Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2025

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Bert Campbell, Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Village of Turkey Creek, Louisiana

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Turkey Creek (Village), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village, as of June 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Village and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

^{*} A Professional Accounting Corporation

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedules, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability, and schedule of employer contributions, pages 39 - 44, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Village has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The justice system funding schedule is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the justice system funding schedule is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the detailed budgetary comparison schedules of revenues and expenditures, and schedule of number of utility customers but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form or assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 11, 2025, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Ville Platte, Louisiana September 11, 2025

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2025

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 143,431	\$ 275,437	\$ 418,868
Receivables, net	23,929	120,426	144,355
Prepaid expenses	-	13,791	13,791
Restricted assets:			
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	-	13,151	13,151
Capital Assets:			
Capital assets, net	93,663	624,639	718,302
Right to use lease assets, net	87,943		87,943
Total assets	348,966	1,047,444	1,396,410
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension plan	92,241	69,757	161,998
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	8,443	21,444	29,887
Accrued liabilities	4,091	12,117	16,208
Customer deposits	- -	13,151	13,151
Long-term liabilities:			
Due within one year -			
Notes payable	-	9,460	9,460
Lease liability	15,862	-	15,862
Due after one year -			
Notes payable	-	32,655	32,655
Lease liability	36,390	-	36,390
Net pension liability	424,040	169,282	593,322
Total liabilities	488,826	258,109	746,935
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension plan	116,177	24,782	140,959
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	129,354	591,983	721,337
Restricted for sales tax dedication	106,154	- -	106,154
Unrestricted	(399,304)	242,327	(156,977)
Total net position	\$ (163,796)	\$ 834,310	\$ 670,514

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

		Program Rev	enues	Net	(Expense) Revenues a	nd
			Operating		Changes in Net Position	
		Fees, Fines, and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	
Activities	Expenses	Charges for Services	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$ 107,050	\$ 16,600	\$ -	\$ (90,450)	\$ -	\$ (90,450)
Public safety	410,007	328,263	6,600	(75,144)	-	(75,144)
Public works	41,917	-	-	(41,917)	-	(41,917)
Culture and recreation	59,594	3,777	-	(55,817)	-	(55,817)
Interest on long-term debt	10,758		<u> </u>	(10,758)		(10,758)
Total governmental activities	629,326	348,640	6,600	(274,086)	-	(274,086)
Business-type activities:				, , ,		
Water and sewer	884,436	812,691	86,941	<u> </u>	15,196	15,196
Total	\$1,513,762	\$1,161,331	\$ 93,541	(274,086)	15,196	(258,890)
	General revenue	s:				
	Taxes -					
		taxes, levied for general purp	ooses	14,625	_	14,625
	Sales taxes, levied for general purposes		99,361	_	99,361	
	Franchise tax			20,395	_	20,395
	Grants and cor	ntributions not restricted to s	pecific programs -	,		,
	State sources		1 2	3,720	_	3,720
	Non-employer	pension contribution		10,490	6,667	17,157
		vestment earnings		4,631	4,087	8,718
	Miscellaneous	· ·		17,751	13,700	31,451
	Transfers			69,866	(69,866)	-
	Total ger	neral revenues		240,839	(45,412)	195,427
	Change i	n net position		(33,247)	(30,216)	(63,463)
	Net position, beg	ginning		(130,549)	864,526	733,977
	Net position, end	ling		\$ (163,796)	\$ 834,310	\$ 670,514

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

FUND DESCRIPTIONS

General Fund

The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with governments which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

1996 Sales Tax Fund -

To account for the receipt and use of proceeds of the Village's two percentage sales and use tax. These taxes are dedicated for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, improving, maintaining, and operating a community center for the Village and improving and maintaining public streets and drainage works in the Village, with the proceeds of the tax to be subject to funding into bonds.

Enterprise Fund

Utility Fund -

To account for the provision of water and sewerage services to residents of the Village. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2025

	General	1996 Sales	
	Fund	Tax Fund	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$44,103	\$ 99,328	\$143,431
Receivables:			
Taxes	2,709	10,254	12,963
Other	10,966		10,966
Total assets	\$57,778	\$109,582	\$167,360
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 5,015	\$ 3,428	\$ 8,443
Accrued liabilities	4,091		4,091
Total liabilities	9,106	3,428	12,534
Fund balances:			
Restricted for sales tax dedication	-	106,154	106,154
Unassigned	48,672		48,672
Total fund balances	48,672	106,154	154,826
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$57,778	\$109,582	\$167,360

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2025

Total fund balances for the governmental funds at June 30, 2025		\$ 15	54,826
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and,			
therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Those assets consist of:			
Buildings and improvements, net of \$539,314 accumulated depreciation	\$ 81,691		
Equipment, net of \$95,072 accumulated depreciation	-		
Infrastructure, net of \$291,904 accumulated depreciation	 11,972	9	93,663
Right to use lease assets used in governmental activities are not			
financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the fund.			
Right to use lease assets, net of \$39,694 accumulated amortization		8	37,943
The deferred outflows of expenditures for the pension plan are not a use of			
current resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund.		9	2,241
Some liabilities are not due and payable from current financial resources and,			
therefore, are not reported in the fund.			
Lease liability	(52,252)		
Net pension liability	 424,040)	(47	76,292)
The deferred inflows of contributions for the pension plan are not available			
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		(11	6,177)
Net position at June 30, 2025		\$(16	53,796)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	General Fund	1996 Sales Tax Fund	Total
Revenues:	1 unu	Tax Tuna	10111
Taxes	\$ 35,020	\$ 99,361	\$ 134,381
Licenses and permits	16,600	- -	16,600
Intergovernmental	10,320	2,721	13,041
Fines and forfeits	328,263	-	328,263
Miscellaneous	23,438		23,438
Total revenues	413,641	102,082	515,723
Expenditures:			
Current -			
General government	118,940	-	118,940
Public safety	274,028	-	274,028
Public works	-	39,256	39,256
Culture and recreation	27,993	-	27,993
Capital outlay	24,600	-	24,600
Debt service -			
Principal retirement	110,686	-	110,686
Interest charges	11,597		11,597
Total expenditures	567,844	39,256	607,100
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(154,203)	62,826	(91,377)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in	154,644	-	154,644
Transfers out	(29,977)	(54,801)	(84,778)
Total other financing sources (uses)	124,667	(54,801)	69,866
Net change in fund balances	(29,536)	8,025	(21,511)
Fund balances, beginning	78,208	98,129	176,337
Fund balances, ending	\$ 48,672	\$106,154	\$ 154,826

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
to the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

Total net change in fund balances for year ended June 30, 2025 per the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances		\$ (21,511)
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay which is considered expenditures on statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances	\$ 24,600	
Depreciation expense	(34,719)	
Amortization expense	(42,119)	
Disposal of capital assets	(28,213)	(80,451)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Repayment of lease principal		110,686
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Interest payable	839	
Net pension liability	(42,810)	(41,971)

