calculated at the 2.5% accrual rate for all creditable service. When a minor child(ren) is no longer eligible to receive survivor benefits, the spouse's benefit reverts to a survivor benefit in accordance with the provisions for a surviving spouse with no minor child(ren). Benefits for the minor child(ren) cease when he/she is no longer eligible. Each minor child (maximum of 2) shall receive an amount equal to the greater of (a) 50% of the spouse's benefit or (b) \$300 (up to 2 eligible children). Benefits to minors cease at attainment of age 18, marriage, or age 23 if enrolled in an approved institution of higher education. A surviving spouse without minor children of an active member with 10 years of creditable service (2 years immediately prior to death) or 20 years of creditable service is entitled to a benefit equal to the greater of (a) \$600 per month, or (b) the option 2 equivalent of the benefit calculated at the 2.5% accrual rate for all creditable service.

NOTE 8: RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

As fully described in Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes, the System allows for the payment of permanent benefit increases, also known as cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs), that are funded through investment earnings when recommended by the Board of Trustees and approved by the State Legislature.

The Optional Retirement Plan (ORP) was established for academic employees of public institutions of higher education who are eligible for membership in TRSL. This plan was designed to provide certain academic and unclassified employees of public institutions of higher education an optional method of funding for their retirement. The ORP is a defined contribution pension plan which provides for portability of assets and full and immediate vesting of all contributions submitted on behalf of the affected employees to the approved providers. These providers are selected by the TRSL Board of Trustees. Monthly employer and employee contributions are invested as directed by the employee to provide the employee with future retirement benefits. The amount of these benefits is entirely dependent upon the total contributions and investment returns accumulated during the employee's working lifetime.

Employees in eligible positions of higher education can make an irrevocable election to participate in the ORP rather than TRSL and purchase annuity contracts—fixed, variable, or both—for benefits payable at retirement.

LSERS

LSERS provides retirement, deferred retirement option (DROP), disability, and survivor's benefits. Membership is mandatory for all persons employed by a Louisiana Parish or City School Board or by the Lafourche Special Education District #1 who work more than twenty hours per week as a school bus driver, school janitor, school custodian, school maintenance employee, or school bus aide, a monitor or attendant, or any other regular school employee who actually works on a school bus helping with the transportation of school children. If a person is employed by and is eligible to be a member of more than one public agency within the state, he must be a member of each such retirement system. Members are vested after 10 years of service or 5 years if enrolled after June 30, 2010. All temporary, seasonal and part-time employees as defined in federal Regulations 26 CFR 31:3121(b)(7)-2 are not eligible for membership in the Plan. Any part-time employees who work 20 hours or less per week and who are not vested will be refunded their contributions.

Benefit provisions are authorized and amended under Louisiana Revised Statutes. Benefit provisions are dictated by LA R.S. 11:1141 - 11:1153. A member who joined the system on or before June 30, 2010 is eligible for normal retirement if he has at least 30 years of creditable service regardless of age, 25 years of creditable service and is at least age 55, 20 years of creditable service regardless of age with an actuarially reduced benefit, or 10 years of creditable service and is at least 5 years of creditable service and is at least 5 years of creditable service and is at least 5 years of creditable service and is at least 5 years of creditable service regardless of age with an actuarially reduced benefit, or 10 years of creditable for normal retirement if he has at least 5 years of creditable service and is at least 5 years of creditable service regardless of age with an actuarially reduced benefit.

NOTE 8: RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

For members who joined the system prior to July 1, 2006, the maximum retirement benefit is an amount equal to 3 1/3% of the average compensation for the three highest consecutive years of membership service, subject to the 10% salary limitation, multiplied by the number of years of service limited to 100% of final average compensation plus a supplementary allowance of \$2.00 per month for each year of service. For members who joined the system on or after July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2010, 3 1/3% of the average compensation is used to calculate benefits; however, the calculation consists of the five highest consecutive years of membership service, subject to the 10% salary limitation. For members who join the system on or after July 1, 2010, 2 1/2% of the average compensation is used to calculate benefits and consists of the five highest consecutive years' average salary, subject to the 15% salary limitation. The supplemental allowance was eliminated for members entering the Plan on or after July 1, 1986. Effective January 1, 1992, the supplemental allowance was reinstated to all members whose service retirement became effective after July 1, 1971.

A member is eligible to retire and receive disability benefits if he has at least five years of creditable service, is not eligible for normal retirement and has become totally and permanently disabled and is certified as disabled by the Medical Board. A member who joins the system on or after July 1, 2006, must have at least ten years of service to qualify for disability benefits. Upon the death of a member with five or more years of creditable service, the Plan provides benefits for surviving spouses and minor children. Under certain conditions outlined in the statutes, a spouse is entitled to 75% of the member's benefit.

Members of the Plan may elect to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Plan, (DROP) and defer the receipt of benefits. The election may be made only one time and the duration is limited to three years. Once an option has been selected, no change is permitted. Upon the effective date of the commencement of participation in the DROP Plan, active membership in the regular retirement plan of the system terminates. Average compensation and creditable service remain as they existed on the effective date of commencement of participation in the Plan. The monthly retirement benefits, that would have been payable had the person elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance, are paid into the Deferred Retirement Option Plan Fund Account. The Plan maintains subaccounts within this account reflecting the credits attributed to each participant in the Plan. Interest credited and payments from the DROP account are made in accordance with LA R.S. 11:1152(E)(3). Upon termination of participation in both the Plan and employment, a participant may receive his DROP monies either in a lump sum payment from the account or systematic disbursements. The Plan also provides for deferred benefits for vested members who terminate before being eligible for retirement. Once the member reaches the appropriate age for retirement, benefits become payable.

Effective January 1, 1996, the state legislature authorized the Plan to establish an Initial Benefit Retirement Plan (IBRP) program. IBRP is available to members who have not participated in DROP and who select the maximum benefit, Option 2 benefit, Option 3 benefit or Option 4 benefit. Thereafter, these members are ineligible to participate in the DROP.

NOTE 8: RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

The IBRP program provides both a one-time single sum payment of up to 36 months of a regular monthly retirement benefit, plus a reduced monthly retirement benefit for life. Interest credited and payments from IBRP account are made in accordance with LA R.S. 11:1152(F)(3).

PERS

The Parochial Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (PERS) has one School Board employee that is a member of this cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee statewide plan. PERS was originally established by Act #205 of the 1952 regular session of the Legislature of the State of Louisiana to provide retirement benefits to all employees of any parish in the state of Louisiana or any governing body or a parish which employees and pays persons serving the parish. The plan is operated by board of trustees (seven trustees), an Administrative Director, an Actuary, and Legal Counsel.

The Parochial Plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The reports may be obtained by writing to The Parochial Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (Parochial Plan), P.O. Box 14619, Baton Rouge, LA 70808.

Disclosures relating to this plan are as follows:

Parochial Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana is the administrator of a cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. The Parochial Plan was established and provided for by R.S.11:1901 of the Louisiana Revised Statute (LRS).

Act 765 of the year 1979, established by the Legislature of the State of Louisiana, revised the System to create Plan A and Plan B to replace the "regular plan" and the "supplemental plan". Plan A was designated for employers out of Social Security. Plan B was designated for those employers that remained in Social Security on the revision date. The Commission participates in Plan A.

The System provides retirement benefits to employees of taxing districts of a parish or any branch or section of a parish within the State which does not have their own retirement system and which elects to become members of the System.

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to these appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Eligibility Requirements:

All permanent parish government employees (except those employed by Orleans, Lafourche and East Baton Rouge Parishes) who work at least 28 hours a week shall become members on the date of employment. New employees meeting the age and Social Security criteria have up to 90 days from the date of hire to elect to participate.

NOTE 8: RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

As of January 1997, elected officials, except coroners, justices of the peace, and parish presidents may no longer join the Parochial Plan.

Retirement Benefits:

Any member of Plan A can retire providing he/she meet one of the following criteria: For employees hired prior to January 1, 2007:

- 1. Any age with thirty (30) or more years of creditable service.
- 2. Age 55 with twenty-five (25) years of creditable service.
- 3. Age 60 with a minimum of ten (10) years of creditable service.
- 4. Age 65 with a minimum of seven (7) years of creditable service.

For employees hired after January 1, 2007:

- 1. Age 55 with 30 years of service.
- 2. Age 62 with 10 years of service.
- 3. Age 67 with 7 years of service.

Generally, the monthly amount of the retirement allowance of any member of Plan A shall consist of an amount equal to three percent of the member's final average compensation multiplied by his/her years of creditable service. However, under certain conditions, as outlined in the statutes, the benefits are limited to specified amounts.

Survivor Benefits:

Upon the death of any member of Plan A with five (5) or more years of creditable service who is not eligible for retirement, the plan provides for benefits for the surviving spouse and minor children, as outlined in the statutes.

Any member of Plan A, who is eligible for normal retirement at time of death, the surviving spouse shall receive an automatic Option 2 benefit, as outlined in the statutes.

A surviving spouse who is not eligible for Social Security survivorship or retirement benefits, and married not less than twelve (12) months immediately preceding death of the member, shall be paid an Option 2 benefit beginning at age 50.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan:

Act 338 of 1990 established the Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) for the Retirement System. DROP is an option for that member who is eligible for normal retirement.

