VILLAGE OF ANACOCO, LOUISIANA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

JUNE 30, 2021

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Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Keith Lewing, Mayor and the Members of the Board of Aldermen Village of Anacoco, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Anacoco, Louisiana as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village of Anacoco, Louisiana's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

The Honorable Keith Lewing, Mayor and the Members of the Board of Aldermen Village of Anacoco, Louisiana Page 2

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Anacoco, Louisiana as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, and budgetary comparison information on page 25 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Anacoco, Louisiana's basic financial statements. The schedule of per diem paid to board members, schedule of compensation, benefits and other payments to agency head, justice system finding schedule – collecting/disbursing entity, and justice system finding schedule – receiving entity are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of per diem paid to board members, schedule of compensation, benefits and other payments to agency head, justice system finding schedule – collecting/disbursing entity, and justice system finding schedule – receiving entity are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of per diem paid to board members, schedule of compensation, benefits and other payments to agency head, justice system finding schedule – collecting/disbursing entity, and justice system finding schedule – receiving entity are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 18, 2021, on our consideration of the Village of Anacoco, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and

The Honorable Keith Lewing, Mayor and the Members of the Board of Aldermen Village of Anacoco, Louisiana Page 3

not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village of Anacoco, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

form U. Windham, CPA

DeRidder, Louisiana October 18, 2021

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

Primary Government					
Gov	vernmental				
A	ctivities	A	Activities		Total
\$	142,152	\$	450,337	\$	592,489
	6,008		-		6,008
			-		5,336
	-		-		1,680
	13,735		-		13,735
	-		28,879		28,879
	3,250		-		3,250
	-		12,535		12,535
			-		238,794
	576,591		211,494		788,085
\$	987,546	\$	703,245	\$	1,690,791
\$	2,797	\$	38,918	\$	41,715
	2,662		-		2,662
	12,535		-		12,535
	960		-		960
	2,880		29,400		32,280
\$	21,834	\$	68,318	\$	90,152
\$	815,385	\$	211,494	\$	1,026,879
	150,327		423,433		573,760
\$	965,712	\$	634,927	\$	1,600,639
\$	987,546	\$	703,245	\$	1,690,791
	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	$\begin{array}{c} 6,008\\ 5,336\\ 1,680\\ 13,735\\ \hline \\ 3,250\\ \hline \\ 238,794\\ 576,591\\ \hline \\ \$ 987,546\\ \hline \\ \$ 987,546\\ \hline \\ \$ 2,797\\ 2,662\\ 12,535\\ \hline \\ 960\\ 2,880\\ \hline \\ \$ 21,834\\ \hline \\ \$ 815,385\\ 150,327\\ \hline \\ \$ 965,712\\ \hline \end{array}$	Governmental Activities Bus A $\$$ 142,152 $\$$ $\$$ 142,152 $\$$ $\$$ 142,152 $\$$ $6,008$ $5,336$ $1,680$ $13,735$ $ 3,250$ $ 238,794$ $576,591$ $ $$ $987,546$ $\$$ $\$$ $987,546$ $\$$ $\$$ $987,546$ $\$$ $\$$ $987,546$ $\$$ $\$$ $987,546$ $\$$ $\$$ $2,797$ $\$$ $$$ $2,797$ $\$$ $$$ 960 $2,880$ $$$ $21,834$ $\$$ $$$ $815,385$ $\$$ $$$ $815,385$ $\$$ $$$ $965,712$ $\$$	Governmental ActivitiesBusiness-type Activities\$142,152\$450,337\$ $6,008$ - $5,336$ - $1,680$ - $13,735$ $28,879$ $3,250$ $12,535$ $238,794$ - $576,591$ $211,494$ \$ $987,546$ \$ $703,245$ \$ $2,797$ \$ $38,918$ $2,662$ - $12,535$ - 960 - $2,880$ $29,400$ \$ $21,834$ \$\$ $815,385$ \$ $211,494$ $150,327$ \$ $205,712$ \$ $634,927$	Governmental Activities Business-type Activities \$ 142,152 \$ 450,337 \$ \$ 6,008 - - $5,336$ - - $1,680$ - - $13,735$ - - $ 28,879$ - $3,250$ - - $ 28,879$ - $3,250$ - - $ 22,879$ 211,494 $$$ $987,546$ $$$ $703,245$ $$$ $$$ $2,797$ $$$ $38,918$ $$$ $$$ $2,797$ $$$ $38,918$ $$$ $$$ $2,797$ $$$ $38,918$ $$$ $$$ $2,880$ $29,400$ - $$$ $21,834$ $$$ $68,318$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ $$$ </td