Change in net position for year ended June 30, 2025 per the statement of activities

\$ (33,247)

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund - Enterprise Fund June 30, 2025

ASSETS

1100210	
Current assets:	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 275,437
Accounts receivable, net	83,554
Unbilled utility receivable	36,872
Prepaid expenses	13,791
Total current assets	409,654
Noncurrent assets:	
Restricted assets -	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	13,151
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	624,639
Total noncurrent assets	637,790
Total assets	1,047,444
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension plan	69,757
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	21,444
Accrued liabilities	12,117
Notes payable	9,460
Payable from restricted assets -	
Customers' deposits	13,151
Total current liabilities	56,172
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Notes payable	32,655
Net pension liability	169,282
Total noncurrent liabilities	201,937
Total liabilities	258,109
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension plan	24,782
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	591,983
Unrestricted	242,327
Total net position	\$ 834,310
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund - Enterprise Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 776,767
Connection fees	3,350
Penalties	18,119
Installations	9,080
Memberships	5,375
Miscellaneous	13,700
Total operating revenues	826,391
Operating expenses:	
Bank charges	5,141
Depreciation	75,896
Fees and permits	1,282
Fuel and oil	18,459
Insurance	43,735
Miscellaneous	1,427
Office expense	37,566
Professional fees	28,600
Repairs and maintenance	170,996
Salaries and related benefits	430,582
Supplies	15,882
Telephone	4,421
Utilities	46,789
Total operating expenses	880,776
Operating loss	(54,385)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	
Interest income	4,087
State grant revenue	86,941
Nonemployer pension contribution	6,667
Interest expense	(3,660)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	94,035
Income before transfers	39,650
Transfers in (out):	
Transfers in	38,790
Transfers out	(108,656)
Total transfers in (out)	(69,866)
Change in net position	(30,216)
Net position, beginning	864,526
Net position, ending	<u>\$ 834,310</u>

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund Type - Enterprise Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Receipts from customers	\$ 763,043
Payments to suppliers	(408,896)
Payments to employees	(430,582)
Other receipts	49,624
Net cash used by operating activities	(26,811)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	
Proceeds from grants	86,941
Net change in meter deposits	1,200
Transfers from other funds	38,790
Transfers to other funds	(108,656)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	18,275
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Proceeds from notes payable	25,780
Interest on notes payable	(3,660)
Principal paid on notes payable	(8,221)
Acquisition of capital assets	(102,178)
Net cash used by noncapital financing activities	(88,279)
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Interest on investments	4,087
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(92,728)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	381,316
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$ 288,588
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used by operating activities:	
Operating loss	\$ (54,385)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used by operating activities -	
Depreciation	75,896
Provision for uncollectible accounts	5,025
Pension expense	(14,130)
Changes in current assets and liabilities -	
Accounts receivable	(13,724)
Unbilled utility receivables	(7,163)
Prepaid expenses	(762)
Accounts payable	(8,041)
Accrued liabilities	(9,527)
Net cash used by operating activities	\$ (26,811)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the Village of Turkey Creek (Village) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this note.

A. <u>Financial Reporting Entity</u>

The Village of Turkey Creek was incorporated in 1956, under the provisions of the Lawrason Act. The Village operates under a Mayor-Board of Alderman form of government and provides the following services: public safety, highway and streets, water and sewer services, culture and recreation, and general administrative services.

This report includes all funds and activities that are controlled by the Village as an independent political subdivision of the State of Louisiana. There are no component units required to be reported in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

B. <u>Basis of Presentation</u>

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The government-wide financial statements provide operational accountability information for the Village as an economic unit. The government-wide financial statements report the Village's ability to maintain service levels and continue to meet its obligations as they come due. The statements include all governmental activities and all business-type activities of the Village.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the business-type activities of the Village and for each function of the Village's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

The accounts of the Village are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts which comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balance/net position, revenues, expenditures/expenses, and transfers. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The funds of the Village are classified into two categories: governmental and proprietary. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The General Fund is always a major governmental fund. Other individual major governmental and enterprise funds are determined as funds whose revenues, expenditures/expenses, assets and deferred outflows of resources, or liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, are at least ten percent of the corresponding totals for all funds of that category or type (total governmental or enterprise fund) and at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental fund and enterprise funds combined or funds designated as major at the discretion of the Village. Funds not classified as a major fund are aggregated and presented in a single column in the fund financial statements.

Governmental Funds -

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The Village reports these major governmental funds and fund types:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Village. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of government grants or other specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects of the Village. The Village's major special revenue fund is the 1996 Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund. This fund is used to account for the proceeds of a two percent sales and use tax that is legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Proprietary Fund - Enterprise Fund

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The Village's enterprise fund is the Utility Fund.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement Focus

The measurement focus determines the accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund.

The governmental and business-type activities within the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The economic resources measurement focus meets the accounting objectives of determining net income, net position, and cash flows.

The fund financial statements use either the current financial resources measurement focus or the economic resources measurement focus as appropriate. Governmental funds use the current financial resources measurement focus. This measurement focus is based upon the receipt and disbursement of current available financial resources rather than upon net income. The measurement focus of the proprietary fund type, the flow of economic resources, is based upon determination of net income, net position, and cash flows.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Both governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Property taxes are reported in the period for which levied. Other nonexchange revenues, including intergovernmental revenues and grants, are reported when all eligibility requirements have been met. Fees and charges and other exchange revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. An exception to this is grants collected on a reimbursement basis. Those reimbursable grants are recognized as revenue when reimbursable expenditures are made. Property tax revenues are recognized in the period for which levied provided they are also available. Expenditures are recognized when the related liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on long-term debt and employee vacation and sick leave, which are recognized when due and payable.

The proprietary fund utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, or economic asset used.

Program revenues

Program revenues included in the statement of activities are derived directly from the program itself or from parties outside the Village's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the Village's general revenues.

Allocation of indirect expenses

The Village reports all direct expenses by function in the statement of activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Indirect expenses of other functions are not allocated to those functions but are reported separately in the statement of activities. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function. Interest on long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the statement of activities.

Revenues

Ad valorem taxes are recorded in the year taxes are due and payable. Interest income on deposits is recorded as revenue when earned. Sales taxes, franchise fees, and intergovernmental revenues are recorded when the Village is entitled to the funds. Substantially all other revenues are recorded when received.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

In the propriety funds, operating revenues and expenses are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities. Interest on long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the statement of activities. In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified by character for governmental funds and by operating and nonoperating for proprietary funds. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

D. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Equity</u>

Cash and interest-bearing deposits

For purposes of the statement of net position, cash and interest-bearing deposits include all demand accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the Village. For the purpose of the proprietary fund statement of cash flows, "cash and cash equivalents" include all demand and savings accounts, and certificates of deposit with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include ad valorem taxes, sales and use taxes, and franchise taxes. Business-type activities report customer utility service receivables as their major receivable. Uncollectible ad valorem taxes and utility service receivables are recognized as bad debts through the establishment of an allowance account at the time information becomes available which would indicate the uncollectibility of the particular receivable. At June 30, 2025, an allowance for ad valorem taxes was considered unnecessary due to immateriality. The allowance for uncollectibles for customer utility receivables was \$114,150 at June 30, 2025. Unbilled utility service receivables resulting from utility services rendered between the date of meter reading and billing and the end of the month, are recorded at year-end.