NOTE 8: RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement, any member of Plan A eligible to retire may elect to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) in which they are enrolled for three years and defer the receipt of benefits. During participation in the plan, employer contributions are payable but employee contributions cease. The monthly retirement benefits that would be payable, had the person elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance, are paid into the DROP Fund.

Upon termination of employment prior to or at the end of the specified period of participation, a participant in the DROP may receive, at his option, a lump sum from the account equal to the payments into the account, a true annuity based upon his account balance in that fund, or roll over the fund to an Individual Retirement Account.

Interest is accrued on the DROP benefits for the period between the end of DROP participation and the member's retirement date.

For individuals who become eligible to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Plan on or after January 1, 2004, all amounts which remain credited to the individual's subaccount after termination in the Plan will be placed in liquid asset money market investments at the discretion of the board of trustees. These subaccounts may be credited with interest based on money market rates of return or, at the option of the Parochial Plan, the funds may be credited to self-directed subaccounts. The participant in the self-directed portion of this Plan must agree that the benefits payable to the participant are not the obligations of the state or the Parochial Plan, and that any returns and other rights of the Plan are the sole liability and responsibility of the participant and the designated provider to which contributions have been made.

Disability Benefits:

For Plan A, a member shall be eligible to retire and receive a disability benefit if they were hired prior to January 1, 2007, and has at least five years of creditable service or if hired after January 1, 2007, has seven years of creditable service, and is not eligible for normal retirement and has been officially certified as disabled by the State Medical Disability Board. Upon retirement caused by disability, a member of Plan A shall be paid a disability benefit equal to the lesser of an amount equal to three percent of the member's final average compensation multiplied by his years of service, not to be less than fifteen, or three percent multiplied by years of service assuming continued service to age sixty.

NOTE 8: RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Cost of Living Adjustments:

The Board is authorized to provide a cost of living allowance for those retirees who retired prior to July 1973. The adjustment cannot exceed 2% of the retiree's original benefit for each full calendar year since retirement and may only be granted if sufficient funds are available from investment income in excess of normal requirements. In addition, the Board may provide an additional cost of living increase to all retirees and beneficiaries who are over age sixty-five equal to 2% of the member's benefit paid on October 1, 1977, (or the member's retirement date, if later). Also, the Board may provide a cost of living increase up to 2.5% for retirees 62 and older (RS 11:1937). Lastly, Act 270 of 2009 provided for further reduced actuarial payments to provide an annual 2.5% cost of living adjustment commencing at age 55.

Contributions

<u>TRSL</u>

The employer contribution rate is established annually under LA R.S. 11:101 - 11:104 by the Public Retirement Systems Actuarial Committee (PRSACX) taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Each sub plan pays a separate actuarially determined employer contribution rate. However, all assets of TRSL are used for the payment of benefits for all classes of members, regardless of their plan.

The rates in effect during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 are as follows:

	Contribution Rates					
TRSL Sub Plan	School Board	Employees				
K-12 Regular Plan	26.0%	8.0%				
Plan A	26.0%	9.1%				
Plan B	26.0%	5.0%				

The School Board's contractually required composite contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021, was 26.7% of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$2,694,936 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

NOTE 8: RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

LSERS

Contributions for members are established by state statute at 7.5% of their annual covered salary for members employed prior to July 1, 2010 and 8.0% for members employed subsequent to July 1, 2010. Contributions for all participating school boards are actuarially determined as required by Act 81 of 1988 but cannot be less than the rate required by the Constitution. The actuarial required contribution rate for June 30, 2021 was 30.3%. The actual employer rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 28.0%. A difference may exist due to the State Statute that requires the rate to be calculated in advance. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$353,707 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

PERS

According to state statute, contributions for all employers are actuarially determined each year. For the year ended December 31, 2020, the actuarially determined contribution rate was 11.57% of member's compensation for Plan A. However, the actual rate for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2020, was 12.25% for Plan A.

According to state statute, the Parochial Plan also receives ¼ of 1% of ad valorem taxes collected within the respective parishes, except for Orleans and East Baton Rouge parishes. The Parochial Plan also receives revenue sharing funds each year as appropriated by the Legislature. Tax monies and revenue sharing monies are apportioned between Plan A and Plan B in proportion to the member's compensation. These additional sources of income are used as additional employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liabilities were valued and measured as of June 30, 2020 for TRSL and LSERS, and December 31, 2020 for PERS, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School Board's proportion of the net pension liability for TRSL and LASERS was based on a projection of the School Board's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The Schools Board's proportion of the net pension liability of PERS was based on a the School Board's historical contributions.

NOTE 8: RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

The following table reflects the School Board's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability for each of the pension plans, the proportion at June 30, 2021, and the change compared to the June 30, 2020 proportion:

	Net Pension Liability at Jur 30, 2021		Increase (Decrease) over June 30, 2020 Proportion
TRSL	\$ 26,717,03	0.240180%	0.009180%
LSERS	3,244,67	0.403839%	0.009292%
PERS	(2,52	0.001437%	-0.000266%
	\$ 29,959,18	38	

The following table reflects the School Board's recognized pension expense plus the School Board's amortization of change in proportionate share and difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions for each of the pension plans for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	Pension			
	 Expense	Am	ortization	Total
TRSL	\$ 2,764,796	\$	464,426	\$ 3,229,222
LSERS	568,271		(6,182)	562,089
PERS	235		(392)	(157)
	\$ 3,333,302	\$	457,852	\$ 3,791,154

At June 30, 2021, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

TRSL	rred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Experience	\$ -	\$	428,868	
Investment Earnings	2,062,396			
Assumptions	1,589,399		-	
Change in Prop.	4,424,577		3,189,160	
Difference in Contributions	;=		=	
Employer Contributions	2,694,936			
	\$ 10,771,308	\$	3,618,028	

NOTE 8: RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

LSERS	 red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Experience	\$ =^	\$	79,872	
Investment Earnings	494,029			
Assumptions	19,336		-	
Change in Prop. and Difference in Contributions	76,516		10,077	
Difference in Contributions	=			
Employer Contributions	353,707		-	
	\$ 943,588	\$	89,949	

PERS	d Outflows sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Experience	\$ 613	\$	301	
Investment Earnings	-		4,918	
Assumptions	824			
Change in Prop. and Difference in Contributions	104		314	
Difference in Contributions	-			
Employer Contributions	=		2000	
	\$ 1,541	\$	5,533	

Summary totals of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources by pension plan:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		
TRSL	\$ 10,771,308	\$	3,618,028
LSERS	943,588		89,949
PERS	1,541		5,533
	\$ 11,716,437	\$	3,713,510

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the School Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$3,048,643 will be recognized as a reduction of net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. The following table lists the pension contributions made subsequent to the measure period for each pension plan:

TRSL	Subsequent Contributions
	\$ 2,694,936
LSERS	353,707
PERS	
	\$ 3,048,643

NOTE 8: RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

June 30,	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total
TRSL	\$ 1,036,590	\$ 1,540,062	\$ 954,704	\$ 926,988	\$ 4,458,344
LSERS	86,261	150,705	149,997	112,969	499,932
PERS	(1,108)	(409)	(1,668)	(807)	(3,992)
	\$ 1,121,743	\$ 1,690,358	\$ 1,103,033	\$ 1,039,150	\$ 4,954,284

Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021, are as follows:

of Julie 30, 2021, are as folio	TRSL	LSERS	PERS
Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Approach Actuarial Assumptions:	June 30, 2020 Entry Age Normal Closed	June 30, 2020 Entry Age Normal	December 31, 2020 Entry Age Normal
Expected Remaining Service Lives	5 years	3 years	4 years
Investment Rate of Return Inflation Rate	7.45% net of investmen expenses 2.30% per annum.	t 7.00% net of investmen expenses 2.50%	t 6.4% per annum. 2.3% per annum.
Salary Increases	3.1% - 4.6% varies depending on duration of service.	3.25% based on a 2013-2017 experience study of the System's members	
Cost of Living Adjustments	None	granted from the Experience Account provided there are sufficient funds needed to offse the increase in the actuaria	l previously granted cost of living increases. The present values do not include
Mortality	2017 generationa improvement table with continued future mortality	/ Exmployee Tables, and the RP g 2014 Sex Distinct Disabled	, Plans Mortality Table for t Health Retirees multipled by - 130% for males and 125% for
Termination, Disability, and Retirement	retirement assumptions were	e retirement assumptions were r projected based on a five	year (2009-2013) experience

NOTE 8: RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

The following table lists the methods used by each of the pension plans in determining the long-term rate of return on pension plan investments:

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best- using a triangulation method which estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real estimates of expected future real rates of rates of return by the target asset allocation return (expected returns, net of pension percentage and by adding expected inflation plan investment expense and inflation) are and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined integrated the CAPM pricing model (topdown), a treasury yield curve approach (bottom-up) and an equity building-block model (bottom-up). Risk return and correlations are projected on a forward looking basis in equilibrium, in which bestdeveloped for each major asset class. These rates are combined to produce the longterm expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a triangulation method which integrated the capital asset pricing model (top-down), a treasury yield curve appraoch (bottom-up) and an equity building-block model (bottom-up). Risk return and correlations are projected on a forward looking basis in equilibrium, in which best estimates of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class.

