WEST FELICIANA PARISH ASSESSOR ST. FRANCISVILLE, LOUISIANA

Financial Report
As of and for the Year Ended
December 31, 2019

WEST FELICIANA PARISH ASSESSOR

Financial Report As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

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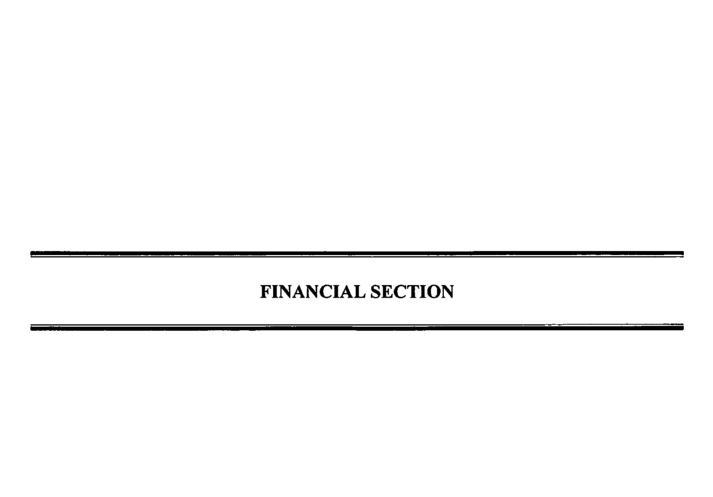
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John L. McKowen

Certified Public Accountant

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Randolph G. Ritchie West Feliciana Parish Assessor P.O. Box 279
St. Francisville, Louisiana70775

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of the West Feliciana Parish Assessor (the Assessor), a component unit of the West Feliciana Parish Police Jury, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Assessor's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Member

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of the West Feliciana Parish Assessor as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedule, schedule of employer's net pension liability, and schedule of changes in net OPEB liability and related ratios be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who consider it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Assessor's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to the Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated May 21, 2020, on my consideration of the West Feliciana Parish Assessor's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an

integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the West Feliciana Parish Assessor's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the requirements of the Louisiana Legislative Auditor, I have issued a report, dated May 21, 2020 on the results of my statewide agreed-upon procedures performed in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in *Government Auditing Standards*. The purpose of the report is solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those control and compliance areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's statewide agreed-upon procedures, and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance.

John L. McKowen, CPA

d. M. Kom, CPA

Baton Rouge, Louisiana May 21, 2020

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (PART 1 OF 2)

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) is presented to provide an overview of the financial activities of the Assessor based on currently known facts, decisions and/or conditions.

Overview of the Year

The schedule of the Assessor's office centers on the legislative mandate to reassess all parcels every four years. In order to comply with this request, we spend three years gathering the necessary statistical data and the 4th year is for reevaluation. To effectively revalue all parcels, we have attempted to place all necessary data on the desktop.

Our office worked diligently to gather photos and sketches of all structures within the Parish. These were placed on the computer system in digital form. It is our plan for all parcels to be revisited to compare and update as necessary. Our goal is to revisit each parcel within the 4-year cycle. The purpose of the photos and digital sketches is to help ensure the fair and equitable assessment of all property within the Parish.

All parcels have been mapped using digital imagery. Those maps are published on the web. The purpose of publishing the maps is to make them available to the public so individual taxpayers may view and offer feedback as to the correctness of the parcel lines, employees have access to identify and locate property and other government agencies have access. We have future plans to expand the web maps to include layers such as sales to aid in the valuation of property. All documents relating to the parcel are scanned and maintained in the assessment software or in the case of the conveyance records, the book, page and document number are maintained.

Currently all Deputy Assessors are required to achieve certification through the Louisiana Assessor's Association. These courses are fundamental to the fair and equal assessment of property.

Overview of the Financial Statement Presentation

These financial statements are comprised of three components -(1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. There is also other supplemental information contained in this report provided for additional information.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements present financial information for all activities of the Assessor from an economic resource measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. These provide both short-term and long-term information about the Assessor's overall financial status. They include a statement of net assets and statement of activities.

Statement of Net Position. This statement presents assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources separately. The difference between assets plus deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows is net position, which may provide a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Assessor is improving or not.

Statement of Activities. This statement presents information showing how the Assessor's net position

changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. This statement is designed to show the Assessor's financial reliance on general revenues.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12-13 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Assessor uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Assessor has only one category of funds: governmental funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements except that the focus with fund statements is to provide a distinct view of the Assessor's governmental funds only. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability emphasizing the use of spendable resources during the year and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year.

Because the view of governmental funds is short-term and the view of the government-wide financial statements is long-term, it is useful to compare these two perspectives. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provides reconciliation to the government-wide statements to assist in understanding the differences between the two viewpoints. Governmental funds of the Assessor include a general fund. The fund financial statements begin on page 15.

Budgetary comparison schedules are included for governmental funds under required supplemental information – part 2 of 2. These schedules indicate the Assessor's compliance with its adopted and final revised budgets and begin on page 36.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The index of the notes is found on page 20 with the actual notes beginning immediately afterwards.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain other information that is deemed useful to readers of this report.