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

				T ' 1	Prog	gram Revenues				Net (Expense and Changes i				
Program Activities	E	xpenses	Cł	, Fines and arges for Services	-	ll Grants and ntributions	-	ing Grants ntributions		vernmental Activities		siness-type Activities		Total
Governmental activities: General government and administration Public safety Public works Recreation	\$	134,183 61,363 24,336 8,058	\$	47,726 6,500 -	\$	- - 60,000 -	\$	- - 200	\$	(134,183) (13,637) 42,164 (7,858)	\$	- - -	\$	(134,183) (13,637) 42,164 (7,858)
Total governmental activities	\$	227,940	\$	54,226	\$	60,000	\$	200	\$	(113,514)	\$		\$	(113,514)
Business-type activities: Water and sewer	\$	206,087	\$	232,380	\$	63,967	\$	-	\$		\$	90,260	\$	90,260
Total government	\$	434,027	\$	286,606	\$	123,967	\$	200	\$	(113,514)	\$	90,260	\$	(23,254)
	Taxe Ho Fra Occu Inve Rent Tran Miso Sale Sale	ntel/motel anchise tax upational licens stment earnings al income sfers in/out cellaneous incor of Veterans Pa of assets aordinary item	me rk bricks - Restitut fotal gene		nd transfe	rs			\$	30,676 38,535 46,227 78 6,470 121,851 82 1,950 1,052 71,205 <u>318,126</u> 204,612	\$ \$	$ \begin{array}{r} - \\ - \\ 223 \\ - \\ (121,851) \\ 25 \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ (121,603) \\ (31,343) \end{array} $	\$ <u>\$</u> \$	30,676 38,535 46,227 301 6,470 - 107 1,950 1,052 71,205 196,523 173,269
	Net po	sition at beginr							φ	761,100	φ	666,270	φ	1,427,370
	Net po	sition at end of	year						\$	965,712	\$	634,927	\$	1,600,639

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General Fund			
ASSETS				
Cash	\$	142,152		
Receivables:				
Franchise taxes		6,008		
Hotel/motel tax		5,336		
Court fees		1,680		
Occupational license		13,735		
Intergovernmental:				
State mowing contract		3,250		
Total assets	\$	172,161		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	2,797		
Payroll taxes payable		2,662		
Due to utility fund		12,535		
Total liabilities	\$	17,994		
Fund Balances:				
Unassigned	\$	154,167		
Onassignou	φ	137,107		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	172,161		

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to Statement of Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Total fund balance - total governmental funds	\$ 154,167
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheets. Long-term liabilities including notes payable are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	815,385
Notes payable	 (3,840)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 965,712

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General Fund			
Revenues				
Taxes:				
Franchise	\$	38,535		
Hotel/motel		30,676		
Intergovernmental:				
State grant		60,000		
Local donations		200		
Occupational licenses and permits		46,227		
Charges for services		6,500		
Investment income		78		
Fines and forfeitures		47,726		
Rentals		6,470		
Restitution funds		71,205		
Miscellaneous		82		
Total revenues	\$	307,699		
Expenditures	¢	101.446		
General government	\$	121,446		
Public safety		58,469		
Recreation		3,088		
Capital outlay	<u>_</u>	194,792		
Total expenditures	\$	377,795		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	\$	(70,096)		
Other financing sources:				
Transfer in	\$	121,851		
Sale of Veterans Park bricks		1,950		
Sale of assets		1,052		
Total other financing sources	\$	124,853		
Total other matering sources	Ψ	121,000		
Net change in fund balance	\$	54,757		
Fund balances at beginning of year		99,410		
Fund balances at end of year	\$	154,167		