Interfund receivables and payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivables and payables."

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid items are recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include buildings and improvements, equipment and vehicles, utility system and improvements, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their acquisition value at the date of donation. The Village maintains a threshold level of \$5,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings and improvements	30 years
Equipment and vehicles	5 years
Utility system and improvements	20-40 years
Infrastructure	20 years

In the fund financial statements, the acquisition of capital assets used in governmental fund operations is accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

Compensated Absences

Employees of the Village earn 80 hours of sick leave and 80 hours of vacation leave per year. Sick leave does not accumulate and is not payable upon termination or retirement. Vacation leave does not accumulate, and any unused vacation leave will be paid to the employee at the employee's current rate of pay.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Long-term debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The Village's long-term debt at June 30, 2025 consists of notes payable.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In some instances, the GASB requires a government to delay recognition of decreases in net position as expenditures until a future period. In other instances, governments are required to delay recognition of increases in net position as revenues until a future period. In these circumstances, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources result from the delayed recognition of expenditures or revenues, respectively. At June 30, 2025, the Village's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources on the government-wide statement and proprietary fund enterprise fund statement are attributable to its pension plans.

Pensions

The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense (See Note 9), have been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. Member's earnable compensation, for which the employer allocations are based, is recognized in the period in which the employee is compensated for services performed. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plan, and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Non-employer contributions are recognized as revenue in the government-wide financial statements. In the governmental fund financial statements contributions are recognized as expenditures when made.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Equity Classifications

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets consists of net capital assets reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.
- b. Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets. It is the Village's policy to use restricted net position prior to the use of unrestricted net position when both restricted and unrestricted net position are available for an expense which has been incurred. At June 30, 2025, the Village reported \$106,154 of restricted net position, which was restricted by enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position consists of all other net position that that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as follows:

- a. Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Committed includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal decision of the Village's Mayor and Board of Aldermen, which is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Village.
- d. Assigned includes amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the Village's adopted policy, only the Mayor and Board of Aldermen may assign amounts for specified purposes.
- e. Unassigned includes fund balance amounts which have not been classified within the above-mentioned categories.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

It is the Village's policy to use restricted amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless prohibited by legal or contractual provisions. Additionally, the Village uses committed, assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of fund balance in that order when expenditures are made. Propriety fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

E. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(2) <u>Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits</u>

Under state law, the Village may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The Village may invest in certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. At June 30, 2025, the Village has cash and interest-bearing deposits (book balances) as follows:

Demand deposits	\$ 245,830
Time and savings deposits	186,189
Total	\$432,019

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Village's deposits may not be recovered or the collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party will not be recovered. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or similar federal security or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Deposit balances (bank balances) at June 30, 2025 were secured as follows:

Bank balances	\$466,849
Federal deposit insurance	436,190
Pledged securities	30,659
Total	\$466,849

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Deposits in the amount of \$30,659 were exposed to custodial credit risk. These deposits are uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging institutions' trust department or agent, but not in the Village's name. The Village does not have a policy for custodial credit risk.

(3) <u>Receivables</u>

Receivables at June 30, 2025 consist of the following:

	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Accounts, net	\$ -	\$ 83,554	\$ 83,554
Unbilled utility	-	36,872	36,872
Ad valorem tax	2,709	-	2,709
Franchise tax	4,948	-	4,948
Sales tax	10,254	-	10,254
Other	6,018	<u> </u>	6,018
Total	\$23,929	\$120,426	\$144,355

(4) Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2025 follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Governmental activities:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 596,405	\$ 24,600	\$ -	\$ 621,005
Equipment	100,805	-	5,733	95,072
Infrastructure	303,876			303,876
Totals	1,001,086	24,600	5,733	1,019,953
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	508,701	30,613	-	539,314
Equipment	98,894	96	3,918	95,072
Infrastructure	287,894	4,010		291,904
Total accumulated depreciation	895,489	34,719	3,918	926,290
Governmental activities, capital assets, net	\$ 105,597	\$(10,119)	\$ 1,815	\$ 93,663

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 14,400	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,400
Other capital assets:				
Building and improvements	25,219	-	-	25,219
Water system	1,387,058	-	-	1,387,058
Sewer system	976,535	-	-	976,535
Machinery and equipment	167,588	63,943	-	231,531
Vehicles	158,154	38,235		196,389
Totals	2,728,954	102,178		2,831,132
Less accumulated depreciation				
Building and improvements	24,354	448	-	24,802
Water system	1,181,439	18,127	-	1,199,566
Sewer system	657,905	24,950	-	682,855
Machinery and equipment	163,089	4,879	-	167,968
Vehicles	103,810	27,492		131,302
Total accumulated depreciation	2,130,597	75,896		2,206,493
Business-type activities, capital assets, net	\$ 598,357	\$ 26,282	\$ -	\$ 624,639
Depreciation expense was charged to	governmental a	activities as fol	llows:	
General government				\$ 361
Public safety				96
Public works				2,661
Culture and recreation				31,601
Total depreciation expense				\$34,719
Lease asset activity for the year ended	d June 30, 2025	follows:		
	ъ			F 1:
	Beginning	۸ ۵۵:۰:	Dolotions	Ending
Governmental activities:	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Right of use lease assets -				
Vehicles	\$216,127	\$ -	\$88,490	\$ 127,637
Less accumulated amortization	38,796	42,119	41,221	39,694
Governmental activities, lease assets, net				
Governmental activities, lease assets, flet	<u>\$177,331</u>	<u>\$ (42,119)</u>	\$47,269	\$ 87,943

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Amortization expense in the amount of \$42,119 was charged to the public safety law enforcement governmental activity.

(5) Restricted Assets – Proprietary Fund Type (Enterprise Fund)

Restricted assets consist of customers' deposits in the amount of \$13,151 at June 30, 2025.

(6) Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability transactions for the year ended June 30, 2025 follows:

Beginning			Ending	Due Within
Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
\$183,809	<u>\$ -</u>	\$131,557	\$ 52,252	\$15,862
\$ 24,556	\$25,780	\$ 8,221	\$ 42,115	\$ 9,460
	Balance \$183,809	Balance Additions \$183,809 \$ -	Balance Additions Reductions \$183,809 \$ - \$131,557	Balance Additions Reductions Balance \$183,809 \$ - \$131,557 \$52,252

Notes Payable:

The Village has two promissory notes dated 4/30/2024 and 9/13/2024 bearing interest at 7.89% and 7.64%, respectively, and payable in monthly installments through 3/30/2029 and 8/13/2029.