Financial Analysis of the Assessor

Net assets are an indicator of the Assessor's financial position from year to year. A summary of net assets follows.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION Governmental Activities

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Assets		
Current assets	\$ 2,285,242	\$ 3,498,290
Non-current assets	1,581,640	31,420
Total Assets	3,803,882	3,529,710
Deferred Outflows of Resources	374,193	237,914
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	11,298	4,412
Long-term liabilities	859,963	659,713
Total Liabilities	871,261	664,125
Deferred Inflows of Resources	170,583	199,148
Net Assets		
Net investment in capital assets	27,325	31,420
Unrestricted	3,108,906	2,872,931
Total Net Assets	3,136,231	2,904,351

A summary of changes in net assets is as follows:

SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION Governmental Activities

	<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>
Revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 2,160	\$	4,360
General revenues	1,100,993		989,050
Total Revenues	1,103,153		993,410
Expenses			
General government	871,273	·	765,69 <u>6</u>
Change in net assets	231,880		227,714
Net assets, beginning	2,904,351		2,676,637
Net assets, ending	<u>3,136,231</u>		<u>2,904,351</u>

Budgetary Highlights

Revenues were \$120,383 more than budgeted. Expenses were less than anticipated by \$61,737. The net result was a favorable change in General Fund balances of \$182,120 compared to budget.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets: The Assessor's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, at December 31, 2019 and 2018, was \$27,325 and \$31,420, respectively. This amount represents a net decrease (including additions and deductions) of \$4,095 from last year.

Capital assets at year-end are summarized as follows:

CAPITAL ASSETS Net of Accumulated Depreciation Governmental Activities

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Depreciable Assets		
Furniture/equipment	\$ 27,325	\$ 31,420
Total	27,325	31,420

Long-Term Debt: Long-term debt of the Assessor includes an unfunded liability for post-employment benefits based on actuarially determined amounts in accordance with GASB No. 75 in the amount of \$638,968 and \$500,012 at December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. In addition, there is a net pension liability of \$220,995 and \$159,701, at December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Assessor's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations and demonstrate the Assessor's commitment to public accountability. Any questions or requests for additional information can be obtained by contacting Randy Ritchie, West Feliciana Parish Assessor, P.O. Box 279, St. Francisville, Louisiana 70775.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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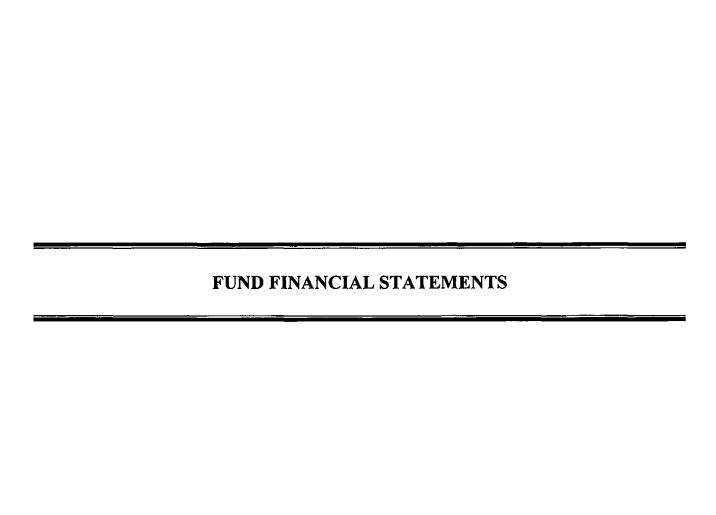
WEST FELICIANA PARISH ASSESSOR ST. FRANCISVILLE, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2019

		overnmental Activities
CURRENT ASSETS	•	700 460
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	782,460
Investments		1,234,937
Receivables, net:		016565
Taxes		216,565
Interest		21,782
Revenue sharing		19,456
Prepaid expenses		10,042
Total Current Assets		2,285,242
NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
Investments		1,491,315
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		27,325
Total Non-Current Assets		1,518,640
Total Assets	\$	3,803,882
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension related	\$	258,098
OPEB related		116,095
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	374,193
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Payroll withholdings and related payables		11,298
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		
Other post-employment benefits payable		638,968
Net pension liability		220,995
Total Long-Term Liabilities		859,963
Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	871,261
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension related		129,927
OPEB related		40,656
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	170,583
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		27,325
Unrestricted		3,108,906
Total Net Position	\$	3,136,231

WEST FELICIANA PARISH ASSESSOR ST. FRANCISVILLE, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Program Revenues Net Revenues (Expenses) Operating Capital Charges for Grants and Governmental Grants and Functional/Programs Service Contributions Contributions Activities Expenses **Governmental Activities** General government 871,273 \$ 2,160 \$ (869,113) **Total Governmental Activities** 871,273 \$ 2,160 \$ (869,113)General Revenues Ad valorem taxes 895,902 Non-employer pension contributions 116,013 29,184 Revenue sharing Interest income 59,194 Other revenues 700 Total General Revenues 1,100,993 Change in Net Position 231,880 Net Position, beginning 2,904,351 Net Position, ending 3,136,231

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.



WEST FELICIANA PARISH ASSESSOR ST. FRANCISVILLE, LOUISIANA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2019

<u>ASSETS</u>	General Fund	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	782,460
Investments		1,234,937
Receivables, net:		
Taxes		216,565
Interest		21,782
Revenue sharing		19,456
Prepaid expenses		10,042
Total Assets		2,285,242
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_\$_	<u>-</u>
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Payroll withholdings and related payables		11,298
Total Liabilities	-\$	11,298
	- <u>-</u> -	·
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Unavailable revenues - revenue sharing		29,184
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	29,184
FUND BALANCES		· · ·
Nonspendable - Prepaid expenses	\$	10,042
Unassigned	•	2,234,718
Total Fund Balances	\$	2,244,760