The following table provides a summary of the best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in each of the pension plans' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021:

Tar	Target Allocation				Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return			
TRSL	LSERS	PERS	TRSL	LSERS	PERS			
17. (17.)	39.0%	51.0%	2.0 	2.82%	3.36%			
27.0%	-	-	4.60%	-	141			
19.0%			5.54%	11	171			
1940	26.0%	33.0%		0.92%	0.86%			
13.0%			0.69%	1275	175			
5.5%	2	<i>1</i> 2	1.50%	3 2	120			
25.5%	-		8.62%					
10.0%	23.0%	14.0%	4.45%	1.95%	0.67%			
	12.0%	2.0%	-	0.69%	0.11%			
100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	n/a	6.38%	5.00%			
5 <u>.</u>		N		2.00%	2.00%			
				8.38%	7.00%			
	TRSL - 27.0% 19.0% - 13.0% 5.5% 25.5% 10.0% -	TRSL LSERS - 39.0% 27.0% - 19.0% - - 26.0% 13.0% - 5.5% - 25.5% - 10.0% 23.0% - 12.0%	TRSL LSERS PERS - 39.0% 51.0% 27.0% - - 19.0% - - 19.0% - - 19.0% - - - 26.0% 33.0% 13.0% - - 5.5% - - 25.5% - - 10.0% 23.0% 14.0% - 12.0% 2.0%	TRSL LSERS PERS TRSL - 39.0% 51.0% - - 4.60% 19.0% - - 4.60% - - 5.54% - 26.0% 33.0% - - 0.69% - - 0.69% - - 1.50% 25.5% - - 8.62% 10.0% 23.0% 14.0% 4.45% - - 12.0% 2.0% - <	TRSL LSERS PERS TRSL LSERS 2.82% 27.0% - - 4.60% - 2.82% 27.0% - - 4.60% - 19.0% - 2.82% 19.0% - - 4.60% - 19.0% - 2.82% 13.0% - - 0.69% - - 2.55% - - 1.50% - - 25.5% - - 1.50% - - 1.95% - - 1.95% - - - 1.95% - </td			

n/a - amount not provided by Retirement System

NOTE 8: RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rates used to measure the total pension liability for TRSL, LSERS, and PERS were 7.45%, 7.00%, and 6.40%, respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2021. The discount rates decreased 0.10%, 0.0%, and 0.10%, respectively, from the discount rates used for the year ended June 30, 2020.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and member rate. Based on those assumptions, each of the pension plans' fiduciary net positions were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School Board's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the School Board's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability (NPL) using the discount rate of each pension plan as well as what the School Board's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current rate:

			Currer	nt Discount			
	1.0	% Decrease	8	Rate	1.0% Increase		
TRSL	1						
Discount rate		6.45%		7.45%		8.45%	
Share of NPL	\$	34,876,834	\$	26,717,036	\$	19,848,074	
LSERS							
Discount rate		6.00%		7.00%		8.00%	
Share of NPL	\$	4,250,040	\$	3,244,672	\$	2,384,822	
PERS							
Discount rate		5.40%		6.40%		7.40%	
Share of NPL	\$	5,283	\$	(2,520)	\$	(9,054)	

NOTE 8: RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Support of Non-employer Contributing Entities

Contributions received by a pension plan from non-employer contributing entities that are not in a special funding situation are recorded as revenue by the respective pension plan. The School Board recognizes revenue in an amount equal to their proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension plan from these non-employer contributing entities. During the year ended June 30, 2021, the School Board recognized revenue as a result of support received from non-employer contributing entities of \$103,763 for its participation in TRSL and PERS. LSERS does not receive support from non-employer contributing entities and, as a result, no revenue was recorded for LSERS for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Pension Plans Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports for TRSL, LSERS, and PERS and can be obtained on the pension plans' respective websites or on the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's website: www.lla.la.gov.

Payables to the Pension Plan

As of June 30, 2021, the School Board had \$3,048,643 recorded as payables due to the pension plans. Payables are the School Board's legally required contributions to the pension plans.

NOTE 9: POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

As permitted by Louisiana Revised Statute 17:1223, the School Board provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for certain retired employees through the State group insurance plan, an agent multiple employer defined benefit plan. These benefits if they reach normal retirement age, as defined under the applicable retirement system (see Note 8), while working for the School Board. Currently the Red River Parish School Board's postemployment benefits plan provides employees with a choice of participation in one of three medical insurance plans, each with varying benefits: preferred provider organization (PPO), exclusive provider organization (EPO), or health maintenance organization (HMO). LSA-R.S. 42:801 – 859 assigns the authority to establish benefit plans and premium rates and negotiate contracts to the Office of Group Benefits' financial report is included in the Louisiana Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), which may be obtained from Office of Statewide Reporting and Accounting Policy's website at <u>www.doa.la.gov/osrap</u>; by writing to P.O. Box 94095, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9095; or by calling (225)342-0708.

NOTE 9: POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Continued)

Net OPEB Liability

The components of the net OPEB liability of the School Board at June 30, 2021, were as follows:

Total OPEB liability	\$ 21,036,399
Plan fiduciary net position	n ő
School Board's net OPEB liability	\$ 21,036,399

The School Board's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	4.00%, including inflation
Discount rates	2.21%
Healthcare cost trend rates	5.50%

Mortality Rate

The mortality rate was determined by using the RP-2000 System Table without projection, 50% unisex blend with floating AA projections for non-annuitants projected to 2031. For post-retirement annuitants, the mortality rate was determined using the RP-2000 System Table (sex distinct) with flowing AA projections to 2023.

Discount Rate

Although this plan is a defined benefit OPEB plan which meets the requirements of paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, the funded ratio is 0% and the total actual and deemed employer contributions are well below the actuarially determined contribution. We have therefore used a discount rate which would be applicable had the requirements of paragraph 4 not been met. That discount rate is 2.16%, which is the value of the Bond Buyers' 20 Year General Obligation municipal bond index as of June 30, 2021, the end of the applicable measurement period.

NOTE 9: POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Continued)

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	s <u></u>	Increases (Decreases)					
		Total OPEB Liability	Fid u N	lan Iciary let Ition	Net	OPEB Liability	
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$	19,685,839	\$		\$	19,685,839	
Service cost Interest on total OPEB liability		422,166 427,875				422,166 427,875	
			-				
Effect of plan changes		984,384		8		984,384	
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		166,088		×		166,088	
Benefit payments		(649,953)		2000		(649,953)	
Net changes		1,350,560		ē		1,350,560	
Balance as of June 30, 2021	\$	21,036,399	\$		\$	21,036,399	

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following represents the net OPEB liability of the School Board, as well as what the School Board's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.16%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.16%) than the current discount rate:

	1.0	1.0% Decrease		urrent Discount	1.0% Increase		
		(1.16%)		Rate (2.16%)		(3.16%)	
Net OPEB liability	\$	25,423,609	\$	21,036,399	\$	17,650,038	

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates

The following represents the net OPEB liability of the School Board, as well as what the School Board's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare trend rates:

	1.0)% Decrease	Current Healthcare			.0% Increase
		(4.50%)	Rate (5.50%)			(6.50%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	18,076,008	\$	21,036,399	\$	24,906,579

NOTE 9: POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Continued)

OPEB expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the School Board recognized OPEB expense of \$1,531,987. At June 30, 2021, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Defer	red Outflows of	Defe	rred Inflows	
		Resources	of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	787,507	\$	219,387	
Changes in assumptions / inputs		2,151,180		456,271	
Total	\$	2,938,687	\$	675,658	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expenses as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2021	\$ 681,746
2022	\$ 681,746
2023	\$ 681,744
2024	\$ 217,793
2025	\$ -
Thereafter	\$ -

Payable to the OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2021, the School Board reported a payable of \$0 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the OPEB Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The School Board has not made any contributions to a postemployment benefits plan trust. Therefore, the plan has no assets, and hence has a funded ratio of zero.

NOTE 10: DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

The balances of deferred inflows and outflows of resources as of June 30, 2021 consist of:

	erred Outflows f Resources	 erred Inflows f Resources
Net Pension Liabilities (GASB 68):	 -1	
Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL)	10,771,308	3,618,028
Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSE)	943,588	89,949
Parochial Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (PER)	 1,541	5,533
	11,716,437	3,713,510
Other Post-Employment Benefits (GASB 75)	 2,938,687	675,658
Balance as of June 30, 2021	\$ 14,655,124	\$ 4,389,168

NOTE 11: AD VALOREM TAXES

The School Board levied ad valorem (property) taxes for the calendar year 2021 on August 10, 2020 based on the assessed valuation of property as of January 1, 2020. These taxes become due and payable on November 15 of each year and become delinquent after December 31, of the year levied.

