ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS

Year Ended December 31, 2024

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

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June 16, 2025

To the Members of the Cameron Parish Police Jury

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Cameron Parish Police Jury as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Cameron Parish Police Jury's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units and Qualified Opinion on Aggregate Remaining Fund Information

The financial statements referred to above do not include financial data for the Police Jury's legally separate component units. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require financial data for those component units to be reported with the financial data of the Police Jury's primary government unless the Police Jury also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component units. The Police Jury has not issued such reporting entity financial statements. Because of this departure from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the assets, liabilities, net position, revenues, and expenses of the aggregate discretely presented component units have not been properly reported nor determined. In addition, the assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues, and expenditures of the aggregate remaining fund information have not been properly reported nor determined.

Adverse Opinion on Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter described in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units and Qualified Opinion on Aggregate Remaining Fund Information" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly the financial position of the aggregate discretely presented component units of the Cameron Parish Police Jury, as of December 31, 2024, or the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended.

Qualified Opinion on Aggregate Remaining Fund Information

In our opinion, except for the matter described in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units and Qualified Opinion on Aggregate Remaining Fund Information" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the aggregate remaining fund information of the Cameron

To the Members of the Cameron Parish Police Jury June 16, 2025 Page Two

Parish Police Jury, as of December 31, 2024, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Cameron Parish Police Jury, as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable of financial audits contained in the *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Cameron Parish Police Jury, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Cameron Parish Police Jury's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standard* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal

To the Members of the Cameron Parish Police Jury June 16, 2025 Page Three

control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, and Government Auditing Standards we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Cameron Parish Police Jury's internal
 control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the
 aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Cameron Parish Police Jury's ability to
 continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the the budgetary comparison information, the schedule of changes in net OPEB liability and related ratios, the schedules of employer's proportionate share of net pension liability and the schedules of employer contributions on pages 61 through 73, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted principally of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic

To the Members of the Cameron Parish Police Jury June 16, 2025 Page Four

financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Police Jury has not presented management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Cameron Parish Police Jury's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements. Cost Principles. and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the schedule of compensation, benefits and other payments to agency head or chief executive officer and the schedules required by state law but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be

To the Members of the Cameron Parish Police Jury June 16, 2025 Page Five

materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 16, 2025, on our consideration of Cameron Parish Police Jury's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Cameron Parish Police Jury's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Gragon, Casiday: Sullary

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position

December 31, 2024

ASSETS	
Cash	13,277,968
Investments	9,176,572
Receivables, net	19,058,036
Inventory, at cost	1,823,096
Prepaid expense	282,795
Other	36,592
Restricted cash	35,755,573
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	146,666,164
Total assets	226,076,796
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	3,325,630
LIABILITIES	
Accounts, salaries, and other payables	3,099,063
Interest payable	95,078
Unearned revenues	35,755,573
Long-term liabilities:	
Due within one year	1,065,457
Due after one year	14,531,311
Total liabilities	54,546,482
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	5,941,478
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	137,238,845
Net position - restricted for:	
Judicial	28,271
Debt service	3,268,634
Tourism development	173,917
Inventories	1,823,096
Prepaid expenses	282,795
Net position - unrestricted	26,098,908
Total net position	\$ 168,914,466

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Activities

Year Ended December 31, 2024

		Progra	m Revenues	Net Revenues (Expenses) and Changes in Net Position
		Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental
<u>Activities</u>	<u>Expenses</u>	Contributions	Contributions	<u>Activities</u>
Governmental Activities:				
General government:				
Legislative	\$ (533,302)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (533,302)
Judicial	(3,467,302)	41	-	(3,467,261)
Elections	(47,635)	=	-	(47,635)
Finance and administrative	(1,695,534)	-	-	(1,695,534)
Other general government	(1,372,023)	-	-	(1,372,023)
Interest on long-term debt	(548,497)	-	-	(548,497)
Public safety	(4,608,870)	169,085	-	(4,439,785)
Public works	(9,819,995)	3,223,146	-	(6,596,849)
Culture and recreation	(1,876,664)	5,181	-	(1,871,483)
Health and welfare	(818,744)	831	-	(817,913)
Disaster recovery	(2,076,385)	748,948	-	(1,327,437)
Economic development Total Governmental	(1,218,849)	2,219,356	15,579,439_	16,579,946_
Activities	\$ (28,083,800)	\$ 6,366,588	\$ 15,579,439_	(6,137,773)
	General Reven	ues:		
	Taxes:	1		15 006 176
	Property taxe	15,086,176 295,476		
		Other taxes for general purposes		
	Licenses and p		297,603	
	Fines, forfeitures, and court costs			216,341
	Intergovernme	ntal:		0.440.040
	State			2,110,846
	Local			73,063
		n disposal of capital a	ssets	46,391
	Interest earnin	gs		1,102,220
	Insurance prod	ceeds		4,465
	Grants to subr	ecipents		(210,548)
	Other			2,377,750_
	Total gener	al revenues		21,399,783
	Change in net p	position		15,262,010
	Net position - E	Beginning		153,652,456
	Net position - E	Ending		\$ 168,914,466

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FUND DESCRIPTIONS

General Fund

The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with governments which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund

The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund accounts for transactions relating to resources retained and used for payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations.

Fiduciary Fund

The Fiduciary Fund is used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governmental, or on behalf of other funds within the Police Jury.

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

December 31, 2024

			Major Funds			
	General	Parishwide Garbage	Library	Road and Bridge	Non-major	Total
ASSETS						
Cash	\$ 2,334,110	539.423	\$ 1,017,561	\$ 640	\$ 9,386,234	\$ 13,277,968
Investments	1,138,809	1.243.637	3.866.027		2.927.899	9,176,572
Receivables, net	4,518 387	4,152,487	0,000.02	3,500,866	6.886.296	19,058 036
Inventory, at cost	1,793,767	7.085		22,244	0,000,230	1,823,096
Other	1,755.151	7,000	_	22,144	36,592	36 592
	153.073	•	57.532	69.109	3.061	282,795
Prepaid expnese		•	57,002	69.109	3.061	35.755.573
Restricted cash	35,755,573	-	-	-	*5.255	
Interfund receivables	205 158				15,365	220 523
Total Assets	45,898.877	5,942,832	4,941,120	3,592,859	19,255,467	79,631,155
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						<u> </u>
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED						
OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 45,898.677	\$ 5,942,832	\$ 4,941,120	3 3,592.659	\$ 19,255,467	S 79,631.155
LIABILITIES						
Accounts, salaries, and other payables	\$ 635,497	\$ 153,290	\$ 2,538	3 157,222	\$ 2,150,516	\$ 3,099,063
Interfund payables	9 533,457	ψ 133,230 -	4 2,300	3 131,222	220,523	220.523
Unearned revenue	35,755 573	-	-	-	220,020	35,765 573
Total Liabilities	36,391,070	153,290	2,538	157,222	2,371,039	39,075,159
lota: Liabilities	39,391.070	133,230	2,335	107,222	2,371,033	39,073,139
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,801,180			_	9,818	1,810,996
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable						
inventories	1,793 767	7,085	-	22,244	-	1,823 096
Prepaid expenses	153,073	-	-		36,592	189,565
Restricted for						
Judicial	-	-	-	_	19,007	19 007
Debt service	-	-	-	_	1,789,753	1,789,753
Tourism development		-	-	_	214,520	214 520
Other capital projects	_	_	_	_	11,973	11,973
Committed to					,	,-,-
Culture and recreation		_	4.938.562			4.938 562
Public safety		_	4,555.00	_	11,106,118	11,106,116
Public works		5,782,457		3,413,393		9,195,650
Judicial	_	0,702,407	_	5,415,030	1,251,511	1,251,511
Health and welfare		_	_	_	1.824.434	1,824 434
Disaster recovery	-	_	=	-	140.716	140.716
Other purposes	383.346	=	=	-	140,716	383.346
Assigned	363.346	-	-	-	-	363.346
Judicial					43.677	43,677
Health and welfare	-	-	-	-	43.677 19.946	43,577 19 946
	•	-	-	-		
Public safety	E 370 44:	-	-	•	416,363	416.363
Unassigned	5,376 441					5,376 441
Total Fund Balances	7,706,627	5,789,542	4,938,562	3,435.637	16,874.610	38,744,998
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS						
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 45,898,677	\$ 5,942,632	\$ 4,941,120	\$ 3,592,659	\$ 19,255,467	S 79,631,155

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

December 31, 2024

Total fund balances for governmental funds at December 31, 2024		\$ 38,744,998
Cost of capital assets at December 31, 2024	\$ 220.775,867	
Less accumulated depreciation at December 31, 2024	(74.109,703)	146,666,164
Deferred outflows and inflows for pension and OPEB resources are not financial resources or currently payable:		
Deferred outflows related to pensions	2,248,525	
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	1,077,105	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	(2,534,194)	
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	(1,596,286)	(804,850)
Long-term debt which is not included as a liability in the governmental fund type balance sheet:		
Bonds payable, notes payable, and capital leases	(9,427,319)	
Net pension (liability) asset	(1,744,456)	
Net OPEB obligation	(4,147,227)	
Compensated absences	(277.766)	(15,596,768)
Accrued interest on long-term debt which is not included		
as a liability in the governmental fund type balance sheet		(95,078)
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Total net position at December 31, 2024		\$ 168,914,466

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2024

Major I	Funds	
Panshwide		Road
Garbage	Library	Впа

	General	Panshwide Garbage	Library	Road and Bridge	Non-major	Total
REVENUES	Octional	Gerbage	Library	Drioge	- Iton mejor	10101
Taxes:						
Ad valorem, net	\$ 2,110,107	\$ 4,228,5	42 \$ 29,055	S 3,451,945	\$ 5,266,527	\$ 15.086.176
Sales taxes	22,745				- 0,200,02.	22 745
Franchise tax	48.847			_	_	48,847
Other taxes	-		- 6.078	6,986	210 620	223,584
Licenses and permits	297,603			-		297 603
Fines, forfeitures, and court costs				_	216,341	216.341
Intergovernmental					= -/-	
Federal	11.714.802	2,233,7	76 5,181	988.765	7 003 503	21 946 027
State	1,909,704	5,5		145.991	49 558	2.110.846
Local	43.063			-	30 000	73,063
Interest earnings	192,589	223,2	42 250,860	21.777	413,752	1 102 220
Other	2,053,618	4,9		44.629	265,582	2.379.118
Total Revenues	18,393,078	6.696.1		4,660,093	13,456,083	43.506.670
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government						
Legislative	473,345			-	-	473.345
Judicial	366,528			-	2,405,656	2,772,184
Elections	42,502			_		42 502
Finance and administrative	1,195,095			-	210	1,195,305
Other general government	1.235.700			-	6 501	1,242,201
Public safety	592,114			-	3,055,552	3 647 666
Public works	709, 190	2,362,7	90 -	4.385.276	114,692	7.571.948
Culture and recreation	164,928		- 1,222,444	-	66,909	1.474.281
Health and welfare	159,548			=	569 304	728 852
Economic development & assistance	968,318			-	<u>-</u>	968,318
Disaster recovery	237.175		- 726,604	-	1 112 606	2,076,385
Debt service						
Principal					1,245,000	1.245.000
Interest					553,518	553.518
Capital outlay	11,590,941	549,4	72 77,573	333,721	5 8 1 7 1 0 5	18 368 812
Total Expenditures	17,755,384	2,912,2		4,718,997	14 947 053	42,360,317
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	637.694	3,763,6	41 (1,725,108)	(58,904)	(1 490 970)	1,146,554
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Operating transfers in	6,662,249			671,201	_	7.333.450
	(6,113,431)	(5,038,0	45) (280,172)		4,441,367	(7.333.450)
Operating transfers out	•	(3,030,0		(343.105)	4,441,307	
Insurance recovery	4,464		-	•	-	4 464
Subrecipient grants	(210.548)		-	-	-	(210,548)
Sale of capital assets	6,376	3,6		15.263	16,150	46 391
Total other financing sources (uses)	349,110	(5,034,4	11) (275,204)	343.295	4,457,517	(159.693)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	986,804	(1,250,5	70) (2,000,312)	284,391	2 966 547	986 861
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	6.719.623	7,040,1	12 6,938,894	3,151,246_	13 908 063	37,758,138
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 7.706.627	\$ 5,789,5	42 \$ 4,938,582	\$ 3,435,637	\$ 16 674 610	\$ 38 744 998

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended December 31, 2024

Total net changes in fund balance at December 31, 2024 per Statement of Revenues. Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	\$ 986,861
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay which is considered expenditures on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance \$18,368.812 Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2024 (6.053,014)	12,315,798
Change in compensated absences payable for year ended December 31, 2024	(29,748)
Repayment of bond principal, notes payable, and capital leases is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position	1,245,000
Change in capital leases payable for year ended December 31, 2024	281,257
In the Statement of Activities, interest is measured by the amount incurred during the year. In the governmental funds, however, interest is measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid).	5,021
Net pension expense is reported in the governmental funds as expendutes as they are paid, however, in the statement of activities the net position expense is reported according to estimates required by GASB 68: Pension expense paid 849,796 Pension expense per GASB 68 (414,680)	435,116
In the Statement of Activities, post employment benefits are measured by the amounts incurred during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for this item are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially the amounts actually paid).	22,705
Total changes in net position at December 31, 2024 per Statement of Activities	\$ 15,262,010

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Fund

December 31, 2024

ASSETS Cash	\$ -
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_
LIABILITIES	-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 _
NET POSITION Net position - held in trust	\$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Cameron Parish Police Jury is the governing authority for Cameron Parish and is a political subdivision of the State of Louisiana. The Police Jury is governed by seven jurors representing the various districts within the parish.

Louisiana. Revised Statute 33:1236 gives the Police Jury various powers in regulating and directing the affairs of the parish and its inhabitants. The more notable of those are the powers to make regulations for their own government, to regulate the construction and maintenance of roads and bridges, to regulate the construction and maintenance of drainage systems, to regulate the sale of alcoholic beverages, and to provide for the health and welfare of the poor, disadvantaged, and unemployed in the parish. Funding to accomplish these tasks is provided by ad valorem taxes, other taxes and licenses, state revenue sharing, and various other state and federal grants.