WEST FELICIANA PARISH ASSESSOR ST. FRANCISVILLE, LOUISIANA

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2019

Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	2,244,760
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Long-term investments are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental balance sheet.	1	,491,315.00
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This is the capital		
assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reported on the statement of net position.		27,325
Deferred outflows of resources used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in these funds. This is the reported amount of deferred outflows		
of resources related to pensions and to OPEB.		374,193
Some revenues were collected more than sixty days after year end and, therefore, were not available to pay for current period expenditures.		29,184
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This is the long-term obligations reported on the statement of net position:		
Other post-employment benefits Net pension liability		(638,968) (220,995)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore are not reported in these funds.		(170,583)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$	3,136,231

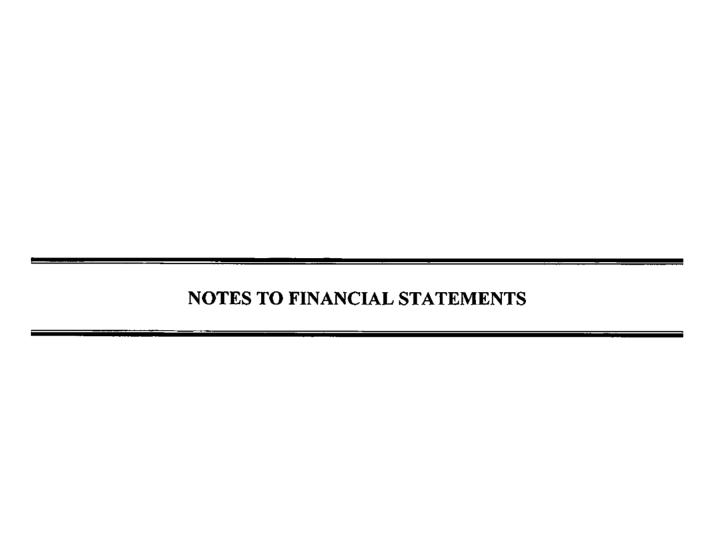
WEST FELICIANA PARISH ASSESSOR ST. FRANCISVILLE, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

REVENUES	General Fund
Ad valorem taxes Revenue sharing	\$ 895,902 28,894
Charges for services: Informational services	2,160
Interest income	59,194 700
Other revenues	
Total Revenues	986,850
EXPENDITURES	
General government:	
Salaries and related benefits	602,123
Operating Professional services	39,352 57,600
Travel and education	7,842
Capital outlay	9,742
Total Expenditures	716,659
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	270,191
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Purchase of long-term investments	(1,491,315)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,221,124)
Fund Balances, beginning	3,474,712
Fund Balances, ending	\$ 2,253,588

WEST FELICIANA PARISH ASSESSOR ST. FRANCISVILLE, LOUISIANA

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (1,221,124)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are differenct because:	
Purchasing long-term investments uses current financial resources in the governmental funds, but increases non-current assets in the Statement of Net Position.	1,491,315
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation charged differed from capital outlay in the current period.	(3,195)
Each year, some revenues are collected more than sixty days after year end and, therefore, are not available to pay for current period expenditures in the governmental funds. This is the difference in both ad valorem tax and revenue sharing recorded on the Fund Financial Statements and the Government-Wide Financial Statements.	290
Some revenues reported in the statement of activities do not provide current financial resources and are, therefore, not reported as revenues in the governmental funds financial statements. These include the following:	
Non-employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plan	116,013
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are, therefore, not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds financial statements. These include the following:	
Pension expense OPEB expense	(132,624) (18,795)
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 231,880



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INTRODUCTION

As provided by Article VII, Section 24 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, the West Feliciana Parish Assessor (the Assessor) is elected by the voters of the parish and serves a term of four years, beginning January 1 following the year in which elected. The Assessor assesses all real and movable property in the parish subject to ad valorem taxation, prepares tax rolls, and submits the rolls to the Louisiana Tax Commission and other governmental bodies as prescribed by law. The Assessor is authorized to appoint as many deputies as necessary for the efficient operation of his office and to provide assistance to the taxpayers of the parish. The deputies are authorized to perform all functions of the office, but the Assessor is responsible for the actions of his deputies.

The office is headquartered in the West Feliciana Parish Courthouse in St. Francisville, Louisiana. It is funded primarily through ad valorem taxes.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting practice of the West Feliciana Parish Assessor conforms to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. Such accounting and reporting procedures also conform to the requirements of Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513 and to the guides set forth in the Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide, and to the industry audit guide Audits of State and Local Governmental Units.

The following is a summary of certain significant accounting policies:

Financial Reporting Entity: As required by GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34, the Assessor is considered a related organization of the West Feliciana Police Jury. The accompanying financial statements present only the transactions of the West Feliciana Parish Assessor.

Government-wide Accounting: In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Boards Statement No. 34, the Assessor has presented a statement of net position and statement of activities for the Assessor as a whole. These statements include the primary government and its component units, if applicable, with the exception of fiduciary funds. Those funds are reported separately. Government-wide accounting is designed to provide a more comprehensive view of the government's operations and financial position as a single economic entity.

Government-wide statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities are those financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange revenues and are usually reported in governmental and internal service funds. Business activities are financed in whole or in part through fees charged for goods or services to the general public and are usually reported in proprietary funds.

Policies specific to the government-wide statements are as follows:

Eliminating Internal Activity

Interfund receivables and payable are eliminated in the statement of net position except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities. These are presented as internal balances. The allocation of overhead expenses, from one function to another or within the same function, is eliminated in the statement of activities. Allocated expenses are reported by the function to which they were allocated.

Capitalizing Assets

Tangible and/or intangible assets used in operations with an initial useful life that extends beyond one year are capitalized. Infrastructure assets such as roads and bridges are also capitalized. Capital assets are recorded at their historical cost and are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over their estimated useful lives. They are reported net of accumulated depreciation on the statement of net position.

