Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

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Member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Society of Louisiana Certified Public Accountants.

Recipient of Advanced Single Audit Certificate

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Caldwell Parish Sheriff Columbia, Louisiana

Report on Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Caldwell Parish Sheriff as of June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Sheriff's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Opinions

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Caldwell Parish Sheriff as of June 30, 2020, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that budget information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The Caldwell Parish Sheriff has not presented Management's Discussion and Analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board also determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Other Information. My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Sheriff's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund schedules and the schedules related to the Tax Collector Fund are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the Caldwell Parish Sheriff.

The supplemental schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, such information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

J. Claron Cooper, CPA, LLC

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued a report dated December 31, 2020, on my consideration of the Caldwell Parish Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the School Board's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Jennings, Louisiana December 31, 2020 GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2020

ASSETS Cash and interest-bearing deposits \$ 153,170 \$ 288,573 Receivables 44,568 370,630 Restricted deposits - 165,970 Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 187,483 3,305,937 Total assets 385,221 4,131,110 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS Post retirement related deferrals 1,199,430 1,451,739 LIABILITIES Accounts payable 26,107 97,891 Salaries and benefits payable 111,907 134,175 Long-term liabilities: 269,621 325,764 Due within one year 269,621 325,764 Due after one year 3,732,926 7,069,898 Total liabilities 4,140,561 7,627,728 DEFERRED INFLOWS Post retirement related deferrals 654,344 840,419 NET POSITION Investment in capital assets 187,483 1,130,937 Restricted for debt covenants - 165,970 Unrestricted (3,397,737)		Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
Receivables 44,568 370,630 Restricted deposits - 165,970 Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 187,483 3,305,937 Total assets 385,221 4,131,110 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS Post retirement related deferrals 1,199,430 1,451,739 LIABILITIES Accounts payable 26,107 97,891 Salaries and benefits payable 111,907 134,175 Long-term liabilities: 0ue within one year 269,621 325,764 Due within one year 269,621 325,764 Due after one year 3,732,926 7,069,898 Total liabilities 4,140,561 7,627,728 DEFERRED INFLOWS Post retirement related deferrals 654,344 840,419 NET POSITION Investment in capital assets 187,483 1,130,937 Restricted for debt covenants - 165,970 Unrestricted (3,397,737) (4,182,205)	ASSETS		
Restricted deposits - 165,970 Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 187,483 3,305,937 Total assets 385,221 4,131,110 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS Post retirement related deferrals 1,199,430 1,451,739 Accounts payable 26,107 97,891 Salaries and benefits payable 111,907 134,175 Long-term liabilities: Due within one year 269,621 325,764 Due after one year 3,732,926 7,069,898 Total liabilities 4,140,561 7,627,728 DEFERRED INFLOWS Post retirement related deferrals 654,344 840,419 NET POSITION Investment in capital assets 187,483 1,130,937 Restricted for debt covenants - 165,970 Unrestricted (3,397,737) (4,182,205)	Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 153,170	\$ 288,573
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 187,483 3,305,937 Total assets 385,221 4,131,110 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS Post retirement related deferrals 1,199,430 1,451,739 LIABILITIES Accounts payable 26,107 97,891 Salaries and benefits payable 111,907 134,175 Long-term liabilities: 269,621 325,764 Due within one year 269,621 325,764 Due after one year 3,732,926 7,069,898 Total liabilities 4,140,561 7,627,728 DEFERRED INFLOWS Post retirement related deferrals 654,344 840,419 NET POSITION Investment in capital assets 187,483 1,130,937 Restricted for debt covenants - 165,970 Unrestricted (3,397,737) (4,182,205)		44,568	370,630
depreciation 187,483 3,305,937 Total assets 385,221 4,131,110 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS Post retirement related deferrals 1,199,430 1,451,739 LIABILITIES Accounts payable 26,107 97,891 Salaries and benefits payable 111,907 134,175 Long-term liabilities: 269,621 325,764 Due within one year 269,621 325,764 Due after one year 3,732,926 7,069,898 Total liabilities 4,140,561 7,627,728 DEFERRED INFLOWS Post retirement related deferrals 654,344 840,419 NET POSITION Investment in capital assets 187,483 1,130,937 Restricted for debt covenants - 165,970 Unrestricted (3,397,737) (4,182,205)	Restricted deposits	-	165,970
Total assets 385,221 4,131,110 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS Post retirement related deferrals 1,199,430 1,451,739 LIABILITIES Accounts payable 26,107 97,891 Salaries and benefits payable 111,907 134,175 Long-term liabilities: Due within one year 269,621 325,764 Due after one year 3,732,926 7,069,898 Total liabilities 4,140,561 7,627,728 DEFERRED INFLOWS Post retirement related deferrals 654,344 840,419 NET POSITION Investment in capital assets 187,483 1,130,937 Restricted for debt covenants - 165,970 Unrestricted (3,397,737) (4,182,205)	Capital assets, net of accumulated		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS 1,199,430 1,451,739	depreciation	187,483	3,305,937
DEFERRED INFLOWS Post retirement related deferrals 1,199,430 1,451,739	Total assets	385,221	4,131,110
LIABILITIES Accounts payable 26,107 97,891 Salaries and benefits payable 111,907 134,175 Long-term liabilities: 269,621 325,764 Due within one year 269,621 325,764 Due after one year 3,732,926 7,069,898 Total liabilities 4,140,561 7,627,728 DEFERRED INFLOWS Post retirement related deferrals 654,344 840,419 NET POSITION Investment in capital assets 187,483 1,130,937 Restricted for debt covenants - 165,970 Unrestricted (3,397,737) (4,182,205)	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS		
Accounts payable 26,107 97,891 Salaries and benefits payable 111,907 134,175 Long-term liabilities:	Post retirement related deferrals	1,199,430	1,451,739
Accounts payable 26,107 97,891 Salaries and benefits payable 111,907 134,175 Long-term liabilities:			
Salaries and benefits payable 111,907 134,175 Long-term liabilities: 269,621 325,764 Due after one year 3,732,926 7,069,898 Total liabilities 4,140,561 7,627,728 DEFERRED INFLOWS Post retirement related deferrals 654,344 840,419 NET POSITION Investment in capital assets 187,483 1,130,937 Restricted for debt covenants - 165,970 Unrestricted (3,397,737) (4,182,205)	LIABILITIES		
Long-term liabilities: 269,621 325,764 Due within one year 3,732,926 7,069,898 Total liabilities 4,140,561 7,627,728 DEFERRED INFLOWS Post retirement related deferrals 654,344 840,419 NET POSITION Investment in capital assets 187,483 1,130,937 Restricted for debt covenants - 165,970 Unrestricted (3,397,737) (4,182,205)	Accounts payable	26,107	97,891
Due within one year 269,621 325,764 Due after one year 3,732,926 7,069,898 Total liabilities 4,140,561 7,627,728 DEFERRED INFLOWS Post retirement related deferrals 654,344 840,419 NET POSITION Investment in capital assets 187,483 1,130,937 Restricted for debt covenants - 165,970 Unrestricted (3,397,737) (4,182,205)	Salaries and benefits payable	111,907	134,175
Due after one year 3,732,926 7,069,898 Total liabilities 4,140,561 7,627,728 DEFERRED INFLOWS Post retirement related deferrals 654,344 840,419 NET POSITION Investment in capital assets 187,483 1,130,937 Restricted for debt covenants - 165,970 Unrestricted (3,397,737) (4,182,205)	Long-term liabilities:		
Total liabilities 4,140,561 7,627,728 DEFERRED INFLOWS Post retirement related deferrals 654,344 840,419 NET POSITION Investment in capital assets 187,483 1,130,937 Restricted for debt covenants - 165,970 Unrestricted (3,397,737) (4,182,205)	Due within one year	269,621	325,764
DEFERRED INFLOWS Post retirement related deferrals 654,344 840,419	Due after one year	3,732,926	7,069,898
Post retirement related deferrals 654,344 840,419 NET POSITION Investment in capital assets 187,483 1,130,937 Restricted for debt covenants - 165,970 Unrestricted (3,397,737) (4,182,205)	Total liabilities	4,140,561	7,627,728
NET POSITION 187,483 1,130,937 Investment in capital assets 187,483 1,130,937 Restricted for debt covenants - 165,970 Unrestricted (3,397,737) (4,182,205)	DEFERRED INFLOWS		
Investment in capital assets 187,483 1,130,937 Restricted for debt covenants - 165,970 Unrestricted (3,397,737) (4,182,205)	Post retirement related deferrals	654,344	840,419
Investment in capital assets 187,483 1,130,937 Restricted for debt covenants - 165,970 Unrestricted (3,397,737) (4,182,205)	NET POSITION		
Restricted for debt covenants - 165,970 Unrestricted (3,397,737) (4,182,205)		187.483	1.130.937
Unrestricted (3,397,737) (4,182,205)	•	-	
		(3,397,737)	•
Total net position \$ (3,210,254) \$ (2,885,298)	Total net position	\$ (3,210,254)	\$ (2,885,298)