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 54,757
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net position, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital assets recorded in the current period.	194,792
Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the government- wide statement of activities and changes in net position, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense is not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds.	 (44,937)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 204,612

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2021

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund
ASSETS	Water and Sewer
Current Assets Cash Receivables: Accounts Due from general fund Total current assets Non-current Assets	\$ 450,337 28,879 12,535 \$ 491,751
Capital assets being depreciated - net	\$ 211,494
Total assets	\$ 703,245
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities Accounts payable	\$ 38,918
Noncurrent Liabilities Customer deposits	\$ 29,400
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	\$ 211,494 423,433
Total net position	\$ 634,927
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 703,245

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund		
	Water	and Sewer	
Operating revenues	.		
Charges for services	\$	232,380	
Operating expenses			
Personal services	\$	18,604	
Supplies		1,204	
Contractual services		165,954	
Depreciation		20,325	
Total operating expenses	\$	206,087	
Income (loss) from operations	\$	26,293	
Non-operating revenues (expenses)			
Investment income	\$	223	
Miscellaneous income		25	
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	\$	248	
Income (loss) before transfers	\$	26,541	
Transfers out		(121,851)	
Capital contributions		63,967	
Change in net position	\$	(31,343)	
Net position at beginning of year		666,270	
Net position at end of year	\$	634,927	

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund
	Water and Sewer
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers	¢ 226 151
Cash payments to suppliers	\$ 236,151
for goods and services	(138,742)
Cash payments to employees for services	(18,604)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 78,805
Cash flows from capital financing activities:	
Acquisition of fixed assets	\$ (78,854)
Capital contributions received	63,967
Net cash used by capital financing activities	\$ (14,887)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:	
Transfers out	\$ (121,851)
Loans to other funds	(12,535)
Miscellaneous income	
Net cash used by non-capital financing activities	\$ (134,361)
Cash flows from investing activities:	¢
Interest on cash and investments	\$ 223
Net increase (decrease) in cash	
and cash investments	\$ (70,220)
Cash and cash investments, beginning July 1, 2020	520,557
Cash and cash investments, ending June 30, 2021	\$ 450,337
Reconciliation of income (loss) from operations to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Income from operations	\$ 26,293
Adjustments to reconcile income (loss) from operations to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	\$ 20,325
Change in assets and liabilities:	
Decrease in accounts receivable	2,746
Increase in accounts payable	28,416
Increase in customer deposits payable	1,025
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 78,805

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Village of Anacoco, Louisiana

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

INTRODUCTION

The Village of Anacoco was incorporated under the provisions of the Lawrason Act. The Village operates under a Mayor-Board of Aldermen form of government.

The accounting and reporting policies of the Village of Anacoco conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. Such accounting and reporting procedures also conform to the requirements of Louisiana Revised Statutes 24:517 and to the guides set forth in the Louisiana Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide, and to the industry audit guide, Audits of State and Local Governmental Units.

The Village maintains a general fund that provides services and benefits to its citizens including repairs and maintenance of approximately 25 miles of roads and streets, and police protection to approximately 990 residents and an enterprise fund that provides water to approximately 530 rural residents.

The Village is located within Vernon Parish in the southwestern part of the State of Louisiana and is comprised of approximately 990 residents. The governing board is composed of three elected aldermen that are compensated for regular and special board meetings. There are approximately six employees that provide police protection and handle the clerical work for the Village.

GASB Statement No. 14, *The Reporting Entity*, established criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Under provisions of this Statement, the Village is considered a primary government, since it is a special purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. As used in GASB Statement No. 14, fiscally independent means that the Village may, without the approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes or set rates or charges, and issue bonded debt.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the funds financial statements.