Program Revenues

The Statement of Activities presents three categories of program revenues - (1) charges for services; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions. Charges for services are those revenues arising from charges to customers who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods and services provided by the Assessor. Grants and contributions, whether operating or capital in nature, are revenues arising from receipts that are reserved for a specific use.

Indirect Expenses

Expenses are reported according to function except for those that meet the definition of special or extraordinary items. Direct expenses are specifically associated with a service or program. Indirect expenses include general government or administration that cannot be specifically traced to a service or program. Governments are not required to allocate indirect expenses to other functions, and the Assessor has chosen not to do so.

Operating/Non-Operating Revenues

Proprietary funds separately report operating and non-operating revenues.

Restricted Net position

Restricted net position represents those resources for which a constraint has been imposed either externally or by law. The Assessor recognizes the use of restricted resources for expenditures that comply with the specific restrictions. Restricted resources are exhausted before unrestricted resources are used.

Fund Types and Major Funds: The Assessor uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions relating to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds of the Assessor are classified under one category: Governmental. This category, in turn, is divided into separate fund types. The Assessor has two fund types: General and Capital Projects.

Governmental Funds: Governmental funds account for all or most of the Assessor's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of specific or legally reserved monies, and the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets. Governmental funds include:

1. General – accounts for all activities not required to be reported in another fund;

Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus: In April of 1984, the Financial Accounting Foundation established the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) to promulgate generally accepted accounting principles and reporting standards with respect to activities and transactions of state and local governmental entities. The GASB has issued a Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards (GASB Codification). This codification and subsequent GASB pronouncements are recognized as generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with such principles. The type of financial statement presentation determines the accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund.

The government-wide statements are reported using an economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of governmental and business-type activities are included in the statement of net position. Revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recognized at the time the liabilities are incurred in the statement of activities. In these statements, capital assets are reported and depreciated in each fund, and long-term debt is reported.

The fund statements are reported using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements present increases and decreases in net current assets. Expenditures for capital assets are reported as current expenses, and such assets are not depreciated. Principle and interest paid on long-term debt is reported as current expenses.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting: The Assessor adopts an annual budget for its general fund, prepared in accordance with the basis of accounting utilized by that fund. The proposed budget is made available for public inspection no later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of the budgeted

year, in accordance with Louisiana R.S. 47:1908, the Assessor carries forward into subsequent years any unused appropriations. There were amendments made to the budget during the year ended December 31, 2019.

Cash and Cash Equivalents: Cash includes amounts in interest bearing demand deposits. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits and those investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. Under state law, the Assessor may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, money market accounts or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana.

Investments: Investments are limited by Louisiana Revised Statute 33:2955. If the original maturities of investments exceed 90 days, they are classified as investments. Otherwise, the investments are classified as cash and cash equivalents. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, investments are recorded at fair value with the corresponding increase or decrease reported in investment earnings.

Inventory: Inventory of the Assessor includes only office supplies, the amount of which is considered immaterial. Therefore, the acquisition of such items is expensed when purchased, and the inventory on hand at year-end is not reported in the accompanying financial statements.

Use of Estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Long-Term Obligations: In the government-wide financial statements, debt principal payments of government activities are reported as decreases in the balance of the liability on the statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, however, debt principal payments of governmental funds are recognized as expenditures when paid.

Net Position/Fund Balances: In the statements of net position, the difference between a government's assets and liabilities is recorded as net position. The three components of net position are as follows:

Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt

This category records capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by any outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of capital assets.

Restricted

Balances reserved by external sources, such as banks or by law, are reported separately as restricted net position. When assets are required to be retained in perpetuity, this non-expendable net position is recorded separately from expendable net position. These are components of restricted net position.

Unrestricted

This category represents net position not appropriable for expenditures or legally segregated for a specific future use.

In the balance sheet of governmental funds, fund balances are segregated as follows:

Nonspendable

These resources are either inherently nonspendable because they are not cash, or legal or contractual provisions require that they be maintained intact.

Restricted

This category represents that portion of equity subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions.

Committed

These resources are constrained by limitations that the government imposes upon itself at the highest level of decision making and that remain binding unless removed in the same manner.

Assigned

This category represents the government's intended use of resources.

Unassigned

These resources represent the excess of what is properly categorized in each of the above four categories.

Interfund Transactions: All interfund transactions except quasi-external transactions are reported as operating transfers. These are eliminated in the government-wide statements.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At December 31, 2019, the Assessor had cash and cash equivalents (book balances) totaling \$782,460 in interest-bearing demand deposits.

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, they must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding, or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

All deposits of the Fund are covered by insurance (FDIC) or collateralized with securities that are held by the entity in the entity's name or registered in the entity's name. Even though the pledged securities are considered uncollateralized under the provision of GASB Statement 3, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the Assessor that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

NOTE 3 – INVESTMENTS

Investments at December 31, 2019, are as follows:

Type of Investment	Fair <u>Value</u>	Cost	Carrying Amount
Certificates of deposit LAMP	\$ 1,584,205 1,142,047	\$ 1,584,205 1,142,047	\$ 1,584,205 1,142,047
Total	2,726,252	2,726,252	2,726,252

The certificates of deposit include original maturities of between nine months and five years. The remaining investments are in a local government investment pool that is administered by a non-profit corporation, LAMP, Inc. This corporation was organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, and its purpose is to provide a safe environment for the placement of public funds in short-term, high-quality investments. Investments included in its portfolio, that is restricted to those issued, guaranteed or backed by the U.S. Treasury, the U.S. Government or one of its assigns, include only those with maturities of ninety days or less. This design allows participants immediate access to their funds.