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

				Program	Revenues	_	Net (Expense) I	Revenue and Changes in	n Net Assets
Activities		Expenses		ees, Fines, and rges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental activities:									·
Public safety	\$_	3,927,224	5	549,544_\$	262,246	\$_	(3,115,434) \$	\$ _	(3,115,434)
Total governmental activities		3,927,224		549,544	262,246		(3,115,434)	-	(3,115,434)
Business-type activities	_	6,077,344		6,098,668		_		21,324	21,324
Total activities	\$_	10,004,568	<u> </u>	6,648,212 \$	262,246		(3,115,434)	21,324	(3,094,110)
		General revenues:							
		Taxes:							
		Property taxes					1,665,107	-	1,665,107
		State revenue sha	_				45,985	-	45,985
			ution	s not restricted to	specific programs:				
		State sources					44,057	-	44,057
		Interest and investr	nent	earnings			100	-	100
		Miscellaneous					64,491	65,478	129,969
		Transfers				-	560,000	(560,000)	-
		Total general rev	venue	es		_	2,379,740	(494,522)	1,885,218
		Change in net po	sitio	n			(735,694)	(473,198)	(1,208,892)
	E	Beginning net positi	on			-	(2,474,560)	(2,412,100)	(4,886,660)
	Е	Ending net position				\$_	(3,210,254) \$	(2,885,298) \$	(6,095,552)

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

Balance Sheet - Governmental Fund

June 30, 2020

ASSETS		General Fund	Total Governmental Funds
188210			
Cash and interest-bearing deposits Receivables	\$	153,170 \$ 44,568	153,170 44,568
Total assets	\$	197,738	197,738
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
T (-1.114)			
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	26,107 \$	26,107
Salaries and benefits payable	<u></u>	111,907	111,907
Total liabilities		138,014	138,014
Fund balance:			
Unassigned		59,724	59,724
Total fund balance		59,724	59,724
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	197,738	197,738

Reconciliation of the Government Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2020

Total fund balances for governmental funds at year end		\$	59,724
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position is different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:			
Buildings and improvements, net Furniture and fixtures, net Vehicles and other equipment, net	\$	1,213 71,391 114,879	187,483
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Those liabilities consist of:			
Long-term liabilities at year end: Net pension liability Other post-employment benefits obligation	_	(876,321) (3,126,226)	(4,002,547)
Post-retirement related deferrals: Outflows Inflows	_	1,199,430 (654,344)	545,086
Total net position of governmental activities at year end		\$	(3,210,254)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Fund - General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		General Fund
Revenues:	-	
Ad valorem taxes	\$	1,665,107
Intergovernmental revenues:		
State grants:		
State supplemental pay		262,246
State revenue sharing (net)		45,985
Miscellaneous		44,057
Fees, fines, and charges for services:		
Civil and criminal fees		27,141
Fines		35,463
Charges for services and programs		312,077
Mowing contract		174,863
Miscellaneous		64,591
Total revenues		2,631,530
Expenditures:		
Current -		
Public safety:		
Personal services and related benefits		2,536,920
Operating services		592,527
Materials and supplies		286,764
Travel and other charges		17,635
Capital outlay		82,560
Total expenditures		3,516,406
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(884,876)
Other financing sources (uses):		
Transfers in		560,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		560,000
Change in fund balance		(324,876)
Fund balance, beginning		384,600
Fund balance, ending	\$	59,724

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Total net changes in fund balances per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	\$	(324,876)
The change in net assets reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities is different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay which is considered expenditures on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Depreciation expense	82,560 (130,964)	(48,404)
In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses are measured by the amounts incurred during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially the amounts paid). This is the amount by which the amounts incurred exceeds the amount actually paid: Change in other post-employement benefits Pension expense	(387,421) 25,007	(362,414)
Total changes in net assets per Statement of Activities	\$	(735,694)

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds

June 30, 2020

		Business- Type Activity– Enterprise Fund
	ASSETS	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits Receivables Restricted deposits Capital assets, net of accumulated	\$	288,573 370,630 165,970
depreciation Total assets		3,305,937 4,131,110
DEI	FERRED OUTFLOWS	
Pension related deferrals		1,451,739
	LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable		97,891
Salaries and benefits payable		134,175
Long-term liabilities:		
Due within one year		325,764
Due after one year		7,069,898
Total liabilities		7,627,728
	EFERRED INFLOWS	
Pension related deferrals		840,419
	NET POSITION	
Invested in capital assets, net of related of	lebt	1,130,937
Restricted for debt covenants		165,970
Unrestricted		(4,182,205)
Total net position	\$	(2,885,298)

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Business- Type Activity– Enterprise Fund
Revenues:		
Charges for services:	_	
Feeding and keeping prisoners	\$	5,282,010
Commission from commissary		816,658
Miscellaneous Total revenues	-	65,478 6,164,146
1 otal revenues		0,104,140
Expenses:		
Public safety:		
Personal services and related benefits		3,356,280
Operating services		869,164
Materials and supplies		1,554,197
Travel and other charges		11,889
Depreciation	_	195,193
Total expenses	-	5,986,723
Operating income		177,423
Non-operating revenues (expenses):		
Interest expense	_	(90,621)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses):		(90,621)
Income before contributions and operating transfers		86,802
Operating transfers in (out)	_	(560,000)
Change in net position		(473,198)
Beginning net position	_	(2,412,100)
Ending net position	\$ <u>_</u>	(2,885,298)