The following are the School Board authorized and levied ad valorem taxes for 2020:

Parish-wide taxes:	Levied	Expiration
Constitutional	5.16 mills	Statutory
Maintenance	16.95 mills	2023
Construction, repair and maintenance	5.84 mills	2027
Employee salary and benefits	16.8 mills	2023
Bonds - Debt Service	9.6 mills	2038
	54.35 mills	

The Series 2018 and Series 2020 General Obligation Bonds were authorized by the voters of the District in a special election held therein on October 14, 2017.

State law requires the Sheriff to collect property taxes in the calendar year in which the assessment is made. Property taxes become delinquent January 1 of the following year. If taxes are not paid by the due date, taxes bear interest at the rate of one and one-fourth percent per month until taxes are paid. After notice is given to the delinquent taxpayers, the Sheriff is required by the Constitution of the State of Louisiana to sell the least quantity of property necessary to settle the taxes and interest owed.

NOTE 11: AD VALOREM TAXES (Continued)

All property taxes are recorded in the General Fund, Employee Salaries and Benefits Fund, and the Debt Service Fund. Revenues in such funds are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measureable and available. Property taxes are considered measurable in the calendar year of the tax levy. Estimated uncollectible taxes are those taxes based on past experience which will not be collected in the subsequent year and are primarily due to subsequent adjustments to the tax roll. Available means due, or past due and receivable within the current period and collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The remaining property taxes receivable are considered available because they are substantially collected within 60 days subsequent to year end.

Historically, virtually all ad valorem taxes receivable were collected since they are secured by property. Therefore, there is no allowance for uncollectible taxes.

NOTE 12: TAX REVENUE ABATED

The Louisiana Industrial Ad Valorem Tax Exemption program (Louisiana Administrative Code, Title 13, Chapter 5) is a state incentive program which abates, up to ten years, local ad valorem taxes on a manufacturer's new investment and annual capitalized additions related to the manufacturing site. Applications to exempt qualified property for five years are approved by the Board of Commerce and Industry. The exemption may be renewed for an additional five years. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, approximately \$805,000 in Red River Parish School Board ad valorem tax revenues were abated by the state of Louisiana through the Louisiana Industrial Ad Valorem Tax Exemption program.

NOTE 13: RISK MANAGEMENT

The School Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The School Board maintains commercial insurance coverage covering each of those risks of loss. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the School Board.

The School Board is currently not involved in any litigation as a defendant as of June 30, 2021.

In March 2020, the World Health Organization made the assessment that the outbreak of a novel coronavirus (COVID-19) can be characterized as a pandemic. As a result, uncertainties have arisen that may have a significant negative impact on the operating activities and results of the Organization. The occurrence and extent of such an impact will depend on future developments, including (i) the duration and spread of the virus, (ii) government quarantine measures, (iii) voluntary and precautionary restrictions on travel or meetings, (iv) the effects on the financial markets, and (v) the effects on the economy overall, all of which are uncertain.

NOTE 14: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Construction Commitments

At June 30, 2021, the School Board had several uncompleted construction contracts in the capital projects fund. The remaining commitment on these construction contracts was approximately \$3,627,158.

NOTE 15: CONCENTRATIONS

Amounts due from governmental agencies represent substantially all of receivables from outside sources. The School Board derives a majority of its revenue from grants by governmental agencies and is, therefore, economically dependent upon these grants.

NOTE 16: ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

The Minimum Foundation funding provided by the state to all public school systems in Louisiana is primarily based on October 1 and February 1 student counts. The state provided \$4,580,896 to the School Board, which represents approximately 15.8% of the School Board's total revenues for the year.

NOTE 17: NET POSITION RESTATEMENT

In fiscal year 2021, School Board implemented GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities. The School Board has a prior period adjustment of \$139,573, which was required for restating the prior period balance of fiduciary net position. The June 30, 2020 net position was previously reported on agency fund financial statements instead of custodial net position as required under GASB Statement No. 84. The previously reported agency funds are now reported as a non-major special revenue fund in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 18: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, January 3, 2022. No subsequent events occurring after this date have been evaluated for inclusion in these consolidated financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION (PART B)

Red River Parish School Board Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund (Unaudited)

	Budgeter	d Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget		
	Original	Final	(Budgetary	Over		
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021	Budget Budget		Basis)	(Under)		
Budgetary Fund Balance, Beginning	\$ 17,681,372	\$ 17,681,372	\$ 17,681,372	\$-		
Resources (inflows)						
Local sources						
Ad valorem taxes						
Constitutional tax	1,140,000	1,230,000	1,231,616	1,616		
Renewable tax	5,027,000	5,433,100	5,439,639	6,539		
Other than school taxes	2,534,500	2,411,630	2,274,196	(137,434		
Earnings on investments	271,890	186,731	255,970	69,239		
Other local revenue	115,000	47,040	44,546	(2,494		
Total local sources	9,088,390	9,308,501	9,245,967	(62,534		
State and federal sources						
State equalization	4,784,946	4,228,482	4,580,896	352,414		
State revenue sharing	23,015	23,015	44,271	21,256		
Other unrestricted revenue	1,861	1,750	12,798	11,048		
Other restricted revenue	22,854	54,985	38,234	(16,751		
Federal restricted grants-in-aid		10,507	2,627	(7,880		
Total state and federal sources	4,832,676	4,318,739	4,678,826	360,087		
Other sources						
Proceeds from sale of assets	3,000	11,099	11,099	-		
Transfers in	2,442,644	10.000 (10.000) 10.000 (10.000)	2,346,847	2,346,847		
Total other sources	2,445,644	11,099	2,357,946	2,346,847		
Total resources	16,366,710	13,638,339	16,282,739	2,644,400		
Amounts available for appropriations	34,048,082	31,319,711	33,964,111	2,644,400		
Charges to appropriations (outflows)						
Current						
Instructional services	4 904 512	4 665 943	4 272 004	(202.020		
Regular programs	4,894,512	4,665,843	4,373,804	(292,039		
Special education programs	1,213,611	1,212,684	1,163,138	(49,546		
Vocational programs Other instructional programs	489,303	456,972 725,062	451,837	(5,135 6,837		
Special programs	532,467		731,899			
Support Services	94,179	88,678	85,717	(2,961		
Pupil support services	1,045,673	1,059,352	1,050,910	(8,442		
Instructional staff support	724,136	726,872	701,629	(25,243		
General administration	918,714	969,937	917,346	(52,591		
School administration	1,515,562	1,543,078	1,489,162	(53,916		
Business services	304,028	304,207	316,117	11,910		
Plant services	1,815,690	1,725,894	1,642,450	(83,444		
Student transportation services	1,467,245	1,137,543	1,128,330	(9,213		
Central services	165,597	153,169	76,887	(76,282		
Non-instructional services						
Food service operations	69,993	65,461	138,517	73,056		
Other uses	name in the resolution of PAGE	an ann an the annual of the Marcel	 Transfer in the Constraint of C	2010 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
Transfers out	916,000	861,200	908,750	47,550		
Indirect cost transfers						
Total charges to appropriations	16,166,710	15,695,952	15,177,386	(518,566		

Red River Parish School Board Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Employee Salaries and Benefits (Unaudited)

		Budgeted Amounts				Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget	
	Original Final				Budgetary		Over	
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021	Budget		Budget			Basis)		(Under)
Budgetary Fund Balance, Beginning	\$	8,419,243	\$	8,419,243	\$	8,419,243	\$	-
Resources (inflows)								
Local sources								
Ad valorem taxes		3,706,000		4,004,500		4,009,916		5,416
Sales and use taxes		2,290,000		2,153,000		2,274,156		121,156
Earnings on investments		1,170		1,100		660		(440)
Total local sources		5,997,170		6,158,600		6,284,732		126,132
Total resources		5,997,170		6,158,600		6,284,732		126,132
Amounts available for appropriations		14,416,413		14,577,843		14,703,975		126,132
Charges to appropriations (outflows) Current Instructional services								
Regular programs		1,624,834		1,743,571		1,779,849		36,278
Special education programs		440,939		475,275		482,391		7,116
Vocational programs		179,232		168,551		177,049		8,498
Other instructional programs		168,301		201,281		216,511		15,230
Special programs		30,735		31,440		30,896		(544)
Support services								
Pupil support services		361,672		374,509		392,926		18,417
Instructional staff support		203,859		223,952		216,498		(7,454)
General administration		189,256		304,553		227,488		(77,065)
School administration		425,152		485,865		484,657		(1,208)
Business services		88,886		100,780		97,535		(3,245)
Plant services		190,127		218,140		206,258		(11,882)
Student transportation services		300,946		326,628		320,370		(6,258)
Central services		27,975		30,407		30,474		67
Noninstructional services								
Food service operations		238,612		255,653		251,384		(4,269)
Other uses								
Transfers out		1,526,644		1,217,995		1,291,639		73,644
Total charges to appropriations		5,997,170		6,158,600		6,205,925		47,325
Budgetary Fund Balances, Ending	\$	8,419,243	\$	8,419,243	\$	8,498,050	\$	78,807