NOTE 3 – RECEIVABLES

The following is a summary of accounts receivable:

Class of receivable

Ad valorem taxes	\$ 216,565
Interest	21,782
State revenue sharing	<u> 19,456</u>
Total	<u>\$ 257,803</u>

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2019, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	<u>Retirements</u>	<u>Balance</u>
Capital Assets, being depreciated				
Furniture and equipment \$	575,019	\$ 8,842	-	\$ 583,861
Less: accumulated depreciation	(543,599)	(12,937)		(556,536)
Net Furniture and Equipment	31,420	(4,095)	<u>-</u>	27,325
-				
Net Capital Assets, being depreciated	31,420	(4,095)		27,325

NOTE 5 – PAYABLES

The following is a summary of payables at December 31, 2019:

Payroll withholdings/related payables	\$ 11,298
Total	\$ 11,298

NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

All full-time employees of the West Feliciana Parish Assessor participate in the Louisiana Assessors' Retirement Fund, a multiple-employer cost sharing defined benefit pension plan, controlled and administered by a separate board of trustees.

All full-time employees of the Assessor's office are required to participate in the Fund. Employees who were hired before October 1, 2013, will be eligible for pension benefits once they have either reached the age of 55 and have at least 12 years of credited service or at any age with at least 30 years of credited service. Employees who were hired after October 1, 2013 will be entitled to pension benefits once they have either reached the age of 60 and have at least 12 years of service or have reached the age of 5 and have at least 30 years of service. payable monthly for life equal to three and a third percent of their average final compensation based on the 60 consecutive months of highest pay, multiplied by their total years of service, not to exceed 100% of final compensation.

Employees who terminate with at least 12 years of service and do not withdraw their employee contributions may retire at or after age 55 and receive the benefit accrued to their date of termination.

The Fund also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established or amended by state statute.

The fund issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Louisiana Assessors' Retirement Fund, Post Office Box 14699, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70898, and is also found on the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's website, www.lla.la.gov.

Funding Policy

Plan members are required by state statute to contribute 8.0 percent of their annual covered salary and the West Feliciana Parish Assessor is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 8 percent of annual covered payroll. Contributions to the Fund also include one fourth of one percent (one percent for Orleans Parish) of the taxes shown to be collectible by the tax rolls of each parish, plus revenue sharing funds appropriated by the legislature. The contribution requirements of plan members and the West Feliciana Parish Assessor are established and may be amended by state statute. As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the previous fiscal year. In accordance with Act 818 of the 1999 legislative session, the West Feliciana Parish Assessor has elected to pay the employee contribution into the retirement system in addition to the employer portion. The West Feliciana Parish Assessor's combined contributions to the Fund for the years December 31, 2019, 2018, and 2017 were \$64,722, \$68,232, and \$62,502, respectively. These amounts are equal to the required contributions for the year. Contributions from non-employer contributing entities were \$116,013.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2019, the Assessor reported a liability of \$220,995 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Fund. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The assessor's portion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Assessor's long term share of the contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At September, 30, 2019, the Assessor's portion was 0.837795%, which was an increase of 0.016305% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2018. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Assessor recognized pension expense of \$197,346, representing its proportionate share of the Fund's net expense, including amortization of deferred amounts.

At December 31, 2019, the Assessor reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Flows of Resources	Outflows	<u>Inflows</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 8,194	\$104,267
Changes in assumptions	233,383	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		
pension plan investments		25,660
Changes in proportion and differences between employer		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	9,047	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement		
date	<u>7,474</u>	
Totals	\$ 258,098	\$129,927

The assessor reported a total of \$7,474 as deferred outflows of resources related to pension contributions made subsequent to the plan's measurement period of September 30, 2019, which will be recognized as a reduction in net pension liability in the Assessor's fiscal year ended December 31, 2020.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, including remaining plan's amortization related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	Amount		
2020	\$ 11,811		
2021	18.818		
2022	43,649		
2023	40,949		
2024	<u>5,470</u>		
Total	\$120,697		

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of September 30, 2019 are as follows:

Valuation Date September 30, 2019

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Actuarial Assumptions:

Investment Rate of Return 6.00%, net of pension plan expense, including inflation

Inflation Rate 2.20%
Projected Salary Increases 5.75%

Active Member, Annuitant RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Table Beneficiary Mortality (set

forward 1 year and projected to 2030 for males and females)

Disabled Lives Mortality

RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Table (set back 5 years for males and 3 years for females)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Per the Fund's audited report, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation of 2.5%, and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The resulting long-term expected arithmetic nominal return was 8.38% as of September 30, 2019.

Best estimates of real arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2019, are summarized in the following table:

	Long-term Expected
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	7.50%
International Equity	8.50%
Domestic Bonds	2.50%
International Bonds	3.50%
Real Estate	4.50%
Alternative Investments	6.24%

The projection of cash flow used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from the participating employers and non-employer contributing entities will be made at actuarially determined contribution rates, which are calculated in accordance with relevant statutes and approved by the Board of Trustees and the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. Based on these assumptions and methods as specified in the report, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the Assessor's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL) using the discount rate of the Fund as well as what the Assessor's proportionate share of the NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate used by the Fund:

	1.	.0% Decrease (5.00%)	C	urrent Discount Rate (6.00%)	1.0% Increase (7.00%)
Employer's					Streets
proportionate share of					-
the net pension liability	\$	627,927	\$	220,995	\$ (127,788)

NOTE 8 -- OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan description – The West Feliciana Parish Assessor (the Assessor) provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for its retired employees. The West Feliciana Parish Assessor's OPEB Plan (the OPEB Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Assessor. The authority to establish and/or amend the obligation of the employer, employees and retirees rests with the Assessor. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification Section P52 Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions—Reporting For Benefits Not Provided Through Trusts That Meet Specified Criteria—Defined Benefit.