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Business-

	Ту	pe Activity– Enterprise Fund
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers Cash paid to or on behalf of employees Cash paid to suppliers	\$	6,274,007 (3,164,252) (2,558,389)
Net cash provided by operating activities		551,366
Cash received from noncapital financing activities: Transfers out		(560,000)
Net cash used in noncapital financing activities		(560,000)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Cash paid for acquisition of capital assets Cash paid for principal on borrowings Cash paid for interest		(64,867) (90,000) (90,621)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(245,488)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(254,122)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year (including \$182,485 restricted cash)		708,665
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year (including \$165,970 restricted cash)	\$	454,543
Reconciliation of operating income to to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation expense Pension expense Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Other post-employment benefits expense	\$	177,423 195,193 51,562 109,861 (123,139) (65,783) 206,249
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	551,366

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities

June 30, 2020

ASSETS	Agency <u>Fu</u> nds
Cash and interest-bearing deposits Restricted cash - protested taxes	\$ 235,026 863,545
Total assets	\$ 1,098,571
LIABILITIES	
Due to taxing bodies and others	\$ 1,098,571

Notes to the Financial Statements

INTRODUCTION

As provided by Article V, Section 27 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, the Sheriff serves a four-year term as the chief executive officer of the law enforcement district and ex-officio tax collector of the parish. The Sheriff administers the parish jail system and exercises duties required by the parish court system, such as providing bailiffs, executing orders of the court, and serving subpoenas.

As the chief law enforcement officer of the parish, the Sheriff has the responsibility for enforcing state and local laws and ordinances within the territorial boundaries of the parish. The Sheriff provides protection to the residents of the parish through on-site patrols and investigations and serves the residents of the parish through the establishment of neighborhood watch programs, anti-drug abuse programs, et cetera. In addition, when requested, the Sheriff provides assistance to other law enforcement agencies within the parish.

As the ex-officio tax collector of the parish, the Sheriff is responsible for collecting and distributing ad valorem property taxes, parish occupational licenses, state revenue sharing funds, sporting licenses, and fines, costs, and bond forfeitures imposed by the district court.

The accounting and reporting policies of the Caldwell Parish Sheriff conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. Such accounting and reporting procedures conform to the requirements of the industry audit guide, *Audits of State and Local Governments*.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. REPORTING ENTITY

For financial reporting purposes, the Sheriff includes all funds, account groups, activities, et cetera, that are controlled by the Sheriff as an independently elected parish official. As an independently elected parish official, the Sheriff is solely responsible for the operation of his office, which includes the hiring and retention of employees, authority over budgeting, responsibility for deficits, and receipt and disbursements of funds. Other than certain operating expenditures of the Sheriff's office that are paid or provided by the parish police jury as required by Louisiana law, the Sheriff is financially independent.

Accordingly, the Sheriff is a separate governmental reporting entity. Certain units of local government, over which the Sheriff exercises no oversight responsibility, such as the parish police jury, parish Sheriff, other independently elected parish officials, and municipalities within the parish, are excluded from the accompanying financial statements. These units of government are considered separate reporting entities and issue financial statements separate from those of the Sheriff.

Notes to the Financial Statements

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying basic financial statements of the Caldwell Parish Sheriff have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity with GASB Statement 34, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments, issued in June 1999. As a result, an entirely new financial presentation format has been implemented.

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS) - The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the Sheriff as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Fiduciary funds are reported only in the Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities at the fund financial statement level.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each of the functions of the Sheriff's governmental activities and business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of services offered by the Sheriff, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirement of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements (FFS) - The Sheriff uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain Sheriff functions and activities. A fund is defined as a separate fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the Sheriff are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Sheriff or its total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures of the individual fund is at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of the same fund type; or total assets, liabilities revenues or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

Notes to the Financial Statements

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

The Sheriff reports the following major governmental fund:

• The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Sheriff. It accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in other funds.

The Sheriff reports the following major proprietary fund:

• The Caldwell Correction Center Fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures of the operation of the facility that houses primarily state prisoners for a per diem fee.

Additionally, the Sheriff reports certain activities in fiduciary funds. Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The only funds accounted for in this category by the Sheriff are agency funds. The agency funds account for assets held by the Sheriff as an agent for various taxing bodies (tax collections) and for deposits held pending court action. These funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Consequently, the agency funds have no measurement focus, but use the accrual basis of accounting.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. The amounts reflected in the General Fund are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach is then reconciled, through adjustment, to a government-wide view of Sheriff operations.

The amounts reflected in the General Fund use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The sheriff considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after the fiscal year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for interest and principal payments on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Notes to the Financial Statements

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

Revenues

Ad valorem taxes and related state revenue sharing are recorded in the year the taxes are due and payable. Ad valorem taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis and become due on December 15 of each year and delinquent by December 31. The taxes are normally collected in December, January, and February of the fiscal year.

Intergovernmental revenues and fees, charges, and commissions for services are recorded when the Sheriff is entitled to the funds. Interest income on deposits is recorded when interest is earned. Substantially all other revenues are recorded when received.

Expenditures

The Sheriff's primary expenditures include salaries and insurance, which are recorded when the liability is incurred. Capital expenditures and purchase of various operating supplies are regarded as expenditures at the time purchased.

Other Financing Sources (Uses)

Transfers between funds that are not expected to be repaid are accounted for as other financing sources (uses) when the transfer is authorized by the Sheriff.

Deferred Revenues

Deferred revenues arise when resources are received by the Sheriff before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received before the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the Sheriff has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and the revenue is recognized.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. Principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting these criteria are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Notes to the Financial Statements

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are accounted for using an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported.

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

D. BUDGET PRACTICES

- 1. The proposed budget for the general and special revenue fund are submitted to the Sheriff for the fiscal year no later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year.
- 2. A summary of the proposed budget is published and public notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- 3. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for the hearing.
- 4. After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is legally adopted prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- 5. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 6. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as finally amended by the Sheriff.

Notes to the Financial Statements

E. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Sheriff's cash and cash equivalents are considered cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months of less from the date of acquisition.

The Sheriff's investment program is authorized and limited by state statute to purchases of securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government and its agencies or instrumentalities and participation in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP). LAMP is a nonprofit corporation formed by the State Treasurer and organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, which operates a local governmental investment pool equivalent to a money market fund. LAMP invests in short-term instruments as permitted by statute.

F. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are capitalized at historical costs. The Sheriff maintains a threshold level of \$1,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

Capital assets are recorded in the Statement of Net Position. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for public purposes, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes.

All capital assets, other that land, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives
Buildings	15-40
Office, equipment, and furniture	5-7
Vehicles	5

G. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Vacation and sick leave are recorded when paid. This method approximates the accrual method since neither vacation nor sick leave is allowed to accumulate year to year ("use it or lose it"). Earned vacation is paid upon termination; however, sick leave is not paid.