In accomplishing its objectives, the Police Jury also has the authority to create special districts (component units) within the parish. The districts perform specialized functions, such as fire protection, water distribution, sewerage collection and disposal, drainage control, library facilities, and health care facilities.

REPORTING ENTITY

As the governing authority of the parish, for reporting purposes, the Cameron Parish Police Jury is the financial reporting entity for Cameron Parish. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government (Police Jury), (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (OASB) Statement No. 14 (Codification Section 2100.120140) establishes criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the Cameron Parish Police Jury for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criterion includes:

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and:
 - a. The ability of the Police Jury to impose its will on that organization and/or;
 - b. The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Police Jury.
- 2. Organizations for which the Police. Jury does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the Police Jury.
- 3. Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Based on the previous criteria, the Police Jury has determined that the following component units are part of the reporting entity:

Fiscal	Criteria
<u>Year</u>	Used
December 31	1 & 3
December 31	2 & 3
December 31	1 & 3
December 31	1 &.3
September 30	1
December 31	1 & 3
December 31	1 & 3
December 31	1 & 3
December 31	2 & 3
June 30	2 & 3
June 30	2 & 3
June 30	1 &-3
December 31	1 & 3
December 31	2
	Year December 31 December 30 December 31

The Police Jury has chosen to issue financial statements of the primary government (Police Jury) only; therefore, none of the previously listed component units, except as discussed in the following paragraph, are included in the accompanying primary government financial statements. Financial statements for those component units not included in the Police Jury's general purpose financial statements may be obtained from the operations centers of those component units.

These primary government (Police Jury) financial statements include all funds, account groups, and organizations for which the Police Jury maintains the accounting records. Organizations for which the Police Jury maintains the accounting records include the Thirty-Eighth Judicial District. Criminal Court, the Cameron Parish Library, the Fire Protection Districts, Gravity Drainage District No.8, Cameron Parish Communications District, and Grand Lake/Sweet Lake Cemetery.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying basic financial statements of the Police Jury have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity with GASB Statement 34, "Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments", issued in June 1999.

GASB Statement No. 14 provides for the issuance of primary government financial statements that are separate from those of the reporting entity. However, the primary government's (Police Jury) financial statements are not a substitute for the reporting entity's financial statements. The accompanying primary government financial statements have been prepared in conformity with U. S. generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental units. These financial statements are not intended to and do not report on the reporting entity but rather are intended to reflect only the financial statements of the primary government (Police Jury).

Considered in the determination of component units of the reporting entity were the Cameron Parish School Board and the various municipalities in the parish. It was determined that these governmental entities are not component units of the Cameron Parish Police Jury reporting entity because they have separately elected governing bodies, are legally separate, and are fiscally independent of the Cameron Parish Police Jury.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the Police Jury as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each of the functions of the Police Jury's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function.

Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of services offered by the Police Jury; and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirement of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The Police Jury uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities (general fixed assets and general long-term obligations) that are not recorded in the "funds" because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources. They are concerned only with the measurement of financial position, not with the measurement of results of operations.

Funds are classified into two categories; governmental, and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types." Governmental funds are used to account for a government's general activities where the focus of attention is on the providing of services to the public. Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held for others. The Police Jury's current operations require the use of governmental and fiduciary funds, described as follows:

Governmental Funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Police Jury. It accounts for all activities except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources such as ad valorem taxes, sales taxes, and federal grants. Those revenues are legally restricted, either by tax proposition or grant agreement, to expenditures for specified purposes such as road and drainage maintenance and construction, library operation, courthouse and jail maintenance, etc.

The Parishwide Garbage Fund is a special revenue fund reported as a major fund and is used to account for garbage services in the parish.

The Road and Bridge Fund is a special revenue fund reported as a major fund and is used to account for repairs and improvements to roads and bridges in the parish.

The Library Fund is a special revenue fund that is reported as a major fund. The fund is used to account for the revenues and costs associated with parish-wide library system.

Debt Service Funds

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources and for the payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources received and used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities not reported in the other governmental funds.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the Police Jury. The Police July's only fiduciary fund is the Wetlands Restoration Expendable Trust Fund. This fund's activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Police Jury's own programs. Fiduciary fends are presented on an economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the government-wide financial statements.

The Wetlands Restoration Expendable Trust Fund accounts for the proceeds of an irrevocable donation to the Cameron Parish Police Jury to be held in trust. The purpose of the trust fund is to prevent further degradation of the ecological character of the Grand Chenier Plain Coastal System and to slow saltwater intrusion into fresh water. Under the conditions of the trust agreement, the Police Jury recommends marsh management projects, which are funded by trust fund monies.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities, the activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus is presented. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, the activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures (including capital outlay) generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

Program Revenues - Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities derived directly from parties outside the Police Jury's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the Police Jury's general revenues.

Direct Expenses. - The Police Jury reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Depreciation expense, which can be specifically identified by function, is included in the direct expenses of each function. Interest on general long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for interest and principal payments on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences, post-employment benefits, and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

Revenues

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, state revenue sharing, other state revenues, and grant income. Fines, permits, and license revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

Interest earnings are recorded when the investments have matured, and the interest is available.

Expenditures

Salaries are recorded, as expenditures when earned by employees.

Purchases of various operating supplies, etc, arc recorded as expenditures when the related fund liability is incurred.

Compensated absences are recognized as expenditures when leave is actually taken or when employees, or their heirs, are paid for accrued leave upon retirement or death.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Principal and interest on long-term debt are recognized when due.

Other Financing Sources (Uses)

Transfers between funds that are not expected to be repaid, proceeds from the sale of fixed assets, and long-term debt proceeds, are accounted for as other financing sources (uses). These other financing sources (uses) are recognized at the time the underlying events occur.

BUDGETS

The major fund budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

On or before the last meeting of each year, the budget is prepared by function and activity, and includes information on the past year, current year estimates and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year.

The proposed budget is presented to the government's Board for review. The board holds a public hearing and may add to, subtract from or change appropriations, but may not change the form of the budget. Any changes in the budget must be within the revenues and reserves estimated.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

The budget was amended once during 2024.

5. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Uncollectible amounts due for ad valorem taxes and other receivables of governmental funds are recognized as bad debts at the time information becomes available which would indicate that the particular receivable is not collectible.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of fixed assets or materially extend their useful lives are not capitalized but are only recognized as a normal current expenditure of the governmental funds. The Police Jury maintains a threshold level of \$2,500 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Capital assets and related expenses are recorded in the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities, respectively, but are not reported in the fund financial statements. In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for public purposes, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. Infrastructure is reported for depreciation purposes on a prospective basis beginning January 1, 2005. All capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	25 - 40 years
Furniture and Equipment	5 -15 years
Books and videos	7 years
Infrastructure	40 years

CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash

The cash and cash equivalents of the Police Jury are subject to the following risks.

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Police Jury will not be able to recover its deposits. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the financial agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal or exceed the amount on deposit with the fiscal bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Louisiana Revised Statue 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the Police Jury that the fiscal agent bank has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand. Further, Louisiana Revised Statue 39:1224 states that securities held by a third party shall be deemed to be held in the Police Jury's name.

Interest Rate Risk: This is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity is its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The Police Jury does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. However, as a means of offsetting exposure to interest rate risk, the Police Jury diversifies its investments by security type and institution.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Credit Risk: Generally, credit risk is the risk that the issuer of a debt type investment will not fulfill its obligation to the folder of the investment. U.S. government securities or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk exposure. The Police Jury's investments comply with Louisiana Statues (LSA R.S. 33:2955). Under state law, the Police Jury may deposit funds with a fiscal agent organized under the laws of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the union, or the laws of the United States. The Police Jury may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes and bills, government-backed agency securities, or certificates of time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana.

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the Police Jury. State statutes authorize the Police Jury to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Government Agencies, or time certificates of deposit of state banks organized under the laws of Louisiana and national banks having the principal office in the State of Louisiana, as stipulated in R.S. 39:1271, or any other federally insured investment. In addition, local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool, Inc. (LAMP), a non-profit corporation formed by an initiative of the State Treasurer and organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana which generates a local government investment pool.

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. At December 31, 2024, the Police Jury had \$44,701,369 in deposits (collected bank balances). These deposits are secured from risk by \$257,754 of federal deposit insurance and \$44,443,615 of pledged securities held by the custodial bank in the name of the fiscal agent bank.

Restricted Cash

Restricted cash of \$35,755,573 has been restricted for coastal restoration and cleanup projects.

Investments

State statutes authorize the Police Jury to invest in Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP), U.S. Treasury notes and bonds, U.S. agency securities, and other governmental debt obligations with limited exceptions as noted in LA-R.S. 33.2955. Investments in time certificates of deposits can be placed with state banks, national banks or federal credit unions as permitted in state statute. Corporate bonds can purchased with from companies incorporated in the United States, with a Standards and Poor's credit rating of AA- and have a maturity date of 5 years or less.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

As of December 31, 2024, the Police Jury had its assets in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP). The below schedule identifies the investments by type:

			Maturity				
Type of Debt Investment	Fair Value	Less than 1 Year	1 to 5 Years	6 to 10 Years	(Standards and Poor's)		
Investments measured at fair value							
Federated Hermes							
Government Obligation Fund	\$ 111,371	\$ 111,371			AAAm		
Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV)							
External investment pool	9,065,201	9.065,201			AAAm		
Total Investments	\$ 9,176,572	\$ 9,176,572		<u> </u>			

The Police Jury categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The investment in certificates of deposits were valued using quoted market prices in active markets. The investments in external government pooled funds were valued at fair market value which is the same as the net asset value of the pooled shares. All of the Police Jury's investments were invested in LAMP which are measured at the net asset value.

Level 2 inputs – Federated Hermes Government Obligation Fund investments totaling \$111,371 are valued using a market based approach comprised of a combination of directly observable quoted prices and a matrix pricing technique that relies on the securities' relationship to other benchmark quoted securities.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u>: The Police Jury's policy on investments states that safety of principal is the foremost objective, followed by liquidity and yield. Each investment transaction shall seek to first ensure that capital losses are avoided no matter the sources.

<u>Credit Rate Risk</u>: The Police Jury's policy states that investment decisions should not incur unreasonable risks in order to obtain current investment income and requires the overall quality rating to be no lower than AA- as measured by Standard & Poor's or the equivalent rating (Aa3) by Moody's Investor Service.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u>: The District's investment portfolio consisted of 100% in external investment pool.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk-Investments</u>: For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counter party, the Police Jury will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Police Jury's policy addresses custodial credit risk for investments by requiring that they must be held by national banks, state-chartered banks or a national or state trust company in the name of the Police Jury.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

The \$9,065,201 in external investment pool is invested in LAMP. LAMP is administered by LAMP, Inc., a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana. Only local government entities having contracted to participate in LAMP have an investment interest in its pool of assets. The primary objective of LAMP is to provide a safe environment for the placement of public funds in short term, high quality investments. The LAMP portfolio includes only securities and other obligations in which local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in accordance with LA-R.S. 33.2955. LAMP is a governmental investment pool that reports at fair value. The following facts are relevant for investment pools:

Credit risk: LAMP is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

<u>Custodial credit risk</u>: LAMP participants' investments in the pool are evidenced by shares of the pool. Investments in pools should be disclosed, but not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form. The public entity's investment is with the pool, not the securities that make up the pool; therefore, no disclosure is required.

<u>Concentration of credit risk</u>: Pooled investments are excluded from the 5 percent disclosure requirement.

Interest rate risk: LAMP is designed to be highly liquid to give its participants immediate access to their account balances. LAMP prepares its own interest rate disclosure using the weighted average maturity (WAM) method. The WAM of LAMP assets is restricted to not more than 90 days and consists of no securities with a maturity in excess of 397 days or 762 days for U.S. Government floating/variable rate investments.

8. INVENTORY

Inventory of the Road and Bridge Maintenance Fund is valued at cost (first-in, first-out). Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The expenditures are recognized when the items are purchased.

Inventory of the General Fund consist of 111 parcels of property that were donated to the Cameron Parish Police Jury from the Road Home Corporation doing business as the Louisiana Land Trust which operates under the authority of the Louisiana. Recovery Authority and is administered by the Office of Community Development. The properties were valued at the fair value of the properties at the time of the donation. At December 31, 2024, the value of these properties was \$1,793,767 and are accounted for as deferred inflows on the Governmental Fund Statements.

9. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as due from other funds or due to other funds on the balance sheet.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

LONG-TERM DEBT

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of bonds.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures.

EQUITY CLASSIFICATION

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets, net of related debt".

In the fund statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed assigned and unassigned.

- a. Nonspendable Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of state or federal laws or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.
- c. Committed Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by the Police Jury ordinance or resolution.
- d. Assigned fund balance Includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes based on internal (Board) actions.
- e. Unassigned fund balance Includes positive fund balance within the general fund which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

12. USE OF RESTRICTED RESOURCES

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources (net assets), the Police Jury's policy is to first apply the expense toward restricted resources and then toward unrestricted resources. In governmental funds, the Police Jury's policy is to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to other, less-restrictive classifications committed and then assigned fund balances before using unassigned fund balances.

13. ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates end assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

14. COMPENSATED ABSENSES

Employees, including employees of the library and criminal court, may accumulate from 5 to 25 days of annual leave, depending on their length of service with the parish. Prior to January 1, 2011, vacation leave could be accumulated without limitation. Effective January 1, 2011, vacation leave is not permitted to be accumulated. Upon resignation or retirement, unused vacation leave is paid to the employee at the employee's current rate of pay for the amount accumulated at July 2, 1990, in addition to unused vacation leave earned since that date through December 31, 2010, not to exceed \$3,000. Upon retirement, the excess unpaid annual leave is used in the retirement benefit computation as carrel service. Employees may accumulate 12 to 18 days of sick leave each year, depending on their length of service. Sick leave may be accumulated without limitation. Any unused accumulated sick leave is forfeited by the employee at the time of resignation or retirement.