Benefits Provided – Medical, dental, vision and life benefits are provided through comprehensive plans and are made available to employees upon actual retirement. Employees are covered by the Louisiana Assessors' Retirement Fund, whose retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions are as follows: Attainment of age 55 and 12 years of service; or, any age and 30 years of service; employees hired on and after October 1, 2013 are not able to retire or enter DROP until age 60 with 12 years of service; or, age 55 with 30 years of service.

Life insurance coverage is provided to retirees and 100% of the blended rate (active and retired) is paid by the employer. The amount of insurance coverage while active is continued after retirement, but insurance coverage amounts are reduced to 50% of the original amount at age 70 or at retirement.

Employees covered by benefit terms – At December 31, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit	2
payments	
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	5
• •	
	7
•	

Total OPEB Liability

The Assessor's total OPEB liability of \$638,968 was measured as of December 31, 2019 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and other inputs – The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases	3.0%, including inflation
Discount rate	4.10% annually (Beginning of Year to Determine ADC)
	2.74%, annually (As of End of Year Measurement Date)
Healthcare cost trend rates	Flat 5.5% annually

The discount rate was based on the average of the Bond Buyers' 20 Year General Obligation municipal bond index as of December 31, 2019, the end of the applicable measurement period.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Table without projection with 50%/50% unisex blend.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of ongoing evaluations of the assumptions from January 1, 2009 to December 31, 2019.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at December 31, 2018		500,012_
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		11,362
Interest		20,733
Differences between expected and actual experience		13,253
Changes in assumptions		114,451
Benefit payments and net transfers		(20,844)
Net changes		138,956
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$	638,968

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Assessor, as well as what the Assessor's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.10%) than the current discount rate:

	1.0% Decrease		Current Discount		1.0% Increase		
	(1.74%)		Rate (2.74%)		(3.74%)		
Total OPEB liability	\$	769,460	\$	638,968	\$	538,172	

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Assessor, as well as what the Assessor's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (4.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.5%) than the current healthcare trend rates:

	1.0	1.0% Decrease (4.5%)		Current Trend (5.5%)		1.0% Increase (6.5%)		
Total OPEB liability	\$	553,088	\$	638,968	\$	756,711		

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Assessor recognized OPEB expense of \$28,925. At December 31, 2019, the Assessor reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	12,048	\$	(116)
Changes in assumptions		104,046		(40,540)
Total	\$	116,095	\$	(40,656)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years ending Dece	ember 31:
2020	7,544
2021	7,544
2022	7,544
2023	7,544
2024	7,544
Thereafter	37,719

NOTE 9 – LEVIED TAXES

During 1990, Louisiana R.S. 47:1925.1 and 1925.2(a) were amended and reenacted to create an assessment district in West Feliciana Parish to fund the office of the Assessor. This law provides for funding by levying a millage determined by the Legislative Auditor to yield tax revenues in an amount equal to monies currently received from pro rata deductions of all ad valorem taxes collected in the parish. For the year 2019, taxes were levied at 2.25 mills.

WEST FELICIANA PARISH ASSESSOR ST. FRANCISVILLE, LOUISIANA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

NOTE 10 - ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

The Assessor's office is located in the parish courthouse. The cost of maintaining and operating the courthouse, as required by Louisiana R.S. 33:4713, is paid by the West Feliciana Parish Police Jury. These expenses are not included in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 11 – LEASES

Operating Leases. There are no operating leases reported in the accompanying financial statements.

Capital Leases. The Assessor has no capital leases.

NOTE 12 – DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The Assessor's office offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all Assessor employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The Assessor matched employee contributions up to 100% of the employees' deferral. This matching contribution for the year ended December 31, 2019, was \$13,176.

NOTE 13 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

There were no related party transactions that require disclosure in the accompanying basic financial statements.

NOTE 14 – LITIGATION

There was no litigation that would require disclosure in the accompanying basic financial statements.

NOTE 15 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There were no events between the close of the year through May 21, 2020, the date that the accompanying financial statements were available for issuance that would materially impact these basic financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (PART 2 OF 2)

WEST FELICIANA PARISH ASSESSOR ST. FRANCISVILLE, LOUISIANA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts			_		Variance Favorable		
•	9	Original		<u>Final</u>	_	<u>Actual</u>	(Unfavorable)	
REVENUES								
Ad valorem taxes	\$	815,451	\$	794,086	\$	895,902	\$	101,816
State revenue sharing		36,135		36,135		28,894		(7,241)
Informational services		5,000		2,160		2,160		-
Other revenue		1,050		700		700		-
Interest income		30,000		33,386		59,194		25,808
Total Revenues		887,636		866,467		986,850		120,383
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>								
Salaries and related benefits		660,600		664,280		602,123		62,157
Operating		44,525		38,404		39,352		(948)
Professional services		41,000		57,477		57,600		(123)
Travel and education		9,750		8,492		7,842		650
Capital outlay		25,000		9,743		9,742		1
Total Expenditures	<u> </u>	780,875		778,396		716,659		61,737
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures		106,761		88,071		270,191		182,120
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Purchase of long-term investments		-		-		(1,491,315))	
Net Change in Fund Balances		106,761		88,071		(1,221,124))	
Fund Balances, beginning		3,474,712		3,474,712		3,474,712	_	
Fund Balances, ending		3,688,234		3,650,854		2,253,588	=	

WEST FELICIANA PARISH ASSESSOR SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability For the Five Years Ended December 31, 2019