The future principal and interest payments for notes payable as of June 30, 2025, are as follows:

Year ending		
June 30,	_Principal	Interest
2026	\$ 9,460	\$ 2,936
2027	10,221	2,175
2028	11,045	1,352
2029	10,369	473
2030	1,020	10
	\$ 42,115	\$ 6,946

Leased Assets:

The Village has entered into various agreements as lessee for patrol cars. The Village recognized a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset based on the present value of future lease payments over the term of the lease. Leased assets are reported with capital assets (see Note 4), and lease liabilities are reported as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. Lease assets are amortized, and lease liabilities are reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The future principal and interest payments for leases as of June 30, 2025, are as follows:

Year ending		
June 30,	Principal	Interest
2026	\$ 15,862	\$ 6,600
2027	17,787	4,675
2028	13,171	1,803
2029	5,432	184
	\$ 52,252	\$13,262

(7) Ad Valorem Taxes

Ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1st of each year. Taxes are levied in October and billed to the taxpayers in December. Billed taxes are due by December 31st and become delinquent on January 1st of the following year.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, taxes of 6.42 mills were levied on property with assessed valuations totaling \$2,282,610. Total taxes levied were \$14,654.

(8) Dedication of Proceeds and Flow of Funds – 2 Percent Sales and Use Tax

Proceeds of a two percent sales and use tax (accounted for in the 1996 Sales Tax Fund - a special revenue fund) levied by the Village of Turkey Creek (2025 collections \$99,361) are dedicated for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, improving, maintaining and operating a community center for the Village and improving and maintaining public streets and drainage works in the Village.

(9) Pension Plans

The Village of Turkey Creek participates in two cost-sharing defined benefit plans, each administered by separate public employee retirement systems. Article X, Section 29(F) of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of all plans administered by these public employee retirement systems to the State Legislature. These plans are not closed to new entrants. Substantially all City employees participate in one of the following retirement systems:

Plan Descriptions

<u>Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS)</u> provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to eligible employees and their beneficiaries as defined in LRS 11:1731. The Village participates in Plan A.

<u>State of Louisiana - Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System (MPERS)</u> provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to eligible employees and their beneficiaries as defined in LRS 11:2211 - 11:2233.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The systems' financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized in the period in which the employee is compensated for services performed. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan. Interest income is recognized when earned. Ad valorem taxes and revenue sharing monies are recognized in the year collected by the tax collector.

A brief summary of eligibility and benefits of the plans are provided in the following table:

	MERS	MPERS
Final average salary	Highest 60 months	Highest 36 months or 60 months ²
Years of service required and/or age eligible for benefits	25 years of any age; 10 years age 60; 20 years any age ¹	25 years of any age; 20 years age 50; 12 years age 55; 20 years any age ^{1;} 30 years any age ^{3;} 25 years age 55 ^{2;} 10 years age 60 ²
Benefit percent per years of service	3.00%	2.50 - 3.33% ³

¹ With actuarial reduced benefits

Contributions

Article X, Section 29(E)(2)(a) of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974 assigns the Legislature the authority to determine employee contributions. Employer contributions are actuarially determined using statutorily established methods on an annual basis and are constitutionally required to cover the employer's portion of the normal cost and provide for the amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. Employer contributions are adopted by the Legislature annually upon recommendation of the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. In addition, MERS receives a percentage of ad valorem taxes and MPERS receives a percentage of insurance premium taxes collected by parishes. These entities are not participating employers in the pension systems and are considered to be nonemployer contributing entities.

Contributions of employees, employers, and non-employer contributing entities effective for the year ended June 30, 2025, for the defined benefit pension plans in which the primary government is a participating employer were as follows:

			Amount from	
	Active Member	Employer	Nonemployer	Amount of
	Contribution	Contribution	Contributing	Government
Plan	Percentage	Percentage	Entities	Contributions
MERS	10.00%	28.00%	\$ 9,525	\$ 69,248
MPERS	10.00%	35.60%	7,632	24,448

² Under non hazardous duty sub plan commencing January 1, 2013

Membership commencing January 1, 2013 non hazardous duty plan 2.5%, hazardous duty plan 3.0%, membership prior to January 1, 2013 3.33%.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The Village's net pension liability at June 30, 2025 is comprised of its proportionate share of the net pension liability relating to each of the cost-sharing plans in which the Village is a participating employer. The Village's net pension liability for each plan was measured as of the plan's measurement date (June 30, 2024) and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each of the plans in which it participates was based on the Village's required contributions in proportion to total required contributions for all employers.

As of the most recent measurement date, the Village's proportion for each plan and the change in proportion from the prior measurement date were as follows:

	Proportionate	Proportionate	Increase/(Decrease)
	Share of Net	Share (%) of Net	from Prior
Plan	Pension Liability	Pension Liability	Measurement Date
MERS	\$ 327,485	0.116377%	-0.005516%
MPERS	265,837	0.029342%	-0.016006%
Total	\$593,322		

Since the measurement date of the net pension liability was June 30, 2024, the net pension liability is based upon fiduciary net position for each of the plans as of that date. Detailed information about each pension plan's assets, deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and fiduciary net position that was used in the measurement of the Village's net pension liability is available in the separately issued plan financial reports for fiscal year 2024. The financial report for each plan may be accessed on their website as follows:

MERS - http://www.mersla.com/ MPERS - http://lampers.org/

Actuarial Assumptions

The following table provides information concerning actuarial assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability for each of the defined benefit plans in which the Village is a participating employer:

	MERS	MPERS
Date of experience study on which significant assumptions are based	7/1/2018 - 6/30/2023	7/1/2014 - 6/30/2019
Expected remaining service lives	3	4
Inflation Rate	2.50%	2.50%
Projected salary increases	4.4% - 9%	4.7% - 12.3%
Projected benefit changes including COLAs	None	None
Source of mortality assumptions	(1), (2), (3)	(4), (5), (6)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

- (1) PubG-2010(B) Healthy Retiree Table set equal to 115% for males and females, each adjusted using their respective male and female MP2021 scales.
- (2) PubG-2010(B) Employee Table set equal to 115% for males and females, each adjusted using their respective male and female MP2021 scales.
- (3) PubNS-2010(B) Disabled Retiree Table set equal to 115% for males and females with full generational MP2021 scale.
- (4) Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plan Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Healthy Retirees multiplied by 115% for males and 125% for females, each with full generational projection MP2019 scale.
- (5) The Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Disable Retirees multiplied by 105% for males and 115% for females each will full generational projection MP2019 scale.
- (6) Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Employees multiplied by 115% for males and 125% for females, each with full generational projection MP2019 scale.

Cost of Living Adjustments

The pension plans in which the Village participates have the authority to grant cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) on an ad hoc basis.

Pursuant to LRS 11:242(B), the power of the Board of Trustees of the statewide systems of MERS and MPERS to grant a COLA, is effective in calendar years that the legislature fails to grant a COLA, unless in the legislation granting a COLA, the legislature authorizes the Board of Trustees to provide an additional COLA. The authority to grant a COLA by the Board is subject to the funded status and interest earnings. The effects of the benefit changes made as a result of the COLAs is included in the measurement of the total pension liability as of the measurement date at which the ad hoc COLA was granted and the amount is known and reasonably estimable.