At December 31, 2024, employees have accumulated and vested \$277,766 of employee leave benefits, computed in accordance with GASB Codification Section C60. The cost of leave privileges, computed in accordance with the previous codification, is recognized as a current year expenditure within the governmental funds when leave is actually taken. Gravity Drainage District No. 8 has no employees; therefore, there are no policies for vacation and sick leave.

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through June 16, 2025, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE B - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Police Jury is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and injuries to employees. To handle such risk of loss, the Police Jury maintains commercial insurance policies covering: automobile liability, surety bond coverage, flood insurance, and property insurance. In addition to the above policies, the Police Jury maintains a general liability policy and an errors and omissions policy.

To cover its risk associated with injuries to employees, the Police Jury is self-insured up to \$225,000 per occurrence. Claims over and above this amount are insured through insurance coverage. No claims were paid on any of the policies during the past three years which exceeded the policies' coverage amount.

NOTE C - AD VALOREM

The following is a summary of taxable assessed valuations and levied ad valorem taxes:

	Assessed	Levied	Expiration
	<u>Valuation</u>	<u>Millage</u>	Date
Parish-wide taxes:			
Parish	537,595,970	4.04	Indefinite
Road maintenance and construction	537,595,970	6.61	2033
Garbage	537,595,970	8.10	2024
Courthouse maintenance	537,595,970	2.64	2033
Library maintenance	537,595,970	6.00	2029
Health unit maintenance	537,595,970	1.32	2033
Fire protection districts:			
South Cameron Consolidated	76,402,473	8.33	2031
No. 10: Maintenance	275,020,170	8.04	2032
No. 14: Maintenance	42,299,890	5.06	2031
No. 15: Maintenance	4,232,499	7.98	2031
No. 16: Maintenance	2,680,873	12.06	2030
Hackberry Fire District 1	136,960,089	4.67	2034
Gravity Drainage District #8	39,535,717	2.17	2029

Property tax millage rates are adopted in July for the calendar year in which the taxes are levied and recorded. All taxes are due and collectible when the assessment rolls are filed on or before November 15th of the current year, and become delinquent after December 31st. Property taxes not paid by the end of February are subject to lien. An allowance for uncollectables is recorded at \$304,545 at December 31, 2024 based on prior year history collections and amounts paid under protest.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE D - RECEIVABLES

The following is a summary of receivables at December 31, 2024:

	Ge	neral Fund		Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Funds	Capital Projects Funds		Total

Taxes-Ad Valorem Intergovernmental:		2,058,148	\$ 1	12,545,443	\$ 166,522	\$ -	\$ 14	,770,113
Federal		1,513,890		1,643,842	-	-	3	3,157.732
State & Local		930,055		89,946	=	=	1	,020,001
Other		16,294		93,896	 _	 _		110,190
Total	\$	<u>4,518,387</u>	\$ ^	<u>14,373,127</u>	\$ 166,522	\$ _	<u>\$ 19</u>	0,058, <u>036</u>

NOTE E - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following schedule presents changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2024:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	Deletions_	Ending Balance
Land	\$ 1,656,790	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,656,790
Construction in progress	5,373,390	16,865,688	(1,640,257)	20,598,821
Building and improvements	70,302,052	1,640,257	-	71,942,309
Books and videos	1,054,697	44,804	(108,436)	991,065
Equipment and furniture	20,082,874	1,458,318	-	21,541,192
Capital leased equipment	1,429,483	320,047	(214,124)	1,535,406
Infrastructure	<u> 102,510,284</u>			<u>102,510,284</u>
Total capital assets at historical costs	202,409,570	20,329,114	(1,962,817)	220,775,867
Less accumulated depreciation	68,344,391	6,053,014	(287,702)	74,109,703
Total capital assets, net	\$ 134,065,179	<u>\$ 14,276,100</u>	\$ (1,675,115)	<u>\$146,666,164</u>

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Genera	I G	ovei	rnm	ent:
Ochela		$\sigma v c i$	1 11 1 1	CHIL.

Concidi Coverninoni:		
Elections	\$	3,304
Finance and Administration		541,698
Judicial		830,810
Legislative		68,207
Other		112,103
Public Safety		1,174,158
Public Works, including depreciation for infrastructure asset		2,485,344
Economic development		280,739
Health and Welfare		110,979
Culture and Recreation		<u>445,672</u>
Total	<u>\$_</u>	6,053,014

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE E - CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

Construction in progress at December 31, 2024 of \$20,598,821 consists of the following projects:

		Estimated	Estimated
	Costs to	Remaining	Completion
Project	Date	Costs	Date
OEP Pavilion	\$ 574,229	\$ 93,000	December 2025
Rockefeller Ext – Restore Act	17,196,527	20,083,000	December 2025
North Cameron Emergency Operation	1,922,343	1,078.000	December 2025
South Cameron Water	905,722	<u>unknown</u>	June 2026
	\$ 20,598,821	\$ 21,254,000	

NOTE F – ACCOUNTS PAYABLES

The following is a summary of accounts payables at December 31, 2024:

		Special General Revenue Fund Fund			Debt Service		Capital Projects <u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>	
Trade	\$	437,123	\$ 1,76	65,719	\$	-	\$	_	\$	2,202,842
Pension Deduction		72,405	43	39,242		5,502		-		517,149
Payroll Related Costs		_	24	48,603		-		-		248,603
Construction Costs		125,969		4,500		<u>-</u>				130,469
Total	\$	635,497	\$ 2.45	58,064	<u>\$</u>	5,502	\$	_	\$	3,099,063

NOTE G - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liabilities consist of loans, capital lease obligations, general obligation bonds, revenue bonds and compensated absences.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE G - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

The following is a summary of the change in long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2024:

	Beginning Balance	Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year
Debt:								
General obligation bonds	\$ _10,050,000	\$	\$	1,245,000	\$_	8,805,000	\$	640,000
Total bonds payable	10,050,000			1,245,000		8,805,000		640,000
Other Obligations:								
Capital leases	618,389	320,047		316,117		622,319		177,439
Compensated absences	248,018	29,748		-		277,766		248,018
Net pension liability				0.404.000		. 74		
(asset) Other post-employment	3,928,816	-		2,184,360		1,744,456		-
benefits	5,155,539	_		1,008,312		4,147,227		_
Total other obligations	9,950,762	349,795		1,324,429		6,791,768		425,457
Governmental activity								
long-term liabilities	\$ 20,000,762	\$ 349,795	\$_	2,569,429	\$_	15,596,768	\$_	1,065,457

Capitalized lease obligations are paid from the general fund, and compensated absences liabilities are paid by the general fund and several special revenues.

General Obligation Bonds are comprised of the following individual issues:

Hackberry Fire Protection District No 1 of Cameron Parish - \$1,000,000 Issue of June 20, 2017, due in annual installments of \$85,000 to \$110,000 through March 1, 2027; interest at 1.85 to 2.75 percent. Debt retirements are made from Hackberry Fire District Debt Service Fund.

\$ 325,000

Revenue Bonds are comprised of the following issues:

Louisiana Local. Government Environmental Facilities & Community Development Authority Revenue Bonds (Cameron Parish, Louisiana GOMESA Project) Series 2018 - \$11,895,000; Issued on June 6, 2018; due in annual installments of \$430,000 to \$1,060,000 through September 30, 2038; interest at 5.65 percent. Debt retirements are made from GOMESA Debt Service Fund.

8,480,000

Capital leases 622,319

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE G - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

Other post-employment benefits payable	\$ 4,147,227
Net pension liability	1,744,456
Compensating absences	<u>277,766</u> 15,596.768
Less amount due within one year	(1,065,457)
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 14,531,311

At December 31, 2024, \$1,849,256 is available in debt service funds to service the bonds.

The General Obligation Bonds are secured by an annual ad valorem tax levy.

In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 39:562, the Police Jury is legally restricted from incurring long-term bonded debt in excess of 10 percent of the assessed value of taxable property in the parish.

As of December 31, 2024, the annual requirements to amortize the bond debt including interest payments of \$4,809,791, are as follows:

<u>Year Ending</u> :	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>
2025	\$ 640,000	\$	573,493
2026	680,000		540,440
2027	710,000		505,211
2028	635,000		469,798
2029	675,000		433,920
2030-2034	4,000,000		1,332,553
2035-2039	<u>1,465,000</u>		<u> 261,171</u>
Totals	<u>\$ 8,805,000</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>4,116,586</u>

NOTE H - LEASES

The following is a summary of property held under capital lease at December 31, 2024:

Equipment and Vehicles	\$ 1	1,535,406
Less accumulated amortization		(913,086)
	\$	622,320

The annual requirements to maturity for capital leases are as follows:

	F	rincipal	In	terest
2025	S	177,439	\$	33,645
2026		142,447		24,436
2027		146,559		14,847
2028		112,605		5,939
2029		43,270		1,049
Thereafter				_
	- 5	622,320	<u> </u>	79,916

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE H - LEASES - CONTINUED

Capital leases payable at December 31, 2024 consist of the following:

	Original Amount	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Balance Outstanding
2020 Silverado 1500	26,050	1/13/2025	3.25%	470
2020 Silverado 3500HD	40.894	3/3/2025	3.25%	2,206
2020 Silverado 2500HD	31,158	4/29/2025	3.25%	2,238
2021 Traverse	21,891	4/6/2025	3.25%	1,935
2021 Silverado 3500HD	23,815	4/22/2025	3.25%	2,105
2021 Suburban	32,410	4/6/2025	3.25%	2,864
2021 Silverado 3500HD	25,157	7/7/2025	3.25%	3,317
2021 Silverado 3500HD	33,748	4/29/2025	3.25%	2,983
2021 Silverado 3500HD	33,110	4/22/2025	3.25%	2,926
2023 Chevy Tahoe 4x4	36,655	8/31/2027	3.48%	19,674
2023 Chevy Suburban	33,655	10/24/2027	9.91%	20,441
2023 Chevy Suburban	37,152	3/24/2023	7.51%	25,697
2023 GMC Terrain	34,602	5/8/2023	6.75%	24,876
2023 Silverado 1500	31,648	6/15/2023	7.04%	23,290
2023 Silverado 1500	34,363	6/15/2023	7.04%	25,288
2023 Silverado 1500	35.422	6/15/2023	7.04%	26,068
2023 Silverado 1500	43,502	6/19/2023	7.32%	32,074
2024 Silverado 3500	31,261	11/17/2023	7.78%	25,477
2023 Ford F150	37,765	12/7/2023	7.48%	31,293
2023 Ford F150	32.718	12/21/2023	7.13%	26,666
2024 Ford Explorer	31,009	5/16/2029	5.64%	27,825
2023 Ford F-150	36,407	4/4/2029	5.64%	32,124
2024 GMC Terrain	38,733	12/30/2029	5.64%	38,733
2025 Silverado 3500HD	46.749	11/8/2029	5.64%	46,073
2024 Silverado 3500HD	53,978	9/5/2029	5.64%	51,624
2024 Silverado 3500HD	54,211	9/5/2029	5.64%	51,847
2024 Silverado 3500HD	58,959	1/11/2029	5.64%	49,354
Function 4 - Copier Leases (10)	190,894	4/15/2022	3.25%	22,852
	\$ 1,164,916			\$ 622,320

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE I - PENSION PLANS

Parochial Employees Retirement System of Louisiana

Substantially all employees of the Cameron Parish Police Jury are members of the Parochial Employees Retirement System of Louisiana (System), a cost-sharing, a multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by a separate board of trustees. The System is composed of two plans, Plan A and. Plan B, with separate assets and benefit provisions. All employees of the Police Jury are members of Plan A.

All permanent employees working at least twenty-eight hours per week who are paid wholly or in part from parish funds and all elected parish officials are eligible to participate in the System. Under Plan A, employees hired after January 1, 2007 can retire at any age with 30 years, age 55 with 25 years, age 60 with 10 year and age 65 with 7 years of creditable service. Employees hired after January 1, 2007 can retire at age 55 with 30 years, age 62 with 10 years and 65 with 7 years of creditable service are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 3 percent of their final-average salary for each year of creditable service. However, for those employees who were members of the supplemental plan only before January I, 1980, the benefit is equal to one percent of final-average salary plus \$24 for each year of supplemental-plan-only service earned. before January 1, 1980, plus 3 percent of final-average salary for each year of service credited after the revision date. Final-average salary is the employee's average salary over the 36 consecutive or joined months that produce the highest average. Employees who terminate with at least the amount of creditable service stated above and do not withdraw their employee contributions, may retire at the ages specified above and receive the benefit accrued to their date of termination. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established or amended by state statute.

The System: issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Parochial Employees' Retirement System, Post Office Box 14619, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70898-4619, or by calling (504) 928-1361.

Under Plan A, members are required by state statute to contribute 9.50 percent of their annual covered salary and the Cameron. Parish Police Jury is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 11.5 percent of annual covered payroll.

Contributions to the System also include one-fourth of one percent of the taxes shown to be collectible by the tax rolls of each parish, except Orleans and East Baton Rouge Parishes. These tax dollars are divided between Plan A and Plan B, based proportionately on the salaries of the active members of each plan. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Cameron Parish Police Jury are established, and may be: amended by state statute. As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The Cameron Parish Police Jury's contributions to the System under Plan A for the year ended December 31, 2024, was \$650,494.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE I - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

At December 31, 2024, the Police Jury reported a liability of \$582,908 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Police Jury's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Police Jury's long-term share of contributions to their pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At December 31, 2024, the Police Jury's proportion was .6118341%.