Notes to the Financial Statements

H. EQUITY CLASSIFICATIONS

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

In the fund statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the Sheriff classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- Non-spendable includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.
- Restricted includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or grantors, or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internal imposed by the Sheriff through formal action of the Sheriff and does not lapse at year-end.
- Assigned Includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for a specific purpose that are considered to be neither restricted nor committed. Fund balance can be assigned by the Sheriff.
- Unassigned includes fund balance amounts within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

I. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reduction of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions are reported as transfers. The Sheriff periodically transfers funds between the general fund and the special revenue fund as necessary to fund operations.

J. ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Under state law, the Sheriff may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The Sheriff may invest in certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. At June 30, 2020, the Sheriff has cash and interest-bearing deposits (book balances) totaling \$1,706,283 as follows:

	Maturities	Sta	ment-wide tement et Assets	S	aciary Funds Statement Net Assets	Total		
Demand deposits Total	N/A	\$ \$	607,713 607,713	<u>\$</u>	1,098,571 1,098,571	\$ \$	1,706,284 1,706,284	

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

Interest Rate Risk. The Sheriff's policy does not address interest rate risk, however, the Sheriff's intention is that the foremost objective of each investment is the preservation of principal.

Notes to the Financial Statements

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk. With respect to deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the Sheriff's deposits may not be returned. Under state law, the Sheriff's deposits must be secured by federal deposit insurance or similar federal security or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The fair market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the Sheriff or the pledging bank by a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

At June 30, 2020, the Sheriff has \$1,944,506 in deposits (collected bank balances) in local financial institutions, including certificates of deposit. These deposits are secured from risk by \$985,717 of federal deposit insurance and \$958,789 of pledged securities held by the custodial bank in the name of the Sheriff.

3. AD VALOREM TAXES

The Sheriff is the ex-officio tax collector of the parish and is responsible for the collection and distribution of ad valorem taxes. Ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1, of each year. Taxes are levied by the parish government in June and are actually billed to the taxpayers by the Sheriff in October. Billed taxes are due by December 31, becoming delinquent on January 1 of the following year. The taxes are based on assessed values determined by the Tax Assessor of Caldwell Parish and are collected by the Sheriff. The taxes are remitted to the appropriate taxing bodies net of deductions for assessor's compensation and pension fund contributions.

Ad valorem taxes are budgeted and recorded in the year for which levied and billed. For the year ended June 30, 2020, law enforcement taxes applicable to the Sheriff's General Fund, were levied at the rate of 30.79 mills on property with assessed valuations totaling \$63,384,069. Total law enforcement taxes levied during 2020 were \$1,897,796.

4. RECEIVABLES

The receivables at June 30, 2020, are as follows:

	G	General		oprietary			
Class of Receivable		Fund		Fund	Total		
State of Louisiana	\$	_	\$	357,858	\$	357,858	
Other		44,568		12,772		57,340	
	\$	44,568	\$	370,630	\$	415,198	

Notes to the Financial Statements

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

Capital associativity for the year chaea	Beginning of						End
		Year	A	Additions	Del	etions	of Year
Governmental activities: Capital assets being depreciated:							
Furniture and equipment	\$	213,756	\$	43,465	\$	-	\$ 257,221
Buildings and improvements		2,400		-		-	2,400
Transportation equipment		1,070,105		36,100		-	1,106,205
Other equipment		503,253		2,995		-	 506,248
Total capital assets being depreciated		1,789,514		82,560		-	 1,872,074
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Furniture and equipment		147,376		38,453		_	185,829
Buildings and improvements		1,027		160		-	1,187
Transportation equipment		945,521		58,766		-	1,004,287
Other equipment		459,703		33,585		-	 493,288
Total accumulated depreciated		1,553,627		130,964		-	 1,684,591
Governmental activities capital assets, net:	\$	235,887	\$	(48,404)	\$	-	\$ 187,483
Business type activities: Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$	6,000_	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$ 6,000
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements		5,208,055		_		_	5,208,055
Furniture and equipment		311,901		64,867		_	376,768
Transportation equipment		97,904		_		_	97,904
Other equipment		9,937		-		_	9,937
Total capital assets being depreciated		5,627,797		64,867		-	5,692,664
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and improvements		1,942,558		132,501		_	2,075,059
Furniture and equipment		190,545		50,915		_	241,460
Transportation equipment		62,444		9,790		_	72,234
Other equipment		1,987		1,987		-	3,974
Total accumulated depreciated		2,197,534		195,193	-	_	2,392,727
Business type activities capital assets, net:	\$	3,436,263	\$	(130,326)	\$	-	\$ 3,305,937

Depreciation expense in the amount of \$326,157 was charged to public safety.

Notes to the Financial Statements

6. PENSION PLAN

Substantially all employees of the Caldwell Parish Sheriff's Office are members of the Louisiana Sheriffs Pension and Relief Fund (Fund), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by a separate board of trustees.

Plan Description

The fund was established in accordance with the provisions of Louisiana Revised Statute 11:2171 for the purpose of providing retirement benefits for employees of sheriff's offices throughout the state of Louisiana, employees of the Louisiana Sheriffs Association, and employees of the Fund. The System provides retirement benefits as well as disability and survivor benefits. Benefits are established and amended by state statute. The Fund issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Louisiana Sheriffs Pension and Relief Fund, 1225 Nicholson Drive, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70802, or by calling (225) 219-0500.

Retirement Benefits. For members who become eligible for membership on or before December 31, 2011: Members with twelve years of creditable service may retire at age fifty-five; members with thirty years of service may retire regardless of age. The retirement allowance is equal to three and one third percent of the member's average final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service, not to exceed (after reduction for optional payment form) 100% of average final compensation. Active, contributing members with at least ten years of creditable service may retire at age sixty. The accrued normal retirement benefit is reduced actuarially for each month or fraction thereof that retirement begins prior to the member's earliest normal retirement date assuming continuous service.

For members whose first employment making them eligible for membership in the system began on or after January 1, 2012: Members with twelve years of creditable service may retire at age sixty-two; members with twenty years of service may retire at age sixty; members with thirty years of creditable service may retire at age fifty-five. The benefit accrual rate for such members with less than thirty years of service is three percent; for members with thirty or more years of service; the accrual rate is three and one-third percent. The retirement allowance is equal to the benefit accrual rate times the member's average final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service, not to exceed (after reduction for optional payment form) 100% of average final compensation. Members with twenty or more years of service may retire with a reduced retirement at age fifty.

Notes to the Financial Statements

6. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

For a member whose first employment began on or before June 30, 2006, final average compensation is based on the average monthly earnings during the highest thirty-six consecutive months. The earnings to be considered for each twelve-month period within the thirty-six-month period shall not exceed 125% of the preceding twelve-month period.

For a member whose first employment began after June 30, 2006 and before July 1, 2013, final average compensation is based on the average monthly earnings during the highest sixty consecutive months. The earnings to be considered for each twelve-month period within the sixty-month period shall not exceed 125% of the preceding twelve-month period.

For a member whose first employment began on or after July 1, 2013, final average compensation is based on the average monthly earnings during the highest sixty consecutive months or joined months is service was interrupted. The earnings to be considered for each twelve-month period within the sixty-month period shall not exceed 115% of the preceding twelve-month period.