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Village of Anacoco, Louisiana

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The Village reports the following major governmental fund:

The General Fund is the Village's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except for those in another fund.

The Village reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Proprietary Fund accounts for operations (a) where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's enterprise operations. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Charges for services of providing water and sewer services to residents comprise the operating revenue of the Village's enterprise fund. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expense, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available to us, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The Village has not established a policy for use of the unrestricted fund balance, therefore it considers committed fund balances to be used first, then assigned fund balances to be used next and finally the unassigned fund balance will be used.

C. Deposits and Investments

The Village's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, time deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. State law and

the Village's investment policy allow the Village to invest in collateralized certificates of deposits, government backed securities, commercial paper, the state sponsored investment pool, and mutual funds consisting solely of government backed securities.

D. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

E. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Village maintains a threshold level of \$1,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

According to GASB 34, the Village of Anacoco was not required to retroactively report infrastructure assets in its financial statements, therefore, these assets have not been reported in the financial statements.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was paid or included as part of the cost of capital assets under construction in construction projects.

All capital assets, other than land, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Roads, bridges, and infrastructure	40-50 years
Land improvements	40-50 years
Buildings and building improvements	40-50 years
Furniture and fixtures	5-15 years
Equipment	3-15 years
Vehicles	5 years

F. Compensated Absences

• Vacation Leave

Any employee that has worked a full year is eligible for vacation leave of thirty hours. Vacation leave credited to an employee may be used by the employee with the approval of the Mayor. The total amount of accrued vacation leave shall not exceed thirty hours.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

• Sick Leave

Sick leave is accrued at the rate of one day per quarter. The total amount of sick leave accrued shall not exceed eight hours per employee.

An employee must be employed by the Village for a minimum of two years to receive any type of sick leave with pay. Sick leave is defined as any period of time during which an employee may be excused from work without loss of pay due to:

- Personal illness, injury or any other type of physical disability which prevents an employee from performing his usual duties, except injuries incurred on the job;
- Medical, dental, or optical consultation or treatment; or
- Serious illness in the employee's immediate family. For the purpose of this section, the immediate family shall be deemed to include parents, spouses, children (including step-children), of the employee.

Sick leave may be utilized by an employee who has sufficient leave to his credit for necessary absence from duty due to the above listed conditions. Sick leave shall not be charged for non-working days. Vacation leave may be used for sick leave purposes after sick leave has been exhausted. The minimum charge to sick leave records shall not be less than fifteen minutes.

An employee who is taking sick leave shall inform the Mayor of that fact and the reason as soon as possible. Failure to do so by noon of the first day of illness may result in denial of sick leave with pay for the period of absence. For absences in excess of three days, the Mayor may require a statement from a registered physician or some other acceptable proof that the employee or immediate family member was ill and the employee was unable to report to work.

Each employee upon termination shall be paid the value of his accrued annual leave in a lump sum payment according to the limits established above, and the privileges of this policy shall not extend to any employee who is dismissed for theft of agency funds or property. When an employee is paid wages on an hourly basis, his regular hourly rate will be multiplied by the number of hours of accrued annual leave.

Payment for annual leave under this section shall not constitute employment beyond the last day of active duty.

As of June 30, 2021 accrued vacation and sick leave was immaterial and has not been recorded.

G. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary-fund type in the fund financial statements, longterm debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type and statement of net position. As of June 30, 2021 the Village had no long-term obligations.

H. Restricted Net Positon

For government-wide statement of net position, net position is reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position use either:

- a. Externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or
- b. Imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

I. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events within the control of the Village, which are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence.

J. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

K. Fund Balances

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

BUDGET INFORMATION: The Village uses the following budget practices:

- 1. The Village Clerk and Mayor prepare a proposed budget and submit same to the Board of Aldermen no later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year.
- 2. A summary of the proposed budget is published and the public is notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- 3. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after the publication of the call for the hearing.
- 4. After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is adopted through passage of an ordinance prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- 5. Budgetary amendments involving increases in expenditures resulting from revenues exceeding amounts estimated require the approval of the Board of Aldermen. These amended amounts are shown in the financial statements.
- 6. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 7. The budget for the General Fund is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended from time to time by the Board of Aldermen.