For the year ended December 31, 2024 the Police Jury's recognized pension expense (benefit) of \$275,232 including employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions, \$15,250. At December 31, 2024, the Police Jury reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	red Outflows Resources	ed Inflows of esources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 276,025	\$ 156,464
Difference between expected and actual Investment	939,441	-
Changes in assumption	-	101,555
Changes in proportion and differences between:		
Contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	81,731
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 650,494	 _
Total	 1,865,960	\$ 339,750

\$650,494 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Police Jury's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2025. Other accounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	A	mount
2025	\$	45,890
2026		458,398
2027		785,780
2028		(402,094)
2029		-
Thereafter		_

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE I - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

Actuarial methods and assumption. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date December 31, 2023

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Investment Rate of Return 6.40% (Net of investment expense)

Expected Remaining Service

Lives

4 years

Projected Salary Increases Plan A – 4.75% (2.30% Inflation)

Cost of Living Adjustments The present values of future retirement benefits is based

on benefits currently being paid by the System and includes previously granted cost of living increases. The present values do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet amortized by the Board of

Trustees.

Mortality Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for

Healthy Retirees multiplied by 130% for males and 125% for females using MP2021 scale for annuitant and beneficiary mortality. For employees, the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for General Employees multiplied by 130% for males and 125% for

females using MP2021 scale. Pub-2010 Public

Retirement Plans Mortality Table for General Disabled Retirees multiplied by 130% for males and 125% for females using MP2021 scale for disabled annuitants.

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.40% for Plan A. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers and non-employer contributing entities will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates, which are calculated in accordance with relevant statutes and approved by the Board of Trustees and the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE I - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a triangulation method which integrated the CAPM pricing model (top-down), a treasury yield curve approach (bottom-up) and an equity building-block model (bottom-up). Risk return and correlations and projected on a forward looking basis in equilibrium, in which best-estimates of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These rates are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation of 2.40% and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The resulting expected long-term rate of return is 7.50% for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2023 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
	Target Asset	Portfolio Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
Fixed income	33%	1.12%
Equity	51%	3.20%
Alternatives	14%	0.67%
Real assets	2%	0.11%
Total	100%	5.10%
Inflation		2.40%
Expected Arithmetic Nominal Return		7.50%

The mortality rate assumption used was set based upon an experience study performed on plan data for the period January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2022. The data was then assigned credibility weighting and combined with a standard table to produce current levels of mortality. As a result of this study, mortality for employees was set equal to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for General Employees multiplied by 130% for males and 125% for females, each with full generational projection using the MP2021 scale. In addition, mortality for annuitants and beneficiaries was set equal to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement plans Mortality Table for Healthy Retirees multiplied by 130% for males and 125% for females, each with fill generational projection using the MP2021 scale. For Disabled annuitants mortality was set equal to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plan Mortality Table for General Disabled Retirees multiplied by 130% for males and 125% for females, each with full generational projection using the MP2021 scale.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE I - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

Sensitivity to changes in discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the Police Jury calculated using the discount rate of 6.40%, as well as what the employers' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower 5.40% or one percentage point higher 7.40% than the current rate.

	Changes in Discount Rate 2024				
			(Current	
	1 9	% Decrease 5.40%		count Rate 6.40%	1% Increase 7.40%
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	4,159,153	\$	582,908	\$ (2,418,995)

Firefighters Retirement System

The Firefighters' Retirement System is a defined benefit pension plan covering firefighters employed by any municipality, parish, or fire protection district of the State of Louisiana under the provisions of Louisiana Revised Statutes 11:2252 through 2269 effective January 1, 1980. The Plan covers substantially all members of the Parish's fire department. All new employees of the fire department must join this plan except for employees performing unrelated fire duties.

Employees with 20 years or more of service who have attained age 50 or employees with 12 years of service who have attained age 55 or 25 years of service at any age are entitled to annual pension benefits equal to 3 1/3% of their average final compensation based on the 36 consecutive months of highest pay multiplied by their total years of service, not to exceed 100%. Employees may elect to receive their pension benefits in the form of a joint and survivor annuity. If employees terminate before rendering 12 years of service, they forfeit the right to receive the portion of their accumulated plan benefits attributable to their employer's contributions. Employees who terminate with at least the amount of creditable service stated above and do not withdraw their employee contributions may retire at the ages specified above and receive the benefit accrued to their date of termination. The Firefighters' Retirement System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established by state statute.

State statute requires employees to contribute 10 percent of their salary to the retirement system for December 31, 2024; the Police Jury was required to contribute 32.25 percent of covered employees' salaries. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Cameron Parish Police Jury are established by state statute. As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 112252 through 2269, employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The Police Jury's contributions to the Firefighters' Retirement System for the year ended December 31, 2024, was \$181,893.

The Firefighters' Retirement System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the retirement system. That report may be obtained by writing to the Firefighters' Retirement System, 2051 Silverside Drive, Suite 10, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 708084136, or by calling (225) 925-4060.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE I - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

At December 31, 2024, the Police Jury reported a liability of \$1,047,520 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Police Jury's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Police Jury's long-term share of contributions to their pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At December 31, 2024, the Police Jury's proportion was .1860410%.

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the Police Jury's recognized pension expense (benefit) of \$108,156 including employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions, \$7,640. At December 31, 2024, the Police Jury reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

		ed Outflows esources		ed Inflows of esources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	78.645	\$	24,912
Difference between expected and actual	Ψ	70,043	Ψ	24,912
Investment		10,596		-
Changes in assumption		44,813		-
Changes in proportion and differences between:				
Contributions and proportionate share of contributions		19,413		323,431
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		181,893		_
Total	\$	335,360	\$	348,343

\$181,893 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Police Jury's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2025. Other accounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	Amount
2025	\$ (57,271)
2026	101,045
2027	(64,901)
2028	(59,267)
2029	(21,723)
Thereafter	(1,078)

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE I - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

Actuarial methods and assumption. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2024, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date June 30, 2024

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Investment Rate of Return 6.90% per annum (net of investment expenses, including

inflation)

Inflation Rate 2.50% per annum

Expected Remaining Service

Lives

7 years

Projected Salary Increases 14.10% in the first two years of service and 5.20% with 3

or more years of services; includes inflation and merit

increases

Cost of Living Adjustments For the purpose of determining the present value of

benefits, COLAs were deemed not to be substantively automatic and those previously granted were included.

The mortality rate assumptions were updated in fiscal year 2024 to reflect changes from the recent experience study and rates set in the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans mortality tables, as compared to the RP-2000 Combined Healthy and Disabled Lives tables that were used for the previous valuation. For the June 30, 2022 valuation, assumptions for mortality rates were based on the following:

- For active members, mortality was set equal to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Employees.
- For annuitants and beneficiaries, mortality was set equal to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Healthy Retirees.
- For disabled retirees, mortality was set equal to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Disabled Retirees.
- In all cases the base table was multiplied by 105% for males and 115% for females, each with full generational projection using the appropriate MP2019 scale.

The estimated long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The long term expected nominal rate of return was 6.90% as of June 30,

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE I - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

2024. Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in FRS' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2024 are summarized in the following table:

		Target Asset	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of
	Asset Class	Allocation	Return
	U.S. Core Fixed Income	22.00%	2.09%
Fixed income	U.S. TIPS	2.00%	2.00%
	Emerging Market Debt	2.00%	4.05%
	Multisector Fixed Income	4.00%	2.34%
	U.S. Equity	28.50%	6.24%
Empli	Non-U.S. Equity	11.00%	6.36%
Equity	Global Equity	10.00%	6.42%
	Emerging Market Equity	4.50%	8.26%
	Real Estate	4.00%	4.85%
Alternatives	Private Equity	9.00%	9.77%
	Real Assets	3.00%	5.93%
Total		100%	

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and the contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity to changes in discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the Police Jury calculated using the discount rate of 6.90%, as well as what the employers' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower 5.90% or one percentage point higher 7.90% than the current rate.

	Changes in Discount Rate 2024						
	-			Current			
	19	1% Decrease Discount Rate 5.90% 6.90%		1% Increase 7.90%			
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	1,739,098	\$	1,047,520	\$	470,672	

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE I - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

Louisiana District Attorney's Retirement System

The district attorney and assistant district attorneys are members of the Louisiana District Attorneys Retirement System (System), a multiple-employer (cost-sharing), public employee retirement system (PERS), controlled and administered by a separate board of trustees.

Assistant district attorneys who earn, as a minimum, the amount paid by the state for assistant district attorneys and are under the age of 60 at the time of original employment and all district attorneys are required to participate in the System. For members who joined the system before July 1, 1990, and who elected not to be covered by the new provisions, the following applies: Any member with 23 or more years of creditable service regardless of age may retire with a 3% benefit reduction for each year below age 55, provided that no reduction is applied if the member has 30 or more years of service. Any member with at least 18 years of service may retire at age 55 with a 3% benefit reduction for each year below age 60. In addition, any member with at least 10 years of set vice may retire at age 60 with a 3% benefit reduction for each year retiring below the age of 62. The retirement benefit is equal to 3% of the member's final average compensation, defined by L.R.S. 11:1581(5), multiplied by the number of years of his membership service, not to exceed 100% of average final compensation.

For members who joined the System after July 1, 1990, or who elected to be covered by the new provisions the following applies: Members are eligible to receive normal retirement benefits if they are age 60 and have 10 years of service credit, are age 55 and have 24 years of service credit, or have 30 years of service credit regardless of age. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 3.5% of the member's final-average compensation multiplied by years of membership service. A member is eligible for early retirement if he is age 55 and has 18 years of service credit. The early retirement benefit is equal to the normal retirement benefit reduced 3% for each year the member retires in advance of normal retirement age. Benefits may not exceed 100 percent of average final compensation. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established by state statute.

State statute requires covered employees to contribute 8.0 percent of their salaries to the System, The Cameron Parish Police Jury was required to contribute 7.0 percent to the Louisiana District Attorneys Retirement System. Contributions to the System also include 0.2 percent of the ad valorem taxes collected throughout the state and revenue sharing funds as appropriated by the Louisiana legislature. The Police Jury's contributions to the Louisiana District Attorneys Retirement System for the year ended December 31, 2024, was \$12,731.

The Louisiana District Attorneys Retirement System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the retirement system. That report may be obtained by writing to the District Attorney's Retirement System, 2109 Decatur Street, New Orleans, Louisiana 70116, or by calling (504) 947-5551.

At December 31, 2024, the Police Jury reported a liability of \$95,096 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Police Jury's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Police Jury's long-term share of contributions to their pension plan relative to the projected

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE I - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At December 31, 2024, the Police Jury's proportion was .197865%.

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the Police Jury's recognized pension expense (benefit) of \$53,834 including employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions, \$5,490. At December 31, 2024, the Police Jury reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	6,108	\$ 5,743	
Difference between expected and actual Investment		<u>-</u>	30.017	
Changes in assumption Changes in proportion and differences		12,995	-	
between: Contributions and proportionate share of				
contributions Contributions subsequent to the		7,925	(14,309)	
measurement date		12,731	 	
Total	_ \$	39,759	\$ 21,451	

\$12,731 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Police Jury's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2025. Other accounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	Amount
2025	\$ 21,733
2026	18,811
2027	31,930
2028	(117)
2029	-
Thereafter	-

Actuarial methods and assumption. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2024, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE I - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

Valuation Date June 30, 2024

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Investment Rate of Return 6.10% net of investment expense

Expected Remaining Service

Lives

5 years

Projected Salary Increases 5.00% (2.20% Inflation, 2.80% Merit)

Mortality Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for

General Above-Median Employees multiplied by 115% for males and females for current employees, each will full generational projection using the MP2019 scale.

Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for General Above-Median Healthy Retirees multiplied by 115% for males and females for annuitants and

beneficiaries, each with full generational projection using

the MP2019 scale.

Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for General Disabled Retirees multiplied by 115% for males and females for annuitants and beneficiaries, each with full generational projection using the MP2019 scale.

Cost of Living Adjustments Only those previously granted

The mortality rate assumption used was set based upon an experience study performed on plan data for the period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2019. The data was then assigned credibility weighting and combined with a standard table to produce current levels of mortality. This mortality was then projected forward to a period equivalent to the estimated duration of the System's liabilities. Annuity values calculated based on this mortality were compared to those produced by using a set-back of standard tables. The result of the procedure indicated that the tables used would produce liability values approximating the appropriate generational mortality tables.

The estimated long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The long term expected nominal rate of return was 7.80% as of June 30, 2024.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE I - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in FRS' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2024 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	42.50%	6.0%
Equity	50.00%	16.0%
Alternatives	7.50%	4.5%
Total	100.0%	26.02%
Inflation		2.50%
Expected Arithmetic Nominal Return		7.80%

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and the contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity to changes in discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the Police Jury calculated using the discount rate of 6.10%, as well as what the employers' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower 5.10% or one percentage point higher 7.10% than the current rate.

	Changes in Discount Rate 2024						
			С	urrent			
		Decrease 5.10%		ount Rate 5.10%		Increase ′.10%	
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	247,177	\$	95,096	\$	32,499	

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE I - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

Registrar of Voters Retirement System

The registrar of voters, their deputies and their permanent employees are members of the Registrars of Voters Retirement System (System), a multiple-employer (cost-sharing) public employee retirement system (PERS), controlled and administered by a separate board of trustees. The plan operates under the provisions of Louisiana Revised Statutes 11:2031 through 2144.

Any member is eligible for normal retirement after 20 years of creditable service and is age 60. Any member with 30 years of creditable service regardless of age is entitled to retire. Regular retirement benefits are equal to 3% of the final average compensation multiplied by the number of years of creditable service, not to exceed 100% of the final average compensation. Any member whose withdrawal from service prior to attaining the age of 60 years, who shall have completed twelve or more years of creditable service and shall not have received a refund of the members accumulated contributions, shall become eligible for a deferred allowance upon attaining the age of 60 years. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established by state statute.

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement allowance any member with eleven or more years of service at age 61, twenty one or more years of service at age 56, or thirty one or more years of service at any age may elect to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) for up to three years and defer the receipt of benefits.

Contributions to the system include one-sixteenth of one percent of the ad valorem taxes shown to be collectible by the tax rolls of each parish. For the December 31, 2024 Police Jury was required to contribute 17.0 percent of covered employees' salaries. Member contributions are established by state statute and are equal to 7.00 percent of each employee's salary. The Police Jury's contributions to the Registrars of Voters Retirement System for the year ended December 31, 2024 was \$4,678.