Disability Benefits. A member is eligible to receive disability benefits if he has at least ten years of creditable service when a non-service-related disability is incurred; there are no service requirements for a service-related disability. Disability benefits shall be the lesser of 1) a sum equal to the greatest of 45% of final average compensation or the members' accrued retirement benefit at the time of termination of employment due to disability, or 2) the retirement benefit which would be payable assuming continued service to the earliest normal retirement age. Members who become partially disabled receive 75% of the amount payable for total disability.

Survivor Benefits. Survivor benefits for death solely as a result of injuries received in the line of duty are based on the following: For a spouse alone, a sum equal to 50% of the member's final average compensation with a minimum of \$150 per month. If a spouse is entitled to benefits and has a child or children under eighteen years of age (or over said age if physically or mentally incapacitated and dependent upon the member at the time of his death), an additional sum of 15% of the member's final average compensation is paid to each child with total benefits paid to spouse and children not to exceed 100%. If a member dies with no surviving spouse, surviving children under age eighteen will receive monthly benefits of 15% of the member's final average compensation up to a maximum of 60%. If a member is eligible for normal retirement at the time of death, the surviving spouse receives an automatic option 2 benefit. The additional benefit payable to children shall be the same as those available for members who die in the line of duty. In lieu of receiving option 2 benefit, the surviving spouse may receive a refund of the member's accumulated contributions. All benefits payable to surviving children shall be extended through age twenty- two, if the child is a full-time student in good standing enrolled at a board approved or accredited school, college, or university.

Notes to the Financial Statements

6. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Back Deferred Retirement Option Plan (Back-DROP). In lieu of receiving a service retirement allowance, any member of the Fund who has more than sufficient service for a regular service retirement may elect to receive a "Back-DROP" benefit. The Back-DROP benefit is based upon the Back-DROP period selected and the final average compensation prior to the period selected. The Back-DROP period is the lesser of three years or the service accrued between the time a member first becomes eligible for retirement and his actual date of retirement. For those individuals with thirty or more years, the Back-DROP period is the lesser of four years or service accrued between the time a member first becomes eligible for retirement and his actual date of retirement. At retirement the member's maximum monthly retirement benefit is based upon his service, final average compensation and plan provisions in effect on the last day of creditable service immediately prior to the commencement of the Back-DROP period. In addition to the monthly benefit at retirement, the member receives a lump-sum payment equal to the maximum monthly benefit as calculated above multiplied by the number of months in the Back- DROP period. In addition, the member's Back-DROP account will be credited with employee contributions received by the retirement fund during the Back-DROP period. Participants have the option to opt out of this program and take a distribution, if eligible, or to rollover the assets to another qualified plan.

Cost of Living Adjustments. Cost of living provisions for the Fund allows the board of trustees to provide an annual cost of living increase of 2.5% of the eligible retiree's original benefit if certain funding criteria are met. Members are eligible to receive a cost-of-living adjustment once they have attained the age of sixty and have been retired at least one year. Funding criteria for granting cost of living adjustments is dependent on the funded ratio.

Contributions. Plan members are required by state statute to contribute 10.25% of their annual covered salary and the Caldwell Parish Sheriff is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 12.25% of annual covered payroll. Contributions to the System also include one-half of one percent of the taxes shown to be collectible by the tax rolls of each parish and funds as required and available from insurance premium taxes. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Caldwell Parish Sheriff are established and may be amended by state statute. As provided by R.S. 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The Caldwell Parish Sheriff's contributions to the System for the years ending June 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018 were \$390,979 and \$376,862 and \$362,243, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

In accordance with state statute, the Fund receives ad valorem taxes, insurance premium taxes and state revenue sharing funds. These additional sources of income are used as employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities but are not considered special funding situations.

Notes to the Financial Statements

6. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Pension-Related Deferrals

At June 30, 2020, the Sheriff reported liability of \$1,789,431 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability for both plans. The Net Pension Liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Obligation for each plan was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Sheriff's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on a projection of the Sheriff's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the Sheriff's proportion was 0.378297%, which represented an increase of .042388 percentage points from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Sheriff recognized pension expense of \$546,939 which includes current year amortization of deferrals related to pensions of \$136,230.

At June 30, 2020, the Sheriff reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		rred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$ 342,819
Changes of assumptions		546,875	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings			
on pension plan investments		64,393	-
Changes in proportion		219,234	19,108
Differences between actual contributions and			
proportionate share of contributions		-	10,040
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		390,979	
Total	\$	1,221,481	\$ 371,967

The Sheriff reported \$390,979 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Sheriff contributions subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2019, will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2020.

Notes to the Financial Statements

6. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year		Total
2021	\$	136,230
2022		(11,828)
2023		123,550
2024		149,344
2025		61,239
	\$	458,535

Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization approach	Closed
Expected Remaining Service Lives	7 years
Investment rate of return	7.10% net of investment expenses.
Discount rate	7.10%
Inflation rate	2.5% per annum
Projected salary increases	5.5%
Cost-of-living adjustments	The present value of future retirement benefits is based on benefits currently being paid by the Fund and includes previously granted cost-of-living increases. The present values do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees as they were deemed not to be substantively automatic.
Mortality	Mortality rates based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy with Blue Collar Adjustment Sex Distinct Table for active members, healthy annuitants, and beneficiaries.

Notes to the Financial Statements

6. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

The mortality rate assumptions were set after reviewing an experience study performed over the period July 1, 2009, through June 30, 2014. The data was then assigned credibility weighting and combined with a standard table to produce current levels of mortality. This mortality was then projected forward to a period equivalent to the estimated duration of the Fund's liabilities. Annuity values calculated based on this mortality were compared to those produced by using a setback of standard tables. The result of the procedure indicated that these tables would produce liability values approximating the appropriate generational mortality tables used.

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.1%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the Fund's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Sheriff's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability using the discount rate of each system as well as what the Sheriff's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current rate used by each system:

Current discount rate	7.10%	\$1,789,431
One percentage point decrease	6.10%	\$3,741,975
One percentage point increase	8.10%	\$146,188

Support of Non-employer Contributing Entities

Contributions received by a pension plan from non-employer contributing entities that are not in a special funding situation are recorded as revenue by the respective pension plan. The Sheriff recognizes revenue in an amount equal to their proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension plan from these non-employer contributing entities. During the year ended June 30, 2020, the Sheriff recognized revenue as a result of support received from non-employer contributing entities of \$160,248 for its participation in the Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements

6. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Payables to the Pension Plan

The Sheriff recorded accrued liabilities to each of the retirement systems for the year ended June 30, 2020. The amounts due are included in liabilities under the amounts reported as salaries and benefits payable. At June 30, 2020, \$24,414 was payable to the Fund.

7. LITIGATION AND CLAIMS

At June 30, 2020, the Sheriff is involved in several lawsuits. The Sheriff's attorney has advised that at this stage in the proceedings he cannot offer an opinion as to the probable outcome of these lawsuits and claims. Management feels that any uninsured exposure, if any, would not be material to the financial statements.