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.83380%	0.82149%	0.80356%	0.78717%	0.78654%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension	\$ 220,995 	\$ 159,701	\$ 141,002	\$ 277,766	\$ 411,613
Employer's Covered-Employee Payroll ^A	\$ 374,663	\$ 364,387	\$ 354,960	\$ 346,164	\$ 330,496
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	59%	44%	40%	80%	125%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability ^B	94%	95%	96%	91%	86%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

WEST FELICIANA PARISH ASSESSOR SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABLITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Schedule of Employer Contributions
For the Five Years Ended December 31, 2019

Date	Contractually Required Contribution ¹	Contractually Required Contribution ²	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Employer's Covered Employee Payroll ³	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll
2019	29,973	29,973	•	374,663	8.0%
2018	28,968	28,968	-	364,387	7.9%
2017	35,496	35,496	-	354,960	10.0%
2016	46,543	46,543	-	346,164	13.4%
2015	44,617	44,617	-	330,496	13.5%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

WEST FELICIANA PARISH ASSESSOR SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

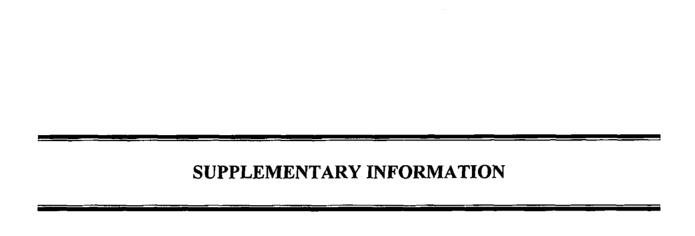
Total OPEB Liability	2018	2019
Service cost	\$ 14,321	\$ 11,362
Interest	18,670	20,733
Changes of benefit terms	-	-
Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected	(140)	13,253
and actual experience		
Changes of assumptions	(48,648)	114,451
Benefit payments	(19,757)	(20,844)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(35,554)	138,956
Total OPEB liability - beginning	535,566	500,012
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 500,012	\$ 638,968
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 369,821	\$ 380,916
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	135.20%	167.75%
omproj ve paj som	= 2 2 1 = 3 7 0	20,1,0,0

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes. There were no changes of benefit terms for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Changes of Assumptions. The discount rate as of 12/31/2018 was 4.10% and it changed to 2.74% as of 12/31/2019.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.



WEST FELICIANA PARISH ASSESSOR ST. FRANCISVILLE, LOUISIANA

SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO AGENCY HEAD OR CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

AGENCY HEAD NAME: Randy Ritchie, Assessor

AMOUNT
\$ 144,976
19,042
23,196
7,813
416
\$ 195,443

John L. McKowen

Certified Public Accountant

2178 Myrtle Avenue Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70806 Office (225) 615-7844 jlmckowen@cox.net

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Randy Ritchie West Feliciana Parish Assessor P.O. Box 279 St. Francisville, Louisiana 70775

I have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the West Feliciana Parish Assessor, a related organization of the State of Louisiana, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the West Feliciana Parish Assessor's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated May 21, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered the West Feliciana Parish Assessor's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the West Feliciana Parish Assessor's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the West Feliciana Parish Assessor's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet is important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not

Member

identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the West Feliciana Parish Assessor's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit conducted in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

John L. McKowen, CPA

She L. M. Your CPA

May 21, 2020

WEST FELICIANA PARISH ASSESSOR ST. FRANCISVILLE, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

I have audited the financial statements of the West Feliciana Parish Assessor as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019 and have issued my report thereon May 21, 2020. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. My audit of the financial statements as of December 31, 2019 resulted in an unqualified opinion.

Section I Summary of Auditor's Reports

Section		Summary of Addition	1 3 Reports					
1. R	1. Report on Internal Control and Compliance Material to the Financial Statements							
Internal Control		ol	Material Weakness Control Deficiency(ies)	□ No □ No				
Compli	iance No		Compliance Material to F/S	□ No Control	Deficiency(ies)			
2. F	ederal A	Awards						
N/A								
Section	ı II	Financial Statement	Findings					
None								
Section	ı III	Federal Award Find	lings and Questioned Costs					
N/A								

WEST FELICIANA PARISH ASSESSOR ST. FRANCISVILLE, LOUISIANA SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Section I Internal Control and Compliance Material to the Financial Statements

None

Section II Internal Control and Compliance Material to Federal Awards

N/A

Section III Management Letter

None

John L. McKowen

Certified Public Accountant

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WEST FELICIANA PARISH ASSESSOR ST. FRANCISVILLE, LOUISIANA INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED UPON PROCEDURES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

To the Honorable Randolph G. Ritchie West Feliciana Parish Assessor Post Office Box 279 St. Francisville, Louisiana 70775

I have performed the procedures enumerated below, which were agreed to by the West Feliciana Parish Assessor (the Assessor) and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor (LLA) on the control and compliance areas identified in the LLA's Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures for the fiscal period January 1, 2019 through December 31, 2019. The Assessor's management is responsible for those control and compliance areas identified in the LLA's Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures.

This agreed-upon procedures engagement was performed in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the specified users of this report. Consequently, I make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

I was not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those control and compliance areas identified in the LLA's Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures. Accordingly, I do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had I performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to my attention that would have been reported to you.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those control and compliance areas identified in the LLA's Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures, and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

John L. McKowen, CPA

for d. M. Kowas, CPA

Baton Rouge, Louisiana May 21, 2020

- 1. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe that they address each of the following categories and subcategories (if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations):
 - a) **Budgeting**, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget

 The Assessor has no written policies and procedures that address budgeting.
 - b) **Purchasing**, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the public bid law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.

The Assessor has no written policies and procedures that address purchasing.