The Registrars of Voters Retirement System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the retirement system. That report may be obtained by writing to the Registrars of Voters Retirement System., PO Box 57, Jennings, Louisiana 70546, or by calling (337) 824-0834.

At December 31, 2024, the Police Jury reported a liability of \$18,932 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Police Jury's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Police Jury's long-term share of contributions to their pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At December 31, 2024, the Police Jury's proportion was .17209600%.

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the Police Jury's recognized pension expense (benefit) of \$(2,104) including employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions, \$1,308. At December 31, 2024, the Police Jury reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE I - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

	 Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$	2,913	
Difference between expected and actual Investment	-		3,232	
Change in assumption	2,063		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between:				
Contributions and proportionate share of contributions	705		7.506	
Contributions subsequent to the	, 55		7.000	
measurement date	 4,678		-	
Total	 7,446	\$	13,651	

\$4,678 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Police Jury's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2025. Other accounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	Amount
2025	\$ (1,359)
2026	5,439
2027	(3,115)
2028	(1,385)
2029	-
Thereafter	-

Actuarial methods and assumption. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2024, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2024
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Investment Rate of Return	6.25% net of investment expense

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE I - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

Expected Remaining Service

Lives

5 years

Projected Salary Increases

5.25% (2.30% Inflation)

Mortality

RP-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for general employees multiplied by 120% for males and 120% for females each with full generational projection using the appropriate MP-2019 improvement scale –

Employees, Annuitant and Beneficiaries.

PR-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for general disabled retirees multiplied by 120% for males and 120% for females each with full generational projection using the appropriate MP-2019 improvement

scale - Disabled Annuitants.

Cost of Living Adjustments

The present value of future retirement benefits is based on benefits currently being paid by the System and includes previously granted cost of living increases. The present values do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees as they were deemed not to be substantively

automatic.

The mortality rate assumption used was set based upon an experience study performed on plan data for the period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2019. The data was then assigned credibility weighting and combined with a standard table to produce current levels of mortality. This mortality was then projected forward to a period equivalent to the estimated duration of the System's liabilities. Annuity values calculated based on this mortality were compared to those produced by using a set-back of standard tables. The result of the procedure indicated that the tables used would produce liability values approximating the appropriate generational mortality tables.

The estimated long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The long term expected nominal rate of return was 8.37% as of June 30, 2024.

Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in FRS' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2024 are summarized in the following table:

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE I - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

	Target Asset	Real Return Arithmetic	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Basis	Return
Domestic Equities	37.5%	7.50%	2.81%
International Equities	20.0%	8.50%	1.70%
Domestic Fixed Income	22.5%	2.50%	0.56%
International Fixed Income	10.0%	3.50%	0.35%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.50%	0.45%
Totals	100%		5.87%
Inflation Expected Arithmetic Nominal			2.50%
Return			8.37%

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and the contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity to changes in discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the Police Jury calculated using the discount rate of 6.25%, as well as what the employers' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower 5.25% or one percentage point higher 7.25% than the current rate.

	Changes in Discount Rate 2024					
				urrent		
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase 7.25%	
		5.25%		5.25%		.25%
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	46,285	\$	18,932	\$	4,362

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE J - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE AND LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description – The Cameron Parish Police Jury (the Police Jury) provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for its retired employees. The Cameron Parish Police Jury's OPEB Plan (the OPEB Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Police Jury. The authority to establish and/or amend the obligation of the employer, employees and retirees rests with the Police Jury. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Benefits Provided – Medical and life insurance benefits are provided through comprehensive plans and are made available to employees upon actual retirement. Employees retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions are as follows: Employees are covered by the Parochial Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana, whose retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions are as follows: 30 years of service at any age; age 55 and 25 years of service; age 60 and 10 years of service; or, age 65 and 7 years of service. For employees hired on and after January 1, 2007 retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions are as follows: age 55 and 30 years of service; age 62 and 10 years of service; or, age 67 and 7 years of service.

Life insurance coverage is provided to retirees and 100% of the rate is paid by the employer for the amount \$20,000.

Employees covered by benefit terms – At December 31, 2024, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit	24
payments	
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	86
	110

Total OPEB Liability

The Police Jury's total OPEB liability of \$4,147,227 was measured as of December 31, 2024 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and other inputs – The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE J - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE AND LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS - CONTINUED

Inflation 3.0%

Salary increases 3.0%, including inflation

Discount rate 3.26% annually (Beginning of Year to Determine ADC)

4.08%, annually (As of End of Year Measurement Date)

Healthcare cost trend rates Getzen model, with an initial tread of 5.5%

Mortality Pub-2010/2021

The discount rate was based on the average of the Bond Buyers' 20 Year General Obligation municipal bond index as of December 31, 2024, the end of the applicable measurement period.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2024 valuation were based on the results of ongoing evaluations of the assumptions from January 1, 2009 to December 31, 2024.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ 5,155,539
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	119,976
Interest	168,394
Differences between expected and actual experience	(620,100)
Changes in assumptions	(455,883)
Benefit payments and net transfers	 (170,624)
Net changes	 (958,237)
Balance at December 31, 2024	\$ 4,147,227

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Police Jury, as well as what the Police Jury's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.08%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.08%) than the current discount rate:

	1.0%	Decrease	Curren	t Discount	1.0	% Increase
	(3.08%)	Rate	(4.08%)		(4.26%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	4,605,590	\$	4,147,227	\$	3,760,628

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE J - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE AND LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS - CONTINUED

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Police Jury, as well as what the Police Jury's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (4.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.5%) than the current healthcare trend rates:

	1.0%	√ Decrease	Curr	ent Trend	1.0	% Increase
		(4.5%)		(5.5%)		(6.5%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	3,935,741	\$	4,147,227	\$	4,393,068

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the Police Jury recognized OPEB expense of \$196,960. At December 31, 2024, the Police Jury reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred		
	C	outflows of	Deferred Inflows	
	F	Resources	of	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	502,344	\$	(574,204)
Changes in assumptions		574,761		(1,022,082)
Total	\$	1,077,105	\$	(1,596,286)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years ending December	er 31:
2025	(91,409)
2026	(91,409)
2027	(91,409)
2028	(91,409)
2029	(91,409)
Thereafter	(111,263)

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE K - COMMITTED FUND BALANCES FOR MAJOR FUNDS

In accordance with a resolution dated December 7, 1993, the Police Jury has committed a portion of the fund balance of the General Fund to provide self-insurance for worker's compensation. The initial commitment was \$300,000 from the General Fund with the remainder to be made up from contributions by other parish agencies over a three-year period. At December 31, 2024 the committed fund balance for the worker's compensation self-insurance was \$383,346.

NOTE L - DUE TO FROM/TO OTHER FUNDS

Individual amounts due from/to other funds at December 31, 2024, are as follows:

	<u>Due From</u>	<u>Due To</u>
General	\$ 215,954	\$ -
Long-Term Community Recovery	4,569	-
Hackberry Fire District-Sinking	_	220,523
Total	\$ 220,523	\$ 220.523

NOTE M - DUE FROM/TO OTHER AGENCIES

Individual amounts due to other agencies at December 31, 2024, are as follows:

	Due (From) /
	<u>Due To</u>
General Fund (net)	\$ 26,521
Gravity Drainage Districts:	
No. 3	(9,022)
No. 4	(3,186)
No. 8	(13,430)
Cameron Mosquito	(883)
Total	\$

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

NOTE N - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Cameron Parish Police Jury participates in a number of federal grant programs. The programs are subject to compliance audits under the single audit approach. These programs also are subject to monitoring and program audits by federal and state agencies. Such monitoring and audits could lead to requests for reimbursement by the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. The Police Jury management believes that the amount of disallowances, if any, which may arise from future audits will not be material. Additionally, the Police Jury has entered into several contracts for road improvements, dredging of waterways, and construction of Parish facilities.

NOTE O - ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

Total revenues provided by the federal government were \$18,820,180 or 43% of total revenues. Property tax revenues of \$15,086,176 provide 35% of the Police Jury's total revenues for the year.

NOTE P - PER DIEM

As provided by Louisiana Revised Statue, the Police Jury members received per diem for the year ended December 31, 2024 as follows:

\$	13,569
	13,569
	14,400
	13,569
	13,569
	13,569
	<u> 13,569</u>
<u>\$</u>	115,200
	\$

NOTE Q - TAX ABATEMENTS

Louisiana's State Constitution Chapter VII Section 21 authorizes the State Board of Commerce and Industry to create a ten (10) year ad valorem tax abatement program for new manufacturing establishments in the State. Under the terms of this program, qualified businesses may apply for an exemption of local ad valorem taxes on capital improvements and equipment related to manufacturing for the first ten years of its operation; after which the property will be added to the local tax roll and taxed at the value and millages in force at the time. The future value of this exempt property could be subject to significant fluctuation from today's value; however, the Police Jury could receive a substantial increase in ad valorem tax revenues once the exemption on this property expires. All applicable agreements have been entered into by the Cameron Parish Police Jury and directly affect the Police Jury's ad valorem assessments. Because these taxes are not assessed or due, no adjustments have been made to the Police Jury's financial statements to record a receivable. As of December 31, 2024. \$5,697,961,774 of assessed property in the Police Jury's taxing jurisdiction is receiving this exemption, which amounts to \$162,744,868 in ad valorem taxes.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund

	Buc	dget		Variance Favorable
	Orgininal	Amended	Actual	(Unfavorable)

REVENUES				
Taxes.				
Ad valorem, net	\$ 2,019,276	\$ 2,019,276	\$ 2,110,107	\$ 90,831
Sales taxes	19,500	19.500	22,745	3,245
Franchise tax	50,000	50,000	48,847	(1,153)
Licenses and permits	343,200	343,200	297,603	(45,597)
Intergovernmental.				
Federal	9,302,450	9,302,450	11,714,802	2,412,352
State	144,000	144,000	1,909,704	1,765,704
Local	100	100	43,063	42,963
Interest earnings	15,010	15,010	192,589	177,579
Other	317,300	147,300	2,053,618	1,906,318
Total Revenues	12,210,836	12,040,836	18,393,078	6,352,242
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government:				
Legislative	541,650	541,650	473,345	68,305
Judicial	347,850	347,850	366,528	(18,678)
Elections	46,400	46,400	42,502	3,898
Finance and administrative	1,146,300	1,146,300	1,195,095	(48,795)
Other general government	617,850	617,850	1,235,700	(617,850)
Public safety	620,750	620,750	592,114	28,636
Public works	654,915	654,915	709.190	(54,275)
Culture and recreation	238,950	238,950	184,928	54,022
Health and welfare	200,550	200,000	159,548	(159,548)
Economic development & assistance	1,210,985	1,210,985	968,318	242,667
Disaster recovery	1,000,000	1,750,000	237,175	1,512,825
Debt service:	1,000,000	1,100,000	201,170	1,0 12,020
Principal	-	-	_	-
Interest	=	=	=	_
Capital outlay	12,225,000	12,225,000	11,590,941	634,059
Total Expenditures	18,650,650	19,400,650	17,755,384	1,645,266
·		-		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	(6.439.814)	(7,359,814)	637,694	7.997,508
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Operating transfers in	794,800	794,800	6,662,249	5,867,449
Operating transfers out		=	(6,113,431)	(6,113,431)
Insurance recovery	-	-	4,464	4,464
Subrecipient grants	-	-	(210,548)	(210,548)
Sale of capital assets	-	-	6,376	6,376
Total other financing sources (uses)	794,800	794,800	349,110	(445,690)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	(5.645.014)	(6,565,014)	986,804	7,551,818
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	6,719,823	6.719,823	6,719,823	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 1,074,809	\$ 154,809	\$ 7,706,627	\$ 7,551,818

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Parishwide Garbage

	,	Budget		Variance Favorable
	Orgininal	Amended	Actual	(Unfavorable)
DEVENUEO.				
REVENUES				
Taxes:	7 4045005	* 4045000	6 4000 540	402.040
Ad valorem, net	\$ 4,045,300	\$ 4,045,300	\$ 4,228,542	183,242
Intergovernmental:	2.000	2 000	0.000.776	0.000.776
Federal	3,000	•	2,233,776	2,230,776
State	4,700	·	5,593	893
Interest earnings	2,500		223,242	220,742
Other	500		4,950	4,450
Total Revenues	4,055,500	4,056,000	6,696,103	2,640,103
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government:				
Public works	2,372,400	2,372,400	2,362,790	9,610
Capital outlay	630,000	• •	549,472	80,528
Total Expenditures	3,002,400		2,912,262	90,138
Total Experianaes	0,002,400	0,002,700	2,3,2,202	50,100
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	1,053,100	1,053,600	3,783,841	2,730,241
	<u> </u>			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Operating transfers in	-	-	(5,038,045)	(5,038,045)
Sale of capital assets			3,634	3,634
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-	(5,034,411)	(5,034,411)
		***************************************		***************************************
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	1.053,100	1,053,600	(1,250,570)	(2,304,170)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	7,040,112	7,040,112	7,040,112	-
			1-1-1-1	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 8,093,212	\$ 8,093,712	\$ 5,789,542	\$ (2,304,170)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Library

	Bud	dget		Variance Favorable	
	Original	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	
REVENUES Taxes:					
Ad valorem, net Other taxes Intergovernmental:	\$ 2,994,167 -	\$ 6,920 -	\$ 29,055 6,078	\$ 22,135 6,078	
Federal	_	_	5,181	5.181	
Interest earnings Other	40,000	40,000 -	250,860 10,339	210,860 10,339	
Total Revenues	3,034,167	46,920	301,513	254,593	
EXPENDITURES Current: General government:					
Culture and recreation	1,543,804	2,203,804	1,222,444	981,360	
Disaster recovery	-	-	726,604	(726,604)	
Capital outlay	113,600	293,600	77,573	216,027	
Total Expenditures	1,657,404	2,497,404	2,026.621	470,783	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	1,376,763	(2,450,484)	(1,725,108)	725,376	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in	_	_	_	_	
Operating transfers out	- -	- -	(280,172)	(280,172)	
Sale of capital assets	-	-	4,968	4,968	
Total other financing sources (uses)			(275,204)	(275,204)	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	1,376,763	(2,450,484)	(2,000,312)	450,172	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	6,938,894	6,938,894	6,938,894	_	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 8,315,657	\$ 4,488,410	\$ 4,938,582	\$ 450,172	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Road and Bridge Maintenance Fund