Discount Rate

The discount rates used to measure the Village's total pension liability for each plan and the significant assumptions used in the determination of the discount rate for each plan are as follows:

	MERS	MPERS
Discount rate	6.85%	6.75%
Plan cash flow assumptions	(1)	(1)
Rates incorporated in the Discount Rate: Long-term Rate of Return	6.85%	7.86%
Periods applied	All	All
Municipal Bond Rate	N/A	N/A

^{*}Plan Cash Flow Assumptions:

¹⁾ Plan member contributions will be made at the current contributions rates and sponsor contributions will be made at the actuarially determined rates.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The discount rates used to measure the Village's total pension liability for each plan is equal to the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments that are expected to be used to finance the payment of benefits. The long-term expected rate of return for each plan was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic/geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized for each plan in the following tables:

	MERS*		MPERS*	
		Long-term		Long-term
		Expected Real		Expected
	Target	Rate of	Target	Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return	Allocation	Return
Public equity	56%	2.44%	52.00%	3.14%
Public fixed income	29%	1.26%	34.00%	1.07%
Alternative Investments	15%	0.65%	14.00%	1.03%
Total	100%	4.35%	100%	5.24%
Inflation		2.50%		2.62%
Nominal return		6.85%		7.86%

^{*}Arithmetic real rates of return

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Changes in the net pension liability may either be reported in pension expense in the year the change occurred or recognized as a deferred outflow of resources or a deferred inflow of resources in the year the change occurred and amortized into pension expense over a number of years. For the year ended June 30, 2025, the Village recognized \$132,866 in pension expense related to all defined benefit plans in which it participates. MERS recognized revenues for ad valorem taxes and MPERS recognized revenues for insurance premium taxes, collected from non-employee contributing entities. The pension expense and revenues are summarized by plan in the following table:

Plan	Pension Expense	Revenues
MERS	\$ 42,867	\$ 9,525
MPERS	89,999	7,632
	\$132,866	\$17,157

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

At June 30, 2025, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

MERS	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$10,841
Change of assumptions	-	1,932
Change in proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate share of		
contributions	19,881	12,009
Net differences between projected and actual earnings		
on plan investments	4,409	-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	69,248	
Total	\$ 93,538	\$24,782
MPERS	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows	Inflows
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 14,393	\$ 8,042
Change in proportion and differences between the employer's		
contributions and the employer's proportionate share of		
contributions	22,229	108,135
Net differences between projected and actual earnings		
on plan investments	7,390	-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	24,448	-
Total	\$ 68,460	\$116,177

Deferred outflows of resources of \$93,696 resulting from the employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent year. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions to be recognized in pension expense are as follows:

Year Ended		
June 30:	MERS	MPERS
2026	\$ 2,972	\$ (13,446)
2027	15,908	(11,009)
2028	(11,242)	(43,048)
2029	(8,130)	(4,662)
	<u>\$ (492)</u>	\$ (72,165)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Village's Proportional Share of the Net Pension Liabilities to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Village's proportionate shares of the net pension liabilities of the plans, calculated using their respective discount rates, as well as what the Village's proportionate shares of the net pension liabilities would be if they were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

		N	Net Pension Liability				
	Current	1% Current		1%			
Plan	Discount Rate	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase			
MERS	6.85%	\$ 493,144	\$ 327,485	\$ 187,640			
MPERS	6.75%	394,895	265,837	158,099			
Total		\$ 888,039	\$593,322	\$345,739			

Payables to the Pension Plans

The Village recorded accrued liabilities to each of the pension plans for the year ended June 30, 2025 for the contractually required contributions for the month of June 2025. The amounts are included in liabilities under the amounts reported as accounts and other payables. The amounts due to each plan at June 30, 2025 are as follows:

MERS	\$ 7,596
MPERS	2,574
	\$ 10,170

(10) <u>Compensation of Village Officials</u>

A detail of compensation paid to the Board of Aldermen for the year ended June 30, 2025 follows:

Billy King, Jr., Aldermen	\$ 4,800
Jessie Johnson, Alderman	4,800
William Chapelle, Alderman	4,800
Total	<u>\$14,400</u>

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(11) Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head

A detail of compensation, benefits, and other payments to Mayor, Bert Campbell for the year ended June 30, 2025 follows:

Purpose	<u>Amount</u>
Salary	\$ 9,600
Payroll taxes	908
Cell phone	600
Mileage	826
-	\$11,934

(12) Interfund Transfers

Transfers consist of the following at June 30, 2025:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Major governmental funds:		
General Fund	\$154,644	\$ 29,977
1996 Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund		54,801
Total governmental funds	154,644	84,778
Proprietary fund:		
Enterprise Fund	38,790	108,656
Total	\$ 193,434	\$ 193,434

Transfers are used to (a) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to (b) use unrestricted revenues collected in the utility fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

(13) Risk Management

The Village is exposed to risks of loss in the areas of general and auto liability, property hazards, and workers' compensation. All these risks are handled by purchasing commercial insurance coverage. There have been no significant reductions in the insurance coverage during the year, nor have settlements exceeded coverage for the past three years.

(14) Pending Litigation

At June 30, 2025, the Village was not involved in any lawsuits that would have a material adverse effect on the Village's financial position.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(15) New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*. The objective of this Statement is to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. This standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025. The effect of implementation on the Village's financial statements has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets*. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by providing users of financial statements with essential information about certain types of capital assets in order to make informed decisions and assess accountability. Additionally, the disclosure requirements will improve consistency and comparability between governments. This standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025. The effect of implementation on the Village's financial statements has not yet been determined.

(16) Unfunded Accrued Liability – Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the Village met the criteria under Louisiana Revised Statute §11:2225.4(A)(2)(b) for partial dissolution of its police department, as the number of active contributing members to the Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System (MPERS) fell below the statutory threshold.

Under R.S. §11:2225.4, municipalities that fully or partially dissolve their police departments are required to remit payment for their proportionate share of the unfunded accrued liability (UAL) of MPERS. As of June 30, 2025, the Village had not remitted this payment, which was actuarially determined to be \$267,346.

However, the Village believes that it may not be obligated to pay the UAL under the current circumstances and intends to further investigate the legal and financial implications of nonpayment. Management is actively reviewing the statutory language, consulting with legal counsel, and seeking clarification from relevant state agencies to determine whether the liability applies and, if so, what options may be available.