3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At June 30, 2021, the Village has cash and cash equivalents (book balances) totaling \$592,489 as follows:

NOW accounts \$ 592,489

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

Village of Anacoco, Louisiana

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

At June 30, 2021, the Village has \$648,763 in deposits (collected bank balances). These deposits are secured from risk by \$250,000 of federal deposit insurance and \$398,763 of pledged securities held by an unaffiliated bank of the pledgor bank. These deposited pledged securities are deemed by law to be under the control and possession and in the name of the Village and are therefore properly collateralized.

The cash and cash equivalents of the Village of Anacoco, Louisiana are subject to the following risk:

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the government will not be able to recover its deposits. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal or exceed the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the Village that the fiscal agent bank has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand. Further, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1224 states that securities held by a third party shall be deemed to be held in the Village's name.

4. **RECEIVABLES**

The receivables of \$58,888 at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

			Pr	oprietary		
Class of receivable	Gen	eral Fund	Fund		Total	
Taxes:						
Franchise	\$	6,008	\$	-	\$ 6,008	
Hotel/motel		5,336		-	5,336	
Court fees		1,680		-	1,680	
Occupational license		13,735		-	13,735	
State mowing contract		3,250		-	3,250	
Accounts		-		28,879	28,879	
Total	\$	30,009	\$	28,879	\$ 58,888	

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets and depreciation activity as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021 for the primary government is as follows:

		leginning Balance	Ι	ncreases	Dec	creases		Ending Balance
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated								
Land	\$	238,794	\$	-	\$	-	\$	238,794
Capital assets being depreciated								
Buildings	\$	206,207	\$	-	\$	-	\$	206,207
Vehicles		67,787		-		-		67,787
Improvements other buildings		542,145		182,760		-		724,905
Furniture and fixtures		2,075		-		-		2,075
Machinery and equipment		186,984		15,871		-		202,855
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	1,005,198	\$	198,631	\$	-	\$	1,203,829
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings	\$	86,727	\$	5,509	\$	-	\$	92,236
Vehicles		65,972		573		-		66,545
Improvements other buildings		296,530		26,611		-		323,141
Furniture and fixtures		780		208		-		988
Machinery and equipment		132,292		12,036		-		144,328
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	582,301	\$	44,937	\$	-	\$	627,238
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	422,897	\$	153,694	\$	-	\$	576,591
	В	eginning						Ending
		Balance	Ι	ncreases	Dec	reases		Balance
Business-type activities:							•	
Capital assets being depreciated								
Buildings	\$	15,969	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15,969
Utility plant		541,682		-		-		541,682
Machinery and equipment		131,710		78,854		-		210,564
Vehicles		-		-		-		-
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	689,361	\$	78,854	\$	-	\$	768,215
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings	\$	7,188	\$	757	\$	-	\$	7,945
Utility plant		419,121		16,119		-		435,240
Machinery and equipment		110,087		3,449		-		113,536
Vehicles		-		-		-		-
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	536,396	\$	20,325	\$	-	\$	556,721
Total business-type assets being depreciated, net	\$	152,965	\$	58,529	\$	-	\$	211,494

Village of Anacoco, Louisiana

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Depreciation expense of \$44,937 for the year ended June 30, 2021 was charged to the following governmental functions:

Public works	\$ 24,336
Public safety	2,894
General administration	12,737
Recreation	4,970
Total	\$ 44,937

6. ACCOUNTS AND OTHER PAYABLES

The payables of \$73,777 at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

	Gen	eral Fund	Proprietary Fund		al Fund Proprietary Fund		 Total
Payroll taxes	\$	2,662	\$	-	\$ 2,662		
Accounts		2,797		38,918	41,715		
Customer deposits	_	-		29,400	29,400		
Total	\$	5,459	\$	68,318	\$ 73,777		

7. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

	Tr	Transfers in		insfers out
General fund	\$	121,851	\$	-
Utility fund		-		121,851
Total	\$	121,851	\$	121,851

The utility fund transfers to the general fund to help cover the deficit in the general fund.