	Buc	lget		Variance Favorable	
	Orgininal	Amended	Actual	(Unfavorable)	
REVENUES					
Taxes:					
Ad valorem, net	\$ 1,606,000	\$ 1,606,000	\$ 3,451,945	\$ 1,845,945	
Other taxes	Ψ 1,000,000	φ 1,000,000 -	6,986	6.986	
Intergovernmental:	-	_	0,300	0,300	
Federal	5,000	5,000	988,765	983,765	
State	175,600	175,600	145,991	(29,609)	
Interest earnings	170,000	110,000	21,777	21,777	
Other	_	_	44,629	44,629	
Total Revenues	1,786.600	1,786,600	4,660,093	2,873,493	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government:					
Public works	2,890,700	2,890,700	4,385,276	(1,494,576)	
Capital outlay	225,000	225,000	333,721	(108,721)	
Total Expenditures	3.115,700	3,115,700	4,718.997	(1,603,297)	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	(1,329,100)	(1,329,100)	(58,904)	1,270,196	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Operating transfers in	2,303,600	2,303,600	671,201	(1,632,399)	
Operating transfers out	-	-	(343,169)	(343, 169)	
Sale of capital assets			15,263	15,263	
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,303.600	2,303,600	343,295	(1,960,305)	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	974,500	974,500	284,391	(690,109)	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	7,040,112	7,040,112	3,151,246	(3,888,866)	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 8,014,612	\$ 8,014,612	\$ 3,435,637	\$ (4.578,975)	

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Year Ended December 31, 2024

Total OPEB Liability	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Service cost	\$ 104,819	\$ 89,583	\$ 133,872	\$ 176,318	\$ 175,889	\$ 114,374	\$ 119,976
Interest	127,165	145,963	120,231	101,271	104.247	180,269	168,394
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and acutal experience	27,034	150,655	66,660	111,483	558.731	(61,074)	(620,100)
Changes of assumptions	(250,319)	564,843	179,112	34,132	(902,638)	259,865	(505,958)
Benefit payments	(137,682)	(145,255)	(132,155)	(139,424)	(120.045)	(126,647)	(170,624)
Net change in total OPEB Liability	(128,983)	805,789	367.720	283,780	(183,816)	366,787	(1,008,312)
Total OPEB liability - beginnning	3,644,262	3,515,279	4.321.068	4,688,788	4,972,568	4,788,752	5,155,539
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 3,515,279	\$ 4.321,068	\$4.688.788	\$4,972,568	\$ 4,788,752	\$ 5,155,539	\$ 4,147,227
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,883,655	\$ 4.000,165	\$5.377,942	\$5,539,280	\$ 4,127.637	\$ 4,251,466	\$ 3,569,588
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	90.51%	108.02%	87.19%	89 77%	116.02%	121.26%	121.26%
Notes to Schedule: Benefit Changes	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
Denem Changes	HOHE	INOTIC	None	140116	HUHE	HUHE	HOHE
Changes of Assumption.							
Discount Rate:	4.10%	2.74%	2.12%	2 06%	3.72%	3.26%	4.08%
Mortality.	RP-2000	RP-2000	RP-2014	RP-2014	Pub-2010/2021	Pub-2010/2021	Pub-2010/2021
Trend.	5.50%	5.50%	Variable	Variable	Getzen model	Getzen model	Getzen model

Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability

December 31, 2024

Parochical Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana

	 2024	 2023	2022	2021		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Employer's portion of the net pension liability (asset)	0 61183%	0 61561%	0.60349%	0.67517%	(0.56990%	0 56687%	0.58664%	0.61092%	0.60409%	0.56953%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 582,908	\$ 2,369,340	\$ (2.842,707)	\$(1,484,644)	\$	26,828	\$2,515,968	\$ (435.428)	\$1,258,200	\$ 1,590,147	\$ 155,714
Employer's covered payroll	\$ 5,656,469	\$ 5,630,374	\$ 5,215,196	\$ 5,061,684	\$ 5	5,649,121	\$4,311,391	\$4,216,895	\$4,519,179	\$ 4,449,217	\$4 104,962
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	10.31%	42.08%	-54.51%	-29 33%		0 47%	58.36%	-10.33%	27.64%	35 74%	3 79%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	98.03%	91.74%	110 46%	104.00%		99.89%	88.86%	101.98%	94 15%	92.23%	99.14%

^{*}The amounts presented have a measurement date of December 31, 2023.

Schedule of Employer Contributions

December 31, 2024

Date Parochical E	Co	ntractually Required Intribution	in I Co F Co	ntributions Relation to ntractually Required ontribution ystem of Lo	Defi (Ex	ribution ciency cess)	Employer's Covered Employee Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll
2015	\$	478,881	\$	478,881	\$	-	\$ 4,104,962	11.7%
2016	\$	578,398	\$	578,398	\$	-	\$ 4,449,217	13.0%
2017	\$	564,897	\$	564,897	\$	-	\$ 4,519,179	12.5%
2018	\$	507,302	\$	507,302	\$	-	\$ 4,216,895	12.0%
2019	\$	526,327	\$	526,327	\$	-	\$ 4,311,391	12.2%
2020	\$	660,308	\$	660,308	\$	-	\$ 5,649,121	11.7%
2021	\$	620,056	\$	620,056	\$	-	\$ 5,061,684	12.2%
2022	\$	599,748	\$	599,748	\$	-	\$ 5,215,196	11.5%
2023	\$	647,493	\$	647,493	\$	-	\$ 5,630,374	11.5%
2024	\$	650,494	\$	650,494	\$	-	\$ 5,656,469	11.5%

Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability

December 31, 2024

Firefighters' Retirement System

	 2024		2023		2022	 2021	2020	 2019	2018	2017	2016	 2015
Employer's portion of the net pension hability (asset)	0.18604%		0.20817%		0.17154%	0.24891%	0.24793%	0.23758%	0.27829%	0 27990%	0.16267%	0.09979%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,047,520	s	1,358,666	s	1,715.622	\$ 882,082	\$ 1,718.525	\$ 1,487,692	\$ 1,600,769	\$ 1,604,339	\$ 1,064,028	\$ 538,583
Employer's covered payroll	\$ 512,429	\$	549.343	\$	587.717	\$ 633.023	\$ 262,337	\$ 240,366	\$ 266,792	\$ 284,637	\$ 652,904	\$ 278,944
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	204.42%		247.33%		291.91%	139.34%	655.08%	618.93%	600.01%	563.64%	162.97%	193.08%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	£1.68%		77 69%		74 68%	86.78%	72.61%	73.96%	74.76%	73.55%	68.16%	72.45%

^{*}The amounts presented have a measurement date of June 30, 2024.

Schedule of Employer Contributions

December 31, 2024

Date	F	ntractually Required Intribution	in f Co F	ntributions Relation to ntractually Required ontribution	Defi	ribution ciency cess)	(mployer's Covered mployee Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll
Firefighters' F	Retiren	nent System							
2015	\$	78,362	\$	78,362	\$	-	\$	278,944	28.1%
2016	\$	173,094	\$	173,094	\$	-	\$	652,904	26.5%
2017	\$	180,948	\$	180,948	\$	-	\$	284,637	63.6%
2018	\$	164,038	\$	164,038	\$	-	\$	266,792	61.5%
2019	\$	160,258	\$	164,038	\$	-	\$	240,366	68.2%
2020	\$	184,443	\$	184,443	\$	-	\$	262,337	70.3%
2021	\$	209,459	\$	209,459	\$	-	\$	633,023	33.1%
2022	\$	196,971	\$	196,971	\$	-	\$	587,717	33.5%
2023	\$	182,656	\$	182,656	\$	-	\$	549,343	33.2%
2024	\$	181,893	\$	181,893	\$	-	\$	512,429	35.5%

Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability

December 31, 2024

District Attorneys' Retirement System

	 2024	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019		2018		2017	2	016	 2015
Employer's portion of the net pension liablility (asset)	0.19787%	0.19818%	0.17154%	0.22845%	0.23035%	0.22382%	C).21166%	0	.20648%	0.2	6709%	0.23303%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 95,096	\$ 169,949	\$ 184.784	\$ 40,688	\$ 182,502	\$ 77.004	\$	68,111	\$	55,691	\$ 5	51,123	\$ 12,552
Employer's covered payroll	\$ 138,462	\$ 135,000	\$ 105,000	\$ 97,558	\$ 131.598	\$ 127,521	\$	131.598	\$:	241,254	\$ 13	31.598	\$ 131,598
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payro	68.68%	125 89%	175.98%	41.71%	138.68%	60.39%		51.76%		23 08%	;	38.85%	9.54%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	92.33%	85 85%	81.65%	96.79%	83.32%	93.13%		92.92%		93 57%	ç	95.09%	98 56%

^{*}The amounts presented have a measurement date of June 30, 2024.

Schedule of Employer Contributions

December 31, 2024

Date	F	ntractually Required Intribution	in F Coi R	ntributions Relation to ntractually Required ntribution	Defi	ribution iciency (cess)	E	mployer's Covered mployee Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll
District Attorr	neys' R	etirement Sy	/stem						
2015	\$	6,909	\$	6,909	\$	-	\$	131,598	5.3%
2016	\$	2,303	\$	2,303	\$	-	\$	131,598	1.8%
2017	\$	10,528	\$	10,528	\$	-	\$	241,254	4.4%
2018	\$	11,350	\$	11,350	\$	-	\$	131,598	8.6%
2019	\$	13,493	\$	13,493	\$	-	\$	127,521	10.6%
2020	\$	21,640	\$	21,640	\$	-	\$	131,598	16.4%
2021	\$	6,460	\$	6,460	\$	-	\$	97,558	6.6%
2022	\$	9,975	\$	9,975	\$	-	\$	105,000	9.5%
2023	\$	11,288	\$	11,288	\$	-	\$	135,000	8.4%
2024	\$	12,731	\$	12,731	\$	-	\$	138,462	9.2%

Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability

December 31, 2024

Registrar of Voters Employees' Retirment System

	2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019	2018	2017		2016		2015		
Employer's portion of the net pension liablility (asset)	0.17210%	(0 16240%	(0 17974%	0	17170%	0).18987'%	(0.17975%	0 17459%	0	.17688%	0	17634%	0	18544%	
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 18,932	\$	30,863	\$	44.073	\$	5,447	\$	40,904	\$	33,613	\$ 41,211	\$	38.827	\$	50,036	\$	45,414	
Employer's covered payroll	\$ 25,987	\$	25,723	\$	25,723	\$	25,723	\$	25,723	\$	25,435	\$ 24,223	\$	24.224	\$	24,224	\$	24.224	
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	72.85%		119.98%		171 34%		21 18%		159.02%		132.15%	170 13%		160.28%		206 56%		187.48%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	92.59%		86.73%		82 46%		97 68%		83 32%		84.83%	80 57%		80.51%		73 98%		76.86%	

^{*}The amounts presented have a measurement date of June 30, 2024.

Schedule of Employer Contributions

December 31, 2024

Date	Re <u>Cor</u>	tractually equired htribution	in R Con R Con	tributions elation to tractually equired htribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Employer's Covered Employee Payroll		Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll	
2015	\$	5,662	\$	5,662	\$	_	\$	24,224	23.4%	
2016	\$	5,147	\$	5,147	\$	-	\$	24,224	21.2%	
2017	\$	4,482	\$	4,482	\$	-	\$	24,224	18.5%	
2018	\$	4,118	\$	4,118	\$	-	\$	24,223	17.0%	
2019	\$	4,453	\$	4,453	\$	-	\$	25,435	17.5%	
2020	\$	4,630	\$	4,630	\$	-	\$	25,723	18.0%	
2021	\$	4,630	\$	4,630	\$	-	\$	25,723	18.0%	
2022	\$	4,630	\$	4,630	\$	-	\$	25,723	18.0%	
2023	\$	4,630	\$	4,630	\$	-	\$	25,723	18.0%	
2024	\$	4,678	\$	4,678	\$	-	\$	25,987	18.0%	

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Combining Balance Sheet - Non-Major Governmental Funds

	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Total
ASSETS Cash Investments Receivables, net Inventory	\$ 7,536,978 2,927,899 6,719,774	\$ 1,849,256 - 166,522	\$ - - -	\$ 9,386,234 2,927.899 6,886,296
Other Prepaid expense Interfund receivables Total Assets	36.592 3.081 15,365 17,239,689	2.015,778	- - -	36.592 3.081 15,365 19,255,467
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_			
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 17,239,689	\$ 2,015,778	\$ -	\$ 19,255.467
LIABILITIES Accounts, salaries, and other payables Interfund payables Total Liabilities	\$ 2,145,014 - - 2,145,014	\$ 5,502 220,523 226,025	\$ - - -	\$ 2.150.516 220,523 2,371,039
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	9.818			9.818
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable:				
Prepaid expenses Restricted for:	36,592	-	-	36,592
Judicial Tourism development Other capital projects	19.007 214,520 11,973	-	-	19,007 214,520 11,973
Debt service Commited to: Infrastructure maintenance	-	1,789,753	-	1,789,753
Judicial Health and welfare Public safety Disaster recovery	1,251.511 1,824,434 11,106.118 140,716	- - - -	- - -	1.251,511 1,824,434 11.106,118 140,716
Assigned: Judicial Health and welfare Public safety	43,677 19.946 416.363	- - -	- - -	43,677 19,946 416,363
Culture and recreation Other capital projects Total Fund Balances	15,084,857	1,789,753	<u>-</u>	16,874,610
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 17,239.689	\$ 2,015,778	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 19.255.467

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Non-Major Governmental Funds