No provision for this liability has been recorded in the financial statements pending the outcome of this review.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

				Variance with Final Budget
	Bud		A . 1	Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 31,326	\$ 33,591	\$ 35,020	\$ 1,429
Licenses and permits	12,281	11,615	16,600	4,985
Intergovernmental	3,709	13,085	10,320	(2,765)
Fines and forfeits	381,636	330,356	328,263	(2,093)
Miscellaneous	18,904	20,754	23,438	2,684
Total revenues	447,856	409,401	413,641	4,240
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government	108,094	125,148	118,940	6,208
Public safety	390,870	301,913	274,028	27,885
Culture and recreation	8,766	27,246	27,993	(747)
Capital outlay	-	75,222	24,600	50,622
Debt service -				
Principal	38,401	43,984	110,686	(66,702)
Interest	9,339	13,766	11,597	2,169
Total expenditures	555,470	587,279	567,844	19,435
Deficiency of revenues				
over expenditures	(107,614)	(177,878)	(154,203)	23,675
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	204,832	158,910	154,644	(4,266)
Transfers out		(30,127)	(29,977)	150
Total other financing sources (uses)	204,832	128,783	124,667	(4,116)
Net change in fund balance	97,218	(49,095)	(29,536)	19,559
Fund balance, beginning	41,754	78,208	78,208	
Fund balance, ending	\$ 138,972	\$ 29,113	\$ 48,672	\$ 19,559

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

1996 Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Bud	σet .		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
	Original		7 Totaar	(Tregutive)	
Revenues:					
Sales taxes	\$ 86,242	\$92,114	\$ 99,361	\$ 7,247	
Interest	1,197	3,126	2,721	(405)	
Total revenues	87,439	95,240	102,082	6,842	
Expenditures: Current -					
Public works	43,427	41,284	39,256	2,028	
Excess of revenue over expenditures	44,012	53,956	62,826	8,870	
Other financing uses:					
Transfers out	(5,972)	(59,400)	(54,801)	4,599	
Net change in fund balance	38,040	(5,444)	8,025	13,469	
Fund balance, beginning	78,957	98,129	98,129		
Fund balance, ending	\$116,997	\$92,685	\$106,154	\$13,469	

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

* Year Ended	Employer Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	Employer Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	Covered	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total
June 30,	(Asset)	(Asset)	Payroll	Covered Payroll	Pension Liability
<i>3</i> une 30,	(113501)	(113301)	Tuylon	Covered 1 dylon	1 Chiston Elability
Municipal Er	nployees' Retir	ement System o	f Louisiana:		
2025	0.116377%	\$ 327,485	\$237,074	138.1%	79.05%
2024	0.121893%	445,502	244,991	181.8%	72.46%
2023	0.104519%	434,092	202,164	214.7%	67.87%
2022	0.109885%	305,646	217,589	140.5%	77.82%
2021	0.072940%	315,349	139,414	226.2%	64.52%
2020	0.059159%	247,205	108,916	227.0%	64.68%
2019	0.051093%	211,559	93,302	226.7%	65.60%
2018	0.043904%	183,669	79,731	230.4%	62.49%
2017	0.044090%	180,712	78,760	229.4%	62.11%
2016	0.038643%	138,039	76,880	179.6%	66.18%
Municipal Po	lice Employees	s' Retirement Sy	stem:		
2025	0.029342%	\$265,837	\$103,437	257.0%	75.84%
2024	0.045348%	479,100	153,622	311.9%	71.30%
2023	0.046819%	478,573	144,538	331.1%	70.80%
2022	0.035034%	186,750	106,193	175.9%	84.09%
2021	0.006985%	64,558	21,993	293.5%	70.94%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

^{*} The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

Schedule of Employer Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

		Contributions in				
		Relation to				Contributions
	Contractually	Contractually	Cont	tribution		as a % of
Year ended	Required	Required	Def	iciency	Covered	Covered
June 30,	Contribution	Contribution	(E	xcess)	Payroll	Payroll
Municipal Em	ployees' Retireme	nt System of Louis	iana:			
2025	\$69,248	\$69,248	\$	-	\$247,313	28.00%
2024	69,937	69,937		-	237,074	29.50%
2023	72,272	72,272		-	244,991	29.50%
2022	59,638	59,638		-	202,164	29.50%
2021	64,189	64,189		-	217,589	29.50%
2020	38,687	38,687		-	139,414	27.75%
2019	28,318	28,318		-	108,916	26.00%
2018	23,092	23,092		-	93,302	24.75%
2017	18,139	18,139		-	79,731	22.75%
2016	15,555	15,555		-	78,760	19.75%
Municipal Poli	ce Employees' Re	tirement System:				
2025	\$ 24,448	\$ 24,448	\$	-	\$ 68,673	35.60%
2024	35,091	35,091		-	103,437	33.925%
2023	48,007	48,007		-	153,622	31.25%
2022	43,000	43,000		-	144,538	29.75%
2021	35,840	35,840		-	106,193	33.75%

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

(1) Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The Village Clerk prepares and submits the proposed budget to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen prior to the fifteenth day of the fiscal year for which the budget is to be applicable. A summary of the proposed budget is published, and the public is notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for a hearing. After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is legally adopted prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts included in the accompanying financial statements are as originally adopted or as finally amended by the Village of Turkey Creek.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (Continued)

(2) <u>Pension Plans</u>

Changes of Benefit Terms –

There were no changes of benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions –

*		Investment		Expected	Projected
Year Ended	Discount	Rate of	Inflation	Remaining	Salary
June 30,	Rate	Return	Rate	Service Lives	Increase
			·		
Municipal Em	ployees' Retire	ment System of	f Louisiana:		
2025	6.850%	6.850%	2.500%	3	4.4% to 9%
2024	6.850%	6.850%	2.500%	3	4.5% to 6.4%
2023	6.850%	6.850%	2.500%	3	4.5% to 6.4%
2022	6.850%	6.850%	2.500%	3	4.5% to 6.4%
2021	6.950%	6.950%	2.500%	3	4.5% to 6.4%
2020	7.000%	7.000%	2.500%	3	4.5% to 6.4%
2019	7.275%	7.275%	2.600%	3	5.00%
2018	7.400%	7.400%	2.775%	3	5.00%
2017	7.500%	7.500%	2.875%	3	5.00%
2016	7.500%	7.500%	2.875%	3	5.00%
Municipal Poli	ice Employees'	Retirement Sy	stem of Louisi	ana:	
2025	6.750%	6.750%	2.500%	4	4.7% to 12.3%
2024	6.750%	6.750%	2.500%	4	4.7% to 12.3%
2023	6.750%	6.750%	2.500%	4	4.7% to 12.3%
2022	6.750%	6.750%	2.500%	4	4.7% to 12.3%
2021	6.950%	6.950%	2.500%	4	4.7% to 12.3%

^{*}The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Revenues For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Du	doot		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	dget Final	- Actual	(Negative)
	Original	Tillal	Actual	(Negative)
Taxes:				
Ad valorem	\$ 12,833	\$ 14,576	\$ 14,625	\$ 49
Franchise fees	18,493	19,015	20,395	1,380
Total taxes	31,326	33,591	35,020	1,429
Occupational licenses	12,281	11,615	16,600	4,985
Intergovernmental:				
State of Louisiana -				
Beer taxes	709	685	720	35
Highway maintenance	3,000	3,000	3,000	-
On-behalf payments	-	5,400	6,600	1,200
State grants	<u> </u>	4,000		(4,000)
Total intergovernmental	3,709	13,085	10,320	(2,765)
Fines and forfeits	381,636	330,356	328,263	(2,093)
Miscellaneous:				
Rent income	6,444	7,490	7,710	220
Lil Dega Speedway	3,633	3,307	3,777	470
Interest income	164	1,608	1,910	302
Other sources	8,663	8,349	10,041	1,692
Total miscellaneous	18,904	20,754	23,438	2,684
Total revenues	\$447,856	\$409,401	\$413,641	\$ 4,240