Red River Parish School Board Budgetary Comparison Schedule – School Lunch Fund (Unaudited)

	a	Budgeted	d Am		Actual Amounts		Variance With Final Budget	
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021		Original Budget		Final Budget		Budgetary Basis)		Over (Under)
		Duuget	3	Duuget	31	Dasisj		(onder)
Budgetary Fund Balance, Beginning	\$	977,390	\$	977,390	\$	977,390	\$	
Resources (inflows)								
Local Sources								
Earnings on investments		2,320		1,450		2,173		723
Cash payments for meals		14,820		1,950		954		(996)
State Sources								
State - other revenues		20,000		20,000		20,000		(1)
Federal Sources								
Restricted grants-in-aid		1,000,000		1,066,910		1,321,179		254,269
Total resources		1,037,140		1,090,310		1,344,306		253,996
Amounts available for appropriations		2,014,530		2,067,700		2,321,696		253,996
Charges to appropriations (outflows)								
Current								
Noninstructional								
Food service operations		1,034,820		1,188,924		1,263,176		74,252
Total charges to appropriations		1,034,820		1,188,924		1,263,176		74,252
Budgetary Fund Balances, Ending	\$	979,710	\$	878,776	\$	1,058,520	\$	179,744

Red River Parish School Board Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Title I (Unaudited)

	Budgeter	d Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)	
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021	Original Budget	Final Budget	(Budgetary Basis)		
Budgetary Fund Balance, Beginning	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$-	
Resources (inflows)					
Federal Sources					
Restricted grants-in-aid	755,680	811,597	804,963	(6,634)	
Other sources					
Transfers in	i n	-	1,305	1,305	
Total resources	755,680	811,597	806,268	(5,329)	
Amounts available for appropriations	755,680	811,597	806,268	(5,329)	
Charges to appropriations (outflows)					
Current					
Instructional services					
Regular programs	133,920	98,846	99,248	402	
Special programs	183,978	227,006	219,031	(7,975)	
Support Services	1000000 C. C. C. 20000	2778220 4 752775275			
Instructional staff support	385,209	356,742	350,462	(6,280)	
School administration	16,192	92,122	104,285	12,163	
Plantservices	3,289	3,789	1,421	(2,368)	
Other uses					
Indirect cost transfers	33,092	33,092	31,821	(1,271)	
Total charges to appropriations	755,680	811,597	806,268	(5,329)	
Budgetary Fund Balances, Ending	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -	

Red River Parish School Board Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Head Start (Unaudited)

		Budgeted Amounts				Actual	Variance With	
	Original Final				Amounts Budgetary	Final Budget Over		
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021		Budget Budget		,	Basis)	(Under)		
			-		-	6 B	-	
Budgetary Fund Balance, Beginning	\$	- 1	\$	-	\$		\$	-
Resources (inflows)								
Federal Sources								
Restricted grants-in-aid		1,312,416		1,578,210		1,531,414		(46,796)
Other sources								
Transfers in		-		-		4,935		4,935
Total resources		1,312,416		1,578,210		1,536,349		(41,861)
Amounts available for appropriations		1,312,416		1,578,210		1,536,349		(41,861)
Charges to appropriations (outflows) Current								
Instructional services								
Special programs		869,521		1,103,878		1,078,888		(24,990)
Support Services								
Instructional staff support		202,275		211,261		206,553		(4,708)
School administration		74,850		77,691		79,146		1,455
Business services		 6.4		2,883		2,883		5
Student transportation services		86,610		84,857		82,396		(2,461)
Noninstructional services		24.0408990 B		14 M.CONT		1995 - 1 207 (1995)		ant is t
Indirect cost transfers		79,160		97,640		86,483		(11,157)
Total charges to appropriations		1,312,416		1,578,210		1,536,349		(41,861)
Budgetary Fund Balances, Ending	\$	-	\$	÷	\$		\$	-

See notes to budgetary comparison schedules.

Note A – BUDGETS

<u>General Budget Policies</u> The School Board utilized the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

In July, the Superintendent submits to the School Board proposed annual appropriated budgets for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Funds for the fiscal year commencing July 1. A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. Prior to September 15, the School Board legally enacts the budget through adoption. The only legal requirement is that the School Board adopts a balanced budget; that is, total budgeted revenues and other financing sources (including fund balance) must equal or exceed total budgeted expenditures and other financing uses. The budget is revised periodically throughout the year, when deemed appropriate, but a balanced budget is always approved.

All budgets have annual appropriated budgets adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. Except for grant-oriented funds, unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Encumbered appropriations are utilized when goods or services are received. Grant-oriented fund budgets are adopted at the time the grant applications are approved by the grantor. Separate annual budgets are adopted for unencumbered appropriations of grant-oriented Special Revenue Funds at the beginning of the following fiscal year.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. All budgets are operational at the departmental or project level. The Superintendent of the School Board is authorized to transfer budget amounts between line item activity and between any functions of an individual fund; however, any supplemental appropriations that amend the total expenditures of any funct require School Board approval.

Budget Basis of Accounting All governmental funds' budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Budgeted amounts are originally adopted or amended by the School Board members. Legally, the Board must adopt a balanced budget; that is, total budgeted revenues and other financing sources including fund balance must equal or exceed total budgeted expenditures and other financing uses. State statutes require the School Board to amend its budgets when revenues plus projected revenues within a fund are expected to be less than budgeted revenues by five percent or more and/or expenditures plus projected expenditures within a fund are expected to exceed budgeted expenditures by five percent or more. The School Board approves budgets at the function level and management can transfer amounts between line items within a function. The effects of budget revenues to the general fund passed during the year were insignificant.

Note B - Budget to GAAP Reconciliation

Explanation of differences between budgetary inflows and outflows and GAAP revenues and expenditures					
	G	eneral Fund			
Sources/inflows of resources:	0	175			
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "Available for appropriation"	•				
from the Budgetary Comparison Schedule	\$	33,964,111			
The fund balance at the beginning of the year is a budgetary resource					
but is not a current year revenue for financial reporting purposes		(17,681,372)			
		(0.057.040)			
Other financing sources		(2,357,946)			
Total revenues as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,					
and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	13,924,793			
Charges to appropriations:					
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "Total charges to appropriations"	•				
from the Budgetary Comparison Schedule	\$	15,177,386			
Other financing uses		(908,750)			
Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,					
and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	14,268,636			

Explanation of differences between budgetary inflows and outflows and GAAP revenues and expenditures

	Employee Salaries and Benefits	
Sources/inflows of resources:	5)	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "Available for appropriation"		
from the Budgetary Comparison Schedule	\$ 14,703,975	
The fund balance at the beginning of the year is a budgetary resource		
but is not a current year revenue for financial reporting purposes	(8,419,243)	
Total revenues as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,		
and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 6,284,732	
<u>Charges to appropriations:</u> Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "Total charges to appropriations"		
from the Budgetary Comparison Schedule	\$ 6,205,925	
nom the Budgetally companies of concade	-,,	
Other financing uses	(1,291,639)	
Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,		
and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 4,914,286	

Explanation of differences between budgetary inflows and outflows and GAAP revenues and expenditures

	S	chool Lunch Fund
Sources/inflows of resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "Available for appropriation" from the Budgetary Comparison Schedule	\$	2,321,696
Fund balance		(977,390)
Total revenues as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	1,344,306
<u>Charges to appropriations:</u> Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "Total charges to appropriations" from the Budgetary Comparison Schedule Other financing uses	\$	1,263,176
Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	1,263,176
	¥-	Title I
Sources/inflows of resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "Available for appropriation" from the Budgetary Comparison Schedule	\$	806,268
Other financing sources		(1,305)
Total revenues as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	804,963
<u>Charges to appropriations:</u> Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "Total charges to appropriations"	¢	000 000
from the Budgetary Comparison Schedule	\$	806,268
Other financing uses		(31,821)
Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	774,447

Explanation of differences between budgetary inflows and outflows and GAAP revenues and expenditures

		Head Start	
Sources/inflows of resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "Available for appropriation"	1.4		
from the Budgetary Comparison Schedule	\$	1,536,349	
Other financing sources		(4,935)	
Total revenues as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,			
and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	1,531,414	
Charges to appropriations:			
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "Total charges to appropriations"			
from the Budgetary Comparison Schedule	\$	1,536,349	
Other financing uses		(86,483)	
Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures			
and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	1,449,866	
Red River Parish School Board Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

For the Year Ended June 30,	2018	2019	2020	8	2021
Total OPEB Liability					
Service cost	\$ 334,653	\$ 344,890	\$ 334,721	\$	422,166
Interest	582,958	609,541	592,757		427,875
Changes of benefit terms	-		-		18 2 4 9
Differences between expected and actual experience	(48,403)	(75,361)	(159,916)		984,384
Changes of assumptions	(716,995)	946,126	2,312,599		166,088
Benefit payments	(685,534)	(618,914)	(660,475)		(649,953)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$ (533,321)	\$ 1,206,282	\$ 2,419,686	\$	1,350,560
Total OPEB liability - beginning	16,593,192	16,059,871	17,266,153		19,685,839
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 16,059,871	\$ 17,266,153	\$ 19,685,839	\$	21,036,399
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Contributions - employer	\$ =	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Net investment income	-	5 -	-		-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	2	4	2		<u>a</u>
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	\$ a	\$ ā	\$ -	\$	-
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 2	\$ -	\$ -	\$	~
Net OPEB liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 16,059,871	\$ 17,266,153	\$ 19,685,839	\$	21,036,399
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0%	0%	0%	64	0%
Covered-employee payroll	9,858,100	10,252,424	10,639,715		11,065,303
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	163%	168%	185%		190%