8. DUE TO/FROM OTHER FUNDS

	 Due to	D	ue from
General fund	\$ 12,535	\$	-
Proprietary fund	 -		12,535
Total	\$ 12,535	\$	12,535

Interfund balances arise when one fund pays expenses that are allocated to another fund.

9. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of the long-term obligation transactions for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	Governmental Fund			
	Note Payable			
Long-term obligations				
at beginning of year	\$	-		
Additions		5,712		
Principal and other payments		(1,872)		
Long-term obligations				
at end of year	\$	3,840		

Village of Anacoco, Louisiana

Notes to the Financial Statements (Concluded)

The following is a summary of the current (due in one year or less) and the long-term (due in more than one year) portions of long-term obligations as of June 30, 2021:

	Govern	mental Fund
	Note	e Payable
Current portion	\$	960
Long-term portion		2,880
Total	\$	3,840

Note payable is comprised of the following issue at June 30, 2021:

Note payable - Governmental Fund:

\$5,712 note payable to Axon Enterprises, Inc. Due in annual Installments of \$960 through June 30, 2025. \$3,840

10. EXTRAORDINARY ITEM

During the previous two years a theft occurred at the Village of Anacoco in the amount of \$71,205. During the current year, restitution was made in the same amount of \$71,205. This amount is shown as restitution funds in general revenues of the general fund.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Village of Anacoco, Louisiana

General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted	Amou	nts			-	et to Actual ferences
	Original		Final	Actu	ial Amount	over (under)	
Revenues							
Taxes:							
Franchise	\$ 32,100	\$	35,000	\$	38,535	\$	3,535
Hotel/motel	19,000		24,000		30,676		6,676
Intergovernmental:							
State grants	150,000		60,000		60,000		-
Occupational licenses and permits	26,000		35,000		46,227		11,227
Local donations	1,200		200		200		-
Charges for services	6,500		6,500		6,500		-
Investment income	35		73		78		5
Fines and forfeitures	45,000		50,000		47,726		(2,274)
Rentals	3,200		7,000		6,470		(530)
Restitution funds	-		71,205		71,205		-
Miscellaneous	63		118		82		(36)
Total revenues	\$ 283,098	\$	289,096	\$	307,699	\$	18,603
Expenditures							
General government							
and administration	\$ 155,289	\$	138,664	\$	121,446	\$	17,218
Public safety	66,253		60,451		58,469		1,982
Recreation	15,925		3,100		3,088		12
Capital outlay	159,700		194,792		194,792		-
Total expenditures	\$ 397,167	\$	397,007	\$	377,795	\$	19,212
Excess or (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	\$ (114,069)	\$	(107,911)	\$	(70,096)	\$	37,815
Other financing sources:							
Transfers in	\$ 105,000	\$	121,851	\$	121,851	\$	-
Sale of Veterans Park bricks	5,400		2,300		1,950		(350)
Sale of assets	 -		1,050		1,052	_	2
Total other financing sources	\$ 110,400	\$	125,201	\$	124,853	\$	(348)
Net change in fund balance	\$ (3,669)	\$	17,290	\$	54,757	\$	37,467
Fund balances at beginning of year	 100,000		99,410		99,410		-
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 96,331	\$	116,700	\$	154,167	\$	37,467

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

Schedule of Per Diem Paid to Board Members For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Board Members	Compensa		
LaVerne Miers	\$	600	
Shane Freeman		1,500	
John Schraven		2,100	
John Guy, Jr.		2,100	
Total	\$	6,300	

Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Agency Head Name - Keith Lewing