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

				Variance with
	_			Final Budget
		lget		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Current:				
General government -				
Advertising	\$ 2,671	\$ 2,714	\$ 2,835	\$ (121)
Bank charges	24	-	-	-
Fees and permits	432	428	358	70
Insurance	152	2,912	2,427	485
Miscellaneous	5,684	8	8	-
Office expenditures	3,502	3,997	3,317	680
Professional fees	16,200	18,156	16,920	1,236
Repairs and maintenance	25,098	57,982	53,437	4,545
Salaries and related benefits	46,171	30,634	30,640	(6)
Supplies	608	617	1,316	(699)
Telephone	4,372	4,529	4,619	(90)
Travel	1,177	986	966	20
Utilities	2,003	2,185	2,097	88
Total general government	108,094	125,148	118,940	6,208
Public safety - Police				
Fuel and supplies	20,269	11,151	12,384	(1,233)
Insurance	50,194	35,572	35,424	148
Miscellaneous	90,000	89,506	13,865	75,641
Court cost payments	-	-	39,552	(39,552)
Dispatching	-	-	8,000	(8,000)
Repairs and maintenance	26,916	8,639	8,420	219
Salaries and related benefits	200,077	155,334	154,899	435
Telephone	3,414	1,711	1,484	227
Total public safety - police	390,870	301,913	274,028	27,885

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Budget			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Current:				(r (egair e)
Parks and recreation -				
Miscellaneous	733	15,444	745	14,699
Materials and supplies	4,002	7,960	6,980	980
Repairs and maintenance	- -	-	16,500	(16,500)
Utilities	4,031	3,842	3,768	74
Total parks and recreation	8,766	27,246	27,993	(747)
Capital outlay		75,222	24,600	50,622
Debt service -				
Principal	38,401	43,984	110,686	(66,702)
Interest	9,339	13,766	11,597	2,169
Total debt service	47,740	57,750	122,283	(64,533)
Total expenditures	\$ 555,470	\$587,279	\$ 567,844	\$ 19,435

Enterprise Fund - Utility Fund Schedule of Number of Utility Customers June 30, 2025

Records maintained by the Village indicated the following number of customers were being serviced during the month of June 2025:

Department

Water (metered) 1,735 Sewer 142

Justice System Funding Schedule - Collecting/Disbursing Entity As Required by Act 87 of the 2020 Regular Legislative Session For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

Cash Basis Presentation	First Six Month Period Ended December 31, 2024	Second Six Month Period Ended June 30, 2025
Beginning balance of amounts collected	\$ 22,787	\$ 23,563
Add: Collections		
Criminal fines - other	154,477	173,475
Subtotal Collections	154,477	173,475
Less Disbursements to Governments & Nonprofits		
LA Traumatic Head and Spinal Cord Injury		
Trust Fund/Criminal Fines - Other	2,390	2,795
LA Commission of Law Enforcement/Criminal Fines - Other	1,131	1,095
LA Supreme Court/Criminal Fines - Other	240	280
Treasurer, State of Louisiana/Criminal Fines - Other	478	578
Acadiana Criminalistics Laboratory/Criminal Fines - Other	14,340	16,770
Amount "self-disbursed" to collecting agency		
Criminal Fines - Other	135,122	151,060
Subtotal Disbursements/Retainage	153,701	172,578
Total: Ending Balance of Amounts Collected		
but not Disbursed/Retained	\$ 23,563	\$ 24,460

INTERNAL CONTROL, COMPLIANCE

AND

OTHER MATTERS

KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON
INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL
REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER
MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE
WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Bert Campbell, Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Village of Turkey Creek, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Turkey Creek (Village), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 11, 2025.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan as item 2025-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matter that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan as item 2025-002.

Village of Turkey Creek's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Village's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan. The Village's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Ville Platte, Louisiana September 11, 2025

Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

Part I. Current Year Findings relating to an audit in accordance with Government Auditing Standards:

A. Internal Control

2025-001 Inadequate Segregation of Accounting Functions

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2006

CONDITION: The Village did not have adequate segregation of functions within the accounting system.

CRITERIA: AU-C §315.04, Understanding the Entity and its Environment and Assessing the Risks of Material Misstatement, defines internal control as follows:

"Internal control is a process, effected by those charged with governance, management, and other personnel, designed to provide reasonable assurance about the achievement of objectives with regard to reliability of financial reporting, effectiveness and efficiency of operations, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations."

CAUSE: The cause of the condition is the fact that the Village does not have a sufficient number of staff performing administrative and financial duties so as to provide adequate segregation of accounting and financial duties.

EFFECT: Failure to adequately segregate accounting and financial functions increases the risk that errors and/or irregularities including fraud and/or defalcations may occur and not be prevented and/or detected.

RECOMMENDATION: Management should reassign incompatible duties among different employees to ensure that a single employee does not have control of more than one of the following responsibilities: (1) authorization; (2) custody; (3) recordkeeping; and (4) reconciliation.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTON PLAN: The Village has determined that it is not cost effective to achieve complete segregation of duties within the accounting functions.

B. Compliance

2025-002 Noncompliance with Public Bid Law

Fiscal Year Finding Initially Occurred: 2024

CONDITION: The Village did not obtain quotes for the purchase of a vehicle in excess of \$30,000.

(continued)

Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2025 (Continued)

CRITERIA: R.S. 38:2212.1 Advertisement and letting to lowest responsible bidder; material and supplies, states that all purchases of thirty thousand dollars or more, but less than sixty thousand dollars, to be paid out of public funds shall be made by obtaining not less than three quotes by telephone, facsimile, email, or any other printable electronic form.

CAUSE: Policies and procedures for purchasing materials and supplies in excess of \$30,000 were not followed.

EFFECT: Noncompliance with the public bid law may result in over expenditure of public funds.

RECOMMENDATION: The Village should ensure that vehicle purchases follow the requirements of LSA-R.S. 38:2212.1.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE: The Village will ensure that all purchases of materials and supplies are made in accordance with the public bid law.

Part II: Prior Year Findings relating to an audit in accordance with Government Auditing Standards:

A. Internal Control

2024-001 Inadequate Segregation of Accounting Functions

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2006

CONDITION: The Village did not have adequate segregation of functions within the accounting system.

RECOMMENDATION: Management should reassign incompatible duties among different employees to ensure that a single employee does not have control of more than one of the following responsibilities: (1) authorization; (2) custody; (3) recordkeeping; and (4) reconciliation.

CURRENT STATUS: See finding 2025-001.