Benefit Changes - There were no changes to benefit terms for the year ended June 30, 2020

Changes of Assumptions - There were no changes of assumptions for the year ended June 30, 2020

Changes of discount rate - The discount rate decreased from 3.87% to 3.50% for the year ended June 30, 2019 *Changes of discount rate* - The discount rate decreased from 3.50% to 2.21% for the year ended June 30, 2020 *Changes of discount rate* - The discount rate decreased from 2.21% to 2.16% for the year ended June 30, 2021

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Red River Parish School Board Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability

Fis- Yea	ir*liability (as	of p sion set)	Agency's roportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)		Agency's covered payroll	Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
Teachers' Reti	rement System of Louisi	ana					
20	20 0.2402%	\$	26,717,036	\$	9,532,764	280%	62.5%
20	19 0.2310%	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	22,925,544	\$	11,706,295	196%	65.6%
20	18 0.2446%	5 \$	24,035,700	\$	11,464,187	210%	68.2%
20	0.2189%	\$	22,438,795	\$	10,362,011	217%	65.6%
20	16 0.2173%	5 \$	25,508,932	\$	10,418,385	245%	59.9%
20	15 0.2284%		24,554,223	\$	10,716,034	229%	62.5%
20	14 0.2073%		21,189,749	\$	9,471,738	224%	63.7%
Louisiana Scho 20	ool Employees' Retireme		2 244 672	¢	1 200 5 42	268%	69.7%
20.		and a second	3,244,672 2,762,073	\$ \$	1,208,542 1,161,737	238%	75.0%
20			2,762,073	ې \$	1,091,149	232%	75.0%
20		/₀ ၞ ₀⁄ ¢	2,273,085	\$	1,091,149	208%	75.0%
20		1.0	2,273,083	\$	1,043,897	265%	70.1%
20			2,254,448	\$	1,085,443	203%	74.5%
20			1,854,806	\$	897,574	207%	76.2%
	loyees' Retirement Syst		1,004,000	Ý	037,374	20778	10.2%
20	0.001437		(2,520)	\$	10,200	-25%	62.5%
20	0.001703	% \$	80	\$	10,200	1%	62.5%
20	18 0.001562		6,933	\$	10,200	68%	88.9%
20	0.001560	% \$	(1,158)	\$	10,200	-11%	102.0%
20	16 0.001619		1,248	\$	10,200	12%	94.1%
20	0.001674		1,392	\$	10,200	14%	92.2%
20	0.001273	% \$	767	\$	10,200	8%	99.1%

*Amounts presented were determined as of the measurement date (previous fiscal year end).

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Red River Parish School Board Schedule of Employer's Contributions

_	Fiscal Year*		(a) tatutorily Required ontribution	inı	(b) Contributions relation to the statutorily ired contribution		(a-b) Agency's Contribution covered Deficiency (Excess) payroll		covered	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	
Teachers	Retirement	t System	ofLouisiana								
	2021	\$	2,694,936	\$	2,694,936	\$		\$	11,916,868	22.6%	
	2020	\$	2,669,174	\$	2,669,174	\$	-	\$	9,532,764	28.0%	
	2019	\$	3,023,861	\$	3,023,861	\$	-	\$	11,706,295	25.8%	
	2018	\$	3,049,528	\$ \$ \$ \$	3,049,528	\$		\$	11,464,187	26.6%	
	2017	\$	2,652,419	\$	2,652,419	\$	-	\$ \$	10,362,011	25.6%	
	2016	\$	2,748,709	\$	2,748,709	\$	-	\$	10,418,385	26.4%	
	2015	\$	3,009,023	\$	3,009,023	\$	20) (\$	10,716,034	28.1%	
Parochia	l Employees	'Retiren	ient System								
	2021	\$		\$	-			\$	10,200	0.0%	
	2020	\$	1,181		1,181	\$	175	\$	10,200	11.6%	
	2019	\$	969	\$ \$ \$	969	\$	(=)	\$	10,200	9.5%	
	2018	\$	1,200	\$	1,200	\$	1 0	\$	10,200	11.8%	
	2017	\$	1,248	\$	1,248	\$	-	\$ \$	10,200	12.2%	
	2016	\$	1,392	\$	1,392	\$	-	\$	10,200	13.6%	
	2015	\$	767	\$	767	\$		\$ \$	10,200	7.5%	
Louisian	a School Emp	oloyees'	Retirement Syste	em							
	2021	\$	353,707	\$	353,707	\$		\$	1,208,622	29.3%	
	2020	\$	343,226		343,226	\$	-	\$	1,208,542	28.4%	
	2019	\$	321,822	\$ \$ \$	321,822	\$	-	\$	1,161,737	27.7%	
	2018	\$	301,158	Ś	301,158	\$		\$	1,091,149	27.6%	
	2017	\$	278,324	\$	278,324	\$	-	\$	1,091,149	25.5%	
	2016	\$	315,257	\$	315,257	\$		\$	1,043,897	30.2%	
	2015	\$	358,197	\$	358,197	\$	(m)	\$	1,085,443	33.0%	
	0.000.000	· *		Ŧ	್ ನಾ ನಾ ಕ್ರಾಮ್ ಸ್ಟ್ರಿಸ್ ಸ್ಟ್ರಿ	5 7 5		1997	10.0000.0000.0000.0000.0000.0000		

*Amounts presented were determined as of the end of the fiscal year.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Red River Parish School Board Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Changes of Benefit Terms

Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana

There were no changes of benefit terms for the plan year ended June 30, 2020.

Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System

There were no changes of benefit terms for the plan year ended June 30, 2020.

Parochial Employees' Retirement System

There were no changes of benefit terms for the plan year ended December 31, 2020.

Changes of Assumptions

Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana

For the actuarial valuation for the plan year ended June 30, 2020, the discount rate was decreased from 7.55% to 7.45%. For the actuarial valuation for the plan year ended June 30, 2019, the discount rate was decreased from 7.65% to 7.55%. For the actuarial valuation for the plan year ended June 30, 2018, the discount rate was decreased from 7.70% to 7.65%.

Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System

There were no changes to assumptions for the plan year ended June 30, 2020.

For the actuarial valuation for the plan year ended June 30, 2019, the discount rate was decreased from 7.0625% to 7.00%. Salary increases decreased to 3.00%.

For the actuarial valuation for the plan year ended June 30, 2018, the discount rate was decreased from 7.125% to 7.0625% and the inflation rate was decreased from 2.625% to 2.5%. Salary increases decreased from a range of 3.075% to 5.375% to a rate of 3.25%

Parochial Employees' Retirement System

For the actuarial valuation for the plan year ended June 30, 2020, the discount rate was decreased from 6.5% to 6.4%.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

NONMAJOR FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. These funds are primarily established for specific educational purposes and funded through the United States Department of Education or the Louisiana Department of Education.

- Lunch Fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures incurred, in providing to pupils, breakfast and lunch services during the school year and in the Summer Feeding program.
- Title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA) is a federally financed program which provides for the needs of children who are at risk of not meeting challenging academic standards and who reside in areas of high concentrations of children from low-income families.
- The Special Education fund is a Federal program that provides free appropriate education for all identified handicapped children from 3 to 21 years of age in the least restrictive environment.
- The Strong Start (CARES) fund is a Federal program that provides local educational agencies with emergency relief funds to address the impact that COVID-19 has had, and continues to have, on elementary and secondary schools. Authority for creation of this fund is the Education Stabilization Fund, a component of the recently enacted Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations (CRRSA) Act, 2021.
- The Other Federal Programs fund account for all other federal programs that were not specifically discussed above.
- The State Grants fund account for various programs funded by the Louisiana Department of Education.
- School Activity Funds account for the revenues and expenditures incurred at the School level for clubs, fundraisers, field trips, and other activities at each school.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Red River Parish School Board Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds – Combining Balance Sheet

						Spe	ecial	Revenue Fu	nds					_	Total
										Other			School		lon-major
		Lunch				Special		Strong		Federal		State		Spe	cial Revenue
June 30, 2021		Fund		Title I	E	ducation	Sta	art (CARES)	ł	Programs		Grants	Funds		Funds
Assets															
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	742,794	Ś	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	109,226	Ś	852,020
Investments	Ŧ	184,729	T		ат.	-	T	: (Ŧ		· T			5 	184,729
Due from other governments															,
Due from federal sources		201,268		291,620		137,788		150,014		205,434		-	-		986,124
Due from state sources		-3		-		-		-		-		52,556	-		52,556
Inventory		44,347		3 		-		i ns i		171		1	-		44,347
Total assets	\$	1,173,138	\$	291,620	\$	137,788	\$	150,014	\$	205,434	\$	52 <i>,</i> 556	\$ 109,226	\$	2,119,776
															L/
Liabilities and Fund Balances															
Liabilities															
Accounts payable	\$	36,441	\$	1,311	\$	3,645	\$	845	\$	3,244	\$	-	\$ <u></u>	\$	45,486
Due to other funds		78,177		290,309		134,143		149,169		202,190		52,556	<u> </u>		906,544
Total liabilities		114,618		291,620		137,788		150,014		205,434		52,556.00	-		952,030
Fund Balances															
Nonspendable															
Inventory and prepaids		44,347		. 				1.21		=		; — ;	-		44,347
Restricted for															
Food services		1,014,173				-		-		-			-		1,014,173
School activities		and - and Factors for the field free and a second Mitt											109,226		109,226
Total fund balances		1,058,520		2.7		11 -16						9 	109,226		1,167,746
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,173,138	\$	291,620	\$	137,788	\$	150,014	\$	205,434	\$	52,556	\$ 109,226	\$	2,119,776