Purpose	А	mount
Salary	\$	4,200
Benefits - insurance		-
Benefits - retirement		-
Deferred compensation		-
Benefits - other		-
Car allowance		-
Vehicle provided by government		-
Cell phone		-
Dues		200
Vehicle rental		-
Per diem		-
Reimbursements		-
Travel		-
Registration fees		250
Conference travel		-
Housing/Lodging		-
Unvouchered expenses		-
Special meals		-
Other		-

Justice System Funding Schedule -Collecting/Disbursing Entity For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Peri	Six Month od Ended /31/2020	Second Six Month Period Ended 6/30/2021		
Beginning balance of amounts collected (cash on hand)	\$	-	\$	16,796	
Collections: Criminal court costs/fees Service/Collection fees	\$	18,352 761	\$	22,460 606	
Subtotal collections	\$	19,113	\$	23,066	
Disbursements to governments & nonprofits: Juvenile detention Statutory dedicated funds CMIS Vernon Parish narcotics task force Traumatic head and spinal cord injury - speeding Traumatic head and spinal cord injury - careless operation Louisiana judicial college Amounts Retained by Collection Agency:	\$	660 101 101 176 440 10 68	\$	720 192 96 192 480 10 33	
Collection fee for collecting/disbursing to others based on percentage of collection	\$	761	\$	606	
Disbursements to individuals/3rd party collection processing agencies:	\$		\$		
Subtotal disbursements/retainage	\$	2,317	\$	2,329	
Ending balance of amounts collected but not disbursed/retained (cash on hand)	\$	16,796	\$	37,533	
Ending balance of "partial payments" collected but not disbursed	\$	-	\$		

Justice System Funding Schedule -Receiving Entity For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Perio	Six Month od Ended 31/2020	Second Six Month Period Ended 6/30/2021		
Receipts from: N/A	\$	-	\$	-	
Subtotal receipts	\$	-	\$		
Ending balance of amounts assessed but not received	\$	-	\$	-	

OTHER REPORTS

Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Finding - Financial Statement Audit

Audit Finding No. 2020-1

Lack of segregation of duties, lack of monitoring

Condition:	Due to the size of the Village, there is one full time clerk and another part time employee in the office. In order to mitigate the lack of segregation of duties, controls were put in place to monitor the small office staff. These controls were not implemented during the year and this allowed for misappropriation of assets as described in the schedule of prior year audit findings.
Criteria:	Since it is not economically feasible to hire additional staff for proper segregation of duties, controls were put in place to closely monitor the office personnel. The controls included reviewing bank reconciliations, examining credit card statements, and other controls of cash collections and payroll preparation.
Cause and Condition:	The monitoring controls over office personnel were not implemented leading to misappropriation of assets during the year.
Effect of Condition:	The lack of monitoring resulted in misappropriation of assets and credit card abuse.
Recommendation:	We recommend that the internal controls that were in place be implemented by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen. These controls include examining bank reconciliations and comparing the reconciliation to the bank statement and financial statements. Credit cards should be kept under lock and signed in and out as needed. All credit card statements should be examined for proper purchases along with attached receipts. We also recommend that the Village work with a qualified individual to establish written internal controls that should be implemented for monitoring the office staff. Also, background checks should be required for anyone seeking employment at the Village.
Date of Initial Occurrence - June 30, 2019	

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Corrective Action Taken - Yes

Schedule of Current Year Audit Findings and Management's Response For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

There were no current year audit findings reported as of June 30, 2021.

Windham & Reed, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants

1620 North Pine Street DeRidder, LA 70634 Tel: (337) 462-3211 Fax: (337) 462-0640 John A. Windham, CPA Charles M. Reed, Jr., CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Keith Lewing, Mayor and the Members of the Board of Aldermen Village of Anacoco, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Anacoco, Louisiana as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village of Anacoco, Louisiana's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 18, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village of Anacoco, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Anacoco, Louisiana's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Anacoco, Louisiana's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The Honorable Keith Lewing, Mayor and the Members of the Board of Aldermen Village of Anacoco, Louisiana

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village of Anacoco, Louisiana's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an engagement to perform an audit in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

formal. Windham, CPA

DeRidder, Louisiana October 18, 2021