B. Compliance

2024-002 Noncompliance with Public Bid Law

CONDITION: The Village did not obtain quotes for the purchase of a vehicle in excess of \$30,000.

RECOMMENDATION: The Village should ensure that vehicle purchases follow the requirements of LSA-R.S. 38:2212.1.

CURRENT STATUS: See finding 2025-002.

VILLAGE OF TURKEY CREEK

Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures Report

Year Ended June 30, 2025

KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

To the Members of the Board of Aldermen of the Village of Turkey Creek and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor:

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period July 1, 2024 through June 30, 2025. The Village of Turkey Creek's management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

The Village of Turkey Creek has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period July 1, 2024 through June 30, 2025. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

1) Written Policies and Procedures

- A. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe whether they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations:
 - i. Budgeting, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.
 - ii. **Purchasing**, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.
 - *iii.* **Disbursements**, including processing, reviewing, and approving.

- iv. **Receipts/Collections**, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g., periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).
- v. **Payroll/Personnel**, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee rates of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.
- vi. *Contracting*, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.
- vii. *Travel and Expense Reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.
- viii. *Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, purchase cards, if applicable)*, including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).
- ix. *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.
- x. **Debt Service**, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.
- xi. Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.
- xii. *Prevention of Sexual Harassment*, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.
 - *No exceptions were found as a result of procedures* i xii.

2) Board or Finance Committee – Testing not required for FYE 6/30/2025.

- A. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:
 - i. Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
 - ii. For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, review the minutes from all regularly scheduled board/finance committee meetings held during the fiscal year and observe whether the minutes from at least one meeting each month referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual comparisons, at a minimum, on all proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget-to-actual comparisons, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds.
- iii. For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period

- referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.
- iv. Observe whether the board/finance committee received written updates of the progress of resolving audit finding(s), according to management's corrective action plan at each meeting until the findings are considered fully resolved.

3) Bank Reconciliations – Testing not required for FYE 6/30/2025.

- A. Obtain a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:
 - i. Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged);
 - ii. Bank reconciliations include written evidence that a member of management or a board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation within 1 month of the date the reconciliation was prepared (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged); and
- iii. Management has documentation reflecting it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

4) Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)

- A. Obtain a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).
 - Obtained the listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete.
- B. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (e.g., 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if there are no written policies or procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:
 - i. Employees responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers;
 - ii. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g., pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit;
- iii. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit; and
- iv. The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or custodial fund additions, is (are) not also responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.
 - *No exceptions were found as a result of procedures* i iv.

C. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe that the bond or insurance policy for theft was in force during the fiscal period.

No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

- D. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:
 - i. Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.
 - ii. Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.
- iii. Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.
- iv. Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).
- v. Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

No exceptions were found as a result of procedures i - v.

5) Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases) – Testing not required for FYE 6/30/2025.

- A. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).
- B. For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that:
 - i. At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order or making the purchase;
 - ii. At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors;
- iii. The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files;
- iv. Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments; and
- v. Only employees/officials authorized to sign checks approve the electronic disbursement (release) of funds, whether through automated clearinghouse (ACH), electronic funds transfer (EFT), wire transfer, or some other electronic means.
- C. For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction, and:
 - i. Observe whether the disbursement, whether by paper or electronic means, matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates that deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity; and

- ii. Observe whether the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under procedure #5B above, as applicable.
- D. Using the entity's main operating account and the month selected in Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A, randomly select 5 non-payroll-related electronic disbursements (or all electronic disbursements if less than 5) and observe that each electronic disbursement was (a) approved by only those persons authorized to disburse funds (e.g., sign checks) per the entity's policy, and (b) approved by the required number of authorized signers per the entity's policy. Note: If no electronic payments were made from the main operating account during the month selected the practitioner should select an alternative month and/or account for testing that does include electronic disbursements.

6) Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/Purchase Cards (Cards) – Testing not required for FYE 6/30/2025.

- A. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and purchase cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.
- B. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement). Obtain supporting documentation, and
 - i. Observe whether there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., itemized receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) were reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved), by someone other than the authorized card holder (those instances requiring such approval that may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials such as the mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality, should not be reported); and
 - ii. Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.
- C. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under procedure #6B above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (e.g., each card should have 10 transactions subject to inspection). For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and observe whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

7) Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions) – Testing not required for FYE 6/30/2025.

- A. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements and obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:
 - i. If reimbursed using a per diem, observe that the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov);
 - ii. If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased;

- iii. Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by Written Policies and Procedures procedure #1A(vii); and
- iv. Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

8) Contracts – Testing not required for FYE 6/30/2025.

- A. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. Alternately, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and:
 - i. Observe whether the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law;
 - ii. Observe whether the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g., Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter);
- iii. If the contract was amended (e.g., change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, the documented approval); and
- iv. Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

9) Payroll and Personnel – Testing not required for FYE 6/30/2025.

- A. Obtain a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.
- B. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under procedure #9A above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and
 - i. Observe that all selected employees or officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory);
 - ii. Observe whether supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials;
- iii. Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records; and
- iv. Observe the rate paid to the employees or officials agrees to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.

- C. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials and obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee's or official's cumulative leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee's or official's authorized pay rates in the employee's or official's personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.
- D. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

10) Ethics

- A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A obtain ethics documentation from management, and
 - i. Observe whether the documentation demonstrates that each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:1170; and
 - ii. Observe whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates that each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.

No exceptions were found as a result of procedures i - ii.

B. Inquire and/or observe whether the agency has appointed an ethics designee as required by R.S. 42:1170.

No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

11) Debt Service – Testing not required for FYE 6/30/2025.

- A. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued as required by Article VII, Section 8 of the Louisiana Constitution.
- B. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

12) Fraud Notice – Testing not required for FYE 6/30/2025.

- A. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled as required by R.S. 24:523.
- B. Observe that the entity has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

13) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity – Testing not required for FYE 6/30/2025.

Perform the following procedures:

- A. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe evidence that such backup (a) occurred within the past week (b) was not stored on the government's local server or network, and (c) was encrypted.
- B. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.
- C. Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.
- D. Randomly select 5 terminated employees (or all terminated employees if less than 5) using the list of terminated employees obtained in Payroll and Personnel procedure #9C. Observe evidence that the selected terminated employees have been removed or disabled from the network.
- E. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A, obtain cybersecurity training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates that the following employees/officials with access to the agency's information technology assets have completed cybersecurity training as required by R.S. 42:1267. The requirements are as follows:
 - Hired before June 9, 2020 completed the training; and
 - Hired on or after June 9, 2020 completed the training within 30 days of initial service or employment.

14) Prevention of Sexual Harassment

A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:343.

No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

B. Observe that the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).

No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.

- C. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe that the report includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
 - i. Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;
 - ii. Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;

- iii. Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;
- iv. Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and
- v. Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

No exceptions were found as a result of procedures i - v.

We were engaged by the Village of Turkey Creek to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the Village of Turkey Creek and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Ville Platte, Louisiana September 11, 2025