8. CHANGES IN AGENCY FUND BALANCES

A summary of changes in agency fund balances due to taxing bodies and others follows:

	Balance at Beginning of Year Additions			Additions]	Reductions	Balance at End of Year		
Tax Collector Fund Fines Fund Cash Bonds Fund CCC Inmate Fund	\$	16,701 12,162 85,781 114,789	\$	8,836,079 110,357 88,649 1,116,709	\$	(7,956,933) (112,405) (82,238) (1,131,080)	\$	895,847 10,114 92,192 100,418	
Total	\$	229,433	\$	10,151,794	\$	(9,282,656)	\$	1,098,571	

9. LONG-TERM DEBT

The Sheriff's bonds payable is attributable to business-type activities. In November 2016, the Sheriff issued \$2,440,000 in revenue refunding bonds, the proceeds of which were used to purchase a correctional facility adjacent to the Sheriff's current facility for \$2,000,000 and the remainder to refund the existing revenue bonds. Security for the bonds is a mortgage on the correctional complex.

The following is a summary of bonds payable for the year ended June 30, 2020:

\$2,440,000 Revenue and Refunding Bonds, series 2016. The bonds carry an annual interest rate ranging from 3.0% to 5.0% maturing December 2036.

\$ 2,175,000

Notes to the Financial Statements

9. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Future maturities of long-term debt as of June 30, 2020, are as follows:

	1	Principal	Interest	Tot	al Payments
Year ended June 30:		_	_		
2021	\$	95,000	\$ 94,337	\$	189,337
2022		95,000	91,488		186,488
2023		100,000	88,438		188,438
2024		100,000	85,188		185,188
2025		105,000	81,856		186,856
2026-2030		585,000	345,525		930,525
2031-2035		745,000	184,375		929,375
2036-2037		350,000	 17,750		367,750
Total	\$	2,175,000	\$ 988,957	\$	3,163,957

Changes in long-term debt are as follows:

	Beginning of Year Issued			Issued	Retired			End of Year		Amounts Due Within One Year	
Governmental activities:		_		_		_		_		_	
Net pension liability	\$	684,413	\$	369,261	\$	(177,353)	\$	876,321	\$	191,470	
Other post-employment benefit		2,816,673		387,703		(78,151)		3,126,225		78,151	
	\$	3,501,086	\$	756,964	\$	(255,504)	\$	4,002,546	\$	269,621	
Business-type activities: Revenue bonds Net pension liability	\$	2,265,000 603,680	\$	- 465,863	\$	(90,000) (156,433)	\$	2,175,000 913,110	\$	95,000 199,508	
Other post-employment benefit		4,234,556		104,252		(31,256)		4,307,552		31,256	
Other post-emproyment benefit	\$	7,103,236	\$	570,115	\$	(277,689)	\$	7,395,662	\$	325,764	
		.,,200		- : - ; - 10		(=::,005)		.,,		,,,,,	

10. ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

The Sheriff's office is located in the parish courthouse. The cost of maintaining and operating the courthouse, as required by R.S. 33:4715, is paid by the Caldwell Parish Police Jury.

11. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Sheriff is covered by commercial insurance for substantially all risks of loss.

Notes to the Financial Statements

12. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Sheriff evaluated its June 30, 2020 financial statements through December 31, 2020, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. The Sheriff is not aware of any additional subsequent events which would require recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

13. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

<u>Plan Description.</u> The Sheriff provides medical and life insurance coverage for eligible employees, retirees, and their dependents through the Louisiana Sheriff's Association. The Sheriff pays for the cost of the retiree's medical, life coverage, and dependent life coverage. The retiree can elect to cover his or her spouse and dependents but must pay the entire premium for their medical coverage. Upon the death of the retiree, the spouse and dependent children can continue coverage, subject to eligibility requirements.

<u>Eligibility Requirements.</u> to be eligible for pension benefits through the Sheriffs' Pension and Relief Fund. Eligibility is dependent upon which tier a member is classified:

- Tiers 1 & 2: Members whose first employment making them eligible for membership in the system began on or before December 31, 2011.
- Tier 3: Members whose first employment making them eligible for membership in the system began on or after January 1, 2012.

The SPRF retirement eligibility requirements are as follows:

Tier 1 & 2

- Age 55 with 12 years of creditable service
- 30 years of creditable service at any age

Tier 3

- Age 62 with 12 years of creditable service
- Age 60 with 20 years of creditable service
- Age 55 with 30 years of creditable service

<u>Benefits.</u> Retirees may continue coverage through the Louisiana Sheriffs' Association medical plan. The Sheriff pays 100% of the retiree premium. The retiree can add spouse and family coverage but is responsible for the full premium. Retirees also receive life insurance coverage at the Sheriff's expense.

Notes to the Financial Statements

13. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

<u>Actuarial Assumptions.</u> The Total OPEB Liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified.

Measurement Date	June 30, 2020
Actuarial Valuation Date	July 1, 2019
Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.00%
Discount rate	2.45%
Prior year discount rate	3.13%
Health care cost trend rates	5.00%-7.00%

The discount rate was based on the June 30, 2020 Fidelity General Obligation AA 20-Year Yield.

Mortality rates for active employees were based on the PubS.H 2010 Employee Mortality Table, Generational with Projection Scale MP-2018 for males or females, as appropriate. Mortality rates for retirees were based on the PubS.H 2010 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, Generational with Projection Scale MP-2018 for males or females, as appropriate.

At June 30, 2020, there were 51 active employees and 11 inactive employees receiving benefits.

The following table presents the changes in total OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2020:

Balance at beginning of year	\$	7,051,229
Changes for year:		
Service Cost		385,352
Interest		231,274
Difference between expected and actual experience		(1,168,593)
Changes in assumptions/inputs		1,043,922
Benefit payments	3	(109,407)
Net changes	<u> </u>	382,548
Balance at end of year	\$	7,433,777

Notes to the Financial Statements

13. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

OPEB expense for the year ended June 30, 2020, is as follows:

Service Cost	\$	385,352
Interest		231,274
Amortization:		
Difference between expected and actual experience		(197,228)
Change in assumptions/inputs	-	282,856
OPEB expense	\$	702,254

Deferred outflows and inflows related to OPEB at June 30, 2020, are as follows:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows			
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions/inputs	\$ 1,429,689	\$	(1,122,796)		
	\$ 1,429,689	\$	(1,122,796)		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB expense will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	
2021	\$ 85,628
2022	85,628
2023	85,628
2024	85,628
2025	(17,810)
2026	(17,809)
	\$ 306,893