Red River Parish School Board

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds – Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

			Special	Revenue Funds				Total
	-				Other		School	– Non-major
	Lunch		Special	Strong	Federal	State	Activity	Special Revenu
Year ended June 30, 2021	Fund	Title I	Education	Start (CARES)	Programs	Grants	Funds	Funds
Revenues								
Local Sources								
Earnings on investments	\$ 2,173 \$	- \$		s -	\$ -	\$ -	ś-	\$ 2,173
Cash payments for meals	چ 2,173 پ 954	- (1		, -	-		Ş -	954
School receipts	934	-	-	-	-	-	223,974	223,974
State Sources	-	-			-	-	225,974	225,974
Restricted grants-in-aid						6,509		6,509
State - other revenues	20,000			5		348,378		
Federal Sources	20,000	2	<u>a</u>			540,570	1	368,378
	1 221 170	804,963	330,251	988,199	727,316	64,282		4 226 100
Restricted grants-in-aid Total revenues	1,321,179 1,344,306	804,963	330,251	988,199	727,316	419,169	223,974	4,236,190 4,838,178
lotarrevenues	1,344,306	804,963	330,251	988,199	/2/,316	419,169	223,974	4,838,178
Expenditures								
Current								
Instructional								
Regular programs	2 4 3	99,248	¥	932,502	489,231	95,833	<u> </u>	1,616,814
Special education programs	(=)	-	82,765	=	23,046	-	-	105,811
Vocational programs	(=)	~	8	=	20,702	=		20,702
Other instructional programs	and a	=	5	5	71,122	=	254,321	325,443
Special programs	1 7 1)	219,031	5		2,131	352,499	-	573,661
Support Services								
Pupil support services	(<u></u>)	× .	191,785	¥	-	-		191,785
Instructional staff	(H))	350,462	58,334	-	122,849	-	-	531,645
School administration	(F C	104,285		-	=	-	-	104,285
Plant services	1	1,421	=	≂.			-	1,421
Student transportation services	200 A)	-	70	-		-	-	
Noninstructional								
Food service operations	1,263,176	201 	2	2	-	2	4	1,263,176
Capital outlay	sector contract the sector of	-	÷	-	-	-	-	
Total expenditures	1,263,176	774,447	332,884	932,502	729,081	448,332	254,321	4,734,743
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	81,130	30,516	(2,633)	55,697	(1,765)	(29,163)	(30,347) 103,435
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in	-	1,305	3,645	845	20,919	34,776	-	61,490
Transfers out	-	(31,821)	(13,270)	(56,542)	(19,154)	(5,613)		(126,400
Total other financing sources (Uses)	-	(30,516)	(9,625)	(55,697)	1,765	29,163	-	(120,400
Net Change in Fund Balances	81,130	_	(12,258)			-	(30,347) 38,525
Net Grange in Fullu Balances	01,130		(12,258)	5	5	8	(50,347	36,525
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year, original	977,390	=	12,258	2	2	-	-	989,648
Prior period adjustment	i n ú	-		-	-	Ξ.	139,573	139,573
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year, restated	977,390		12,258	-	2		139,573	1,129,221
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 1,058,520 \$	_ <		s -	s -	\$ -	\$ 109,226	\$ 1,167,746

Red River Parish School Board Schedule of Compensation Paid to Board Members

	Compensatio
Richard B. Cannon	\$ 9,60
Valerie Taylor Cox	9,60
Gary L. Giddens	10,20
Roger Longino	9,60
Cleve L. Miller	10,20
Susan Taylor	9,60
Kasandria W. White	9,60
	\$ 68,40

Red River Parish School Board Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head

Agency Head Name: Alison Hughes, Superintendent

Purpose	Amou	nt
Salary	\$ 158	,972
Benefits-insurance (health & life)	\$ 12	,098
Benefits (retirement)	\$ 41	,015
Car allowance	\$	-
Legal services	\$	-
Travel	\$	357
Supplies	\$	-
Reimbursements	\$	-

SINGLE AUDIT INFORMATION



Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 1000 East Preston Avenue Suite 200 Shreveport, LA 71105

Mailing Address: P.O. Box 4278 Shreveport, LA 71134-0278

(318) 222-2222 (318) 226-7150 (fax) CRIcpa.com

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Board Members Red River Parish School Board Coushatta, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Red River Parish School Board as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Red River Parish School Board's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 3, 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Red River Parish School Board's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Red River Parish School Board's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Red River Parish School Board's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exist when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School Board's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Red River Parish School Board's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Although the intended use of these reports may be limited, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Office of the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Can, Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.

CARR, RIGGS & INGRAM, LLC

Shreveport, Louisiana January 3, 2022



Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 1000 East Preston Avenue Suite 200 Shreveport, LA 71105

Mailing Address: P.O. Box 4278 Shreveport, LA 71134-0278

(318) 222-2222 (318) 226-7150 (fax) CRIcpa.com

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the *Uniform Guidance*

Board Members Red River Parish School Board Coushatta, Louisiana

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Red River Parish School Board's (the School Board) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School Board's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The School Board's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School Board's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School Board's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School Board's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the School Board, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the School Board is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School Board's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the *Uniform Guidance*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Although the intended use of these reports may be limited, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Office of the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Can, Riggs & Ingram, L.L.C.

CARR, RIGGS & INGRAM, LLC

Shreveport, Louisiana January 3, 2022

Red River Parish School Board Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Federal Agency Pass-Through Grantor	Assistance Listing	Pass Through	Total Federal	Payments
Program Title	Number	Grant Number	Expenditures	Subrecipie
DIRECT PROGRAMS:				
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE				
R.O.T.C. Language and Culture Training Grants	12.U01	N/A	\$ 54,573	\$
Total U.S. Department of Defense			54,573	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES				
HEAD START CLUSTER:				
Head Start	93.600	06CH011007-02	489,673	
Head Start	93.600	06CH011007-02-C3	179,740	
Head Start	93.600	06CH011007-03	852,529	
Head Start	93.600	06HE00053301C5	9,472	
Total Head Start Cluster			1,531,414	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			1,531,414	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY				
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	97.036	N/A	2,627	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	57.050		2,627	
TOTAL DIRECT PROGRAMS			1,588,614	
ASS THROUGH PROGRAMS:				
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Passed through Louisiana Department of Education				
Comprehensive Literacy Development	84.371	28-18-SR04-41	11,666	
Comprehensive Literacy Development	84.371	28-18-SR05-41	26,325	
Comprehensive Literacy Development	84.371	28-18-SR01-41	60,980	
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies				
Part A - Basic				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	28-21-T1-41	804,963	
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	28-20-RD19-41	142,190	
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	28-21-DSS-41	24,482	
Total Title I	04.010	20-21-035-41	971,635	
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduates	84.334	P334S090003	44,798	
Gammy Larry Awareness and Redulless for Ondergraduates	04.334	F3343030003	44,758	
Teacher and School Leader Incentive Grants	84.374	28-21-TP-41	115,617	
Teacher and School Leader Incentive Grants	84.374	28-18-PBCS-41	16,652	
Total Teacher Incentive Fund			132,269	
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	28-21-71-41	63,813	
Rural Education	84.358	28-21-RE-41	53,402	
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	28-21-ES2F-41	677,208	
COVID-19 - Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund	84.425C	28-20-GERF-41	159,125	
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants	84.425B	28-21-REL2-41	1,520	
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	28-20-ESRI-41	151,866	
Total Education Stabilization Fund		an a	989,719	
Special Education - State Personnel Development	84.323	28-18-SPDU-41	23,400	
special Education State resonner Development	04.525	20 10-51 00-41	23,400	(continued)

(continued)

See Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Red River Parish School Board Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass Through Grant Number	Total Federal Expenditures	Federal Expenditures to Subrecipients
SPECIAL EDUCATION CLUSTER:				
Special Education-Individuals With				
Disabilities Education Act IDEA B				
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	28-21-B1-41	322,729	-
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	28-21-P1-41	7,522	151
Total Special Education Cluster			330,251	-
Title II - Part A, Teacher and Principal				
Training and Recruiting				
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	28-21-50-41	111,573	-
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	28 21 02 41	20,544	1-1
Total U.S. Dept. of Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	28-21-02-41	2,840,375	-
Every Student Succeeds Act/Preschool Development Grants	93.434	28-19-GRC-41	2,099	
Total U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services Passed Thro	ough LA DOE		2,099	171
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE (USDA)				
Passed through Louisiana Department of Education				
CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER:				
Food Distribution (Cash in lieu of commodities)	10.555	N/A	131,109	.=.:
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	N/A	1,106,607	-
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			1,237,716	151
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	N/A	8,725	1.7.1
COVID-19 Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	N/A	74,738	-1
Total U.S. Dept. of Agriculture Passed Through LA DOE			1,321,179	1
TOTAL PASS THROUGH PROGRAMS			4,163,653	-

Red River Parish School Board Notes to the Scheduled of Expenditures and Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

A. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) presents the activity of all federal awards activity of the Red River Parish School Board, Coushatta, Louisiana (the School Board), under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School Board, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the School Board.