	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Total
REVENUES				
Taxes:				
Ad valorem	\$ 5,102,599	\$ 163,928	\$ -	\$ 5,266,527
Other taxes	210,820	=	-	210,820
Fines, forfeitures, and court costs	216.341	-	=	216,341
Intergovernmental:				
Federal	4,908,008	2,095,495	-	7,003,503
State	49,558	-	-	49,558
Local	30,000	-	-	30,000
Interest earnings	250,323	160,622	2.807	413,752
Other	265,582		-	265,582
Total revenues	11,033,231	2.420,045	2.807	13,456,083
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government:				
Judicial	2,405,656	-	-	2,405,656
Other general government	-	6,501	-	6,501
Finance and administrative	210	-	-	210
Public safety	3,055,552	-	-	3,055,552
Public works	114,692	-	-	114,692
Culture and recreation	66,909	-	-	66,909
Health and welfare	569,304	-	-	569,304
Economic development & assistance	-	-	-	-
Disaster recovery	1,112,606	-	-	1,112,606
Debt service:				
Principal	-	1,245,000	-	1,245,000
Interest	-	553,518	-	553,518
Capital outlay	5.817.105	_	-	<u>5,817,105</u>
Total expenditures	13,142,034	1.805,019	_	14,947,053
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	(2.108,803)	615,026	2.807	(1,490,970)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Operating transfers in (out)	7,363,869	(2.843,474)	(79.028)	4,441,367
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	16,150	(2.070,777)	(10.020)	16,150
Total other financing sources (uses)	7,380,019	(2.843,474)	(79.028)	4,457,517
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	5,271,216	(2.228,448)	(76,221)	2,966,547
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	9,813,641	4.018,201	76,221	13,908,063
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 15,084,857	\$ 1,789,753	\$ -	\$ 16.874,610

Combining Balance Sheet - Special Revenue Funds (Non-major)

	Court House and Jail	Health Unit	Criminal Court	Communi- cations District	
ASSETS Cash Investments Receivables, net	\$ 341 13,318 1,346,437	\$ 1.845,758 6,775 (5)	\$ 2,802 - 28,234	\$ 163,411 1,885 12,376	
Inventory Other Interfund receivables Total Assets	1,360,751	1,852,528	14,369 - 45,405	177.672	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		_			
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 1,360,751	\$ 1.852,528	\$ 45,405	\$ 177.672	
LIABILITIES Accounts, salaries, and other payables Unearned revenue Interfund payables Total Liabilities	\$ 64,908 - - - 64,908	\$ 8,148 - - - 8,148	\$ 12,029 - - - 12,029	\$ 10,434 - - - 10,484	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		-	-	-	
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Prepaid expenses Inventory Restricted for: Judicial	655	:	14,369 - 19,007	-	
Tourism development Committed to:	-	-	-	-	
Infrastructure maintenance Judicial Health and welfare Public safety	1,251,511 - -	1,824,4 34 -	- - -	- - 167,188	
Assigned: Judicial Health and welfare Public safety	43,677 - -	19,946 -	- - -	- - -	
Other capital projects Total Fund Balances	1,295,843	1,844,380	33,376	167,138	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 1.360,751	\$ 1,852,528	\$ 45,405	\$ 177,672	

Combining Balance Sheet - Special Revenue Funds (Non-major)

	South Cameron Fire District	Fire District #10	Fire District #14	Fire District #15	Hackberry Fire District	Fire District #16
ASSETS Cash Investments Receivables, net	\$ 2,224,804 546,607 667,042	\$ 1,762.174 538,490 2,140,556	\$ 547,600 1,247 159,378	\$ 131,688 165 28,077	\$ 84,117 1,481,453 614,988	\$ 365,632 1,328 30,504
Inventory Other Prepaid expense Interfund receivables Total Assets	3,081 	21,568	708,225	159,930	2,180,558	397.464
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						-
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 3,441,534	\$ 4.462,788	\$ 708,225	\$ 159,930	\$ 2.180,558	\$ 397,464
LIABILITIES Accounts, salaries, and other payables Unearned revenue Interfund payables	\$ 31,645	\$ 338.505	\$ 6,692	\$ 1.110	\$ 40,220	\$ 1,139
Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	31,645	338,505	6,692	1,110	40,220	1,139
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable. Prepaid expenses	<u>-</u>	21.568	-	<u>-</u>	_	_
Inventory Restricted for:	-	-	-	-	-	-
Judicial Tourism development Commited to:	-	-	-	-	-	-
Infrastructure maintenance Judicial Health and welfare	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety Assigned	3,367,424	4,045,622	674,016	151,245	2,070,316	383,699
Judicial Health and welfare Public safety	- - 42,465	- - 57,093	- - 27,517	- - 7,575	- - 70,022	- - 12,626
Other capital projects Total Fund Balances	3,409,889	4,124,283	701,533	158.820	2,140,338	396,325
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 3,441,534	\$ 4,462,788	\$ 708,225	\$ 159,930	\$ 2,180,558	\$ 397,464

Combining Balance Sheet - Special Revenue Funds (Non-major)

	Gravity Drainage No 8	Tourism Development	Grand Lake/ Sweetlake Cametery	Long-Term Community Recovery	American Rescue Plan	Disaster Fund Hurricane Laura	Total
ASSETS							
Cash	\$ 9,638		\$ 145,190	\$ 10.926	\$ -	\$ 140,716	\$ 7,536, 9 78
Investments	185,870		43,079	-	-	-	2,927,899
Receivables, net	65,3 3 3	5.182	-	1,621.672	-	-	6,719,774
Inventory	-		-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	· -	-	-	-	-	36,592
Prepaid expense	-	· -	-	-	-	-	3,081
Interfund receivables		<u> </u>		15.365			15,365
Total Assets	260,841	215.045	188,269	1,647.963		140,716	17,239,689
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		<u> </u>					
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED							
OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	5 260,841	\$ 215,045	\$ 188,269	\$ 1,647,963	<u> </u>	\$ 140,716	\$ 17,239.689
LIABILITIES							
Accounts, salaries, and other payables	\$ 3,415	\$ 525	\$ 22	\$ 1,626,172	\$ -	-	\$ 2,145,014
Unearned revenue			-	-	-	-	-
Interfund payables			-	-	-	-	-
Total Liabilities	3,415	525	22	1,626,172			2,145,014
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				9.818			9,818
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable:							
Prepaid expenses	-		-	-	-	-	36,592
Inventory			-	-	-	-	-
Restricted for							
Judicial	-		-	-	-	-	19,007
Tourism development	-	214.520	-	-	-	-	214,520
Other capital projects	=	-	=	11.973	-	=	11,973
Committed to:							
Infrastructure maintenance	-	· -	-	=	-	-	=
Judicial	-	· -	-	=	-	-	1,251,511
Health and welfare	-		-	-	-	-	1,824,434
Public safety	246,608	-	-	-	-	-	11,106,118
Public works	-	· -	-	-	-		-
Disaster recovery	-	· -	-	-	-	140,716	140,716
Assigned							
Judicial	-		-	-	-	-	43,677
Health and welfare	-		-	-	-	-	19,946
Public safety	10,818	-	188,247	-	-	-	416,363
Other capital projects		·	-	-		-	-
Total Fund Balances	257,426	214.520	188,247	11.973	-	140,716	15,084,857
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS							
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 260,841	\$ 215.045	\$ 188,269	<u>\$ 1,647.963</u>	<u> </u>	\$ 140,716	\$ 17,239,689

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Special Revenue Funds (Non-major)

	Court House and Jail	Health Unit	Communal Court	Communi- cations District	
REVENUES					
Taxes:					
Ad valorem	\$ 1,378,561	\$ 6,392	S -	s -	
Other taxes	2,756	1,323	-	98,500	
Fines, forfeitures, and court costs	-	-	216,341	-	
Intergovernmental					
Federal	281,827	831	41	-	
State	2,235	-	18,464	-	
Local	-	-	30,000	-	
Interest earnings	38,686	17,792	-	2,294	
Other	137	-	68,635	-	
Total revenues	1,704,202	26,338	333,481	100,794	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government:					
Judicial	1,479,815	-	925,841	-	
Finance and administrative	-	-	-	-	
Public safety	-	-	-	112,437	
Public works	-	-	-	-	
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	
Health and welfare	-	180,158	-	-	
Economic development & assistance	-	-	-	-	
Disaster recovery	403,830	-	-	-	
Debt service:					
Principal	-	-	-	-	
Interest	=	-	=	-	
Capital outlay	35,354				
Total expenditures	1,918,999	180,158	925,841	112,437	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(214,797)	(153,820)	(592,359)	(11,643)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Operating transfers in (out)	(306,999)	1,227,318	597,385	37,624	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	10,350	-	-	
Insurance recovery	<u>.</u>				
Total other financing sources (uses)	(306,999)	1,237,668	597,385	37,624	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(521,796)	1,083,848	5.026	25,981	
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	1,817,639	760,532	28,351	141,207	
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 1,295,843	\$ 1,844,380	\$ 33,376	\$ 167,188	

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Special Revenue Funds (Non-major)

	South Cameron Fire District	Fire District #10	Fire District #14	Fire District #15	Hackberry Fire District	Fire District #16
REVENUES						
Taxes:	E 500 40 1	6 0 400 0 10	# 470.550	e 00.500	6 222.025	¢ 30.500
Ad valorem Other taxes	\$ 590,494 503	\$ 2,190,342 5,920	\$ 173,552 4,495	\$ 30,582 5,696	\$ 630,625 247	\$ 30,523 7.882
Fines, forfeitures, and court costs	503	5,920	4.493	5,080	247	1,002
Intergovernmental:	_	-	-	_	_	_
Federal	62,970	104.531	978	_	358	248
State	-	2.172	17.197	1.438	7,000	1.052
Local	-	· -	-	· -	· <u>-</u>	· -
Interest earnings	48,024	49,001	5.825	441	62,775	3,692
Other	91,976	70,000	-	-	5,048	2,091
Total revenues	793,967	2,421,966	202,047	38,157	706,053	45,488
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government:						
Judicial	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance and administrative	-	-	. T	-	-	-
Public safety	535,800	1,694,323	171,623	24,766	485,688	31.774
Public works	=	=	=	=	=	=
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health and welfare	-	-	-	-	-	-
Economic development & assistance Disaster recovery	47.081	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service	47,001	-	-	-	-	_
Principal	_	_	_	_	_	_
Interest	-	_	-	_	-	_
Capital outlay	278,544	10.809	42.500	_	168,110	_
Total expenditures	861,425	1,695,132	214,123	24.766	653,798	31,774
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	(67,458)	726,834	(12,076)	13,391	52,255	13,714
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Operating transfers in (out)	2,327,879	1,168,020	501.967	122,502	454,205	314,609
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	3,000	<u>-</u>	-	-	2,800	-
Insurance recovery	-	-	-	-	_	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,330,879	1,168,020	501,967	122,502	457,005	314,609
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	2,263,421	1,894,854	489.891	135,893	509,260	328,323
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	1,146,468	2,229,429	211,642	22,927	1,631,078	68,002
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 3,409,889	\$ 4,124,233	\$ 701,533	\$ 158,820	\$ 2,140,338	\$ 396,325

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Special Revenue Funds (Non-major)

	Gravity Drainage No. 8	Tourism Development	Grand Lake/ Sweetlake Cemetery	Long-Term Community Recovery	American Rescue Plan	Disaster Fund Hurricane Laura	Total
REVENUES							
Taxes							
Ad valorem	\$ 71,528	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	5,102,599
Other taxes	2,027	81,471	-	-	-	-	210,820
Fines, forfeitures, and court costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	216,341
Intergovernmental:							
Federal	605	-	-	3,347,276	-	1,108,343	4,908,008
State	-	-	-	-	-	-	49,558
Local	-	-	-	-	-	-	30,000
Interest earnings	10,818	6,486	4,489	-	-	-	250,323
Other	_	10,095	17,600	_		_	265,582
Total revenues	84,978	98.052	22,089	3,347,276		1.108.343	11,033,231
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government:							
Judicial	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,405,656
Finance and administrative	-	-	-	210	-	-	210
Public safety	-	-	9,141	-	-	-	3,055,552
Public works	114,692	-	-	-	-	-	114,692
Culture and recreation	-	66.909	-	-	-	-	66,909
Health and welfare	-	-	-	-	389,146	-	569,304
Economic development & assistance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disaster recovery	-	-	-	-	-	661.695	1,112,606
Debt service:							
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay				3 336,101		1,945,687	5,817,105
Total expenditures	114,692	66,909	9 141	3 336,311	389 146	2,607,362	13,142,034
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES	(29,714)	31,143	12,948	10,965	(389,146)	(1,499,039)	(2,108,803)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Operating transfers in (out)	19,626	62,457	21,061	_	328,665	487,550	7,363,869
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-,	,		-	-		16,150
Insurance recovery	-	-	-		-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	19,626	62,457	21.061	_	328.665	487,550	7,380,019
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(10,088)	93,600	34 009	10,965	(60 481)	(1,011,489)	5,271,216
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	267,514	120,920	154,238	1,008	60,481	1,152,205	9,813.641
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 257,426	\$ 214,520	\$ 188,247	\$ 11,973	\$ -	\$ 140,716	\$ 15,084,857

Combining Balance Sheet - Debt Service Funds (Non-major)

	Fire Hackberry District #7 Fire District			GOMESA Debt Service		Total		
ASSETS Cash Receivables, net Interfund receivables Total Assets	\$	7,483 - - - 7,483	\$	203,207 166,522 - 369,729	\$	1,638,566 - - 1,638,566	\$	1,849,256 166,522 - 2,015,778
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		_	***************************************			_		_
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		7,483		369,729		1,638,566		2,015,778
LIABILITIES Accounts, salaries, and other payables Interfund payables Total Liabilities	\$	- - -	\$	5,502 220,523 226,025	\$	- - -	\$	5,502 220,523 226,025
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		_		_		_		_
FUND BALANCES Restricted for: Debt service Total Fund Balances		7,483 7,483		143,704 143,704		1,638,566 1,638,566		1,789,753 1,789,753
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$</u>	7,483	<u>\$</u>	369,729	_\$_	1,638,566	_\$_	2,015,778