For the year ended June 30, 2020, covered employee payroll for related to OPEB was \$3,191,665. Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll was 232.9%.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

roi die	e i cai in	Pur					Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Budget Original Fire			Final	inal Actual			Jegative)
Revenues:		<u> </u>		1 11141		110 (04)	(+	(ogaaro)
Ad valorem taxes	\$	1,800,000	\$	1,668,018	\$	1,665,107	\$	(2,911)
Intergovernmental revenues:								
State grants:								
State supplemental pay		223,573		262,246		262,246		-
State revenue sharing (net)		30,653		45,985		45,985		-
Miscellaneous		96,479		44,057		44,057		-
Fees, fines, and charges for services:								
Civil and criminal fees		40,000		27,000		27,141		141
Fines		30,000		35,000		35,463		463
Charges for services and programs		308,809		313,033		312,077		(956)
Mowing contract		172,717		174,863		174,863		-
Miscellaneous		45,845		43,045		64,591		21,546
Total revenues		2,748,076		2,613,247		2,631,530		18,283
Expenditures:								
Current -								
Public safety:								
Personal services and related benefits		2,317,635		2,514,649		2,536,920		(22,271)
Operating services		600,000		661,134		592,527		68,607
Materials and supplies		247,918		323,929		286,764		37,165
Travel and other charges		31,730		18,345		17,635		710
Debt service		100,000		-		-		-
Capital outlay		100,000		38,699		82,560		(43,861)
Total expenditures		3,397,283		3,556,756		3,516,406		40,350
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(649,207)		(943,509)		(884,876)		58,633
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in (out)		400,000		560,000		560,000		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		400,000		560,000		560,000		-
Change in fund balances		(249,207)		(383,509)		(324,876)		58,633
Fund balance, beginning		384,600		384,600		384,600		
Fund balance, ending	\$	135,393	\$	1,091	\$	59,724	\$	58,633

Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability

	Employer's	E	Employer's			Proportionate	Plan Fiduciary Net
	Proportion of	Pr	oportionate]	Employer's	Share of NPL as a	Position as a %
Measurement	the Net Pension	Share of the Net			Covered	% of Covered	of Total Pension
Date	Liability	Pen	sion Liability		Payroll	Payroll	Liability
06/30/19	0.37830%	\$	1,789,431	\$	2,617,929	68%	88.9%
06/30/18	0.33591%	\$	1,288,093	\$	2,503,278	51%	90.4%
06/30/17	0.31063%	\$	1,345,109	\$	2,264,385	59%	88.5%
06/30/16	0.30925%	\$	1,962,765	\$	2,104,880	93%	82.1%
06/30/15	0.31224%	\$	1,391,824	\$	2,308,772	60%	86.6%
06/30/14	0.32475%	\$	1,286,000	\$	2,149,628	60%	87.3%

NOTE: This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule of Employer's Pension Contributions

Contributions in

				R	elation to							
	Year	Cor	ntractually	Co:	ntractually	Cont	ribution	Е	imployer's	Contributions as		
	Ended	R	Required	R	equired	Def	ïciency		Covered	a % of Covered		
	June 30,	Co	ntribution	Co	ntribution	(E	xcess)		Payroll	Payroll		
_	2020	\$	390,979	\$	390,979	\$	-	\$	3,191,665	12.25%		
	2019	\$	333,786	\$	333,786	\$	-	\$	2,617,929	12.75%		
	2018	\$	319,168	\$	319,168	\$	-	\$	2,503,278	12.75%		
	2017	\$	300,031	\$	300,031	\$	-	\$	2,264,385	13.25%		
	2016	\$	289,421	\$	289,421	\$	-	\$	2,104,880	13.75%		
	2015	\$	329,000	\$	329,000	\$	-	\$	2,308,772	14.25%		
	2014	\$	306,322	\$	306,322	\$	-	\$	2,149,628	14.25%		

NOTE: This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

	2018			2019	2020		
Total OPEB liability:							
Service Cost	\$	403,631	\$	415,740	\$	385,352	
Interest		207,886		196,721		231,274	
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-	
Differences between expected							
and actual experience		(961)		(180,893)		(1,168,593)	
Changes in assumptions or							
other inputs		-		802,348		1,043,922	
Benefit payments		(80,905)		(91,878)		(109,407)	
		_				_	
Net change in total OPEB liability		529,651		1,142,038		382,548	
Total OPEB liability-beginning		5,379,540		5,909,191		7,051,229	
T / LODED 1' 1 '1'	Φ	5 000 101	Ф	7.051.220	Φ	7 422 777	
Total OPEB liability-ending		5,909,191		7,051,229	\$	7,433,777	
Carrenad annularies narius 11	ø	2.502.279	\$	2 (17 020	ø	2 101 665	
Covered employee payroll	\$	2,503,278	>	2,617,929	\$	3,191,665	
Total OPEB liability as a percentage							
of covered employee payroll		236.1%		269.3%		232.9%	
or covered employee payron		230.1 /0		209.370		232.370	

NOTE: This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

1. BUDGET

Formal budget integration (within the accounting records) is employed as a management control device. When projected revenues within a fund fail to meet budgeted revenues and/or projected expenditures within a fund exceed budgeted expenditures by five percent or more, a budget amendment is adopted by the Sheriff in an open meeting.

Budgets are prepared for all governmental funds of the Sheriff. The budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Sheriff. Legally, the Sheriff must adopt a balanced budget; that is, total budgeted revenues and other financing sources (including fund balance) must equal or exceed total budgeted expenditures and other financing uses. State statutes require the Sheriff to amend its budgets when revenues plus projected revenues within a fund are expected to be less than budgeted revenues by five percent or more and/or expenditures plus projected expenditures within a fund are expected to exceed budgeted expenditures by five percent or more. The Sheriff approves budgets at the function level and management can transfer amounts between line items within a function.

2. PENSIONS

<u>Changes of Benefit Terms.</u> There were no changes in benefit terms.

<u>Changes of Assumptions.</u> The discount rate decreased from 7.25% to 7.10% in the actuarial valuation for the year ended June 30, 2019.

3. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Changes of Benefit Terms. There were no changes in benefit terms.

<u>Changes of Assumptions.</u> The discount rate decreased from 3.13% to 2.45% in the actuarial valuation for the year ended June 30, 2019.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE - AGENCY FUNDS

TAX COLLECTOR FUND

Article V, Section 27 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974 provides that the Sheriff will serve as the collector of state and parish taxes and fees. The Tax Collector Fund accounts for the collection and distribution of these taxes and fees to the appropriate taxing bodies. It also accounts for collections of bonds, fines, and costs and payment of these collections to the recipients in accordance with applicable laws.

FINES FUND

The Fines Fund accounts for partial payments on court fines. Funds are transferred to the Tax Collector Fund for settlement when full payment is received.

INMATE FUND

The Inmate Funds account for individual prisoner account balances and are used for purchases from the prison commissary and for telephone calls. Funds are deposited in the name of the prisoner and are payable upon request. Balances in the individual prisoner accounts are returned upon completion of their jail sentences.

CIVIL FUND

The Civil Fund accounts for the collection of funds in civil suits, Sheriff's sales, and garnishments and payment of these collections to the Sheriff's General Fund and other recipients in accordance with applicable laws.