B. General

The School Board reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the School Board's general purpose financial statements. All Federal financial assistance received directly from Federal agencies as well as Federal financial assistance passed through other government agencies is included on the schedule.

C. Basis of Accounting

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 to the School Board's financial statements. Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at fair value of the goods received.

D. Relationship to Financial Statements

The following reconciliation is provided to help the reader of the School Board's financial statements and supplementary information relate such information to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards for the year ended June 30, 2021:

Total federal awards expended per Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 5,752,267
Total expenditures funded by other sources	 30,370,993
Total expenditures	\$ 36,123,260

Included in the Child Nutrition Cluster is \$131,109 of non-cash awards in the form of commodities provided by the United States Department of Agriculture.

Red River Parish School Board Notes to the Scheduled of Expenditures and Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

E. Relationship to Federal Financial Reports

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedule agree with the amounts reported in the federal financial reports except for changes made to reflect amounts in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

F. Federal Indirect Cost Rate

Red River Parish School Board did not elect to use the 10% de minimis federal indirect cost rate for the year ended June 30, 2021.

G. Subrecipients

Red River Parish School Board did not provide federal funds to any subrecipients during the year ended June 30, 2021.

H. Loans

Red River Parish School Board did not expend federal awards related to loans or loan guarantees during the year ended June 30, 2021.

I. Federally Funded Insurance

Red River Parish School Board has no federally funded insurance.

Red River Parish School Board Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

SECTION I - SUMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements

The auditors' report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements in accordance with GAAP.

Internal control over financial reporting:

 Material weaknesses identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified that 	t are not		yes	<u>X</u>	no
considered to be material weaknesses?		. <u> </u>	yes	<u>X</u>	none reported
 Noncompliance material to the financia 	l statements				
noted?		1 	yes	<u>X</u>	no
Federal Awards					
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for	or major programs:				
Unmodified					
Internal control over major programs:					
 Material weaknesses identified? 			yes	х	no
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that 	t are not		•		
considered to be material weaknesses?			yes	<u> </u>	none reported
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to reported in accordance with Uniform Guidar (2 CFR 200.516(a))?)	/es	<u> </u>	no
The programs tested as major programs include	ed:				
Program Name / Cluster	Assistance Listing	Number			
Education Stabilization Fund	84.425B				
Education Stabilization Fund	84.425C				
Education Stabilization Fund	84.425D				
Child Nutrition Cluster:					
National School Lunch Program	10.555				
Summer Food Service Program	10.559				
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Ty	/pe A and B progran	ns:	<u>\$7</u>	<u>50,000</u>	
Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?		_X_)	/es	r	10

Red River Parish School Board Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None

Red River Parish School Board Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None



Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 1000 East Preston Avenue Suite 200 Shreveport, LA 71105

Mailing Address: P.O. Box 4278 Shreveport, LA 71134-0278

(318) 222-2222 (318) 226-7150 (fax) CRIcpa.com

Independent Accountants' Report On Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures

Board Members Red River Parish School Board Coushatta, Louisiana

We have performed the procedures included in the Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide and enumerated below, which were agreed to by the management of Red River Parish School Board and the Legislative Auditor, State of Louisiana, solely to assist users in evaluating management's assertions about the performance and statistical data accompanying the annual financial statements of the School Board and to determine whether the specified schedules are free of obvious errors and omissions as provided by the Board of Elementary and Secondary Education. Management of the School Board is responsible for its performance and statistical data. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the specified users of this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

Our procedures and findings relate to the accompanying schedules of supplemental information and are as follows:

General Fund Instructional and Support Expenditures and Certain Local Revenue Sources (Schedule 1)

- 1. We selected a random sample of 25 transactions and reviewed supporting documentation to determine if the sampled expenditures/revenues are classified correctly and are reported in the proper amounts for each of the following amounts reported on the schedule:
 - Total General Fund Instructional Expenditures,
 - Total General Fund Equipment Expenditures,
 - Total Local Taxation Revenue,
 - Total Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property,
 - Total State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes,
 - Nonpublic Textbook Revenue, and
 - Nonpublic Transportation Revenue.

Comment: No exceptions were noted as a result of applying the agreed-upon procedures.

Class Size Characteristics (Schedule 2)

2. We obtained a list of classes by school, school type, and class size as reported on the schedule. We then traced a sample of 10 classes to the October 1, 2020 roll books for those classes and observed that the class was properly classified on the schedule.

Comment: No exceptions were noted as a result of applying the agreed-upon procedure.

Education Levels / Experience of Public School Staff (No Schedule)

3. We obtained October 1, 2020 PEP data submitted to the Department of Education (or equivalent listing prepared by management), including full-time teachers, principals, and assistant principals by classification, as well as their level of education and experience, and obtained management's representation that the data / listing was complete. We then selected a sample of 25 individuals, traced to each individual's personnel file, and observed that each individual's education level and experience was properly classified on the PEP data or equivalent listing prepared by management.

Comment: No exceptions were noted as a result of applying agreed-upon procedures.

Public School Staff Data: Average Salaries (No Schedule)

4. We obtained June 30, 2021 PEP data submitted to the Department of Education (or equivalent listing provided by management) of all classroom teachers, including base salary, extra compensation, and ROTC or rehired retiree status, as well as full-time equivalents, and obtained management's representation that the data / listing was complete. We then selected a sample of 25 individuals, traced to each individual's personnel file, and observed that each individual's salary, extra compensation, and full-time equivalents were properly included on the PEP data (or equivalent listing prepared by management)

Comment: No exceptions were noted as a result of applying agreed-upon procedures.

This agreed-upon procedures engagement was performed in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. We were not engaged to perform, and did not perform, an audit, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on management's assertions. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of testing performed on the performance and statistical data accompanying the annual financial statements of the Red River Parish School Board, as required by Louisiana Revised Statue 24:514.I, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Can, Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.

CARR, RIGGS & INGRAM, LLC Shreveport, Louisiana January 3, 2022

Schedule 1

RED RIVER PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Coushatta, Louisiana

General Fund Instructional and Support Expenditures and Certain Local Revenue Sources For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

General Fund Instructional and Equipment Expenditures			
General Fund Instructional Expenditures:			
Teacher and Student Interaction Activities:			
Classroom Teacher Salaries	\$ 4,107,696		
Other Instructional Staff Activities	510,906		
Instructional Staff Employee Benefits	1,950,036		
Purchased Professional and Technical Services	123,456		
Instructional Materials and Supplies	378,369		
Instructional Equipment			
Total Teacher and Student Interaction Activities		\$	7,070,463
Other Instructional Activities			74,934
Pupil Support Activities	1,051,802		
Less: Equipment for Pupil Support Activities	-		
Net Pupil Support Activities		-	1,051,802
Instructional Staff Services	701,626		
Less: Equipment for Instructional Staff Services			
Net Instructional Staff Services		-	701,626
School Administration	1,489,161		
Less: Equipment for School Administration	-		
Net School Administration			1,489,161
Total General Fund Instructional Expenditures		\$	10,387,986
Total General Fund Equipment Expenditures		\$	-
Certain Local Revenue Sources			
Local Taxation Revenue:			
Ad Valorem Taxes			
Constitutional Ad Valorem Taxes		\$	1,231,616
Renewable Ad Valorem Tax			4,045,716
Debt Service Ad Valorem Tax			•
Up to 1% of Collections by the Sheriff on taxes other than School Taxes			259,691
Sales Taxes			
Sales and Use Taxes - Gross			2,274,196
Total Local Taxation Revenue		\$	7,811,219
Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property:			
Total Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property		\$	191,169
State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes:			
Revenue Sharing-Constitutional Tax		\$	20,767
Revenue ondring conditional rax			
Total State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes		\$	20,767

Schedule 2

RED RIVER PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Class Size Characteristics As of October 1, 2020

	Class Size Range							
	1 - 20		21-26		27 - 33		34÷	
School Type	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
Elementary	65.8%	131	33.7%	67	0.0%	0	0.5%	1
Elementary Activity Classes	61.5%	16	34.6%	9	3.8%	1	0.0%	0
Middle/Jr. High	48.1%	38	49.4%	39	1.3%	1	1.3%	1
Middle/Jr. High Activity Classes	41.2%	7	47.1%	8	0.0%	0	11.8%	2
High	92.5%	135	7.5%	11	0.0%	0	0.0%	0
High Activity Classes	91.7%	11	8.3%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	0
Combination	100.0%	2	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0
Combination Activity Classes	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0
Other	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0