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Debt Service Funds (Non-major)

		Fire District #7		Hackberry Fire District		GOMESA Debt Service		Total
REVENUES Taxes:								
Ad valorem	\$	-		163,928	\$	-	\$	163,928
Other taxes		-		-		- 2.005.405		- 2,095,495
Intergovernmental - federal Interest earnings		130		- 527		2,095,495 159,965		160,622
Other		-		-		109,900		100,022
Total revenues		130		164,455		2,255,460		2,420,045
EXPENDITURES Current:								
General government - other		-		6,501		-		6,501
Debt service: Principal				105,000		1,140,000		1,245,000
Interest		_		9,988		543,530		553,518
Total expenditures		_		121,489		1,683,530		1,805,019
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	•	130		42,966		571,930		615,026
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Operating transfers in (out)		_		137_		(2,843,611)		(2,843,474)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	_		137		(2,843,611)		(2,843,474)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		130		43,103		(2,271,681)		(2,228,448)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		7,353		100,601		3,910,247		4,018,201
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	7,483	\$	143,704	\$	1,638,566	\$	1,789,753

Combining Balance Sheet - Capital Project Funds (Non-major)

	GOMESA Construction		Total		
ASSETS Cash Receivables, net Total Assets	\$	- - -	\$		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		_			
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	-	\$	_	
LIABILITIES Accounts, salaries, and other payables Interfund payables Total Liabilities	\$	<u>-</u> -	\$	- - -	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		_			
FUND BALANCES Restricted for: Law enforcement building construction Library construction Administrative building construction Other capital projects Total Fund Balances		- - - -		- - - -	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	_	\$	_	

ning Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Capital Project Funds (Non-

	GOMESA Construction	Total	
REVENUES Intergovernmental - federal Interest earnings Total revenues	\$ - 2,807 2,807	\$ - 2,807 2,807	
EXPENDITURES Current: General government: Finance and administrative	-	-	
Debt service: Principal Interest Capital Outlay Total expenditures	- - - -	- - - -	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	2,807	2,807	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating transfers in (out) Total other financing sources (uses)	(79,028) (79,028)	(79,028) (79,028)	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(76,221)	(76,221)	
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	76,221	76,221	
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ -	\$ -	

OTHER INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO AGENCY HEAD OR CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Year Ended December 31, 2024

Agency Head Name: Katie Armentor, Administrator

<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Salary \$	110,124
Benefits – Insurance	33,831
Benefits – Retirement	12,664
Car Allowance	-
Vehicle Provided by Government	-
Per Diem	-
Reimbursements	-
Travel	-
Registration Fees	-
Conference Travel	-
Continuing Professional Education Fees	-
Unvouchered Expenses	-
Special Meals	-

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year Ended December 31, 2024

		PASS			
	FEDERAL	THROUGH			
FEDERAL GRANTOR	CFDA	GRANTOR	DISBU	JRSEMENTS/	
PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR PROGRAM TITLE	NUMBER	NUMBER	EXPENDITURES		
United States Department of Housing and Urban Development		· <u> </u>			
Passed through the Louisiana Division of Administration - Office of Community Development	ent				
Community Development Block Grants	14 228	-	\$	3,347,276	
United States Department of Commerce					
Passed through Louisiana Department of Natural Resources					
Coastal Zone Management Administration Awards	11 419	-		23,489	
United States Department of Homeland Security					
Passed through the Louisiana Office of Homeland Security/Emergency Preparedness					
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters	97 036	-		6,351,128	
Emergency Management Performance Grant Program	97 042	-		26,533	
Hazard Mitigation Grant	97 039	-		36,917	
Homeland Security Grant Program	97 067	-		35,414	_
				6,449,992	
United States Department of Interior					
Direct Programs					
Gulf of Mexico Energy Securiy Act (GOMESA)	15 435	-		2,095,495	*
United States Fish and Wildlife Service					
Coastal Wetlands Planning, Protection and Restoration	15 614	-		10,029,775	. *
Total Federal Awards			\$	21,946,027	:

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Cameron Parish Police Jury under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2024. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200. Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Cameron Parish Police Jury it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Cameron Parish Police Jury.

NOTE B -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFIACNT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowed or are limited as to reimbursement.

^{*} major program



COY T. VINCENT, C.P.A. MICHELLE LEE, C.P.A. BRADLEY J. CASIDAY, C.P.A., C.V.A. BRIAN MCCAIN, C.P.A.

GRAHAM A. PORTUS, E.A.

KATHRYN BLESSINGTON, C.P.A. BLAKE MANUEL, C.P.A. HEATHER SLAVIN, E.A.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

June 16, 2025

To the Members of Cameron Parish Police Jury

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Cameron Parish Police Jury, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Cameron Parish Police Jury's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 16, 2025.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Cameron Parish Police Jury's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness Cameron Parish Police Jury's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Cameron Parish Police Jury's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or, detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

To the Members of Cameron Parish Police Jury June 16, 2025 Page Two

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Cameron Parish Police Jury's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Gragon, Casiday: Shullory



COY T. VINCENT, C.P.A.
MICHELLE LEE, C.P.A.
BRADLEY J. CASIDAY, C.P.A., C.V.A.
BRIAN MCCAIN, C.P.A.

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KATHRYN BLESSINGTON, C.P.A. BLAKE MANUEL, C.P.A. HEATHER SLAVIN, E.A.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

June 16, 2025

To the Members of Cameron Parish Police Jury

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Cameron Parish Police Jury's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Cameron Parish Police Jury's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2024. Cameron Parish Police Jury's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Police Jury complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Governmental Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Police Jury and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements related to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Police Jury's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

To the Members of Cameron Parish Police Jury June 16, 2025 Page Two

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Police Jury's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Police Jury's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Police Jury's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Police Jury's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Police Jury's internal control over compliance relevant to
 the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances
 and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the
 Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness
 of the Police Jury's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.

To the Members of Cameron Parish Police Jury June 16, 2025 Page Three

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned function, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. However, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Gragon, Canday: Gullery

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year Ended December 31, 2024

1.

Summary of Auditors' Results:	
Financial Statements	
Type of auditors' report issued: unmodified	
 Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Control deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)? reported Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? 	yes <u>X</u> noyes <u>X</u> noneyes <u>X</u> no
Federal Awards	yesne
 Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Control deficiency(s) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)? Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for reported in accordance with section 510(a) of the Uniform Guidance? 	•
Identification of major programs: <u>CFDA Number</u> 15,435 15.614	Name of Federal Program Gulf of Mexico Energy Security (GOMESA) Coastal Wetlands Planning, Protection and Restoration
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X yes no

Continued

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs - Continued

Year Ended December 31, 2024

2. <u>Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which are Required to be Reported in Accordance with Generally Accepted Governmental Auditing Standards</u>

None

3. Federal Award Findings and Responses

None

4. Prior Year Audit Findings

None



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 COY T. VINCENT, C.P.A.
MICHELLE LEE, C.P.A.
BRADLEY J. CASIDAY, C.P.A., C.V.A.
BRIAN MCCAIN, C.P.A.

GRAHAM A. PORTUS, E.A.

KATHRYN BLESSINGTON, C.P.A. BLAKE MANUEL, C.P.A. HEATHER SLAVIN, E.A.

June 19, 2025

Board of Commissioners Cameron Parish Police Jury and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor Cameron, Louisiana

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal year January 1, 2024 through December 31, 2024. The District's management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

Cameron Parish Police Jury has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal year January 1, 2024 through December 31, 2024. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

1) Written Policies and Procedures

- A. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe whether they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations:
 - i. Budgeting, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

ii. Purchasing, including (1) how purchases are initiated, (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list, (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders, (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law, and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

- iii. Disbursements, including processing, reviewing, and approving.
 - No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.
- iv. Receipts/Collections, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections

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for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g., periodic confirmations with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

v. Payroll Personnel, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee rates of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

vi. Contracting, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

vii. Travel and Expense Reimbursement, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

viii. Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, purchase cards, if applicable), including (1) how eards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

ix. Ethics, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

x. Debt Service, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

xi. Information Technology Disaster Recovery Business Continuity, includes (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover

operations after a critical event.

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

xii. Prevention of Sexual Harassment, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

Management Response: A written policies and procedures manual is currently in progress and will be adopted in the future.

2) Board or Finance Committee

- A. Obtain and inspect the board finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and
 - i. Observe that the board finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

ii. For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, review the minutes from all regularly scheduled board/finance committee meetings held during the fiscal year and observe whether the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on special revenue funds. Alternatively, for those entities reporting on the not-for-profit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

iii. For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unrestricted fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unrestricted fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unrestricted fund balance in the general fund.

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

iv. Observe whether the board/finance committee received written updates of the progress of resolving audit finding(s), according to management's corrective action plan at each meeting until the findings are considered fully resolved.

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

3) Bank Reconciliations

- A. Obtain a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:
 - i. Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged);

No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

ii. Bank reconciliations include evidence that a member of management or a board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation within 1 month of the date the reconciliation was prepared. (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and

No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

iii. Management has documentation reflecting that it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

4) Collections

A. Obtain a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for eash check money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

- B. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (e.g. 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe the job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:
 - i. Employees that are responsible for cash collections do not share eash drawers registers;

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

ii. Each employee responsible for collecting each is not responsible for preparing making bank deposits, unless another employee official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g. pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit:

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

iii. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee official is responsible for reconciling leger postings to each other and to the deposit; and

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

iv. The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions, is (are) not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee official verifies the reconciliation.

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

C. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe the bond or insurance policy for theft was enforced during the fiscal period.

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

- D. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for procedure Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Obtain supported documentation for each of the deposits and:
 - i. Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

ii. Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

iii. Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

iv. Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

v. Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

- 5) Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases, travel reimbursements and petty cash purchases)
- A. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

- B. For each location selected under #5A above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that
 - i. At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order or making the purchase;
 - No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.
 - ii. At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors,
 - No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.
- iii. The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files;
 - No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.
- iv. Either the employee official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments; and
 - No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.
- v. Only employees officials authorized to sign checks approve the electronic disbursement (release) of funds, whether through automated clearinghouse (ACH), electronic funds transfer (EFT), wire transfer, or some other electronic means.
 - No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

- C. For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding eards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction, and
 - i. Observe whether the disbursement, whether by paper or electronic means, matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates that deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity, and

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

ii. Observe whether the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g. initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under procedure #5B above, as applicable.

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

D. Using the entity's main operating account and the month selected in Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A, randomly select 5 non-payroll-related electronic disbursements (or all electronic disbursements if less than 5) observe that each electronic disbursement was (a) approved by only those persons authorized to disburse funds (e.g., sign checks) per the entity's policy, and (b) approved by the required number of authorized signers per the entity's policy.

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

6) Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/Purchase Cards (Cards)

A. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and purchase cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

- B. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement). Obtain supporting documentation, and:
 - i. Observe whether there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit debit card purchases, exception reports for excess fuel card usage) were reviewed and approved, in writing, (or electronically approved) by someone other than the authorized card holder; and

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

ii. Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

C. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under procedure #6B above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (e.g. each card should have 10 transactions subject to inspection). For each transaction, observed that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only).

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

7) Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

- A. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements and obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected
 - i. If reimbursed using a per diem, observe that the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov);
 - No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.
 - ii. If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased;
 - No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.
- iii. Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by Written Policies and Procedures procedure #1A(vii); and
 - No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.
- iv. Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.
 - No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

8) Contracts

A. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and

supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and

i. Observe whether the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law,

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

ii. Observe whether the contract was approved by the governing body board, if required by policy or law (e.g. Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter),

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

iii. If the contract was amended (e.g. change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, the documented approval); and

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

iv. Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

9) Payroll and Personnel

A. Obtain a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select five employees or officials, obtain related pand salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to the authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

- B. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under procedure #9A above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and
 - i. Observe that all selected employees or officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation sick, compensatory);

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

ii. Observe whether supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials.

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

iii. Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records; and

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

iv. Observe the rate paid to the employees or officials agrees to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

C. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials and obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee's or official's cumulate leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee's or official's authorized pay rates in the employee's or official's personnel files, and agree the termination payment to the entity policy.

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

D. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

10) Ethics

- A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A obtain ethics documentation from management, and
 - i. Observe whether the documentation demonstrates each employee official completed one hour of ethics training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:1170; and

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

ii. Observe whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

B. Inquire and or observe whether the agency has appointed an ethics designee as required by R.S. 42:1170.

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

11) Debt Service

A. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued as required by Article VII, Section 8 of the Louisiana Constitution.

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

B. Obtain a listing of bonds notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

12) Fraud Notice

A. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is compete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled as required by R.S. 24.523.

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

B. Observe the entity has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24.523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

13) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

Perform the following procedures, verbally discuss the results with management, and report "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management":

A. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe

evidence that such backup (a) occurred within the past week, (b) was not stored on the government's local server or network, and (c) was encrypted.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management. No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

B. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management. No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

C. Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management. No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

D. Randomly select 5 terminated employees (or all terminated employees if less than 5) using the list of terminated employees obtained in procedure #9C. Observe evidence that the selected terminated employees have been removed or disabled from the network.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management. No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

- E. Using the 5 randomly selected employees officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A, obtain cybersecurity training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates that the following employees/officials with access to the agency's information technology assets have completed cybersecurity training as required by R.S. 42:1267. The requirements are as follows:
 - Hired before June 9, 2020 completed the training; and
 - Hired on or after June 9, 2020 completed the training within 30 days of imitial service or employment.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management. No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

14) Prevention of Sexual Harassment

A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe the documentation

demonstrates each employee official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:343.

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

B. Observe the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

- C. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe that the report includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42.344:
 - i. Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements,

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

ii. Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency:

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

iii. Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred:

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

iv. Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

v. Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

No category exceptions noted nor late submission in 2023, therefore, no testing applied in 2024.

We were engaged by Cameron Parish Police Jury to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C.C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of Cameron Parish Police Jury and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

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