- c) Disbursements, including processing, reviewing, and approving
 - The Assessor has no written policies and procedures that address disbursements.
- d) Receipts/Collections, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g. periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).
 - The Assessor has no written policies and procedures that address receipts/collections.
- e) *Payroll/Personnel*, including (1) payroll processing, and (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked.
 - The Assessor has no written policies and procedures that address payroll/personnel.
- f) Contracting, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process
 - The Assessor has no written policies and procedures that address contracting.
- g) Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable), including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases)
 - The Assessor has no written policies and procedures that credit card usage.
- h) *Travel and expense reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers
 - The Assessor has no written policies and procedures that address travel and expense reimbursement.
- i) *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics

violations, and (4) requirement that all employees, including elected officials, annually attest through signature verification that they have read the entity's ethics policy.

The Assessor has no written policies and procedures that address ethics.

- j) **Debt Service**, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.
 - Not applicable.
- k) Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.

The Assessor has no written policies and procedures that address disaster recovery/business continuity.

The Assessor has been working on a written set of policies and procedures, but has not completed the task. He will renew his efforts.

Board or Finance Committee

Not applicable, the Assessor is an elected official and has no board.

- 2. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:
 - a) Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
 - b) For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund and major special revenue funds, as well as monthly financial statements (or budget-to-actual comparisons, if budgeted) for major proprietary funds. Alternately, for those entities reporting on the non-profit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.
 - c) For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.

There were no exceptions in the prior year; therefore, bank reconciliations were not tested in the current year.

- 3. Obtain a listing of client bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for selected each account, and observe that:
 - a) Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged);
 - b) Bank reconciliations include evidence that a member of management/board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and
 - c) Management has documentation reflecting that it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

Collections

4. Obtain a listing of <u>deposit sites</u> for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).

The Assessor represents that there is one collection site.

- 5. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of <u>collection locations</u> and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (i.e. 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:
 - a) Employees that are responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers.

 The Assessor is solely responsible for collections and does not share a cash drawer/register.
 - b) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g. pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit.
 - The Assessor is solely responsible for all functions.
 - c) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.

The Assessor is solely responsible for all functions.

d) The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee verifies the reconciliation.

The Assessor is solely responsible for all functions.

6. Inquire of management that all employees who have access to cash are covered by a bond or insurance policy for theft.

All employees are bonded.

- 7. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for procedure #3 under "Bank Reconciliations" above (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Alternately, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc. Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:
 - a) Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.

There were no cash receipts.

b) Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.

Copies of the related collection documentation were traced to the deposit slips.

c) Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.

The deposit slip totals were traced to the actual deposits per the bank statements.

d) Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100).

Deposits were made within one business day of receipt.

e) Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

Actual deposits per the bank statement were traced to the general ledger.

Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

8. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).

The Assessor represents that there is one location that processes payments.

9. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that:

- a) At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase.
 - The Assessor is solely responsible for all functions.
- b) At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.
 - The Assessor is solely responsible for all functions.
- c) The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.
 - The Assessor is solely responsible for all functions.
- a) Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.
 - The Assessor is solely responsible for all functions.
- 10. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction and:
 - a) Observe that the disbursement matched the related original invoice/billing statement.
 - Each disbursement matched the related original invoice/billing statement.
 - b) Observe that the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #9, as applicable.
 - The Assessor is solely responsible for all functions.

Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

There were no exceptions in the prior year; therefore, credit cards were not tested in the current year.

- 11. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.
- 12. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement), obtain supporting documentation, and:
 - a) Observe that there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) was reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved), by someone other than the authorized card holder. [Note: Requiring such approval may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality); these instances should not be reported.)]

- b) Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.
- 13. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (i.e. each card should have 10 transactions subject to testing). For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and note whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

There were no exceptions in the prior year; therefore, travel and travel related expense reimbursements were not tested in the current year.

- 14. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements, obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:
 - a) If reimbursed using a per diem, agree the reimbursement rate to those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov).
 - b) If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.
 - c) Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by written policy (procedure #1h).
 - d) Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

Contracts

There were no exceptions in the prior year; therefore, contracts were not tested in the current year.

15. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. Alternately, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and:

- a) Observe that the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.
- b) Observe that the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g. Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter).
- c) If the contract was amended (e.g. change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment.
- d) Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

Payroll and Personnel

There were no exceptions in the prior year; therefore, payroll and personnel were not tested in the current year.

- 16. Obtain a listing of employees/elected officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees/officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.
- 17. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees/officials selected under #16 above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:
 - a) Observe that all selected employees/officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory). (Note: Generally, an elected official is not eligible to earn leave and does not document his/her attendance and leave. However, if the elected official is earning leave according to policy and/or contract, the official should document his/her daily attendance and leave.)
 - b) Observe that supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees/officials.
 - c) Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records.
- 18. Obtain a listing of those employees/officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees/officials, obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations, agree the hours to the employee/officials' cumulate leave records, and agree the pay rates to the employee/officials' authorized pay rates in the employee/officials' personnel files.
- 19. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, and workers' compensation premiums have been paid, and associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

There were no exceptions in the prior year; therefore, ethics was not tested in the current year.

- 20. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above obtain ethics documentation from management, and:
 - a. Observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the fiscal period.
 - b. Observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official attested through signature verification that he or she has read the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period.

Debt Service

- 21. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all bonds/notes on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each bond/note issued.
 - Not applicable.
- 22. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

Not applicable.

Other

- 23. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled.
 - The Assessor represents that there were no misappropriations during the fiscal year.
- 24. Observe that the entity has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.
 - The Assessor has the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 posted on both its premises and its website.