Fiduciary Fund Type - Agency Funds Combining Balance Sheet

June 30, 2020

A GGETG	TAX COLLECTOR FUND			COLLECTOR FIN			FINES FUND				CCC INMATE FUND	TOTAL		
ASSETS														
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	32,302	\$	10,114	\$	92,192	\$	100,418	\$	235,026				
Restricted cash - protested taxes	\$	863,545 895,847	\$	10,114	\$	92,192	\$	100,418	\$	863,545 1,098,571				
LIABILITIES														
Due to taxing bodies and others	\$	895,847	\$	10,114	\$	92,192	\$	100,418	\$	1,098,571				

Fiduciary Fund Type - Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Due to Others

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	TAX COLLECTOR FUND			COLLECTOR FINES		OND AND RTIAL PAY NES FUND	CCC INMATE FUND			TOTAL
BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$	16,701	\$	12,162	\$	85,781	\$	114,789	\$	229,433
ADDITIONS Garnishments Sheriff's sales Taxes, fees, etc., paid to tax collector Inmate receipts Other additions		- 8,375,551 - 460,528		48,152 62,205 - -		- - - - 88,649		- - - 1,116,709		48,152 62,205 8,375,551 1,116,709 549,177
Total additions		8,836,079		110,357		88,649		1,116,709		10,151,794
REDUCTIONS Litigants Taxes, fees, etc., distributed to taxing bodies and others		- 7,941,775		41,470 70,935		-		-		41,470 8,012,710
Inmate disbursements Other settlements		- 15,158		- -		- 82,238		1,131,080		1,131,080 97,396
Total reductions		7,956,933		112,405		82,238		1,131,080		9,282,656
BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$	895,847	\$	10,114	\$	92,192	\$	100,418	\$	1,098,571

Schedule of Cash in Tax Collector Account

June 30, 2020

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 32,302
Restricted cash - protested taxes	 863,545
Total cash	\$ 895,847

Schedule of 2018 Ad Valorem Taxes Assessed and Collected

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Taxes Assessed		Taxes Collected		Amount Uncollected	
Taxing Authority:						
Caldwell Parish Assessor	\$	463,541	\$	460,577	\$	2,964
Caldwell Parish Gravity Drainage District No. 1		182,379		182,289		90
Caldwell Parish Law Enforcement District		1,897,796		1,885,662		12,134
Caldwell Parish Police Jury		2,293,677		2,279,011		14,666
Caldwell Parish School Board		3,302,965		3,281,846		21,119
Columbia Heights Sewer District		112,271		110,761		1,510
Kelly Water District		44,846		44,841		5
Louisiana Forestry Commission		17,629		17,625		4
Louisiana Tax Commission		8,335		8,335		_
Tensas Basin Levee District		72,818		72,765		53
	\$	8,396,257	\$	8,343,712	\$	52,545

Some taxes remain uncollected at June 30 due to backruptcies as well as taxes related to personal property which cannot be sold at sheriff's sale.



CLAY BENNETT CALDWELL PARISH SHERIFF



Telephone (318) 649-2345 Facsimile (318) 649-5226

AFFIDAVIT

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, personally came and appeared, Clay Bennett, the sheriff of Caldwell Parish, State of Louisiana, who after being duly sworn, deposed and said:

The following information is true and correct:

\$895,847 is the amount of cash on hand in the tax collector account on June 30, 2020;

He further deposed and said:

All itemized statements of the amount of taxes collected for tax year 2019, by taxing authority, are true and correct.

All itemized statements of all taxes assessed and uncollected, which indicate the reasons for the failure to collect, by taxing authority, are true and correct.

Clay Bennett

Sheriff of Caldwell Parish

SWORN to and subscribed before me, Notary, this 31th day of December, 2020, in my office in Columbia, Louisiana.

Debbie Dollar, #77910 Commission: Sheriff's Term

Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	1	Amount	
Agency Head-Sheriff Clay Bennett			
Salary	\$	171,913	
Benefits-insurance		21,092	
Benefits-retirement		21,846	
Benefits-other		1,020	
Car allowance		-	
Vehicle provided by government		-	
Per diem		-	
Reimbursements		-	
Travel		-	
Registration fees		-	
Conference travel		-	
Continuing professional education fees		-	
Housing		-	
Unvouchered expenses		17,447	
Special meals		-	
	\$	233,318	

Member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Society of Louisiana Certified Public Accountants.

Recipient of Advanced Single Audit Certificate

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Caldwell Parish Sheriff Columbia, Louisiana

I have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of governmental activities, the business-type activities, the major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Caldwell Parish Sheriff as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Board's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated December 31, 2020

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in the internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. I did identify a deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs (Finding 2020-1(IC)) that I consider to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Caldwell Parish Sheriff's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

No separate management letter was issued for this engagement.

laron Coopu, CPA, LLC

Caldwell Parish Sheriff's response to the findings identified in my audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. I did not audit Caldwell Parish Sheriff's response and, accordingly, I express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Caldwell Parish Sheriff, the Sheriff's management, the Legislative Auditor of the State of Louisiana, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

DeRidder, Louisiana December 31, 2020

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Section I – Summary of Audit Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued

Unqualified

Internal control over financial reporting:

• Material weaknesses identified?

• Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?

No

Noncompliance material to the financial statements?

No

Federal Awards – N/A

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs With Management's Planned Corrective Actions For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Internal Control

Finding 2020-1(IC) – Segregation of duties

<u>Finding.</u> The Sheriff does not have adequate segregation of functions within the accounting system.

<u>Criteria.</u> Good internal control requires that certain incompatible functions within the accounting system be performed by separate persons.

<u>Effect.</u> Due to the lack of segregation of duties, misstatements could result without being prevented or detected and corrected in a timely manner.

Cause. The cause of the deficiency is due to the small staff size.

<u>Recommendation.</u> All incompatible functions should be performed by a separate person.

<u>Planned corrective action.</u> The Sheriff has determined that it is not cost effective to achieve complete segregation of duties in the accounting department. He does, however, segregate as many duties as possible. No corrective action is considered necessary.

Compliance

N/A

Schedule of Prior Year Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Internal Control

Finding 2019-1(IC) – Segregation of duties

<u>Finding.</u> The Sheriff does not have adequate segregation of functions within the accounting system.

<u>Criteria.</u> Good internal control requires that certain incompatible functions within the accounting system be performed by separate persons.

<u>Effect.</u> Due to the lack of segregation of duties, misstatements could result without being prevented or detected and corrected in a timely manner.

Cause. The cause of the deficiency is due to the small staff size.

<u>Recommendation.</u> Ideally, all incompatible functions should be performed by a separate person.

<u>Corrective action taken.</u> The Sheriff has determined that it is not cost effective to achieve complete segregation of duties in the accounting department. He does, however, segregate as many duties as possible. No corrective action is considered necessary.

Compliance

Finding 2019-1(C) – Competitive purchasing

<u>Finding.</u> The Sheriff's office obtained quotes for some supplies that should have been formally bid. Additionally, on a couple of projects, the total of the project was over \$10,000 and quotes should have been obtained even though the individual items purchased did not exceed \$10,000.

<u>Criteria.</u> State law requires that purchases between \$10,000 and \$30,000 receive at least three quotes and purchases over \$30,000 are competitively bid.

<u>Effect.</u> The Sheriff's office would not be in compliance with state law. Additionally, the Sheriff's office may be paying more for these goods than necessary.

Cause. The lack of quotes/bids appears to have been an oversight.

<u>Recommendation.</u> The Sheriff's office should implement procedures to ensure that purchases follow state bid law.

<u>Corrective action taken.</u> Those responsible for purchasing were educated on the bid law requirements.